Florida House of Representatives - 2002

By the Committee on Tourism and Representatives Trovillion, Heyman, Bullard, Justice, Allen and Davis

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public records; amending s.
3	18.20, F.S.; removing photographic film
4	reproductions of specified vouchers or checks
5	paid by the State Treasurer and preserved as
б	records of the office of the Treasurer from
7	classification as permanent records; amending
8	s. 119.01, F.S.; establishing state policy with
9	respect to public records; requiring that
10	governmental agencies provide data in a common
11	format; requiring governmental agencies to
12	consider certain factors in designing or
13	acquiring electronic recordkeeping systems;
14	providing certain restrictions with respect to
15	electronic recordkeeping systems and
16	proprietary software; requiring governmental
17	agencies to provide copies of public records
18	stored in electronic recordkeeping systems;
19	specifying circumstances under which the
20	financial, business, and membership records of
21	an organization are public records; amending s.
22	119.011, F.S.; providing definitions; repealing
23	ss. 119.0115, 119.012, 119.02, F.S., relating
24	to videotapes and video signals, records made
25	public by use of public funds, and penalties;
26	amending s. 119.021, F.S.; providing
27	requirements for governmental agencies in
28	maintaining and preserving public records;
29	requiring the Division of Library and
30	Information Services of the Department of State
31	to adopt rules for retaining and disposing of
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public records; authorizing the division to 1 2 provide for archiving certain noncurrent 3 records; providing for the destruction of 4 certain records and the continued maintenance of certain records; providing for the 5 disposition of records at the end of an 6 7 official's term of office; requiring that a 8 custodian of public records demand delivery of records held unlawfully; repealing ss. 119.031, 9 119.041, 119.05, 119.06, F.S., relating to the 10 11 retention and disposal of public records and the delivery of records held unlawfully; 12 13 amending s. 119.07, F.S.; revising provisions governing the inspection and copying of public 14 15 records; establishing fees for copying; 16 providing requirements for making photographs; authorizing additional means of copying; 17 repealing ss. 119.08, 119.083, F.S., relating 18 to requirements for making photographs of 19 20 public records and the licensing and sale of copyrighted data-processing software; amending 21 22 s. 119.084, F.S.; deleting certain provisions governing the maintenance of public records in 23 an electronic recordkeeping system; repealing 24 ss. 119.085, 119.09, F.S., relating to remote 25 26 electronic access to public records and the 27 program for records and information management 28 of the Department of State; amending s. 119.10, 29 F.S.; clarifying provisions with respect to penalties for a violation of ch. 119, F.S.; 30 31 amending s. 119.105, F.S.; clarifying

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1	provisions under which certain police reports
2	may be exempt from the public-records law;
3	amending s. 120.55, F.S.; revising language
4	with respect to publication of the Florida
5	Administrative Code to provide that the
б	Department of State is required to compile and
7	publish the code through a continuous revision
8	system; amending s. 257.36, F.S.; providing
9	procedure with respect to official custody of
10	records upon transfer of duties or
11	responsibilities between state agencies or
12	dissolution of a state agency; amending s.
13	328.15, F.S.; revising the classification of
14	records of notices and satisfaction of liens on
15	vessels maintained by the Department of Highway
16	Safety and Motor Vehicles; amending s.
17	372.5717, F.S.; revising the classification of
18	records of hunter safety certification cards
19	maintained by the Fish and Wildlife
20	Conservation Commission; amending s. 560.121,
21	F.S.; decreasing and qualifying the period of
22	retention for examination reports,
23	investigatory records, applications,
24	application records, and related information
25	compiled by the Department of Banking and
26	Finance under the Money Transmitters' Code;
27	amending s. 560.123, F.S.; decreasing the
28	period of retention for specified reports filed
29	by money transmitters with the Department of
30	Banking and Finance under the Money
31	Transmitters' Code; amending s. 560.129, F.S.;
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1	decreasing and qualifying the period of
2	retention for examination reports,
3	investigatory records, applications,
4	application records, and related information
5	compiled by the Department of Banking and
6	Finance under the Money Transmitters' Code;
7	amending s. 624.311, F.S.; authorizing the
8	Department of Insurance to maintain an
9	electronic recordkeeping system for specified
10	records, statements, reports, and documents;
11	eliminating a standard for the reproduction of
12	such records, statements, reports, and
13	documents; amending s. 624.312, F.S.; providing
14	that reproductions from an electronic
15	recordkeeping system of specified documents and
16	records of the Department of Insurance shall be
17	treated as originals for the purpose of their
18	admissibility in evidence; amending s. 633.527,
19	F.S.; decreasing the period of retention for
20	specified examination test questions, answer
21	sheets, and grades in the possession of the
22	Division of State Fire Marshal of the
23	Department of Insurance; amending s. 655.50,
24	F.S.; revising a requirement of the Department
25	of Banking and Finance to retain copies of
26	specified reports submitted by financial
27	institutions under the Florida Control of Money
28	Laundering in Financial Institutions Act to
29	provide that such reports or information
30	contained therein which are known to be the
31	subject of an existing criminal proceeding

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1	shall be retained in accordance with federal
2	law; revising a requirement of the department
3	to retain copies of specified records of
4	exemption for a person exempt under the Florida
5	Control of Money Laundering in Financial
6	Institutions Act to provide that if such person
7	or the person's transactions are known to be
8	the subject of an existing criminal proceeding
9	the records shall be retained in accordance
10	with federal law; amending s. 945.25, F.S.;
11	requiring the Department of Corrections to
12	obtain and place in its official records
13	specified information on every person who may
14	be sentenced to supervision or incarceration
15	under the jurisdiction of the department;
16	eliminating a requirement of the department, in
17	its discretion, to obtain and place in its
18	permanent records specified information on
19	persons placed on probation and on persons who
20	may become subject to pardon and commutation of
21	sentence; amending s. 985.31, F.S.; revising
22	the classification of specified medical files
23	of serious or habitual juvenile offenders;
24	repealing s. 212.095(6)(d), F.S., which
25	requires the Department of Revenue to keep a
26	permanent record of the amounts of refunds
27	claimed and paid under ch. 212, F.S., and which
28	requires that such records shall be open to
29	<pre>public inspection; repealing s. 238.03(9),</pre>
30	F.S., relating to the authority of the
31	Department of Management Services to photograph
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1	and reduce to microfilm as a permanent record
2	its ledger sheets showing the salaries and
3	contributions of members of the Teachers'
4	Retirement System of Florida, the records of
5	deceased members of the system, and the
6	authority to destroy the documents from which
7	such films derive; repealing s. 591.34, F.S.;
8	eliminating a procedure by which permission may
9	be obtained from the Department of Agriculture
10	and Consumer Services to cut seed trees;
11	designating the Records Management Center of
12	the Department of State as the "James C. 'Jim'
13	Smith Records Management Center"; providing an
14	effective date.
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16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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18	Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 18.20, Florida
19	Statutes, is amended to read:
20	18.20 Treasurer to make reproductions of certain
21	warrants, records, and documents
22	(1) All vouchers or checks heretofore or hereafter
23	drawn by appropriate court officials of the several counties
24	of the state against money deposited with the Treasurer under
25	the provisions of s. 43.17, and paid by the Treasurer, may be
26	photographed, microphotographed, or reproduced on film by the
27	Treasurer. Such photographic film shall be durable material
28	and the device used to so reproduce such warrants, vouchers,
29	or checks shall be one which accurately reproduces the
30	originals thereof in all detail; and such photographs,
31	microphotographs, or reproductions on film shall be placed in
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conveniently accessible and identified files and shall be 1 2 preserved by the Treasurer as a part of the permanent records 3 of office. When any such warrants, vouchers, or checks have been so photographed, microphotographed, or reproduced on 4 5 film, and the photographs, microphotographs, or reproductions on film thereof have been placed in files as a part of the 6 7 permanent records of the office of the Treasurer as aforesaid, 8 the Treasurer is authorized to return such warrants, vouchers, or checks to the offices of the respective county officials 9 who drew the same and such warrants, vouchers, or checks shall 10 11 be retained and preserved in such offices to which returned as a part of the permanent records of such offices. 12 13 Section 2. Section 119.01, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read: 15 119.01 General state policy on public records.--16 (1) It is the policy of this state that all state, county, and municipal records are shall be open for personal 17 inspection by any person unless the records are exempt from 18 19 inspection. 20 (2) The Legislature finds that, given advancements in 21 technology, Providing access to public records is a duty of 22 each agency by remote electronic means is an additional method of access that agencies should strive to provide to the extent 23 feasible. If an agency provides access to public records by 24 25 remote electronic means, then such access should be provided 26 in the most cost-effective and efficient manner available to 27 the agency providing the information. 28 (3)(a) The Legislature finds that providing access to 29 public records is a duty of each agency and that Automation of public records must not erode the right of access to public 30 those records. As each agency increases its use of and 31 7

dependence on electronic recordkeeping, each agency must 1 2 ensure reasonable public access to records electronically maintained and must ensure that information made exempt or 3 confidential not be disclosed to the public. 4 5 (b) An agency must consider when designing or б acquiring an electronic recordkeeping system that such system 7 is capable of providing data in some common format such as, 8 but not limited to, the American Standard Code for Information 9 Interchange. 10 (c) An agency may not enter into a contract for the creation or maintenance of a public records database if that 11 12 contract impairs the ability of the public to inspect or copy 13 the public records of the agency, including public records 14 that are on-line or stored in an electronic recordkeeping 15 system used by the agency. (d) Subject to the restrictions of copyright and 16 trade-secret laws and public-records exemptions, agency use of 17 proprietary software must not diminish the right of the public 18 19 to inspect and copy a public record. 20 (e) Providing access to public records by remote electronic means is an additional method of access that 21 agencies should strive to provide to the extent feasible. If 22 23 an agency provides access to public records by remote electronic means, such access should be provided in the most 24 25 cost-effective and efficient manner available to the agency 26 providing the information. 27 (f) Each agency that maintains a public record in an 28 electronic recordkeeping system shall provide to any person, pursuant to this chapter, a copy of any public record in that 29 system which is not exempted by law from public disclosure. An 30 agency must provide a copy of the record in the medium 31 8

requested if the agency maintains the record in that medium, 1 and the agency may charge a fee in accordance with this 2 chapter. For the purpose of satisfying a public-records 3 request, the fee to be charged by an agency if it elects to 4 5 provide a copy of a public record in a medium not routinely б used by the agency, or if it elects to compile information not 7 routinely developed or maintained by the agency or that 8 requires a substantial amount of manipulation or programming, 9 must be in accordance with s. 119.07(4). 10 (4) If public funds are expended by an agency defined in s. 119.011(2) in payment of dues or membership 11 12 contributions for any person, corporation, foundation, trust, 13 association, group, or other organization, all the financial, 14 business, and membership records of that person, corporation, 15 foundation, trust, association, group, or other organization which pertain to the public agency are public records and 16 17 subject to the provisions of s. 119.07. (4) Each agency shall establish a program for the 18 19 disposal of records that do not have sufficient legal, fiscal, 20 administrative, or archival value in accordance with retention 21 schedules established by the records and information 22 management program of the Division of Library and Information Services of the Department of State. 23 24 Section 3. Section 119.011, Florida Statutes, is 25 amended to read: 119.011 Definitions.--As used in For the purpose of 26 27 this chapter, the term: 28 (1) "Actual cost of duplication" means the cost of the 29 material and supplies used to duplicate the record, but it 30 does not include the labor cost or overhead cost associated with such duplication. "Public records" means all documents, 31 9

papers, letters, maps, books, tapes, photographs, films, sound 1 2 recordings, data processing software, or other material, 3 regardless of the physical form, characteristics, or means of 4 transmission, made or received pursuant to law or ordinance or 5 in connection with the transaction of official business by any б agency. 7 (2) "Agency" means any state, county, district, 8 authority, or municipal officer, department, division, board, 9 bureau, commission, or other separate unit of government created or established by law including, for the purposes of 10 this chapter, the Commission on Ethics, the Public Service 11 Commission, and the Office of Public Counsel, and any other 12 13 public or private agency, person, partnership, corporation, or business entity acting on behalf of any public agency. 14 (3)(a) "Criminal intelligence information" means 15 16 information with respect to an identifiable person or group of persons collected by a criminal justice agency in an effort to 17 anticipate, prevent, or monitor possible criminal activity. 18 "Criminal investigative information" means 19 (b) 20 information with respect to an identifiable person or group of

21 persons compiled by a criminal justice agency in the course of 22 conducting a criminal investigation of a specific act or 23 omission, including, but not limited to, information derived 24 from laboratory tests, reports of investigators or informants, 25 or any type of surveillance.

26 (c) "Criminal intelligence information" and "criminal 27 investigative information" shall not include: 28 1. The time, date, location, and nature of a reported

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crime.

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1 2. The name, sex, age, and address of a person 2 arrested or of the victim of a crime except as provided in s. 3 119.07(3)(f). 4 3. The time, date, and location of the incident and of 5 the arrest. 6 4. The crime charged. 7 Documents given or required by law or agency rule 5. 8 to be given to the person arrested, except as provided in s. 9 119.07(3)(f), and, except that the court in a criminal case may order that certain information required by law or agency 10 11 rule to be given to the person arrested be maintained in a confidential manner and exempt from the provisions of s. 12 13 119.07(1) until released at trial if it is found that the 14 release of such information would: 15 a. Be defamatory to the good name of a victim or 16 witness or would jeopardize the safety of such victim or witness; and 17 18 b. Impair the ability of a state attorney to locate or prosecute a codefendant. 19 20 6. Informations and indictments except as provided in 21 s. 905.26. 22 (d) The word "active" shall have the following 23 meaning: 24 Criminal intelligence information shall be 1. 25 considered "active" as long as it is related to intelligence 26 gathering conducted with a reasonable, good faith belief that 27 it will lead to detection of ongoing or reasonably anticipated 28 criminal activities. 29 2. Criminal investigative information shall be considered "active" as long as it is related to an ongoing 30 31 investigation which is continuing with a reasonable, good 11

1 faith anticipation of securing an arrest or prosecution in the 2 foreseeable future. 3 4 In addition, criminal intelligence and criminal investigative 5 information shall be considered "active" while such б information is directly related to pending prosecutions or 7 appeals. The word "active" shall not apply to information in 8 cases which are barred from prosecution under the provisions of s. 775.15 or other statute of limitation. 9 (4) "Criminal justice agency" means: 10 11 (a) Any law enforcement agency, court, or prosecutor;-12 The term also includes 13 (b) Any other agency charged by law with criminal law 14 enforcement duties; , or 15 (c) Any agency having custody of criminal intelligence 16 information or criminal investigative information for the purpose of assisting such law enforcement agencies in the 17 conduct of active criminal investigation or prosecution or for 18 the purpose of litigating civil actions under the Racketeer 19 20 Influenced and Corrupt Organization Act, during the time that 21 such agencies are in possession of criminal intelligence 22 information or criminal investigative information pursuant to their criminal law enforcement duties; or. The term also 23 24 includes 25 (d) The Department of Corrections. 26 (5) "Custodian of public records" means the elected or 27 appointed state, county, or municipal officer charged with the 28 responsibility of maintaining the office having public 29 records, or his or her designee. "Data-processing software" means the programs and 30 (6) routines used to employ and control the capabilities of 31

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data-processing hardware, including, but not limited to, 1 2 operating systems, compilers, assemblers, utilities, library routines, maintenance routines, applications, and 3 computer-networking programs. 4 5 (7) "Duplicated copies" means new copies produced by б duplicating, as defined in s. 283.30. 7 (8) "Exemption" means a provision of the Florida 8 Statutes which creates an exception to s. 119.07(1) or s. 9 286.011 and which applies to the executive branch of state government or to local government, but it does not include any 10 11 provision of a special law or local law. 12 (9) "Information technology resources" has the meaning 13 ascribed in s. 282.303(12). 14 (10) "Proprietary software" means data-processing 15 software that is protected by copyright or trade-secret laws. 16 (11) "Public records" means all documents, papers, 17 letters, maps, books, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, date-processing software, or other material, 18 19 regardless of the physical form, characteristics, or means of 20 transmission, made or received pursuant to law or ordinance or in connection with the transaction of official business by any 21 22 agency. 23 (12) "Sensitive," for purposes of defining 24 agency-produced software that is sensitive, means only those portions of data-processing software, including the 25 26 specifications and documentation, which are used to: 27 (a) Collect, process, store, and retrieve information 28 that is exempt from s. 119.07(1); 29 (b) Collect, process, store, and retrieve financial management information of the agency, such as payroll and 30 accounting records; or 31

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1 (c) Control and direct access authorizations and 2 security measures for automated systems. 3 Section 4. Sections 119.0115, 119.012, and 119.02, 4 Florida Statutes, are repealed. 5 Section 5. Section 119.021, Florida Statutes, is 6 amended to read: 7 (Substantial rewording of section. See 8 s. 119.021, F.S., for present text.) 9 119.021 Custodial requirements; maintenance, preservation, and retention of public records.--10 11 (1) Public records shall be maintained and preserved 12 as follows: (a) All public records should be kept in the buildings 13 14 in which they are ordinarily used. 15 (b) Insofar as practicable, custodians of vital, permanent, or archival records shall keep them in fireproof 16 and waterproof safes, vaults, or rooms fitted with 17 noncombustible materials and in such arrangement as to be 18 19 easily accessible for convenient use. 20 (c)1. Record books should be copied or repaired, renovated, or rebound if worn, mutilated, damaged, or 21 22 difficult to read. 23 2. Whenever any state, county, or municipal records 24 are in need of repair, restoration, or rebinding, the head of the concerned state agency, department, board, or commission; 25 26 the board of county commissioners of such county; or the 27 governing body of such municipality may authorize that such 28 records be removed from the building or office in which such 29 records are ordinarily kept for the length of time required to repair, restore, or rebind them. 30 31

3. Any public official who causes a record book to be 1 2 copied shall attest and certify on oath that the copy is an accurate copy of the original book. The copy shall then have 3 4 the force and effect of the original. 5 (3)(a) The Division of Library and Information 6 Services of the Department of State shall adopt rules to 7 establish retention schedules and a disposal process for 8 public records. 9 (b) Each agency shall comply with the rules establishing retention schedules and disposal processes for 10 public records which are adopted by the records and 11 12 information management program of the division. 13 (c) Every public official shall systematically dispose 14 of records no longer needed, subject to the consent of the 15 records and information management program of the division in 16 accordance with s. 257.36. (d) The division may ascertain the condition of public 17 records and shall give advice and assistance to public 18 19 officials to solve problems related to the preservation, 20 creation, filing, and public accessibility of public records in their custody. Public officials shall assist the division 21 22 by preparing an inclusive inventory of categories of public 23 records in their custody. The division shall establish a time 24 period for the retention or disposal of each series of records. Upon the completion of the inventory and schedule, 25 26 the division shall, subject to the availability of necessary 27 space, staff, and other facilities for such purposes, make 28 space available in its records center for the filing of 29 semicurrent records so scheduled and in its archives for noncurrent records of permanent value, and shall render such 30 31

other assistance as needed, including the microfilming of 1 2 records so scheduled. 3 (4) Agency orders that comprise final agency action 4 and that must be indexed or listed pursuant to s. 120.53 have 5 continuing legal significance; therefore, notwithstanding any 6 other provision of this chapter or any provision of chapter 7 257, each agency shall permanently maintain records of such 8 orders pursuant to the applicable rules of the Department of 9 State. (5)(a) Whoever has the custody of any public records 10 shall, at the expiration of his or her term of office, deliver 11 12 to his or her successor or, if there be none, to the records 13 and information management program of the Division of Library 14 and Information Services of the Department of State, all public records kept or received by him or her in the 15 16 transaction of official business. (b) Whoever is entitled to the custody of public 17 records shall demand them from any person having illegal 18 19 possession of them, who must forthwith deliver the same to him 20 or her. Any person unlawfully possessing public records must within 10 days deliver such records to their lawful custodian 21 22 unless just cause exists for failing to deliver such records. Section 6. Sections 119.031, 119.041, 119.05, and 23 119.06, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 24 25 Section 7. Section 119.07, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 27 119.07 Inspection, examination, and copying 28 duplication of records; fees; exemptions .--29 (1)(a) Every person who has custody of a public record shall permit the record to be inspected and copied examined by 30 31 any person desiring to do so, at any reasonable time, under 16

reasonable conditions, and under supervision by the custodian 1 of the public record or the custodian's designee. 2 3 (b) A person who has custody of a public record and 4 asserts that an exemption applies to a particular public 5 record or part of such record shall delete or excise from the б record only that portion of the record with respect to which 7 an exemption has been asserted and validly applies, and such 8 person shall produce the remainder of such record for 9 inspection and copying. 10 (c) If the person who has custody of a public record contends that the record or part of it is exempt from 11 12 inspection and copying, he or she shall state the basis of the 13 exemption that he or she contends is applicable to the record, 14 including the statutory citation to an exemption created or afforded by statute. 15 16 (d) If requested by the person seeking to inspect or copy the record, the custodian or designee shall state in 17 writing and with particularity the reasons for the conclusion 18 19 that the record is exempt. 20 (e) In any civil action in which an exemption to subsection (1) is asserted, if the exemption is alleged to 21 22 exist under or by virtue of paragraph (6)(c), paragraph (6)(d), paragraph (6)(e), paragraph (6)(k), paragraph (6)(l), 23 or paragraph (6)(0), the public record or part thereof in 24 question shall be submitted to the court for an inspection in 25 26 camera. If an exemption is alleged to exist under or by virtue of paragraph (6)(b), an inspection in camera will be 27 28 discretionary with the court. If the court finds that the 29 asserted exemption is not applicable, it shall order the public record or part thereof in question to be immediately 30 31

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produced for inspection, examination, or copying as requested 1 2 by the person seeking such access. 3 (f) Even if an assertion is made by the custodian of a public record that a requested record is not a public record 4 5 subject to public inspection and examination under subsection (1), the requested record shall, nevertheless, not be disposed 6 7 of for a period of 30 days after the date on which a written 8 request to inspect, examine, or copy the record was served on 9 or otherwise made to the custodian of the record by the person seeking access to the record. If a civil action is instituted 10 11 within the 30-day period to enforce the provisions of this 12 section with respect to the requested record, the custodian 13 may not dispose of the record except by order of a court of 14 competent jurisdiction after notice to all affected parties. 15 (g) The absence of a civil action instituted for the 16 purpose stated in paragraph (e) does not relieve the custodian 17 of the duty to maintain the record as a public record if the record is in fact a public record subject to public inspection 18 19 and copying under subsection (1) and does not otherwise excuse 20 or exonerate the custodian from any unauthorized or unlawful disposition of such record. 21 22 (2)(a) In all cases where the public or any person interested has a right to inspect or make copies from any 23 24 public record, any person shall hereafter have the right of 25 access to those public records for the purpose of making 26 photographs of the record while in the possession, custody, 27 and control of the custodian of records or his or her 28 designee. 29 (b) This subsection applies to the making of photographs in the conventional sense by use of a camera 30 device to capture images of public records but excludes the 31

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duplication of microfilm in the possession of the clerk of the 1 2 circuit court where a copy of the microfilm may be made 3 available by the clerk. 4 (c) Such work shall be done under the supervision of 5 the custodian of records or designee, who may adopt and 6 enforce reasonable rules governing the work. 7 (d) Photographing of public records shall be done in 8 the room where the public records are kept. If, in the 9 judgment of the custodian of records, this is impossible or impracticable, the work shall be done in another room or 10 place, as nearly adjacent as possible to the room where the 11 12 public records are kept, to be determined by the custodian of 13 the records or his or her designee. Where provision of another 14 room or place for photographing is required, the expense of 15 providing the same shall be paid by the person desiring to 16 photograph the public record pursuant to subsection (5). (3)(a) As an additional means of inspecting or copying 17 public records of the executive branch, judicial branch, or 18 19 any political subdivision of the state, a custodian of records 20 may provide access to public records by remote electronic 21 means. 22 (b) The custodian shall provide safeguards to protect the contents of public records from unauthorized remote 23 24 electronic access or alteration and to prevent the disclosure 25 or modification of those portions of public records which are 26 exempt from s. 119.07(1). 27 (c) Unless otherwise required by law, the custodian 28 may charge a fee for remote electronic access, granted under a contractual arrangement with a user, which fee may include the 29 direct and indirect costs of providing such access. Fees for 30 31

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2 be in accordance with the provisions of s. 119.07. 3 (4) The custodian shall furnish a copy or a certified copy of the record upon payment of the fee prescribed by law. 4 5 or, If a fee is not prescribed by law, the following fees are б authorized: 7 (a) Up to 15 cents per one-sided copy for duplicated 8 copies of not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches; an agency 9 may charge no more than an additional 5 cents for each two-sided duplicated copy., upon payment of not more than 15 10 11 cents per one-sided copy, and 12 (b) For all other copies, an agency may charge upon 13 payment of the actual cost of duplication of the record. An 14 agency may charge no more than an additional 5 cents for each two-sided duplicated copy. For purposes of this section, 15 16 duplicated copies shall mean new copies produced by 17 duplicating, as defined in s. 283.30. The phrase "actual cost 18 of duplication" means the cost of the material and supplies 19 used to duplicate the record, but it does not include the 20 labor cost or overhead cost associated with such duplication. 21 However, 22 (c) The charge for copies of county maps or aerial photographs supplied by county constitutional officers may 23 24 also include a reasonable charge for the labor and overhead 25 associated with their duplication. Unless otherwise provided 26 by law, the fees to be charged for duplication of public 27 records shall be collected, deposited, and accounted for in 28 the manner prescribed for other operating funds of the agency. 29 (d) An agency may charge up to \$1 per copy for a certified copy of a public record. 30 31

remote electronic access provided to the general public shall

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1 (e)(b) If the nature or volume of public records 2 requested to be inspected, examined, or copied pursuant to 3 this subsection is such as to require extensive use of information technology resources or extensive clerical or 4 5 supervisory assistance by personnel of the agency involved, or both, the agency may charge, in addition to the actual cost of 6 7 duplication, a special service charge, which shall be 8 reasonable and shall be based on the cost incurred for such extensive use of information technology resources or the labor 9 cost of the personnel providing the service that is actually 10 11 incurred by the agency or attributable to the agency for the 12 clerical and supervisory assistance required, or both. 13 (f)1. Where provision of another room or place is necessary to photograph public records, the expense of 14 15 providing the same shall be paid by the person desiring to 16 photograph the public records. 2. The custodian may charge the person making the 17 photographs for the services of a designee to supervise the 18 19 photography or for the services of the custodian to photograph 20 the public records at a rate of compensation to be agreed upon by the person desiring to make the photographs and the 21 custodian of records. If they fail to agree as to the 22 23 appropriate charge, then the charge is to be determined by the custodian of the records."Information technology resources" 24 25 means data processing hardware and software and services, 26 communications, supplies, personnel, facility resources, 27 maintenance, and training. 28 (5) (5) (c) When ballots are produced under this section for inspection or examination, no persons other than the 29 supervisor of elections or the supervisor's employees shall 30 touch the ballots. The supervisor of elections shall make a 31 21

1 reasonable effort to notify all candidates by telephone or 2 otherwise of the time and place of the inspection or 3 examination. All such candidates, or their representatives, 4 shall be allowed to be present during the inspection or 5 examination.

(2)(a) A person who has custody of a public record and 6 7 who asserts that an exemption provided in subsection (3) or in 8 a general or special law applies to a particular public record 9 or part of such record shall delete or excise from the record only that portion of the record with respect to which an 10 11 exemption has been asserted and validly applies, and such 12 person shall produce the remainder of such record for 13 inspection and examination. If the person who has custody of a public record contends that the record or part of it is 14 exempt from inspection and examination, he or she shall state 15 the basis of the exemption which he or she contends is 16 applicable to the record, including the statutory citation to 17 an exemption created or afforded by statute, and, if requested 18 by the person seeking the right under this subsection to 19 20 inspect, examine, or copy the record, he or she shall state in writing and with particularity the reasons for the conclusion 21 22 that the record is exempt. (b) In any civil action in which an exemption to 23 subsection (1) is asserted, if the exemption is alleged to 24 25 exist under or by virtue of paragraph (c), paragraph (d), 26 paragraph (e), paragraph (k), paragraph (l), or paragraph (o) 27 of subsection (3), the public record or part thereof in 28 question shall be submitted to the court for an inspection in camera. If an exemption is alleged to exist under or by 29

30 virtue of paragraph (b) of subsection (3), an inspection in

31 camera will be discretionary with the court. If the court

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finds that the asserted exemption is not applicable, it shall 1 order the public record or part thereof in question to be 2 3 immediately produced for inspection, examination, or copying as requested by the person seeking such access. 4 5 (c) Even if an assertion is made by the custodian of a б public record that a requested record is not a public record 7 subject to public inspection and examination under subsection 8 (1), the requested record shall, nevertheless, not be disposed of for a period of 30 days after the date on which a written 9 10 request requesting the right to inspect, examine, or copy the 11 record was served on or otherwise made to the custodian of the 12 record by the person seeking access to the record. If a civil 13 action is instituted within the 30-day period to enforce the 14 provisions of this section with respect to the requested record, the custodian shall not dispose of the record except 15 16 by order of a court of competent jurisdiction after notice to all affected parties. 17 (d) The absence of a civil action instituted for the 18 purpose stated in paragraph (c) will not relieve the custodian 19 20 of the duty to maintain the record as a public record if the record is in fact a public record subject to public inspection 21 22 and examination under subsection (1) and will not otherwise excuse or exonerate the custodian from any unauthorized or 23 24 unlawful disposition of such record. 25 (6)(3)(a) Examination questions and answer sheets of 26 examinations administered by a governmental agency for the 27 purpose of licensure, certification, or employment are exempt 28 from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. A person who has taken such an 29 examination shall have the right to review his or her own 30 completed examination. 31

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(b) Active criminal intelligence information and
 active criminal investigative information are exempt from the
 provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State
 Constitution.

5 (c) Any information revealing the identity of a 6 confidential informant or a confidential source is exempt from 7 the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the 8 State Constitution.

9 (d) Any information revealing surveillance techniques or procedures or personnel is exempt from the provisions of 10 11 subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 12 Any comprehensive inventory of state and local law enforcement 13 resources compiled pursuant to part I, chapter 23, and any comprehensive policies or plans compiled by a criminal justice 14 agency pertaining to the mobilization, deployment, or tactical 15 16 operations involved in responding to emergencies, as defined in s. 252.34(3), are exempt from the provisions of subsection 17 (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and 18 19 unavailable for inspection, except by personnel authorized by 20 a state or local law enforcement agency, the office of the 21 Governor, the Department of Legal Affairs, the Department of 22 Law Enforcement, or the Department of Community Affairs as having an official need for access to the inventory or 23 comprehensive policies or plans. 24

(e) Any information revealing undercover personnel of any criminal justice agency is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. (f) Any criminal intelligence information or criminal investigative information including the photograph, name, address, or other fact or information which reveals the identity of the victim of the crime of sexual battery as

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defined in chapter 794; the identity of the victim of a lewd 1 2 or lascivious offense committed upon or in the presence of a 3 person less than 16 years of age, as defined in chapter 800; or the identity of the victim of the crime of child abuse as 4 5 defined by chapter 827 and any criminal intelligence information or criminal investigative information or other 6 7 criminal record, including those portions of court records and court proceedings, which may reveal the identity of a person 8 9 who is a victim of any sexual offense, including a sexual offense proscribed in chapter 794, chapter 800, or chapter 10 11 827, is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 12

(g) Any criminal intelligence information or criminal investigative information which reveals the personal assets of the victim of a crime, other than property stolen or destroyed during the commission of the crime, is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

(h) All criminal intelligence and criminal investigative information received by a criminal justice agency prior to January 25, 1979, is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

(i)1. The home addresses, telephone numbers, social security numbers, and photographs of active or former law enforcement personnel, including correctional and correctional probation officers, personnel of the Department of Children and Family Services whose duties include the investigation of abuse, neglect, exploitation, fraud, theft, or other criminal activities, personnel of the Department of Health whose duties are to support the investigation of child abuse or neglect,

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and personnel of the Department of Revenue or local 1 2 governments whose responsibilities include revenue collection 3 and enforcement or child support enforcement; the home addresses, telephone numbers, social security numbers, 4 5 photographs, and places of employment of the spouses and children of such personnel; and the names and locations of 6 7 schools and day care facilities attended by the children of 8 such personnel are exempt from the provisions of subsection 9 (1). The home addresses, telephone numbers, and photographs of firefighters certified in compliance with s. 633.35; the home 10 addresses, telephone numbers, photographs, and places of 11 12 employment of the spouses and children of such firefighters; 13 and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities 14 attended by the children of such firefighters are exempt from subsection (1). The home addresses and telephone numbers of 15 16 justices of the Supreme Court, district court of appeal judges, circuit court judges, and county court judges; the 17 home addresses, telephone numbers, and places of employment of 18 the spouses and children of justices and judges; and the names 19 20 and locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the children of justices and judges are exempt from the 21 22 provisions of subsection (1). The home addresses, telephone numbers, social security numbers, and photographs of current 23 or former state attorneys, assistant state attorneys, 24 statewide prosecutors, or assistant statewide prosecutors; the 25 26 home addresses, telephone numbers, social security numbers, 27 photographs, and places of employment of the spouses and 28 children of current or former state attorneys, assistant state 29 attorneys, statewide prosecutors, or assistant statewide prosecutors; and the names and locations of schools and day 30 31 care facilities attended by the children of current or former

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1 state attorneys, assistant state attorneys, statewide 2 prosecutors, or assistant statewide prosecutors are exempt 3 from subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 4 Constitution.

5 2. The home addresses, telephone numbers, social б security numbers, and photographs of current or former human 7 resource, labor relations, or employee relations directors, 8 assistant directors, managers, or assistant managers of any 9 local government agency or water management district whose 10 duties include hiring and firing employees, labor contract 11 negotiation, administration, or other personnel-related duties; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, social 12 13 security numbers, photographs, and places of employment of the 14 spouses and children of such personnel; and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the 15 16 children of such personnel are exempt from subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This subparagraph 17 is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in 18 19 accordance with s. 119.15, and shall stand repealed on October 20 2, 2006, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 21 reenactment by the Legislature.

22 3. The home addresses, telephone numbers, social security numbers, and photographs of current or former code 23 24 enforcement officers; the names, home addresses, telephone 25 numbers, social security numbers, photographs, and places of 26 employment of the spouses and children of such persons; and 27 the names and locations of schools and day care facilities 28 attended by the children of such persons are exempt from 29 subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This subparagraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset 30 31 Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15, and shall

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stand repealed on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and saved
 from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

3 4. An agency that is the custodian of the personal 4 information specified in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or 5 subparagraph 3. and that is not the employer of the officer, б employee, justice, judge, or other person specified in 7 subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3. shall 8 maintain the exempt status confidentiality of the personal 9 information only if the officer, employee, justice, judge, other person, or employing agency of the designated employee 10 11 submits a written request for maintenance of the exemption 12 confidentiality to the custodial agency.

(j) Any information provided to an agency of state government or to an agency of a political subdivision of the state for the purpose of forming ridesharing arrangements, which information reveals the identity of an individual who has provided his or her name for ridesharing, as defined in s. 341.031, is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

(k) Any information revealing the substance of a confession of a person arrested is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, until such time as the criminal case is finally determined by adjudication, dismissal, or other final disposition.

(1)1. A public record which was prepared by an agency attorney (including an attorney employed or retained by the agency or employed or retained by another public officer or agency to protect or represent the interests of the agency having custody of the record) or prepared at the attorney's express direction, which reflects a mental impression,

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conclusion, litigation strategy, or legal theory of the 1 2 attorney or the agency, and which was prepared exclusively for 3 civil or criminal litigation or for adversarial administrative proceedings, or which was prepared in anticipation of imminent 4 5 civil or criminal litigation or imminent adversarial administrative proceedings, is exempt from the provisions of 6 7 subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution 8 until the conclusion of the litigation or adversarial 9 administrative proceedings. For purposes of capital collateral litigation as set forth in s. 27.7001, the Attorney General's 10 11 office is entitled to claim this exemption for those public records prepared for direct appeal as well as for all capital 12 13 collateral litigation after direct appeal until execution of 14 sentence or imposition of a life sentence. This exemption is not waived by the release of such 15 2. 16 public record to another public employee or officer of the 17 same agency or any person consulted by the agency attorney. When asserting the right to withhold a public record pursuant 18 to this paragraph, the agency shall identify the potential 19 20 parties to any such criminal or civil litigation or

adversarial administrative proceedings. If a court finds that the document or other record has been improperly withheld under this paragraph, the party seeking access to such document or record shall be awarded reasonable attorney's fees and costs in addition to any other remedy ordered by the court.

(m) Sealed bids or proposals received by an agency pursuant to invitations to bid or requests for proposals are exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until such time as the agency provides notice of a decision or intended decision pursuant to

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s. 120.57(3)(a) or within 10 days after bid or proposal
 opening, whichever is earlier.

3 (n) When an agency of the executive branch of state 4 government seeks to acquire real property by purchase or 5 through the exercise of the power of eminent domain all appraisals, other reports relating to value, offers, and 6 7 counteroffers must be in writing and are exempt from the 8 provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until execution of a valid option contract or a 9 written offer to sell that has been conditionally accepted by 10 11 the agency, at which time the exemption shall expire. The agency shall not finally accept the offer for a period of 30 12 13 days in order to allow public review of the transaction. The 14 agency may give conditional acceptance to any option or offer subject only to final acceptance by the agency after the 15 16 30-day review period. If a valid option contract is not executed, or if a written offer to sell is not conditionally 17 accepted by the agency, then the exemption from the provisions 18 19 of this chapter shall expire at the conclusion of the 20 condemnation litigation of the subject property. An agency of 21 the executive branch may exempt title information, including 22 names and addresses of property owners whose property is subject to acquisition by purchase or through the exercise of 23 the power of eminent domain, from the provisions of subsection 24 (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution to the same 25 26 extent as appraisals, other reports relating to value, offers, 27 and counteroffers. For the purpose of this paragraph, "option 28 contract" means an agreement of an agency of the executive 29 branch of state government to purchase real property subject to final agency approval. This paragraph shall have no 30 31 application to other exemptions from the provisions of

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 subsection (1) which are contained in other provisions of law 2 and shall not be construed to be an express or implied repeal 3 thereof.

(o) Data processing software obtained by an agency 4 5 under a licensing agreement which prohibits its disclosure and which software is a trade secret, as defined in s. 812.081, 6 7 and agency-produced data processing software which is 8 sensitive are exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The designation 9 of agency-produced software as sensitive shall not prohibit an 10 11 agency head from sharing or exchanging such software with another public agency. As used in this paragraph: 12 13 1. "Data processing software" means the programs and routines used to employ and control the capabilities of data 14 processing hardware, including, but not limited to, operating 15 16 systems, compilers, assemblers, utilities, library routines,

17 maintenance routines, applications, and computer networking
18 programs.

19 2. "Sensitive" means only those portions of data 20 processing software, including the specifications and 21 documentation, used to:

22 a. Collect, process, store, and retrieve information 23 which is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1); 24 b. Collect, process, store, and retrieve financial 25 management information of the agency, such as payroll and 26 accounting records; or

27 c. Control and direct access authorizations and
28 security measures for automated systems.

(p) All complaints and other records in the custody of any unit of local government which relate to a complaint of discrimination relating to race, color, religion, sex,

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national origin, age, handicap, marital status, sale or rental 1 2 of housing, the provision of brokerage services, or the 3 financing of housing are exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution 4 5 until a finding is made relating to probable cause, the investigation of the complaint becomes inactive, or the 6 7 complaint or other record is made part of the official record 8 of any hearing or court proceeding. This provision shall not affect any function or activity of the Florida Commission on 9 10 Human Relations. Any state or federal agency which is 11 authorized to have access to such complaints or records by any provision of law shall be granted such access in the 12 13 furtherance of such agency's statutory duties, notwithstanding 14 the provisions of this section. This paragraph shall not be construed to modify or repeal any special or local act. 15 16 (q) All complaints and other records in the custody of

any agency in the executive branch of state government which 17 relate to a complaint of discrimination relating to race, 18 color, religion, sex, national origin, age, handicap, or 19 20 marital status in connection with hiring practices, position classifications, salary, benefits, discipline, discharge, 21 22 employee performance, evaluation, or other related activities are exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), 23 Art. I of the State Constitution until a finding is made 24 relating to probable cause, the investigation of the complaint 25 26 becomes inactive, or the complaint or other record is made 27 part of the official record of any hearing or court 28 proceeding. This provision shall not affect any function or 29 activity of the Florida Commission on Human Relations. Any state or federal agency which is authorized to have access to 30 31 such complaints or records by any provision of law shall be

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granted such access in the furtherance of such agency's
 statutory duties, notwithstanding the provisions of this
 section.

4 (r) All records supplied by a telecommunications
5 company, as defined by s. 364.02, to a state or local
6 governmental agency which contain the name, address, and
7 telephone number of subscribers are confidential and exempt
8 from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of
9 the State Constitution.

10 (s)1. Any document that reveals the identity, home or employment telephone number, home or employment address, or 11 personal assets of the victim of a crime and identifies that 12 13 person as the victim of a crime, which document is received by any agency that regularly receives information from or 14 concerning the victims of crime, is exempt from the provisions 15 16 of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Any information not otherwise held confidential 17 or exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) which reveals 18 the home or employment telephone number, home or employment 19 20 address, or personal assets of a person who has been the 21 victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, aggravated 22 stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), 23 Art. I of the State Constitution, upon written request by the 24 victim, which must include official verification that an 25 26 applicable crime has occurred. Such information shall cease 27 to be exempt 5 years after the receipt of the written request. 28 Any state or federal agency that is authorized to have access 29 to such documents by any provision of law shall be granted such access in the furtherance of such agency's statutory 30 duties, notwithstanding the provisions of this section. 31

Any information in a videotaped statement of a 1 2. 2 minor who is alleged to be or who is a victim of sexual 3 battery, lewd acts, or other sexual misconduct proscribed in 4 chapter 800 or in s. 794.011, s. 827.071, s. 847.012, s. 5 847.0125, s. 847.013, s. 847.0133, or s. 847.0145, which reveals that minor's identity, including, but not limited to, 6 7 the minor's face; the minor's home, school, church, or 8 employment telephone number; the minor's home, school, church, 9 or employment address; the name of the minor's school, church, 10 or place of employment; or the personal assets of the minor; and which identifies that minor as the victim of a crime 11 described in this subparagraph, is confidential and exempt 12 13 from subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 14 Constitution. Any governmental agency that is authorized to have access to such statements by any provision of law shall 15 16 be granted such access in the furtherance of the agency's statutory duties, notwithstanding the provisions of this 17 This subparagraph is subject to the Open Government 18 section. 19 Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15, and 20 shall stand repealed on October 2, 2003. 3. A public employee or officer who has access to the 21 22 videotaped statement of a minor who is alleged to be or who is a victim of sexual battery, lewd acts, or other sexual 23 misconduct proscribed in chapter 800 or in s. 794.011, s. 24 827.071, s. 847.012, s. 847.0125, s. 847.013, s. 847.0133, or 25 26 s. 847.0145, may not willfully and knowingly disclose 27 videotaped information that reveals that minor's identity to a 28 person who is not assisting in the investigation or 29 prosecution of the alleged offense or to any person other than the defendant, the defendant's attorney, or a person specified 30 31

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in an order entered by the court having jurisdiction of the
 alleged offense.

4. A person who violates subparagraph 3. commits a
misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
775.082 or s. 775.083.

6 (t) Any financial statement which an agency requires a
7 prospective bidder to submit in order to prequalify for
8 bidding or for responding to a proposal for a road or any
9 other public works project is exempt from the provisions of
10 subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

(u) Where the alleged victim chooses not to file a complaint and requests that records of the complaint remain confidential, all records relating to an allegation of employment discrimination are confidential and exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

(v) Medical information pertaining to a prospective, 17 18 current, or former officer or employee of an agency which, if 19 disclosed, would identify that officer or employee is exempt 20 from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. However, such information may be 21 22 disclosed if the person to whom the information pertains or the person's legal representative provides written permission 23 or pursuant to court order. 24

(w)1. If certified pursuant to subparagraph 2., an investigatory record of the Chief Inspector General within the Executive Office of the Governor or of the employee designated by an agency head as the agency inspector general under s. 112.3189 is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until the investigation ceases to be active, or a report detailing the

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investigation is provided to the Governor or the agency head, 1 2 or 60 days from the inception of the investigation for which the record was made or received, whichever first occurs. 3 Investigatory records are those records which are related to 4 5 the investigation of an alleged, specific act or omission or other wrongdoing, with respect to an identifiable person or 6 7 group of persons, based on information compiled by the Chief 8 Inspector General or by an agency inspector general, as named under the provisions of s. 112.3189, in the course of an 9 10 investigation. An investigation is active if it is continuing 11 with a reasonable, good faith anticipation of resolution and with reasonable dispatch. 12

13 2. The Governor, in the case of the Chief Inspector General, or agency head, in the case of an employee designated 14 as the agency inspector general under s. 112.3189, may certify 15 16 such investigatory records require an exemption to protect the integrity of the investigation or avoid unwarranted damage to 17 an individual's good name or reputation. The certification 18 19 shall specify the nature and purpose of the investigation and 20 shall be kept with the exempt records and made public when the 21 records are made public.

22 3. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to whistle-blower investigations conducted pursuant to the 23 provisions of ss. 112.3187, 112.3188, 112.3189, and 112.31895. 24 (x) The social security numbers of all current and 25 former agency employees which numbers are contained in agency 26 27 employment records are exempt from subsection (1) and exempt 28 from s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. As used in 29 this paragraph, the term "agency" means an agency as defined in s. 119.011. 30

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1 The audit report of an internal auditor prepared (y) 2 for or on behalf of a unit of local government becomes a 3 public record when the audit becomes final. As used in this paragraph, "unit of local government" means a county, 4 5 municipality, special district, local agency, authority, consolidated city-county government, or any other local 6 7 governmental body or public body corporate or politic 8 authorized or created by general or special law. An audit becomes final when the audit report is presented to the unit 9 of local government. Audit workpapers and notes related to 10 11 such audit report are confidential and exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 12 13 Constitution until the audit is completed and the audit report 14 becomes final.

15 (z) Bank account numbers or debit, charge, or credit 16 card numbers given to an agency for the purpose of payment of any fee or debt owing are confidential and exempt from 17 18 subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 19 However, such numbers may be used by an agency, as needed, in 20 any administrative or judicial proceeding, provided such 21 numbers are kept confidential and exempt, unless otherwise 22 ordered by the court. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 23 24 119.15, and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2001, unless 25 reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the 26 Legislature. 27 (z) (aa) Any data, record, or document used directly or

28 solely by a municipally owned utility to prepare and submit a 29 bid relative to the sale, distribution, or use of any service, 30 commodity, or tangible personal property to any customer or 31 prospective customer shall be exempt from the provisions of

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subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 1 2 This exemption commences when a municipal utility identifies 3 in writing a specific bid to which it intends to respond. This exemption no longer applies when the contract for sale, 4 5 distribution, or use of the service, commodity, or tangible personal property is executed, a decision is made not to 6 7 execute such contract, or the project is no longer under 8 active consideration. The exemption in this paragraph includes 9 the bid documents actually furnished in response to the request for bids. However, the exemption for the bid documents 10 11 submitted no longer applies after the bids are opened by the 12 customer or prospective customer.

13 (aa) (bb) Upon a request made in a form designated by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, personal 14 information contained in a motor vehicle record that 15 16 identifies the requester is exempt from subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution except as provided in 17 this paragraph. Personal information includes, but is not 18 limited to, the requester's social security number, driver 19 20 identification number, name, address, telephone number, and 21 medical or disability information. For purposes of this 22 paragraph, personal information does not include information relating to vehicular crashes, driving violations, and 23 driver's status. Such request may be made only by the person 24 who is the subject of the motor vehicle record. For purposes 25 26 of this paragraph, "motor vehicle record" means any record 27 that pertains to a motor vehicle operator's permit, motor 28 vehicle title, motor vehicle registration, or identification 29 card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. Personal information contained in motor vehicle 30 31 records exempted by an individual's request pursuant to this

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1 paragraph shall be released by the department for any of the 2 following uses:

3 1. For use in connection with matters of motor vehicle 4 or driver safety and theft; motor vehicle emissions; motor 5 vehicle product alterations, recalls, or advisories; performance monitoring of motor vehicles and dealers by motor 6 7 vehicle manufacturers; and removal of nonowner records from 8 the original owner records of motor vehicle manufacturers, to 9 carry out the purposes of the Automobile Information 10 Disclosure Act, the Motor Vehicle Information and Cost Saving 11 Act, the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966, the Anti-Car Theft Act of 1992, and the Clean Air Act. 12 13 2. For use by any government agency, including any court or law enforcement agency, in carrying out its 14 functions, or any private person or entity acting on behalf of 15 16 a federal, state, or local agency in carrying out its 17 functions. 3. For use in connection with matters of motor vehicle 18 or driver safety and theft; motor vehicle emissions; motor 19 20 vehicle product alterations, recalls, or advisories; performance monitoring of motor vehicles, motor vehicle parts, 21 22 and dealers; motor vehicle market research activities, including survey research; and removal of nonowner records 23 from the original owner records of motor vehicle 24 25 manufacturers. 26 4. For use in the normal course of business by a 27 legitimate business or its agents, employees, or contractors, 28 but only: 29 To verify the accuracy of personal information a. submitted by the individual to the business or its agents, 30 31 employees, or contractors; and

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1 If such information as so submitted is not correct b. 2 or is no longer correct, to obtain the correct information, 3 but only for the purposes of preventing fraud by, pursuing legal remedies against, or recovering on a debt or security 4 5 interest against, the individual. 6 5. For use in connection with any civil, criminal, 7 administrative, or arbitral proceeding in any court or agency 8 or before any self-regulatory body for: 9 Service of process by any certified process server, a. special process server, or other person authorized to serve 10 11 process in this state. 12 Investigation in anticipation of litigation by an b. 13 attorney licensed to practice law in this state or the agent 14 of the attorney. 15 c. Investigation by any person in connection with any 16 filed proceeding. d. Execution or enforcement of judgments and orders. 17 e. Compliance with an order of any court. 18 6. For use in research activities and for use in 19 20 producing statistical reports, so long as the personal 21 information is not published, redisclosed, or used to contact 22 individuals. 7. For use by any insurer or insurance support 23 organization, or by a self-insured entity, or its agents, 24 25 employees, or contractors, in connection with claims 26 investigation activities, anti-fraud activities, rating, or 27 underwriting. 28 8. For use in providing notice to the owners of towed 29 or impounded vehicles. 30 For use by any licensed private investigative 9. 31 agency or licensed security service for any purpose permitted 40 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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under this paragraph. Personal information obtained based on 1 2 an exempt driver's record may not be provided to a client who 3 cannot demonstrate a need based on a police report, court order, or a business or personal relationship with the subject 4 5 of the investigation. 10. For use by an employer or its agent or insurer to 6 7 obtain or verify information relating to a holder of a 8 commercial driver's license that is required under the 9 Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, 49 U.S.C. App. 10 2710 et seq. 11 11. For use in connection with the operation of private toll transportation facilities. 12 13 12. For bulk distribution for surveys, marketing, or 14 solicitations when the department has implemented methods and procedures to ensure that: 15 16 a. Individuals are provided an opportunity, in a clear and conspicuous manner, to prohibit such uses; and 17 The information will be used, rented, or sold 18 b. solely for bulk distribution for survey, marketing, and 19 20 solicitations, and that surveys, marketing, and solicitations will not be directed at those individuals who have timely 21 22 requested that they not be directed at them. 13. For any use if the requesting person demonstrates 23 that he or she has obtained the written consent of the person 24 who is the subject of the motor vehicle record. 25 14. For any other use specifically authorized by state 26 27 law, if such use is related to the operation of a motor 28 vehicle or public safety. 29 Personal information exempted from public disclosure according 30 31 to this paragraph may be disclosed by the Department of

Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to an individual, firm, 1 2 corporation, or similar business entity whose primary business 3 interest is to resell or redisclose the personal information to persons who are authorized to receive such information. 4 5 Prior to the department's disclosure of personal information, such individual, firm, corporation, or similar business entity 6 7 must first enter into a contract with the department regarding 8 the care, custody, and control of the personal information to 9 ensure compliance with the federal Driver's Privacy Protection 10 Act of 1994 and applicable state laws. An authorized recipient 11 of personal information contained in a motor vehicle record, except a recipient under subparagraph 12., may contract with 12 13 the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to resell 14 or redisclose the information for any use permitted under this paragraph. However, only authorized recipients of personal 15 16 information under subparagraph 12. may resell or redisclose personal information pursuant to subparagraph 12. Any 17 authorized recipient who resells or rediscloses personal 18 19 information shall maintain, for a period of 5 years, records 20 identifying each person or entity that receives the personal 21 information and the permitted purpose for which it will be 22 used. Such records shall be made available for inspection upon request by the department. The department shall adopt rules to 23 carry out the purposes of this paragraph and the federal 24 Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, Title XXX, Pub. L. 25 26 No. 103-322. Rules adopted by the department shall provide for 27 the payment of applicable fees and, prior to the disclosure of 28 personal information pursuant to this paragraph, shall require 29 the meeting of conditions by the requesting person for the purposes of obtaining reasonable assurance concerning the 30 identity of such requesting person, and, to the extent 31

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1 required, assurance that the use will be only as authorized or 2 that the consent of the person who is the subject of the 3 personal information has been obtained. Such conditions may 4 include, but need not be limited to, the making and filing of 5 a written application in such form and containing such 6 information and certification requirements as the department 7 requires.

8 (bb)(cc)1. Medical history records, bank account 9 numbers, credit card numbers, telephone numbers, and information related to health or property insurance furnished 10 11 by an individual to any agency pursuant to federal, state, or local housing assistance programs are confidential and exempt 12 13 from the provisions of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of 14 the State Constitution. Any other information produced or received by any private or public entity in direct connection 15 16 with federal, state, or local housing assistance programs, unless the subject of another federal or state exemption, is 17 subject to subsection (1). 18

2. Governmental agencies or their agents are entitled to access to the records specified in this paragraph for the purposes of auditing federal, state, or local housing programs or housing assistance programs. Such records may be used by an agency, as needed, in any administrative or judicial proceeding, provided such records are kept confidential and exempt, unless otherwise ordered by a court.

3. This paragraph is repealed effective October 2,
2003, and must be reviewed by the Legislature before that date
in accordance with s. 119.15, the Open Government Sunset
Review Act of 1995.

30 <u>(cc)(dd)</u> All personal identifying information; bank
31 account numbers; and debit, charge, and credit card numbers

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contained in records relating to an individual's personal 1 health or eligibility for health-related services made or 2 3 received by the Department of Health or its service providers are confidential and exempt from the provisions of subsection 4 5 (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Information made 6 7 confidential and exempt by this paragraph shall be disclosed: 8 With the express written consent of the individual 1. 9 or the individual's legally authorized representative. 10 In a medical emergency, but only to the extent 2. 11 necessary to protect the health or life of the individual. 12 By court order upon a showing of good cause. 3. 13 4. To a health research entity, if the entity seeks 14 the records or data pursuant to a research protocol approved by the department, maintains the records or data in accordance 15 16 with the approved protocol, and enters into a purchase and 17 data-use agreement with the department, the fee provisions of 18 which are consistent with paragraph (1)(a). The department may deny a request for records or data if the protocol 19 20 provides for intrusive follow-back contacts, has not been 21 approved by a human studies institutional review board, does 22 not plan for the destruction of confidential records after the research is concluded, is administratively burdensome, or does 23 not have scientific merit. The agreement must restrict the 24 release of any information, which would permit the 25 26 identification of persons, limit the use of records or data to 27 the approved research protocol, and prohibit any other use of 28 the records or data. Copies of records or data issued pursuant to this subparagraph remain the property of the 29 30 department. 31

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1 This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review 2 Act of 1995, in accordance with s. 119.15, and shall stand 3 repealed on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and saved from 4 repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 5 (dd) Any videotape or video signal which, under an 6 agreement with an agency, is produced, made, or received by,

7 or is in the custody of, a federally licensed radio or
8 television station or its agent is exempt from this chapter.

9 (7) (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 10 exempt from subsection (1) a public record which was made a 11 part of a court file and which is not specifically closed by 12 order of court, except as provided in paragraphs (c), (d), 13 (e), (k), (l), and (o) of subsection(6)(3) and except 14 information or records which may reveal the identity of a person who is a victim of a sexual offense as provided in 15 16 paragraph (f) of subsection(6)(3).

17 <u>(8)(5)</u> An exemption from this section does not imply 18 an exemption from or exception to s. 286.011. The exemption 19 from or exception to s. 286.011 must be expressly provided.

20 (9) (6) Nothing in subsection(6)(3) or any other 21 general or special law shall limit the access of the Auditor 22 General, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, or any state, county, municipal, university, 23 board of community college, school district, or special 24 25 district internal auditor to public records when such person 26 states in writing that such records are needed for a properly 27 authorized audit, examination, or investigation. Such person 28 shall maintain the confidentiality of any public records that 29 are confidential or exempt from the provisions of subsection (1) and shall be subject to the same penalties as the 30 31

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custodians of those public records for violating
 confidentiality.

3  $(10)\frac{(7)}{(7)}(a)$  Any person or organization, including the Department of Children and Family Services, may petition the 4 5 court for an order making public the records of the Department of Children and Family Services that pertain to investigations 6 7 of alleged abuse, neglect, abandonment, or exploitation of a 8 child or a vulnerable adult. The court shall determine if good 9 cause exists for public access to the records sought or a portion thereof. In making this determination, the court shall 10 balance the best interest of the vulnerable adult or child who 11 is the focus of the investigation, and in the case of the 12 13 child, the interest of that child's siblings, together with 14 the privacy right of other persons identified in the reports against the public interest. The public interest in access to 15 such records is reflected in s. 119.01(1), and includes the 16 need for citizens to know of and adequately evaluate the 17 actions of the Department of Children and Family Services and 18 the court system in providing vulnerable adults and children 19 20 of this state with the protections enumerated in ss. 39.001 21 and 415.101. However, this subsection does not contravene ss. 22 39.202 and 415.107, which protect the name of any person reporting the abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a child or a 23 vulnerable adult. 24

(b) In cases involving serious bodily injury to a child or a vulnerable adult, the Department of Children and Family Services may petition the court for an order for the immediate public release of records of the department which pertain to the protective investigation. The petition must be personally served upon the child or vulnerable adult, the child's parents or guardian, the legal guardian of that

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person, if any, and any person named as an alleged perpetrator 1 in the report of abuse, neglect, abandonment, or exploitation. 2 3 The court must determine if good cause exists for the public release of the records sought no later than 24 hours, 4 5 excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after the date the department filed the petition with the court. If the 6 7 court has neither granted nor denied the petition within the 8 24-hour time period, the department may release to the public summary information including: 9 A confirmation that an investigation has been 10 1. 11 conducted concerning the alleged victim. The dates and brief description of procedural 12 2. 13 activities undertaken during the department's investigation. The date of each judicial proceeding, a summary of 14 3. each participant's recommendations made at the judicial 15 16 proceedings, and the rulings of the court. 17 18 The summary information may not include the name of, or other 19 identifying information with respect to, any person identified 20 in any investigation. In making a determination to release confidential information, the court shall balance the best 21 22 interests of the vulnerable adult or child who is the focus of the investigation and, in the case of the child, the interests 23 of that child's siblings, together with the privacy rights of 24 other persons identified in the reports against the public 25 interest for access to public records. However, this paragraph 26 27 does not contravene ss. 39.202 and 415.107, which protect the 28 name of any person reporting abuse, neglect, or exploitation 29 of a child or a vulnerable adult. (c) When the court determines that good cause for 30 31 public access exists, the court shall direct that the

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department redact the name of and other identifying 1 2 information with respect to any person identified in any 3 protective investigation report until such time as the court finds that there is probable cause to believe that the person 4 5 identified committed an act of alleged abuse, neglect, or б abandonment. 7 (11) (1) (8) The provisions of this section are not 8 intended to expand or limit the provisions of Rule 3.220, 9 Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, regarding the right and 10 extent of discovery by the state or by a defendant in a 11 criminal prosecution or in collateral postconviction proceedings. This section may not be used by any inmate as 12 13 the basis for failing to timely litigate any postconviction 14 action. 15 Section 8. Sections 119.08 and 119.083, Florida 16 Statutes, are repealed. Section 9. Section 119.084, Florida Statutes, is 17 amended to read: 18 119.084 Definitions; copyright of data processing 19 20 software created by governmental agencies; sale price and 21 licensing fee; access to public records; prohibited 22 contracts.--(1) As used in this section, the term: 23 (a) "agency" has the same meaning as in s. 119.011(2), 24 except that the term does not include any private agency, 25 26 person, partnership, corporation, or business entity. 27 (b) "Data processing software" means the programs and 28 routines used to employ and control the capabilities of data 29 processing hardware, including, but not limited to, operating 30 systems, compilers, assemblers, utilities, library routines, 31

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1 maintenance routines, applications, and computer networking
2 programs.

3 (c) "Proprietary software" means data processing
4 software that is protected by copyright or trade secret laws.

5 (2) Any agency is authorized to acquire and hold 6 copyrights for data processing software created by the agency 7 and to enforce its rights pertaining to such copyrights, 8 provided that the agency complies with the requirements of 9 this section.

10 (a) Any agency that has acquired a copyright for data 11 processing software created by the agency may sell or license 12 the copyrighted data processing software to any public agency 13 or private person and may establish a price for the sale and a 14 license fee for the use of such data processing software. Proceeds from the sale or licensing of copyrighted data 15 16 processing software shall be deposited by the agency into a trust fund for the agency's appropriate use for authorized 17 purposes. Counties, municipalities, and other political 18 subdivisions of the state may designate how such sale and 19 licensing proceeds are to be used. The price for the sale of 20 21 and the fee for the licensing of copyrighted data processing 22 software may be based on market considerations. However, the prices or fees for the sale or licensing of copyrighted data 23 processing software to an individual or entity solely for 24 application to information maintained or generated by the 25 26 agency that created the copyrighted data processing software 27 shall be determined pursuant to s. 119.07(1).

(b) The provisions of this subsection are supplemental to, and shall not supplant or repeal, any other provision of law that authorizes an agency to acquire and hold copyrights.

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(3) Subject to the restrictions of copyright and trade 1 2 secret laws and public records exemptions, agency use of 3 proprietary software must not diminish the right of the public to inspect and copy a public record. 4 5 (4) An agency must consider when designing or б acquiring an electronic recordkeeping system that such system 7 is capable of providing data in some common format such as, 8 but not limited to, the American Standard Code for Information 9 Interchange. 10 (5) Each agency that maintains a public record in an 11 electronic recordkeeping system shall provide to any person, 12 pursuant to this chapter, a copy of any public record in that 13 system which is not exempted by law from public disclosure. 14 An agency must provide a copy of the record in the medium requested if the agency maintains the record in that medium, 15 and the agency may charge a fee which shall be in accordance 16 with this chapter. For the purpose of satisfying a public 17 records request, the fee to be charged by an agency if it 18 19 elects to provide a copy of a public record in a medium not routinely used by the agency, or if it elects to compile 20 information not routinely developed or maintained by the 21 22 agency or that requires a substantial amount of manipulation or programming, must be in accordance with s. 119.07(1)(b). 23 (6) An agency may not enter into a contract for the 24 25 creation or maintenance of a public records database if that 26 contract impairs the ability of the public to inspect or copy 27 the public records of that agency, including public records 28 that are on-line or stored in an electronic recordkeeping system used by the agency. Such contract may not allow any 29 impediment that as a practical matter makes it more difficult 30 31 for the public to inspect or copy the records than to inspect 50

1 or copy the agency's records. The fees and costs for the 2 production of such records may not be more than the fees or 3 costs charged by the agency. (3) (7) This section is subject to the Open Government 4 5 Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and 6 7 saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 8 Section 10. Sections 119.085 and 119.09, Florida 9 Statutes, are repealed. 10 Section 119.10, Florida Statutes, is Section 11. 11 amended: 119.10 Violation of chapter; penalties .--12 13 (1) Any public officer who violates any provision of 14 this chapter is guilty of a noncriminal infraction, punishable by fine not exceeding \$500. 15 16 (2) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates: 17 violating 18 (a) Any of the provisions of this chapter commits is 19 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 20 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 21 (b)(3) Section Any person who willfully and knowingly 22 violates s.119.105 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 23 24 775.084. Section 12. Section 119.105, Florida Statutes, is 25 26 amended to read: 27 119.105 Protection of victims of crimes or 28 accidents.--Police reports are public records except as 29 otherwise made exempt or confidential by general or special law. Every person is allowed to examine nonexempt or 30 31 nonconfidential police reports. No person who inspects or 51

copies police reports for the purpose of obtaining the names 1 2 and addresses of the victims of crimes or accidents shall use 3 any information contained therein for any commercial solicitation of the victims or relatives of the victims of the 4 5 reported crimes or accidents. Nothing herein shall prohibit the publication of such information by any news media or the 6 7 use of such information for any other data collection or 8 analysis purposes. 9 Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 120.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 120.55 Publication .--11 12 (1) The Department of State shall: 13 (a)1. Through a continuous revision system, compile 14 and publish the "Florida Administrative Code." The Florida 15 Administrative Code shall contain Publish in a permanent 16 compilation entitled "Florida Administrative Code" all rules adopted by each agency, citing the specific rulemaking 17 authority pursuant to which each rule was adopted, all history 18 19 notes as authorized in s. 120.545(9), and complete indexes to 20 all rules contained in the code. Supplementation shall be made as often as practicable, but at least monthly. The department 21 22 may contract with a publishing firm for the publication, in a timely and useful form, of the Florida Administrative Code; 23 however, the department shall retain responsibility for the 24 code as provided in this section. This publication shall be 25 26 the official compilation of the administrative rules of this 27 state. The Department of State shall retain the copyright 28 over the Florida Administrative Code. 29 2. Rules general in form but applicable to only one school district, community college district, or county, or a 30

31 part thereof, or university rules relating to internal

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1 personnel or business and finance shall not be published in 2 the Florida Administrative Code. Exclusion from publication in 3 the Florida Administrative Code shall not affect the validity 4 or effectiveness of such rules.

5 3. At the beginning of the section of the code dealing 6 with an agency that files copies of its rules with the 7 department, the department shall publish the address and 8 telephone number of the executive offices of each agency, the 9 manner by which the agency indexes its rules, a listing of all 10 rules of that agency excluded from publication in the code, 11 and a statement as to where those rules may be inspected.

12 4. Forms shall not be published in the Florida 13 Administrative Code; but any form which an agency uses in its 14 dealings with the public, along with any accompanying instructions, shall be filed with the committee before it is 15 16 used. Any form or instruction which meets the definition of "rule" provided in s. 120.52 shall be incorporated by 17 reference into the appropriate rule. The reference shall 18 specifically state that the form is being incorporated by 19 20 reference and shall include the number, title, and effective 21 date of the form and an explanation of how the form may be 22 obtained.

23 Section 14. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section24 257.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

257.36 Records and information management.-(2)

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(b) Title to any record detained in any records center
shall remain in the agency transferring such record to the
division. <u>When an agency has been directed to transfer any</u>
duty or responsibility to another agency or entity, the

ducy of responsibility to another agency of entity, the

31 receiving agency or entity shall be the official custodian of

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records in accordance with s. 119.021, and shall be 1 2 responsible for records storage service charges of the 3 division. If an agency or entity is dissolved with no successor agency or entity, the Executive Office of the 4 5 Governor shall be the official custodian of records in 6 accordance with s. 119.021, and shall be responsible for the 7 records storage service charges of the division. 8 Section 15. Subsection (5) of section 328.15, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 328.15 Notice of lien on vessel; recording.--10 11 (5) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall make such rules and regulations as it deems 12 13 necessary or proper for the effective administration of this 14 law. The department may by rule require that a notice of satisfaction of a lien be notarized. The department shall 15 16 prepare the forms of the notice of lien and the satisfaction of lien to be supplied, at a charge not to exceed 50 percent 17 more than cost, to applicants for recording the liens or 18 19 satisfactions and shall keep an official a permanent record of 20 such notices of lien and satisfactions available for inspection by the public at all reasonable times. The division 21 is authorized to furnish certified copies of such 22 satisfactions for a fee of \$1, which certified copies shall be 23 24 admissible in evidence in all courts of this state under the 25 same conditions and to the same effect as certified copies of 26 other public records. 27 Section 16. Subsection (4) of section 372.5717, 28 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 372.5717 Hunter safety course; requirements; 30 penalty.--31

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The commission shall issue a permanent hunter 1 (4) 2 safety certification card to each person who successfully 3 completes the hunter safety course. The commission shall maintain permanent records of hunter safety certification 4 5 cards issued and shall establish procedures for replacing lost б or destroyed cards. 7 Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 560.121, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 560.121 Records; limited restrictions upon public 9 10 access.--(2) Examination reports, investigatory records, 11 12 applications, and related information compiled by the 13 department, or photographic copies thereof, shall be retained 14 by the department for a period of at least 3  $\frac{10}{10}$  years from the date that the examination or investigation ceases to be 15 16 active. Application records, and related information compiled 17 by the department, or photographic copies thereof, shall be retained by the department for a period of at least 2 years 18 19 from the date that the registration ceases to be active. 20 Section 18. Subsection (6) of section 560.123, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 22 560.123 Florida control of money laundering in the 23 Money Transmitters' Code; reports of transactions involving 24 currency or monetary instruments; when required; purpose; 25 definitions; penalties; corpus delicti .--(6) The department must retain a copy of all reports 26 27 received under subsection (5) for a minimum of 3  $\frac{5}{5}$  calendar 28 years after receipt of the report. However, if a report or 29 information contained in a report is known by the department to be the subject of an existing criminal proceeding, the 30 31

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report must be retained for a minimum of 10 calendar years 1 2 from the date of receipt. 3 Section 19. Subsection (5) of section 560.129, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 560.129 Confidentiality.-б (5) Examination reports, investigatory records, 7 applications, and related information compiled by the 8 department, or photographic copies thereof, shall be retained by the department for a period of at least 3  $\frac{10}{10}$  years from the 9 date that the examination or investigation ceases to be 10 active. Application records, and related information compiled 11 12 by the department, or photographic copies thereof, shall be 13 retained by the department for a period of at least 2 years 14 from the date that the registration ceases to be active. 15 Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 624.311, Florida 16 Statutes, is amended to read: 624.311 Records; reproductions; destruction.--17 18 (3) The department may photograph, microphotograph, or 19 reproduce on film, or maintain in an electronic recordkeeping 20 system whereby each page will be reproduced in exact conformity with the original, all financial records, financial 21 22 statements of domestic insurers, reports of business transacted in this state by foreign insurers and alien 23 insurers, reports of examination of domestic insurers, and 24 25 such other records and documents on file in its office as it 26 may in its discretion select. 27 Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 624.312, Florida 28 Statutes, is amended to read: 29 624.312 Reproductions and certified copies of records as evidence. --30 31

(1) Photographs or microphotographs in the form of 1 2 film or prints, or other reproductions from an electronic 3 recordkeeping system, of documents and records made under s. 4 624.311(3), or made under former s. 624.311(3) before October 5 1, 1982, shall have the same force and effect as the originals 6 thereof and shall be treated as originals for the purpose of 7 their admissibility in evidence. Duly certified or 8 authenticated reproductions of such photographs or 9 microphotographs or reproductions from an electronic recordkeeping system shall be as admissible in evidence as the 10 11 originals. 12 Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 633.527, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 633.527 Records concerning applicant; extent of 15 confidentiality.--16 (2) All examination test questions, answer sheets, and grades shall be retained for a period of 2 5 years from the 17 date of the examination. 18 19 Section 23. Subsection (8) of section 655.50, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 655.50 Florida Control of Money Laundering in 21 22 Financial Institutions Act; reports of transactions involving currency or monetary instruments; when required; purpose; 23 24 definitions; penalties.--25 (8)(a) The department shall retain a copy of all 26 reports received under subsection (4) for a minimum of 5 27 calendar years after receipt of the report. However, if a 28 report or information contained in a report is known by the 29 department to be the subject of an existing criminal proceeding, the report shall be retained for a minimum of 10 30 calendar years after receipt of the report. 31 57

(a) (b) Each financial institution shall maintain for a 1 2 minimum of 5 calendar years full and complete records of all financial transactions, including all records required by 31 3 C.F.R. parts 103.33 and 103.34. 4 5 (b) (c) The financial institution shall retain a copy 6 of all reports filed with the department under subsection (4) 7 for a minimum of 5 calendar years after submission of the 8 report. However, if a report or information contained in a 9 report is known by the financial institution to be the subject of an existing criminal proceeding, the report shall be 10 retained as required by 31 C.F.R. parts 103.33 and 103.34 for 11 a minimum of 10 calendar years after submission of the report. 12 13 (c)(d) The financial institution shall retain a copy 14 of all records of exemption for each designation of exempt person made pursuant to subsection (6) for a minimum of 5 15 16 calendar years after termination of exempt status of such customer. However, if it is known by the financial institution 17 that the customer or the transactions of the customer are the 18 subject of an existing criminal proceeding, the records shall 19 20 be retained as required by 31 C.F.R. parts 103.33 and 103.34 21 for a minimum of 10 calendar years after termination of exempt 22 status of such customer. Section 24. Section 945.25, Florida Statutes, is 23 24 amended to read: 945.25 Records.--25 26 (1) It shall be the duty of the Department of 27 Corrections to obtain and place in its official permanent 28 records information as complete as practicable may be 29 practicably available on every person who may be sentenced to supervision or incarceration under the jurisdiction of the 30 department become subject to parole. Such information shall 31 58

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be obtained as soon as possible after imposition of sentence 1 2 and shall, in the discretion of the department, include, among 3 other things: 4 (a) A copy of the indictment or information and a 5 complete statement of the facts of the crime for which such 6 person has been sentenced. 7 (b) The court in which the person was sentenced. 8 (c) The terms of the sentence. 9 The name of the presiding judge, the prosecuting (d) 10 officers, the investigating officers, and the attorneys for 11 the person convicted. 12 (e) A copy of all probation reports which may have 13 been made. 14 (f) Any social, physical, mental, psychiatric, or criminal record of such person. 15 16 (2) The department, in its discretion, shall also 17 obtain and place in its permanent records such information on 18 every person who may be placed on probation, and on every 19 person who may become subject to pardon and commutation of 20 sentence. 21 (2) (3) It shall be the duty of the court and its 22 prosecuting officials to furnish to the department upon its request such information and also to furnish such copies of 23 24 such minutes and other records as may be in their possession 25 or under their control. 26 (3) (4) Following the initial hearing provided for in 27 s. 947.172(1), the commission shall prepare and the department 28 shall include in the official record a copy of the 29 seriousness-of-offense and favorable-parole-outcome scores and shall include a listing of the specific factors and 30 31

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information used in establishing a presumptive parole release 1 2 date for the inmate. 3 Section 25. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 4 985.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 985.31 Serious or habitual juvenile offender .--(4) ASSESSMENTS, TESTING, RECORDS, AND INFORMATION. --6 7 (e) The results of any serologic blood or urine test 8 on a serious or habitual juvenile offender shall become a part of that child's permanent medical file. Upon transfer of the 9 child to any other designated treatment facility, such file 10 11 shall be transferred in an envelope marked confidential. The results of any test designed to identify the human 12 13 immunodeficiency virus, or its antigen or antibody, shall be 14 accessible only to persons designated by rule of the department. The provisions of such rule shall be consistent 15 16 with the quidelines established by the Centers for Disease 17 Control and Prevention. 18 Section 26. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 212.095, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 19 20 Section 27. Subsection (9) of section 238.03, Florida 21 Statutes, is repealed. 22 Section 28. Section 591.34, Florida Statutes, is 23 repealed. 24 Section 29. The Records Management Center of the 25 Department of State in Tallahassee, Florida, is designated as 26 the "James C. 'Jim' Smith Records Management Center." 27 Section 30. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. 28 29 30 31

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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2	HOUSE SUMMARY
3 4 5	Reorganizes various provisions of chapter 119, F.S., which governs the maintenance and dissemination of public records by state agencies and local governments.
6 7	Amends various provisions of Florida Statutes relating to records management to:
8 9 10	Remove photographic film reproductions of specified vouchers or checks paid by the State Treasurer and preserved as records of the office of the Treasurer from classification as permanent records.
11 12 13	Revise language with respect to publication of the Florida Administrative Code to provide that the Department of State is required to compile and publish the code through a continuous revision system.
14 15	Provide procedure with respect to official custody of records upon transfer of duties or responsibilities between state agencies or dissolution of a state agency.
16 17 18 19 20 21	Revise the classification of: 1. Records of notices and satisfaction of liens on vessels maintained by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. 2. Records of hunter safety certification cards maintained by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. 3. Specified medical files of serious or habitual juvenile offenders.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Decrease the period of retention of: 1. Specified cost and inspection reports pertaining to nursing home facilities. 2. Contracts between an assisted living facility and a resident of such facility. 3. Clinical records for patients who receive skilled care from a home health agency. 4. Hospice patient records after termination of hospice services. 5. A residency agreement between a provider of adult family-care home services and a resident of the adult family-care home. 6. Specified reports filed by money transmitters with the Department of Banking and Finance under the Money Transmitters' Code. 7. Specified examination test questions, answer sheets, and grades in the possession of the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Insurance.

**CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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Decrease and qualify the period of retention for examination reports, investigatory records, applications, application records, and related information compiled by the Department of Banking and Finance under the Money Transmitters' Code. 1 2 3 4 Authorize the Department of Insurance to maintain an electronic recordkeeping system for specified records, statements, reports, and documents and eliminate a standard for the reproduction of such records, 5 6 statements, reports, and documents. 7 8 Provide that reproductions from an electronic recordkeeping system of specified documents and records of the Department of Insurance shall be treated as 9 originals for the purpose of their admissibility in 10 evidence. 11 Revise a requirement of the Department of Banking and Finance to retain copies of specified reports submitted by financial institutions under the Florida Control of Money Laundering in Financial Institutions Act to provide 12 13 that such reports or information contained therein which are known to be the subject of an existing criminal proceeding shall be retained in accordance with federal law, and revise a requirement of the department to retain copies of specified records of exemption for a person 14 15 16 exempt under the act to provide that if such person or the person's transactions are known to be the subject of an existing criminal proceeding the records shall be 17 retained in accordance with federal law. 18 19 Require the Department of Corrections to obtain and place Require the Department of Corrections to obtain and place in its official records specified information on every person who may be sentenced to supervision or incarceration under the jurisdiction of the department. Eliminates a requirement of the department, in its discretion, to obtain and place in its permanent records specified information on persons placed on probation and on persons who may become subject to pardon and commutation of sentence 20 21 22 commutation of sentence. 23 24 Repeal provisions which require the Department of Revenue to keep a permanent record of the amounts of refunds claimed and paid under ch. 212, F.S., and which require that such records shall be open to public inspection. 25 26 27 Repeal provisions relating to the authority of the Department of Management Services to photograph and reduce to microfilm as a permanent record its ledger 28 sheets showing the salaries and contributions of members of the Teachers' Retirement System of Florida, the records of deceased members of the system, and the authority to destroy the documents from which such films 29 30 derive. 31

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1	Eliminate a procedure by which permission may be obtained
2	Eliminate a procedure by which permission may be obtained from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to cut seed trees.
3	
4	Designates the Records Management Center of the Department of State as the "James C. 'Jim' Smith Records Management Center."
5	Management Center."
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