By Senator Cowin

11-1403-02 See HB 1259

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to pupil progression; amending s. 232.245, F.S.; requiring student retention when certain documented academic deficiencies have not been corrected; revising criteria for student retention based on reading deficiency in the elementary school grades; deleting an exemption; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 232.245, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

232.245 Pupil progression; remedial instruction; reporting requirements.--

assessment tests required by s. 229.57. Each student who does not meet specific levels of performance as determined by the district school board in reading, writing, science, and mathematics for each grade level, or who does not meet specific levels of performance, determined by the Commissioner of Education, on statewide assessments at selected grade levels, must be provided with additional diagnostic assessments to determine the nature of the student's difficulty and areas of academic need. The school in which the student is enrolled must develop, in consultation with the student's parent or legal guardian, and must implement an academic improvement plan designed to assist the student in meeting state and district expectations for proficiency. Each plan must include the provision of intensive remedial

instruction in the areas of weakness. Remedial instruction

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

provided during high school may not be in lieu of English and mathematics credits required for graduation. Upon subsequent evaluation, if the documented deficiency has not been corrected in accordance with the academic improvement plan, the student shall may be retained. Each student who does not meet the minimum performance expectations defined by the Commissioner of Education for the statewide assessment tests in reading, writing, science, and mathematics must continue remedial or supplemental instruction until the expectations are met or the student graduates from high school or is not subject to compulsory school attendance.

(4) Any student who exhibits substantial deficiency in reading skills, based on locally determined assessments conducted before the end of grade 1 or 2, or based on teacher recommendation, must be given intensive reading instruction immediately following the identification of the reading deficiency. The student's reading proficiency must be reassessed by locally determined assessment or based on teacher recommendation at the beginning of the grade following the intensive reading instruction, and the student must continue to be given intensive reading instruction until the reading deficiency is remedied. If the student's reading deficiency, as determined by the locally determined assessment at grades 1 and 2, or by the statewide assessment at grade 3, is not remedied by the end of grade 3 as demonstrated by scoring at level 2 or higher 4, and if the student scores below the specific level of performance on the statewide assessment test in reading for grade 3, the student must be retained. The local school board may exempt a student from mandatory retention for good cause.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.

1	*********
2	HOUSE SUMMARY
3	Povigog provigions relating to student retention based on
4	Revises provisions relating to student retention based on academic performance.
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	