Florida House of Representatives - 2002 HB 2021

By the Fiscal Responsibility Council and Representatives Alexander and Atwater $% \left({{{\left({{{\left({{{}} \right)}} \right)}}_{i}}_{i}}} \right)$

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to insurance; amending s.
3	215.555, F.S.; revising a definition; providing
4	for certain additional coverages under the
5	Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund; increasing
6	the cap on fund liability; imposing an
7	additional liquidity enhancement factor to
8	reimbursement premiums; amending s. 627.062,
9	F.S.; specifying the Department of Insurance as
10	having the burden of proof with respect to
11	certain property insurance rate filings under
12	certain circumstances; amending s. 627.351,
13	F.S.; providing for waiver of required flood
14	insurance under certain circumstances;
15	specifying policyholder burden of proof under
16	certain circumstances; authorizing an
17	association to deny certain coverage under
18	certain circumstances; renaming the Residential
19	Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
20	Association as the Citizens Property Insurance
21	Corporation to provide residential and
22	commercial property insurance; requiring
23	insurers writing property insurance to
24	participate in the corporation; providing for
25	dividing the revenues, assets, liabilities,
26	losses, and expenses of the corporation into
27	three accounts; authorizing the Department of
28	Insurance to remove certain territories from
29	certain eligible areas under certain
30	circumstances; providing for emergency
31	assessments for policyholders of participating
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1 insurers; providing a plan of operation; 2 defining the terms "quota share primary 3 insurance" and "eligible risks"; authorizing 4 the corporation to enter into quota share 5 primary insurance agreements; providing for a 6 board of governors appointed by the Treasurer, 7 subject to confirmation by the Cabinet; 8 providing rate limitations and requirements; requiring the Department of Insurance to 9 10 provide the corporation with certain rate 11 information for certain purposes; requiring the 12 corporation to certify certain rates to the 13 department; authorizing the department to adopt 14 rules; requiring the corporation to impose and 15 collect an additional amount to augment the 16 corporation's financial resources; requiring the corporation to file quarterly statements of 17 financial condition and submit other reports to 18 19 the Department of Insurance; providing that the 20 corporation is not required to obtain a certificate of authority from the Department of 21 22 Insurance; providing that the corporation is not required to be a member of the Florida 23 24 Insurance Guaranty Association; requiring the 25 corporation to pay assessments pledged by the 26 association to secure bonds to pay covered 27 claims arising from insurer insolvencies caused 28 by hurricane losses; providing for transfer of 29 policies of the association and the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to the 30 31 corporation; providing for a transfer of assets

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1 and liabilities; requiring the associations to 2 take actions necessary to further the 3 transfers; providing for the redesignation of certain coverage as the high-risk account of 4 5 the corporation; providing that such account be treated as if it were a separate participating б 7 insurer for certain purposes; providing that 8 the personal lines and commercial lines 9 accounts be treated as a single participating insurer for certain purposes; providing that 10 11 the department may postpone the July 1, 2002, 12 effective date of transfer under the act; 13 providing legislative intent; requiring the board to report to the Legislature on certain 14 loss activities; requiring the board to reduce 15 16 certain eligibility boundaries under certain circumstances; providing legislative intent not 17 to interfere with the rights of creditors, to 18 preserve the obligation of the association, and 19 20 to assure that outstanding financing agreements 21 pass unchanged to the corporation; creating s. 22 627.3517, F.S.; preserving the right of a residual-market policyholder to select and 23 maintain an agent of his or her own choice; 24 providing an effective date. 25 26 27 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 28 29 Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 215.555, Florida 30 Statutes, are amended to read: 31 3

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215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.--1 2 (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section: "Losses" means direct incurred losses under 3 (d) 4 covered policies, including up to 20 percent of the value of 5 the residential structure or up to 40 percent of the value of 6 the residential contents for excluding losses attributable to 7 additional living expense coverages on mobile homes and 8 personal residential exposures, but excluding fair rental 9 value losses associated with personal and commercial residential exposures, business interruption losses associated 10 11 with commercial residential exposures, and also excluding loss 12 adjustment expenses. 13 (5) REIMBURSEMENT PREMIUMS.--14 (b) The State Board of Administration shall select an 15 independent consultant to develop a formula for determining 16 the actuarially indicated premium to be paid to the fund. The formula shall specify, for each zip code or other limited 17 geographical area, the amount of premium to be paid by an 18 19 insurer for each \$1,000 of insured value under covered 20 policies in that zip code or other area. In establishing premiums, the board shall consider the coverage elected under 21 22 paragraph (4)(b) and any factors that tend to enhance the actuarial sophistication of ratemaking for the fund, including 23 deductibles, type of construction, type of coverage provided, 24 25 relative concentration of risks, a factor providing for more 26 rapid cash buildup in the fund until the fund capacity for a 27 single hurricane season is fully funded, and other such 28 factors deemed by the board to be appropriate. The formula 29 may provide for a procedure to determine the premiums to be paid by new insurers that begin writing covered policies after 30 31 the beginning of a contract year, taking into consideration

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when the insurer starts writing covered policies, the 1 potential exposure of the insurer, the potential exposure of 2 3 the fund, the administrative costs to the insurer and to the fund, and any other factors deemed appropriate by the board. 4 5 The formula must be approved by unanimous vote of the board. The board may, at any time, revise the formula pursuant to the 6 7 procedure provided in this paragraph. 8 Section 2. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 9 627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 627.062 Rate standards.--10 (2) As to all such classes of insurance: 11 12 (g)1. The department may at any time review a rate, 13 rating schedule, rating manual, or rate change; the pertinent 14 records of the insurer; and market conditions. If the department finds on a preliminary basis that a rate may be 15 16 excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, the department shall initiate proceedings to disapprove the rate 17 and shall so notify the insurer. However, the department may 18 not disapprove as excessive any rate for which it has given 19 20 final approval or which has been deemed approved for a period of 1 year after the effective date of the filing unless the 21 22 department finds that a material misrepresentation or material error was made by the insurer or was contained in the filing. 23 Upon being so notified, the insurer or rating organization 24 shall, within 60 days, file with the department all 25 26 information which, in the belief of the insurer or 27 organization, proves the reasonableness, adequacy, and 28 fairness of the rate or rate change. The department shall 29 issue a notice of intent to approve or a notice of intent to disapprove pursuant to the procedures of paragraph (a) within 30 31 90 days after receipt of the insurer's initial response.

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1 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph, 2 in such instances and in any administrative proceeding 3 relating to the legality of the rate, the insurer or rating organization shall carry the burden of proof by a 4 5 preponderance of the evidence to show that the rate is not excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory. However, 6 7 with respect to property insurance, the department shall carry 8 the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence with 9 respect to the issue of whether the rate for a particular line of business is excessive and the insurer shall carry the 10 11 burden of proof with respect to the issues of whether rates 12 for a particular line of business are unfairly discriminatory 13 or inadequate. 14 3. After the department notifies an insurer that a rate may be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, 15 16 unless the department withdraws the notification, the insurer shall not alter the rate except to conform with the 17 department's notice until the earlier of 120 days after the 18 date the notification was provided or 180 days after the date 19 20 of the implementation of the rate. The department may, subject to chapter 120, disapprove without the 60-day 21 22 notification any rate increase filed by an insurer within the prohibited time period or during the time that the legality of 23 24 the increased rate is being contested. 25 26 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to workers' 27 compensation and employer's liability insurance and to motor 28 vehicle insurance. 29 Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and 30 subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, are 31 amended to read:

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1 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--2 (2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT. --3 (b) The department shall require all insurers holding 4 a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a 5 direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting б associations and other entities formed pursuant to this 7 section, to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from 8 areas determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who 9 in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such coverage through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a 10 11 reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or 12 sharing among such insurers of windstorm coverage, which may 13 include formation of an association for this purpose. As used 14 in this subsection, the term "property insurance" means insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s. 15 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied 16 lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners' multiperil, 17 commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including 18 19 liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding 20 vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than 21 22 insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the 23 recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments. 24 25 For the purpose of this section, properties 1. 26 eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, 27 buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which 28 are used as dwellings and which are tied down in compliance 29 with mobile home tie-down requirements prescribed by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 30 31 320.8325, and the contents of all such properties. An 7

applicant or policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an 1 2 offer of coverage cannot be obtained by or for the applicant 3 or policyholder from an admitted insurer at approved rates. 4 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such 5 association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and б losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the 7 payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member 8 insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in the proportion that the net direct premiums of each member 9 insurer written for property insurance in this state during 10 11 the preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct 12 premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as 13 reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state 14 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct 15 16 written premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for liability coverage and for the following if included in 17 allied lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; 18 19 association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance Program direct premiums; and similar deductions specifically 20 21 authorized by the plan of operation and approved by the 22 department. A member's participation shall begin on the first day of the calendar year following the year in which it is 23 issued a certificate of authority to transact property 24 insurance in the state and shall terminate 1 year after the 25 26 end of the calendar year during which it no longer holds a 27 certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the 28 state. The commissioner, after review of annual statements, 29 other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner deems necessary, shall certify to the association the 30

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aggregate direct premiums written for property insurance in
 this state by all member insurers.

3 (II) The plan of operation shall provide for a board 4 of directors consisting of the Insurance Consumer Advocate 5 appointed under s. 627.0613, 1 consumer representative б appointed by the Insurance Commissioner, 1 consumer 7 representative appointed by the Governor, and 12 additional 8 members appointed as specified in the plan of operation. One 9 of the 12 additional members shall be elected by the domestic companies of this state on the basis of cumulative weighted 10 voting based on the net direct premiums of domestic companies 11 12 in this state. Nothing in the 1997 amendments to this 13 paragraph terminates the existing board or the terms of any 14 members of the board.

(III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II).

(IV) A company which is a member of a group of companies under common management may elect to have its credits applied on a group basis, and any company or group may elect to have its credits applied to any other company or group.

(V) There shall be no credits or relief from
apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected
from its policyholders under sub-subparagraph d.(III).

(VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the award of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a regular assessment pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking

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policies out of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 1 2 Underwriting Association. In order to qualify for the 3 exemption under this sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan must provide that at least 40 percent of the policies removed 4 5 from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm 6 7 Beach Counties or at least 30 percent of the policies so 8 removed cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so 9 removed cover risks located in other coastal counties, and 10 11 must also provide that no more than 15 percent of the policies so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval 12 13 of the department, the association may waive these geographic criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser 14 of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint 15 Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total 16 number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 17 Association policies, provided the governing board of the 18 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 19 20 Association certifies that the take-out plan will materially 21 reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 22 Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board 23 may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer 24 guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 25 26 removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 27 Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the 28 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all

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policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty

Joint Underwriting Association.

1 b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association 2 under this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate 3 factor in the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512. 4 The Legislature finds that the potential for c. 5 unlimited deficit assessments under this subparagraph may б induce insurers to attempt to reduce their writings in the 7 voluntary market, and that such actions would worsen the 8 availability problems that the association was created to 9 remedy. It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers 10 remain fully responsible for paying regular assessments and 11 collecting emergency assessments for any deficits of the 12 association; however, it is also the intent of the Legislature 13 to provide a means by which assessment liabilities may be 14 amortized over a period of years. 15 d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular 16 calendar year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior 17 18 calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall 19 levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to 20 the deficit. (II) When the deficit incurred in a particular 21 22 calendar year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior 23 calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall 24 levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to 25 26 the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the 27 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property 28 insurance for the prior calendar year for member insurers. Any

29 remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency

30 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (III).

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(III) Upon a determination by the board of directors 1 2 that a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered 3 through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the 4 5 board shall levy, after verification by the department, emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and 6 7 by underwriting associations created pursuant to this section 8 which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of property insurance policies other than National Flood 9 10 Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the 11 regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment 12 collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage 13 of that year's direct written premium for property insurance 14 for all member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding National Flood Insurance policy premiums, as 15 annually determined by the board and verified by the 16 department. The department shall verify the arithmetic 17 calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 18 19 days after receipt of the information on which the 20 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 21 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 22 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation 23 being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or 24 25 deferment. The emergency assessments so collected shall be 26 transferred directly to the association on a periodic basis as 27 determined by the association. The aggregate amount of 28 emergency assessments levied under this sub-subparagraph 29 in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus 30 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other 31

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costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 1 2 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 3 property insurance written by member insurers and underwriting associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, 4 5 commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the 6 7 proceeds of the emergency assessments under this 8 sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to 9 retire any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that 10 11 the board determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency assessments under this sub-subparagraph shall 12 13 continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness 14 incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has 15 16 been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the document governing such bonds or other 17 indebtedness. Emergency assessments collected under this 18 sub-subparagraph are not part of an insurer's rates, are 19 20 not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment 21 22 shall be treated as failure to pay premium. (IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular 23 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or 24 sub-sub-subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the 25 26 insurer's net direct premium for property insurance in this

29 of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for

state, for the year preceding the assessment bears to the

aggregate statewide net direct premium for property insurance

30 voluntary writings for that year.

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1 If regular deficit assessments are made under (V) 2 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by 3 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 4 Association under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. or 5 sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.b., the association shall levy upon б the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate 7 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, 8 a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the 9 total amount of such regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property 10 11 insurance for member insurers for the prior calendar year. Market equalization surcharges under this sub-subparagraph 12 13 are not considered premium and are not subject to commissions, 14 fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay 15 16 premium.

The governing body of any unit of local government, 17 e. any residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue 18 bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an 19 20 assistance program, in conjunction with the association, for the purpose of defraying deficits of the association. In order 21 22 to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, 23 any unit of local government, any residents of which are 24 insured by the association, may provide for the payment of 25 26 losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred 27 within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local 28 government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is 29 declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor 30 31 pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to

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determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary 1 2 for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general 3 welfare of residents of this state and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating 4 5 in this state, and declaring it an essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as 6 7 will provide relief to claimants and policyholders of the 8 association and insurers responsible for apportionment of plan 9 losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such contracts with the association and with any other entity 10 11 created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this 12 13 sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys 14 received by the association from assessments under this subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the 15 unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of 16 such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of 17 the state or of the unit of local government shall not be 18 19 pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds 20 remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall 21 require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the 22 bonds, which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be required to purchase that percentage of the unsold 23 portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative 24 share of assessment liability under this subsection. An 25 26 insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the 27 extent that the department determines that the purchase would 28 endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. The authority 29 granted by this sub-subparagraph is additional to any bonding authority granted by subparagraph 6. 30 31

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The plan shall also provide that any member with a 1 3. 2 surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25 3 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance 4 premiums in this state may petition the department, within the 5 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited б apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member 7 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall 8 not exceed its gross participation, which shall not be affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event 9 shall a limited apportionment company be required to 10 11 participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to 12 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) 13 in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of 14 available plan funds in any calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any 15 16 emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide that, if the department 17 determines that any regular assessment will result in an 18 19 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, 20 the department may direct that all or part of such assessment be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or 21 22 deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). 23 24 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 4.

25 or in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under 26 sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), 27 but not for an emergency assessment collected from 28 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the 29 opinion of the commissioner, payment of such regular

30 assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the member

31 insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member

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1 insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which 2 such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other 3 member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for 4 assessments set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or 5 sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II).

5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and
rules for classification of risks and rate modifications
consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining
funds sufficient to pay catastrophe losses.

10 The association may require arbitration of a rate b. 11 filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the 12 Legislature that the rates for coverage provided by the 13 association be actuarially sound and not competitive with 14 approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market such that the association functions as a residual market mechanism 15 16 to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be 17 procured in the voluntary market. The plan of operation shall provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than 18 19 January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the association for each 20 line of business are reflective of approved rates in the 21 voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each line of 22 business in the various areas eligible for association 23 coverage.

24 The association shall provide for windstorm с. coverage on residential properties in limits up to \$10 million 25 26 for commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million 27 for personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the 28 association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess 29 of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to the replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at 30 31 the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be

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located in the authorized market. The association must accept 1 a commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 2 3 million or a personal lines residential risk with limits above \$1 million if coverage is not available in the authorized 4 5 market. The association may write coverage above the limits specified in this subparagraph with or without facultative or 6 7 other reinsurance coverage, as the association determines 8 appropriate.

9 d. The plan of operation must provide objective 10 criteria and procedures, approved by the department, to be 11 uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an 12 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In 13 making this determination and in establishing the criteria and 14 procedures, the following shall be considered:

15 (I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the 16 individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks 17 of the same class; and

18 (II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the 19 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be 20 determined.

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The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of chapter 120 do not apply.

e. The policies issued by the association must provide that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer

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eligible for coverage through the association. Upon 1 2 termination of eligibility, the association shall provide 3 written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days 4 5 after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage 6 from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance 7 code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do 8 not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph. 9 f. Association policies and applications must include a notice that the association policy could, under this 10 section, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized 11 12 insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the 13 coverage provided by the association. The notice shall also 14 specify that acceptance of association coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is 15 16 aware of this potential. g. The association shall not require the securing of 17 flood insurance as a condition of coverage if the insured or 18 19 applicant executes a form approved by the department affirming 20 that flood insurance is not provided by the association and that if flood insurance is not secured by the applicant or 21 22 insured in addition to coverage by the association, the risk will not be covered for flood damage. An association 23 policyholder electing not to secure flood insurance and 24 25 executing a form as provided herein making a claim for water 26 damage against the association shall have the burden of 27 proving the damage was not caused by flooding. 28 Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection, the 29 association may deny coverage to an applicant or insured who refuses to execute the form described herein. 30 31

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1 6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation 2 of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit 3 unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be 4 5 empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate 6 7 reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured 8 catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions 9 necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the 10 pledging of assessments or other revenues.

11 b. Any entity created under this subsection, or any 12 entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and 13 be sued, may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt 14 instruments; pledge or sell assessments, market equalization surcharges and other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual 15 16 rights, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other 17 assets as security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; 18 19 enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to 20 accomplish such borrowings; and take other actions necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association 21 22 may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to 23 subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane or other 24 25 weather-related event, upon a determination by the association 26 subject to approval by the department that such action would 27 enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the 28 association and that such financings are reasonably necessary 29 to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. Any such entity may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the 30 31 end of any association year to provide for the payment of

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losses incurred by the association during that year or any 1 2 future year. The association shall incorporate and continue 3 the plan of operation and articles of agreement in effect on the effective date of chapter 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the 4 5 extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as subsequently modified consistent with chapter 76-96. The board 6 7 of directors and officers currently serving shall continue to 8 serve until their successors are duly qualified as provided 9 under the plan. The assets and obligations of the plan in effect immediately prior to the effective date of chapter 10 11 76-96 shall be construed to be the assets and obligations of the successor plan created herein. 12

13 с. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of 14 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action 15 16 be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or 17 financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred 18 19 by the association or any other entity created under this 20 subsection.

7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be that amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his or her contract with the company with which the business is placed. However, no commission will be paid on that portion of the premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that company.

8. Subject to approval by the department, the
association may establish different eligibility requirements
and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage
for any specified eligible area or portion of an eligible area
if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility

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requirements and operational procedures are justified due to 1 2 the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive 3 in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance 4 5 through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage from the association. When 6 7 coverage is sought in connection with a real property 8 transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide 9 for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the 10 11 transferee, and, if applicable, the lender. 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 12 13 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the а. security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of 14 the association created or purported to be created pursuant to 15 16 any financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of the association shall be and remain valid and 17 enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during 18 the continuation of, and after, any rehabilitation, 19 20 insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, 21 conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against 22 the association under the laws of this state or any other applicable laws. 23 24 b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its 25 26 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, 27 assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, 28 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 29 Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues,

30 or other assets of the association pledged.

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Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 1 c. 2 security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, 3 lien, or security interest, any such assessments, emergency assessments, market equalization or renewal surcharges, 4 5 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or 6 7 other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, 8 after the commencement of and during the pendency of or after 9 any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such 10 proceeding.

d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 11 12 documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document 13 now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or 14 other indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 15 16 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of 17 such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of 18 interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of 19 20 any other obligation of the association related to such bonds 21 or indebtedness.

22 e. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, contract rights or other rights or assets of the association 23 shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 24 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to 25 26 such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or 27 assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the 28 pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 29 valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding 30 31 against and superior to any competing claims or obligations

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owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in 1 2 this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, 3 revenues, contract, or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or 4 5 sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether 6 or not any such person or entity has notice of such pledge or 7 sale and without the need for any physical delivery, 8 recordation, filing, or other action.

9 f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member 10 11 insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the 12 association, members of the board of directors of the 13 association, or the department or its representatives, for any 14 action taken by them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not 15 16 apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort. 17

18 (6) <u>CITIZENS</u> RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY <u>INSURANCE</u>
 19 <u>CORPORATION</u> AND CASUALTY JOINT UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION.- 20 (a)1. The Legislature finds that actual and threatened

catastrophic losses to property in this state from hurricanes 21 22 have caused insurers to be unwilling or unable to provide property insurance coverage to the extent sought and needed. 23 24 It is in the public interest and a public purpose to assist in 25 assuring that property in the state is insured so as to 26 facilitate the remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of 27 damaged or destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the 28 negative effects otherwise resulting to the public health, 29 safety, and welfare; to the economy of the state; and to the

30 revenues of the state and local governments needed to provide

31 for the public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to provide

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property insurance to applicants who are in good faith 1 2 entitled to procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to do so. The Legislature intends by this 3 subsection that property insurance be provided and that it 4 continues, as long as necessary, through an entity organized 5 б to achieve efficiencies and economies, all toward the 7 achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because it is 8 essential for the corporation to have the maximum financial 9 resources to pay claims following a catastrophic hurricane, it is the intent of the Legislature that the income of the 10 11 corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that 12 interest on the debt obligations issued by the corporation be 13 exempt from federal income taxation. 14 The Residential Property and Casualty Joint 2. Underwriting Association originally created by this statute 15 shall be known, as of July 1, 2002, as the Citizens Property 16 17 Insurance Corporation. The corporation shall provide insurance for residential and commercial 18 19 (a) There is created a joint underwriting association 20 for equitable apportionment or sharing among insurers of 21 property and casualty insurance covering residential property, 22 for applicants who are in good faith entitled, but are unable, to procure insurance through the voluntary market. The 23 corporation association shall operate pursuant to a plan of 24 operation approved by order of the department. The plan is 25 26 subject to continuous review by the department. The department 27 may, by order, withdraw approval of all or part of a plan if 28 the department determines that conditions have changed since 29 approval was granted and that the purposes of the plan require changes in the plan. For the purposes of this subsection, 30 31 residential coverage includes both personal lines residential 25

coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by 1 homeowner's, mobile home owner's, dwelling, tenant's, 2 3 condominium unit owner's, and similar policies, and commercial lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of 4 5 coverage provided by condominium association, apartment building, and similar policies. б 7 (b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more 8 subject lines of business in this state are subject to 9 assessment by the corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are referred to collectively as "assessable 10 11 insurers." Insurers writing one or more subject lines of 12 business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 13 are not assessable insurers, but insureds who procure one or 14 more subject lines of business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are subject to assessment by the 15 16 corporation and are referred to collectively as "assessable 17 insureds." An authorized insurer's assessment liability, other than underwriting associations or other entities created under 18 19 this section, must participate in and be members of the 20 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 21 Association. A member's participation shall begin on the first 22 day of the calendar year following the year in which the insurer member was issued a certificate of authority to 23 transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state 24 and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the first calendar 25 26 year during which the insurer member no longer holds a 27 certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject 28 lines of business in this state. 29 2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the corporation association shall be divided into 30 three two separate accounts as follows: 31

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1	(I) A personal lines account for personal residential
2	policies issued by the corporation or issued by the
3	Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
4	Association and renewed by the corporation on risks that are
5	not located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida
6	Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined
7	on January 1, 2002;
8	(II) A commercial lines account for commercial
9	residential policies issued by the corporation or issued by
10	the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
11	Association and renewed by the corporation on risks that are
12	not located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida
13	Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined
14	on January 1, 2002; and
15	(III) A high-risk account for personal residential
16	policies and commercial residential and commercial
17	nonresidential property policies issued by the corporation or
18	transferred to the corporation that provide coverage for the
19	peril of wind on risks that are located in areas eligible for
20	coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as
21	those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. The area eligible
22	for coverage under the high-risk account also includes the
23	area within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by
24	the City of Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana
25	River, and bordered on the north by Federal Government
26	property. The department may remove territory from the area
27	eligible for wind-only and quota share coverage if, after a
28	public hearing, the department finds that authorized insurers
29	in the voluntary market are willing and able to write
30	sufficient amounts of personal and commercial residential
31	coverage for all perils in the territory, including coverage
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for the peril of wind, such that risks covered by wind-only 1 2 policies in the removed territory could be issued a policy by the corporation in either the personal lines or commercial 3 lines account without a significant increase in the 4 5 corporation's probable maximum loss in such account. The б high-risk account must also include quota share primary 7 insurance under subparagraph (c)2. The three separate accounts must be maintained as 8 b. 9 long as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or Residential Property and 10 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in 11 12 accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing 13 documents. When the financing obligations are no longer 14 outstanding, in accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing documents, the corporation may use a single account 15 16 for all revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of 17 the corporation., one of which is for personal lines 18 residential coverages and the other of which is for commercial 19 lines residential coverages. 20 c. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses 21 not attributable to particular accounts coverages shall be 22 prorated among between the accounts. 23 d. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the 24 corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance 25 26 of bonds under this subsection. 27 e. No part of the income of the corporation may inure 28 to the benefit of any private person. 3. With respect to a deficit in an account: 29 When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar 30 a. 31 year is not greater than 10 percent of the aggregate statewide 28

1 direct written premium for the subject lines of business for 2 the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the entire 3 deficit shall be recovered through <u>regular</u> assessments of 4 <u>assessable</u> member insurers under paragraph (g) <u>and assessable</u> 5 insureds.

6 b. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar 7 year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 8 written premium for the subject lines of business for the 9 prior calendar year for all member insurers, the corporation association shall levy regular assessments an assessment on 10 assessable member insurers under paragraph (g) and on 11 12 assessable insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 10 13 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate 14 statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year for all member insurers. 15 16 Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 17

c. Each assessable member insurer's share of the 18 19 amount being assessed total assessment under sub-subparagraph 20 a. or sub-subparagraph b. shall be in the proportion that the assessable member insurer's direct written premium for the 21 22 subject lines of business for the year preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct written 23 premium for the subject lines of business for that year for 24 25 all member insurers. The assessment percentage applicable to 26 each assessable insured is the ratio of the amount being 27 assessed under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. to 28 the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by 29 the corporation on assessable insurers under sub-subparagraphs 30 a. and b. shall be paid as required by the corporation's plan 31

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of operation and paragraph (g). Assessments levied by the 1 2 corporation on assessable insureds under sub-subparagraphs a. and b. shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the 3 time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax 4 5 required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida 6 Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the surplus lines 7 agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines 8 Service Office. Upon receipt of regular assessments from 9 surplus lines agents, the Florida surplus Lines Service Office shall transfer the assessments directly to the corporation as 10 11 determined by the corporation.

d. Upon a determination by the board of governors that 12 13 a deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be 14 recovered through regular assessments on member insurers under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b., the board shall 15 16 levy, after verification by the department, emergency assessments to be collected by assessable member insurers and 17 the corporation and collected from assessable insureds by 18 19 underwriting associations created under this section which 20 write subject lines of business upon issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines of business, excluding National 21 22 Flood Insurance policies, in the year or years following levy of the regular assessments. The amount of the emergency 23 24 assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform 25 percentage of that year's direct written premium for subject 26 lines of business and all accounts of the corporation for all 27 member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding 28 National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as annually 29 determined by the board and verified by the department. The department shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved 30 in the board's determination within 30 days after receipt of 31

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the information on which the determination was based. 1 2 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the corporation 3 and each assessable member insurer that and each underwriting association created under this section which writes subject 4 5 lines of business shall collect emergency assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being affected by any 6 7 credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency 8 assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the 9 surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by 10 11 s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines 12 Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the 13 surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. 14 The emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation association on a periodic basis as 15 16 determined by the corporation association. The aggregate amount of emergency assessments levied for an account under 17 this sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may not exceed the 18 19 greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the 20 original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of the 21 22 original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business and for 23 all accounts of the corporation written by member insurers and 24 underwriting associations for the prior year, plus interest, 25 26 fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 27 associated with financing the original deficit. 28 The board may pledge the proceeds of assessments, e. 29 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, market 30

31 equalization surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds

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available to the corporation association as the source of 1 2 revenue for and to secure bonds issued under paragraph (g), 3 bonds or other indebtedness issued under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing mechanisms issued or 4 5 created under this subsection, or to retire any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving rise to 6 7 deficits, or in any other way that the board determines will 8 efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines of 9 credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional 10 resources to assist the corporation association in covering 11 claims and expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in 12 this subsection, the term "assessments" includes regular 13 assessments under sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., or 14 subparagraph (g)1. and emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. Emergency assessments collected under 15 16 sub-subparagraph d. are not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 17 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment 18 shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The emergency 19 20 assessments under sub-subparagraph d. shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with 21 22 respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made 23 for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant 24 to the documents governing such bonds or other indebtedness. 25 26 f. As used in this subsection, the term "subject lines 27 of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or 28 procured by assessable insureds on real or personal property, as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for fire, 29 industrial fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil, 30 homeowners multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile 31 32

homes, and including liability coverage on all such insurance, 1 but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and 2 3 excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1) other than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. 4 5 g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall б determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in 7 subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and 8 shall report that information to the corporation in a form and 9 at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and 10 the corporation's financing obligations. 11 12 h. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 13 verify the proper application by surplus lines agents of 14 assessment percentages for regular assessments and emergency 15 assessments levied under this subparagraph on assessable 16 insureds and shall assist the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and payment of assessments by 17 surplus lines agents as required by the corporation., with 18 19 respect to the personal lines account, any personal lines 20 policy defined in s. 627.4025, and means, with respect to the 21 commercial lines account, all commercial property and 22 commercial fire insurance. 23 (c) The plan of operation of the corporation 24 association: 25 1. May provide for one or more designated insurers, 26 able and willing to provide policy and claims service, to act 27 on behalf of the association to provide such service. Each 28 licensed agent shall be entitled to indicate the order of 29 preference regarding who will service the business placed by the agent. The association shall adhere to each agent's 30 preferences unless after consideration of other factors in 31 33

1 assigning agents, including, but not limited to, servicing 2 capacity and fee arrangements, the association has reason to 3 believe it is in the best interest of the association to make 4 a different assignment.

5 <u>1.2.</u> Must provide for adoption of residential property 6 and casualty insurance policy forms <u>and commercial residential</u> 7 <u>and nonresidential property insurance forms</u>, which forms must 8 be approved by the department prior to use. The <u>corporation</u> 9 association shall adopt the following policy forms:

a. Standard personal lines policy forms <u>that</u> including
wind coverage, which are <u>comprehensive</u> multiperil policies
providing what is generally considered to be full coverage of
a residential property <u>equivalent</u> similar to the coverage
provided <u>in the private insurance market</u> under an HO-2, HO-3,
HO-4, or HO-6 policy.

b. Standard personal lines policy forms without wind
coverage, which are the same as the policies described in
sub-subparagraph a. except that they do not include wind
coverage.

20 <u>b.c.</u> Basic personal lines policy forms <u>that</u> including 21 wind coverage, which are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or 22 a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the 23 requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which 24 coverage is more limited than the coverage under a standard 25 policy.

26 d. Basic personal lines policy forms without wind
27 coverage, which are the same as the policies described in
28 sub-subparagraph c. except that they do not include wind
29 coverage.

30 <u>c.e.</u> Commercial lines residential policy forms
 31 including wind coverage that are generally similar to the

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basic perils of full coverage obtainable for commercial 1 2 residential structures in the admitted voluntary market. d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential 3 4 property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. 5 The forms are applicable only to residential properties б located in areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk 7 account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a. 8 e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance 9 forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are 10 applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas 11 eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to 12 in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a. 13 2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into 14 15 quota share primary insurance agreements for hurricane 16 coverage, as defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, 17 and adopt property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the 18 19 term: 20 "Quota share primary insurance" means an (I) arrangement in which the primary hurricane coverage of an 21 22 eligible risk is provided in specified percentages by the 23 corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are each solely responsible for a specified 24 25 percentage of hurricane coverage of an eligible risk as set 26 forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the 27 corporation and an authorized insurer and the insurance 28 contract. The responsibility of the corporation or authorized 29 insurer to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible risk, as set forth in the quota share primary 30 insurance agreement, may not be altered by the inability of 31

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1	the other party to the agreement to pay its specified
2	percentage of hurricane losses. Eligible risks that are
3	provided hurricane coverage through a quota share primary
4	insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set
5	forth the obligations of the corporation and authorized
6	insurer under the arrangement, clearly specify the percentages
7	of quota share primary insurance provided by the corporation
8	and authorized insurer, and conspicuously and clearly state
9	that neither the authorized insurer nor the corporation may be
10	held responsible beyond its specified percentage of coverage
11	of hurricane losses.
12	(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential
13	and commercial lines residential risks that meet the
14	underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in
15	areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm
16	Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.
17	b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary
18	insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation
19	coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.
20	c. If the corporation determines that additional
21	coverage levels are necessary to maximize participation in
22	quota share primary insurance agreements by authorized
23	insurers, the corporation may establish additional coverage
24	levels. However, the corporation's quota share primary
25	insurance coverage level may not exceed 90 percent.
26	d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
27	into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must
28	provide for a uniform, specified percentage of coverage of
29	hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the
30	corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized
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insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance 1 2 agreement. 3 e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is 4 5 subject to review and approval by the department. б f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share 7 primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels 8 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be 9 reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered 10 11 under quota share primary insurance agreements, the 12 corporation and the authorized insurer shall maintain complete 13 and accurate records for the purpose of exposure and loss 14 reimbursement audits as required by Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund rules. The corporation and the authorized 15 16 insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies of policy 17 declaration pages and supporting claims documents. g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan 18 19 of operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure 20 that there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the terms of quota share agreements, pricing of quota share 21 22 agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies or adjusting claims. 23 24 h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the 25 26 specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued 27 28 under the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer producing the business, the reporting of information 29 concerning eligible risks, the payment of premium to the 30 corporation, and arrangements for the adjustment and payment 31

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of hurricane claims incurred on eligible risks by the claims 1 2 adjuster and personnel of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing insurance agreement between the 3 4 corporation and an authorized insurer shall be voluntary and 5 at the discretion of the authorized insurer. 6 f. Commercial lines residential policy forms without 7 wind coverage, which are the same as the policies described in 8 sub-subparagraph e. except that they do not include wind 9 coverage. 10 May provide that the corporation association may 3. employ or otherwise contract with individuals or other 11 entities to provide administrative or professional services 12 13 that may be appropriate to effectuate the plan. The 14 corporation association shall have the power to borrow funds, by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall 15 16 have other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The corporation may, but is 17 not required to, seek judicial validation of its bonds or 18 other indebtedness under chapter 75. The corporation 19 20 association may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government 21 pursuant to subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane 22 or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the 23 24 corporation association, subject to approval by the 25 department, that such action would enable it to efficiently 26 meet the financial obligations of the corporation association 27 and that such financings are reasonably necessary to 28 effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The 29 corporation association is authorized to take all actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for any such bonds or 30 31 indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other

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affiliated entities. The corporation association shall have 1 2 the authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from 3 the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, market equalization and other surcharges, and 4 5 other funds available to the corporation association as security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 6 7 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the 8 impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of 9 the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing agreement or any 10 11 revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other 12 indebtedness.

13 4.a. Must require that the corporation association operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of 14 governors consisting of 7 $\frac{13}{13}$ individuals who are residents of 15 16 this state, from different geographical areas of this state, appointed by the Treasurer. The Treasurer shall designate one 17 of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the 18 19 pleasure of the Treasurer., including 1 who is elected as 20 chair. The board shall consist of:

a. The insurance consumer advocate appointed under s.
627.0613.

b. Five members designated by the insurance industry. 23 24 c. Five consumer representatives appointed by the 25 Insurance Commissioner. Two of the consumer representatives 26 must, at the time of appointment, be holders of policies 27 issued by the association, who are selected with consideration 28 given to reflecting the geographic balance of association 29 policyholders. Two of the consumer members must be individuals 30 who are minority persons as defined in s. 288.703(3). One of 31

1 the consumer members shall have expertise in the field of mortgage lending. 2 3 d. Two representatives of the insurance industry 4 appointed by the Insurance Commissioner. Of the two insurance 5 industry representatives appointed by the Insurance Commissioner, at least one must be an individual who is a 6 7 minority person as defined in s. 288.703(3). 8 9 Any board member may be disapproved or removed and replaced by the commissioner at any time for cause. All board members, 10 11 including the chair, must be appointed to serve for 3-year 12 terms beginning annually on a date designated by the plan. Any 13 board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the 14 Treasurer. The Treasurer shall appoint a technical advisory 15 group to provide information and advice to the board of 16 governors in connection with the board's duties under this subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the 17 corporation shall be engaged by the Treasurer and serve at the 18 19 pleasure of the Treasurer. The executive director is 20 responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may require, subject to review and concurrence by the Office of 21 22 the Treasurer. 23 b. To ensure the effective and efficient 24 implementation of this subsection, the Treasurer shall appoint the board of governors by July 1, 2002. The board of governors 25 26 shall work in conjunction with the Residential Property 27 Insurance Market Coordinating Council to address appropriate organizational, operational, and financial matters relating to 28 the corporation. In addition, after consultation with the 29 Residential Property Insurance Market Coordinating Council, 30

31 the Treasurer may postpone the implementation of the

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provisions of paragraph (1) and any other provision of this 1 2 section related to the operation of the corporation for a 3 period not to exceed 180 days if the Treasurer determines that phasing-in these provisions is necessary to ensure the 4 5 effective and efficient implementation of the corporation's 6 operations or financing arrangements. However, the Treasurer 7 may not affect any provision in paragraph (b) or any other 8 provision of this section related to financing arrangements 9 entered into by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or the Florida Residential Property and Casualty Joint 10 Underwriting Association and the ability of those entities or 11 12 the corporation to service its debts and maintain the capacity 13 to repay funds secured under those arrangements. 14 Must provide a procedure for determining the 5. eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows: 15 16 a. With respect to personal lines residential risks, if the risk is offered full coverage from an authorized 17 insurer at the insurer's approved rate under either a standard 18 19 policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the 20 insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is not eligible 21 22 for any policy issued by the corporation association. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market 23 assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a mechanism 24 established by the corporation association before a policy is 25 26 issued to the risk by the corporation association or during 27 the first 30 days of coverage by the corporation association, 28 and the producing agent who submitted the application to the 29 plan or to the corporation association is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall either: 30 31

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(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the 1 policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of 2 the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 3 4 policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and 5 customary commission of the corporation; or 6 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 7 the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of 8 not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 9 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 10 appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the 11 12 agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). appoint the 13 agent to service the risk or, if the insurer places the 14 coverage through a new agent, require the new agent who then writes the policy to pay not less than 50 percent of the first 15 year's commission to the producing agent who submitted the 16 application to the plan or the association, except that if the 17 18 new agent is an employee or exclusive agent of the insurer, 19 the new agent shall pay a policy fee of \$50 to the producing 20 agent in lieu of splitting the commission. 21 If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is 22 eligible for either a standard policy including wind coverage 23 24 or a basic policy including wind coverage issued by the 25 corporation association; however, if the risk could not be 26 insured under a standard policy including wind coverage 27 regardless of market conditions, the risk shall be eligible 28 for a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected 29 under subparagraph 8. The corporation association shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of 30 31

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objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and
 based on generally accepted underwriting practices.

3 b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, 4 if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind 5 coverage from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation 6 7 association. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through 8 the market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a 9 mechanism established by the corporation association before a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation association, 10 11 and the producing agent who submitted the application to the 12 plan or the corporation association is not currently appointed 13 by the insurer, the insurer shall either: 14 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the

15 policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 16 policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and 17 customary commission of the corporation; or 18 19 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 20 the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's 21 usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 22 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 23 24 appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the 25 agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).appoint the 26 agent to service the risk or, if the insurer places the 27 coverage through a new agent, require the new agent who then 28 writes the policy to pay not less than 50 percent of the first 29 year's commission to the producing agent who submitted the application to the plan, except that if the new agent is an 30 employee or exclusive agent of the insurer, the new agent 31

1 shall pay a policy fee of \$50 to the producing agent in lieu 2 of splitting the commission. 3 4 If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is 5 eligible for a policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation association. 6 7 c. This subparagraph does not require the association 8 to provide wind coverage or hurricane coverage in any area in 9 which such coverage is available through the Florida Windstorm 10 Underwriting Association. 11 6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and rates therefor. 12 13 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income for an account attributable to a particular calendar plan year 14 are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the account 15 16 of the plan attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus in the account. Such surplus shall be 17 available to defray deficits in that account as to future 18 years and shall be used for that purpose prior to assessing 19 20 assessable member insurers and assessable insureds as to any 21 calendar plan year. 22 8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether 23 24 an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this determination and in establishing the criteria and 25 26 procedures, the following shall be considered: 27 a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual 28 risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same 29 class; and 30 31

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b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the
 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be
 determined.

5 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation б association shall be construed as the private placement of 7 insurance, and the provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply. 8 9. Must provide that the corporation association shall make its best efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at 9 reasonable rates, as determined by the board of governors. 10 11 10. Must provide that in the event of regular deficit 12 assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph 13 (b)3.b., in the personal lines account, the commercial lines 14 residential account, or the high-risk account or by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association under 15 16 sub-subparagraph (2)(b)2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 17 (2)(b)2.d.(II), the corporation association shall levy upon corporation association policyholders in its next rate filing, 18 19 or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a market 20 equalization surcharge arising from a regular assessment in 21 such account in a percentage equal to the total amount of such 22 regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business for member 23 insurers for the prior calendar year. Market equalization 24 25 surcharges under this subparagraph are not considered premium 26 and are not subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; 27 however, failure to pay a market equalization surcharge shall 28 be treated as failure to pay premium. 29 11. The policies issued by the corporation association must provide that, if the corporation association or the 30

31 market assistance plan obtains an offer from an authorized

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insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a 1 standard policy including wind coverage or a basic policy 2 3 including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal coverage through the corporation association. However, 4 if the risk is located in an area in which Florida Windstorm 5 Underwriting Association coverage is available, such an offer 6 7 of a standard or basic policy terminates eligibility 8 regardless of whether or not the offer includes wind coverage. 9 Upon termination of eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating 10 11 that the association policy shall be canceled as of 60 days 12 after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage 13 from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance 14 code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not apply to actions under this subparagraph. 15

16 12. Corporation Association policies and applications must include a notice that the corporation association policy 17 could, under this section or s. 627.3511, be replaced with a 18 policy issued by an authorized admitted insurer that does not 19 20 provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by the corporation association. The notice shall also specify that 21 22 acceptance of corporation association coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is 23 24 aware of this potential.

13. May establish, subject to approval by the department, different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or area if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type

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of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable 1 2 to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage 3 from the corporation association. When coverage is sought in 4 5 connection with a real property transfer, such requirements б and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of 7 coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as 8 established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if 9 applicable, the lender. 10 14. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to 11 12 policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or 13 more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in 14 this state may petition the department, within the first 90 15 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. In no event shall a limited 16 apportionment company be required to participate in the 17 portion of any assessment, within the high-risk account, 18 19 pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph 20 (b)3.b. in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of available high-risk account funds in any calendar 21 year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect 22 from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under 23 24 sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan shall provide that, if the 25 department determines that any regular assessment will result 26 in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the department may direct that all or part of such 27 28 assessment be deferred as provided in subparagraph (g)4. 29 However, there shall be no limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under 30 31 sub-subparagraph (b)3.d.

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15. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its 1 2 licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment as defined in s. 626.104 with an insurer who at the time of 3 4 the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is 5 authorized to write and is actually writing personal lines 6 residential property coverage, commercial residential property 7 coverage, or commercial nonresidential property coverage 8 within the state.

It is the intent of the Legislature that the 9 (d)1. rates for coverage provided by the corporation association be 10 actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates 11 12 charged in the admitted voluntary market, so that the 13 corporation association functions as a residual market 14 mechanism to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be procured in the voluntary market. Rates shall include an 15 16 appropriate catastrophe loading factor that reflects the actual catastrophic exposure of the corporation association 17 and recognizes that the association has little or no capital 18 19 or surplus; and the association shall carefully review each 20 rate filing to assure that provider compensation is not excessive. 21

22 2. For each county, the average rates of the corporation association for each line of business for personal 23 24 lines residential policies excluding rates for wind-only 25 policies shall be no lower than the average rates charged by 26 the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county 27 among the 20 insurers with the greatest total direct written 28 premium in the state for that line of business in the 29 preceding year, except that with respect to mobile home coverages, the average rates of the corporation association 30 31 shall be no lower than the average rates charged by the

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1 insurer that had the highest average rate in that county among 2 the 5 insurers with the greatest total written premium for 3 mobile home owner's policies in the state in the preceding 4 year.

5 3. Rates for personal lines residential wind-only 6 policies must be actuarially sound and not competitive with 7 approved rates charged by authorized insurers. However, for 8 personal lines residential wind-only policies issued or 9 renewed between July 1, 2002, and June 30, 2003, the maximum premium charge must be no greater than 10 percent of the 10 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association premium for that 11 12 policy in effect on June 30, 2002, as adjusted for coverage 13 changes and seasonal occupancy surcharges. The personal lines residential wind-only rates for the corporation effective July 14 1, 2003, must be based on a rate filing by the corporation 15 16 which establishes rates which are actuarially sound and not 17 competitive with approved rates charged by authorized insurers. Corporation rate manuals shall include a rate 18 surcharge for seasonal occupancy. To ensure that personal 19 20 lines residential wind-only rates effective on or after July 21 1, 2003, are not competitive with approved rates charged by 22 authorized insurers, the department, by March 1 of each year, shall provide the corporation, for each county in which there 23 are geographical areas in which personal lines residential 24 wind-only policies may be issued, the average rates charged by 25 26 the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county 27 for wind coverage in that insurer's rating territories which 28 most closely approximate the geographical area in that county 29 in which personal lines residential wind-only policies may be written by the corporation. The average rates provided must 30 be from an insurer among the 20 insurers with the greatest 31

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total direct written premium in the state for personal lines 1 2 residential property insurance for the preceding year. With respect to mobile homes, the five insurers with the greatest 3 total written premium for that line of business in the 4 preceding year shall be used. The corporation shall certify 5 to the department that its average personal lines residential 6 7 wind-only rates are no lower in each county than the average 8 rates provided by the department. The department is 9 authorized to adopt rules to establish reporting requirements to obtain the necessary wind-only rate information from 10 11 insurers to implement this provision. 4.3. Rates for commercial lines residential coverage 12 13 shall not be subject to the requirements of subparagraph 2., 14 but shall be subject to all other requirements of this paragraph and s. 627.062. 15 16 5.4. Nothing in this paragraph shall require or allow the corporation association to adopt a rate that is inadequate 17 18 under s. 627.062 or to reduce rates approved under s. 627.062. 6.5. The association may require arbitration of a 19 20 filing pursuant to s. 627.062(6). Rate filings of the 21 association under this paragraph shall be made on a use and 22 file basis under s. 627.062(2)(a)2. The corporation association shall make a rate filing at least once a year, but 23 no more often than quarterly. 24 7. In addition to the rates otherwise determined 25 26 pursuant to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and 27 collect an amount equal to the premium tax provided for in s. 28 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation. (e) If coverage in an account through the association 29 is hereby activated effective upon approval of the plan, and 30 shall remain activated until coverage is deactivated pursuant 31 50

1 to paragraph (f). Thereafter, coverage through the corporation 2 association shall be reactivated by order of the department 3 only under one of the following circumstances:

4 If the market assistance plan receives a minimum of 1. 5 100 applications for coverage within a 3-month period, or 200 б applications for coverage within a 1-year period or less for 7 residential coverage, unless the market assistance plan 8 provides a quotation from admitted carriers at their filed rates for at least 90 percent of such applicants. Any market 9 assistance plan application that is rejected because an 10 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable using the 11 criteria specified in subparagraph (c)8. shall not be included 12 13 in the minimum percentage calculation provided herein. In the 14 event that there is a legal or administrative challenge to a determination by the department that the conditions of this 15 16 subparagraph have been met for eligibility for coverage in the corporation association, any eligible risk may obtain coverage 17 during the pendency of such challenge. 18

In response to a state of emergency declared by the
 Governor under s. 252.36, the department may activate coverage
 by order for the period of the emergency upon a finding by the
 department that the emergency significantly affects the
 availability of residential property insurance.

(f)<u>1. The corporation shall file with the department</u> <u>quarterly statements of financial condition, an annual</u> <u>statement of financial condition, and audited financial</u> <u>statements in the manner prescribed by law. In addition, the</u> <u>corporation shall report to the department monthly on the</u> <u>types, premium, exposure, and distribution by county of its</u> <u>policies in force, and shall submit other reports as the</u> <u>31</u>

1 department requires to carry out its oversight of the 2 corporation. 3 2. The activities of the corporation association shall 4 be reviewed at least annually by the department to determine 5 whether board and, upon recommendation by the board or 6 petition of any interested party, coverage shall be 7 deactivated in an account on the basis if the department finds 8 that the conditions giving rise to its activation no longer 9 exist. 10 (g)1. The corporation board shall certify to the 11 department its needs for annual assessments as to a particular 12 calendar year, and for any startup or interim assessments that 13 it deems to be necessary to sustain operations as to a 14 particular year pending the receipt of annual assessments. Upon verification, the department shall approve such 15 16 certification, and the corporation board shall levy such annual, startup, or interim assessments. Such assessments 17 shall be prorated as provided in paragraph (b). The 18 19 corporation board shall take all reasonable and prudent steps 20 necessary to collect the amount of assessment due from each assessable participating member insurer, including, if 21 22 prudent, filing suit to collect such assessment. If the 23 corporation board is unable to collect an assessment from any 24 assessable member insurer, the uncollected assessments shall 25 be levied as an additional assessment against the assessable 26 participating member insurers and any assessable participating 27 member insurer required to pay an additional assessment as a 28 result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action 29 against such nonpaying assessable member insurer. Assessments shall be included as an appropriate factor in the making of 30 31 rates. The failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and

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remit any regular or emergency assessment levied by the 1 2 corporation is considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and subjects the surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in 3 4 that section. 5 2. The governing body of any unit of local government, б any residents of which are insured by the corporation 7 association, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 8 166.101 from time to time to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the corporation association, for the purpose 9 of defraying deficits of the corporation association. In order 10 11 to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, 12 13 any unit of local government, any residents of which are 14 insured by the corporation association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses 15 occurred within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of 16 the local government. Revenue bonds under this subparagraph 17 may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, 18 19 unless a state of emergency is declared by executive order or 20 proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best 21 interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public 22 health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state 23 and the protection and preservation of the economic stability 24 25 of insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an 26 essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or 27 counties to issue such bonds as will permit relief to 28 claimants and policyholders of the corporation joint 29 underwriting association and insurers responsible for apportionment of association losses. Any such unit of local 30 government may enter into such contracts with the corporation 31 53

association and with any other entity created pursuant to this 1 2 subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any 3 bonds issued under this subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys received by the corporation association from 4 5 emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., and б assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the unit of local 7 government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The 8 funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the 9 payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain unsold 60 10 11 days after issuance, the department shall require all insurers 12 subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which shall be 13 treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be required to 14 purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of assessment 15 liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not be 16 required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the 17 department determines that the purchase would endanger or 18 19 impair the solvency of the insurer.

20 3.a. In addition to any credits, bonuses, or exemptions provided under s. 627.3511, The corporation board 21 22 shall adopt one or more programs a program subject to approval by the department for the reduction of both new and renewal 23 writings in the corporation association. The corporation board 24 25 may consider any prudent and not unfairly discriminatory 26 approach to reducing corporation association writings, and may 27 but must adopt at least a credit against assessment liability 28 or other liability that provides an incentive for insurers to 29 take risks out of the corporation association and to keep risks out of the corporation association by maintaining or 30 31 increasing voluntary writings in counties or areas in which

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corporation association risks are highly concentrated and a 1 2 program to provide a formula under which an insurer 3 voluntarily taking risks out of the corporation association by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings will be relieved 4 5 wholly or partially from assessments under sub-subparagraphs (b)3.a. and b. When the corporation enters into a contractual 6 7 agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record 8 of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned 9 commission on such policy, and the insurer shall either: 10 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of 11 12 the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 13 policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and 14 customary commission of the corporation; or 15 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 16 the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of 17 not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 18 19 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 20 appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). 21 22 b. Any credit or exemption from regular assessments adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the 23 24 3 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy 25 by the corporation association. With the approval of the 26 department, the board may extend such credits for an 27 additional year if the insurer guarantees an additional year 28 of renewability for all policies removed from the corporation 29 association, or for 2 additional years if the insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all policies 30 31 so removed.

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There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or 1 c. 2 deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from 3 policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. 4 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 4. 5 or in part, of the assessment of an assessable a member б insurer, other than an emergency assessment collected from 7 policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., if the 8 department finds that payment of the assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. In the event an 9 assessment against an assessable a member insurer is deferred 10 in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is 11 12 deferred may be assessed against the other assessable member 13 insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments 14 set forth in paragraph (b). 15 (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude the issuance of residential property insurance 16 coverage pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626. 17 (i) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no 18 19 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any 20 assessable member insurer or its agents or employees, the 21 corporation association or its agents or employees, members of 22 the board of governors or their respective designees at a board meeting, corporation association committee members, or 23 the department or its representatives, for any action taken by 24 25 them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities 26 under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to: 27 1. Any of the foregoing persons or entities for any 28 willful tort; 29 2. The corporation association or its servicing or producing agents for breach of any contract or agreement 30 31 pertaining to insurance coverage;

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The corporation association with respect to 1 3. issuance or payment of debt; or 2 3 4. Any assessable member insurer with respect to any 4 action to enforce an assessable a member insurer's obligations 5 to the corporation association under this subsection. б (j) The Residential Property and Casualty Joint 7 Underwriting Association is not a state agency, board, or 8 commission. However, For the purposes of s. 199.183(1), the corporation Residential Property and Casualty Joint 9 Underwriting Association shall be considered a political 10 11 subdivision of the state and shall be exempt from the corporate income tax. The premiums, assessments, investment 12 13 income, and other revenue of the corporation are funds 14 received for providing property insurance coverage as required 15 by this subsection, paying claims for Florida citizens insured 16 by the corporation, securing and repaying debt obligations issued by the corporation, and conducting all other activities 17 of the corporation, and shall not be considered taxes, fees, 18 19 licenses, or charges for services imposed by the Legislature 20 on individuals, businesses, or agencies outside state government. Bonds and other debt obligations issued by or on 21 22 behalf of the corporation are not to be considered "State 23 bonds" within the meaning of s. 215.58(10). The corporation is 24 not subject to the procurement provisions of chapter 287, and policies and decisions of the corporation relating to 25 26 incurring debt, levying of assessments and the sale, issuance, 27 continuation, terms and claims under corporation policies, and 28 all services relating thereto, are not subject to the provisions of chapter 120. The corporation is not required to 29 obtain or to hold a certificate of authority issued by the 30 department, nor is it required to participate as a member 31

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insurer of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association. 1 2 However, the corporation is required to pay, in the same manner as an authorized insurer, assessments pledged by the 3 Florida Insurance Guaranty Association to secure bonds issued 4 5 or other indebtedness incurred to pay covered claims arising 6 from insurer insolvencies caused by, or proximately related 7 to, hurricane losses. It is the intent of the Legislature that the tax exemptions provided in this paragraph will augment the 8 9 financial resources of the corporation to better enable the corporation to fulfill its public purposes. Any bonds issued 10 by the corporation, their transfer, and the income therefrom, 11 12 including any profit made on the sale thereof, shall at all 13 times be free from taxation of every kind by the state and any 14 political subdivision or local unit or other instrumentality 15 thereof; however, this exemption does not apply to any tax 16 imposed by chapter 200 on interest, income, or profits on debt 17 obligations owned by corporations other than the corporation. (k) Upon a determination by the department board of 18 19 governors that the conditions giving rise to the establishment 20 and activation of the corporation association no longer exist, and upon the consent thereto by order of the department, the 21 22 corporation association is dissolved. Upon dissolution, the assets of the association shall be applied first to pay all 23 24 debts, liabilities, and obligations of the corporation 25 association, including the establishment of reasonable 26 reserves for any contingent liabilities or obligations, and 27 all remaining assets of the corporation association shall 28 become property of the state and deposited in the Florida 29 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. 30 (1)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 31 58

Association shall become policies of the corporation. All 1 2 obligations, rights, assets and liabilities of the Residential 3 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association, including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing 4 5 documents pertaining to them become those of the corporation 6 as of July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue 7 endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during 8 the remaining term of in-force transferred policies. 9 2. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida 10 Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the 11 corporation and shall become policies of the corporation. All 12 obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the Florida 13 Windstorm Underwriting Association, including bonds, note, and 14 debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them are transferred to and assumed by the corporation on July 15 16 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsement or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining 17 term of in-force transferred policies. 18 19 The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and 3. 20 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall take all actions as may be proper to further 21 22 evidence the transfers and shall provide the documents and instruments of further assurance as may reasonably be 23 requested by the corporation for that purpose. The corporation 24 shall execute assumptions and instruments as the trustees or 25 26 other parties to the financing documents of the Florida 27 Windstorm Underwriting Association or the Residential Property 28 and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association may reasonably 29 request to further evidence the transfers and assumptions, which transfers and assumptions, however, are effective on the 30 date provided under this paragraph whether or not, and 31

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regardless of the date on which, the assumptions or 1 2 instruments are executed by the corporation. Subject to the 3 relevant financing documents pertaining to their outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations, 4 5 the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in action, and 6 other intangibles of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 7 Association shall be credited to the high-risk account of the 8 corporation, and those of the personal lines residential coverage account and the commercial lines residential coverage 9 account of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 10 11 Underwriting Association shall be credited to the personal 12 lines account and the commercial lines account, respectively, 13 of the corporation. 14 4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property insurance coverage who would otherwise have been 15 16 eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association is eligible for coverage from the corporation as 17 provided in this subsection. 18 19 5. The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 20 assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to the corporation and the renaming 21 22 of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association as the corporation shall in no way affect the 23 coverage with respect to covered policies as defined in s. 24 25 215.555(2)(c) provided to these entities by the Florida 26 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The coverage provided by the 27 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Florida Windstorm 28 Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 29 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be redesignated as coverage for the high-risk account of the corporation. 30 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage 31

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provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the 1 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 2 3 Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to the personal 4 5 lines account and the commercial lines account of the 6 corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 7 high-risk account shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane 8 Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement 9 premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines 10 and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed together, for 11 12 all Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if the two 13 accounts were one and represent a single, separate 14 participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement 15 premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage provided by the 16 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the corporation shall constitute and operate as a full transfer of coverage from the 17 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential 18 19 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting to the corporation. 20 6. The department may, by order, postpone the July 1, 2002, effective dates set forth in this paragraph if the 21 department finds that effectuation of these dates cannot be 22 23 accomplished due to emergency conditions. All obligations, 24 rights, assets, and liabilities of the Florida Property and 25 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association created by subsection 26 (5), which obligations, rights, assets, or liabilities relate 27 to the provision of commercial lines residential property 28 insurance coverage as described in this section are hereby 29 transferred to the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. The Residential Property and 30 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association is not required to 31 61

1 issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds 2 during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies. 3 (m) Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 4 1. The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the 5 security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of б the corporation association created or purported to be created 7 pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or 8 other indebtedness of the corporation association shall be and remain valid and enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement 9 of and during the continuation of, and after, any 10 11 rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or similar 12 13 proceeding against the corporation association under the laws 14 of this state. 15 2. No such proceeding shall relieve the corporation

association of its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, assessments, market equalization or other surcharges under subparagraph (c)10., or any other rights, revenues, or other assets of the <u>corporation</u> association pledged pursuant to any financing documents.

22 Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 3. security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, 23 lien, or security interest, any such assessments, market 24 equalization or other surcharges, or other rights, revenues, 25 26 or other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, 27 after the commencement of and during the pendency of, or 28 after, any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 29 documents" means any agreement or agreements, instrument or 30 instruments, or other document or documents now existing or 31

hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness 1 2 of the corporation association or pursuant to which any such 3 bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 4 5 corporation association are pledged or sold to secure the б repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the 7 payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the 8 payment of any other obligation or financial product, as defined in the plan of operation of the corporation 9 association related to such bonds or indebtedness. 10

11 4. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 12 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the corporation 13 association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or 14 sale, as the case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, or contract rights or 15 16 other rights or assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale 17 is effective, valid, binding, and enforceable against the 18 19 corporation association or other entity making such pledge or 20 sale, and valid and binding against and superior to any 21 competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or 22 entity, including policyholders in this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, or contract rights 23 or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in 24 accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in 25 26 the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such 27 person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without 28 the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or 29 other action. (n)1. The following records of the corporation 30

31 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting

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1 Association are confidential and exempt from the provisions of 2 s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:

a. Underwriting files, except that a policyholder or
an applicant shall have access to his or her own underwriting
files.

6 b. Claims files, until termination of all litigation 7 and settlement of all claims arising out of the same incident, 8 although portions of the claims files may remain exempt, as 9 otherwise provided by law. Confidential and exempt claims file 10 records may be released to other governmental agencies upon 11 written request and demonstration of need; such records held by the receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as 12 13 provided for herein.

14 Records obtained or generated by an internal c. auditor pursuant to a routine audit, until the audit is 15 16 completed, or if the audit is conducted as part of an investigation, until the investigation is closed or ceases to 17 be active. An investigation is considered "active" while the 18 investigation is being conducted with a reasonable, good faith 19 20 belief that it could lead to the filing of administrative, 21 civil, or criminal proceedings.

d. Matters reasonably encompassed in privilegedattorney-client communications.

e. Proprietary information licensed to the <u>corporation</u>
association under contract and the contract provides for the
confidentiality of such proprietary information.

f. All information relating to the medical condition or medical status of <u>a corporation</u> an association employee which is not relevant to the employee's capacity to perform his or her duties, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Information which is exempt shall include, but is

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not limited to, information relating to workers' compensation,
 insurance benefits, and retirement or disability benefits.

3 Upon an employee's entrance into the employee q. 4 assistance program, a program to assist any employee who has a 5 behavioral or medical disorder, substance abuse problem, or emotional difficulty which affects the employee's job 6 7 performance, all records relative to that participation shall 8 be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) 9 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise provided in s. 112.0455(11). 10

h. Information relating to negotiations for financing,
reinsurance, depopulation, or contractual services, until the
conclusion of the negotiations.

14 i. Minutes of closed meetings regarding underwriting
15 files, and minutes of closed meetings regarding an open claims
16 file until termination of all litigation and settlement of all
17 claims with regard to that claim, except that information
18 otherwise confidential or exempt by law will be redacted.

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20 When an authorized insurer is considering underwriting a risk 21 insured by the corporation association, relevant underwriting 22 files and confidential claims files may be released to the insurer provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized and 23 under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. 24 When a file is transferred to an insurer that file is no 25 26 longer a public record because it is not held by an agency 27 subject to the provisions of the public records law. 28 Underwriting files and confidential claims files may also be 29 released to staff of and the board of governors of the market assistance plan established pursuant to s. 627.3515, who must 30 31 retain the confidentiality of such files, except such files

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may be released to authorized insurers that are considering 1 2 assuming the risks to which the files apply, provided the 3 insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. Finally, the 4 5 corporation association or the board or staff of the market б assistance plan may make the following information obtained 7 from underwriting files and confidential claims files 8 available to licensed general lines insurance agents: name, 9 address, and telephone number of the residential property owner or insured; location of the risk; rating information; 10 11 loss history; and policy type. The receiving licensed general lines insurance agent must retain the confidentiality of the 12 13 information received.

14 2. Portions of meetings of the corporation Residential 15 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are 16 exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution wherein confidential underwriting 17 files or confidential open claims files are discussed. 18 All portions of corporation association meetings which are closed 19 20 to the public shall be recorded by a court reporter. The 21 court reporter shall record the times of commencement and termination of the meeting, all discussion and proceedings, 22 the names of all persons present at any time, and the names of 23 all persons speaking. No portion of any closed meeting shall 24 be off the record. Subject to the provisions hereof and s. 25 26 119.07(2)(a), the court reporter's notes of any closed meeting 27 shall be retained by the corporation association for a minimum 28 of 5 years. A copy of the transcript, less any exempt matters, of any closed meeting wherein claims are discussed shall 29 become public as to individual claims after settlement of the 30 31 claim.

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1	(o) It is the intent of the Legislature that the
2	amendments to this subsection enacted in 2002 should, over
3	time, reduce the probable maximum windstorm losses in the
4	residual markets and should reduce the potential assessments
5	to be levied on property insurers and policyholders statewide.
6	In furtherance of this intent:
7	1. The board shall, on or before February 1 of each
8	year, provide a report to the President of the Senate and the
9	Speaker of the House of Representatives showing the reduction
10	or increase in the 100-year probable maximum loss attributable
11	to wind-only coverages and the quota share program under this
12	subsection combined, as compared to the benchmark 100-year
13	probable maximum loss of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting
14	Association. For purposes of this paragraph, the benchmark
15	100-year probable maximum loss of the Florida Windstorm
16	Underwriting Association shall be the calculation dated
17	February 2001 and based on November 30, 2000, exposures. In
18	order to ensure comparability of data, the board shall use the
19	same methods for calculating its probable maximum loss as were
20	used to calculate the benchmark probable maximum loss.
21	2. Beginning February 1, 2007, if the report under
22	subparagraph 1. for any year indicates that the 100-year
23	probable maximum loss attributable to wind-only coverages and
24	the quota share program combined does not reflect a reduction
25	of at least 25 percent from the benchmark, the board shall
26	reduce the boundaries of the high-risk area eligible for
27	wind-only coverages under this subsection in a manner
28	calculated to reduce such probable maximum loss to an amount
29	at least 25 percent below the benchmark.
30	3. Beginning February 1, 2012, if the report under
31	subparagraph 1. for any year indicates that the 100-year
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probable maximum loss attributable to wind-only coverages and 1 2 the quota share program combined does not reflect a reduction 3 of at least 50 percent from the benchmark, the boundaries of the high-risk area eligible for wind-only coverages under this 4 5 subsection shall be reduced by the elimination of any area 6 that is not seaward of a line 1,000 feet inland from the 7 Intracoastal Waterway. 8 (p) In enacting the provisions of this section, the 9 Legislature recognizes that both the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and 10 11 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association have entered into 12 financing arrangements that obligate each entity to service 13 its debts and maintain the capacity to repay funds secured 14 under these financing arrangements. It is the intent of the 15 Legislature that nothing in this section be construed to compromise, diminish, or interfere with the rights of 16 creditors under such financing arrangements. It is further the 17 intent of the Legislature to preserve the obligations of the 18 19 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential 20 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association with regard to outstanding financing arrangements, with such 21 22 obligations passing entirely and unchanged to the corporation. So long as any bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 23 24 obligations of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 25 or the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 26 Association are outstanding, under the terms of the financing documents pertaining to them, the governing board of the 27 28 corporation shall have and shall exercise the authority to 29 levy, charge, collect, and receive all premiums, assessments, surcharges, charges, revenues and receipts that the 30 associations had authority to levy, charge, collect, or 31

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receive under the provisions of subsection (2) and subsection 1 (6), respectively, as they existed on January 1, 2002, to the 2 3 extent necessary to provide moneys, together with other available moneys of the corporation without exercise of the 4 authority provided by this paragraph, in at least the amounts, 5 6 and by the times, as would be provided under those former 7 provisions of subsection (2) or subsection (6), respectively, 8 so that the value, amount, and collectability of any assets, 9 revenues, or revenue source pledged or committed to, or any 10 lien thereon securing such outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations will not be 11 12 diminished, impaired, or adversely affected by the amendments 13 made by this act and to permit compliance with all provisions 14 of financing documents pertaining to such bonds, notes, 15 indebtedness, or other financing obligations, or the security 16 or credit enhancement for them, and any reference in this subsection to bonds, notes, indebtedness, financing 17 obligations, or similar obligations, of the corporation shall 18 19 include like instruments or contracts of the Florida Windstorm 20 Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the extent not 21 22 inconsistent with the provisions of the financing documents 23 pertaining to them. 24 (q) Effective January 7, 2003, any reference in this 25 subsection to the Treasurer shall be deemed to be a reference 26 to the Chief Financial Officer and any reference to the 27 Department of Insurance shall be deemed to be a reference to 28 the Department of Insurance and Financial Services or other 29 successor to the Department of Insurance specified by law. Section 4. Section 627.3517, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read: 31

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627.3517 Consumer choice.--No provision of s. 627.351, 1 2 s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515 shall be construed to impair the 3 right of any insurance risk apportionment plan policyholder, upon receipt of any keepout or takeout offer, to retain his or 4 5 her current agent so long as that agent is duly licensed and 6 appointed by the insurance risk apportionment plan or 7 otherwise authorized to place business with the insurance risk 8 apportionment plan. This right shall not be cancelled, 9 suspended, impeded, abridged, or otherwise compromised by any rule, plan of operation, or depopulation plan, whether through 10 11 keepout, takeout, midterm assumption, or any other means, or 12 any insurance risk apportionment plan or depopulation plan, 13 including, but not limited to, those described in s. 627.351, 14 s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515. The department shall adopt any rules necessary to cause any insurance risk apportionment plan 15 16 or market assistance plan under such sections to demonstrate that the operations of the plan do not interfere with, 17 promote, or allow interference with the rights created under 18 19 this section. If the policyholder's current agent is unable or 20 unwilling to be appointed with the insurer making the takeout or keepout offer, the policyholder shall not be disqualified 21 22 from participation in the appropriate insurance risk apportionment plan because of an offer of coverage in the 23 voluntary market. Any rule, plan of operation, or plan of 24 depopulation, through keepout, takeout, midterm assumption, or 25 26 any other means, of any property insurance risk apportionment 27 plan under s. 627.351(2) or s. 627.351(6) is subject to ss. 28 627.351(2)(b) and (6)(c) and 627.3511(4). 29 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. 30 31

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2	HOUSE SUMMARY
3	Duranidar fou additional recovers under the Blanida
4	Provides for additional coverages under the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, increases the cap on fund
5	liability, and imposes an additional liquidity enhancement factor on reimbursement premiums. Specifies
6	the Department of Insurance as having the burden of proof with respect to property insurance rate filings under
7	specified conditions. Provides for waiver of required flood insurance, specifies policyholder burden of proof,
8	and authorizes an association to deny coverage, under specified conditions. Renames the Residential Property
9	and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association as the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation to provide
10	residential and commercial property insurance. Requires insurers selling property insurance in this state to
11	participate in the corporation. Provides for a plan of operation and a board of governors. Divides the revenues,
12	assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the corporation into three accounts and provides for
13	emergency assessments for policyholders of participating insurers. Provides for the corporation to enter into
14	quota share primary insurance agreements with authorized insurers. Provides that the corporation need not obtain a
15	certificate of authority from the Department of Insurance or be a member of the Florida Insurance Guaranty
16	Association. Requires the corporation to pay assessments pledged to secure bonds to pay covered claims arising
17	from insurer insolvencies caused by hurricane losses. Provides for the transfer of policies, assets, and
18	liabilities of the association and the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to the corporation. Preserves
19	the right of a residual market policyholder to select and maintain an agent of his or her own choice. See bill for
20	details.
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