2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

ĺ	I
1	
2	An act relating to insurance; amending s.
3	624.430, F.S.; providing for the department to
4	approve insurer withdrawals upon certain
5	conditions being satisfied; providing for the
6	dissolution of a domestic property and casualty
7	insurer upon approval of the surrender of the
8	certificate of authority; granting the
9	department rulemaking authority; amending s.
10	626.9541, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
11	amending s. 631.001, F.S.; revising
12	construction and purpose provisions; amending
13	s. 631.011, F.S.; providing additional
14	definitions; revising definitions; creating s.
15	631.015, F.S.; providing for reciprocity;
16	creating s. 631.025, F.S.; specifying
17	application to certain persons and entities;
18	amending s. 631.041, F.S.; conforming a
19	cross-reference; creating s. 631.042, F.S.;
20	limiting application of certain time
21	restrictions; providing for tolling certain
22	time limitations in certain actions; amending
23	s. 631.141, F.S.; authorizing the Department of
24	Insurance to exercise certain third-party
25	rights; providing an exception; amending s.
26	631.154, F.S.; including certain assets within
27	provisions authorizing a receiver to take
28	certain actions; including certain costs and
29	expenses of the department in costs and
30	expenses entitled to be recovered by the
31	receiver under certain circumstances; creating
	1
	-

2002 Legislature

CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

s. 631.156, F.S.; providing for investigations 1 2 by the department; providing department powers; 3 authorizing the department to provide certain 4 information in such investigations; requiring a 5 receivership court to order expedited discovery 6 under certain circumstances; providing 7 penalties; creating s. 631.157, F.S.; providing for civil actions by receivers; imposing 8 9 liability on certain persons or entities for 10 certain actions; specifying amounts of damages; providing construction; providing costs and 11 12 expenses entitled to be recovered by the receiver under certain circumstances; providing 13 14 a time certain for bringing certain actions; creating s. 624.4073, F.S.; prohibiting a 15 person who served as an officer or director of 16 17 an insolvent insurer on or after a specified date from thereafter serving as an officer or 18 19 director of an insurer authorized in this state; providing certain exceptions; creating 20 s. 631.3915, F.S.; authorizing the department 21 to pursue actions for damages or recoveries; 22 23 amending s. 631.54, F.S.; redefining the term "covered claim"; amending s. 631.57, F.S.; 24 vesting the Florida Insurance Guaranty 25 26 Association with the defenses of certain 27 insolvent insurers; amending s. 631.904, F.S.; redefining the term "covered claim"; creating 28 29 s. 817.2341, F.S.; specifying certain activities relating to false or misleading 30 financial statements or supporting documents as 31 2

```
ENROLLED
```

	2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed
1	criminal offenses; providing penalties;
2	repealing s. 624.3101, F.S., relating to false
3	or misleading financial statements or
4	supporting documents; providing an effective
5	date.
6	
7	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
8	
9	Section 1. Section 624.430, Florida Statutes, is
10	amended to read:
11	624.430 Withdrawal of insurer or discontinuance of
12	writing certain kinds or lines of insurance
13	(1) Any insurer desiring to surrender its certificate
14	of authority, withdraw from this state, or discontinue the
15	writing of any one or multiple kinds or lines of insurance in
16	this state shall give 90 days' notice in writing to the
17	department setting forth its reasons for such action. Any
18	insurer who does not write any premiums in a kind or line of
19	insurance within a calendar year shall have that kind or line
20	of insurance removed from its certificate of authority;
21	however, such line of insurance shall be restored to the
22	insurer's certificate upon the insurer demonstrating that it
23	has available the expertise necessary and meets the other
24	requirements of this code to write that line of insurance.
25	(2) If the department determines, based upon its
26	review of the notice and other required information, that the
27	plan of an insurer withdrawing from this state makes adequate
28	provision for the satisfaction of the insurer's obligations
29	and is not hazardous to policyholders or the public, the
30	department shall approve the surrender of the insurer's
31	certificate of authority. The department shall, within 45 days
	3

2002 Legislature CS for (CS for	SB	432,	1st	Engrossed
---------------------------	--------	----	------	-----	-----------

from receipt of a complete notice and all required or 1 requested additional information, approve, disapprove, or 2 3 approve with conditions the plan submitted by the insurer. 4 Failure to timely take action with respect to the notice shall 5 be deemed an approval of the surrender of the certificate of 6 authority. 7 (3) Upon department approval of the surrender of the 8 certificate of authority of a domestic property and casualty 9 insurer that is a corporation, the insurer may initiate the 10 dissolution of the corporation in accordance with the applicable provisions of chapter 607. 11 12 (4) (4) (2) Any insurer withdrawing from this state or discontinuing the writing of all kinds of insurance in this 13 14 state shall surrender its certificate of authority. 15 (5) (3) This section does not apply to life insurance and corresponding lines of insurance as long as the insurer 16 17 has in force life insurance policies and corresponding lines 18 in this state. 19 (6) (4) This section does not apply to insurers during the calendar year in which they first receive their 20 certificate of authority. 21 22 (7) (7) (5) This section does not apply to insurers who have discontinued writing in accordance with an order issued 23 24 by the department. 25 (8) The department may adopt rules to administer this 26 section. 27 Section 2. Paragraph (w) of subsection (1) of section 626.9541, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28 29 626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or 30 deceptive acts or practices defined. --31 4 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

(1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR 1 2 DECEPTIVE ACTS.--The following are defined as unfair methods 3 of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices: 4 (w) Soliciting or accepting new or renewal insurance 5 risks by insolvent or impaired insurer prohibited; penalty .--6 1. Whether or not delinquency proceedings as to the 7 insurer have been or are to be initiated, but while such insolvency or impairment exists, no director or officer of an 8 9 insurer, except with the written permission of the Department of Insurance, shall authorize or permit the insurer to solicit 10 or accept new or renewal insurance risks in this state after 11 12 such director or officer knew, or reasonably should have known, that the insurer was insolvent or impaired. "Impaired" 13 14 includes impairment of for capital or surplus, as defined in 15 s. 631.011(12)s. 631.011(9)and(13)(10). 2. Any such director or officer, upon conviction of a 16 17 violation of this paragraph, is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 18 19 775.083, or s. 775.084. 20 Section 3. Section 631.001, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 631.001 Title, construction, and purpose.--22 23 (1) This part constitutes and may be cited as the "Insurers Rehabilitation and Liquidation Act." 24 25 (2) This part may not be interpreted to limit the 26 powers granted the Department of Insurance by other provisions 27 of law. 28 (2) (3) This part shall be liberally construed to 29 effect the purposes of this part purpose stated in subsection 30 (4). 31 5 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2002	Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	432,	1st	Engrossed

1 (3) (4) The purposes purpose of this part, which are 2 integral elements of the regulation of the business of insurance and are of vital public interest and concern, are 3 4 to: 5 (a) Protect is the protection of the interests of 6 policyholders insureds, creditors, and other claimants and the 7 public. 8 (b) Provide a comprehensive scheme for administering 9 insurer receiverships.generally, through: (c)(a) Detect Early detection of any potentially 10 11 dangerous condition in an insurer and promptly apply prompt application of appropriate corrective measures.which are 12 neither unduly harsh nor subject to unwarranted publicity 13 14 needlessly damaging to the insurer; 15 (d)(b) Implement improved methods for rehabilitating 16 insurers, which methods involve the cooperation and management 17 expertise of the insurance industry.+ (e)(c) Enhance the Enhanced efficiency and economy of 18 19 the liquidation process by clarifying through clarification 20 and specification of the law to minimize legal uncertainty and 21 litigation.+ 22 (f)(d) Establish a system to equitably apportion 23 Equitable apportionment of any unavoidable loss.; and 24 (g)(e) Administer insurer receiverships more 25 efficiently on an interstate and international basis Lessening the problems of interstate rehabilitation and liquidation by 26 facilitating cooperation between states in the liquidation 27 28 process and by extending extension of the scope of personal 29 jurisdiction over debtors of the insurer outside this state. 30 31 6

2002 Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	432,	1st	Engrossed
------------------	----	-----	----	-----	----	------	-----	-----------

1 (h) Maximize recovery of assets for the benefit of the 2 insurer's estate; policyholders, creditors, and other 3 claimants; and the public. 4 (5) The Insurers Rehabilitation and Liquidation Act 5 shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate its 6 general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which 7 in substance and effect enact the Insurers Rehabilitation and 8 Liquidation Act. To the extent that the provisions of the 9 Insurers Rehabilitation and Liquidation Act, when applicable, 10 conflict with other provisions of this chapter, the provisions of such act shall control. 11 12 Section 4. Section 631.011, Florida Statutes, is 13 amended to read: 14 631.011 Definitions.--For the purpose of this part, 15 the term: "Affiliate" means any entity which exercises 16 (1) 17 control over or is controlled by the insurer, directly or 18 indirectly through: 19 (a) Equity ownership of voting securities; 20 (b) Common managerial control; or (c) Collusive participation by the management of the 21 22 insurer and affiliate in the management of the insurer or the 23 affiliate. 24 (2) "Ancillary state" means, any state other than a 25 domiciliary state. 26 (3) "Assets," as used in this section subsections 27 (8)-(10), means only allowed assets as defined in chapter 625. "Bona fide holder for value" means a person who, 28 (4) 29 while not possessing information that would lead a reasonable person similarly situated to believe that the insurer is 30 31 insolvent or is experiencing an impairment of capital or an 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

impairment of surplus and while unaware of the imminence or pendency of any receivership proceeding against the insurer, has, in the exercise of reasonable business judgment, exchanged his or her own funds, assets, or property for funds, assets, or property of the insurer having an equivalent market value.

7 <u>(5)(4)</u> "Court" refers to the circuit court in which 8 the receivership proceeding is pending.

9 <u>(6)(5)</u> "Delinquency proceeding" means any proceeding 10 commenced against an insurer pursuant to this chapter for the 11 purpose of liquidating, rehabilitating, reorganizing, or 12 conserving such insurer.

(7)(6) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an 13 14 insurer is incorporated or organized or, in the case of an 15 insurer incorporated or organized in a foreign country, the state in which such insurer, having become authorized to do 16 17 business in such state, has, at the commencement of a delinquency proceeding, the largest amount of its assets held 18 19 in trust and assets held on deposit for the benefit of its 20 policyholders or policyholders and creditors in the United States; and any such insurer is deemed to be domiciled in such 21 22 state.

23 "Fair consideration" means that consideration (8) 24 which is given for property or assets of an insurer when, in exchange for the funds, assets, or property and in good faith, 25 26 property is conveyed, services are rendered, or an enforceable 27 obligation not invalidated by the receivership proceedings is created having a value to the insurer of not less than the 28 value of the funds, assets, or property given in exchange. 29 (9)(7) "Foreign country" means territory not in any 30 state. 31

(10)(8) "General assets" means all property, real, 1 2 personal, or otherwise, not specifically mortgaged, pledged, 3 deposited, or otherwise encumbered for the security or benefit 4 of specified persons or a limited class or classes of persons, 5 and as to such specifically encumbered property the term б includes all such property or its proceeds in excess of the 7 amount necessary to discharge the sum or sums secured thereby. Assets held in trust and assets held on deposit for the 8 9 security or benefit of all policyholders or all policyholders and creditors in the United States shall be deemed general 10 11 assets. 12 (11) "Good faith", as used in ss. 631.262 and 631.263, means honesty in fact, including, but not limited to, the 13 14 exercise of reasonable business judgment, in the conduct or 15 transaction concerned, together with the absence of information that would lead a reasonable person in the same 16 17 position to know that the insurer is insolvent or is experiencing an impairment of capital or an impairment of 18 19 surplus and together with the absence of knowledge regarding 20 the imminence or pendency of any receivership proceeding 21 against the insurer. 22 (12)(9) "Impairment of capital" means that the minimum 23 surplus required to be maintained in s. 624.408 has been dissipated and the insurer is not possessed of assets at least 24 equal to all its liabilities together with its total issued 25 26 and outstanding capital stock, if a stock insurer, or the 27 minimum surplus or net trust fund required by s. 624.407, if a mutual, reciprocal, or business trust insurer. 28 29 (13)(10) "Impairment of surplus" means that the surplus of a stock insurer, the additional surplus of a mutual 30 or reciprocal insurer, or the additional net trust fund of a 31

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

business trust insurer does not comply with the requirements 1 of s. 624.408. 2 3 (14) "Insolvency" means that all the assets of the 4 insurer, if made immediately available, would not be 5 sufficient to discharge all its liabilities or that the insurer is unable to pay its debts as they become due in the б 7 usual course of business. When the context of any provision of this code so indicates, insolvency also includes and is 8 9 defined as "impairment of surplus," as defined in subsection (13)(9), and "impairment of capital," as defined in subsection 10 (12)(8). 11 12 (15)(12) "Insurer," in addition to persons so defined 13 under s. 624.03, also includes persons purporting to be 14 insurers or organizing, or holding themselves out as 15 organizing, in this state for the purpose of becoming insurers 16 and all insurers who have policyholders insureds resident in 17 this state. 18 (16)(13) "Liabilities," as used in subsections(12) 19 and $(14)\frac{(8)-(10)}{(10)}$, means all liabilities, including those specifically required in s. 625.041. 20 21 (14) "Person" includes natural persons, corporations, 22 partnerships, trusts, estates, and sole proprietorships. (17) "Property" includes: 23 All right, title, and interest of the insolvent 24 (a) entity, whether legal or equitable, tangible or intangible, or 25 26 choate or inchoate, and includes choses in action, contract 27 rights, and any other interest recognized under the laws of this state. 28 29 (b) Entitlements that existed prior to the entry of an order of conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation and 30 entitlements that may arise by operation of the provisions of 31 10

this part or other provisions of law allowing the department 1 2 to avoid prior transfers or assert other rights in its 3 capacity as receiver. (c) All records and data that are otherwise the 4 5 property of the insolvent insurer, in whatever form 6 maintained, including, but not limited to, claims and claim 7 files, application files, litigation files, premium records, 8 rate books, underwriting manuals, personnel records, or 9 financial records, or similar records within the possession, custody, or control of a managing general agent, third-party 10 administrator, management company, accountant, attorney, 11 12 affiliate, or other person. 13 (18)(15) "Receiver" means a receiver, liquidator, 14 rehabilitator, reorganizer, or conservator, as the context may 15 require. 16 (19) "Receivership" means the placement of an insurer 17 under the control of a receiver pursuant to a delinquency proceeding under this part. 18 19 (20)(16) "Reciprocal state" means any state other than 20 this state in which in substance and effect the provisions of the Insurers Rehabilitation and Liquidation Act are in force, 21 22 including the provisions requiring that the commissioner of 23 insurance or equivalent insurance supervisory official be the receiver of a delinguent insurer. 24 (21)(17) "Secured claim" means any claim secured by 25 26 mortgage, trust deed, pledge, deposit as security, escrow, or 27 otherwise but does not include a special deposit claim, a claim against general assets, or a claim based on mere 28 29 possession. The term also includes a claim which more than 4 months before the commencement of a delinquency proceeding in 30 31 11

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed the state of the insurer's domicile has become a lien upon 1 2 specific assets by reason of judicial process. 3 (22)(18) "Special deposit claim" means any claim 4 secured by a deposit made pursuant to statute for the security 5 or benefit of a limited class or classes of persons, but not б including any general assets. 7 (23)(19) "State" is as defined in s. 624.08. 8 Section 5. Section 631.015, Florida Statutes, is 9 created to read: 631.015 Reciprocity; treatment of 10 policyholders. -- Reciprocity in the treatment of policyholders 11 12 in receivership is extended to those states which, in substance and effect, enact the National Association of 13 14 Insurance Commissioners Rehabilitation and Liquidation Model 15 Act or the Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act. Section 6. Section 631.025, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 created to read: 18 631.025 Persons subject to this part.--Delinquency 19 proceedings authorized by this part may be initiated against 20 any insurer, as defined in s. 631.011(15), if the statutory 21 grounds are present as to that insurer, and the court may exercise jurisdiction over any person required to cooperate 22 23 with the department pursuant to s. 631.391 and over all persons made subject to the court's jurisdiction by other 24 25 provisions of law. Such persons include, but are not limited 26 to: (1) A person transacting, or that has transacted, 27 insurance business in or from this state and against whom 28 29 claims arising from that business may exist now or in the 30 future. 31 12

2002 Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	432,	1st	Engrossed
------------------	----	-----	----	-----	----	------	-----	-----------

(2) A person purporting to transact an insurance 1 2 business in this state and any person who acts as an insurer, 3 transacts insurance, or otherwise engages in insurance 4 activities in or from this state, with or without a 5 certificate of authority or proper authority from the 6 department, against whom claims arising from that business may 7 exist now or in the future. 8 (3) An insurer with policyholders resident in this 9 state. 10 (4) All other persons organized or in the process of organizing with the intent to transact an insurance business 11 12 in this state. Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 631.041, Florida 13 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 631.041 Automatic stay; relief from stay; 15 16 injunctions.--17 (1) An application or petition under s. 631.031 operates as a matter of law as an automatic stay applicable to 18 19 all persons and entities, other than the receiver, which shall be permanent and survive the entry of an order of 20 conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation, and which shall 21 22 prohibit: 23 (a) The commencement or continuation of judicial, administrative, or other action or proceeding against the 24 insurer or against its assets or any part thereof; 25 26 (b) The enforcement of a judgment against the insurer or an affiliate obtained either before or after the 27 commencement of the delinquency proceeding; 28 29 (c) Any act to obtain possession of property of the 30 insurer; 31 13 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2002 Legislature CS fo	or CS for SB	432, 1st Engrossed
------------------------	--------------	--------------------

(d) Any act to create, perfect, or enforce a lien 1 2 against property of the insurer, except that a secured claim 3 as defined in s. 631.011(21)s. 631.011(17)may proceed under 4 s. 631.191 after the order of liquidation is entered; 5 (e) Any act to collect, assess, or recover a claim 6 against the insurer, except claims as provided for under this 7 chapter; and (f) The setoff or offset of any debt owing to the 8 9 insurer, except offsets as provided in s. 631.281. Section 8. Section 631.042, Florida Statutes, is 10 created to read: 11 12 631.042 Extension of time.--13 (1) With respect to any action by or against an 14 insurer, no statute of limitations or defense of laches shall 15 run between the date the department files a petition for a delinquency proceeding against an insurer and the date the 16 17 court enters an order granting or denying that petition. If the petition is denied, any action against the insurer that 18 19 might have been commenced when the petition was filed may be 20 commenced no later than 60 days after the order denying such relief or the remaining unexpired time under the applicable 21 statute of limitations or defense of laches that was available 22 23 on the day the petition was filed, whichever is longer. (2) The running of any unexpired statute of 24 limitations, as to any claims brought by the administrator, a 25 26 receiver, or an official or agency exercising powers pursuant to this chapter seeking damages or other recoveries on behalf 27 of an insurer, its policyholders, its creditors, or its 28 29 estate, shall be tolled for a period of 4 years from the date the court enters an order placing the insurer in receivership. 30 If the delinquency proceedings against the insurer terminate 31 14

in fewer than 4 years, tolling shall cease at the time the 1 proceedings are final, including all appeals. 2 3 (3) A cause of action does not accrue, and the 4 limitations period for any such action does not run, during 5 the time the insurer is controlled by parties acting contrary 6 to the company's interests or when facts giving rise to the 7 claim are concealed fraudulently from regulatory authorities 8 or from any members of company management. The provisions of 9 chapter 95 shall be construed to be consistent with the provisions of this section. The receiver may institute any 10 action or proceeding authorized under this part while any 11 12 statute of limitation is tolled pursuant to this section. This tolling provision shall be in addition to any other 13 14 applicable tolling provision. 15 (4) For actions not covered by subsection (2), if any 16 unexpired time period is fixed by any agreement or in any 17 proceeding for doing any act for the benefit of the estate, the receiver shall have 180 days, or for good cause shown more 18 19 than 180 days as allowed by the court, from the date the court 20 enters the order granting the department's petition for a 21 delinquency proceeding. Section 9. Present subsections (6) through (9) of 22 23 section 631.141, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7) through (10), respectively, and a new 24 subsection (6) is added to that section to read: 25 26 631.141 Conduct of delinquency proceeding; domestic and alien insurers. --27 28 The department may assert all rights belonging to (6) 29 third parties, including, but not limited to, policyholders, creditors, and other claimants, except to the extent an 30 individual claim is personal and unique to the claimant and 31 15

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

could not inure to the benefit of the estate or to 1 2 policyholders, creditors, or other claimants. 3 Section 10. Section 631.154, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 631.154 Funds, assets, or other property in the 6 possession of third person. --7 (1) If the receiver determines that funds, assets, or 8 property in the possession of another person are rightfully 9 the property of the estate, the receiver shall deliver to such person a written demand for immediate delivery of the funds, 10 assets, or property to the receiver, referencing this section 11 12 by number, referencing the court and docket number of the receivership action, and notifying the person that any claim 13 14 of right to the funds, assets, or property by her or him must be presented to the receivership court within 20 days after 15 16 the date of the written demand. Any person who holds funds, 17 assets, or other property belonging to an entity placed in 18 receivership subject to an order of conservation, 19 rehabilitation, or liquidation under this chapter shall deliver the funds, assets, or other property to the receiver 20 on demand. Should the person allege any right to retain the 21 funds, assets, or other property pursuant to s. 631.155, s. 22 23 631.191, s. 631.261, s. 631.262, s. 631.263, or s. 631.281, a pleading setting out the right shall be filed with the court 24 within 20 days after of the receipt of the receiver's demand 25 26 that the funds, assets, or property be delivered to the 27 receiver. The person shall serve a copy of the pleading on the receiver. The pleading of the person shall inform the 28 29 court as to the nature of the claim to the property, the alleged value of the assets or property, or the amount of 30 funds held, and what action has been taken by the person to 31

16

preserve and protect the <u>assets or</u> property or to preserve any
 funds pending determination of the dispute.

3 (2) If requested by the receiver, a hearing shall be 4 held to determine where and under what conditions the 5 property, assets, or funds shall be held by the person pending 6 determination of the dispute. The court may impose conditions 7 as it may deem necessary or appropriate for the preservation 8 of the property until the court can determine the validity of 9 the person's claim to the property, assets, or funds. If any 10 property, assets, or funds are allowed to remain in the possession of the person after demand made by the receiver, 11 12 that person shall be strictly liable for any waste, loss, or 13 damage of the property, assets, or funds retained.

14 (3) If a person has filed a pleading alleging any
15 right to retain funds, assets, or property, the court shall
16 hold a subsequent hearing to determine entitlement to the
17 funds, assets, or property claimed by the receiver.

18 (4) If a person fails to file the pleading required by 19 subsection (1) within the 20-day period, the court may, upon 20 petition of the receiver and upon a copy of the petition being 21 served by the petitioner to such person, issue its summary 22 order directing the immediate delivery of the funds, assets, 23 or property to the receiver and finding that the person has 24 waived all claims of right to the funds, assets, or property.

(5) This section shall apply to all proceedings
brought by the receiver to recover funds, assets, or property
believed by the receiver under this chapter to be assets of
the entity subject to an order of conservation,

29 rehabilitation, or liquidation. The receiver shall be exempt 30 from the provisions of s. 57.111.

31

(6) Should the receiver be successful in establishing 1 2 its claim or any part thereof, the receiver shall be entitled 3 to recover judgment for the following: 4 (a) The property or its cash value as of the date of 5 the order of conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation, 6 whichever is applicable. 7 (b) Rental for the use of the property to run from the date of the order of conservation, rehabilitation, or 8 9 liquidation, whichever is applicable, to the date the property is delivered to the receiver. 10 (c) In the case of funds, interest at the statutory 11 rate to run from the date of the order of conservation, 12 rehabilitation, or liquidation, whichever is applicable, to 13 14 the date the funds are delivered to the receiver. 15 (d) All costs, investigative and other expenses, including, but not limited to, those for department staff, 16 17 incurred in necessary to the recovery of the property, assets, or funds, and reasonable attorney's fees. Department staff 18 19 costs and expenses include staff salaries. 20 It is the intent of this section that a person found to be 21 22 holding receivership assets fully reimburse the receiver for 23 any and all efforts made to recover those assets. 24 Section 11. Section 631.156, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 25 26 631.156 Investigation by the department; scope of 27 authority; sharing of materials. --28 (1) The department may, under the direction and 29 supervision of the receivership court, conduct an investigation to determine the causes of the insolvency, 30 31 including whether false statements filed with the department 18

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

contributed to the insolvency and if any laws of this state, 1 2 any other state, or the Federal Government relating to the 3 solvency of the insurer were violated; to discover assets for 4 recovery; and to determine the location of assets and their manner of recovery. The department may take statements under 5 6 oath and examine and review the books, records, and documents 7 of the insurer or any affiliate, controlling person, officer, director, manager, trustee, agent, adjuster, employee, or 8 9 independent contractor of any insurer or affiliate and any other person possessing any executive authority over, or 10 exercising or having exercised any control over, any segment 11 12 of the affairs of the insurer or affiliate. Contracts of 13 reinsurance between an insurer and a reinsurer do not 14 constitute the exercise of control by the reinsurer over the 15 insurer for purposes of this section. The department may provide documents, books, and 16 (2) 17 records; other investigative products, work product, and analysis; and copies of any or all of such materials to the 18 19 Division of Insurance Fraud or any other appropriate government agency. The sharing of these materials shall not 20 waive any work product or other privilege otherwise applicable 21 under law. 22 23 (3) The receivership court, upon motion of the department, shall enter an order expediting compliance with 24 the requirements of subsection (1). The court may impose 25 26 appropriate penalties and sanctions for noncompliance with 27 such order, including penalties and sanctions for the loss, destruction, or spoliation of any evidence that occurs after 28 29 entry of such order. Section 12. Section 631.157, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read: 31 19

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

631.157 Civil action by the receiver.--1 2 (1) Any person who is engaged in the business of 3 insurance, is or acts as an officer, director, agent, or 4 employee of any person engaged in the business of insurance, 5 or is involved in a transaction relating to the conduct of 6 affairs of such a business, other than as an insured or 7 beneficiary under a policy of insurance, and who willfully obtains or uses, as defined in s. 812.012(3), any funds, 8 9 assets, or property, including, but not limited to, moneys, funds, premiums, credits, or other property of an insurer, 10 shall be liable to the department as receiver for the use and 11 12 benefit of an insolvent insurer's estate, claimants, creditors, and policyholders, as follows: 13 14 (a) If the funds, assets, or property obtained or used did not jeopardize the safety and soundness of an insurer and 15 was not a significant cause of such insurer being placed in 16 17 receivership, the person shall be liable only for the full amount of any funds, assets, or property obtained or used, 18 19 plus prejudgment interest provided by law. 20 (b) If the funds, assets, or property obtained or used jeopardized the safety and soundness of an insurer or was a 21 significant cause of the insurer being placed in receivership, 22 23 the person shall be liable for triple the full amount of any funds, assets, or property obtained or used, plus prejudgment 24 interest provided by law on the original amount. 25 26 (2)(a) Any person who: Is engaged in the business of insurance, is or acts 27 1. as an officer, director, agent, or employee of any person 28 29 engaged in the business of insurance, or is involved in a 30 transaction relating to the conduct of affairs of such a 31 20

```
2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed
```

business, other than as an insured or beneficiary under a 1 2 policy of insurance; 3 2. Has actual knowledge or such constructive knowledge 4 as should have been obtained through reasonable inquiry by a 5 person in that position; and 6 3. Misreports a material fact in any book, report, or 7 statement of an insurer 8 9 with the intent to deceive the insurer, including any officer, employee, or agent of the insurer, the department, or any 10 agent or examiner appointed by the department to examine the 11 12 affairs of the person or insurer, concerning the financial condition or solvency of such business is liable to the 13 14 department as receiver for the use and benefit of the 15 insolvent insurer's estate, creditors, and policyholders, as 16 provided in paragraph (b). 17 (b)1. If the misreporting did not jeopardize the safety and soundness of an insurer and was not a significant 18 19 cause of the insurer being placed in receivership, the person 20 shall be liable only for the full amount of any asset 21 misreported. 2. If the misreporting jeopardized the safety and 22 23 soundness of an insurer or was a significant cause of the insurer being placed in receivership, the person shall be 24 25 liable for triple the full amount of any asset misreported. 26 (3) If the asset or property that has been obtained or 27 used was reported to the department as being available to the 28 insurer as an admitted asset and such asset is unavailable to 29 the receiver for payment of the obligations of the insurer at the time a receivership proceeding is instituted, the 30 31 obtaining or using shall be presumed to have jeopardized the 21

```
2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed
```

safety and soundness of the insurer and to have been a 1 2 significant cause of the insurer's being placed in 3 conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation, with the burden 4 of proof on the defendants to show otherwise. 5 (4) If the receiver is successful in establishing a 6 claim under this section, the receiver shall be entitled to 7 recover all of its costs; investigative and other expenses, which shall include the department's in-house staff and staff 8 9 attorney's expenses, costs, and salaries, expended in the prosecution of the action; and reasonable attorney's fees. 10 The receiver shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 57.111. 11 12 (5) An action under this section may be brought at any 13 time before the expiration of 4 years after the entry of the 14 initial order of rehabilitation or liquidation under this part 15 but shall be filed before the time the receivership proceeding is closed or dismissed. 16 17 Section 13. Section 624.4073, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 18 19 624.4073 Officers and directors of insolvent 20 insurers .-- Any person who was an officer or director of an insurer doing business in this state and who served in that 21 capacity within the 2-year period prior to the date the 22 23 insurer became insolvent, for any insolvency that occurs on or after July 1, 2002, may not thereafter serve as an officer or 24 director of an insurer authorized in this state unless the 25 26 officer or director demonstrates that his or her personal 27 actions or omissions were not a significant contributing cause 28 to the insolvency. 29 Section 14. Section 631.3915, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 30 31 2.2

631.3915 Actions for damages. -- The department, in its 1 2 capacity as administrator, receiver, or similar capacity, may 3 pursue any actions for damages or other recoveries on behalf 4 of the insurer's estate and the insurer's policyholders, creditors, and other claimants. 5 6 Section 15. Subsection (3) of section 631.54, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 631.54 Definitions.--As used in this part: 8 9 (3) "Covered claim" means an unpaid claim, including one of unearned premiums, which arises out of, and is within 10 the coverage, and not in excess of, the applicable limits of 11 12 an insurance policy to which this part applies, issued by an 13 insurer, if such insurer becomes an insolvent insurer after 14 October 1, 1970, and the claimant or insured is a resident of 15 this state at the time of the insured event or the property from which the claim arises is permanently located in this 16 17 state. "Covered claim" shall not include any amount due any reinsurer, insurer, insurance pool, or underwriting 18 19 association, as subrogation, contribution, indemnification, 20 recoveries or otherwise. Member insurers shall have no right of subrogation against the insured of any insolvent member. 21 Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 22 23 631.57, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 631.57 Powers and duties of the association .--24 (1) The association shall: 25 26 (b) Be deemed the insurer to the extent of its 27 obligation on the covered claims, and, to such extent, shall have all rights, duties, defenses, and obligations of the 28 29 insolvent insurer as if the insurer had not become insolvent. In no event shall the association be liable for any penalties 30 or interest. 31 23

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 631.904, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 631.904 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: 4 (2) "Covered claim" means an unpaid claim, including a 5 claim for return of unearned premiums, which arises out of, is 6 within the coverage of, and is not in excess of the applicable 7 limits of, an insurance policy to which this part applies, 8 which policy was issued by an insurer and which claim is made 9 on behalf of a claimant or insured who was a resident of this state at the time of the injury. The term"covered claim"does 10 not include any amount sought as a return of premium under any 11 12 retrospective rating plan; any amount due any reinsurer, insurer, insurance pool, or underwriting association, as 13 14 subrogation recoveries or otherwise; or any return of premium 15 resulting from a policy that was not in force on the date of the final order of liquidation. Member insurers have no right 16 17 of subrogation against the insured of any insolvent insurer. This provision shall be applied retroactively to cover claims 18 19 of an insolvent self-insurance fund resulting from accidents or losses incurred prior to January 1, 1994, regardless of the 20 date the Department of Insurance filed a petition in circuit 21 22 court alleging insolvency and the date the court entered an 23 order appointing a receiver. 24 Section 18. Section 817.2341, Florida Statutes, is 25 created to read: 26 817.2341 False or misleading statements or supporting 27 documents; penalty .--28 (1) Any person who willfully files with the 29 department, or who willfully signs for filing with the department, a materially false or materially misleading 30 31 financial statement or document in support of such statement 24

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 432, 1st Engrossed

required by law or rule, with intent to deceive and with 1 2 knowledge that the statement or document is materially false 3 or materially misleading, commits a felony of the third 4 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 5 s. 775.084. 6 (2)(a) Any person who makes a false entry of a 7 material fact in any book, report, or statement relating to a 8 transaction of an insurer or entity organized pursuant to 9 chapter 624 or chapter 641, intending to deceive any person about the financial condition or solvency of the insurer or 10 entity, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 11 12 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 13 (b) If the false entry of a material fact is made with 14 the intent to deceive any person as to the impairment of capital, as defined in s. 631.011(12), of the insurer or 15 entity or is the significant cause of the insurer or entity 16 17 being placed in conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation by a court, the person commits a felony of the first degree, 18 19 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 20 775.084. 21 (3)(a) Any person who knowingly makes a material false 22 statement or report to the department or any agent of the 23 department, or knowingly and materially overvalues any property in any document or report prepared to be presented to 24 the department or any agent of the department, commits a 25 26 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 27 28 (b) If the material false statement or report or the 29 material overvaluation is made with the intent to deceive any 30 person as to the impairment of capital, as defined in s. 31 631.011(12), of an insurer or entity organized pursuant to 25

1	chapter 624 or chapter 641, or is the significant cause of the
2	insurer or entity being placed in receivership by a court, the
3	person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as
4	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
5	Section 19. Section 624.3101, Florida Statutes, is
6	repealed.
7	Section 20. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29 20	
30 21	
31	
	26
COD	ING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.