40-1444A-02

Senate Resolution No.

A resolution expressing the concern of the Florida Senate that one of the least understood and riskiest, most lethal, and crime-inducing settings for teenage alcohol and drug use, and possibly related youth violence, is the motor vehicle.

WHEREAS, teenagers with their ready access to motor vehicles have become increasingly mobile, adding a fluid dynamic to the manner in which teenagers use alcohol and illegal drugs, and

WHEREAS, alcohol and drug abuse by teenagers has not significantly declined in the past several years and remains unacceptably high, possibly, for certain groups, increasing in incidence and shifting to riskier settings, and

WHEREAS, 2,238 fifteen-to-twenty-year-old individuals were killed in alcohol-related traffic fatalities in 1999 across America, including 114 in Florida, and

WHEREAS, the Aluminum Anonymous Project surveyed 575 miles of Florida roadside from Marianna to Tallahassee to Live Oak to Gainesville to Tavares to Eustis to Palatka to Jacksonville to the Georgia State Line in November, 1998, for the discard rate of alcohol beverage containers, finding an average of 1,150 beer cans or beer bottles per mile of road annually, and followed up with 45 interviews of professionals working with teens and adults in alcohol and drug settings, who collectively estimated that 50 percent of the discarded alcohol containers were coming from teenagers, and

WHEREAS, state legislatures in New Mexico, Montana, Rhode Island, and South Dakota have passed similar resolutions

in 2001 and 2002 and, in several other states, legislators have introduced -- or plan to introduce such resolutions for the 2002 session, and

WHEREAS, the January 2001 report of the National Center on Substance Abuse and Addiction states that only 4 percent of the \$3,152 million that Florida spends annually on substance abuse problems is used for prevention and treatment, while the remaining 96 percent goes for cleaning up the wreckage caused by substance abuse and addiction, and

WHEREAS, the January 2001 "Report of the United States Surgeon General on Youth Violence, " notes that although youth violence may have peaked, it will remain a major problem, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of Florida:

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That the Department of Health, in corporation with the Departments of Transportation and Education, shall study the problem of teenage in-vehicle drinking and related drug use by assembling and determining what is known and not known about this behavior; its causes, prevalence and incidence; assessing the effectiveness of present policies, programs and evaluation techniques; and gauging the adequacy of interagency collaboration, including data sharing, program development, and cross-training, etc., in meeting the challenges of this problem.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the departments report to the Legislature, if necessary, with a recommended plan of action, encompassing policy and programs, which would more comprehensively incorporate teenage in-vehicle drinking and 31 related drug use into the scope of Florida's substance abuse

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and youth violence prevention strategies. Such a report should
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    concentrate on ways of modifying and reforming present
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    policies and programs rather than creating new programs.
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