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A bill to be entitled An act relating to elections; amending s. 97.021, F.S.; defining the term "alternative formats" for purposes of the Florida Election Code; creating s. 97.026, F.S.; requiring that certain forms used under the code be made available in alternative formats; requiring the Secretary of State to make such forms available via the Internet if possible; creating s. 97.1035, F.S.; requiring certain elections staff to have and be trained in the use of a TTY/TDD device; requiring the supervisors of elections to certify such training to the Secretary of State; amending s. 98.065, F.S.; requiring that the maintenance of voter registration records be nondiscriminatory with respect to persons having a disability; creating s. 98.122, F.S.; requiring candidates, political parties, and political committees to use closed captioning and descriptive narrative in all television broadcasts; requiring the Department of State to adopt rules establishing penalties for noncompliance; amending ss. 100.361 and 100.371, F.S.; requiring that a recall petition, a constitutional amendment proposed by initiative, and other papers and forms be available in alternative formats; amending s. 101.001, F.S.; requiring that entrances, polling areas, paths of travel, and exits be accessible to persons having a disability; amending s. 101.017, F.S.;

requiring that the Bureau of Voting Systems 1 2 Certification cooperate and consult with the 3 Disability Advisory Council; creating s. 4 101.018, F.S.; creating the Disability Advisory 5 Council within the Department of State; 6 providing for membership of the council; 7 specifying duties of the council; providing for 8 terms of office; providing that council members are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and 9 travel expenses; providing for meetings of the 10 council; amending s. 101.031, F.S.; providing 11 12 that a voter has the right to vote on a voting 13 system that is accessible to all voters, 14 regardless of disability; repealing s. 15 101.051(4) and (5), F.S., relating to an oath required from an elector requesting assistance 16 in voting; amending ss. 97.061 and 101.655, 17 F.S.; removing references to the oath, to 18 19 conform; repealing s. 104.031, F.S., relating 20 to the crime of false declaration to secure 21 assistance in preparing ballot, to conform; 22 amending s. 101.51, F.S.; abolishing limitations on the length of time a voter is 23 24 allowed to occupy a voting booth or 25 compartment; creating s. 101.56062, F.S.; 26 providing standards for accessible voting 27 systems; prohibiting the use of state or 28 federal funds for a voting system or system 29 components that do not meet the accessibility standards; requiring that a county or 30 31 municipality purchase or lease equipment to

1 comply with accessibility requirements; 2 providing legislative intent with respect to 3 meeting or exceeding minimum federal 4 requirements for voting systems and 5 accessibility of polling places; creating s. 6 101.662, F.S.; requiring the Department of 7 State to adopt procedures to allow absentee 8 ballots in alternative formats; amending s. 101.71, F.S.; authorizing supervisors of 9 elections to move a polling place that does not 10 11 comply with requirements for accessibility; 12 amending s. 101.715, F.S.; requiring that all 13 polling places be accessible by persons having 14 a disability; providing for standards that are 15 required at each polling place; requiring the 16 supervisors of elections to survey polling places; providing that a resident has standing 17 to sue the board of county commissioners to 18 require that a polling place comply with 19 20 accessibility requirements; requiring the Department of State to adopt rules imposing 21 penalties on counties that fail to correct 22 deficiencies in accessibility; providing for 23 24 exemptions; amending s. 102.014, F.S.; 25 requiring the Department of State to develop a 26 training program for poll workers concerning 27 voters having a disability; providing 28 requirements for the program; requiring 29 supervisors of elections to certify completion of the program by poll workers; amending s. 30 104.20, F.S., relating to penalties imposed 31

against an elector for remaining in a voting booth longer than the specified time; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 125.01, F.S., relating to powers of the governing body of a county; conforming a cross reference to changes made by the act; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (2) through (36) of section 97.021, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (37), respectively, and a new subsection (2) is added to that section, to read:

97.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this code, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the

(2) "Alternative formats" has the meaning ascribed in the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, Pub. L. No. 101-336, 42 U.S.C. ss. 12101 et seq., including specifically the technical-assistance manuals promulgated thereunder, as amended.

Section 2. Effective September 2, 2002, subsections (2), (35), and (36) of section 97.021, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 2 of chapter 2001-40, Laws of Florida, are renumbered as subsections (3), (36), and (37), respectively, to read:

97.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this code, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term:

term:

 $\underline{(3)}$ "Ballot" or "official ballot" when used in reference to:

- (a) "Paper ballots" means that printed sheet of paper, used in conjunction with an electronic or electromechanical vote tabulation voting system, containing the names of candidates, or a statement of proposed constitutional amendments or other questions or propositions submitted to the electorate at any election, on which sheet of paper an elector casts his or her vote.
- (b) "Electronic or electromechanical devices" means a ballot that is voted by the process of electronically designating, including by touchscreen, or marking with a marking device for tabulation by automatic tabulating equipment or data processing equipment.
- (36)(35) "Voting booth" or "booth" means that booth or enclosure wherein an elector casts his or her ballot for tabulation by an electronic or electromechanical device.
- (37)(36) "Voting system" means a method of casting and processing votes that functions wholly or partly by use of electromechanical or electronic apparatus or by use of paper ballots and includes, but is not limited to, the procedures for casting and processing votes and the programs, operating manuals, tabulating cards, printouts, and other software necessary for the system's operation.

Section 3. Section 97.026, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

97.026 Forms to be available in alternative formats and via Internet.—All forms required to be used under chapters 97-106, including absentee ballots, must be made available, upon request, in alternative formats. If possible, such forms must be made available by the Department of State

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via the Internet. Sections that contain such forms include,
but are not limited to, ss. 97.052, 97.053, 97.057, 97.058,

97.0583, 97.061, 97.071, 97.073, 97.1031, 98.055, 98.075,

99.021, 100.361, 100.371, 101.045, 101.171, 101.20, 101.6103,

101.62, 101.64, 101.65, 101.657, 105.031, 106.023, and

106.087.

Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 97.061, Florida
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Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 97.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.061 Special registration for electors requiring assistance.--

(3) Upon registering any person pursuant to this section, the supervisor must make a notation on the registration books or records which are delivered to the polls on election day that such person is eligible for assistance in voting, and the supervisor may issue such person a special registration identification card or make some notation on the regular registration identification card that such person is eligible for assistance in voting. Such person shall be entitled to receive the assistance of two election officials or some other person of his or her own choice, other than the person's employer, the agent of the person's employer, or an officer or agent of the person's union, without the necessity of executing the "Declaration to Secure Assistance" prescribed in s. 101.051. Such person shall notify the supervisor of any change in his or her condition which makes it unnecessary for him or her to receive assistance in voting.

Section 5. Section 97.1035, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

97.1035 Certification of TTY/TDD device by supervisors of elections; training of staff.--Each supervisor of elections shall, at least annually, certify to the Secretary of State

that all branches of the supervisor's office have a 2 functioning TTY/TDD device so that persons who are 3 hearing-impaired can communicate with the supervisor's office, and shall certify that all members of the supervisor's staff 4 5 whose duties include communicating with the public are trained 6 to use the TTY/TDD device. 7 Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 98.065, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 98.065 Registration list maintenance programs. --9 10 (1) The supervisor must conduct a general registration 11 list maintenance program to protect the integrity of the 12 electoral process by ensuring the maintenance of accurate and 13 current voter registration records. The program must be uniform, nondiscriminatory, and in compliance with the Voting 14 Rights Act of 1965. As used in this subsection, the term 15 16 "nondiscriminatory" applies to and includes persons with 17 disabilities. Section 7. Section 98.122, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 created to read: 20 98.122 Use of closed captioning and descriptive narrative in all television broadcasts. -- Each candidate, 21 22 political party, and political committee must use closed captioning and descriptive narrative in all television 23 broadcasts on behalf of, or sponsored by, a candidate, 24 25 political party, or political committee, or file a written 26 statement with the Division of Elections of the Department of 27 State setting forth the reasons for not doing so. The 28 Department of State shall adopt rules to establish and enforce 29 penalties for failing to file such a statement. The Department of State may adopt rules in accordance with s. 120.54 30 31 necessary to administer this section.

Section 8. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 100.361, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

100.361 Municipal recall.--

- (1) RECALL PETITION. -- Any member of the governing body of a municipality or charter county, hereinafter referred to in this section as "municipality," may be removed from office by the electors of the municipality. When the official represents a district and is elected only by electors residing in that district, only electors from that district are eligible to sign the petition to recall that official and are entitled to vote in the recall election. When the official represents a district and is elected at-large by the electors of the municipality, all electors of the municipality are eligible to sign the petition to recall that official and are entitled to vote in the recall election. Where used in this section, the term "district" shall be construed to mean the area or region of a municipality from which a member of the governing body is elected by the electors from such area or region. Members may be removed from office by the following procedure:
- (a) A petition shall be prepared naming the person sought to be recalled and containing a statement of grounds for recall in not more than 200 words limited solely to the grounds specified in paragraph (b). If more than one member of the governing body is sought to be recalled, whether such member is elected by the electors of a district or by the electors of the municipality at-large, a separate recall petition shall be prepared for each member sought to be recalled. Upon request, a petition must be provided in alternative formats.

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- 1. In a municipality or district of fewer than 500 electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 50 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the municipality or district as of the preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.
- 2. In a municipality or district of 500 or more but fewer than 2,000 registered electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 100 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the municipality or district as of the preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.
- 3. In a municipality or district of 2,000 or more but fewer than 5,000 registered electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 250 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the municipality or district as of the preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.
- 4. In a municipality or district of 5,000 or more but fewer than 10,000 registered electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 500 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the municipality or district as of the preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.
- 5. In a municipality or district of 10,000 or more but fewer than 25,000 registered electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 1,000 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the municipality or district as of the preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.
- 6. In a municipality or district of 25,000 or more registered electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 1,000 electors or by 5 percent of the total number of registered electors of the municipality or district as of the preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.

Electors of the municipality or district making charges contained in the statement of grounds for recall and those signing the recall petition shall be designated as the "committee." A specific person shall be designated in the petition as chair of the committee to act for the committee. Electors of the municipality or district are eligible to sign the petition. Signatures and oaths of witnesses shall be executed as provided in paragraph (c). All signatures shall be obtained within a period of 30 days, and the petition shall be filed within 30 days after the date the first signature is obtained on the petition.

(d) The petition shall be filed with the auditor or clerk of the municipality or charter county, or his or her equivalent, hereinafter referred to as clerk, by the person designated as chair of the committee, and, when the petition is filed, the clerk shall submit such petition to the county supervisor of elections who shall, within a period of not more than 30 days after the petition is filed with the supervisor, determine whether the petition contains the required valid signatures. The petition cannot be amended after it is filed with the clerk. The supervisor shall be paid by the persons or committee seeking verification the sum of 10 cents for each name checked. Upon filing with the clerk, the petition and all subsequent papers or forms required or permitted to be filed with the clerk in connection with this section must, upon request, be made available in alternative formats.

Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 100.371, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

30 100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on 31 ballot.--

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(3) The sponsor of an initiative amendment shall, prior to obtaining any signatures, register as a political committee pursuant to s. 106.03 and submit the text of the proposed amendment to the Secretary of State, with the form on which the signatures will be affixed, and shall obtain the approval of the Secretary of State of such form. The Secretary of State shall adopt promulgate rules pursuant to s. 120.54 prescribing the style and requirements of such form. Upon filing with the Secretary of State, the text of the proposed amendment and all forms filed in connection with this section must, upon request, be made available in alternative formats.

Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 101.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.001 Precincts and polling places; boundaries.--

(1) The board of county commissioners in each county, upon recommendation and approval of the supervisor, shall alter or create precincts for voting in the county. Each precinct shall be numbered and, as nearly as practicable, composed of contiguous and compact areas. The supervisor shall designate a polling place at a suitable location within each precinct. The precinct shall not be changed thereafter except with the consent of the supervisor and a majority of the members of the board of county commissioners. The board of county commissioners and the supervisor may have precinct boundaries conform to municipal boundaries in accordance with the provisions of s. 101.002, but, in any event, the registration books shall be maintained in such a manner that there may be determined therefrom the total number of electors in each municipality. All entrances, polling areas, paths of travel, and exits from each polling place, regardless of the

age or function of the building, must be accessible in 1 2 accordance with the provisions of ss. 553.501-553.513. 3 Section 11. Section 101.017, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 101.017 Bureau of Voting Systems Certification.--There 6 is created a Bureau of Voting Systems Certification within the 7 Division of Elections of the Department of State which shall 8 provide technical support to the supervisors of elections and which is responsible for voting system standards and 9 certification. The bureau shall cooperate and consult with the 10 Disability Advisory Council as provided in s. 101.018. The 11 12 positions necessary for the bureau to accomplish its duties 13 shall be established through the budgetary process. 14 Section 12. Section 101.018, Florida Statutes, is 15 created to read: 101.018 Disability Advisory Council. -- There is created 16 the Disability Advisory Council within the Department of 17 State. The Secretary of State shall appoint the members of the 18 19 Disability Advisory Council, which shall consist of nine 20 persons, all of whom must be knowledgeable in the area of voting accessibility for persons having a disability, and a 21 22 majority of whom must be persons having a disability. The membership must include a representative who is 23 hearing-impaired, a representative who is blind, a 24 25 representative who has developmental disabilities, and a 26 representative who has physical disabilities. 27 (1) The council shall: 28 (a) Advise and consult with the Bureau of Voting 29 Systems Certification of the Division of Elections concerning 30 the implementation of accessibility standards for voting 31

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systems and polling places, as such standards currently exist or as subsequently adopted.

- Test the accessibility of new voting systems, voting system components, and modules.
- (c) Advise the Division of Elections on methods and means to increase election participation by persons having a disability.
- (d) Develop an accessibility survey for use by all supervisors of elections to determine compliance with the accessibility standards for polling places.
- (e) Recommend to the Secretary of State standards for exemptions from the application of the accessibility standards for polling places provided in s. 101.715.
- (f) Recommend to the Secretary of State penalties to be imposed by the Department of State for noncompliance with the accessibility standards for polling places provided in s. 101.715.
- (g) Study and report to the Secretary of State, on an ongoing basis, concerning voting via use of the Internet.
- (h) Study and report to the Secretary of State on voting using telephones or telephone components, including TTY/TDD. It is the intent of the Legislature that the inclusion of this study as a function of the Disability Advisory Council not prevent or delay the certification of any voting system that uses telephones or telephone components that are otherwise certifiable before the study.
- (i) Study and report to the Secretary of State on whether the 5 pounds of force required to operate or activate the controls on any voting system, as required in s. 101.56062, is low enough for persons who have limited strength 31 in their hands or fingers, including the elderly.

- (j) Compare the accessibility standards set forth in ss. 101.56062 and 101.715 with the voluntary Voting Systems Standards adopted by the Federal Elections Commission, and report to the Secretary of State on the results of the comparison.
- (k) Study and report to the Secretary of State, on an ongoing basis, concerning the accessibility of absentee ballots to voters having a disability. It is the intent of the Legislature that all means of voting in this state, including voting by absentee ballot, be fully accessible to voters having a disability.
- (1) Perform any additional functions deemed appropriate by the Secretary of State relating to voting accessibility by persons having a disability.
- appointed after the effective date of this section shall be for 4 years, the terms for the next three council members appointed shall be for 3 years, and the terms for the next three members shall be for 2 years. Thereafter, all council member appointments shall be for terms of 4 years. A council member may not serve more than two 4-year terms after the effective date of this section. Any member of the council may be replaced by the Secretary of State after three unexcused absences.
- (3) Members of the council shall serve without compensation but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses as provided by s. 112.061.
- (4) The council shall meet at least four times per year, at a time and place to be determined by the council, but may meet more often when the council considers it necessary to do so.

Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 101.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.031 Instructions for electors.--

(2) The supervisor of elections in each county shall have posted at each polling place in the county the Voter's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities in the following form:

VOTER'S BILL OF RIGHTS

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Each registered voter in this state has the right to:

- Vote and have his or her vote accurately counted.
- Cast a vote if he or she is in line when the polls 2. are closing.
 - 3. Ask for and receive assistance in voting.
- 4. Receive up to two replacement ballots if he or she makes a mistake prior to the ballot being cast.
- 5. An explanation if his or her registration is in question.
- If his or her registration is in question, cast a provisional ballot.
- 7. Prove his or her identity by signing an affidavit if election officials doubt the voter's identity.
- 8. Written instructions to use when voting, and, upon request, oral instructions in voting from elections officers.
- 9. Vote free from coercion or intimidation by elections officers or any other person.
- 10. Vote on a voting system that is in working condition; and that will allow votes to be accurately cast; and that is accessible to all voters, regardless of ability or disability, so that all voters may cast a vote that is secret, 31 independent, and verifiable.

1 2 VOTER RESPONSIBILITIES 3 4 Each registered voter in this state has the 5 responsibility to: 6 1. Study and know candidates and issues. 7 Keep his or her voter address current. 8 3. Know his or her precinct and its hours of 9 operation. 10 4. Bring proper identification to the polling station. 11 5. Know how to operate voting equipment properly. 12 6. Treat precinct workers with courtesy. 13 7. Respect the privacy of other voters. 14 Report problems or violations of election law. 8. 15 9. Ask questions when confused. 16 10. Check his or her completed ballot for accuracy. Section 14. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 17 101.051, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 18 19 Section 15. Section 101.51, Florida Statutes, is 20 amended to read: 21 101.51 Electors to occupy booth alone; time allowed .--22 (1) When the elector presents himself or herself to vote, the election official shall ascertain whether the 23 24 elector's name is upon the register of electors, and, if the 25 elector's name appears and no challenge interposes, or, if 26 interposed, be not sustained, one of the election officials stationed at the entrance shall announce the name of the 27 28 elector and permit him or her to enter the booth or compartment to cast his or her vote, allowing only one elector 29

at a time to pass through to vote. No elector, while casting

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31 his or her ballot, may shall occupy a booth or compartment

longer than 5 minutes or be allowed to occupy a booth or compartment already occupied or to speak with anyone, except as provided by s. 101.051, while in the polling place.

(2) If an elector requires longer than 5 minutes, then upon a sufficient reason he or she may be granted a longer period of time by the election officials in charge. After casting his or her vote, the elector shall at once leave the polling room by the exit opening and shall not be permitted to reenter on any pretext whatever. After the elector has voted, or declined or failed to vote within 5 minutes, he or she shall immediately withdraw from the polling place. If the elector refuses to leave after the lapse of 5 minutes, he or she shall be removed by the election officials.

Section 16. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 101.56062, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

101.56062 Standards for accessible voting systems.--

- (1) Notwithstanding anything in this chapter to the contrary, each voting system selected and used for local, state, or federal elections must be accessible and usable by all voters, including voters having a disability. Each system must comply with the following minimum standards:
- (a) The voting system must provide a tactile-input or speech-input device, or both.
- (b) The voting system must provide a method by which voters can confirm any tactile or audio input by having the capability of audio output using synthetic or recorded human speech that is reasonably phonetically accurate.
- (c) Any operable controls on the input device which are needed for voters who are visually impaired must be discernable tactilely without actuating the keys.

- (d) Any audio and visual access approaches must be able to work both separately and simultaneously.
- (e) If a nonaudio access approach is provided, the system may not require color perception. The system must use black text or graphics, or both, on white background or white text or graphics, or both, on black background, unless the office of the Secretary of State approves other high-contrast color combinations that do not require color perception.
- (f) Any voting system that requires any visual perception must offer the election official who programs the system, prior to its being sent to the polling place, the capability to set the font size from a minimum of 14 points to a maximum of 24 points.
- (g) The voting system must provide audio information, including any audio output using synthetic or recorded human speech or any auditory feedback tones that are important for the use of the audio approach, through at least one mode, by handset or headset, in enhanced auditory fashion (increased amplification), and must provide incremental volume control with output amplification up to a level of at least 97 dB SPL, with at least one intermediate step of 89 dB SPL.
- (h) For transmitted voice signals, the voting system must provide a gain adjustable up to a minimum of 20 dB with at least one intermediate step of 12 dB of gain.
- (i) For the safety of others, if the voting system has the possibility of exceeding 120 dB SPL, a mechanism must be included to reset the volume automatically to a safe level after every use or when the handset is replaced, but not before. Also, universal precautions in the use and sharing of headsets should be followed.

- (j) If sound cues and audible information such as "beeps" are used, there must be simultaneous corresponding visual cues and information.
- (k) Any spoken text must also be presented on screen, except that any auditory confirmation of a voter's selection may not be printed in text on the screen, unless requested by the voter.
- (1) All controls and operable mechanisms must be operable with one hand, including operability with a closed fist, and operable without tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist.
- (m) The force required to operate or activate the controls must be no greater than 5 pounds of force.
- (n) All voting booths must have voting controls at a minimum height of 36 inches above the finished floor with a minimum knee clearance of 27 inches high, and the booth must be a minimum of 30 inches wide and a minimum of 19 inches deep.
- (o) Any audio ballot must provide the voter with the following functionalities:
- 1. After the initial instructions that the system requires election officials to provide to each voter, the voter should be able to independently operate the voter interface through the final step of casting a ballot without assistance.
- 2. The voter must be able to determine the races that he or she is allowed to vote in and to determine which candidates are available in each race.
- 3. The voter must be able to determine how many candidates may be selected in each race.

- 4. The voter must be able to have confidence that the physical or vocal inputs given to the system have selected the candidates that he or she intended to select.
- 5. The voter must be able to review the candidate selections that he or she has made.
- 6. Prior to the act of casting the ballot, the voter must be able to change any selections previously made and confirm a new selection.
- 7. The system must communicate to the voter the fact that the voter has failed to vote in a race or has failed to vote the number of allowable candidates in any race and require the voter to confirm his or her intent to undervote before casting the ballot.
- 8. The system must prevent the voter from overvoting any race.
- 9. The voter must be able to input a candidate's name in each race that allows a write-in candidate.
- 10. The voter must be able to review his or her write-in input to the interface, edit that input, and confirm that the edits meet the voter's intent.
- 11. There must be a clear, identifiable action that the voter takes to "cast" the ballot. The system must make clear to the voter how to take this action so that the voter has minimal risk of taking the action accidentally but, when the voter intends to cast the ballot, the action can be easily performed.
- 12. Once the ballot is cast, the system must confirm to the voter that the action has occurred and that the voter's process of voting is complete.

- 13. Once the ballot is cast, the system must preclude the voter from modifying the ballot cast or voting or casting another ballot.
- (2) State or federal funds may not be used by any county or municipality to purchase voting systems or voting system components that do not meet the accessibility standards established by this section.
- (3) A voting system that was certified before the effective date of this section is not decertified. However, if a county or municipality has purchased or leased a voting system that does not meet the accessibility requirements of this section, the county or municipality must purchase or lease additional voting systems or voting-system components to comply with the accessibility requirements of this section.
- (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that this state be eligible for any funds that are available from the Federal Government to assist states in providing or improving accessibility of voting systems and polling places for persons having a disability. Accordingly, all state laws, rules, standards, and codes governing voting systems and polling-place accessibility must be maintained to ensure the state's eligibility to receive federal funds. It is the intent of the Legislature that all state requirements meet or exceed the minimum federal requirements for voting systems and polling-place accessibility.

Section 17. Subsection (5) of section 101.655, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.655 Supervised voting by absent electors in certain facilities.--
- 30 (5) The supervised voting team shall deliver the 31 ballots to the respective absent electors, and each member of

the team shall jointly supervise the voting of the ballots. If any elector requests assistance in voting, the oath 3 prescribed in s. 101.051 shall be completed and the elector may receive the assistance of two members of the supervised 4 5 voting team or some other person of the elector's choice to assist the elector in casting the elector's ballot. 6 7 Section 18. Section 101.662, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 9 101.662 Accessibility of absentee ballots.--It is the intent of the Legislature that voting by absentee ballot be by 10 11 methods that are fully accessible to all voters, including 12 voters having a disability. The Department of State shall 13 adopt voting systems and procedures, including procedures for providing absentee ballots, upon request, in alternative 14 formats that will allow all voters to cast a secret, 15 16 independent, and verifiable absentee ballot without the 17 assistance of another person. Voting by absentee ballot may not be restricted solely to voting an absentee ballot in 18 19 person, as provided in s. 101.657, to comply with this 20 section. Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 101.71, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 22 101.71 Polling place. --23 24 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), 25 whenever the supervisor of elections of any county determines 26 that the accommodations for holding any election at a polling place designated for any precinct in the county are 27 28 unavailable, or are inadequate for the expeditious and 29 efficient housing and handling of voting and voting paraphernalia, or do not comply with the requirements of s. 30

31 | 101.715 including voting machines where used, the supervisor

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shall may provide, not less than 30 days prior to the holding of an election, provide for that the voting place for such precinct to shall be moved to another site that is which shall be accessible to the public on election day in said precinct or, if such is not available, to another site that is which shall be accessible to the public on election day in a contiguous precinct. If such action of the supervisor results in the voting place for two or more precincts being located for the purposes of an election in one building, the voting places for the several precincts involved shall be established and maintained separate from each other in said building. When any supervisor moves any polling place pursuant to this subsection, the supervisor shall, not more than 30 days or fewer than 7 days prior to the holding of an election, give notice of the change of the polling place for the precinct involved, with clear description of the voting place to which changed, at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in said county. A notice of the change of the polling place involved shall be mailed, at least 14 days prior to an election, to each registered elector or to each household in which there is a registered elector.

Section 20. Effective September 2, 2002, subsection (2) of section 101.71, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 25 of chapter 2001-40, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

101.71 Polling place. --

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), whenever the supervisor of elections of any county determines that the accommodations for holding any election at a polling place designated for any precinct in the county are unavailable, or are inadequate for the expeditious and 31 efficient housing and handling of voting and voting

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paraphernalia, or do not comply with the requirements of s. 1 101.715, the supervisor shall may provide, not less than 30 days prior to the holding of an election, provide for that the voting place for such precinct to shall be moved to another site that is which shall be accessible to the public on election day in said precinct or, if such is not available, to another site that is which shall be accessible to the public on election day in a contiguous precinct. If such action of the supervisor results in the voting place for two or more precincts being located for the purposes of an election in one 11 building, the voting places for the several precincts involved 12 shall be established and maintained separate from each other 13 in said building. When any supervisor moves any polling place 14 pursuant to this subsection, the supervisor shall, not more than 30 days or fewer than 7 days prior to the holding of an 15 16 election, give notice of the change of the polling place for the precinct involved, with clear description of the voting 17 place to which changed, at least once in a newspaper of 18 19 general circulation in said county. A notice of the change of 20 the polling place involved shall be mailed, at least 14 days prior to an election, to each registered elector or to each household in which there is a registered elector. Section 21. Section 101.715, Florida Statutes, is 24 amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

s. 101.715, F.S., for present text.)

101.715 Accessibility of polling places for people having a disability.--

(1) All polling places must be accessible and usable by persons having a disability.

1 (2) Each polling place must have at least one voting 2 system that meets all of the accessibility standards set forth 3 in s. 101.56062. 4 (3) Only a polling place that complies with the 5 Florida Americans With Disabilities Accessibility 6 Implementation Act, ss. 553.501-553.513, may be used for 7 federal, state, or local elections. 8 (4) The selection of a polling site must ensure 9 accessibility with respect to the following accessible 10 elements, spaces, scope, and technical requirements: accessible route, space allowance and reach ranges, protruding 11 12 objects, ground and floor surfaces, parking and passenger 13 loading zones, curb ramps, ramps, stairs, elevators, platform 14 lifts, doors, entrances, path of egress, controls and 15 operating mechanisms, signage, and all other minimum 16 requirements. (5) Standards required at each polling place, 17 regardless of the age or function of the building, include: 18 (a) One or more signed accessible parking spaces for 19 20 disabled persons. (b) Signage identifying an accessible path of travel 21 22 to the polling place if it differs from the primary route or 23 entrance. (c) An unobstructed path of travel to the polling 24 25 place. 26 (d) Level, firm, stable, and slip-resistant surfaces. 27 (e) An unobstructed area for voting. 28 (f) Sufficient lighting along the accessible path of 29 travel and within the polling place. 30

- (6) Upon request, all ballots, instructions, and printed materials at each polling place must also be available in alternative formats.
- (7) All methods used to cast a vote must allow a person having a disability to cast a vote, whether assisted or unassisted, at the voter's sole discretion, in a secret, independent, and verifiable manner, during the same times and under the same conditions available to other voters.
- (8) Before the general election in 2002, each existing polling place, and each newly designated polling place prior to its use, should be surveyed by the supervisor of elections for the purpose of determining accessibility and using a survey developed by rule of the Department of State, after first considering recommendations regarding the survey from the Disability Advisory Council of the Department of State.
- (9) At any time at least 60 days after a board of county commissioners has received the survey performed under subsection (8), a resident of the county has standing to sue that board of county commissioners in circuit court to require that a polling place be discontinued or, failing the selection of an accessible substitute or the submission of an application for a building permit to redress the deficiencies identified in the survey, within 30 days after the filing to require that county funds be used to correct all deficiencies to make the polling place completely accessible within a reasonable time set by the court. However, this subsection does not authorize a board of county commissioners to unreasonably delay making polling places accessible for all voters having a disability.
- (10) The Department of State shall adopt rules to establish penalties to be imposed on counties that fail or

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refuse to either correct accessibility deficiencies or
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    designate an alternative polling place within 60 days after
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    the board of county commissioners receives the survey
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   performed under subsection (8), which shall be in addition to
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    those penalties set forth in subsection (9). Such rules must
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   be adopted after first considering recommendations on such
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   penalties and exemptions by the Disability Advisory Council of
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    the Department of State. An exemption from the accessibility
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    standards set forth in this section may be effective only
    during a recognized state of emergency which, for whatever
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    reason, renders fully accessible polling places temporarily
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    unavailable. Any exemption should be of an extremely limited
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   nature, be of very short duration, and does not in any way
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    excuse or reduce the requirement that all polling places be
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    fully accessible to all voters. The Secretary of State must
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    impose all penalties and approve or deny all applications for
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    exemptions from the accessibility standards set forth in this
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    section.
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          (11) The Department of State may adopt rules in
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    accordance with s. 120.54 necessary to administer this
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    section.
           Section 22. Subsection (7) is added to section
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    102.014, Florida Statutes, to read:
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           102.014 Poll worker recruitment and training.--
          (7) The Department of State shall develop a mandatory,
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    statewide, and uniform program for training poll workers on
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    issues of etiquette and sensitivity with respect to voters
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   having a disability. The program must consist of approximately
    1 hour of the required number of hours set forth in paragraph
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   (4)(a). The program must be conducted locally by each
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   supervisor of elections, who shall periodically certify to the
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Department of State whether each poll worker has completed the 1 program, and must be taught, when possible, by persons having 2 a disability. The program must include actual demonstrations 3 of obstacles confronted by disabled persons during the voting 4 5 process, including obtaining access to the polling place, 6 traveling through the polling area, and using the voting 7 system. The program must include training on a functional 8 TTY/TDD device. 9 Section 23. Section 104.031, Florida Statutes, is 10 repealed. 11 Section 24. Section 104.20, Florida Statutes, is 12 amended to read: 13 104.20 Ballot not to be seen, and other offenses.--Any 14 elector who, except as provided by law, allows his or her ballot to be seen by any person; takes or removes, or attempts 15 16 to take or remove, any ballot from the polling place before the close of the polls; places any mark on his or her ballot 17 by which it may be identified; remains longer than the 18 19 specified time allowed by law in the booth or compartment 20 after having been notified that his or her time has expired/ endeavors to induce any elector to show how he or she voted; 21 22 aids or attempts to aid any elector unlawfully; or prints or procures to be printed, or has in his or her possession, any 23 copies of any ballot prepared to be voted is guilty of a 24 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 25 26 775.082 or s. 775.083. 27 Section 25. Paragraph (y) of subsection (1) of section 28 125.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 125.01 Powers and duties.--29 (1) The legislative and governing body of a county 30

31 | shall have the power to carry on county government. To the

extent not inconsistent with general or special law, this power includes, but is not restricted to, the power to:

(y) Place questions or propositions on the ballot at any primary election, general election, or otherwise called special election, when agreed to by a majority vote of the total membership of the legislative and governing body, so as to obtain an expression of elector sentiment with respect to matters of substantial concern within the county. No special election may be called for the purpose of conducting a straw ballot. Any election costs, as defined in s. 97.021(10)(9), associated with any ballot question or election called specifically at the request of a district or for the creation of a district shall be paid by the district either in whole or in part as the case may warrant.

Section 26. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

Revises various provisions of the Florida Election Code to require that all polling places be accessible to persons having a disability. Requires that certain forms used under the code be made available in alternative formats and on the Internet. Requires that certain elections staff have and be trained in the use of a TTY/TDD device. Requires the use of closed captioning and descriptive narrative in all television broadcasts by candidates, political parties, and political committees. Creates the Disability Advisory Council within the Department of State. Repeals provisions that limit the length of time a voter may occupy a voting booth. Specifies standards for accessible voting systems. Prohibits the use of state or federal funds for a voting system or system components that do not meet the accessibility standards. Requires the supervisors of elections to survey polling places. Authorizes legal action against a board of county commissioners that fails to comply with accessibility requirements. Requires that the Department of State adopt by rule penalties against counties that fail to correct deficiencies in accessibility. (See bill for details.)