Florida House of Representatives - 2002 By Representative Gibson

A bill to be entitled 1 An act relating to educational benefits for 2 children of slain law enforcement officers and 3 firefighters; amending ss. 112.19, 112.191, 4 5 F.S.; providing for graduate or postbaccalaureate educational expenses to be 6 7 waived for children of officers or firefighters killed in the line of duty; providing for the 8 9 waiver to apply to a state resident who attends a state institution as a full-time or part-time 10 11 student until a specified age; providing an 12 effective date. 13 14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 15 16 Section 1. Section 112.19, Florida Statutes, is 17 amended to read: 112.19 Law enforcement, correctional, and correctional 18 19 probation officers; death benefits.--(1) Whenever used in this section, the term: 20 "Employer" means a state board, commission, 21 (a) 22 department, division, bureau, or agency, or a county, 23 municipality, or other political subdivision of the state, which employs, appoints, or otherwise engages the services of 24 25 law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation 26 officers. "Law enforcement, correctional, or correctional 27 (b) probation officer" means any officer as defined in s. 28 29 943.10(14) or employee of the state or any political subdivision of the state, including any law enforcement 30 officer, correctional officer, correctional probation officer, 31 1

state attorney investigator, or public defender investigator, 1 2 whose duties require such officer or employee to investigate, 3 pursue, apprehend, arrest, transport, or maintain custody of persons who are charged with, suspected of committing, or 4 5 convicted of a crime; and the term includes any member of a bomb disposal unit whose primary responsibility is the 6 7 location, handling, and disposal of explosive devices. The 8 term also includes any full-time officer or employee of the 9 state or any political subdivision of the state, certified 10 pursuant to chapter 943, whose duties require such officer to 11 serve process or to attend terms of circuit or county court as 12 bailiff.

13 (c) "Insurance" means insurance procured from a stock 14 company or mutual company or association or exchange 15 authorized to do business as an insurer in this state.

16 (d) "Fresh pursuit" means the pursuit of a person who 17 has committed or is reasonably suspected of having committed a 18 felony, misdemeanor, traffic infraction, or violation of a 19 county or municipal ordinance. The term does not imply 20 instant pursuit, but pursuit without unreasonable delay.

(2)(a) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as provided in 21 22 this section when a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer, while engaged in the 23 performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is 24 accidentally killed or receives accidental bodily injury which 25 26 results in the loss of the officer's life, provided that such 27 killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily 28 injury is not intentionally self-inflicted. 29 (b) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as provided in

30 this section if a law enforcement, correctional, or

31 correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as

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specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result of the officer's response to fresh pursuit or to the officer's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency. This sum is in addition to any sum provided for in paragraph (a).

6 (c) If a law enforcement, correctional, or 7 correctional probation officer, while engaged in the 8 performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is 9 unlawfully and intentionally killed or dies as a result of 10 such unlawful and intentional act, the sum of \$75,000 shall be 11 paid as provided in this section.

12 (d) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of 13 paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), whether secured by insurance or 14 not, shall be made to the beneficiary designated by such law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer 15 16 in writing, signed by the officer and delivered to the employer during the officer's lifetime. If no such 17 designation is made, then it shall be paid to the officer's 18 19 surviving child or children and spouse in equal portions, and 20 if there is no surviving child or spouse, then to the 21 officer's parent or parents. If a beneficiary is not 22 designated and there is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, then it shall be paid to the officer's estate. 23

(e) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of
paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), are in addition to any workers'
compensation or pension benefits and are exempt from the
claims and demands of creditors of such law enforcement,
correctional, or correctional probation officer.

(f) If a full-time law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer who is employed by a state agency is killed in the line of duty as a result of an act of

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violence inflicted by another person while the officer is 1 2 engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties or as a 3 result of an assault against the officer under riot conditions, the sum of \$1,000 shall be paid, as provided for 4 5 in paragraph (d), toward the funeral and burial expenses of б such officer. Such benefits are in addition to any other 7 benefits which employee beneficiaries and dependents are 8 entitled to under the provisions of the Workers' Compensation 9 Law or any other state or federal statutes.

10 (q) Any political subdivision of the state that 11 employs a full-time law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10(1) or a full-time correctional officer as defined in s. 12 13 943.10(2) who is killed in the line of duty on or after July 14 1, 1993, as a result of an act of violence inflicted by another person while the officer is engaged in the performance 15 16 of law enforcement duties or as a result of an assault against the officer under riot conditions shall pay the entire premium 17 of the political subdivision's health insurance plan for the 18 19 employee's surviving spouse until remarried, and for each 20 dependent child of the employee until the child reaches the 21 age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which 22 the child reaches the age of 25 if:

1. At the time of the employee's death, the child isdependent upon the employee for support; and

25 2. The surviving child continues to be dependent for
26 support, or the surviving child is a full-time or part-time
27 student and is dependent for support.

(h)1. Any employer who employs a full-time law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic injury, as defined in s. 440.02(37), in the line of duty shall

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pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan 1 for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and 2 3 for each dependent child of the injured employee until the child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the 4 5 calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is a 6 7 full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. 8 The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental 9 benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 10 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 11 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 12 13 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 14 However:

a. Health insurance benefits payable from any othersource shall reduce benefits payable under this section.

It is unlawful for a person to willfully and 17 b. knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire 18 with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, 19 20 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain 21 health insurance coverage as provided under this paragraph. A 22 person who violates this sub-subparagraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 23 775.082 or s. 775.083. 24

c. In addition to any applicable criminal penalty,upon conviction for a violation as described in

27 sub-subparagraph b., a law enforcement, correctional, or

28 correctional probation officer or other beneficiary who

29 receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under

30 this paragraph shall forfeit the right to receive such health

31 insurance benefits, and shall reimburse the employer for all

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benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity.
 For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, "conviction" means a
 determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial,
 regardless of whether adjudication is withheld.

5 2. In order for the officer, spouse, and dependent б children to be eligible for such insurance coverage, the 7 injury must have occurred as the result of the officer's 8 response to fresh pursuit, the officer's response to what is 9 reasonably believed to be an emergency, or an unlawful act perpetrated by another. Except as otherwise provided herein, 10 11 nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit health 12 insurance coverage for which the officer, spouse, or dependent 13 children may otherwise be eligible, except that a person who 14 qualifies under this section shall not be eligible for the health insurance subsidy provided under chapter 121, chapter 15 16 175, or chapter 185.

17 (i) The Bureau of Crime Prevention and Training within
18 the Department of Legal Affairs shall adopt rules necessary to
19 implement paragraphs (a), (b), and (c).

20 (3) If a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as 21 22 specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, or unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph 23 24 (2)(c) on or after July 1, 1980, the state shall waive certain 25 educational expenses that which children of the deceased 26 officer incur while obtaining a vocational-technical 27 certificate, or an undergraduate education, or a graduate or 28 postbaccalaureate professional degree. The amount waived by 29 the state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition, and matriculation, and other statutorily authorized registration 30 31 fees for a total of 120 credit hours for a

vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate 1 2 education. For a child pursuing a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree, the amount waived shall 3 equal the cost of tuition, matriculation, and other 4 5 statutorily authorized fees incurred while the child continues 6 to fulfill the professional requirements associated with the 7 graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree program, and 8 eligibility continues until the child's 29th birthday. The child may attend a state vocational-technical school, a state 9 community college, or a state university. The child may 10 11 attend any or all of the institutions specified in this 12 subsection, on either a full-time or part-time basis. For a 13 child pursuing a vocational-technical certificate or an 14 undergraduate education, the benefits provided under this subsection shall continue to the child until the child's 25th 15 16 birthday. To be eligible for the benefits provided under this 17 subsection for enrollment in a postbaccalaureate or professional degree program, the child must be a state 18 19 resident, as defined in s. 240.1201, at the time of 20 enrollment. (a) Upon failure of any child benefited by the 21 provisions of this section to comply with the ordinary and 22 minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to 23 discipline and scholarship, the benefits shall be withdrawn as 24 to the child and no further moneys may be expended for the 25 child's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency 26 27 continues. 28 (b) Only a student in good standing in his or her 29 respective institution may receive the benefits thereof. 30 31

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(c) A child receiving benefits under this section must
 be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements
 of the institution attended.

4 (4)(a) The employer of such law enforcement, 5 correctional, or correctional probation officer is liable for the payment of the sums specified in this section and is 6 7 deemed self-insured, unless it procures and maintains, or has 8 already procured and maintained, insurance to secure such payments. Any such insurance may cover only the risks 9 indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in this 10 11 section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks and may be in larger amounts. Any such insurance shall be placed 12 13 by such employer only after public bid of such insurance 14 coverage which coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making 15 the lowest best bid.

(b) Payment of benefits to beneficiaries of state employees, or of the premiums to cover the risk, under the provisions of this section shall be paid from existing funds otherwise appropriated to the department employing the law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officers.

(5) The Department of Education shall adopt rules and
procedures as are necessary to implement the educational
benefits provisions of this section.

(6) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the death benefits provided in paragraphs (2)(c) and (g) shall also be applicable and paid in cases where an officer received bodily injury prior to July 1, 1993, and subsequently died on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of such in-line-of-duty injury attributable to an unlawful and intentional act, or an act of violence inflicted by another, or an assault on the officer under riot conditions. Payment

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this section. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to limit death benefits for which those individuals listed in paragraph (2)(d) may otherwise be eligible. Section 2. Section 112.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 112.191 Firefighters; death benefits.--(1) Whenever used in this act: The term "employer" means a state board, (a) commission, department, division, bureau or agency, or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. (b) The term "firefighter" means any full-time duly employed uniformed firefighter employed by an employer, whose primary duty is the prevention and extinguishing of fires, the protection of life and property therefrom, the enforcement of municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as

of such benefits shall be in accordance with provisions of

18 the enforcement of any law pertaining to the prevention and 19 control of fires, who is certified pursuant to s. 633.35, and 20 who is a member of a duly constituted fire department of such 21 employer or who is a volunteer firefighter.

(c) The term "insurance" means insurance procured from a stock company or mutual company or association or exchange authorized to do business as an insurer in this state.

(2)(a) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as hereinafter provided when a firefighter, while engaged in the performance of his or her firefighter duties, is accidentally killed or receives accidental bodily injury which subsequently results in the loss of the firefighter's life, provided that such killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily injury is not intentionally self-inflicted.

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(b) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as hereinafter provided if a firefighter is accidentally killed as specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result of the firefighter's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency involving the protection of life or property. This sum shall be in addition to any sum provided for in paragraph (a).

8 (c) If a firefighter, while engaged in the performance 9 of his or her firefighter duties, is unlawfully and 10 intentionally killed, dies as a result of a fire which has 11 been determined to have been caused by an act of arson, or 12 subsequently dies as a result of injuries sustained therefrom, 13 the sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as hereinafter provided.

14 (d) Such payments, pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), whether secured by insurance or not, shall be made to 15 16 the beneficiary designated by such firefighter in writing, signed by the firefighter and delivered to the employer during 17 the firefighter's lifetime. If no such designation is made, 18 19 then it shall be paid to the firefighter's surviving child or 20 children and spouse in equal portions, and if there be no 21 surviving child or spouse, then to the firefighter's parent or 22 parents. If a beneficiary designation is not made and there is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, then it shall be 23 paid to the firefighter's estate. 24

(e) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), shall be in addition to any workers' compensation or pension benefits and shall be exempt from the claims and demands of creditors of such firefighter. (f) Any political subdivision of the state that employs a full-time firefighter who is killed in the line of duty on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of an act of

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student and is dependent for support.

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violence inflicted by another person while the firefighter is 1 2 engaged in the performance of firefighter duties, as a result 3 of a fire which has been determined to have been caused by an act of arson, or as a result of an assault against the 4 5 firefighter under riot conditions shall pay the entire premium б of the political subdivision's health insurance plan for the 7 employee's surviving spouse until remarried, and for each 8 dependent child of the employee until the child reaches the 9 age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if: 10 11 1. At the time of the employee's death, the child is 12 dependent upon the employee for support; and 13 2. The surviving child continues to be dependent for 14 support, or the surviving child is a full-time or part-time

16 (q)1. Any employer who employs a full-time firefighter who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic 17 injury, as defined in s. 440.02(37), in the line of duty shall 18 pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan 19 20 for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and for each dependent child of the injured employee until the 21 22 child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the 23 child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is a 24 full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. 25 26 The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental 27 benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 28 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 29 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 30 31

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1 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph.
2 However:

a. Health insurance benefits payable from any othersource shall reduce benefits payable under this section.

5 b. It is unlawful for a person to willfully and б knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire 7 with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, 8 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain 9 health insurance coverage as provided under this paragraph. A person who violates this sub-subparagraph commits a 10 11 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 12 775.082 or s. 775.083.

13 с. In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, 14 upon conviction for a violation as described in sub-subparagraph b., a firefighter or other beneficiary who 15 16 receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under this paragraph shall forfeit the right to receive such health 17 insurance benefits, and shall reimburse the employer for all 18 19 benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity. 20 For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, "conviction" means a 21 determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, 22 regardless of whether adjudication is withheld.

In order for the firefighter, spouse, and dependent 23 2. children to be eligible for such insurance coverage, the 24 25 injury must have occurred as the result of the firefighter's 26 response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency 27 involving the protection of life or property, or an unlawful 28 act perpetrated by another. Except as otherwise provided herein, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit 29 health insurance coverage for which the firefighter, spouse, 30 31 or dependent children may otherwise be eligible, except that a

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person who qualifies for benefits under this section shall not 1 2 be eligible for the health insurance subsidy provided under 3 chapter 121, chapter 175, or chapter 185. 4 5 Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, 6 the death benefits provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (f) 7 shall also be applicable and paid in cases where a firefighter 8 received bodily injury prior to July 1, 1993, and subsequently died on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of such 9 10 in-line-of-duty injury. (h) The Division of the State Fire Marshal within the 11 12 Department of Insurance is directed to promulgate rules as are 13 necessary to implement the provisions of this section. 14 (3) If a firefighter is accidentally killed as specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, or 15 16 unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph (2)(c), on or after July 1, 1980, the state shall waive 17 certain educational expenses that which children of the 18 19 deceased firefighter incur while obtaining a 20 vocational-technical certificate, or an undergraduate 21 education, or a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional 22 degree. The amount waived by the state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition, and matriculation, and other 23 statutorily authorized registration fees for a total of 120 24 credit hours for a vocational-technical certificate or an 25 26 undergraduate education. For a child pursuing a graduate or

27 postbaccalaureate professional degree, the amount waived shall

28 equal the cost of tuition, matriculation, and other

29 statutorily authorized fees incurred while the child continues

- 30 to fulfill the professional requirements associated with the
- 31 graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree program, and

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eligibility continues until the child's 29th birthday. The 1 2 child may attend a state vocational-technical school, a state 3 community college, or a state university. The child may attend any or all of the institutions specified in this 4 5 subsection, on either a full-time or part-time basis. For a б child pursuing a vocational-technical certificate or an 7 undergraduate education, the benefits provided under this 8 subsection shall continue to such a child until the child's 9 25th birthday. To be eligible for the benefits provided under this subsection for enrollment in a postbaccalaureate or 10 11 professional degree program, the child must be a state 12 resident, as defined in s. 240.1201, at the time of 13 enrollment. 14 (a) Upon failure of any child benefited by the provisions of this section to comply with the ordinary and 15 16 minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to discipline and scholarship, the benefits thereof shall be 17 withdrawn as to the child and no further moneys expended for 18 19 the child's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency 20 continues. (b) Only students in good standing in their respective 21 institutions shall receive the benefits thereof. 22

23 (c) All children receiving benefits under this section 24 shall be enrolled according to the customary rules and 25 requirements of the institution attended.

(4)(a) The employer of such firefighter shall be liable for the payment of said sums specified in this section and shall be deemed self-insured, unless it procures and maintains, or has already procured and maintained, insurance to secure such payments. Any such insurance may cover only the risks indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in

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this section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks and may be in larger amounts. Any such insurance shall be placed by such employer only after public bid of such insurance coverage which coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making the lowest best bid. (b) Payment of benefits to beneficiaries of state employees, or of the premiums to cover the risk, under the provisions of this section, shall be paid from existing funds otherwise appropriated for the department. (5) The Department of Education shall adopt is directed to promulgate rules and procedures as are necessary to implement the educational benefits provisions of this section. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. SENATE SUMMARY Provides for graduate-level fees and tuition to be waived for children of law enforcement officers or firefighters who are killed in the line of duty. Requires that the child be a state resident at the time of enrollment. Provides for the waiver to apply to expenses incurred at a state institution by a part-time or full-time student. Provides for eligibility to continue until the child's 29th birthday 29th birthday.