A bill to be entitled 2

An act relating to non-ad valorem assessments; amending s. 170.201, F.S.; authorizing certain counties to levy special assessments to fund capital improvements and certain services; amending s. 197.3632, F.S., relating to the uniform method for the levy, collection, and enforcement of non-ad valorem assessments; defining the term "levied for the first time"; specifying the circumstances in which a local government must adopt a non-ad valorem assessment; prescribing requirements relating to notices; providing an effective date.

13 14

1

3 4

5

6 7

8 9

10 11

12

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

15 16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

assessments based on:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 170.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

170.201 Special assessments.--

(1) In addition to other lawful authority to levy and collect special assessments, the governing body of a municipality or county, if the county is located in a rural area of critical economic concern, is a rural county at the statutory 10-mill ad valorem tax cap, or has previously levied an assessment, may levy and collect special assessments to fund capital improvements and municipal or county services, including, but not limited to, fire protection, emergency medical services, garbage disposal, sewer improvement, street improvement, and parking facilities. The governing body of a municipality or county may apportion costs of such special

- (a) The front or square footage of each parcel of land; or
- (b) An alternative methodology, so long as the amount of the assessment for each parcel of land is not in excess of the proportional benefits as compared to other assessments on other parcels of land.

Once a county has qualified to levy an assessment under this subsection, it retains its qualification for the period that the assessment is levied under this subsection.

Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) and subsection (6) of section 197.3632, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

197.3632 Uniform method for the levy, collection, and enforcement of non-ad valorem assessments.--

- (4)(a) A local government shall adopt a non-ad valorem assessment roll at a public hearing held between June 1 and September 15 if:
- 1. The non-ad valorem assessment is levied for the first time. As used in this subparagraph, the term "levied for the first time" means imposed for the first time by county or municipal ordinance or special district resolution, but the term does not include a change in the assessment rate alone;
- 2. The non-ad valorem assessment is increased beyond the maximum rate authorized by law or judicial decree at the time of initial imposition;
- 3. The local government's boundaries have changed, unless all newly affected property owners have provided written consent for such assessment to the local governing board; or

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

30

- There is a substantial change in the purpose for such assessment or a material change in the use of the revenue generated by such assessment.
- (b) At least 20 days prior to the public hearing, the local government shall notice the hearing by first-class United States mail and by publication in a newspaper generally circulated within each county contained in the boundaries of the local government. The notice by mail shall be sent to each person, as shown on the current tax roll, who owns owning property subject to the assessment and shall include the following information: the purpose of the assessment; the total amount to be levied against each parcel; the unit of measurement to be applied against each parcel to determine the assessment; whether the assessment will be levied for more than 1 year; the length of time for which the assessment will be levied; whether the assessment may be increased in the future; the number of such units contained within each parcel; the total revenue the local government will collect by the assessment; a statement that failure to pay the assessment will cause a tax certificate to be issued against the property which may result in a loss of title; a statement that all affected property owners have a right to appear at the hearing and to file written objections with the local governing board within 20 days of the notice; and the date, time, and place of the hearing. However, notice by mail shall not be required if notice by mail is otherwise provided under s. 200.069 or required by general or special law governing a taxing authority and such notice is served at least 30 days prior to the authority's public hearing on adoption of a new or amended non-ad valorem assessment roll. The published notice shall 31 contain at least the following information: the name of the

local governing board; a geographic depiction of the property subject to the assessment; the proposed schedule of the assessment; the fact that the assessment will be collected by the tax collector; and a statement that all affected property owners have the right to appear at the public hearing and the right to file written objections within 20 days of the publication of the notice.

(6) If the non-ad valorem assessment is to be collected for a period of more than 1 year or is to be amortized over a number of years, the local governing board shall so specify in the initial notice and shall not thereafter be required to provide or publish the annual notice that would otherwise be required by subsection (4) or annually adopt the non-ad valorem assessment roll. However, the local governing board shall inform the property appraiser, tax collector, and department by January 10 if it intends to discontinue using the uniform method of collecting such assessment.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.

## 

Authorizes certain counties to levy special assessments to fund capital improvements and services. Revises the circumstances under which a local government adopts a non-ad valorem assessment. Prescribes notice requirements.