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2	An act relating to educational benefits for
3	children of slain law enforcement officers and
4	firefighters; amending ss. 112.19, 112.191,
5	F.S.; providing for graduate or
6	postbaccalaureate educational expenses to be
7	waived for children of officers or firefighters
8	killed in the line of duty; providing for the
9	waiver to apply to a state resident who attends
10	a state institution as a full-time or part-time
11	student until a specified age; providing an
12	effective date.
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14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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16	Section 1. Section 112.19, Florida Statutes, is
17	amended to read:
18	112.19 Law enforcement, correctional, and correctional
19	probation officers; death benefits
20	(1) Whenever used in this section, the term:
21	(a) "Employer" means a state board, commission,
22	department, division, bureau, or agency, or a county,
23	municipality, or other political subdivision of the state,
24	which employs, appoints, or otherwise engages the services of
25	law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation
26	officers.
27	(b) "Law enforcement, correctional, or correctional
28	probation officer" means any officer as defined in s.
29	943.10(14) or employee of the state or any political
30	subdivision of the state, including any law enforcement
31	officer, correctional officer, correctional probation officer,
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state attorney investigator, or public defender investigator, 1 whose duties require such officer or employee to investigate, 2 3 pursue, apprehend, arrest, transport, or maintain custody of 4 persons who are charged with, suspected of committing, or convicted of a crime; and the term includes any member of a 5 bomb disposal unit whose primary responsibility is the 6 7 location, handling, and disposal of explosive devices. The term also includes any full-time officer or employee of the 8 9 state or any political subdivision of the state, certified pursuant to chapter 943, whose duties require such officer to 10 serve process or to attend terms of circuit or county court as 11 12 bailiff.

13 (c) "Insurance" means insurance procured from a stock 14 company or mutual company or association or exchange 15 authorized to do business as an insurer in this state.

16 (d) "Fresh pursuit" means the pursuit of a person who 17 has committed or is reasonably suspected of having committed a 18 felony, misdemeanor, traffic infraction, or violation of a 19 county or municipal ordinance. The term does not imply 20 instant pursuit, but pursuit without unreasonable delay.

(2)(a) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as provided in 21 this section when a law enforcement, correctional, or 22 23 correctional probation officer, while engaged in the performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is 24 accidentally killed or receives accidental bodily injury which 25 26 results in the loss of the officer's life, provided that such killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily 27 injury is not intentionally self-inflicted. 28

(b) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as provided in this section if a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as

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specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result of the officer's response to fresh pursuit or to the officer's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency. This sum is in addition to any sum provided for in paragraph (a).

6 (c) If a law enforcement, correctional, or 7 correctional probation officer, while engaged in the 8 performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is 9 unlawfully and intentionally killed or dies as a result of 10 such unlawful and intentional act, the sum of \$75,000 shall be 11 paid as provided in this section.

12 (d) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of 13 paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), whether secured by insurance or 14 not, shall be made to the beneficiary designated by such law 15 enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer in writing, signed by the officer and delivered to the 16 17 employer during the officer's lifetime. If no such designation is made, then it shall be paid to the officer's 18 19 surviving child or children and spouse in equal portions, and 20 if there is no surviving child or spouse, then to the officer's parent or parents. If a beneficiary is not 21 22 designated and there is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, 23 then it shall be paid to the officer's estate.

(e) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), are in addition to any workers' compensation or pension benefits and are exempt from the claims and demands of creditors of such law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer.

(f) If a full-time law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer who is employed by a state agency is killed in the line of duty as a result of an act of

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violence inflicted by another person while the officer is 1 engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties or as a 2 3 result of an assault against the officer under riot conditions, the sum of \$1,000 shall be paid, as provided for 4 5 in paragraph (d), toward the funeral and burial expenses of 6 such officer. Such benefits are in addition to any other 7 benefits which employee beneficiaries and dependents are 8 entitled to under the provisions of the Workers' Compensation 9 Law or any other state or federal statutes.

(g) Any political subdivision of the state that 10 employs a full-time law enforcement officer as defined in s. 11 12 943.10(1) or a full-time correctional officer as defined in s. 943.10(2) who is killed in the line of duty on or after July 13 14 1, 1993, as a result of an act of violence inflicted by 15 another person while the officer is engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties or as a result of an assault against 16 17 the officer under riot conditions shall pay the entire premium of the political subdivision's health insurance plan for the 18 19 employee's surviving spouse until remarried, and for each dependent child of the employee until the child reaches the 20 age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which 21 the child reaches the age of 25 if: 22

1. At the time of the employee's death, the child isdependent upon the employee for support; and

25 2. The surviving child continues to be dependent for
26 support, or the surviving child is a full-time or part-time
27 student and is dependent for support.

(h)1. Any employer who employs a full-time law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic injury, as defined in s. 440.02(37), in the line of duty shall

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pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan 1 for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and 2 for each dependent child of the injured employee until the 3 4 child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the 5 calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is a 6 7 full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental 8 9 benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 10 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for 11 12 the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 13 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 14 However:

a. Health insurance benefits payable from any othersource shall reduce benefits payable under this section.

17 b. It is unlawful for a person to willfully and knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire 18 19 with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, 20 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain health insurance coverage as provided under this paragraph. A 21 22 person who violates this sub-subparagraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 23 775.082 or s. 775.083. 24

c. In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, upon conviction for a violation as described in sub-subparagraph b., a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer or other beneficiary who receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under this paragraph shall forfeit the right to receive such health insurance benefits, and shall reimburse the employer for all

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benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity.
 For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, "conviction" means a
 determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial,
 regardless of whether adjudication is withheld.

2. 5 In order for the officer, spouse, and dependent children to be eligible for such insurance coverage, the 6 7 injury must have occurred as the result of the officer's response to fresh pursuit, the officer's response to what is 8 9 reasonably believed to be an emergency, or an unlawful act perpetrated by another. Except as otherwise provided herein, 10 nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit health 11 12 insurance coverage for which the officer, spouse, or dependent children may otherwise be eligible, except that a person who 13 14 qualifies under this section shall not be eligible for the health insurance subsidy provided under chapter 121, chapter 15 16 175, or chapter 185.

17 (i) The Bureau of Crime Prevention and Training within
18 the Department of Legal Affairs shall adopt rules necessary to
19 implement paragraphs (a), (b), and (c).

20 (3) If a law enforcement, correctional, or 21 correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as 22 specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, or 23 unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph (2)(c) on or after July 1, 1980, the state shall waive certain 24 25 educational expenses that which children of the deceased 26 officer incur while obtaining a vocational-technical 27 certificate, or an undergraduate education, or a graduate or 28 postbaccalaureate professional degree. The amount waived by 29 the state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition, and matriculation, and other statutorily authorized registration 30 fees for a total of 120 credit hours $\underline{for \ a}$ 31

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vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate 1 2 education. For a child pursuing a graduate or 3 postbaccalaureate professional degree, the amount waived shall 4 equal the cost of matriculation and other statutorily 5 authorized fees incurred while the child continues to fulfill 6 the professional requirements associated with the graduate or 7 postbaccalaureate professional degree program, and eligibility 8 continues until the child's 29th birthday. The child may 9 attend a state vocational-technical school, a state community college, or a state university. The child may attend any or 10 all of the institutions specified in this subsection, on 11 12 either a full-time or part-time basis. For a child pursuing a vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate 13 14 education, the benefits provided under this subsection shall 15 continue to the child until the child's 25th birthday. To be eligible for the benefits provided under this subsection for 16 17 enrollment in a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree program, the child must be a state resident, as defined 18 19 in s. 240.1201, at the time of enrollment. 20 (a) Upon failure of any child benefited by the provisions of this section to comply with the ordinary and 21 minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to 22 23 discipline and scholarship, the benefits shall be withdrawn as to the child and no further moneys may be expended for the 24 child's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency 25 26 continues. (b) Only a student in good standing in his or her 27 respective institution may receive the benefits thereof. 28 29 (c) A child receiving benefits under this section must 30 be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements of the institution attended. 31 7

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(4)(a) The employer of such law enforcement, 1 2 correctional, or correctional probation officer is liable for 3 the payment of the sums specified in this section and is 4 deemed self-insured, unless it procures and maintains, or has 5 already procured and maintained, insurance to secure such 6 payments. Any such insurance may cover only the risks 7 indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in this 8 section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks and 9 may be in larger amounts. Any such insurance shall be placed by such employer only after public bid of such insurance 10 coverage which coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making 11 12 the lowest best bid.

(b) Payment of benefits to beneficiaries of state employees, or of the premiums to cover the risk, under the provisions of this section shall be paid from existing funds otherwise appropriated to the department employing the law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officers.

18 (5) The Department of Education shall adopt rules and
19 procedures as are necessary to implement the educational
20 benefits provisions of this section.

21 (6) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to 22 the contrary, the death benefits provided in paragraphs (2)(c) 23 and (g) shall also be applicable and paid in cases where an officer received bodily injury prior to July 1, 1993, and 24 subsequently died on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of 25 26 such in-line-of-duty injury attributable to an unlawful and intentional act, or an act of violence inflicted by another, 27 or an assault on the officer under riot conditions. Payment 28 29 of such benefits shall be in accordance with provisions of 30 this section. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to 31

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limit death benefits for which those individuals listed in 1 paragraph (2)(d) may otherwise be eligible. 2 3 Section 2. Section 112.191, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 112.191 Firefighters; death benefits.--6 (1) Whenever used in this act: 7 The term "employer" means a state board, (a) 8 commission, department, division, bureau or agency, or a 9 county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the 10 state. The term "firefighter" means any full-time duly 11 (b) 12 employed uniformed firefighter employed by an employer, whose primary duty is the prevention and extinguishing of fires, the 13 14 protection of life and property therefrom, the enforcement of 15 municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as 16 the enforcement of any law pertaining to the prevention and 17 control of fires, who is certified pursuant to s. 633.35, and who is a member of a duly constituted fire department of such 18 19 employer or who is a volunteer firefighter. The term "insurance" means insurance procured from 20 (C) a stock company or mutual company or association or exchange 21 authorized to do business as an insurer in this state. 22 23 (2)(a) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as hereinafter provided when a firefighter, while engaged in the performance 24 of his or her firefighter duties, is accidentally killed or 25 26 receives accidental bodily injury which subsequently results in the loss of the firefighter's life, provided that such 27 killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily 28 29 injury is not intentionally self-inflicted. (b) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as hereinafter 30 provided if a firefighter is accidentally killed as specified 31 9

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1 in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result 2 of the firefighter's response to what is reasonably believed 3 to be an emergency involving the protection of life or 4 property. This sum shall be in addition to any sum provided 5 for in paragraph (a).

6 (c) If a firefighter, while engaged in the performance
7 of his or her firefighter duties, is unlawfully and
8 intentionally killed, dies as a result of a fire which has
9 been determined to have been caused by an act of arson, or
10 subsequently dies as a result of injuries sustained therefrom,
11 the sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as hereinafter provided.

12 (d) Such payments, pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), 13 and (c), whether secured by insurance or not, shall be made to 14 the beneficiary designated by such firefighter in writing, 15 signed by the firefighter and delivered to the employer during the firefighter's lifetime. If no such designation is made, 16 17 then it shall be paid to the firefighter's surviving child or children and spouse in equal portions, and if there be no 18 19 surviving child or spouse, then to the firefighter's parent or If a beneficiary designation is not made and there 20 parents. is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, then it shall be 21 22 paid to the firefighter's estate.

(e) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), shall be in addition to any workers' compensation or pension benefits and shall be exempt from the claims and demands of creditors of such firefighter. (f) Any political subdivision of the state that employs a full-time firefighter who is killed in the line of duty on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of an act of

30 violence inflicted by another person while the firefighter is31 engaged in the performance of firefighter duties, as a result

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of a fire which has been determined to have been caused by an 1 2 act of arson, or as a result of an assault against the 3 firefighter under riot conditions shall pay the entire premium 4 of the political subdivision's health insurance plan for the 5 employee's surviving spouse until remarried, and for each 6 dependent child of the employee until the child reaches the 7 age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which 8 the child reaches the age of 25 if:

9 1. At the time of the employee's death, the child is10 dependent upon the employee for support; and

2. The surviving child continues to be dependent for
 support, or the surviving child is a full-time or part-time
 student and is dependent for support.

14 (g)1. Any employer who employs a full-time firefighter who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic 15 injury, as defined in s. 440.02(37), in the line of duty shall 16 17 pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and 18 19 for each dependent child of the injured employee until the child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the 20 calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the 21 22 child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is a 23 full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental 24 benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 25 26 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 27 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 28 29 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 30 However:

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Health insurance benefits payable from any other 1 a. 2 source shall reduce benefits payable under this section. 3 b. It is unlawful for a person to willfully and 4 knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire 5 with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, 6 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain 7 health insurance coverage as provided under this paragraph. A person who violates this sub-subparagraph commits a 8 9 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 10 In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, 11 с. 12 upon conviction for a violation as described in sub-subparagraph b., a firefighter or other beneficiary who 13 14 receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under 15 this paragraph shall forfeit the right to receive such health insurance benefits, and shall reimburse the employer for all 16 17 benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, "conviction" means a 18 19 determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld. 20 21 In order for the firefighter, spouse, and dependent 2. 22 children to be eligible for such insurance coverage, the 23 injury must have occurred as the result of the firefighter's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency 24 involving the protection of life or property, or an unlawful 25 26 act perpetrated by another. Except as otherwise provided 27 herein, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit health insurance coverage for which the firefighter, spouse, 28 29 or dependent children may otherwise be eligible, except that a person who qualifies for benefits under this section shall not 30 31 12

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be eligible for the health insurance subsidy provided under 1 2 chapter 121, chapter 175, or chapter 185. 3 4 Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, 5 the death benefits provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (f) 6 shall also be applicable and paid in cases where a firefighter 7 received bodily injury prior to July 1, 1993, and subsequently died on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of such 8 in-line-of-duty injury. 9 (h) The Division of the State Fire Marshal within the 10 Department of Insurance is directed to promulgate rules as are 11 12 necessary to implement the provisions of this section. (3) If a firefighter is accidentally killed as 13 14 specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, or 15 unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph 16 (2)(c), on or after July 1, 1980, the state shall waive 17 certain educational expenses that which children of the 18 deceased firefighter incur while obtaining a 19 vocational-technical certificate, or an undergraduate 20 education, or a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree. The amount waived by the state shall be an amount 21 equal to the cost of tuition, and matriculation, and other 22 statutorily authorized registration fees for a total of 120 23 credit hours for a vocational-technical certificate or an 24 25 undergraduate education. For a child pursuing a graduate or 26 postbaccalaureate professional degree, the amount waived shall equal the cost of matriculation and other statutorily 27 28 authorized fees incurred while the child continues to fulfill the professional requirements associated with the graduate or 29 30 postbaccalaureate professional degree program, and eligibility continues until the child's 29th birthday. The child may 31 13

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attend a state vocational-technical school, a state community 1 college, or a state university. The child may attend any or 2 all of the institutions specified in this subsection, on 3 either a full-time or part-time basis. For a child pursuing a 4 5 vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate education, the benefits provided under this subsection shall б 7 continue to such a child until the child's 25th birthday. To be eligible for the benefits provided under this subsection 8 9 for enrollment in a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree program, the child must be a state resident, as defined 10 in s. 240.1201, at the time of enrollment. 11 12 (a) Upon failure of any child benefited by the provisions of this section to comply with the ordinary and 13 14 minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to 15 discipline and scholarship, the benefits thereof shall be withdrawn as to the child and no further moneys expended for 16 17 the child's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency 18 continues. 19 (b) Only students in good standing in their respective institutions shall receive the benefits thereof. 20 21 (c) All children receiving benefits under this section shall be enrolled according to the customary rules and 22 23 requirements of the institution attended. (4)(a) The employer of such firefighter shall be 24 25 liable for the payment of said sums specified in this section 26 and shall be deemed self-insured, unless it procures and maintains, or has already procured and maintained, insurance 27 to secure such payments. Any such insurance may cover only the 28 29 risks indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in this section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks 30 and may be in larger amounts. Any such insurance shall be 31 14

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placed by such employer only after public bid of such insurance coverage which coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making the lowest best bid. (b) Payment of benefits to beneficiaries of state employees, or of the premiums to cover the risk, under the provisions of this section, shall be paid from existing funds otherwise appropriated for the department. (5) The Department of Education shall adopt is directed to promulgate rules and procedures as are necessary to implement the educational benefits provisions of this section. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.