Florida House of Representatives - 2002

CS/HB 253

By the Council for Lifelong Learning and Representatives Gibson, Wiles, Mahon, Weissman, Justice, Heyman, Lerner, Hogan and Atwater

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to educational benefits for 3 children of slain law enforcement officers and firefighters; amending ss. 112.19 and 112.191, 4 F.S.; providing for graduate or 5 postbaccalaureate educational expenses to be 6 7 waived for children of officers or firefighters killed in the line of duty; providing for the 8 9 waiver to apply to a state resident who attends a state institution as a full-time or part-time 10 student until a specified age; providing an 11 effective date. 12 13 14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 15 Section 1. Section 112.19, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 112.19 Law enforcement, correctional, and correctional 18 19 probation officers; death benefits. --20 Whenever used in this section, the term: (1)"Employer" means a state board, commission, 21 (a) 2.2 department, division, bureau, or agency, or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state, 23 24 which employs, appoints, or otherwise engages the services of 25 law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officers. 26 (b) "Law enforcement, correctional, or correctional 27 probation officer" means any officer as defined in s. 28 29 943.10(14) or employee of the state or any political subdivision of the state, including any law enforcement 30 31 officer, correctional officer, correctional probation officer, 1

state attorney investigator, or public defender investigator, 1 2 whose duties require such officer or employee to investigate, 3 pursue, apprehend, arrest, transport, or maintain custody of persons who are charged with, suspected of committing, or 4 5 convicted of a crime; and the term includes any member of a bomb disposal unit whose primary responsibility is the 6 7 location, handling, and disposal of explosive devices. The 8 term also includes any full-time officer or employee of the 9 state or any political subdivision of the state, certified 10 pursuant to chapter 943, whose duties require such officer to 11 serve process or to attend terms of circuit or county court as 12 bailiff.

13 (c) "Insurance" means insurance procured from a stock
14 company or mutual company or association or exchange
15 authorized to do business as an insurer in this state.

16 (d) "Fresh pursuit" means the pursuit of a person who 17 has committed or is reasonably suspected of having committed a 18 felony, misdemeanor, traffic infraction, or violation of a 19 county or municipal ordinance. The term does not imply 20 instant pursuit, but pursuit without unreasonable delay.

(2)(a) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as provided in 21 22 this section when a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer, while engaged in the 23 performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is 24 accidentally killed or receives accidental bodily injury which 25 26 results in the loss of the officer's life, provided that such 27 killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily 28 injury is not intentionally self-inflicted. 29 (b) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as provided in

30 this section if a law enforcement, correctional, or

31 correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as

2

specified in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result of the officer's response to fresh pursuit or to the officer's response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency. This sum is in addition to any sum provided for in paragraph (a).

6 (c) If a law enforcement, correctional, or 7 correctional probation officer, while engaged in the 8 performance of the officer's law enforcement duties, is 9 unlawfully and intentionally killed or dies as a result of 10 such unlawful and intentional act, the sum of \$75,000 shall be 11 paid as provided in this section.

12 (d) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of 13 paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), whether secured by insurance or 14 not, shall be made to the beneficiary designated by such law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer 15 16 in writing, signed by the officer and delivered to the employer during the officer's lifetime. If no such 17 designation is made, then it shall be paid to the officer's 18 19 surviving child or children and spouse in equal portions, and 20 if there is no surviving child or spouse, then to the 21 officer's parent or parents. If a beneficiary is not 22 designated and there is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, then it shall be paid to the officer's estate. 23

(e) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of
paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), are in addition to any workers'
compensation or pension benefits and are exempt from the
claims and demands of creditors of such law enforcement,
correctional, or correctional probation officer.

(f) If a full-time law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer who is employed by a state agency is killed in the line of duty as a result of an act of

3

violence inflicted by another person while the officer is 1 2 engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties or as a 3 result of an assault against the officer under riot conditions, the sum of \$1,000 shall be paid, as provided for 4 5 in paragraph (d), toward the funeral and burial expenses of б such officer. Such benefits are in addition to any other 7 benefits which employee beneficiaries and dependents are 8 entitled to under the provisions of the Workers' Compensation 9 Law or any other state or federal statutes. 10 (q) Any political subdivision of the state that 11 employs a full-time law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10(1) or a full-time correctional officer as defined in s. 12 13 943.10(2) who is killed in the line of duty on or after July

14 1, 1993, as a result of an act of violence inflicted by another person while the officer is engaged in the performance 15 16 of law enforcement duties or as a result of an assault against the officer under riot conditions shall pay the entire premium 17 of the political subdivision's health insurance plan for the 18 19 employee's surviving spouse until remarried, and for each 20 dependent child of the employee until the child reaches the 21 age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which 22 the child reaches the age of 25 if:

1. At the time of the employee's death, the child isdependent upon the employee for support; and

25 2. The surviving child continues to be dependent for
26 support, or the surviving child is a full-time or part-time
27 student and is dependent for support.

(h)1. Any employer who employs a full-time law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic injury, as defined in s. 440.02(37), in the line of duty shall

4

CS/HB 253

Florida House of Representatives - 2002 400-130-02

pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan 1 for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and 2 3 for each dependent child of the injured employee until the child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the 4 5 calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is a 6 7 full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. 8 The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental 9 benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 10 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 11 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 12 13 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 14 However:

a. Health insurance benefits payable from any othersource shall reduce benefits payable under this section.

It is unlawful for a person to willfully and 17 b. knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire 18 with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, 19 20 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain 21 health insurance coverage as provided under this paragraph. A 22 person who violates this sub-subparagraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 23 775.082 or s. 775.083. 24

25 c. In addition to any applicable criminal penalty,26 upon conviction for a violation as described in

27 sub-subparagraph b., a law enforcement, correctional, or

28 correctional probation officer or other beneficiary who

29 receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under

30 this paragraph shall forfeit the right to receive such health

31 insurance benefits, and shall reimburse the employer for all

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benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity.
 For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, "conviction" means a
 determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial,
 regardless of whether adjudication is withheld.

5 2. In order for the officer, spouse, and dependent б children to be eligible for such insurance coverage, the 7 injury must have occurred as the result of the officer's 8 response to fresh pursuit, the officer's response to what is 9 reasonably believed to be an emergency, or an unlawful act perpetrated by another. Except as otherwise provided herein, 10 11 nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit health 12 insurance coverage for which the officer, spouse, or dependent 13 children may otherwise be eligible, except that a person who 14 qualifies under this section shall not be eligible for the health insurance subsidy provided under chapter 121, chapter 15 16 175, or chapter 185.

17 (i) The Bureau of Crime Prevention and Training within
18 the Department of Legal Affairs shall adopt rules necessary to
19 implement paragraphs (a), (b), and (c).

20 (3) If a law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer is accidentally killed as 21 22 specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, or unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph 23 24 (2)(c) on or after July 1, 1980, the state shall waive certain 25 educational expenses that which children of the deceased 26 officer incur while obtaining a vocational-technical 27 certificate, or an undergraduate education, or a graduate or 28 postbaccalaureate professional degree. The amount waived by 29 the state shall be an amount equal to the cost of tuition, and matriculation, and other statutorily authorized registration 30 31 fees for a total of 120 credit hours for a

vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate 1 2 education. For a child pursuing a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree, the amount waived shall 3 equal the cost of matriculation and other statutorily 4 5 authorized fees incurred while the child continues to fulfill 6 the professional requirements associated with the graduate or 7 postbaccalaureate professional degree program, and eligibility 8 continues until the child's 29th birthday. The child may attend a state vocational-technical school, a state community 9 college, or a state university. The child may attend any or 10 11 all of the institutions specified in this subsection, on either a full-time or part-time basis. For a child pursuing a 12 13 vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate 14 education, the benefits provided under this subsection shall continue to the child until the child's 25th birthday. To be 15 16 eligible for the benefits provided under this subsection for enrollment in a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional 17 degree program, the child must be a state resident, as defined 18 19 in s. 240.1201, at the time of enrollment. (a) Upon failure of any child benefited by the 20 21 provisions of this section to comply with the ordinary and 22 minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to discipline and scholarship, the benefits shall be withdrawn as 23 to the child and no further moneys may be expended for the 24 child's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency 25 26 continues. 27 (b) Only a student in good standing in his or her 28 respective institution may receive the benefits thereof. 29 (c) A child receiving benefits under this section must be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements 30 31 of the institution attended.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

7

(4)(a) The employer of such law enforcement, 1 2 correctional, or correctional probation officer is liable for 3 the payment of the sums specified in this section and is deemed self-insured, unless it procures and maintains, or has 4 5 already procured and maintained, insurance to secure such payments. Any such insurance may cover only the risks 6 7 indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in this 8 section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks and 9 may be in larger amounts. Any such insurance shall be placed by such employer only after public bid of such insurance 10 11 coverage which coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making 12 the lowest best bid.

(b) Payment of benefits to beneficiaries of state employees, or of the premiums to cover the risk, under the provisions of this section shall be paid from existing funds otherwise appropriated to the department employing the law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officers.

18 (5) The Department of Education shall adopt rules and
19 procedures as are necessary to implement the educational
20 benefits provisions of this section.

(6) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to 21 22 the contrary, the death benefits provided in paragraphs (2)(c) and (g) shall also be applicable and paid in cases where an 23 officer received bodily injury prior to July 1, 1993, and 24 subsequently died on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of 25 26 such in-line-of-duty injury attributable to an unlawful and 27 intentional act, or an act of violence inflicted by another, 28 or an assault on the officer under riot conditions. Payment 29 of such benefits shall be in accordance with provisions of this section. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to 30 31

8

limit death benefits for which those individuals listed in 1 2 paragraph (2)(d) may otherwise be eligible. 3 Section 2. Section 112.191, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 112.191 Firefighters; death benefits.--(1) Whenever used in this act: 6 7 The term "employer" means a state board, (a) commission, department, division, bureau or agency, or a 8 9 county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the 10 state. 11 (b) The term "firefighter" means any full-time duly 12 employed uniformed firefighter employed by an employer, whose 13 primary duty is the prevention and extinguishing of fires, the 14 protection of life and property therefrom, the enforcement of municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as 15 16 the enforcement of any law pertaining to the prevention and control of fires, who is certified pursuant to s. 633.35, and 17 who is a member of a duly constituted fire department of such 18 employer or who is a volunteer firefighter. 19 20 (c) The term "insurance" means insurance procured from 21 a stock company or mutual company or association or exchange 22 authorized to do business as an insurer in this state. (2)(a) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as hereinafter 23 provided when a firefighter, while engaged in the performance 24 of his or her firefighter duties, is accidentally killed or 25 26 receives accidental bodily injury which subsequently results 27 in the loss of the firefighter's life, provided that such 28 killing is not the result of suicide and that such bodily 29 injury is not intentionally self-inflicted. (b) The sum of \$25,000 shall be paid as hereinafter 30 31 provided if a firefighter is accidentally killed as specified 9

1 in paragraph (a) and the accidental death occurs as a result 2 of the firefighter's response to what is reasonably believed 3 to be an emergency involving the protection of life or 4 property. This sum shall be in addition to any sum provided 5 for in paragraph (a).

6 (c) If a firefighter, while engaged in the performance 7 of his or her firefighter duties, is unlawfully and 8 intentionally killed, dies as a result of a fire which has 9 been determined to have been caused by an act of arson, or 10 subsequently dies as a result of injuries sustained therefrom, 11 the sum of \$75,000 shall be paid as hereinafter provided.

12 (d) Such payments, pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), 13 and (c), whether secured by insurance or not, shall be made to 14 the beneficiary designated by such firefighter in writing, signed by the firefighter and delivered to the employer during 15 16 the firefighter's lifetime. If no such designation is made, then it shall be paid to the firefighter's surviving child or 17 children and spouse in equal portions, and if there be no 18 19 surviving child or spouse, then to the firefighter's parent or 20 parents. If a beneficiary designation is not made and there 21 is no surviving child, spouse, or parent, then it shall be 22 paid to the firefighter's estate.

(e) Such payments, pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), shall be in addition to any workers' compensation or pension benefits and shall be exempt from the claims and demands of creditors of such firefighter. (f) Any political subdivision of the state that

28 employs a full-time firefighter who is killed in the line of 29 duty on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of an act of 30 violence inflicted by another person while the firefighter is 31 engaged in the performance of firefighter duties, as a result

10

of a fire which has been determined to have been caused by an 1 2 act of arson, or as a result of an assault against the 3 firefighter under riot conditions shall pay the entire premium of the political subdivision's health insurance plan for the 4 5 employee's surviving spouse until remarried, and for each б dependent child of the employee until the child reaches the 7 age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which 8 the child reaches the age of 25 if:

9 1. At the time of the employee's death, the child is10 dependent upon the employee for support; and

2. The surviving child continues to be dependent for
 support, or the surviving child is a full-time or part-time
 student and is dependent for support.

14 (g)1. Any employer who employs a full-time firefighter 15 who, on or after January 1, 1995, suffers a catastrophic injury, as defined in s. 440.02(37), in the line of duty shall 16 pay the entire premium of the employer's health insurance plan 17 for the injured employee, the injured employee's spouse, and 18 19 for each dependent child of the injured employee until the 20 child reaches the age of majority or until the end of the calendar year in which the child reaches the age of 25 if the 21 22 child continues to be dependent for support, or the child is a full-time or part-time student and is dependent for support. 23 The term "health insurance plan" does not include supplemental 24 25 benefits that are not part of the basic group health insurance 26 plan. If the injured employee subsequently dies, the employer 27 shall continue to pay the entire health insurance premium for 28 the surviving spouse until remarried, and for the dependent 29 children, under the conditions outlined in this paragraph. 30 However:

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1 Health insurance benefits payable from any other a. 2 source shall reduce benefits payable under this section. 3 b. It is unlawful for a person to willfully and 4 knowingly make, or cause to be made, or to assist, conspire 5 with, or urge another to make, or cause to be made, any false, б fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to obtain 7 health insurance coverage as provided under this paragraph. A 8 person who violates this sub-subparagraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 9 775.082 or s. 775.083. 10 11 c. In addition to any applicable criminal penalty, 12 upon conviction for a violation as described in 13 sub-subparagraph b., a firefighter or other beneficiary who 14 receives or seeks to receive health insurance benefits under this paragraph shall forfeit the right to receive such health 15 16 insurance benefits, and shall reimburse the employer for all benefits paid due to the fraud or other prohibited activity. 17 For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, "conviction" means a 18 19 determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, 20 regardless of whether adjudication is withheld. 21 2. In order for the firefighter, spouse, and dependent 22 children to be eligible for such insurance coverage, the injury must have occurred as the result of the firefighter's 23 response to what is reasonably believed to be an emergency 24 involving the protection of life or property, or an unlawful 25 26 act perpetrated by another. Except as otherwise provided 27 herein, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit 28 health insurance coverage for which the firefighter, spouse, 29 or dependent children may otherwise be eligible, except that a person who qualifies for benefits under this section shall not 30 31

12

be eligible for the health insurance subsidy provided under 1 2 chapter 121, chapter 175, or chapter 185. 3 4 Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, 5 the death benefits provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (f) 6 shall also be applicable and paid in cases where a firefighter 7 received bodily injury prior to July 1, 1993, and subsequently 8 died on or after July 1, 1993, as a result of such 9 in-line-of-duty injury. 10 (h) The Division of the State Fire Marshal within the 11 Department of Insurance is directed to promulgate rules as are 12 necessary to implement the provisions of this section. 13 (3) If a firefighter is accidentally killed as 14 specified in paragraph (2)(b) on or after June 22, 1990, or unlawfully and intentionally killed as specified in paragraph 15 (2)(c), on or after July 1, 1980, the state shall waive 16 certain educational expenses that which children of the 17 deceased firefighter incur while obtaining a 18 19 vocational-technical certificate, or an undergraduate 20 education, or a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree. The amount waived by the state shall be an amount 21 22 equal to the cost of tuition, and matriculation, and other statutorily authorized registration fees for a total of 120 23 24 credit hours for a vocational-technical certificate or an 25 undergraduate education. For a child pursuing a graduate or 26 postbaccalaureate professional degree, the amount waived shall 27 equal the cost of matriculation and other statutorily 28 authorized fees incurred while the child continues to fulfill 29 the professional requirements associated with the graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree program, and eligibility 30 continues until the child's 29th birthday. The child may 31

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attend a state vocational-technical school, a state community 1 2 college, or a state university. The child may attend any or 3 all of the institutions specified in this subsection, on either a full-time or part-time basis. For a child pursuing a 4 5 vocational-technical certificate or an undergraduate б education, the benefits provided under this subsection shall 7 continue to such a child until the child's 25th birthday. To 8 be eligible for the benefits provided under this subsection 9 for enrollment in a graduate or postbaccalaureate professional degree program, the child must be a state resident, as defined 10 11 in s. 240.1201, at the time of enrollment. 12 (a) Upon failure of any child benefited by the 13 provisions of this section to comply with the ordinary and 14 minimum requirements of the institution attended, both as to discipline and scholarship, the benefits thereof shall be 15 16 withdrawn as to the child and no further moneys expended for the child's benefits so long as such failure or delinquency 17 18 continues. 19 (b) Only students in good standing in their respective 20 institutions shall receive the benefits thereof. (c) All children receiving benefits under this section 21 22 shall be enrolled according to the customary rules and requirements of the institution attended. 23 24 (4)(a) The employer of such firefighter shall be 25 liable for the payment of said sums specified in this section 26 and shall be deemed self-insured, unless it procures and 27 maintains, or has already procured and maintained, insurance 28 to secure such payments. Any such insurance may cover only the 29 risks indicated in this section, in the amounts indicated in this section, or it may cover those risks and additional risks 30 31 and may be in larger amounts. Any such insurance shall be 14

placed by such employer only after public bid of such insurance coverage which coverage shall be awarded to the carrier making the lowest best bid. (b) Payment of benefits to beneficiaries of state employees, or of the premiums to cover the risk, under the б provisions of this section, shall be paid from existing funds otherwise appropriated for the department. (5) The Department of Education shall adopt is directed to promulgate rules and procedures as are necessary to implement the educational benefits provisions of this section. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.