A bill to be entitled
An act relating to assault; amending s. 784.07,
F.S.; defining the term "medical care
provider"; deleting reference to "emergency
medical care provider"; amending s. 435.04,
F.S., to conform; amending s. 901.15, F.S.;
authorizing a law enforcement officer to make
an arrest without a warrant when there is
probable cause to believe that the person has
committed assault upon a law enforcement
officer, a firefighter, a medical care
provider, public transit employees or agents,
or certain other officers; providing an
effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 784.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Law enforcement officer" includes a law enforcement officer, a correctional officer, a correctional probation officer, a part-time law enforcement officer, a part-time correctional officer, an auxiliary law enforcement officer, and an auxiliary correctional officer, as those terms are respectively defined in s. 943.10, and any county probation officer; employee or agent of the Department of

 Corrections who supervises or provides services to inmates; officer of the Parole Commission; and law enforcement personnel of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Department of Environmental Protection, or the Department of Law Enforcement.

- (b) "Firefighter" means any person employed by any public employer of this state whose duty it is to extinguish fires; to protect life or property; or to enforce municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as any law pertaining to the prevention and control of fires.
- ambulance driver, emergency medical technician, paramedic, registered nurse, physician as defined in s. 401.23, medical director as defined in s. 401.23, or any person authorized by an emergency medical service licensed under chapter 401 who is engaged in the performance of his or her duties. The term "emergency medical care provider" also includes physicians, employees, agents, or volunteers of hospitals as defined in chapter 395, facilities as defined in chapter 394, and licensed service providers as defined in chapter 397, who are employed, under contract, or otherwise authorized by a hospital, facility, or licensed service provider to perform duties directly associated with the care and treatment rendered by the medical providers listed in this paragraph hospital's emergency department or the security thereof.
- (d) "Public transit employees or agents" means bus operators, train operators, revenue collectors, security personnel, equipment maintenance personnel, or field supervisors, who are employees or agents of a transit agency as described in s. 812.015(1)(1).

- (2) Whenever any person is charged with knowingly committing an assault or battery upon a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, a an emergency medical care provider, a traffic accident investigation officer as described in s. 316.640, a traffic infraction enforcement officer as described in s. 316.640, a parking enforcement specialist as defined in s. 316.640, or a security officer employed by the board of trustees of a community college, while the officer, firefighter, emergency medical care provider, intake officer, traffic accident investigation officer, traffic infraction enforcement officer, parking enforcement specialist, public transit employee or agent, or security officer is engaged in the lawful performance of his or her duties, the offense for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows:
- (a) In the case of assault, from a misdemeanor of the second degree to a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- (b) In the case of battery, from a misdemeanor of the first degree to a felony of the third degree.
- (c) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony of the third degree to a felony of the second degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person convicted of aggravated assault upon a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years.
- (d) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony of the second degree to a felony of the first degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person convicted of aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 5 years.

- (3) Any person who is convicted of a battery under paragraph (2)(b) and, during the commission of the offense, such person possessed:
- (a) A "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years.
- (b) A semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine, as defined in s. 775.087(3), or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 8 years.

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Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 435.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

435.04 Level 2 screening standards.--

- (3) The security background investigations conducted under this section for employees of the Department of Juvenile Justice must ensure that no persons subject to the provisions of this section have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense prohibited under any of the following provisions of the Florida Statutes or under any similar statute of another jurisdiction:
- (a) Section 784.07, relating to assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care

providers, public transit employees or agents, or other 1 specified officers. 2 3 4 The Department of Juvenile Justice may not remove a 5 disqualification from employment or grant an exemption to any person who is disqualified under this section for any offense 6 7 disposed of during the most recent 7-year period. 8 Section 3. Subsection (16) is added to section 901.15, 9 Florida Statutes, to read: 10 901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is 11 lawful. -- A law enforcement officer may arrest a person without 12 a warrant when: 13 (16) There is probable cause to believe that the person has committed assault upon a law enforcement officer, a 14 15 firefighter, a medical care provider, public transit employees 16 or agents, or other specified officers as set forth in s. 17 784.07. 18 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. 19 20 21 HOUSE SUMMARY 22 Authorizes a law enforcement officer to arrest a person without a warrant when there is probable cause to believe that the person has committed assault upon a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, a medical care provider, public transit employees or agents, or other described officers. See bill for details. 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

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