2002 Legislature CS for SB 366, 1st Engrossed

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2	An act relating to state uniform traffic
3	control; creating the "Move Over Act"; amending
4	s. 316.126, F.S.; providing requirements with
5	respect to authorized emergency vehicles making
6	use of visual signals when parked; providing
7	for the disposition of fines; amending s.
8	316.2397, F.S.; authorizing the use of
9	emergency lights and sirens on certain
10	vehicles; authorizing wreckers to use amber
11	rotating or flashing lights under certain
12	circumstances; amending s. 318.18, F.S.;
13	providing a penalty for a violation of s.
14	316.126(1)(b), F.S.; amending s. 318.21, F.S.;
15	providing a civil penalty for violation of s.
16	316.126(1)(b), F.S.; providing an effective
17	date.
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19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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21	Section 1. Short titleThis act may be cited as the
22	"Move Over Act."
23	Section 2. Subsections (1) and (6) of section 316.126,
24	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
25	316.126 Operation of vehicles and actions of
26	pedestrians on approach of authorized emergency vehicle
27	(1) <u>(a)</u> Upon the immediate approach of an authorized
28	emergency vehicle, while en route to meet an existing
29	emergency, the driver of every other vehicle shall, when such
30	emergency vehicle is giving audible signals by siren, exhaust
31	whistle, or other adequate device, or visible signals by the
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use of displayed blue or red lights, yield the right-of-way to 1 2 the emergency vehicle and shall immediately proceed to a 3 position parallel to, and as close as reasonable to the 4 closest edge of the curb of the roadway, clear of any 5 intersection and shall stop and remain in position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, unless otherwise 6 7 directed by any law enforcement officer. (b) When an authorized emergency vehicle making use of 8 any visual signals is parked, the driver of every other 9 vehicle, as soon as it is safe: 10 1. Shall vacate the lane closest to the emergency 11 12 vehicle when driving on an interstate highway or other highway 13 with two or more lanes traveling in the direction of the 14 emergency vehicle, except when otherwise directed by a law 15 enforcement officer. Shall slow to a speed that is 20 miles per hour 16 2. 17 less than the posted speed limit when the posted speed limit is 25 miles per hour or greater; or travel at 5 miles per hour 18 19 when the posted speed limit is 20 miles per hour or less, when 20 driving on a two-lane road, except when otherwise directed by 21 a law enforcement officer. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor 22 (C) 23 Vehicles shall provide an educational awareness campaign informing the motoring public about the Move Over Act. The 24 department shall provide information about the Move Over Act 25 in all newly printed driver's license educational materials 26 after July 1, 2002. 27 28 29 This section shall not relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for 30 31 the safety of all persons using the highway. 2

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(6) A violation of this section is a noncriminal 1 2 traffic infraction, punishable pursuant to chapter 318 as 3 either a moving violation for infractions of subsection (1) or 4 subsection (3), or as a pedestrian violation for infractions 5 of subsection (2). 6 Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 316.2397, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 316.2397 Certain lights prohibited; exceptions.--8 9 (3) Vehicles of the fire department and fire patrol, including vehicles of volunteer firefighters as permitted 10 under s. 316.2398, vehicles of medical staff physicians or 11 12 technicians of medical facilities licensed by the state as authorized under s. 316.2398, ambulances as authorized under 13 14 this chapter, and buses and taxicabs as authorized under s. 15 316.2399 are permitted to show or display red lights. Vehicles of the fire department, fire patrol, police vehicles, and such 16 17 ambulances and emergency vehicles of municipal and county departments, public service corporations operated by private 18 19 corporations, the Department of Environmental Protection, the 20 Department of Transportation, and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services as are designated or 21 authorized by their respective department or the chief of 22 23 police of an incorporated city or any sheriff of any county are hereby authorized to operate emergency lights and sirens 24 in an emergency.Wreckers, mosquito control fog and spray 25 26 vehicles, and emergency vehicles of governmental departments 27 or public service corporations may show or display amber lights when in actual operation or when a hazard exists 28 29 provided they are not used going to and from the scene of operation or hazard without specific authorization of a law 30 enforcement officer or law enforcement agency. Wreckers may 31

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use amber rotating or flashing lights while performing 1 2 recoveries and loading on the roadside day or night, and while 3 towing a vehicle on wheel lifts, slings, or under reach only 4 if the operator of the wrecker deems such lights necessary. A 5 flatbed, car carrier, or rollback may not use amber rotating 6 or flashing lights when hauling a vehicle on the bed unless it 7 creates a hazard to other motorists because of protruding 8 objects.Further, escort vehicles will be permitted to show or 9 display amber lights when in the actual process of escorting overdimensioned equipment, material, or buildings as 10 authorized by law. Vehicles of private watch, guard, or patrol 11 12 agencies licensed pursuant to chapter 493 may show or display amber lights while patrolling condominium, cooperative, and 13 14 private residential and business communities by which employed 15 and which traverse public streets or highways. Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 318.18, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 18 318.18 Amount of civil penalties. -- The penalties 19 required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 are as follows: 20 21 (2) Thirty dollars for all nonmoving traffic violations and: 22 (a) For all violations of s. 322.19. 23 (b) For all violations of ss. 320.0605, 320.07(1), 24 322.065, and 322.15(1). Any person who is cited for a 25 26 violation of s. 320.07(1) shall be charged a delinquent fee pursuant to s. 320.07(4). 27 1. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 28 29 320.0605 or s. 320.07 can show proof of having a valid registration at the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may 30 dismiss the case and may assess a \$5 dismissal fee. A person 31 4

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who finds it impossible or impractical to obtain a valid 1 registration certificate must submit an affidavit detailing 2 3 the reasons for the impossibility or impracticality. The 4 reasons may include, but are not limited to, the fact that the 5 vehicle was sold, stolen, or destroyed; that the state in which the vehicle is registered does not issue a certificate б 7 of registration; or that the vehicle is owned by another 8 person.

9 2. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 322.03, s. 322.065, or s. 322.15 can show a driver's license issued to him or her and valid at the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a \$5 dismissal fee.

14 3. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 15 316.646 can show proof of security as required by s. 627.733, 16 issued to the person and valid at the time of arrest, the 17 clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a \$5 dismissal fee. A person who finds it impossible or impractical 18 19 to obtain proof of security must submit an affidavit detailing the reasons for the impracticality. The reasons may include, 20 but are not limited to, the fact that the vehicle has since 21 22 been sold, stolen, or destroyed; that the owner or registrant 23 of the vehicle is not required by s. 627.733 to maintain 24 personal injury protection insurance; or that the vehicle is 25 owned by another person.

(c) For all violations of ss. 316.2935 and 316.610.
However, for a violation of s. 316.2935 or s. 316.610, if the
person committing the violation corrects the defect and
obtains proof of such timely repair by an affidavit of
compliance executed by the law enforcement agency within 30
days from the date upon which the traffic citation was issued,

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and pays \$4 to the law enforcement agency, thereby completing 1 2 the affidavit of compliance, then upon presentation of said affidavit by the defendant to the clerk within the 30-day time 3 4 period set forth under s. 318.14(4), the fine must be reduced 5 to \$5, which the clerk of the court shall retain. 6 (d) For all violations of s. 316.126(1)(b), unless 7 otherwise specified. 8 Section 5. Subsection (13) is added to section 318.21, 9 Florida Statutes, to read: 318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county 10 courts. -- All civil penalties received by a county court 11 12 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be distributed and paid monthly as follows: 13 14 (13) As of July 1, 2002, the proceeds from the fine as 15 defined in s. 316.126(1)(b) shall be paid to the Crimes 16 Compensation Trust Fund administered by the Office of the 17 Attorney General. Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 6 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.