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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to insurance; amending s.
3	215.555, F.S.; revising a definition; providing
4	for certain additional coverages under the
5	Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund; increasing
6	the cap on fund liability; imposing an
7	additional liquidity enhancement factor to
8	reimbursement premiums; amending s. 627.062,
9	F.S.; specifying the Department of Insurance as
10	having the burden of proof with respect to
11	certain property insurance rate filings under
12	certain circumstances; amending s. 627.351,
13	F.S.; providing for waiver of required flood
14	insurance under certain circumstances;
15	specifying policyholder burden of proof under
16	certain circumstances; authorizing an
17	association to deny certain coverage under
18	certain circumstances; renaming the Residential
19	Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
20	Association as the Citizens Property Insurance
21	Corporation to provide residential and
22	commercial property insurance; requiring
23	insurers writing property insurance to
24	participate in the corporation; providing for
25	dividing the revenues, assets, liabilities,
26	losses, and expenses of the corporation into
27	three accounts; authorizing the Department of
28	Insurance to remove certain territories from
29	certain eligible areas under certain
30	circumstances; providing for emergency
31	assessments for policyholders of participating
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1	insurers; providing a plan of operation;
2	defining the terms "quota share primary
3	insurance" and "eligible risks"; authorizing
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	the corporation to enter into quota share
5	primary insurance agreements; providing for a
6	board of governors appointed by the Treasurer,
7	subject to confirmation by the Cabinet;
8	providing rate limitations and requirements;
9	requiring the Department of Insurance to
10	provide the corporation with certain rate
11	information for certain purposes; requiring the
12	corporation to certify certain rates to the
13	department; authorizing the department to adopt
14	rules; requiring the corporation to impose and
15	collect an additional amount to augment the
16	corporation's financial resources; requiring
17	the corporation to file quarterly statements of
18	financial condition and submit other reports to
19	the Department of Insurance; providing that the
20	corporation is not required to obtain a
21	certificate of authority from the Department of
22	Insurance; providing that the corporation is
23	not required to be a member of the Florida
24	Insurance Guaranty Association; requiring the
25	corporation to pay assessments pledged by the
26	association to secure bonds to pay covered
27	claims arising from insurer insolvencies caused
28	by hurricane losses; providing for transfer of
29	policies of the association and the Florida
30	Windstorm Underwriting Association to the
30 31	corporation; providing for a transfer of assets
υT	corporation, providing for a transfer of assets

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1	and liabilities; requiring the associations to		
2	take actions necessary to further the		
3	transfers; providing for the redesignation of		
4	certain coverage as the high-risk account of		
5	the corporation; providing that such account be		
6	treated as if it were a separate participating		
7	insurer for certain purposes; providing that		
8	the personal lines and commercial lines		
9	accounts be treated as a single participating		
10	insurer for certain purposes; providing that		
11	the department may postpone the July 1, 2002,		
12	effective date of transfer under the act;		
13	providing legislative intent; requiring the		
14	board to report to the Legislature on certain		
15	loss activities; requiring the board to reduce		
16	certain eligibility boundaries under certain		
17	circumstances; providing legislative intent not		
18	to interfere with the rights of creditors, to		
19	preserve the obligation of the association, and		
20	to assure that outstanding financing agreements		
21	pass unchanged to the corporation; amending s.		
22	627.3511, F.S.; revising certain agent		
23	commission payment policy servicing procedures		
24	and requirements; creating s. 627.3517, F.S.;		
25	preserving the right of a residual-market		
26	policyholder to select and maintain an agent of		
27	his or her own choice; providing an effective		
28	date.		
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:		
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Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and 1 2 paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 215.555, Florida 3 Statutes, are amended to read: 4 215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.--5 (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section: 6 (d) "Losses" means direct incurred losses under 7 covered policies, which shall include losses for additional 8 living expenses not to exceed 20 percent of the insured value 9 of mobile homes or personal residential structures and 40 percent of the insured value of contents covered under a 10 tenant's policy or a condominium unit owners policy and shall 11 12 exclude excluding losses attributable to additional living 13 expense coverages and excluding loss adjustment expenses. 14 "Losses" does not include losses for fair rental value 15 associated with personal and commercial residential exposures or business interruption losses associated with commercial 16 17 residential exposures. (5) REIMBURSEMENT PREMIUMS.--18 19 (b) The State Board of Administration shall select an 20 independent consultant to develop a formula for determining 21 the actuarially indicated premium to be paid to the fund. The formula shall specify, for each zip code or other limited 22 23 geographical area, the amount of premium to be paid by an insurer for each \$1,000 of insured value under covered 24 policies in that zip code or other area. In establishing 25 26 premiums, the board shall consider the coverage elected under 27 paragraph (4)(b) and any factors that tend to enhance the actuarial sophistication of ratemaking for the fund, including 28 29 deductibles, type of construction, type of coverage provided, relative concentration of risks, a factor providing for more 30 rapid cash buildup in the fund until the fund capacity for a 31

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single hurricane season is fully funded, and other such 1 factors deemed by the board to be appropriate. The formula 2 may provide for a procedure to determine the premiums to be 3 4 paid by new insurers that begin writing covered policies after 5 the beginning of a contract year, taking into consideration when the insurer starts writing covered policies, the 6 7 potential exposure of the insurer, the potential exposure of 8 the fund, the administrative costs to the insurer and to the 9 fund, and any other factors deemed appropriate by the board. The formula must be approved by unanimous vote of the board. 10 The board may, at any time, revise the formula pursuant to the 11 12 procedure provided in this paragraph. 13 Section 2. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 14 627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 627.062 Rate standards.--15 (2) As to all such classes of insurance: 16 17 (g)1. The department may at any time review a rate, rating schedule, rating manual, or rate change; the pertinent 18 19 records of the insurer; and market conditions. If the department finds on a preliminary basis that a rate may be 20 excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, the 21 22 department shall initiate proceedings to disapprove the rate 23 and shall so notify the insurer. However, the department may not disapprove as excessive any rate for which it has given 24 final approval or which has been deemed approved for a period 25 26 of 1 year after the effective date of the filing unless the 27 department finds that a material misrepresentation or material error was made by the insurer or was contained in the filing. 28 29 Upon being so notified, the insurer or rating organization shall, within 60 days, file with the department all 30 information which, in the belief of the insurer or 31 5

organization, proves the reasonableness, adequacy, and 1 fairness of the rate or rate change. The department shall 2 issue a notice of intent to approve or a notice of intent to 3 4 disapprove pursuant to the procedures of paragraph (a) within 5 90 days after receipt of the insurer's initial response. 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph, 6 7 in such instances and in any administrative proceeding 8 relating to the legality of the rate, the insurer or rating 9 organization shall carry the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence to show that the rate is not 10 excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory. However, 11 12 with respect to property insurance, the department shall carry the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence with 13 14 respect to the issue of whether the rate for a particular line 15 of business is excessive and the insurer shall carry the burden of proof with respect to the issues of whether rates 16 17 for a particular line of business are unfairly discriminatory 18 or inadequate. 19 3. After the department notifies an insurer that a 20 rate may be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, unless the department withdraws the notification, the insurer 21 shall not alter the rate except to conform with the 22 department's notice until the earlier of 120 days after the 23 date the notification was provided or 180 days after the date 24 of the implementation of the rate. The department may, 25 26 subject to chapter 120, disapprove without the 60-day 27 notification any rate increase filed by an insurer within the prohibited time period or during the time that the legality of 28 29 the increased rate is being contested. 30 31 6

The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to workers' 1 2 compensation and employer's liability insurance and to motor 3 vehicle insurance. 4 Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, are 5 6 amended to read: 7 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans .--8 (2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT .--9 (b) The department shall require all insurers holding a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a 10 direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting 11 12 associations and other entities formed pursuant to this section, to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from 13 14 areas determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who 15 in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such coverage through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a 16 17 reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or 18 sharing among such insurers of windstorm coverage, which may 19 include formation of an association for this purpose. As used in this subsection, the term "property insurance" means 20 insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s. 21 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied 22 23 lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners' multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including 24 25 liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding 26 vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than 27 insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The 28 29 department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments. 30 31

1. For the purpose of this section, properties 1 2 eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, 3 buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which 4 are used as dwellings and which are tied down in compliance 5 with mobile home tie-down requirements prescribed by the 6 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 7 320.8325, and the contents of all such properties. An 8 applicant or policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an 9 offer of coverage cannot be obtained by or for the applicant or policyholder from an admitted insurer at approved rates. 10 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such 11 12 association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the 13 14 payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in 15 the proportion that the net direct premiums of each member 16 17 insurer written for property insurance in this state during 18 the preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct 19 premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state 20 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this 21 subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct 22 23 written premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for liability coverage and for the following if included in 24 25 allied lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; 26 association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance Program direct premiums; and similar deductions specifically 27 authorized by the plan of operation and approved by the 28 29 department. A member's participation shall begin on the first day of the calendar year following the year in which it is 30 issued a certificate of authority to transact property 31

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insurance in the state and shall terminate 1 year after the 1 end of the calendar year during which it no longer holds a 2 3 certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the 4 state. The commissioner, after review of annual statements, other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner 5 deems necessary, shall certify to the association the 6 7 aggregate direct premiums written for property insurance in 8 this state by all member insurers. 9 (II) Effective July 1, 2002, the association shall operate subject to the supervision and approval of The plan of 10 operation shall provide for a board of governors who are the 11 12 same individuals that have been appointed by the Treasurer to serve on the board of governors of the Citizens Property 13 14 Insurance Corporation directors consisting of the Insurance 15 Consumer Advocate appointed under s. 627.0613, 1 consumer representative appointed by the Insurance Commissioner, 1 16 17 consumer representative appointed by the Governor, and 12 additional members appointed as specified in the plan of 18 19 operation. One of the 12 additional members shall be elected by the domestic companies of this state on the basis of 20 cumulative weighted voting based on the net direct premiums of 21 domestic companies in this state. Nothing in the 1997 22 23 amendments to this paragraph terminates the existing board or the terms of any members of the board. 24 (III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula 25 26 whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in 27 affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to 28 29 sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-subparagraph d.(II). (IV) A company which is a member of a group of 30 companies under common management may elect to have its 31 9

credits applied on a group basis, and any company or group may
 elect to have its credits applied to any other company or
 group.

4 (V) There shall be no credits or relief from
5 apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected
6 from its policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph d.(III).

7 (VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the 8 award of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a 9 regular assessment pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking 10 policies out of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 11 12 Underwriting Association. In order to qualify for the 13 exemption under this sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan 14 must provide that at least 40 percent of the policies removed 15 from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm 16 17 Beach Counties or at least 30 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach 18 19 Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in other coastal counties, and 20 must also provide that no more than 15 percent of the policies 21 22 so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval 23 of the department, the association may waive these geographic criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser 24 of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint 25 26 Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total 27 number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies, provided the governing board of the 28 29 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association certifies that the take-out plan will materially 30 reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 31

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Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from 1 hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board 2 3 may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer 4 guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 5 removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the 6 7 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 8 policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty 9 Joint Underwriting Association.

b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association
under this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate
factor in the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.

The Legislature finds that the potential for 13 c. 14 unlimited deficit assessments under this subparagraph may 15 induce insurers to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and that such actions would worsen the 16 17 availability problems that the association was created to remedy. It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers 18 19 remain fully responsible for paying regular assessments and 20 collecting emergency assessments for any deficits of the association; however, it is also the intent of the Legislature 21 to provide a means by which assessment liabilities may be 22 23 amortized over a period of years.

24 d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular 25 calendar year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide 26 direct written premium for property insurance for the prior 27 calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall 28 levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to 29 the deficit.

30 (II) When the deficit incurred in a particular31 calendar year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide

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direct written premium for property insurance for the prior 1 calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall 2 3 levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the 4 5 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property 6 insurance for the prior calendar year for member insurers. Any 7 remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 8 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (III).

9 (III) Upon a determination by the board of directors that a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered 10 through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to 11 12 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the board shall levy, after verification by the department, 13 14 emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and 15 by underwriting associations created pursuant to this section 16 which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of 17 property insurance policies other than National Flood 18 Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the 19 regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage 20 of that year's direct written premium for property insurance 21 for all member insurers and underwriting associations, 22 23 excluding National Flood Insurance policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and verified by the 24 25 department. The department shall verify the arithmetic 26 calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 days after receipt of the information on which the 27 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision 28 29 of law, each member insurer and each underwriting association created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 30 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation 31

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being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or 1 deferment. The emergency assessments so collected shall be 2 3 transferred directly to the association on a periodic basis as determined by the association. The aggregate amount of 4 5 emergency assessments levied under this sub-subparagraph 6 in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent 7 of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus 8 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other 9 costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 10 property insurance written by member insurers and underwriting 11 12 associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated 13 14 with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the 15 proceeds of the emergency assessments under this sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to 16 17 retire any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that 18 19 the board determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency assessments under this sub-sub-subparagraph shall 20 continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness 21 incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment 22 23 was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness 24 pursuant to the document governing such bonds or other 25 26 indebtedness. Emergency assessments collected under this 27 sub-subparagraph are not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 28 29 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. 30 31

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(IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular 1 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or 2 3 sub-sub-subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the 4 insurer's net direct premium for property insurance in this 5 state, for the year preceding the assessment bears to the 6 aggregate statewide net direct premium for property insurance 7 of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for 8 voluntary writings for that year. 9 (V) If regular deficit assessments are made under 10 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 11 12 Association under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.b., the association shall levy upon 13 14 the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate 15 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the 16 17 total amount of such regular assessments divided by the 18 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property 19 insurance for member insurers for the prior calendar year. Market equalization surcharges under this sub-subparagraph 20 are not considered premium and are not subject to commissions, 21 fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market 22 23 equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay 24 premium. 25 The governing body of any unit of local government, e. 26 any residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an 27 assistance program, in conjunction with the association, for 28 29 the purpose of defraying deficits of the association. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, 30

31 duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs,

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any unit of local government, any residents of which are 1 insured by the association, may provide for the payment of 2 3 losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred 4 within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local 5 government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is 6 7 declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor 8 pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to 9 determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general 10 welfare of residents of this state and the protection and 11 12 preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an essential public purpose to 13 14 permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as 15 will provide relief to claimants and policyholders of the association and insurers responsible for apportionment of plan 16 17 losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such 18 contracts with the association and with any other entity 19 created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this 20 sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys 21 received by the association from assessments under this 22 23 subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of 24 such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of 25 26 the state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds 27 remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall 28 29 require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer 30 shall be required to purchase that percentage of the unsold 31

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portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the department determines that the purchase would endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. The authority granted by this sub-subparagraph is additional to any bonding authority granted by subparagraph 6.

8 3. The plan shall also provide that any member with a 9 surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance 10 premiums in this state may petition the department, within the 11 12 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member 13 14 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall 15 not exceed its gross participation, which shall not be affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event 16 17 shall a limited apportionment company be required to participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to 18 19 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of 20 available plan funds in any calendar year. However, a limited 21 22 apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any 23 emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide that, if the department 24 25 determines that any regular assessment will result in an 26 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, 27 the department may direct that all or part of such assessment 28 be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or 29 deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). 30 31

4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 1 2 or in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under 3 sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), 4 but not for an emergency assessment collected from 5 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the 6 opinion of the commissioner, payment of such regular 7 assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the member 8 insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member 9 insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other 10 member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for 11 12 assessments set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or 13 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II). 14 5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and 15 rules for classification of risks and rate modifications consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining 16 17 funds sufficient to pay catastrophe losses. 18 The association may require arbitration of a rate b. 19 filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the Legislature that the rates for coverage provided by the 20 21 association be actuarially sound and not competitive with 22 approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market such that the association functions as a residual market mechanism 23 to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be 24 procured in the voluntary market. The plan of operation shall 25 26 provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than 27 January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the association for each line of business are reflective of approved rates in the 28 29 voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each line of business in the various areas eligible for association 30 coverage. 31

с. The association shall provide for windstorm 1 2 coverage on residential properties in limits up to \$10 million 3 for commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million 4 for personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the 5 association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to 6 7 the replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at 8 the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be 9 located in the authorized market. The association must accept a commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 10 million or a personal lines residential risk with limits above 11 12 \$1 million if coverage is not available in the authorized market. The association may write coverage above the limits 13 14 specified in this subparagraph with or without facultative or 15 other reinsurance coverage, as the association determines 16 appropriate. 17 d. The plan of operation must provide objective criteria and procedures, approved by the department, to be 18 19 uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In 20 making this determination and in establishing the criteria and 21 22 procedures, the following shall be considered: 23 Whether the likelihood of a loss for the (I) individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks 24 of the same class; and 25 26 (II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the 27 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be 28 determined. 29 30 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as 31 18 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of
 chapter 120 do not apply.

The policies issued by the association must provide 3 e. 4 that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized 5 insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 6 7 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, 8 a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer 9 eligible for coverage through the association. Upon termination of eligibility, the association shall provide 10 written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating 11 12 that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage 13 14 from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do 15 not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph. 16

17 f. Association policies and applications must include a notice that the association policy could, under this 18 19 section, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the 20 coverage provided by the association. The notice shall also 21 22 specify that acceptance of association coverage creates a 23 conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential. 24

6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation
of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit
unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited
liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be
empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing
bonds or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate
reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured

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catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions
 necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the
 pledging of assessments or other revenues.

4 b. Any entity created under this subsection, or any 5 entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and 6 be sued, may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt 7 instruments; pledge or sell assessments, market equalization 8 surcharges and other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual 9 rights, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other 10 assets as security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; 11 12 enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to accomplish such borrowings; and take other actions necessary 13 14 to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association 15 may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to 16 17 subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the association 18 19 subject to approval by the department that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the 20 association and that such financings are reasonably necessary 21 22 to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. Any such 23 entity may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the end of any association year to provide for the payment of 24 losses incurred by the association during that year or any 25 26 future year. The association shall incorporate and continue 27 the plan of operation and articles of agreement in effect on the effective date of chapter 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the 28 29 extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as subsequently modified consistent with chapter 76-96. The board 30 of directors and officers currently serving shall continue to 31

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1 serve until their successors are duly qualified as provided 2 under the plan. The assets and obligations of the plan in 3 effect immediately prior to the effective date of chapter 4 76-96 shall be construed to be the assets and obligations of 5 the successor plan created herein.

In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State 6 c. 7 Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of 8 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action 9 be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or 10 financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred 11 12 by the association or any other entity created under this subsection. 13

14 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be 15 that amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his 16 or her contract with the company with which the business is 17 placed. However, no commission will be paid on that portion of 18 the premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that 19 company.

20 8. Subject to approval by the department, the association may establish different eligibility requirements 21 22 and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage 23 for any specified eligible area or portion of an eligible area if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility 24 requirements and operational procedures are justified due to 25 26 the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive 27 in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance 28 29 through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage from the association. When 30 coverage is sought in connection with a real property 31

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transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide 1 for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the 2 3 closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the 4 transferee, and, if applicable, the lender. 5 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 6 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the a. 7 security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of 8 the association created or purported to be created pursuant to 9 any financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of the association shall be and remain valid and 10 enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during 11 12 the continuation of, and after, any rehabilitation, 13 insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, 14 conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against 15 the association under the laws of this state or any other 16 applicable laws. 17 b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its 18 19 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, 20 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 21 Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues, 22 23 or other assets of the association pledged. 24 c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, 25 26 lien, or security interest, any such assessments, emergency 27 assessments, market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 28 29 Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, 30 after the commencement of and during the pendency of or after 31

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any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such
 proceeding.

3 d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 4 documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document 5 now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any 6 7 such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 8 9 association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of 10 such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of 11 12 any other obligation of the association related to such bonds 13 or indebtedness.

14 e. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 15 contract rights or other rights or assets of the association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 16 17 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or 18 19 assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 20 valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or 21 22 other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding 23 against and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in 24 this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, 25 26 revenues, contract, or other rights or assets to the extent 27 set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether 28 29 or not any such person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without the need for any physical delivery, 30 recordation, filing, or other action. 31

1	f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no
2	cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member
3	insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the
4	association, members of the board of directors of the
5	association, or the department or its representatives, for any
6	action taken by them in the performance of their duties or
7	responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not
8	apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement
9	pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort.
10	(6) <u>CITIZENS</u> RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY <u>INSURANCE</u>
11	CORPORATION AND CASUALTY JOINT UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION
12	(a)1. The Legislature finds that actual and threatened
13	catastrophic losses to property in this state from hurricanes
14	have caused insurers to be unwilling or unable to provide
15	property insurance coverage to the extent sought and needed.
16	It is in the public interest and a public purpose to assist in
17	assuring that property in the state is insured so as to
18	facilitate the remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of
19	damaged or destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the
20	negative effects otherwise resulting to the public health,
21	safety, and welfare; to the economy of the state; and to the
22	revenues of the state and local governments needed to provide
23	for the public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to provide
24	property insurance to applicants who are in good faith
25	entitled to procure insurance through the voluntary market but
26	are unable to do so. The Legislature intends by this
27	subsection that property insurance be provided and that it
28	continues, as long as necessary, through an entity organized
29	to achieve efficiencies and economies, all toward the
30	achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because it is
31	essential for the corporation to have the maximum financial

resources to pay claims following a catastrophic hurricane, it 1 2 is the intent of the Legislature that the income of the 3 corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that 4 interest on the debt obligations issued by the corporation be 5 exempt from federal income taxation. 6 The Residential Property and Casualty Joint 2. 7 Underwriting Association originally created by this statute 8 shall be known, as of July 1, 2002, as the Citizens Property 9 Insurance Corporation. The corporation shall provide insurance for residential and commercial 10 (a) There is created a joint underwriting association 11 12 for equitable apportionment or sharing among insurers of property and casualty insurance covering residential property, 13 14 for applicants who are in good faith entitled, but are unable, 15 to procure insurance through the voluntary market. The corporation association shall operate pursuant to a plan of 16 17 operation approved by order of the department. The plan is subject to continuous review by the department. The department 18 19 may, by order, withdraw approval of all or part of a plan if the department determines that conditions have changed since 20 approval was granted and that the purposes of the plan require 21 changes in the plan. For the purposes of this subsection, 22 23 residential coverage includes both personal lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by 24 homeowner's, mobile home owner's, dwelling, tenant's, 25 26 condominium unit owner's, and similar policies, and commercial 27 lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by condominium association, apartment 28 29 building, and similar policies. (b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more 30 subject lines of business in this state are subject to 31 25

assessment by the corporation and, for the purposes of this 1 2 subsection, are referred to collectively as "assessable 3 insurers." Insurers writing one or more subject lines of 4 business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 5 are not assessable insurers, but insureds who procure one or 6 more subject lines of business in this state pursuant to part 7 VIII of chapter 626 are subject to assessment by the 8 corporation and are referred to collectively as "assessable 9 insureds." An authorized insurer's assessment liability, other than underwriting associations or other entities created under 10 this section, must participate in and be members of the 11 12 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. A member's participation shall begin on the first 13 14 day of the calendar year following the year in which the insurer member was issued a certificate of authority to 15 transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state 16 and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the first calendar 17 18 year during which the insurer member no longer holds a 19 certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state. 20 21 2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the corporation association shall be divided into 22 23 three two separate accounts as follows: (I) A personal lines account for personal residential 24 25 policies issued by the corporation or issued by the 26 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed by the corporation that provide 27 28 comprehensive, multi-peril coverage on risks that are not 29 located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida 30 Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on january 1, 2002 and for such policies that do not provide 31 26

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1	coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in
2	such areas;
3	(II) A commercial lines account for commercial
4	residential policies issued by the corporation or issued by
5	the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
б	Association nd renewed by the corporation that provide
7	coverage for basic property perils on risks that are not
8	located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida
9	Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined
10	on January 1, 2002 and for such policies that do not provide
11	coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in
12	such areas; and
13	(III) A high-risk account for personal residential
14	policies an commercial residential and commercial
15	non-residential property policies issued by ;the corporation
16	or transferred to the corporation that provide coverage for
17	the peril of wind on risks that are located in areas eligible
18	for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association
19	as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. The high-risk
20	account must also include quota share primary insurance under
21	subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for coverage under the
22	high-risk account also includes the area within Port
23	Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the City of Cape
24	Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana River, and
25	bordered on the north by Federal Government property. The
26	department may remove territory from the area eligible for
27	wind-only and quota share coverage if, after a public hearing,
28	the department finds that authorized insurers in the voluntary
29	market are willing and able to write sufficient amounts of
30	personal and commercial residential coverage for all perils in
31	the territory, including coverage for the peril of wind, such
	27

that risks covered by wind-only policies in the removed 1 territory could be issued a policy by the corporation in 2 either the personal lines or commercial lines account without 3 4 a significant increase in the corporations' probable maximum 5 loss in such account. Removal of territory from the area 6 eligible for wind-only or quota share coverage does not alter 7 the assignment of wind coverage written in such areas to the 8 high-risk account. 9 b. The three separate accounts must be maintained as long as financing obligations entered into by the Florida 10 Windstorm Underwriting Association or Residential Property and 11 12 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing 13 14 documents. When the financing obligations are no longer outstanding, in accordance with the terms of the corresponding 15 financing documents, the corporation may use a single account 16 17 for all revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the corporation., one of which is for personal lines 18 19 residential coverages and the other of which is for commercial 20 lines residential coverages. 21 c. Creditors of the joint underwriting association shall have a claim against, and recourse to, the accounts 22 23 referred to in sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II) and shall have no claim against, or recourse to, the account referred to 24 in sub-subparagraph a.(III). Creditors of the Florida 25 26 Windstorm Underwriting Association shall have a claim against, and recourse to, the account referred to in 27 sub-subparagraph a.(III) and shall have no claim against, 28 29 or recourse to, the accounts referred to in 30 sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II). 31 28

d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses 1 2 not attributable to particular accounts coverages shall be 3 prorated among between the accounts. e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the 4 5 corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the 6 requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance 7 of bonds under this subsection. 8 f. No part of the income of the corporation may inure 9 to the benefit of any private person. With respect to a deficit in an account: 10 3. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar 11 a. 12 year is not greater than 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for 13 14 the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the entire deficit shall be recovered through regular assessments of 15 assessable member insurers under paragraph (g) and assessable 16 17 insureds. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar 18 b. 19 year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 20 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the corporation 21 association shall levy regular assessments an assessment on 22 23 assessable member insurers under paragraph (g) and on assessable insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 10 24 25 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate 26 statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year for all member insurers. 27 Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 28 29 assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 30 c. Each assessable member insurer's share of the 31 amount being assessed total assessment under sub-subparagraph 29

a. or sub-subparagraph b. shall be in the proportion that the 1 assessable member insurer's direct written premium for the 2 3 subject lines of business for the year preceding the 4 assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct written 5 premium for the subject lines of business for that year for 6 all member insurers. The assessment percentage applicable to 7 each assessable insured is the ratio of the amount being 8 assessed under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. to 9 the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by 10 the corporation on assessable insurers under sub-subparagraphs 11 12 a. and b. shall be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation and paragraph (g). Assessments levied by the 13 14 corporation on assessable insureds under sub-subparagraphs a. and b. shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the 15 time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax 16 17 required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida 18 Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the surplus lines 19 agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines 20 Service Office. Upon receipt of regular assessments from 21 surplus lines agents, the Florida surplus Lines Service Office shall transfer the assessments directly to the corporation as 22 23 determined by the corporation. Upon a determination by the board of governors that 24 d. 25 a deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be 26 recovered through regular assessments on member insurers under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b., the board shall 27 levy, after verification by the department, emergency 28 29 assessments, for as many years as necessary to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable member insurers and 30 the corporation and collected from assessable insureds by 31 30

underwriting associations created under this section which 1 write subject lines of business upon issuance or renewal of 2 3 policies for subject lines of business, excluding National 4 Flood Insurance policies, in the year or years following levy 5 of the regular assessments. The amount of the emergency 6 assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform 7 percentage of that year's direct written premium for subject 8 lines of business and all accounts of the corporation for all 9 member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as annually 10 determined by the board and verified by the department. The 11 12 department shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 days after receipt of 13 14 the information on which the determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the corporation 15 and each assessable member insurer that and each underwriting 16 17 association created under this section which writes subject lines of business shall collect emergency assessments from its 18 19 policyholders without such obligation being affected by any 20 credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds 21 shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the 22 23 surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines 24 25 Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the 26 surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred 27 28 directly to the corporation association on a periodic basis as 29 determined by the corporation and shall be held by the corporation solely in the applicable account association. 30 31 The aggregate amount of emergency assessments levied for an 31

account under this sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may 1 not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to 2 cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, 3 4 required reserves, and other costs associated with financing 5 of the original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business б 7 and for all accounts of the corporation written by member 8 insurers and underwriting associations for the prior year, 9 plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing the original deficit. 10 The corporation board may pledge the proceeds of 11 e. 12 assessments, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other insurance and reinsurance 13 14 recoverables, market equalization surcharges and other 15 surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation association as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds 16 17 issued under paragraph (g), bonds or other indebtedness issued under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other 18 19 financing mechanisms issued or created under this subsection, or to retire any other debt incurred as a result of deficits 20 or events giving rise to deficits, or in any other way that 21 the board determines will efficiently recover such deficits. 22 23 The purpose of the lines of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional resources to assist the 24 corporation association in covering claims and expenses 25 26 attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this subsection, the term "assessments" includes regular assessments under 27 sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., or subparagraph 28 29 (g)1. and emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. Emergency assessments collected under sub-subparagraph d. are 30 not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not 31

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subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure 1 2 to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph 3 4 d. shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other 5 indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the 6 assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate 7 provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other 8 indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such bonds or 9 other indebtedness.

f. As used in this subsection, the term "subject lines 10 of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or 11 12 procured by assessable insureds on real or personal property, 13 as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for fire, 14 industrial fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile 15 homes, and including liability coverage on all such insurance, 16 17 but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and 18 excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1) other 19 than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. 20 g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in 21 22 subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and 23 shall report that information to the corporation in a form and at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the 24 25 corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and 26 the corporation's financing obligations. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 27 h. 28 verify the proper application by surplus lines agents of 29 assessment percentages for regular assessments and emergency 30 assessments levied under this subparagraph on assessable 31 insureds and shall assist the corporation in ensuring the 33

accurate, timely collection and payment of assessments by 1 2 surplus lines agents as required by the corporation., with 3 respect to the personal lines account, any personal lines 4 policy defined in s. 627.4025, and means, with respect to the 5 commercial lines account, all commercial property and 6 commercial fire insurance. 7 (c) The plan of operation of the corporation 8 association: 9 1. May provide for one or more designated insurers, 10 able and willing to provide policy and claims service, to act on behalf of the association to provide such service. Each 11 12 licensed agent shall be entitled to indicate the order of preference regarding who will service the business placed by 13 14 the agent. The association shall adhere to each agent's preferences unless after consideration of other factors in 15 assigning agents, including, but not limited to, servicing 16 17 capacity and fee arrangements, the association has reason to believe it is in the best interest of the association to make 18 19 a different assignment. 20 1.2. Must provide for adoption of residential property 21 and casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential 22 and nonresidential property insurance forms, which forms must 23 be approved by the department prior to use. The corporation association shall adopt the following policy forms: 24 a. Standard personal lines policy forms that including 25 wind coverage, which are comprehensive multiperil policies 26 providing what is generally considered to be full coverage of 27 a residential property equivalent similar to the coverage 28 29 provided in the private insurance market under an  $\frac{HO-2}{2}$ , HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy. 30 31 34

1 Standard personal lines policy forms without wind <del>b.</del> 2 coverage, which are the same as the policies described in 3 sub-subparagraph a. except that they do not include wind 4 coverage. 5 b.<del>c.</del> Basic personal lines policy forms that including б wind coverage, which are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or 7 a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the 8 requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which 9 coverage is more limited than the coverage under a standard 10 policy. d. Basic personal lines policy forms without wind 11 12 coverage, which are the same as the policies described in 13 sub-subparagraph c. except that they do not include wind 14 coverage. 15 c.<del>e.</del> Commercial lines residential policy forms 16 including wind coverage that are generally similar to the 17 basic perils of full coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures in the admitted voluntary market. 18 19 d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential 20 property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. 21 The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk 22 23 account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a. e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance 24 25 forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are 26 applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas 27 eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to 28 in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a. 29 2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into 30 31 quota share primary insurance agreements for hurricane 35

coverage, as defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, 1 2 and adopt property insurance forms for eligible risks which 3 cover the peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the 4 term: 5 (I) "Quota share primary insurance" means an 6 arrangement in which the primary hurricane coverage of an 7 eligible risk is provided in specified percentages by the 8 corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and 9 authorized insurer are each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane coverage of an eligible risk as set 10 forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the 11 12 corporation and an authorized insurer and the insurance 13 contract. The responsibility of the corporation or authorized 14 insurer to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses of 15 an eligible risk, as set forth in the quota share primary insurance agreement, may not be altered by the inability of 16 17 the other party to the agreement to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses. Eligible risks that are 18 19 provided hurricane coverage through a quota share primary 20 insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set 21 forth the obligations of the corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, clearly specify the percentages 22 23 of quota share primary insurance provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and conspicuously and clearly state 24 25 that neither the authorized insurer nor the corporation may be 26 held responsible beyond its specified percentage of coverage 27 of hurricane losses. 28 "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential (II)29 and commercial lines residential risks that meet the 30 underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in 31 36

areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm 1 Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002. 2 3 b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary 4 insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation 5 coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent. 6 c. If the corporation determines that additional 7 coverage levels are necessary to maximize participation in 8 quota share primary insurance agreements by authorized 9 insurers, the corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, the corporation's quota share primary 10 insurance coverage level may not exceed 90 percent. 11 12 d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must 13 14 provide for a uniform, specified percentage of coverage of 15 hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized 16 17 insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance 18 agreement. 19 e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered 20 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is 21 subject to review and approval by the department. However, such agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance 22 23 contracts entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is already insured by the corporation for wind 24 25 coverage. 26 f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels 27 28 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be 29 reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane 30 Catastrophe Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the 31 37

corporation and the authorized insurer shall maintain complete 1 2 and accurate records for the purpose of exposure and loss 3 reimbursement audits as required by Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund rules. The corporation and the authorized 4 5 insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies of policy 6 declaration pages and supporting claims documents. 7 The corporation board shall establish in its plan g. of operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure 8 9 that there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the terms of quota share agreements, pricing of quota share 10 agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration 11 12 paid for servicing policies or adjusting claims. The quota share primary insurance agreement between 13 h. 14 the corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, 15 but not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued 16 17 under the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer producing the business, the reporting of information 18 19 concerning eligible risks, the payment of premium to the 20 corporation, and arrangements for the adjustment and payment 21 of hurricane claims incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel of the authorized insurer. Entering 22 23 into a quota sharing insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized insurer shall be voluntary and 24 25 at the discretion of the authorized insurer. 26 f. Commercial lines residential policy forms without 27 wind coverage, which are the same as the policies described in 28 sub-subparagraph e. except that they do not include wind 29 coverage. May provide that the corporation association may 30 3. employ or otherwise contract with individuals or other 31 38 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

entities to provide administrative or professional services 1 2 that may be appropriate to effectuate the plan. The 3 corporation association shall have the power to borrow funds, by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall 4 5 have other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the 6 requirements of this subsection. The corporation may, but is 7 not required to, seek judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness under chapter 75. The corporation 8 9 association may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government 10 pursuant to subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane 11 12 or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the corporation association, subject to approval by the 13 14 department, that such action would enable it to efficiently 15 meet the financial obligations of the corporation association and that such financings are reasonably necessary to 16 17 effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The corporation association is authorized to take all actions 18 19 needed to facilitate tax-free status for any such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other 20 affiliated entities. The corporation association shall have 21 the authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from 22 23 the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, market equalization and other surcharges, and 24 other funds available to the corporation association as 25 26 security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the 27 impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of 28 29 the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing agreement or any 30 31

revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other 1 indebtedness. 2 3 4.a. Must require that the corporation association 4 operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of 5 governors consisting of 7  $\frac{13}{13}$  individuals who are residents of 6 this state, from different geographical areas of this state, 7 appointed by the Treasurer. The Treasurer shall designate one 8 of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the 9 pleasure of the Treasurer., including 1 who is elected as chair. The board shall consist of: 10 11 a. The insurance consumer advocate appointed under s. 12 627.0613. b. Five members designated by the insurance industry. 13 14 c. Five consumer representatives appointed by the 15 Insurance Commissioner. Two of the consumer representatives must, at the time of appointment, be holders of policies 16 issued by the association, who are selected with consideration 17 18 given to reflecting the geographic balance of association 19 policyholders. Two of the consumer members must be individuals who are minority persons as defined in s. 288.703(3). One of 20 21 the consumer members shall have expertise in the field of 22 mortgage lending. 23 d. Two representatives of the insurance industry appointed by the Insurance Commissioner. Of the two insurance 24 industry representatives appointed by the Insurance 25 26 Commissioner, at least one must be an individual who is a 27 minority person as defined in s. 288.703(3). 28 29 Any board member may be disapproved or removed and replaced by the commissioner at any time for cause. All board members, 30 including the chair, must be appointed to serve for 3-year 31 40 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

terms beginning annually on a date designated by the plan. Any 1 2 board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the 3 Treasurer. The Treasurer shall appoint a technical advisory 4 group to provide information and advice to the board of 5 governors in connection with the board's duties under this 6 subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the 7 corporation shall be engaged by the Treasurer and serve at the 8 pleasure of the Treasurer. The executive director is 9 responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may require, subject to review and concurrence by the Office of 10 11 the Treasurer. 12 b. To ensure the effective and efficient implementation of this subsection, the Treasurer shall appoint 13 14 the board of governors by July 1, 2002. The board of governors 15 shall work in conjunction with the Residential Property Insurance Market Coordinating Council to address appropriate 16 17 organizational, operational, and financial matters relating to the corporation. In addition, after consultation with the 18 19 Residential Property Insurance Market Coordinating Council, 20 the bond trustees and rating agencies, the Treasurer may postpone for a period not to exceed 180 days after the 21 effective date, the implementation of the corporation or the 22 23 implementation of one or more of the provisions relating to transfer of Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 24 policies, obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities into 25 26 the high-risk accounts and such other provisions that may be 27 affected thereby if the Treasurer determines that postponement 28 is necessary: 29 (i) Due to emergency conditions; (ii) To ensure the effective and efficient 30 31 implementation of the corporation's operations; or 41

(iii) To maintain existing financing arrangements 1 2 without a material adverse effect on the creditors of the 3 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 4 Association or the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association. 5 5. Must provide a procedure for determining the 6 eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows: 7 With respect to personal lines residential risks, a. 8 if the risk is offered full coverage from an authorized 9 insurer at the insurer's approved rate under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the 10 insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a 11 12 basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation association. If the 13 14 risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a mechanism 15 established by the corporation association before a policy is 16 17 issued to the risk by the corporation association or during 18 the first 30 days of coverage by the corporation association, 19 and the producing agent who submitted the application to the 20 plan or to the corporation association is not currently 21 appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall either: 22 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the 23 policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 24 25 policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and 26 customary commission of the corporation; or 27 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 28 the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of 29 not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's 30 usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 31 42

appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the 1 2 agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). appoint the 3 agent to service the risk or, if the insurer places the coverage through a new agent, require the new agent who then 4 5 writes the policy to pay not less than 50 percent of the first 6 year's commission to the producing agent who submitted the 7 application to the plan or the association, except that if the 8 new agent is an employee or exclusive agent of the insurer, 9 the new agent shall pay a policy fee of \$50 to the producing agent in lieu of splitting the commission. 10 11 If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is 12 eligible for either a standard policy including wind coverage 13 14 or a basic policy including wind coverage issued by the

insured under a standard policy including wind coverage 16 regardless of market conditions, the risk shall be eligible 17 for a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected 18 19 under subparagraph 8. The corporation association shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of 20 objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and 21 based on generally accepted underwriting practices. 22 b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, 23

corporation association; however, if the risk could not be

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if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind 24 coverage from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the 25 26 risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation association. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through 27 the market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a 28 29 mechanism established by the corporation association before a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation association, 30 and the producing agent who submitted the application to the 31

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plan or the corporation association is not currently appointed 1 by the insurer, the insurer shall either: 2 3 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of 4 5 the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 6 policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and 7 customary commission of the corporation; or (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 8 9 the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's 10 usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 11 12 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the 13 14 agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).appoint the agent to service the risk or, if the insurer places the 15 coverage through a new agent, require the new agent who then 16 writes the policy to pay not less than 50 percent of the first 17 year's commission to the producing agent who submitted the 18 19 application to the plan, except that if the new agent is an employee or exclusive agent of the insurer, the new agent 20 shall pay a policy fee of \$50 to the producing agent in lieu 21 of splitting the commission. 22 23 If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is 24 25 eligible for a policy including wind coverage issued by the 26 corporation association. 27 c. This subparagraph does not require the association to provide wind coverage or hurricane coverage in any area in 28 29 which such coverage is available through the Florida Windstorm 30 Underwriting Association. 31 44

6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and 1 2 rates therefor. 3 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income 4 for an account attributable to a particular calendar <del>plan</del> year 5 are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the account of the plan attributable to that year, such excess shall be б 7 held in surplus in the account. Such surplus shall be 8 available to defray deficits in that account as to future 9 years and shall be used for that purpose prior to assessing assessable member insurers and assessable insureds as to any 10 calendar <del>plan</del> year. 11 12 8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether 13 14 an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this determination and in establishing the criteria and 15 16 procedures, the following shall be considered: 17 а. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same 18 19 class; and b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the 20 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be 21 22 determined. 23 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation 24 association shall be construed as the private placement of 25 26 insurance, and the provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply. 27 9. Must provide that the corporation association shall make its best efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at 28 29 reasonable rates, as determined by the board of governors. 10. Must provide that in the event of regular deficit 30 assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph 31 45

(b)3.b., in the personal lines account, the commercial lines 1 residential account, or the high-risk account or by the 2 3 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association under 4 sub-subparagraph (2)(b)2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 5 (2)(b)2.d.(II), the corporation association shall levy upon corporation association policyholders in its next rate filing, 6 7 or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a market equalization surcharge arising from a regular assessment in 8 9 such account in a percentage equal to the total amount of such regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct 10 written premium for subject lines of business for member 11 12 insurers for the prior calendar year. Market equalization surcharges under this subparagraph are not considered premium 13 14 and are not subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; 15 however, failure to pay a market equalization surcharge shall 16 be treated as failure to pay premium. 11. The policies issued by the corporation association 17 18 must provide that, if the corporation association or the 19 market assistance plan obtains an offer from an authorized 20 insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or a basic policy 21 including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for 22 23 renewal coverage through the corporation association. However, if the risk is located in an area in which Florida Windstorm 24 25 Underwriting Association coverage is available, such an offer 26 of a standard or basic policy terminates eligibility 27 regardless of whether or not the offer includes wind coverage. Upon termination of eligibility, the association shall provide 28 29 written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating that the association policy shall be canceled as of 60 days 30 after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage 31 46

from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance 1 code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do 2 3 not apply to actions under this subparagraph. 4 12. Corporation Association policies and applications 5 must include a notice that the corporation association policy 6 could, under this section or s. 627.3511, be replaced with a 7 policy issued by an authorized admitted insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by the 8 9 corporation association. The notice shall also specify that acceptance of corporation association coverage creates a 10 conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is 11 12 aware of this potential. 13. May establish, subject to approval by the 13 14 department, different eligibility requirements and operational 15 procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or area if the board determines that such changes to 16 the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are 17 justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently 18 19 stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable 20 21 to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage 22 23 from the corporation association. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, such requirements 24 25 and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of 26 coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if 27 28 applicable, the lender.

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30 account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to

31 policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or

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14. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk

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more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in 1 2 this state may petition the department, within the first 90 3 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited 4 apportionment company. In no event shall a limited 5 apportionment company be required to participate in the 6 portion of any assessment, within the high-risk account, 7 pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph (b)3.b. in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after 8 9 payment of available high-risk account funds in any calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect 10 from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under 11 12 sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan shall provide that, if the 13 department determines that any regular assessment will result 14 in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment 15 company, the department may direct that all or part of such assessment be deferred as provided in subparagraph (g)4. 16 17 However, there shall be no limitation or deferment of an 18 emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under 19 sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. 20 15. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its 21 licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment 22 as defined in s. 626.104 with an insurer who at the time of 23 the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is authorized to write and is actually writing personal lines 24 residential property coverage, commercial residential property 25 26 coverage, or commercial nonresidential property coverage 27 within the state. 28 (d)1. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 29 rates for coverage provided by the corporation association be actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates 30 charged in the admitted voluntary market, so that the 31 48

corporation association functions as a residual market 1 mechanism to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot 2 be procured in the voluntary market. Rates shall include an 3 4 appropriate catastrophe loading factor that reflects the 5 actual catastrophic exposure of the corporation association and recognizes that the association has little or no capital 6 7 or surplus; and the association shall carefully review each 8 rate filing to assure that provider compensation is not 9 excessive.

2. For each county, the average rates of the 10 corporation association for each line of business for personal 11 12 lines residential policies excluding rates for wind-only policies shall be no lower than the average rates charged by 13 14 the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county 15 among the 20 insurers with the greatest total direct written 16 premium in the state for that line of business in the 17 preceding year, except that with respect to mobile home 18 coverages, the average rates of the corporation association 19 shall be no lower than the average rates charged by the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county among 20 the 5 insurers with the greatest total written premium for 21 22 mobile home owner's policies in the state in the preceding 23 year.

3. Rates for personal lines residential wind-only 24 25 policies must be actuarially sound and not competitive with 26 approved rates charged by authorized insurers. However, for personal lines residential wind-only policies issued or 27 28 renewed between July 1, 2002, and June 30, 2003, the maximum 29 premium increase must be no greater than 10 percent of the 30 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association premium for that policy in effect on June 30, 2002, as adjusted for coverage 31 49

changes and seasonal occupancy surcharges. The personal lines 1 residential wind-only rates for the corporation effective July 2 3 1, 2003, must be based on a rate filing by the corporation 4 which establishes rates which are actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates charged by authorized 5 6 insurers. Corporation rate manuals shall include a rate 7 surcharge for seasonal occupancy. To ensure that personal lines residential wind-only rates effective on or after July 8 9 1, 2003, are not competitive with approved rates charged by authorized insurers, the department, by March 1 of each year, 10 shall provide the corporation, for each county in which there 11 12 are geographical areas in which personal lines residential wind-only policies may be issued, the average rates charged by 13 14 the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county for wind coverage in that insurer's rating territories which 15 most closely approximate the geographical area in that county 16 17 in which personal lines residential wind-only policies may be written by the corporation. The average rates provided must 18 19 be from an insurer among the 20 insurers with the greatest 20 total direct written premium in the state for personal lines 21 residential property insurance for the preceding year. With respect to mobile homes, the five insurers with the greatest 22 23 total written premium for that line of business in the preceding year shall be used. The corporation shall certify 24 to the department that its average personal lines residential 25 26 wind-only rates are no lower in each county than the average 27 rates provided by the department. The department is authorized to adopt rules to establish reporting requirements 28 29 to obtain the necessary wind-only rate information from 30 insurers to implement this provision. 31 50

4.3. Rates for commercial lines residential coverage 1 2 shall not be subject to the requirements of subparagraph 2., 3 but shall be subject to all other requirements of this paragraph and s. 627.062. 4 5 5.4. Nothing in this paragraph shall require or allow 6 the corporation association to adopt a rate that is inadequate 7 under s. 627.062 or to reduce rates approved under s. 627.062. 8 6.5. The association may require arbitration of a 9 filing pursuant to s. 627.062(6). Rate filings of the 10 association under this paragraph shall be made on a use and file basis under s. 627.062(2)(a)2. The corporation 11 12 association shall make a rate filing at least once a year, but 13 no more often than quarterly. 14 7. In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and 15 collect an amount equal to the premium tax provided for in s. 16 17 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation. (e) If coverage in an account through the association 18 19 is hereby activated effective upon approval of the plan, and 20 shall remain activated until coverage is deactivated pursuant to paragraph (f). Thereafter, coverage through the corporation 21 association shall be reactivated by order of the department 22 23 only under one of the following circumstances: 1. If the market assistance plan receives a minimum of 24 25 100 applications for coverage within a 3-month period, or 200 26 applications for coverage within a 1-year period or less for residential coverage, unless the market assistance plan 27 provides a quotation from admitted carriers at their filed 28 29 rates for at least 90 percent of such applicants. Any market assistance plan application that is rejected because an 30 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable using the 31 51

1 criteria specified in subparagraph (c)8. shall not be included 2 in the minimum percentage calculation provided herein. In the 3 event that there is a legal or administrative challenge to a 4 determination by the department that the conditions of this 5 subparagraph have been met for eligibility for coverage in the 6 <u>corporation</u> association, any eligible risk may obtain coverage 7 during the pendency of such challenge.

8 2. In response to a state of emergency declared by the 9 Governor under s. 252.36, the department may activate coverage 10 by order for the period of the emergency upon a finding by the 11 department that the emergency significantly affects the 12 availability of residential property insurance.

13 (f)1. The corporation shall file with the department 14 quarterly statements of financial condition, an annual 15 statement of financial condition, and audited financial statements in the manner prescribed by law. In addition, the 16 17 corporation shall report to the department monthly on the types, premium, exposure, and distribution by county of its 18 19 policies in force, and shall submit other reports as the 20 department requires to carry out its oversight of the 21 corporation.

2. The activities of the corporation association shall 22 23 be reviewed at least annually by the department to determine 24 whether board and, upon recommendation by the board or 25 petition of any interested party, coverage shall be 26 deactivated in an account on the basis if the department finds 27 that the conditions giving rise to its activation no longer 28 exist. 29 (g)1. The corporation board shall certify to the

30 department its needs for annual assessments as to a particular 31 calendar year, and <u>for</u> any <del>startup or</del> interim assessments that

it deems to be necessary to sustain operations as to a 1 particular year pending the receipt of annual assessments. 2 3 Upon verification, the department shall approve such 4 certification, and the corporation board shall levy such 5 annual, startup, or interim assessments. Such assessments 6 shall be prorated as provided in paragraph (b). The 7 corporation board shall take all reasonable and prudent steps 8 necessary to collect the amount of assessment due from each 9 assessable participating member insurer, including, if prudent, filing suit to collect such assessment. If the 10 corporation board is unable to collect an assessment from any 11 12 assessable member insurer, the uncollected assessments shall be levied as an additional assessment against the assessable 13 14 participating member insurers and any assessable participating 15 member insurer required to pay an additional assessment as a result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action 16 17 against such nonpaying assessable member insurer. Assessments 18 shall be included as an appropriate factor in the making of 19 rates. The failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and 20 remit any regular or emergency assessment levied by the 21 corporation is considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and 22 subjects the surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in 23 that section. The governing body of any unit of local government, 24 2. any residents of which are insured by the corporation 25 26 association, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 from time to time to fund an assistance program, in 27 conjunction with the corporation association, for the purpose 28 29 of defraying deficits of the corporation association. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, 30 duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, 31 53

any unit of local government, any residents of which are 1 2 insured by the corporation association, may provide for the 3 payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses 4 occurred within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of 5 the local government. Revenue bonds under this subparagraph may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, 6 7 unless a state of emergency is declared by executive order or 8 proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such 9 findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public 10 health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state 11 12 and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an 13 14 essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue such bonds as will permit relief to 15 16 claimants and policyholders of the corporation joint 17 underwriting association and insurers responsible for 18 apportionment of association losses. Any such unit of local 19 government may enter into such contracts with the corporation association and with any other entity created pursuant to this 20 21 subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this subparagraph shall be payable from and 22 23 secured by moneys received by the corporation association from emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., and 24 assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the unit of local 25 26 government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the state or of 27 28 the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the 29 payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall require all insurers 30 subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which shall be 31

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1 treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be required to
2 purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of the bond
3 issue that equals the insurer's relative share of assessment
4 liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not be
5 required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the
6 department determines that the purchase would endanger or
7 impair the solvency of the insurer.

8 3.a. In addition to any credits, bonuses, or 9 exemptions provided under s. 627.3511, The corporation board shall adopt one or more programs a program subject to approval 10 11 by the department for the reduction of both new and renewal 12 writings in the corporation association. The corporation board may consider any prudent and not unfairly discriminatory 13 14 approach to reducing corporation association writings, and may but must adopt at least a credit against assessment liability 15 or other liability that provides an incentive for insurers to 16 take risks out of the corporation association and to keep 17 18 risks out of the corporation association by maintaining or 19 increasing voluntary writings in counties or areas in which 20 corporation association risks are highly concentrated and a 21 program to provide a formula under which an insurer voluntarily taking risks out of the corporation association by 22 maintaining or increasing voluntary writings will be relieved 23 wholly or partially from assessments under sub-subparagraphs 24 25 (b)3.a. and b. When the corporation enters into a contractual 26 agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned 27 28 commission on such policy, and the insurer shall either: 29 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the 30 policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 31 55

policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and 1 2 customary commission of the corporation; or 3 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of 4 5 not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's 6 usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 7 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 8 appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the 9 agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). Any credit or exemption from regular assessments 10 b. adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the 11 3 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy 12 by the corporation association. With the approval of the 13 14 department, the board may extend such credits for an 15 additional year if the insurer quarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies removed from the corporation 16 17 association, or for 2 additional years if the insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all policies 18 19 so removed. 20 c. There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or 21 deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from 22 policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. 23 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 4. or in part, of the assessment of an assessable a member 24 25 insurer, other than an emergency assessment collected from 26 policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., if the 27 department finds that payment of the assessment would endanger 28 or impair the solvency of the insurer. In the event an 29 assessment against an assessable a member insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is 30 deferred may be assessed against the other assessable member 31 56

insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments
 set forth in paragraph (b).

3 (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
4 preclude the issuance of residential property insurance
5 coverage pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626.

6 (i) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no 7 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any 8 assessable member insurer or its agents or employees, the 9 corporation association or its agents or employees, members of the board of governors or their respective designees at a 10 board meeting, corporation association committee members, or 11 12 the department or its representatives, for any action taken by them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities 13 14 under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to:

15 1. Any of the foregoing persons or entities for any 16 willful tort;

The <u>corporation</u> association or its servicing or
 producing agents for breach of any contract or agreement
 pertaining to insurance coverage;

The <u>corporation</u> association with respect to
 issuance or payment of debt; or

4. Any <u>assessable member</u> insurer with respect to any
action to enforce <u>an assessable</u> <del>a member</del> insurer's obligations
to the <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> under this subsection.

(j) The Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association is not a state agency, board, or commission. However, For the purposes of s. 199.183(1), the corporation Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be considered a political subdivision of the state and shall be exempt from the corporate income tax. The premiums, assessments, investment

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income, and other revenue of the corporation are funds 1 2 received for providing property insurance coverage as required by this subsection, paying claims for Florida citizens insured 3 4 by the corporation, securing and repaying debt obligations issued by the corporation, and conducting all other activities 5 6 of the corporation, and shall not be considered taxes, fees, 7 licenses, or charges for services imposed by the Legislature 8 on individuals, businesses, or agencies outside state government. Bonds and other debt obligations issued by or on 9 behalf of the corporation are not to be considered "State 10 bonds" within the meaning of s. 215.58(10). The corporation is 11 12 not subject to the procurement provisions of chapter 287, and policies and decisions of the corporation relating to 13 14 incurring debt, levying of assessments and the sale, issuance, 15 continuation, terms and claims under corporation policies, and all services relating thereto, are not subject to the 16 17 provisions of chapter 120. The corporation is not required to obtain or to hold a certificate of authority issued by the 18 19 department, nor is it required to participate as a member 20 insurer of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association. 21 However, the corporation is required to pay, in the same manner as an authorized insurer, assessments pledged by the 22 23 Florida Insurance Guaranty Association to secure bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred to pay covered claims arising 24 from insurer insolvencies caused by, or proximately related 25 26 to, hurricane losses. It is the intent of the Legislature that 27 the tax exemptions provided in this paragraph will augment the financial resources of the corporation to better enable the 28 29 corporation to fulfill its public purposes. Any bonds issued by the corporation, their transfer, and the income therefrom, 30 including any profit made on the sale thereof, shall at all 31 58

times be free from taxation of every kind by the state and any 1 political subdivision or local unit or other instrumentality 2 3 thereof; however, this exemption does not apply to any tax imposed by chapter 200 on interest, income, or profits on debt 4 5 obligations owned by corporations other than the corporation. 6 (k) Upon a determination by the department board of 7 governors that the conditions giving rise to the establishment 8 and activation of the corporation association no longer exist, 9 and upon the consent thereto by order of the department, the corporation association is dissolved. Upon dissolution, the 10 assets of the association shall be applied first to pay all 11 12 debts, liabilities, and obligations of the corporation association, including the establishment of reasonable 13 14 reserves for any contingent liabilities or obligations, and 15 all remaining assets of the corporation association shall become property of the state and deposited in the Florida 16 17 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. (1)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the 18 19 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 20 Association shall become policies of the corporation. All 21 obligations, rights, assets and liabilities of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association, 22 23 including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them become those of the corporation 24 25 as of July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue 26 endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies. 27 28 2. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida 29 Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the 30 corporation and shall become policies of the corporation. All obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the Florida 31 59

Windstorm Underwriting Association, including bonds, note, and 1 2 debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to 3 them are transferred to and assumed by the corporation on July 4 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsement or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining 5 6 term of in-force transferred policies. 7 3. The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and 8 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 9 Association shall take all actions as may be proper to further evidence the transfers and shall provide the documents and 10 instruments of further assurance as may reasonably be 11 12 requested by the corporation for that purpose. The corporation 13 shall execute assumptions and instruments as the trustees or 14 other parties to the financing documents of the Florida 15 Windstorm Underwriting Association or the Residential Property 16 and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association may reasonably 17 request to further evidence the transfers and assumptions, which transfers and assumptions, however, are effective on the 18 19 date provided under this paragraph whether or not, and 20 regardless of the date on which, the assumptions or 21 instruments are executed by the corporation. Subject to the relevant financing documents pertaining to their outstanding 22 23 bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations, the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in action, and 24 other intangibles of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 25 26 Association shall be credited to the high-risk account of the corporation, and those of the personal lines residential 27 coverage account and the commercial lines residential coverage 28 29 account of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to the personal 30 31 60

lines account and the commercial lines account, respectively, 1 2 of the corporation. 3 4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property insurance coverage who would otherwise have been 4 5 eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 6 Association is eligible for coverage from the corporation as 7 provided in this subsection. 5. The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 8 9 assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to the corporation and the renaming 10 of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 11 12 Association as the corporation shall in no way affect the coverage with respect to covered policies as defined in s. 13 14 215.555(2)(c) provided to these entities by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The coverage provided by the 15 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Florida Windstorm 16 17 Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be redesignated as 18 19 coverage for the high-risk account of the corporation. 20 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage 21 provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 22 23 Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to the personal 24 25 lines account and the commercial lines account of the 26 corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the high-risk account shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane 27 28 Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate 29 participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement 30 premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed together, for 31 61

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all Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if the two 1 accounts were one and represent a single, separate 2 3 participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage provided by the 4 5 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the corporation shall 6 constitute and operate as a full transfer of coverage from the 7 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting to the corporation. 8 9 All obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the 10 Florida Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association created by subsection (5), which obligations, rights, assets, 11 12 or liabilities relate to the provision of commercial lines 13 residential property insurance coverage as described in this 14 section are hereby transferred to the Residential Property and 15 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. The Residential 16 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association is not 17 required to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term of in-force transferred 18 19 policies. 20 (m) Notwithstanding any other provision of law: The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the 21 1. security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of 22 23 the corporation association created or purported to be created pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or 24 other indebtedness of the corporation association shall be and 25 26 remain valid and enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation of, and after, any 27 rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, 28 29 receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against the corporation association under the laws 30 of this state. 31

2. No such proceeding shall relieve the <u>corporation</u> association of its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, assessments, market equalization or other surcharges under subparagraph (c)10., or any other rights, revenues, or other assets of the <u>corporation</u> association pledged pursuant to any financing documents.

8 Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 3. 9 security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or security interest, any such assessments, market 10 equalization or other surcharges, or other rights, revenues, 11 12 or other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, after the commencement of and during the pendency of, or 13 14 after, any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such 15 proceeding. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 16 documents" means any agreement or agreements, instrument or 17 instruments, or other document or documents now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness 18 19 of the corporation association or pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 20 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 21 corporation association are pledged or sold to secure the 22 23 repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the 24 payment of any other obligation or financial product, as 25 26 defined in the plan of operation of the corporation association related to such bonds or indebtedness. 27 4. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 28 29 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the corporation

29 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the <u>corporation</u> 30 association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or 31 sale, as the case may be, that is immediately effective and

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attaches to such assessments, revenues, or contract rights or 1 other rights or assets, whether or not imposed or collected at 2 3 the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale 4 is effective, valid, binding, and enforceable against the 5 corporation association or other entity making such pledge or 6 sale, and valid and binding against and superior to any 7 competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, asserting 8 9 rights in any such assessments, revenues, or contract rights or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in 10 accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in 11 12 the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such 13 person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without 14 the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or other action. 15

16 (n)1. The following records of the <u>corporation</u> 17 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 18 Association are confidential and exempt from the provisions of 19 s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:

a. Underwriting files, except that a policyholder or
an applicant shall have access to his or her own underwriting
files.

23 b. Claims files, until termination of all litigation and settlement of all claims arising out of the same incident, 24 although portions of the claims files may remain exempt, as 25 26 otherwise provided by law. Confidential and exempt claims file 27 records may be released to other governmental agencies upon written request and demonstration of need; such records held 28 29 by the receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as provided for herein. 30

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c. Records obtained or generated by an internal 1 2 auditor pursuant to a routine audit, until the audit is 3 completed, or if the audit is conducted as part of an 4 investigation, until the investigation is closed or ceases to 5 be active. An investigation is considered "active" while the 6 investigation is being conducted with a reasonable, good faith 7 belief that it could lead to the filing of administrative, 8 civil, or criminal proceedings. 9 d. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-client communications. 10 e. Proprietary information licensed to the corporation 11 12 association under contract and the contract provides for the confidentiality of such proprietary information. 13 14 f. All information relating to the medical condition 15 or medical status of a corporation an association employee which is not relevant to the employee's capacity to perform 16 17 his or her duties, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Information which is exempt shall include, but is 18 19 not limited to, information relating to workers' compensation, insurance benefits, and retirement or disability benefits. 20 21 g. Upon an employee's entrance into the employee 22 assistance program, a program to assist any employee who has a behavioral or medical disorder, substance abuse problem, or 23 emotional difficulty which affects the employee's job 24 performance, all records relative to that participation shall 25 26 be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as 27 otherwise provided in s. 112.0455(11). 28 29 Information relating to negotiations for financing, h. reinsurance, depopulation, or contractual services, until the 30 conclusion of the negotiations. 31 65

Minutes of closed meetings regarding underwriting 1 i. 2 files, and minutes of closed meetings regarding an open claims 3 file until termination of all litigation and settlement of all 4 claims with regard to that claim, except that information otherwise confidential or exempt by law will be redacted. 5 6 7 When an authorized insurer is considering underwriting a risk 8 insured by the corporation association, relevant underwriting 9 files and confidential claims files may be released to the insurer provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized and 10 under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. 11 When a file is transferred to an insurer that file is no 12 longer a public record because it is not held by an agency 13 14 subject to the provisions of the public records law. 15 Underwriting files and confidential claims files may also be released to staff of and the board of governors of the market 16 17 assistance plan established pursuant to s. 627.3515, who must retain the confidentiality of such files, except such files 18 19 may be released to authorized insurers that are considering assuming the risks to which the files apply, provided the 20 insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under oath, to 21 22 maintain the confidentiality of such files. Finally, the 23 corporation association or the board or staff of the market assistance plan may make the following information obtained 24 from underwriting files and confidential claims files 25 26 available to licensed general lines insurance agents: name, address, and telephone number of the residential property 27 owner or insured; location of the risk; rating information; 28 29 loss history; and policy type. The receiving licensed general lines insurance agent must retain the confidentiality of the 30 information received. 31

2. Portions of meetings of the corporation Residential 1 2 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I 3 4 of the State Constitution wherein confidential underwriting 5 files or confidential open claims files are discussed. All 6 portions of corporation association meetings which are closed 7 to the public shall be recorded by a court reporter. The 8 court reporter shall record the times of commencement and 9 termination of the meeting, all discussion and proceedings, the names of all persons present at any time, and the names of 10 all persons speaking. No portion of any closed meeting shall 11 12 be off the record. Subject to the provisions hereof and s. 119.07(2)(a), the court reporter's notes of any closed meeting 13 14 shall be retained by the corporation association for a minimum 15 of 5 years. A copy of the transcript, less any exempt matters, of any closed meeting wherein claims are discussed shall 16 17 become public as to individual claims after settlement of the 18 claim. 19 (o) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 20 amendments to this subsection enacted in 2002 should, over 21 time, reduce the probable maximum windstorm losses in the 22 residual markets and should reduce the potential assessments 23 to be levied on property insurers and policyholders statewide. In furtherance of this intent: 24 25 1. The board shall, on or before February 1 of each 26 year, provide a report to the President of the Senate and the 27 Speaker of the House of Representatives showing the reduction 28 or increase in the 100-year probable maximum loss attributable 29 to wind-only coverages and the quota share program under this 30 subsection combined, as compared to the benchmark 100-year probable maximum loss of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 31 67

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Association. For purposes of this paragraph, the benchmark 1 100-year probable maximum loss of the Florida Windstorm 2 3 Underwriting Association shall be the calculation dated 4 February 2001 and based on November 30, 2000, exposures. In 5 order to ensure comparability of data, the board shall use the 6 same methods for calculating its probable maximum loss as were 7 used to calculate the benchmark probable maximum loss. 8 2. Beginning February 1, 2007, if the report under 9 subparagraph 1. for any year indicates that the 100-year probable maximum loss attributable to wind-only coverages and 10 the quota share program combined does not reflect a reduction 11 12 of at least 25 percent from the benchmark, the board shall reduce the boundaries of the high-risk area eligible for 13 14 wind-only coverages under this subsection in a manner 15 calculated to reduce such probable maximum loss to an amount at least 25 percent below the benchmark. 16 17 3. Beginning February 1, 2012, if the report under subparagraph 1. for any year indicates that the 100-year 18 19 probable maximum loss attributable to wind-only coverages and 20 the quota share program combined does not reflect a reduction of at least 50 percent from the benchmark, the boundaries of 21 the high-risk area eligible for wind-only coverages under this 22 23 subsection shall be reduced by the elimination of any area that is not seaward of a line 1,000 feet inland from the 24 25 Intracoastal Waterway. 26 (p) In enacting the provisions of this section, the 27 Legislature recognizes that both the Florida Windstorm 28 Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and 29 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association have entered into financing arrangements that obligate each entity to service 30 31 its debts and maintain the capacity to repay funds secured 68

under these financing arrangements. It is the intent of the 1 Legislature that nothing in this section be construed to 2 3 compromise, diminish, or interfere with the rights of 4 creditors under such financing arrangements. It is further the 5 intent of the Legislature to preserve the obligations of the 6 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential 7 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association with 8 regard to outstanding financing arrangements, with such obligations passing entirely and unchanged to the corporation 9 and, specifically, to the applicable account of the 10 corporation. So long as any bonds, notes, indebtedness, or 11 12 other financing obligations of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or the Residential Property and 13 14 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, under 15 the terms of the financing documents pertaining to them, the governing board of the corporation shall have and shall 16 17 exercise the authority to levy, charge, collect, and receive all premiums, assessments, surcharges, charges, revenues and 18 19 receipts that the associations had authority to levy, charge, 20 collect, or receive under the provisions of subsection (2) and 21 subsection (6), respectively, as they existed on January 1, 2002, to the extent necessary to provide moneys, together with 22 23 other available moneys of the corporation in the applicable account without exercise of the authority provided by this 24 25 paragraph, in at least the amounts, and by the times, as would 26 be provided under those former provisions of subsection (2) or subsection (6), respectively, so that the value, amount, and 27 28 collectability of any assets, revenues, or revenue source 29 pledged or committed to, or any lien thereon securing such outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 30 obligations will not be diminished, impaired, or adversely 31 69

affected by the amendments made by this act and to permit 1 2 compliance with all provisions of financing documents 3 pertaining to such bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other 4 financing obligations, or the security or credit enhancement 5 for them, and any reference in this subsection to bonds, 6 notes, indebtedness, financing obligations, or similar 7 obligations, of the corporation shall include like instruments 8 or contracts of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 9 and the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the extent not inconsistent with the provisions 10 of the financing documents pertaining to them. 11 12 (q) Effective January 7, 2003, any reference in this 13 subsection to the Treasurer shall be deemed to be a reference 14 to the Chief Financial Officer and any reference to the Department of Insurance shall be deemed to be a reference to 15 the Department of Insurance and Financial Services or other 16 17 successor to the Department of Insurance specified by law. (r) The corporation shall not require the securing of 18 19 flood insurance as a condition of coverage if the insured or 20 applicant executes a form approved by the department affirming 21 that flood insurance is not provided by the corporation and that if flood insurance is not secured by the applicant or 22 23 insured in addition to coverage by the corporation, the risk will not be covered for flood damage. A corporation 24 policyholder electing not to secure flood insurance and 25 executing a form as provided herein making a clam for water 26 27 damage against the corporation shall have the burden of 28 proving the damage was not caused by flooding. Notwithstanding 29 other provisions of this subsection, the corporation may deny coverage to an applicant or insured who refuses to execute the 30 form described herein. 31 70

Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 627.3511, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 627.3511 Depopulation of Residential Property and 4 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association .--5 (4) AGENT BONUS. -- When the Residential Property and 6 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association enters into a 7 contractual agreement for a take-out plan that provides a bonus to the insurer, the producing agent of record of the 8 9 association policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on such policy, and the insurer shall either: 10 (a) Pay to the producing agent of record of the 11 12 association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of equal to the insurer's usual and customary 13 14 commission for the type of policy written of a fee equal to the if the term of the association policy was in excess of 6 15 months, or one-half of such usual and customary commission if 16 the term of the association policy was 6 months or less; or 17 18 (b) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 19 the association policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the 20 21 greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and 22 customary commission for the type of policy written. 23 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 24 25 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 26 with paragraph (a). The insurer need not take any further 27 action if the offer is rejected. This subsection does not apply to any reciprocal interinsurance exchange, nonprofit 28 29 federation, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such organization. This subsection does not apply if the agent is 30 also the agent of record on the new coverage. The requirement 31 71

of this subsection that the producing agent of record is 1 entitled to retain the unearned commission on an association 2 policy does not apply to a policy for which coverage has been 3 4 provided in the association for 30 days or less or for which a 5 cancellation notice has been issued pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(c)11. during the first 30 days of coverage. 6 7 Section 5. Section 627.3517, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 9 627.3517 Consumer choice.--No provision of s. 627.351, s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515 shall be construed to impair the 10 right of any insurance risk apportionment plan policyholder, 11 12 upon receipt of any keepout or takeout offer, to retain his or 13 her current agent so long as that agent is duly licensed and 14 appointed by the insurance risk apportionment plan or 15 otherwise authorized to place business with the insurance risk 16 apportionment plan. This right shall not be cancelled, 17 suspended, impeded, abridged, or otherwise compromised by any rule, plan of operation, or depopulation plan, whether through 18 19 keepout, takeout, midterm assumption, or any other means, or 20 any insurance risk apportionment plan or depopulation plan, including, but not limited to, those described in s. 627.351, 21 s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515. The department shall adopt any 22 23 rules necessary to cause any insurance risk apportionment plan or market assistance plan under such sections to demonstrate 24 that the operations of the plan do not interfere with, 25 26 promote, or allow interference with the rights created under 27 this section. If the policyholder's current agent is unable or unwilling to be appointed with the insurer making the takeout 28 29 or keepout offer, the policyholder shall not be disqualified from participation in the appropriate insurance risk 30 apportionment plan because of an offer of coverage in the 31 72

1	voluntary market. Any rule, plan of operation, or plan of
2	depopulation, through keepout, takeout, midterm assumption, or
3	any other means, of any property insurance risk apportionment
4	plan under s. 627.351(2) or s. 627.351(6) is subject to ss.
5	627.351(2)(b) and (6)(c) and 627.3511(4).
6	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.
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COD	<b>DING:</b> Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.