By the Council for Healthy Communities and Representatives $\mbox{\tt Kravitz}$ and $\mbox{\tt Kosmas}$

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to sentencing; amending s. 775.082, F.S.; requiring that the court 3 sentence a prison releasee reoffender under 4 provisions requiring enhanced penalties rather 5 than under the sentencing guidelines or 6 7 Criminal Punishment Code if the defendant's sentence under the guidelines or Criminal 8 9 Punishment Code would be less severe; authorizing the court to impose a sentence 10 greater than that otherwise provided by law 11 using the scoresheet of the sentencing 12 guidelines or Criminal Punishment Code; 13 14 providing an effective date. 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 Section 1. Subsection (9) of section 775.082, Florida 18 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 775.082 Penalties; applicability of sentencing 20 structures; mandatory minimum sentences for certain 21 2.2 reoffenders previously released from prison. --23 (9)(a)1. "Prison releasee reoffender" means any 24 defendant who commits, or attempts to commit: 25 Treason; 26 b. Murder; 27 c. Manslaughter; d. Sexual battery; 28 e. Carjacking; 29 Home-invasion robbery; 30 f. Robbery; 31 g.

1 h. Arson; 2 i. Kidnapping; 3 j. Aggravated assault with a deadly weapon; 4 k. Aggravated battery; 5 1. Aggravated stalking; m. Aircraft piracy; 6 7 Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 8 destructive device or bomb; Any felony that involves the use or threat of 9 physical force or violence against an individual; 10 11 Armed burglary; 12 q. Burglary of a dwelling or burglary of an occupied 13 structure; or 14 r. Any felony violation of s. 790.07, s. 800.04, s. 15 827.03, or s. 827.071; 16 17 within 3 years after being released from a state correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections or a 18 19 private vendor or within 3 years after being released from a 20 correctional institution of another state, the District of Columbia, the United States, any possession or territory of 21 22 the United States, or any foreign jurisdiction, following incarceration for an offense for which the sentence is 23 punishable by more than 1 year in this state. 24 25 2. "Prison releasee reoffender" also means any 26 defendant who commits or attempts to commit any offense listed 27 in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-r. while the defendant was 28 serving a prison sentence or on escape status from a state 29 correctional facility operated by the Department of

Corrections or a private vendor or while the defendant was on

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31 escape status from a correctional institution of another

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state, the District of Columbia, the United States, any possession or territory of the United States, or any foreign jurisdiction, following incarceration for an offense for which the sentence is punishable by more than 1 year in this state.

- 3. If the state attorney determines that a defendant is a prison releasee reoffender as defined in subparagraph 1., the state attorney may seek to have the court sentence the defendant as a prison releasee reoffender. Upon proof from the state attorney that establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that a defendant is a prison releasee reoffender as defined in this section and if the defendant's sentence under the sentencing guidelines or the Criminal Punishment Code is a lesser sentence than the following applicable sentence, such defendant is not eligible for sentencing under the sentencing guidelines or the Criminal Punishment Code and must be sentenced as follows:
- a. For a felony punishable by life, by a term of imprisonment for life;
- For a felony of the first degree, by a term of imprisonment of 30 years;
- c. For a felony of the second degree, by a term of imprisonment of 15 years; and
- d. For a felony of the third degree, by a term of imprisonment of 5 years.
- (b) A person sentenced under paragraph (a) shall be released only by expiration of sentence and shall not be eligible for parole, control release, or any form of early release. Any person sentenced under paragraph (a) must serve 100 percent of the court-imposed sentence.
- (c) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a court 31 | from imposing a greater sentence of incarceration as

authorized by law, pursuant to s. 775.084, the Criminal Punishment Code, the sentencing guidelines, or any other provision of law.

- (d)1. It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders previously released from prison who meet the criteria in paragraph (a) be punished to the fullest extent of the law and as provided in this subsection, unless the state attorney determines that extenuating circumstances exist which preclude the just prosecution of the offender, including whether the victim recommends that the offender not be sentenced as provided in this subsection.
- 2. For every case in which the offender meets the criteria in paragraph (a) and does not receive the mandatory minimum prison sentence, the state attorney must explain the sentencing deviation in writing and place such explanation in the case file maintained by the state attorney. On a quarterly basis, each state attorney shall submit copies of deviation memoranda regarding offenses committed on or after the effective date of this subsection, to the president of the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association, Inc. The association must maintain such information, and make such information available to the public upon request, for at least a 10-year period.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.

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