A bill to be entitled

An act relating to child custody; amending s. 61.13, F.S.; providing for the posting of a bond with respect to certain orders of child custody or visitation; providing criteria for the court to use in assessing the need for a bond; providing for forfeiture of the bond under certain circumstances; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 61.13, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (11) is added to said section, to read:

 61.13 Custody and support of children; visitation rights; power of court in making orders.--

(4)

(c) When a custodial parent refuses to honor a noncustodial parent's or grandparent's visitation rights without proper cause, the court shall, after calculating the amount of visitation improperly denied, award the noncustodial parent or grandparent a sufficient amount of extra visitation to compensate the noncustodial parent or grandparent, which visitation shall be ordered as expeditiously as possible in a manner consistent with the best interests of the child and scheduled in a manner that is convenient for the person deprived of visitation. In ordering any makeup visitation, the court shall schedule such visitation in a manner that is consistent with the best interests of the child or children

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and that is convenient for the noncustodial parent or grandparent. In addition, the court:

- 1. May order the custodial parent to pay reasonable court costs and attorney's fees incurred by the noncustodial parent or grandparent to enforce their visitation rights or make up improperly denied visitation;
- 2. May order the custodial parent to attend the parenting course approved by the judicial circuit;
- 3. May order the custodial parent to do community service if the order will not interfere with the welfare of the child;
- 4. May order the custodial parent to have the financial burden of promoting frequent and continuing contact when the custodial parent and child reside further than 60 miles from the noncustodial parent;
- 5. May order the custodial parent to post a bond or other security sufficient to pay costs authorized in paragraph (11)(c) for any future violation.
- 6.5. May award custody, rotating custody, or primary residence to the noncustodial parent, upon the request of the noncustodial parent, if the award is in the best interests of the child; or
- 7.6. May impose any other reasonable sanction as a result of noncompliance.
- (11)(a) In a proceeding in which the court enters an order of child custody or visitation, including in a modification proceeding, upon the presentation of competent substantial evidence that there is a risk that one party may violate the court's order of visitation or custody, or upon stipulation of the parties, the court may require that party 31 to post bond or other security. "Competent substantial

evidence of risk that a party may violate the court's order"
shall include whether a party has materially violated a
visitation or custody order in the past, whether a court has
found that a party previously removed a child from Florida or
another state in violation of a custody or visitation order,
or whether a party has threatened to take a child out of
Florida or another state or to withhold contact between the
child and the other parent without good cause.

- (b) In assessing the need for a bond, the court may consider any reasonable factor bearing upon the risk that a party may violate a visitation or custody order, and shall consider whether:
- 1. The party has strong family and community ties to Florida or to other states or countries, including whether the party is a citizen of another country.
- $\underline{\text{2.}}$ The party has strong financial reasons to remain in Florida or to relocate to another state or country.
- 3. The party has engaged in activities that suggest plans to leave Florida, such as quitting employment; sale of a residence or termination of a lease on a residence, without efforts to acquire an alternative residence in the state; closing bank accounts or otherwise liquidating assets; or applying for a passport.
- $\underline{\text{4.}}$ The party has a history of domestic violence, child abuse, or child neglect.
 - 5. The party has a criminal record.
- (c) Upon a material violation of any custody or visitation order entered under this section, the court may order the bond forfeited in whole or in part. Upon an order of forfeiture, the proceeds of any bond or other security posted pursuant to this subsection may only be used to:

1	1. Reimburse the nonviolating party for actual costs
2	or damages incurred in upholding the court's order of custody
3	or visitation.
4	2. Locate and return the child to the residence as set
5	forth in the visitation or custody order.
6	3. Reimburse reasonable fees and costs as determined
7	by the court.
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9	Any remaining proceeds shall be applied to support,
10	maintenance, or education of the child.
11	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
12	law.
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15	HOUSE SUMMARY
16	Provides that in a proceeding in which the court enters
17	an order of child custody or visitation, the court may
18	require the party to post a bond or other security. Provides criteria for the court to use in assessing the
19	need for a bond. Provides for forfeiture of the bond under described circumstances. See bill for details.
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