By the Council for Ready Infrastructure and Representatives Machek and Harrington $\,$

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to water supplies; amending s. 373.0831, F.S.; revising the criteria by which 3 water supply development projects may receive 4 priority consideration for funding assistance; 5 amending s. 373.236, F.S.; encouraging water 6 7 conservation measures in the permitting of 8 consumptive uses of water; amending s. 9 373.4135, F.S.; conforming language to changes made by the act; amending s. 373.414, F.S.; 10 revising date for adoption by rule of a uniform 11 mitigation assessment method for wetlands and 12 other surface waters; clarifying scope of the 13 14 rule; deleting a study and report; amending s. 378.212, F.S; providing water resource 15 enhancements as a basis for a variance from 16 phosphate mining land reclamation requirements; 17 amending s. 403.067, F.S.; authorizing the 18 19 development of interim measures or best 20 management practices for specified water bodies or segments for which total maximum daily loads 21 2.2 or allocations have not yet been established; 23 amending s. 403.1835, F.S.; providing for 24 below-market interest rate loans for treatment of polluted water; providing for a public 25 education program on state water resources; 26 2.7 providing for a study of the feasibility of discharging reclaimed wastewater into canals in 28 Southeast Florida; requiring reports; repealing 29 s. 373.498, F.S., relating to the Water 30 31

Resources Development Account; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 373.0831, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.0831 Water resource development; water supply development.--

- (4)(a) Water supply development projects which are consistent with the relevant regional water supply plans and which meet <u>at least</u> one or more of the following criteria shall receive priority consideration for state or water management district funding assistance:
- 1. The project supports establishment of a dependable, sustainable supply of water which is not otherwise financially feasible;
- 2. The project provides substantial environmental benefits by preventing or limiting adverse water resource impacts, but requires funding assistance to be economically competitive with other options; or
- 3. The project significantly implements reuse, storage, recharge, or conservation of water in a manner that contributes to the <u>efficient use and</u> sustainability of regional water <u>supply</u> sources.
- (b) Water supply development projects which meet the criteria in paragraph (a) and also bring about replacement of existing sources in order to help implement a minimum flow or level shall be given first consideration for state or water management district funding assistance.

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

30

- (c) If a proposed alternative water supply project is identified in the relevant approved regional water supply plan, the project shall be eligible for at least one of the following: 1. A consumptive use permit with at least a 10-year duration, if it otherwise meets the requirements for permit
- 2. Consideration for priority funding pursuant to s. 373.1961(2) with the implementation of the water resource development component of the proposed project.

issuance under s. 373.223 and rules adopted thereunder.

Section 2. Subsection (4) is added to section 373.236, Florida Statutes, to read:

373.236 Duration of permits; compliance reports.--

(4) The department or the water management district shall consider issuing longer duration permits to applicants who implement and provide reasonable assurances of effective and efficient conservation measures that exceed the average for the industry or type of water use and there is sufficient data to provide reasonable assurance that the conditions for permit issuance will be met for the duration of the permit. Permits issued for a 10-year duration or longer shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (3).

Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 373.4135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.4135 Mitigation banks and offsite regional mitigation. --

(6) An environmental creation, preservation, enhancement, or restoration project, including regional offsite mitigation areas, for which money is donated or paid as mitigation, that is sponsored by the department, a water 31 | management district, or a local government and provides

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

30

mitigation for five or more applicants for permits under this part, or for 35 or more acres of adverse impacts, shall be established and operated under a memorandum of agreement. The memorandum of agreement shall be between the governmental entity proposing the mitigation project and the department or water management district, as appropriate. Such memorandum of agreement need not be adopted by rule. For the purposes of this subsection, one creation, preservation, enhancement, or restoration project shall mean one or more parcels of land with similar ecological communities that are intended to be created, preserved, enhanced, or restored under a common scheme.

- (c) At a minimum, the memorandum of agreement must address the following for each project authorized:
- 1. A description of the work that will be conducted on the site and a timeline for completion of such work.
- 2. A timeline for obtaining any required environmental resource permit.
- 3. The environmental success criteria that the project must achieve.
- The monitoring and long-term management requirements that must be undertaken for the project.
- 5. An assessment of the project in accordance with s. 373.4136(4)(a)-(i), until the adoption of the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method for wetlands and other surface waters pursuant to s. 373.414(18).
- 6. A designation of the entity responsible for the successful completion of the mitigation work.
- 7. A definition of the geographic area where the project may be used as mitigation established using the 31 criteria of s. 373.4136(6).

- 8. Full cost accounting of the project, including annual review and adjustment.
- 9. Provision and a timetable for the acquisition of any lands necessary for the project.
 - 10. Provision for preservation of the site.
- 11. Provision for application of all moneys received solely to the project for which they were collected.
- 12. Provision for termination of the agreement and cessation of use of the project as mitigation if any material contingency of the agreement has failed to occur.
- Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsections (18) and (19) of section 373.414, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 373.414 Additional criteria for activities in surface waters and wetlands.--
- (1) As part of an applicant's demonstration that an activity regulated under this part will not be harmful to the water resources or will not be inconsistent with the overall objectives of the district, the governing board or the department shall require the applicant to provide reasonable assurance that state water quality standards applicable to waters as defined in s. 403.031(13) will not be violated and reasonable assurance that such activity in, on, or over surface waters or wetlands, as delineated in s. 373.421(1), is not contrary to the public interest. However, if such an activity significantly degrades or is within an Outstanding Florida Water, as provided by department rule, the applicant must provide reasonable assurance that the proposed activity will be clearly in the public interest.
- (b) If the applicant is unable to otherwise meet the criteria set forth in this subsection, the governing board or

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

2122

23

24

2526

27

28

29

30

the department, in deciding to grant or deny a permit, shall consider measures proposed by or acceptable to the applicant to mitigate adverse effects that may be caused by the regulated activity. Such measures may include, but are not limited to, onsite mitigation, offsite mitigation, offsite regional mitigation, and the purchase of mitigation credits from mitigation banks permitted under s. 373.4136. It shall be the responsibility of the applicant to choose the form of mitigation. The mitigation must offset the adverse effects caused by the regulated activity.

The department or water management districts may accept the donation of money as mitigation only where the donation is specified for use in a duly noticed environmental creation, preservation, enhancement, or restoration project, endorsed by the department or the governing board of the water management district, which offsets the impacts of the activity permitted under this part. However, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to projects undertaken pursuant to s. 373.4137 or chapter 378. Where a permit is required under this part to implement any project endorsed by the department or a water management district, all necessary permits must have been issued prior to the acceptance of any cash donation. After the effective date of this act, when money is donated to either the department or a water management district to offset impacts authorized by a permit under this part, the department or the water management district shall accept only a donation that represents the full cost to the department or water management district of undertaking the project that is intended to mitigate the adverse impacts. The full cost shall include all direct and indirect costs, as applicable, such as those for land acquisition, land restoration or enhancement,

3

4

6 7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26

2728

29

30

perpetual land management, and general overhead consisting of costs such as staff time, building, and vehicles. The department or the water management district may use a multiplier or percentage to add to other direct or indirect costs to estimate general overhead. Mitigation credit for such a donation shall be given only to the extent that the donation covers the full cost to the agency of undertaking the project that is intended to mitigate the adverse impacts. However, nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the department or a water management district from accepting a donation representing a portion of a larger project, provided that the donation covers the full cost of that portion and mitigation credit is given only for that portion. department or water management district may deviate from the full cost requirements of this subparagraph to resolve a proceeding brought pursuant to chapter 70 or a claim for inverse condemnation. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the owner of a private mitigation bank, permitted under s. 373.4136, to include the full cost of a mitigation credit in the price of the credit to a purchaser of said credit.

2. The department and each water management district shall report to the Executive Office of the Governor by January 31 of each year all cash donations accepted under subparagraph 1. during the preceding calendar year for wetland mitigation purposes. The report shall exclude those contributions pursuant to s. 373.4137. The report shall include a description of the endorsed mitigation projects and, except for projects governed by s. 373.4135(6), shall address, as applicable, success criteria, project implementation status

and timeframe, monitoring, long-term management, provisions for preservation, and full cost accounting.

- 3. If the applicant is unable to meet water quality standards because existing ambient water quality does not meet standards, the governing board or the department shall consider mitigation measures proposed by or acceptable to the applicant that cause net improvement of the water quality in the receiving body of water for those parameters which do not meet standards.
- 4. If mitigation requirements imposed by a local government for surface water and wetland impacts of an activity regulated under this part cannot be reconciled with mitigation requirements approved under a permit for the same activity issued under this part, including application of the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method for wetlands and other surface waters adopted pursuant to subsection (18), the mitigation requirements for surface water and wetland impacts shall be controlled by the permit issued under this part.
- (18) The department and each water management district responsible for implementation of the environmental resource permitting program shall develop a uniform wetland mitigation assessment method for wetlands and other surface waters no later than October 1, 2001. The department shall adopt the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method by rule no later than July January 31, 2002. The rule shall provide an exclusive and consistent process for determining the amount of mitigation required to offset impacts to wetlands and other surface waters, and, once effective, shall supersede all rules, ordinances, and variance procedures from ordinances that determine the amount of mitigation needed to offset such impacts. Once the department adopts the uniform wetland

mitigation assessment method by rule, the uniform wetland 1 2 mitigation assessment method shall be binding on the 3 department, the water management districts, local governments, and any other governmental agencies and shall be the sole 4 5 means to determine the amount of mitigation needed to offset 6 adverse impacts to wetlands and other surface waters and to 7 award and deduct mitigation bank credits. A water management 8 district and any other governmental agency subject to chapter 120 may apply the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method 9 without the need to adopt it pursuant to s. 120.54. It shall 10 11 be a goal of the department and water management districts 12 that the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method 13 developed be practicable for use within the timeframes 14 provided in the permitting process and result in a consistent process for determining mitigation requirements. It shall be 15 16 recognized that any such method shall require the application of reasonable scientific judgment. The uniform wetland 17 mitigation assessment method must determine the value of 18 19 functions provided by wetlands and other surface waters 20 considering the current conditions of these areas, utilization by fish and wildlife, location, uniqueness, and hydrologic 21 22 connection, and, when applied to mitigation banks, in addition to the factors listed in s. 373.4136(4). The uniform wetland 23 mitigation assessment method shall also account for the 24 25 expected time-lag associated with offsetting impacts and the 26 degree of risk associated with the proposed mitigation. The 27 uniform wetland mitigation assessment method shall account for 28 different ecological communities in different areas of the 29 state. In developing the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method, the department and water management districts shall 30 31 consult with approved local programs under s. 403.182 which

have an established wetland mitigation program for wetlands or 1 2 other surface waters. The department and water management 3 districts shall consider the recommendations submitted by such approved local programs, including any recommendations 4 5 relating to the adoption by the department and water management districts of any uniform wetland mitigation 6 7 methodology that has been adopted and used by an approved 8 local program in its established wetland mitigation program 9 for wetlands or other surface waters. Environmental resource 10 permitting rules may establish categories of permits or 11 thresholds for minor impacts under which the use of the 12 uniform wetland mitigation assessment method will not be 13 required. The application of the uniform wetland mitigation 14 assessment method is not subject to s. 70.001. In the event the rule establishing the uniform wetland mitigation 15 16 assessment method is deemed to be invalid, the applicable rules related to establishing needed mitigation in existence 17 prior to the adoption of the uniform wetland mitigation 18 19 assessment method, including those adopted by a county which 20 is an approved local program under s. 403.182, and the method 21 described in paragraph (b) for existing mitigation banks, 22 shall be authorized for use by the department, water management districts, local governments, and other state 23 24 agencies.

(a) In developing the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method, the department shall seek input from the United States Army Corps of Engineers in order to promote consistency in the mitigation assessment methods used by the state and federal permitting programs.

25

26 27

28

29

30

(b) An entity which has received a mitigation bank 31 permit prior to the adoption of the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method shall have impact sites assessed, for the purpose of deducting bank credits, using the credit assessment method, including any functional assessment methodology, which was in place when the bank was permitted; unless the entity elects to have its credits redetermined, and thereafter have its credits deducted, using the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method.

Government Accountability shall study the cumulative impact consideration required by subsection (8) and issue a report by July 1, 2001. The study shall address the justification for the cumulative impact consideration, changes that can provide clarity and certainty in the cumulative impact consideration, and whether a practicable, consistent, and equitable methodology can be developed for considering cumulative impacts within the environmental resource permitting program.

Section 5. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of section 378.212, Florida Statutes, to read:

378.212 Variances.--

- (1) Upon application, the secretary may grant a variance from the provisions of this part or the rules adopted pursuant thereto. Variances and renewals thereof may be granted for any one of the following reasons:
- (g) To accommodate reclamation that provides water supply development or water resource development consistent with the regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.0361, provided regional water resources are not adversely affected.

Section 6. Subsection (11) of section 403.067, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

403.067 Establishment and implementation of total maximum daily loads.--

- (11) IMPLEMENTATION OF ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS. --
- (a) The department shall not implement, without prior legislative approval, any additional regulatory authority pursuant to s. 303(d) of the Clean Water Act or 40 C.F.R. part 130, if such implementation would result in water quality discharge regulation of activities not currently subject to regulation.
- (b) Interim measures, best management practices, or other measures may be developed and voluntarily implemented pursuant to paragraph (7)(c) or paragraph (7)(d) for any water body or segment for which a total maximum daily load or allocation has not been established. The implementation of such pollution control programs may be considered by the department in the determination made pursuant to subsection (4).

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 403.1835, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.1835 Water pollution control financial assistance.--

(3) The department may provide financial assistance through any program authorized under s. 603 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act), Pub. L. No. 92-500, as amended, including, but not limited to, making grants and loans, providing loan guarantees, purchasing loan insurance or other credit enhancements, and buying or refinancing local debt. This financial assistance must be administered in accordance with this section and applicable federal authorities. The department shall administer all 31 programs operated from funds secured through the activities of

 the Florida Water Pollution Control Financing Corporation under s. 403.1837, to fulfill the purposes of this section.

(b) The department may make or request the corporation to make loans, grants, and deposits to other entities eligible to participate in the financial assistance programs authorized under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, or as a result of other federal action, which entities may pledge any revenue available to them to repay any funds borrowed. Notwithstanding s. 18.10, the department may make deposits to financial institutions that earn less than the prevailing rate for United States Treasury securities with corresponding maturities for the purpose of enabling such financial institutions to make below-market interest rate loans to entities qualified to receive loans under this section and the rules of the department.

Section 8. In order to aid in the development of a better understanding of the unique surface and ground water resources of this state, the water management districts shall develop an information program designed to provide information on existing hydrologic conditions of major surface and ground water sources in this state and suggestions for good conservation practices within those areas. The program shall be developed no later than December 31, 2002. Beginning January 1, 2003, and on a regular basis no less than every 6 months thereafter, the information developed pursuant to this section shall be distributed to every member of the Senate and the House of Representatives and to local print and broadcast news organizations. Each water management district shall be responsible for the distribution of this information within its established geographic area.

Section 9. The Legislature finds that within the area 1 2 identified in the Lower East Coast Regional Water Supply Plan approved by the South Florida Water Management District 3 4 pursuant to s. 373.0361, the groundwater levels can benefit 5 from augmentation. The Legislature finds that the discharge 6 of reclaimed water into canals for transport and subsequent 7 reuse may provide an environmentally acceptable means to 8 augment water supplies and enhance natural systems; however, 9 the Legislature also recognizes that there are water quality and water quantity issues that must be better understood and 10 resolved. In addition, there are cost savings possible by 11 12 collocating enclosed conduits for conveyance of water for 13 reuse in this area within canal right-of-way that should be 14 investigated. Toward that end, the Department of 15 Environmental Protection, in consultation with the South Florida Water Management District, Southeast Florida 16 utilities, affected local governments, including local 17 governments with principal responsibility for the operation 18 and maintenance of a water control system capable of conveying 19 20 reclaimed wastewater for reuse, representatives of the environmental and engineering communities, public health 21 22 professionals, and individuals having expertise in water 23 quality, shall conduct a study to investigate the feasibility 24 of discharging reclaimed wastewater into canals as an 25 environmentally acceptable means of augmenting groundwater 26 supplies, enhancing natural systems, and conveying reuse water 27 within enclosed conduits within the canal right-of-way. 28 study shall include an assessment of the water quality, water supply, public health, technical, and legal implications 29 related to the canal discharge and collocation concepts. 30 department shall issue a preliminary written report containing

```
draft findings and recommendations for public comment by
1
   November 1, 2002. The department shall provide a written
 2
    report on the results of its study to the Governor and the
 3
 4
    substantive committees of the House of Representatives and the
    Senate by January 31, 2003. Nothing in this section shall be
 5
 6
    used to alter the purpose of the Comprehensive Everglades
 7
    Restoration Plan or the implementation of the Water Resources
8
    Development Act of 2000.
9
           Section 10. Section 373.498, Florida Statutes, is
10
    repealed.
11
           Section 11. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
12
    law.
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
```