Florida Senate - 2002

CS for SB 176

By the Committee on Appropriations; and Senator Silver

309-1997-02 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to educational benefits for 3 children of slain law enforcement officers and firefighters; amending ss. 112.19, 112.191, 4 5 F.S.; providing for graduate or б postbaccalaureate educational expenses to be 7 waived for children of officers or firefighters 8 killed in the line of duty; providing for the 9 waiver to apply to a state resident who attends a state institution as a full-time or part-time 10 11 student until a specified age; amending s. 240.552, F.S.; providing for scholarships 12 13 through the Florida College Savings Program to 14 pay fees for children of law enforcement, 15 correctional, or correctional probation officers and firefighters in obtaining a 16 17 graduate or postbaccalaureate degree; providing 18 for eligibility; requiring the Department of 19 Education to obtain a certain percentage of 20 funds from private-sector entities; providing an effective date. 21 22 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24 25 Section 1. Section 112.19, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 27 112.19 Law enforcement, correctional, and correctional 28 probation officers; death benefits. --29 (1) Whenever used in this section, the term: "Employer" means a state board, commission, 30 (a) 31 department, division, bureau, or agency, or a county, 1

1 municipality, or other political subdivision of the state, 2 which employs, appoints, or otherwise engages the services of 3 law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation 4 officers.

5 "Law enforcement, correctional, or correctional (b) 6 probation officer" means any officer as defined in s. 7 943.10(14) or employee of the state or any political 8 subdivision of the state, including any law enforcement officer, correctional officer, correctional probation officer, 9 10 state attorney investigator, or public defender investigator, 11 whose duties require such officer or employee to investigate, pursue, apprehend, arrest, transport, or maintain custody of 12 persons who are charged with, suspected of committing, or 13 14 convicted of a crime; and the term includes any member of a bomb disposal unit whose primary responsibility is the 15 location, handling, and disposal of explosive devices. 16 The 17 term also includes any full-time officer or employee of the state or any political subdivision of the state, certified 18 19 pursuant to chapter 943, whose duties require such officer to 20 serve process or to attend terms of circuit or county court as 21 bailiff.

(c) "Insurance" means insurance procured from a stock
company or mutual company or association or exchange
authorized to do business as an insurer in this state.

(d) "Fresh pursuit" means the pursuit of a person who has committed or is reasonably suspected of having committed a felony, misdemeanor, traffic infraction, or violation of a county or municipal ordinance. The term does not imply instant pursuit, but pursuit without unreasonable delay.

30 (2)(a) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as provided in 31 this section when a law enforcement, correctional, or

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1 correctional probation officer, while engaged in the 2 performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is 3 accidentally killed or receives accidental bodily injury which 4 results in the loss of the officer's life, provided that such 5 killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily 6 injury is not intentionally self-inflicted.

7 (b) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as provided in 8 this section if a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as 9 10 specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as 11 a result of the officer's response to fresh pursuit or to the officer's response to what is reasonably believed to be an 12 13 emergency. This sum is in addition to any sum provided for in 14 paragraph (a).

(c) If a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer, while engaged in the performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is unlawfully and intentionally killed or dies as a result of such unlawful and intentional act, the sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as provided in this section.

(d) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of 21 paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), whether secured by insurance or 22 not, shall be made to the beneficiary designated by such law 23 24 enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer in writing, signed by the officer and delivered to the 25 employer during the officer's lifetime. If no such 26 designation is made, then it shall be paid to the officer's 27 28 surviving child or children and spouse in equal portions, and 29 if there is no surviving child or spouse, then to the officer's parent or parents. If a beneficiary is not 30 31

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designated and there is no surviving child, spouse, or parent,
 then it shall be paid to the officer's estate.

3 (e) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of 4 paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), are in addition to any workers' 5 compensation or pension benefits and are exempt from the 6 claims and demands of creditors of such law enforcement, 7 correctional, or correctional probation officer.

8 (f) If a full-time law enforcement, correctional, or 9 correctional probation officer who is employed by a state 10 agency is killed in the line of duty as a result of an act of 11 violence inflicted by another person while the officer is engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties or as a 12 result of an assault against the officer under riot 13 conditions, the sum of \$1,000 shall be paid, as provided for 14 in paragraph (d), toward the funeral and burial expenses of 15 such officer. Such benefits are in addition to any other 16 17 benefits which employee beneficiaries and dependents are 18 entitled to under the provisions of the Workers' Compensation 19 Law or any other state or federal statutes.

20 Any political subdivision of the state that (g) employs a full-time law enforcement officer as defined in s. 21 943.10(1) or a full-time correctional officer as defined in s. 22 943.10(2) who is killed in the line of duty on or after July 23 24 1, 1993, as a result of an act of violence inflicted by 25 another person while the officer is engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties or as a result of an assault against 26 27 the officer under riot conditions shall pay the entire premium 28 of the political subdivision's health insurance plan for the 29 employee's surviving spouse until remarried, and for each 30 dependent child of the employee until the child reaches the 31

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age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which
 the child reaches the age of 25 if:

3 1. At the time of the employee's death, the child is4 dependent upon the employee for support; and

5 2. The surviving child continues to be dependent for
6 support, or the surviving child is a full-time or part-time
7 student and is dependent for support.

8 (h)1. Any employer who employs a full-time law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer 9 10 who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic 11 injury, as defined in s. 440.02(37), in the line of duty shall pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan 12 for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and 13 for each dependent child of the injured employee until the 14 child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the 15 calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the 16 17 child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is a 18 full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. 19 The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 20 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 21 22 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 23 24 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 25 However:

a. Health insurance benefits payable from any othersource shall reduce benefits payable under this section.

b. It is unlawful for a person to willfully and
knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire
with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false,

31 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain

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health insurance coverage as provided under this paragraph. A
 person who violates this sub-subparagraph commits a
 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
 775.082 or s. 775.083.

5 In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, с. 6 upon conviction for a violation as described in 7 sub-subparagraph b., a law enforcement, correctional, or 8 correctional probation officer or other beneficiary who 9 receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under 10 this paragraph shall forfeit the right to receive such health 11 insurance benefits, and shall reimburse the employer for all benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity. 12 For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, "conviction" means a 13 determination of quilt that is the result of a plea or trial, 14 regardless of whether adjudication is withheld. 15

In order for the officer, spouse, and dependent 16 2. 17 children to be eligible for such insurance coverage, the 18 injury must have occurred as the result of the officer's 19 response to fresh pursuit, the officer's response to what is 20 reasonably believed to be an emergency, or an unlawful act 21 perpetrated by another. Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit health 22 insurance coverage for which the officer, spouse, or dependent 23 24 children may otherwise be eligible, except that a person who 25 qualifies under this section shall not be eligible for the health insurance subsidy provided under chapter 121, chapter 26 27 175, or chapter 185.

(i) The Bureau of Crime Prevention and Training within
the Department of Legal Affairs shall adopt rules necessary to
implement paragraphs (a), (b), and (c).

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1 (3) If a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as 2 3 specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, or unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph 4 5 (2)(c) on or after July 1, 1980, the state shall waive certain б educational expenses that which children of the deceased 7 officer incur while obtaining a vocational-technical 8 certificate, or an undergraduate education, or a graduate or 9 postbaccalaureate professional degree. The amount waived by 10 the state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition, and 11 matriculation, and other statutorily authorized registration fees for a total of 120 credit hours for a 12 13 vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate education. For a child pursuing a graduate or 14 postbaccalaureate professional degree, the amount waived shall 15 equal the cost of matriculation and other statutorily 16 17 authorized fees incurred while the child continues to fulfill 18 the professional requirements associated with the graduate or 19 postbaccalaureate professional degree program, and eligibility continues until the child's 29th birthday. The child may 20 21 attend a state vocational-technical school, a state community college, or a state university. The child may attend any or 22 all of the institutions specified in this subsection, on 23 24 either a full-time or part-time basis. For a child pursuing a 25 vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate education, the benefits provided under this subsection shall 26 27 continue to the child until the child's 25th birthday. To be eligible for the benefits provided under this subsection for 28 29 enrollment in a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional 30 degree program, the child must be a state resident, as defined 31 in s. 240.1201, at the time of enrollment.

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(a) Upon failure of any child benefited by the provisions of this section to comply with the ordinary and minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to discipline and scholarship, the benefits shall be withdrawn as to the child and no further moneys may be expended for the child's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency continues.

8 (b) Only a student in good standing in his or her9 respective institution may receive the benefits thereof.

(c) A child receiving benefits under this section must
be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements
of the institution attended.

(4)(a) The employer of such law enforcement, 13 correctional, or correctional probation officer is liable for 14 the payment of the sums specified in this section and is 15 deemed self-insured, unless it procures and maintains, or has 16 17 already procured and maintained, insurance to secure such 18 payments. Any such insurance may cover only the risks 19 indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in this 20 section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks and may be in larger amounts. Any such insurance shall be placed 21 by such employer only after public bid of such insurance 22 coverage which coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making 23 24 the lowest best bid.

(b) Payment of benefits to beneficiaries of state employees, or of the premiums to cover the risk, under the provisions of this section shall be paid from existing funds otherwise appropriated to the department employing the law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officers. 30

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1	(5) The Department of Education shall adopt rules and
2	procedures as are necessary to implement the educational
3	benefits provisions of this section.
4	(6) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to
5	the contrary, the death benefits provided in paragraphs (2)(c)
6	and (g) shall also be applicable and paid in cases where an
7	officer received bodily injury prior to July 1, 1993, and
8	subsequently died on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of
9	such in-line-of-duty injury attributable to an unlawful and
10	intentional act, or an act of violence inflicted by another,
11	or an assault on the officer under riot conditions. Payment
12	of such benefits shall be in accordance with provisions of
13	this section. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to
14	limit death benefits for which those individuals listed in
15	paragraph (2)(d) may otherwise be eligible.
16	Section 2. Section 112.191, Florida Statutes, is
17	amended to read:
18	112.191 Firefighters; death benefits
19	(1) Whenever used in this act:
20	(a) The term "employer" means a state board,
21	commission, department, division, bureau or agency, or a
22	county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the
23	state.
24	(b) The term "firefighter" means any full-time duly
25	employed uniformed firefighter employed by an employer, whose
26	primary duty is the prevention and extinguishing of fires, the
27	protection of life and property therefrom, the enforcement of
28	municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as
29	the enforcement of any law pertaining to the prevention and
30	control of fires, who is certified pursuant to s. 633.35, and
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who is a member of a duly constituted fire department of such
 employer or who is a volunteer firefighter.

3 (c) The term "insurance" means insurance procured from
4 a stock company or mutual company or association or exchange
5 authorized to do business as an insurer in this state.

6 (2)(a) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as hereinafter
7 provided when a firefighter, while engaged in the performance
8 of his or her firefighter duties, is accidentally killed or
9 receives accidental bodily injury which subsequently results
10 in the loss of the firefighter's life, provided that such
11 killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily
12 injury is not intentionally self-inflicted.

(b) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as hereinafter provided if a firefighter is accidentally killed as specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result of the firefighter's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency involving the protection of life or property. This sum shall be in addition to any sum provided for in paragraph (a).

20 (c) If a firefighter, while engaged in the performance of his or her firefighter duties, is unlawfully and 21 intentionally killed, dies as a result of a fire which has 22 been determined to have been caused by an act of arson, or 23 24 subsequently dies as a result of injuries sustained therefrom, 25 the sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as hereinafter provided. (d) Such payments, pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), 26 and (c), whether secured by insurance or not, shall be made to 27 28 the beneficiary designated by such firefighter in writing, 29 signed by the firefighter and delivered to the employer during

30 the firefighter's lifetime. If no such designation is made,

31 then it shall be paid to the firefighter's surviving child or

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1 children and spouse in equal portions, and if there be no 2 surviving child or spouse, then to the firefighter's parent or 3 parents. If a beneficiary designation is not made and there 4 is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, then it shall be 5 paid to the firefighter's estate.

6 (e) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of 7 paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), shall be in addition to any 8 workers' compensation or pension benefits and shall be exempt 9 from the claims and demands of creditors of such firefighter.

10 (f) Any political subdivision of the state that 11 employs a full-time firefighter who is killed in the line of duty on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of an act of 12 violence inflicted by another person while the firefighter is 13 engaged in the performance of firefighter duties, as a result 14 of a fire which has been determined to have been caused by an 15 act of arson, or as a result of an assault against the 16 17 firefighter under riot conditions shall pay the entire premium of the political subdivision's health insurance plan for the 18 19 employee's surviving spouse until remarried, and for each 20 dependent child of the employee until the child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which 21 the child reaches the age of 25 if: 22

1. At the time of the employee's death, the child isdependent upon the employee for support; and

25 2. The surviving child continues to be dependent for
26 support, or the surviving child is a full-time or part-time
27 student and is dependent for support.

(g)1. Any employer who employs a full-time firefighter who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic injury, as defined in s. 440.02(37), in the line of duty shall pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan

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1 for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and 2 for each dependent child of the injured employee until the 3 child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the 4 5 child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is a б full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. 7 The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 8 9 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 10 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for 11 the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 12 However: 13 Health insurance benefits payable from any other 14 a.

15 source shall reduce benefits payable under this section.
16 b. It is unlawful for a person to willfully and

17 knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire 18 with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, 19 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain 20 health insurance coverage as provided under this paragraph. A 21 person who violates this sub-subparagraph commits a 22 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 23 775.082 or s. 775.083.

24 с. In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, 25 upon conviction for a violation as described in sub-subparagraph b., a firefighter or other beneficiary who 26 27 receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under 28 this paragraph shall forfeit the right to receive such health 29 insurance benefits, and shall reimburse the employer for all benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity. 30 31 For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, "conviction" means a

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1 determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, 2 regardless of whether adjudication is withheld. 3 In order for the firefighter, spouse, and dependent 2. 4 children to be eligible for such insurance coverage, the 5 injury must have occurred as the result of the firefighter's 6 response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency 7 involving the protection of life or property, or an unlawful 8 act perpetrated by another. Except as otherwise provided 9 herein, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit 10 health insurance coverage for which the firefighter, spouse, 11 or dependent children may otherwise be eligible, except that a person who qualifies for benefits under this section shall not 12 13 be eligible for the health insurance subsidy provided under 14 chapter 121, chapter 175, or chapter 185. 15 Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, 16 17 the death benefits provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (f) 18 shall also be applicable and paid in cases where a firefighter 19 received bodily injury prior to July 1, 1993, and subsequently died on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of such 20 21 in-line-of-duty injury. The Division of the State Fire Marshal within the 22 (h) Department of Insurance is directed to promulgate rules as are 23 24 necessary to implement the provisions of this section. (3) If a firefighter is accidentally killed as 25 specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, or 26 27 unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph (2)(c), on or after July 1, 1980, the state shall waive 28 29 certain educational expenses that which children of the deceased firefighter incur while obtaining a 30 31 vocational-technical certificate, or an undergraduate 13

education, or a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional 1 2 degree. The amount waived by the state shall be an amount 3 equal to the cost of tuition, and matriculation, and other statutorily authorized registration fees for a total of 120 4 5 credit hours for a vocational-technical certificate or an б undergraduate education. For a child pursuing a graduate or 7 postbaccalaureate professional degree, the amount waived shall 8 equal the cost of matriculation and other statutorily 9 authorized fees incurred while the child continues to fulfill 10 the professional requirements associated with the graduate or 11 postbaccalaureate professional degree program, and eligibility continues until the child's 29th birthday. The child may 12 attend a state vocational-technical school, a state community 13 14 college, or a state university. The child may attend any or all of the institutions specified in this subsection, on 15 either a full-time or part-time basis. For a child pursuing a 16 17 vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate education, the benefits provided under this subsection shall 18 19 continue to such a child until the child's 25th birthday. To 20 be eligible for the benefits provided under this subsection for enrollment in a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional 21 degree program, the child must be a state resident, as defined 22 in s. 240.1201, at the time of enrollment. 23 24 (a) Upon failure of any child benefited by the provisions of this section to comply with the ordinary and 25 minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to 26 discipline and scholarship, the benefits thereof shall be 27 28 withdrawn as to the child and no further moneys expended for 29 the child's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency 30 continues. 31

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1 (b) Only students in good standing in their respective institutions shall receive the benefits thereof. 2 3 (c) All children receiving benefits under this section shall be enrolled according to the customary rules and 4 5 requirements of the institution attended. б (4)(a) The employer of such firefighter shall be 7 liable for the payment of said sums specified in this section 8 and shall be deemed self-insured, unless it procures and 9 maintains, or has already procured and maintained, insurance 10 to secure such payments. Any such insurance may cover only the 11 risks indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in this section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks 12 13 and may be in larger amounts. Any such insurance shall be placed by such employer only after public bid of such 14 insurance coverage which coverage shall be awarded to the 15 carrier making the lowest best bid. 16 17 (b) Payment of benefits to beneficiaries of state employees, or of the premiums to cover the risk, under the 18 19 provisions of this section, shall be paid from existing funds 20 otherwise appropriated for the department. (5) The Department of Education shall adopt is 21 directed to promulgate rules and procedures as are necessary 22 to implement the educational benefits provisions of this 23 24 section. Section 3. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 25 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 240.552, Florida 26 27 Statutes, shall not stand repealed January 7, 2003, as 28 scheduled by that law, but that section is reenacted and 29 amended to read: 30 240.552 Florida Prepaid Tuition Scholarship 31 Program.--The Florida Prepaid Tuition Scholarship Program is 15 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 hereby established with the intent to provide economically 2 disadvantaged youth with prepaid postsecondary tuition 3 scholarships and to provide scholarships through the Florida College Savings Program for children of law enforcement 4 5 officers or firefighters killed in the line of duty. The 6 direct-support organization established pursuant to s. 240.551 7 shall administer the program with the assistance and 8 cooperation of the Department of Education to achieve the 9 following objectives: 10 (1) Provide an incentive for economically 11 disadvantaged youth to improve school attendance and academic performance in order to graduate and pursue a postsecondary 12 13 education. (2) Obtain the commitment and involvement of private 14 sector entities by virtue of funding matches with a ratio of 15 50 percent provided by the private sector and 50 percent 16 17 provided by the state. 18 (3) Purchase prepaid tuition scholarships for students 19 certified by the Department of Education to the direct-support 20 organization who meet minimum economic and school requirements 21 and remain drug free and crime free. (a) For the purpose of this subsection, "drug free" 22 means not being convicted of, or adjudicated delinquent for, 23 24 any violation of chapter 893 after being designated a 25 recipient of a Florida prepaid tuition scholarship. (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "crime free" 26 means not being convicted of, or adjudicated delinguent for, 27 28 any felony or first degree misdemeanor as defined in ss. 29 775.08 and 775.081 after being designated a recipient of a Florida prepaid tuition scholarship. 30 31

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1	(4) Provide scholarships through the Florida College
2	Savings Program authorized in s. 240.553 to cover the cost of
3	tuition, matriculation, and other statutorily authorized fees
4	for obtaining a graduate or postbaccalaureate degree for
5	children of law enforcement, correctional, or correctional
6	probation officers who are eligible for the waiver of
7	undergraduate tuition, matriculation, and statutorily
8	authorized fees under s. 112.19(3) and for children of
9	firefighters who are eligible for the waiver of undergraduate
10	tuition, matriculation, and statutorily authorized fees under
11	s. 112.191(3). The scholarships are available for such
12	children until the child's 29th birthday. To be eligible for a
13	scholarship, the child must be a state resident, as defined in
14	${\tt s.~240.1201}$, at the time of enrollment. The Department of
15	Education shall obtain the commitment and involvement of
16	private-sector entities by virtue of funding matches with a
17	ratio of 25 percent provided by the private sector and 75
18	percent provided by the state for the scholarship authorized
19	under this subsection.
20	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.
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22	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
23	Senate Bill 176
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25	CS/SB 176 deletes the term "tuition" from the list of fees to be waived for graduate and post-baccalaureate in-state
26	students, because tuition is charged only to out of state
27	students.
28	CS/SB 176 also allows the Prepaid Tuition Scholarship Program to share in the fee costs of graduate and post baccalaureate
29	education at state institutions, for children of a public safety officer or a firefighter who has been killed in the line of duty
30	line of duty.
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