Florida Senate - 2002

By Senator Mitchell

I	4-1299-02 See HB 229
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to education finance; amending
3	s. 236.081, F.S.; deleting the determination of
4	district cost differentials for purpose of
5	allocation of funds to school districts for
6	operation of schools; conforming
7	cross-references; amending s. 236.083, F.S.;
8	deleting use of the Florida Price Level Index
9	for purpose of allocation of funds to school
10	districts for student transportation; amending
11	ss. 110.1228, 213.053, 229.0537, 229.05371,
12	231.167, 231.424, 236.25, 237.071, 237.34,
13	240.384, 402.22, F.S.; conforming provisions
14	and cross-references; providing an effective
15	date.
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17	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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19	Section 1. Section 236.081, Florida Statutes, is
20	amended to read:
21	236.081 Funds for operation of schoolsIf the annual
22	allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each
23	district for operation of schools is not determined in the
24	annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing
25	the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as
26	follows:
27	(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR
28	OPERATIONThe following procedure shall be followed in
29	determining the annual allocation to each district for
30	operation:
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1 (a) Determination of full-time equivalent 2 membership. -- During each of several school weeks, including 3 scheduled intersessions of a year-round school program during 4 the fiscal year, a program membership survey of each school 5 shall be made by each district by aggregating the full-time б equivalent student membership of each program by school and by 7 district. The department shall establish the number and 8 interval of membership calculations, except that for basic and 9 special programs such calculations shall not exceed nine for 10 any fiscal year. The district's full-time equivalent 11 membership shall be computed and currently maintained in accordance with regulations of the commissioner. Beginning 12 with the 1999-2000 school year, each school district shall 13 also document the daily attendance of each student in 14 membership by school and by district. An average daily 15 attendance factor shall be computed by dividing the total 16 17 daily attendance of all students by the total number of students in membership and then by the number of days in the 18 19 regular school year. Beginning with the 2002-2003 school year, 20 the district's full-time equivalent membership shall be 21 adjusted by multiplying by the average daily attendance factor. 22 (b) Determination of base student allocation.--The 23

24 base student allocation for the Florida Education Finance 25 Program for kindergarten through grade 12 shall be determined annually by the Legislature and shall be that amount 26 27 prescribed in the current year's General Appropriations Act. 28 (c) Determination of programs.--Cost factors based on 29 desired relative cost differences between the following 30 programs shall be established in the annual General 31 Appropriations Act. The Commissioner of Education shall

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1 specify a matrix of services and intensity levels to be used 2 by districts in the determination of the two weighted cost 3 factors for exceptional students with the highest levels of need. For these students, the funding support level shall fund 4 5 the exceptional students' education program, with the б exception of extended school year services for students with disabilities. 7 8 1. Basic programs. --9 a. Kindergarten and grades 1, 2, and 3. 10 b. Grades 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8. 11 Grades 9, 10, 11, and 12. с. Programs for exceptional students.--12 2. 13 Support Level IV. a. Support Level V. 14 b. Secondary career education programs. --15 3. English for Speakers of Other Languages .--16 4. 17 (d) Annual allocation calculation.--The Department of Education is authorized and 18 1. 19 directed to review all district programs and enrollment 20 projections and calculate a maximum total weighted full-time 21 equivalent student enrollment for each district for the K-12 FEFP. 22 23 Maximum enrollments calculated by the department 2. 24 shall be derived from enrollment estimates used by the Legislature to calculate the FEFP. If two or more districts 25 enter into an agreement under the provisions of s. 26 27 230.23(4)(d), after the final enrollment estimate is agreed 28 upon, the amount of FTE specified in the agreement, not to 29 exceed the estimate for the specific program as identified in paragraph (c), may be transferred from the participating 30 31 districts to the district providing the program.

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1 3. As part of its calculation of each district's 2 maximum total weighted full-time equivalent student 3 enrollment, the department shall establish separate enrollment 4 ceilings for each of two program groups. Group 1 shall be 5 composed of grades K-3, grades 4-8, and grades 9-12. Group 2 б shall be composed of students in exceptional student education 7 programs, English for Speakers of Other Languages programs, 8 all basic programs other than the programs in group 1, and all 9 vocational programs in grades 7-12. 10 a. The weighted enrollment ceiling for group 2 11 programs shall be calculated by multiplying the final enrollment conference estimate for each program by the 12 13 appropriate program weight. The weighted enrollment ceiling 14 for program group 2 shall be the sum of the weighted 15 enrollment ceilings for each program in the program group, plus the increase in weighted full-time equivalent student 16 17 membership from the prior year for clients of the Department 18 of Children and Family Services and the Department of Juvenile 19 Justice. If, for any calculation of the FEFP, the weighted 20 b. 21 enrollment for program group 2, derived by multiplying actual enrollments by appropriate program weights, exceeds the 22 enrollment ceiling for that group, the following procedure 23 24 shall be followed to reduce the weighted enrollment for that 25 group to equal the enrollment ceiling: (I) The weighted enrollment ceiling for each program 26 27 in the program group shall be subtracted from the weighted 28 enrollment for that program derived from actual enrollments. 29 (II) If the difference calculated under 30 sub-subparagraph (I) is greater than zero for any program, 31 a reduction proportion shall be computed for the program by 4

1 dividing the absolute value of the difference by the total 2 amount by which the weighted enrollment for the program group 3 exceeds the weighted enrollment ceiling for the program group. (III) The reduction proportion calculated under 4 5 sub-subparagraph (II) shall be multiplied by the total 6 amount of the program group's enrollment over the ceiling as 7 calculated under sub-sub-subparagraph (I). 8 (IV) The prorated reduction amount calculated under 9 sub-subparagraph (III) shall be subtracted from the 10 program's weighted enrollment. For any calculation of the 11 FEFP, the enrollment ceiling for group 1 shall be calculated by multiplying the actual enrollment for each program in the 12 13 program group by its appropriate program weight. For program group 2, the weighted enrollment 14 с. ceiling shall be a number not less than the sum obtained by: 15 (I) Multiplying the sum of reported FTE for all 16 17 programs in the program group that have a cost factor of 1.0 18 or more by 1.0, and 19 (II) By adding this number to the sum obtained by 20 multiplying the projected FTE for all programs with a cost 21 factor less than 1.0 by the actual cost factor. 4. Following completion of the weighted enrollment 22 ceiling calculation as provided in subparagraph 3., a 23 24 supplemental capping calculation shall be employed for those 25 districts that are over their weighted enrollment ceiling. For each such district, the total reported unweighted FTE 26 27 enrollment for group 2 programs shall be compared with the 28 total appropriated unweighted FTE enrollment for group 2 29 programs. If the total reported unweighted FTE for group 2 is 30 greater than the appropriated unweighted FTE, then the excess 31 unweighted FTE up to the unweighted FTE transferred from group 5

2 to group 1 for each district by the Public School FTE
 Estimating Conference shall be funded at a weight of 1.0 and
 added to the funded weighted FTE computed in subparagraph 3.
 This adjustment shall be calculated beginning with the third
 calculation of the 1998-1999 FEFP.

б (e) State funding for certain adult disabled 7 students.--If an adult student has been determined to be a 8 disabled student eligible for an approved educational program 9 for disabled adults provided pursuant to s. 239.301 and rules 10 of the State Board of Education and is enrolled in a class 11 with curriculum frameworks developed for the program, state funding for that student shall be provided at a level double 12 that of the special adult general education program cost 13 14 factor for the purpose of generating weighted full-time equivalent membership for time served in the program. 15

Small, isolated high schools.--Districts which 16 (f) 17 levy the maximum nonvoted discretionary millage, exclusive of 18 millage for capital outlay purposes levied pursuant to s. 19 236.25(2), may calculate full-time equivalent students for 20 small, isolated high schools by multiplying the number of unweighted full-time equivalent students times 2.75; provided 21 the percentage of students at such school passing both parts 22 of the high school competency test, as defined by law and 23 24 rule, has been equal to or higher than such percentage for the 25 state or district, whichever is greater. For the purpose of this section, the term "small, isolated high school" means any 26 high school which is located no less than 28 miles by the 27 28 shortest route from another high school; which has been 29 serving students primarily in basic studies provided by sub-subparagraphs (c)1.b. and c. and may include subparagraph 30 31 (c)6.; and which has a membership of no more than 100

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1 students, but no fewer than 28 students, in grades 9 through
2 12.

3 (g) Calculation of full-time equivalent membership with respect to instruction from community colleges or 4 5 universities.--Students enrolled in community college or 6 university dual enrollment instruction pursuant to s. 240.116 7 may be included in calculations of full-time equivalent 8 student memberships for basic programs for grades 9 through 12 by a district school board. Such students may also be 9 10 calculated as the proportional shares of full-time equivalent 11 enrollments they generate for the community college or university conducting the dual enrollment instruction. Early 12 admission students shall be considered dual enrollments for 13 funding purposes. Students may be enrolled in dual enrollment 14 instruction provided by an eligible independent college or 15 university and may be included in calculations of full-time 16 17 equivalent student memberships for basic programs for grades 9 through 12 by a district school board. However, those 18 19 provisions of law which exempt dual enrolled and early 20 admission students from payment of instructional materials, registration, matriculation, and laboratory fees shall not 21 apply to students who select the option of enrolling in an 22 eligible independent institution. An independent college or 23 24 university which is located and chartered in Florida, is not for profit, is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the 25 Southern Association of Colleges and Schools or the 26 Accrediting Commission of the Association of Independent 27 Colleges and Schools, and which confers degrees as defined in 28 s. 246.021 shall be eligible for inclusion in the dual 29 enrollment or early admission program. Students enrolled in 30 31 dual enrollment instruction shall be exempt from the payment

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1 of registration, matriculation, and laboratory fees. No 2 student enrolled in college credit mathematics or English dual 3 enrollment instruction shall be funded as a dual enrollment 4 unless the student has successfully completed the relevant 5 section of the entry-level examination required pursuant to s. б 240.117. 7 Coenrollment.--If a high school student wishes to (h) 8 earn high school credits from a community college and enrolls 9 in one or more adult secondary education courses at the 10 community college, the community college shall be reimbursed 11 for the costs incurred because of the high school student's coenrollment as provided in the General Appropriations Act. 12 13 (i) Instruction in family and consumer sciences.--Students in grades K through 12 who are enrolled 14 for more than six semesters in practical arts family and 15 consumer sciences courses may not be counted as full-time 16

17 equivalent students for this instruction.

(j) Instruction in exploratory career education.--Students in grades 7 through 12 who are enrolled for more than four semesters in exploratory career education may not be counted as full-time equivalent students for this instruction.

(k) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent 23 24 membership based on international baccalaureate examination scores of students. -- A value of 0.24 full-time equivalent 25 student membership shall be calculated for each student 26 enrolled in an international baccalaureate course who receives 27 28 a score of 4 or higher on a subject examination. A value of 29 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who receives an international 30 31 baccalaureate diploma. Such value shall be added to the total

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1 full-time equivalent student membership in basic programs for 2 grades 9 through 12 in the subsequent fiscal year. Students 3 enrolled in the Advanced International Certificate of 4 Education Program shall generate full-time equivalent student 5 membership in a manner that is equitable to the manner in б which students enrolled in the International Baccalaureate 7 Program generate full-time equivalent student membership. The 8 school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided international baccalaureate instruction: 9 10 1. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student 11 taught by the International Baccalaureate teacher in each international baccalaureate course who receives a score of 4 12 or higher on the international baccalaureate examination. 13 2. An additional bonus of \$500 to each International 14 15 Baccalaureate teacher in a school designated performance grade category "D" or "F" who has at least one student scoring 4 or 16 17 higher on the international baccalaureate examination, regardless of the number of classes taught or of the number of 18 19 students scoring a 4 or higher on the international 20 baccalaureate examination. 21 Bonuses awarded to a teacher according to this paragraph shall 22 not exceed \$2,000 in any given school year and shall be in 23 24 addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to receive. 25 (1) Instruction in career education.--Effective for 26 27 the 1985-1986 school year and thereafter, district pupil 28 progression plans shall provide for the substitution of 29 vocational courses for the nonelective courses required for high school graduation pursuant to s. 232.246. A student in 30 31 grades 9 through 12 who enrolls in and satisfactorily

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1 completes a job-preparatory program may substitute credit for 2 a portion of the required four credits in English, three 3 credits in mathematics, and three credits in science. The credit substituted for English, mathematics, or science earned 4 5 through the vocational job-preparatory program shall be on a б curriculum equivalency basis as provided for in the State 7 Course Code Directory. The State Board of Education shall authorize by rule vocational course substitutions not to 8 exceed two credits in each of the nonelective academic subject 9 10 areas of English, mathematics, and science. School districts 11 shall provide for vocational course substitutions not to exceed two credits in each of the nonelective academic subject 12 areas of English, mathematics, and science, upon adoption of 13 14 vocational student performance standards by the school board pursuant to s. 232.2454. A vocational program which has been 15 used as a substitute for a nonelective academic credit in one 16 17 subject area may not be used as a substitute for any other subject area. The credit in practical arts or exploratory 18 19 career education required for high school graduation pursuant 20 to s. 232.246(1) shall be funded as a career education course. (m) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent 21 membership based on college board advanced placement scores of 22 students.--A value of 0.24 full-time equivalent student 23 24 membership shall be calculated for each student in each 25 advanced placement course who receives a score of 3 or higher on the College Board Advanced Placement Examination for the 26 prior year and added to the total full-time equivalent student 27 28 membership in basic programs for grades 9 through 12 in the 29 subsequent fiscal year. Each district must allocate at least 30 80 percent of the funds provided to the district for advanced 31 placement instruction, in accordance with this paragraph, to

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1 the high school that generates the funds. The school district 2 shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided 3 advanced placement instruction: 1. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student 4 5 taught by the Advanced Placement teacher in each advanced б placement course who receives a score of 3 or higher on the 7 College Board Advanced Placement Examination. 2. An additional bonus of \$500 to each Advanced 8 9 Placement teacher in a school designated performance grade 10 category "D" or "F" who has at least one student scoring 3 or 11 higher on the College Board Advanced Placement Examination, regardless of the number of classes taught or of the number of 12 13 students scoring a 3 or higher on the College Board Advanced 14 Placement Examination. 15 Bonuses awarded to a teacher according to this paragraph shall 16 17 not exceed \$2,000 in any given school year and shall be in 18 addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher 19 received or is scheduled to receive. 20 (n) Year-round-school programs.--The Commissioner of Education is authorized to adjust student eligibility 21 definitions, funding criteria, and reporting requirements of 22 statutes and rules in order that year-round-school programs 23 24 may achieve equivalent application of funding requirements 25 with non-year-round-school programs. (o) Extended-school-year program.--It is the intent of 26 27 the Legislature that students be provided additional 28 instruction by extending the school year to 210 days or more. 29 Districts may apply to the Commissioner of Education for funds to be used in planning and implementing an 30 31 extended-school-year program. The Department of Education 11

1 shall recommend to the Legislature the policies necessary for 2 full implementation of an extended school year. 3 (p) Determination of the basic amount for current operation .-- The basic amount for current operation to be 4 5 included in the Florida Education Finance Program for б kindergarten through grade 12 for each district shall be the 7 product of the following: 8 1. The full-time equivalent student membership in each program, multiplied by 9 10 2. The cost factor for each program, adjusted for the 11 maximum as provided by paragraph (c), multiplied by The base student allocation. 12 3. (q) Computation for funding through the Florida 13 Education Finance Program. -- The State Board of Education may 14 adopt rules establishing programs and courses for which the 15 student may earn credit toward high school graduation. 16 17 (2) DETERMINATION OF DISTRICT COST DIFFERENTIALS. -- The 18 commissioner shall annually compute for each district the 19 current year's district cost differential. The district cost 20 differential shall be calculated by adding each district's price level index as published in the Florida Price Level 21 Index, prepared by the Executive Office of the Governor, for 22 the most recent 3 years and dividing the resulting sum by 3. 23 24 The result for each district shall be multiplied by 0.008 and 25 to the resulting product shall be added 0.200; the sum thus obtained shall be the cost differential for that district for 26 27 that year. 28 (2)(3) INSERVICE EDUCATIONAL PERSONNEL TRAINING 29 EXPENDITURE. -- Of the amount computed in subsection subsections 30 (1) and (2), a percentage of the base student allocation per 31 full-time equivalent student shall be expended for educational 12

1 training programs as determined by the district school board as provided in s. 231.600. This percentage shall remain 2 3 constant and shall be calculated by dividing \$6 by the 1990-1991 base student allocation. At least two-thirds of the 4 5 funds so determined shall be expended as provided in s. б 231.600, and such funds may be used for implementation of the 7 demonstration of professional education competence program as 8 provided in s. 231.17. Funds as provided herein may be 9 expended only for the direct support of inservice training 10 activities as prescribed below: 11 (a) Salaries and benefits of: 1. Personnel directly administering the approved 12 13 inservice training program. School board employees while such personnel are 14 2. conducting an approved inservice training program. 15 3. Substitutes for personnel released to participate 16 17 in an approved inservice training program or an inservice 18 council activity. 19 (b) Other direct operating expenses, excluding capital 20 outlay, required for administering the approved inservice 21 training program, including, but not limited to, the 22 following: 23 1. Inservice training materials for approved inservice 24 training activities. 25 2. Data processing for approved inservice training activities. 26 27 3. Telephone for the approved inservice training 28 program. 29 Office supplies for the personnel administering the 4. approved inservice training program. 30 31 13

5. Duplicating and printing for approved inservice
 training activities.

3 6. Fees and travel and per diem expenses for
4 consultants used in conducting approved inservice training
5 activities.

7. Travel and per diem expenses for school district
personnel attending approved inservice conferences, workshops,
or visitations to schools.

8. Rental of facilities not owned by the school board
for use in conducting an approved inservice training program.
(c) Compensation may be awarded under this subsection

to employees engaged in inservice training activities which 12 are outside of, or in addition to, regular hours of duty 13 assignments or a regular day of a contract period for which 14 regular compensation is provided. No moneys shall be 15 authorized under this subsection for additional salaries and 16 17 benefits constituting dual compensation to employees participating in inservice activities if such activities are 18 19 within regular hours of duty assignments or within a regular 20 day of a contract period for which regular compensation is 21 provided.

(d) Funds may be expended to pay tuition or 22 registration fees for college courses provided the course is 23 24 identified in the district's approved master plan and the 25 employee does not receive college credit. However, an employee may be awarded college credit for successful participation in 26 27 exempted inservice programs that are identified by the Department of Education in State Board of Education rule and 28 29 for which the employee shall pay the regular tuition and registration fees assessed by the credit-granting institution. 30 31 Courses for these exempted programs shall be arranged and

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1 conducted in compliance with procedures that are developed 2 cooperatively by the Department of Education and the Board of 3 Regents and are also included in State Board of Education 4 rule. Provision for payment of tuition and registration fees 5 for such credit-earning courses shall be contained in State 6 Board of Education rule.

7 (3)(4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL 8 EFFORT. -- The Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate 9 required local effort for all school districts collectively as 10 an item in the General Appropriations Act for each fiscal 11 year. The amount that each district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida Education Finance Program for 12 13 kindergarten through grade 12 programs shall be calculated as follows: 14

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(a) Estimated taxable value calculations.--

1.a. Not later than 2 working days prior to July 19, 16 17 the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of 18 Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for 19 school purposes in each school district and the total for all 20 school districts in the state for the current calendar year 21 based on the latest available data obtained from the local property appraisers. Not later than July 19, the commissioner 22 shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one 23 24 one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 95 percent of the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes, 25 would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort 26 for that year for all districts. The commissioner shall 27 28 certify to each district school board the millage rate, 29 computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local 30 31 effort for that year.

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1 b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the 2 computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for 3 required local effort for all school districts collectively from ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's 4 5 revenue from required local effort millage will produce more б than 90 percent of the district's total K-12 Florida Education 7 Finance Program calculation, and the adjustment of the 8 required local effort millage rate of each district that 9 produces more than 90 percent of its total Florida Education 10 Finance Program entitlement to a level that will produce only 11 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement. 12 2. As revised data are received from property 13 appraisers, the Department of Revenue shall amend the 14 certification of the estimate of the taxable value for school 15 purposes. The Commissioner of Education, in administering the 16 17 provisions of subparagraph(8)(9)(a)2., shall use the most 18 recent taxable value for the appropriate year. 19 (b) Final calculation. --20 The Department of Revenue shall, upon receipt of 1. 21 the official final assessed value of property from each of the property appraisers, certify to the commissioner the taxable 22 value total for school purposes in each school district, 23 24

subject to the provisions of paragraph (d). The commissioner shall use the official final taxable value for school purposes for each school district in the final calculation of the annual K-12 Florida Education Finance Program allocations.

28 2. For the purposes of this paragraph, the official 29 final taxable value for school purposes shall be the taxable 30 value for school purposes on which the tax bills are computed 31 and mailed to the taxpayers, adjusted to reflect final

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1 administrative actions of value adjustment boards and judicial 2 decisions pursuant to part I of chapter 194. By September 1 of 3 each year, the Department of Revenue shall certify to the 4 commissioner the official prior year final taxable value for 5 school purposes. For each county that has not submitted a б revised tax roll reflecting final value adjustment board 7 actions and final judicial decisions, the Department of Revenue shall certify the most recent revision of the official 8 9 taxable value for school purposes. The certified value shall 10 be the final taxable value for school purposes, and no further 11 adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to 12 subparagraph(8) + (9)(a) 2.13 (C) Equalization of required local effort.--The Department of Revenue shall include with its 14 1. 15 certifications provided pursuant to paragraph (a) its most recent determination of the assessment level of the prior 16 17 year's assessment roll for each county and for the state as a

18 whole.

2. The commissioner shall adjust the required local
 effort millage of each district for the current year, computed
 pursuant to paragraph (a), as follows:

The equalization factor for the prior year's 22 a. assessment roll of each district shall be multiplied by 95 23 24 percent of the taxable value for school purposes shown on that 25 roll and by the prior year's required local-effort millage, exclusive of any equalization adjustment made pursuant to this 26 paragraph. The dollar amount so computed shall be the 27 28 additional required local effort for equalization for the 29 current year.

30 b. Such equalization factor shall be computed as the 31 quotient of the prior year's assessment level of the state as

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1 a whole divided by the prior year's assessment level of the 2 county, from which quotient shall be subtracted 1. 3 The dollar amount of additional required local c. 4 effort for equalization for each district shall be converted 5 to a millage rate, based on 95 percent of the current year's б taxable value for that district, and added to the required 7 local effort millage determined pursuant to paragraph (a). 3. Notwithstanding the limitations imposed pursuant to 8 9 s. 236.25(1), the total required local-effort millage, 10 including additional required local effort for equalization, 11 shall be an amount not to exceed 10 minus the maximum millage allowed as nonvoted discretionary millage, exclusive of 12 13 millage authorized pursuant to s. 236.25(2). Nothing herein shall be construed to allow a millage in excess of that 14 authorized in s. 9, Art. VII of the State Constitution. 15 For the purposes of this chapter, the term 16 4. 17 "assessment level" means the value-weighted mean assessment ratio for the county or state as a whole, as determined 18 19 pursuant to s. 195.096, or as subsequently adjusted. In the 20 event a court has adjudicated that the department failed to 21 establish an accurate estimate of an assessment level of a 22 county and recomputation resulting in an accurate estimate based upon the evidence before the court was not possible, 23 24 that county shall be presumed to have an assessment level 25 equal to that of the state as a whole. 5. If, in the prior year, taxes were levied against an 26 27 interim assessment roll pursuant to s. 193.1145, the 28 assessment level and prior year's nonexempt assessed valuation 29 used for the purposes of this paragraph shall be those of the interim assessment roll. 30 31 (d) Exclusion.--

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1 1. In those instances in which: 2 a. There is litigation either attacking the authority 3 of the property appraiser to include certain property on the 4 tax assessment roll as taxable property or contesting the 5 assessed value of certain property on the tax assessment roll, б and 7 The assessed value of the property in contest b. 8 involves more than 6 percent of the total nonexempt assessment 9 roll, the plaintiff shall provide to the district school board 10 of the county in which the property is located and to the 11 Department of Education a certified copy of the petition and receipt for the good faith payment at the time they are filed 12 13 with the court. 14 2. For purposes of computing the required local effort for each district affected by such petition, the Department of 15 Education shall exclude from the district's total nonexempt 16 17 assessment roll the assessed value of the property in contest and shall add the amount of the good faith payment to the 18 19 district's required local effort. 20 (e) Recomputation. -- Following final adjudication of any litigation on the basis of which an adjustment in taxable 21 22 value was made pursuant to paragraph (d), the department shall recompute the required local effort for each district for each 23 24 year affected by such adjustments, utilizing taxable values 25 approved by the court, and shall adjust subsequent allocations to such districts accordingly. 26 27 (4)(5) CATEGORICAL PROGRAMS. -- The Legislature hereby 28 provides for the establishment of selected categorical 29 programs to assist in the development and maintenance of activities giving indirect support to the programs previously 30 31 funded. These categorical appropriations may be funded as

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1 general and transitional categorical programs. It is the 2 intent of the Legislature that no transitional categorical 3 program be funded for more than 4 fiscal years from the date of original authorization. Such programs are as follows: 4 5 (a) General.-б 1. Comprehensive school construction and debt service 7 as provided by law. Community schools as provided by law. 8 2. 3. 9 School lunch programs as provided by law. 10 4. Instructional material funds as provided by law. 11 5. Student transportation as provided by law. Student development services as provided by law. 12 б. 7. 13 Diagnostic and learning resource centers as 14 provided by law. Comprehensive health education as provided by law. 15 8. 9. Excellent Teaching Program as provided by law. 16 (b) Transitional.--17 Bilingual program as provided by law. 18 1. 19 (5)(6) DETERMINATION OF SPARSITY SUPPLEMENT. --20 (a) Annually, in an amount to be determined by the 21 Legislature through the General Appropriations Act, there shall be added to the basic amount for current operation of 22 the K-12 FEFP qualified districts a sparsity supplement which 23 24 shall be computed as follows: 25 1101.8918 26 27 2700 + district - 0.1101 Sparsity Factor = 28 sparsity 29 index 30 31

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1 except that districts with a sparsity index of 1,000 or less 2 shall be computed as having a sparsity index of 1,000, and 3 districts having a sparsity index of 7,308 and above shall be computed as having a sparsity factor of zero. A qualified 4 5 district's full-time equivalent student membership shall equal б or be less than that prescribed annually by the Legislature in 7 the appropriations act. The amount prescribed annually by the 8 Legislature shall be no less than 17,000, but no more than 24,000. 9

10 (b) The district sparsity index shall be computed by 11 dividing the total number of full-time equivalent students in 12 all programs in the district by the number of senior high 13 school centers in the district, not in excess of three, which 14 centers are approved as permanent centers by a survey made by 15 the Department of Education.

16 (c) Each district's allocation of sparsity supplement 17 funds shall be adjusted in the following manner:

A maximum discretionary levy per FTE value for each
 district shall be calculated by dividing the value of each
 district's maximum discretionary levy by its FTE student
 count;

A state average discretionary levy value per FTE
 shall be calculated by dividing the total maximum
 discretionary levy value for all districts by the state total
 FTE student count;

3. For districts that have a levy value per FTE as calculated in subparagraph 1. higher than the state average calculated in subparagraph 2., a sparsity wealth adjustment shall be calculated as the product of the difference between the state average levy value per FTE calculated in

31 subparagraph 2. and the district's levy value per FTE

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1 calculated in subparagraph 1. and the district's FTE student 2 count and -1;

4. Each district's sparsity supplement allocation
shall be calculated by adding the amount calculated as
specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) and the wealth adjustment
amount calculated in this paragraph.

7 (6)(7) DECLINE IN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT STUDENTS.--In 8 those districts where there is a decline between prior year 9 and current year unweighted FTE students, 50 percent of the 10 decline in the unweighted FTE students shall be multiplied by 11 the prior year calculated FEFP per unweighted FTE student and shall be added to the allocation for that district. For this 12 purpose, the calculated FEFP shall be computed by multiplying 13 the weighted FTE students by the base student allocation and 14 then by the district cost differential. If a district 15 transfers a program to another institution not under the 16 17 authority of the district's school board, including a charter 18 technical career center, the decline is to be multiplied by a 19 factor of 0.15.

20 (7)(8) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE.--The Legislature may annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a 21 percentage increase in funds per K-12 weighted FTE as a 22 minimum guarantee to each school district. The guarantee shall 23 24 be calculated from prior year base funding per weighted FTE student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as 25 provided in subsection(8)(9), quality guarantee funds, and 26 actual nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From 27 28 the base funding per weighted FTE, the increase shall be 29 calculated for the current year. The current year funds from which the guarantee shall be determined shall include the 30 31 adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection(8)(9) and

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potential nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A 1 2 comparison of current year funds per weighted FTE to prior 3 year funds per weighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts which have less than the legislatively 4 5 assigned percentage increase, funds shall be provided to б quarantee the assigned percentage increase in funds per weighted FTE student. Should appropriated funds be less than 7 the sum of this calculated amount for all districts, the 8 9 commissioner shall prorate each district's allocation. This 10 provision shall be implemented to the extent specifically 11 funded.

12 (8)(9) TOTAL ALLOCATION OF STATE FUNDS TO EACH 13 DISTRICT FOR CURRENT OPERATION.--The total annual state 14 allocation to each district for current operation for the K-12 15 FEFP shall be distributed periodically in the manner 16 prescribed in the General Appropriations Act.

17 (a) The basic amount for current operation for the 18 K-12 FEFP as determined in subsection (1), multiplied by the 19 district cost differential factor as determined in subsection (2), plus the amount for the sparsity supplement as determined 20 in subsection(5)(6), the decline in full-time equivalent 21 students as determined in subsection(6)(7), and the quality 22 assurance guarantee as determined in subsection(7)(8), less 23 24 the required local effort as determined in subsection(3)(4). 25 If the funds appropriated for the purpose of funding the total amount for current operation as provided in this paragraph are 26 not sufficient to pay the state requirement in full, the 27 28 department shall prorate the available state funds to each 29 district in the following manner:

30 1. Determine the percentage of proration by dividing31 the sum of the total amount for current operation, as provided

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in this paragraph for all districts collectively, and the
 total district required local effort into the sum of the state
 funds available for current operation and the total district
 required local effort.

5 2. Multiply the percentage so determined by the sum of 6 the total amount for current operation as provided in this 7 paragraph and the required local effort for each individual 8 district.

9 3. From the product of such multiplication, subtract 10 the required local effort of each district; and the remainder 11 shall be the amount of state funds allocated to the district 12 for current operation.

13 (b) The amount thus obtained shall be the net annual allocation to each school district. However, if it is 14 15 determined that any school district received an underallocation or overallocation for any prior year because 16 17 of an arithmetical error, assessment roll change, full-time equivalent student membership error, or any allocation error 18 19 revealed in an audit report, the allocation to that district shall be appropriately adjusted. If the Department of 20 Education audit adjustment recommendation is based upon 21 controverted findings of fact, the Commissioner of Education 22 is authorized to establish the amount of the adjustment based 23 24 on the best interests of the state.

(c) The amount thus obtained shall represent the net annual state allocation to each district; however, notwithstanding any of the provisions herein, each district shall be guaranteed a minimum level of funding in the amount and manner prescribed in the General Appropriations Act. Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 236.083, Florida

31 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1	236.083 Funds for student transportationThe annual
2	allocation to each district for transportation to public
3	school programs of students in membership in kindergarten
4	through grade 12, in migrant and exceptional student programs
5	below kindergarten, and in any other state-funded
6	prekindergarten program shall be determined as follows:
7	(2) The allocation for each district shall be
8	calculated annually in accordance with the following formula:
9	
10	T = B + EX. The elements of this formula are defined as
11	follows: T is the total dollar allocation for transportation.
12	B is the base transportation dollar allocation prorated by an
13	adjusted student membership count. The adjusted membership
14	count shall be derived from a multiplicative index function in
15	which the base student membership is adjusted by multiplying
16	it by index numbers that individually account for the impact
17	of the price level index, average bus occupancy, and the
18	extent of rural population in the district. EX is the base
19	transportation dollar allocation for disabled students
20	prorated by an adjusted disabled student membership count.
21	The base transportation dollar allocation for disabled
22	students is the total state base disabled student membership
23	count weighted for increased costs associated with
24	transporting disabled students and multiplying it by the prior
25	year's average per student cost for transportation. The
26	adjusted disabled student membership count shall be derived
27	from a multiplicative index function in which the weighted
28	base disabled student membership is adjusted by multiplying it
29	by index numbers that individually account for the impact of
30	the price level index, average bus occupancy, and the extent
31	of rural population in the district. Each adjustment factor
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shall be designed to affect the base allocation by no more or 1 2 less than 10 percent. 3 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 110.1228, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 110.1228 Participation by small counties, small б municipalities, and district school boards located in small 7 counties.--8 (1) As used in this section, the term: "District school board" means a district school 9 (a) 10 board located in a small county or a district school board 11 that receives funding pursuant to s. 236.081(5)(6). Section 4. Subsection (6) of section 213.053, Florida 12 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing .--14 (6) Any information received by the Department of 15 Revenue in connection with the administration of taxes, 16 17 including, but not limited to, information contained in returns, reports, accounts, or declarations filed by persons 18 19 subject to tax, shall be made available by the department to 20 the Auditor General or his or her authorized agent, the director of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and 21 Government Accountability or his or her authorized agent, the 22 Comptroller or his or her authorized agent, the Insurance 23 24 Commissioner or his or her authorized agent, the Treasurer or 25 his or her authorized agent, or a property appraiser or tax collector or their authorized agents pursuant to s. 26 195.084(1), in the performance of their official duties, or to 27 28 designated employees of the Department of Education solely for 29 determination of each school district's price level index pursuant to s. 236.081(2); however, no information shall be 30 31 disclosed to the Auditor General or his or her authorized

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1 agent, the director of the Office of Program Policy Analysis 2 and Government Accountability or his or her authorized agent, 3 the Comptroller or his or her authorized agent, the Insurance Commissioner or his or her authorized agent, the Treasurer or 4 5 his or her authorized agent, or to a property appraiser or tax б collector or their authorized agents, or to designated 7 employees of the Department of Education if such disclosure is prohibited by federal law. The Auditor General or his or her 8 authorized agent, the director of the Office of Program Policy 9 10 Analysis and Government Accountability or his or her 11 authorized agent, the Comptroller or his or her authorized agent, the Treasurer or his or her authorized agent, and the 12 13 property appraiser or tax collector and their authorized 14 agents, or designated employees of the Department of Education shall be subject to the same requirements of confidentiality 15 and the same penalties for violation of the requirements as 16 17 the department. For the purpose of this subsection, designated employees of the Department of Education" means 18 19 only those employees directly responsible for calculation of 20 price level indices pursuant to s. 236.081(2). It does not include the supervisors of such employees or any other 21 22 employees or elected officials within the Department of Education. 23 24 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 229.0537, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 229.0537 Opportunity Scholarship Program.--26 27 (6) OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING AND PAYMENT. --28 (a)1. The maximum opportunity scholarship granted for 29 an eligible student shall be a calculated amount equivalent to 30 the base student allocation multiplied by the appropriate cost 31 factor for the educational program that would have been 27

1 provided for the student in the district school to which he or 2 she was assigned, multiplied by the district cost 3 differential. In addition, the calculated amount shall include the per-student share of instructional materials funding, 4 5 technology funding, and other categorical funds as provided б for this purpose in the General Appropriations Act. The amount 7 of the opportunity scholarship shall be the calculated amount 8 or the amount of the private school's tuition and fees, 9 whichever is less. Fees eligible shall include textbook fees, 10 lab fees, and other fees related to instruction, including 11 transportation. The district shall report all students who are attending a private school under this program. The students 12 13 attending private schools on opportunity scholarships shall be reported separately from those students reported for purposes 14 of the Florida Education Finance Program. The public or 15 private school that provides services to students with 16 17 disabilities shall receive the weighted funding for such 18 services at the appropriate funding level consistent with the 19 provisions of s. 236.025. 20 2. For purposes of calculating the opportunity scholarship, a student will be eligible for the amount of the 21 appropriate basic cost factor if: 22 23 The student currently participates in a Group I a. 24 program funded at the basic cost factor and is not 25 subsequently identified as having a disability; or The student currently participates in a Group II 26 b. program and the parent has chosen a private school that does 27 28 not provide the additional services funded by the Group II 29 program. 30 3. Following annual notification on July 1 of the 31 number of participants, the Department of Education shall 28

1 transfer from each school district's appropriated funds the 2 calculated amount from the Florida Education Finance Program 3 and authorized categorical accounts to a separate account for 4 the Opportunity Scholarship Program for quarterly disbursement 5 to the parents or guardians of participating students. б Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 7 229.05371, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 229.05371 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students 9 with Disabilities Program. -- There is established a program 10 that is separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship 11 Program and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program, pursuant to this section. 12 (6) SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING AND PAYMENT.--13 (a)1. The maximum scholarship granted for an eligible 14 15 student with disabilities shall be a calculated amount equivalent to the base student allocation in the Florida 16 17 Education Finance Program multiplied by the appropriate cost factor for the educational program that would have been 18 19 provided for the student in the district school to which he or 20 she was assigned, multiplied by the district cost 21 differential. In addition, a share of the guaranteed allocation 22 2. for exceptional students shall be determined and added to the 23 24 calculated amount. The calculation shall be based on the 25 methodology and the data used to calculate the guaranteed allocation for exceptional students for each district in 26 chapter 2000-166, Laws of Florida. The calculation shall be 27 28 based on the student's grade, matrix level of services, and 29 the difference between the 2000-2001 basic program and the appropriate level of services cost factor, multiplied by the 30 31 2000-2001 base student allocation and the 2000-2001 district

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1 cost differential for the sending district. Also, the 2 calculated amount shall include the per-student share of 3 supplemental academic instruction funds, instructional 4 materials funds, technology funds, and other categorical funds 5 as provided for such purposes in the General Appropriations 6 Act.

7 Section 7. Section 231.167, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read:

9 231.167 Speech-language services to school districts 10 qualifying for sparsity supplement; rules.--Based on 11 recommendations of a task force appointed by the Commissioner of Education, the State Board of Education shall adopt rules 12 13 for speech-language services to school districts that qualify 14 for the sparsity supplement as described in s. 236.081(5)(6). These services may be provided by baccalaureate degree level 15 persons for a period of 3 years. The rules shall authorize the 16 17 delivery of speech-language services by baccalaureate degree level persons under the direction of a certified 18 19 speech-language pathologist with a master's degree or higher. 20 By October 1, 2003, these rules shall be reviewed by the State Board of Education. 21

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 231.424, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

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231.424 Sabbatical leave.--

(2) Funds, not to exceed 25 percent, of the district's allocation for inservice training under s. 236.081(2)(3)or other district funds may be expended in order to fulfill the provisions of this section, provided that the district allocates \$5 of district funds for each \$1 of state inservice training funds expended under this subsection.

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1 Section 9. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 236.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2 3 236.25 District school tax.--(1) If the district school tax is not provided in the 4 5 General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill б implementing the General Appropriations Act, each school board 7 desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for 8 current operation as prescribed by s. $236.081(8)\frac{(9)}{(9)}$ shall levy 9 on the taxable value for school purposes of the district, 10 exclusive of millage voted under the provisions of s. 9(b) or 11 s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution, a millage rate not to exceed the amount certified by the commissioner as the 12 13 minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local effort for the current year, pursuant to s. 14 236.081(3)(4)(a)1. In addition to the required local effort 15 millage levy, each school board may levy a nonvoted current 16 17 operating discretionary millage. The Legislature shall 18 prescribe annually in the appropriations act the maximum 19 amount of millage a district may levy. The millage rate 20 prescribed shall exceed zero mills but shall not exceed the 21 lesser of 1.6 mills or 25 percent of the millage which is required pursuant to s. 236.081(3)(4), exclusive of millage 22 levied pursuant to subsection (2). 23 (4) Nothing in s. 236.081(3)(4)(a)1. shall in any way 24 25 be construed to increase the maximum school millage levies as provided for in subsection (1). 26 27 Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 237.071, Florida 28 Statutes, is amended to read: 29 237.071 School board to adopt tentative budget .--30 31

1 (3) The proposed budget shall include an amount for 2 local required effort for current operation, in accordance 3 with the requirements of s. 236.081(3)(4). Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and 4 5 paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 237.34, Florida б Statutes, are amended to read: 7 237.34 Cost accounting and reporting.--8 (2) COST REPORTING. --9 (a) Each district shall report on a district-aggregate 10 basis expenditures for inservice training pursuant to s. 11 236.081(2)(3), and for categorical programs as provided in s. 12 236.081(4)(5). PROGRAM EXPENDITURE REQUIREMENTS. --13 (3) Funds for inservice training established in s. 14 (b) 15 236.081(2) (3) and for categorical programs established in s. 236.081(4)(5) shall be expended for the costs of the 16 17 identified programs in accordance with the rules of the state 18 board. 19 Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 240.384, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 240.384 Training school consolidation pilot 22 projects.--(6) FUNDING.--Beginning July 1, 1999, the Department 23 24 of Education shall shift funds generated by students in the 25 pilot training centers established by this section, including workforce development recurring and nonrecurring funds, from 26 27 the appropriate school district to the respective community 28 college. The community college shall qualify for future 29 facilities funding upon transfer of the facility. (a) Consistent with s. 236.081(6)(7), school districts 30 31 that transfer programs will receive an amount equal to 15 32

percent of the funding generated for the program under the 1 2 FEFP in 1996-1997. 3 Section 13. Subsection (7) of section 402.22, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 402.22 Education program for students who reside in б residential care facilities operated by the Department of 7 Children and Family Services.--(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 230.23(4)(n), 8 9 the educational program at the Marianna Sunland Center in 10 Jackson County shall be operated by the Department of Education, either directly or through grants or contractual 11 agreements with other public educational agencies. The annual 12 state allocation to any such agency shall be computed pursuant 13 14 to s. 236.081(1), (2), and (4), (5) and allocated in the amount 15 that would have been provided the local school district in 16 which the residential facility is located. 17 Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. 18 19 20 LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY 21 For purpose of allocation of funds to school districts for operation of schools, deletes determination of the district cost differential, which is calculated using the Florida Price Level Index. For purpose of allocation of funds to school districts for student transportation, deletes use of the price level index. Conforms provisions 22 23 24 and cross-references. 25 26 27 28 29 30 31