# 2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

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2	An act relating to out-of-home care; repealing
3	s. 39.521(5), F.S., relating to the mandatory
4	assessment of specified children for placement
5	in licensed residential group care; creating s.
6	39.523, F.S.; prescribing procedures for the
7	mandatory assessment of certain children for
8	placement in licensed residential group care;
9	providing for reports; providing for a
10	specialized residential group care services
11	appropriations category in the General
12	Appropriations Act; providing for funding
13	increases to be appropriated in a lump-sum
14	category; specifying that the release of
15	certain funds is contingent on the approval of
16	a spending plan; prescribing elements of the
17	plan; authorizing one-time startup funding;
18	amending s. 39.407, F.S.; clarifying that the
19	Department of Children and Family Services may
20	place a child who is in its custody in a
21	residential treatment center without prior
22	approval of the court; amending s. 409.1671,
23	F.S.; specifying timeframes for initiating and
24	for completing privatization of foster care and
25	related services; requiring cooperative
26	planning agreements between lead
27	community-based providers and Healthy Families
28	Florida lead agencies for certain purposes;
29	providing for the establishment of a model
30	comprehensive residential services program in
31	specified counties; providing that
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## 2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

1	community-based providers and subcontractors
2	require employees to obtain bodily injury
3	liability insurance on personal automobiles;
4	providing certain immunity from liability when
5	transporting clients in privately owned
б	automobiles; directing the Department of
7	Children and Family Services to adopt written
8	policies and procedures for contract monitoring
9	of community-based providers; modifying the
10	requirement for community-based providers to
11	furnish information to the department;
12	modifying the conditions under which a provider
13	may close a case; modifying the requirements
14	concerning dual licensure of foster homes;
15	authorizing the department to adopt rules;
16	eliminating the authority for a risk pool;
17	requiring the development of a proposal for a
18	statewide shared earnings program; providing
19	for use of excess federal earnings and certain
20	additional state funds for the development of
21	the proposal; providing for submission of the
22	proposal to the Legislative Budget Commission
23	and for submission to the Legislature under
24	certain conditions; requiring that the
25	Legislature appropriate a lump sum in the
26	Administered Funds Program each year for a
27	specified purpose; specifying the type of bond
28	that may be required; eliminating a specified
29	expiration for this program; eliminating an
30	obsolete review requirement; amending s.
31	409.1676, F.S.; providing intent that the

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1	Department of Children and Family Services and
2	the Department of Juvenile Justice establish an
3	interagency agreement regarding referral to
4	residential group care facilities; specifying
5	that a residential group care facility must be
б	licensed as a child-caring agency; requiring
7	such facilities serving certain children to
8	meet specified staff qualifications; redefining
9	and adding terms; redefining the term "serious
10	behavioral problems"; authorizing the
11	department to adopt rules; removing a reference
12	to specific districts and regions of the
13	department; amending s. 409.175, F.S.;
14	conforming the definition of "family foster
15	home"; providing criteria for the number of
16	children placed in each family foster home;
17	providing for a comprehensive behavioral health
18	assessment of each child under certain
19	circumstances; requiring assessment of the
20	appropriateness of the number of children as a
21	condition of annual relicensure; correcting
22	cross references; amending s. 409.906, F.S.;
23	expanding the authority for the establishment
24	of child welfare targeted case management
25	projects; eliminating reference to a pilot
26	project; eliminating the requirement to report
27	to the Child Welfare Estimating Conference
28	regarding targeted case management; amending
29	ss. 393.0657, 402.3057, and 409.1757, F.S.;
30	correcting cross references; directing the
31	Office of Program Policy Analysis and

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	ENROLLED
	2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed
1	Government Accountability, in consultation with
2	the Agency for Health Care Administration, to
3	conduct a review of the process for placing
4	children for residential mental health
5	treatment; providing for a report to the
6	Governor and Legislature; providing an
7	effective date.
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9	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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11	Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 39.521, Florida
12	Statutes, is repealed.
13	Section 2. Section 39.523, Florida Statutes, is
14	created to read:
15	39.523 Placement in residential group care
16	(1) Except as provided in s. 39.407, any dependent
17	child 11 years of age or older who has been in licensed family
18	foster care for 6 months or longer and who is then moved more
19	than once and who is a child with extraordinary needs as
20	defined in s. 409.1676 must be assessed for placement in
21	licensed residential group care. The assessment procedures
22	shall be conducted by the department or its agent and shall
23	incorporate and address current and historical information
24	from any psychological testing or evaluation that has
25	occurred; current and historical information from the guardian
26	ad litem, if one has been assigned; current and historical
27	information from any current therapist, teacher, or other
28	professional who has knowledge of the child and has worked
29	with the child; information regarding the placement of any
30	siblings of the child and the impact of the child's placement
31	in residential group care on the child's siblings; the
	4

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

circumstances necessitating the moves of the child while in 1 2 family foster care and the recommendations of the former 3 foster families, if available; the status of the child's case 4 plan and a determination as to the impact of placing the child 5 in residential group care on the goals of the case plan; the 6 age, maturity, and desires of the child concerning placement; 7 the availability of any less restrictive, more family-like 8 setting for the child in which the foster parents have the 9 necessary training and skills for providing a suitable placement for the child; and any other information concerning 10 the availability of suitable residential group care. If such 11 12 placement is determined to be appropriate as a result of this 13 procedure, the child must be placed in residential group care, 14 if available. (2) The results of the assessment described in 15 16 subsection (1) and the actions taken as a result of the 17 assessment must be included in the next judicial review of the child. At each subsequent judicial review, the court must be 18 19 advised in writing of the status of the child's placement, 20 with special reference regarding the stability of the placement and the permanency planning for the child. 21 (3) Any residential group care facility that receives 22 23 children under the provisions of this subsection shall establish special permanency teams dedicated to overcoming the 24 25 special permanency challenges presented by this population of 26 children. Each facility shall report to the department its 27 success in achieving permanency for children placed by the department in its care at intervals that allow the current 28 29 information to be provided to the court at each judicial 30 review for the child. 31 5

(4) This section does not prohibit the department from 1 2 assessing and placing children who do not meet the criteria in 3 subsection (1) in residential group care if such placement is 4 the most appropriate placement for such children. 5 (5)(a) By December 1 of each year, the department 6 shall report to the Legislature on the placement of children 7 in licensed residential group care during the year, including 8 the criteria used to determine the placement of children, the 9 number of children who were evaluated for placement, the number of children who were placed based upon the evaluation, 10 and the number of children who were not placed. The department 11 12 shall maintain data specifying the number of children who were referred to licensed residential child care for whom placement 13 14 was unavailable and the counties in which such placement was unavailable. The department shall include this data in its 15 report to the Legislature due on December 1, so that the 16 17 Legislature may consider this information in developing the General Appropriations Act. 18 19 (b) As part of the report required in paragraph (a), 20 the department shall also provide a detailed account of the expenditures incurred for "Special Categories: Grants and Aids 21 - Specialized Residential Group Care Services" for the fiscal 22 23 year immediately preceding the date of the report. This section of the report must include whatever supporting data is 24 necessary to demonstrate full compliance with paragraph 25 26 (6)(c). The document must present the information by district and must specify, at a minimum, the number of additional beds, 27 the average rate per bed, the number of additional persons 28 29 served, and a description of the enhanced and expanded 30 services provided. 31 6

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

(6)(a) The provisions of this section shall be 1 2 implemented to the extent of available appropriations 3 contained in the annual General Appropriations Act for such 4 purpose. 5 (b) Each year, funds included in the General 6 Appropriations Act for Enhanced Residential Group Care as 7 provided for in s. 409.1676, shall be appropriated in a 8 separately identified special category that is designated in 9 the act as "Special Categories: Grants and Aids - Specialized Residential Group Care Services." 10 (c) Each fiscal year, all funding increases for 11 12 Enhanced Residential Group Care as provided in s. 409.1676, which are included in the General Appropriations Act shall be 13 14 appropriated in a lump-sum category as defined in s. 216.011(1)(aa). In accordance with s. 216.181(6)(a), the 15 Executive Office of the Governor shall require the department 16 17 to submit a spending plan that identifies the residential 18 group care bed capacity shortage throughout the state and 19 proposes a distribution formula by district which addresses 20 the reported deficiencies. The spending plan must have as its 21 first priority the reduction or elimination of any bed shortage identified and must also provide for program 22 23 enhancements to ensure that residential group care programs meet a minimum level of expected performance and provide for 24 expansion of the comprehensive residential group care services 25 26 described in s. 409.1676. Annual appropriation increases 27 appropriated in the lump-sum appropriation must be used in 28 accordance with the provisions of the spending plan. 29 (d) Funds from "Special Categories: Grants and Aids -30 Specialized Residential Group Care Services" may be used as one-time startup funding for residential group care purposes 31 7

that include, but are not limited to, remodeling or renovation 1 2 of existing facilities, construction costs, leasing costs, 3 purchase of equipment and furniture, site development, and 4 other necessary and reasonable costs associated with the 5 startup of facilities or programs upon the recommendation of 6 the lead community-based provider if one exists and upon 7 specific approval of the terms and conditions by the secretary 8 of the department. 9 Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological 11 12 examination and treatment of child; physical or mental 13 examination of parent or person requesting custody of child .--14 (5) Children who are in the legal custody of the 15 department may be placed by the department, without prior approval of the court, in a residential treatment center 16 17 licensed under s. 394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 395 for residential mental health treatment only pursuant to 18 19 this section or may be placed by the court in accordance with an order of involuntary examination or involuntary placement 20 entered pursuant to s. 394.463 or s. 394.467. All children 21 placed in a residential treatment program under this 22 23 subsection must have a guardian ad litem appointed. (a) As used in this subsection, the term: 24 1. "Residential treatment" means placement for 25 26 observation, diagnosis, or treatment of an emotional disturbance in a residential treatment center licensed under 27 s. 394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 395. 28 29 "Least restrictive alternative" means the treatment 2. and conditions of treatment that, separately and in 30 combination, are no more intrusive or restrictive of freedom 31 8

ENROLLED 2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed than reasonably necessary to achieve a substantial therapeutic 1 benefit or to protect the child or adolescent or others from 2 3 physical injury. "Suitable for residential treatment" or 4 3. 5 "suitability" means a determination concerning a child or 6 adolescent with an emotional disturbance as defined in s. 7 394.492(5) or a serious emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(6) that each of the following criteria is met: 8 9 The child requires residential treatment. a. The child is in need of a residential treatment 10 b. program and is expected to benefit from mental health 11 12 treatment. c. An appropriate, less restrictive alternative to 13 14 residential treatment is unavailable. (b) Whenever the department believes that a child in 15 its legal custody is emotionally disturbed and may need 16 17 residential treatment, an examination and suitability 18 assessment must be conducted by a qualified evaluator who is 19 appointed by the Agency for Health Care Administration. This suitability assessment must be completed before the placement 20 of the child in a residential treatment center for emotionally 21 disturbed children and adolescents or a hospital. The 22 23 qualified evaluator must be a psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed in Florida who has at least 3 years of experience in 24 the diagnosis and treatment of serious emotional disturbances 25 26 in children and adolescents and who has no actual or perceived 27 conflict of interest with any inpatient facility or residential treatment center or program. 28 29 (c) Before a child is admitted under this subsection, the child shall be assessed for suitability for residential 30 treatment by a qualified evaluator who has conducted a 31

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2002 Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	632,	2nd	Engrossed
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1 personal examination and assessment of the child and has made 2 written findings that:

The child appears to have an emotional disturbance
 serious enough to require residential treatment and is
 reasonably likely to benefit from the treatment.

6 2. The child has been provided with a clinically7 appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the8 treatment.

9 3. All available modalities of treatment less
10 restrictive than residential treatment have been considered,
11 and a less restrictive alternative that would offer comparable
12 benefits to the child is unavailable.

14 A copy of the written findings of the evaluation and 15 suitability assessment must be provided to the department and 16 to the guardian ad litem, who shall have the opportunity to 17 discuss the findings with the evaluator.

(d) Immediately upon placing a child in a residential treatment program under this section, the department must notify the guardian ad litem and the court having jurisdiction over the child and must provide the guardian ad litem and the court with a copy of the assessment by the qualified evaluator.

Within 10 days after the admission of a child to a 24 (e) residential treatment program, the director of the residential 25 26 treatment program or the director's designee must ensure that 27 an individualized plan of treatment has been prepared by the program and has been explained to the child, to the 28 29 department, and to the guardian ad litem, and submitted to the department. The child must be involved in the preparation of 30 the plan to the maximum feasible extent consistent with his or 31

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### CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

2002 Legislature

her ability to understand and participate, and the guardian ad 1 2 litem and the child's foster parents must be involved to the 3 maximum extent consistent with the child's treatment needs. 4 The plan must include a preliminary plan for residential 5 treatment and aftercare upon completion of residential treatment. The plan must include specific behavioral and 6 7 emotional goals against which the success of the residential treatment may be measured. A copy of the plan must be provided 8 9 to the child, to the guardian ad litem, and to the department. (f) Within 30 days after admission, the residential 10 treatment program must review the appropriateness and 11 12 suitability of the child's placement in the program. The 13 residential treatment program must determine whether the child 14 is receiving benefit towards the treatment goals and whether 15 the child could be treated in a less restrictive treatment 16 program. The residential treatment program shall prepare a 17 written report of its findings and submit the report to the guardian ad litem and to the department. The department must 18 19 submit the report to the court. The report must include a discharge plan for the child. The residential treatment 20 program must continue to evaluate the child's treatment 21 progress every 30 days thereafter and must include its 22 23 findings in a written report submitted to the department. The department may not reimburse a facility until the facility has 24 submitted every written report that is due. 25 (g)1. The department must submit, at the beginning of 26 27 each month, to the court having jurisdiction over the child, a written report regarding the child's progress towards 28 29 achieving the goals specified in the individualized plan of 30 treatment. 31

2. The court must conduct a hearing to review the
 status of the child's residential treatment plan no later than
 3 months after the child's admission to the residential
 treatment program. An independent review of the child's
 progress towards achieving the goals and objectives of the
 treatment plan must be completed by a qualified evaluator and
 submitted to the court before its 3-month review.

8 3. For any child in residential treatment at the time 9 a judicial review is held pursuant to s. 39.701, the child's 10 continued placement in residential treatment must be a subject 11 of the judicial review.

4. If at any time the court determines that the child
is not suitable for continued residential treatment, the court
shall order the department to place the child in the least
restrictive setting that is best suited to meet his or her
needs.

17 (h) After the initial 3-month review, the court must 18 conduct a review of the child's residential treatment plan 19 every 90 days.

20 The department must adopt rules for implementing (i) timeframes for the completion of suitability assessments by 21 22 qualified evaluators and a procedure that includes timeframes 23 for completing the 3-month independent review by the qualified 24 evaluators of the child's progress towards achieving the goals and objectives of the treatment plan which review must be 25 26 submitted to the court. The Agency for Health Care Administration must adopt rules for the registration of 27 qualified evaluators, the procedure for selecting the 28 29 evaluators to conduct the reviews required under this section, and a reasonable, cost-efficient fee schedule for qualified 30 evaluators. 31

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

Section 4. Section 409.1671, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 409.1671 Foster care and related services; 4 privatization.--5 (1)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 6 Department of Children and Family Services shall privatize the 7 provision of foster care and related services statewide. It is 8 further the Legislature's intent to encourage communities and 9 other stakeholders in the well-being of children to participate in assuring that children are safe and 10 well-nurtured. However, while recognizing that some local 11 12 governments are presently funding portions of certain foster 13 care and related services programs and may choose to expand 14 such funding in the future, the Legislature does not intend by 15 its privatization of foster care and related services that any 16 county, municipality, or special district be required to 17 assist in funding programs that previously have been funded by the state. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits any county, 18 19 municipality, or special district from future voluntary funding participation in foster care and related services. As 20 used in this section, the term "privatize" means to contract 21 22 with competent, community-based agencies. The department shall 23 submit a plan to accomplish privatization statewide, through a 24 competitive process, phased in over a 3-year period beginning January 1, 2000. This plan must be developed with local 25 26 community participation, including, but not limited to, input 27 from community-based providers that are currently under contract with the department to furnish community-based foster 28 29 care and related services, and must include a methodology for determining and transferring all available funds, including 30 federal funds that the provider is eligible for and agrees to 31

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13

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

earn and that portion of general revenue funds which is 1 2 currently associated with the services that are being 3 furnished under contract. The methodology must provide for the 4 transfer of funds appropriated and budgeted for all services 5 and programs that have been incorporated into the project, including all management, capital (including current furniture 6 7 and equipment), and administrative funds to accomplish the transfer of these programs. This methodology must address 8 9 expected workload and at least the 3 previous years' experience in expenses and workload. With respect to any 10 district or portion of a district in which privatization 11 12 cannot be accomplished within the 3-year timeframe, the 13 department must clearly state in its plan the reasons the 14 timeframe cannot be met and the efforts that should be made to remediate the obstacles, which may include alternatives to 15 16 total privatization, such as public-private partnerships. As 17 used in this section, the term "related services" includes, but is not limited to, family preservation, independent 18 19 living, emergency shelter, residential group care, foster 20 care, therapeutic foster care, intensive residential treatment, foster care supervision, case management, 21 postplacement supervision, permanent foster care, and family 22 23 reunification. Unless otherwise provided for, beginning in fiscal year 1999-2000, either the state attorney or the Office 24 of the Attorney General shall provide child welfare legal 25 26 services, pursuant to chapter 39 and other relevant 27 provisions, in Sarasota, Pinellas, Pasco, Broward, and Manatee Counties. Such legal services shall commence and be 28 29 effective, as soon as determined reasonably feasible by the respective state attorney or the Office of the Attorney 30 General, after the privatization of associated programs and 31

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child protective investigations has occurred. When a private 1 nonprofit agency has received case management 2 3 responsibilities, transferred from the state under this 4 section, for a child who is sheltered or found to be dependent 5 and who is assigned to the care of the privatization project, the agency may act as the child's guardian for the purpose of 6 7 registering the child in school if a parent or guardian of the 8 child is unavailable and his or her whereabouts cannot 9 reasonably be ascertained. The private nonprofit agency may also seek emergency medical attention for such a child, but 10 only if a parent or guardian of the child is unavailable, his 11 12 or her whereabouts cannot reasonably be ascertained, and a court order for such emergency medical services cannot be 13 14 obtained because of the severity of the emergency or because 15 it is after normal working hours. However, the provider may not consent to sterilization, abortion, or termination of life 16 17 support. If a child's parents' rights have been terminated, the nonprofit agency shall act as guardian of the child in all 18 19 circumstances. 20 (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department will continue to work towards full privatization by 21 initiating the competitive procurement process in each county 22 23 by January 1, 2003. In order to provide for an adequate transition period to develop the necessary administrative and 24 service delivery capacity in each community, the full transfer 25 26 of all foster care and related services must be completed 27 statewide by December 31, 2004. 28 (c)(b) As used in this section, the term "eligible 29 lead community-based provider" means a single agency with which the department shall contract for the provision of child 30 protective services in a community that is no smaller than a 31

1 county. The secretary of the department may authorize more 2 than one eligible lead community-based provider within a 3 single county when to do so will result in more effective 4 delivery of foster care and related services. To compete for a 5 privatization project, such agency must have:

1. The ability to coordinate, integrate, and manage
all child protective services in the designated community in
cooperation with child protective investigations.

9 2. The ability to ensure continuity of care from entry
10 to exit for all children referred from the protective
11 investigation and court systems.

3. The ability to provide directly, or contract forthrough a local network of providers, all necessary childprotective services.

4. The willingness to accept accountability for
meeting the outcomes and performance standards related to
child protective services established by the Legislature and
the Federal Government.

19 5. The capability and the willingness to serve all 20 children referred to it from the protective investigation and 21 court systems, regardless of the level of funding allocated to 22 the community by the state, provided all related funding is 23 transferred.

6. The willingness to ensure that each individual who
provides child protective services completes the training
required of child protective service workers by the Department
of Children and Family Services.

7. The ability to maintain eligibility to receive all
federal child welfare funds, including Title IV-E and IV-A
funds, currently being used by the Department of Children and
Family Services.

2002 Legislature

### CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

<u>8. Written agreements with Healthy Families Florida</u>
 <u>lead entities in their community, pursuant to s. 409.153, to</u>
 <u>promote cooperative planning for the provision of prevention</u>
 and intervention services.

If attempts to competitively procure services 5 (d)<del>(c)</del>1. 6 through an eligible lead community-based provider as defined 7 in paragraph(c)<del>(b)</del>do not produce a capable and willing 8 agency, the department shall develop a plan in collaboration 9 with the local community alliance. The plan must detail how the community will continue to implement privatization, to be 10 accomplished by December 31, 2004, through competitively 11 12 procuring either the specific components of foster care and related services or comprehensive services for defined 13 14 eligible populations of children and families from qualified 15 licensed agencies as part of its efforts to develop the local 16 capacity for a community-based system of coordinated care. The 17 plan must ensure local control over the management and administration of the service provision in accordance with the 18 19 intent of this section and may include recognized best business practices, including some form of public or private 20 partnerships. In the absence of a community alliance, the plan 21 must be submitted to the President of the Senate and the 22 23 Speaker of the House of Representatives for their comments. The Legislature finds that the state has 24 2. traditionally provided foster care services to children who 25 26 have been the responsibility of the state. As such, foster 27 children have not had the right to recover for injuries beyond the limitations specified in s. 768.28. The Legislature has 28 29 determined that foster care and related services need to be

30 privatized pursuant to this section and that the provision of 31 such services is of paramount importance to the state. The

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2002 Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	632,	2nd	Engrossed
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purpose for such privatization is to increase the level of 1 2 safety, security, and stability of children who are or become 3 the responsibility of the state. One of the components 4 necessary to secure a safe and stable environment for such 5 children is that private providers maintain liability б insurance. As such, insurance needs to be available and remain 7 available to nongovernmental foster care and related services 8 providers without the resources of such providers being 9 significantly reduced by the cost of maintaining such insurance. 10

3. The Legislature further finds that, by requiring the following minimum levels of insurance, children in privatized foster care and related services will gain increased protection and rights of recovery in the event of injury than provided for in s. 768.28.

(e) In any county in which a service contract has not 16 17 been executed by December 31, 2004, the department shall 18 ensure access to a model comprehensive residential services 19 program as described in s. 409.1677 which, without imposing 20 undue financial, geographic, or other barriers, ensures 21 reasonable and appropriate participation by the family in the 22 child's program. 23 1. In order to ensure that the program is operational

24 by December 31, 2004, the department must, by December 31, 2003, begin the process of establishing access to a program in 25 26 any county in which the department has not either entered into 27 a transition contract or approved a community plan, as described in paragraph (d), which ensures full privatization 28 29 by the statutory deadline. The program must be procured through a competitive 30 2. 31 process.

3. The Legislature does not intend for the provisions 1 2 of this paragraph to substitute for the requirement that full 3 conversion to community-based care be accomplished. 4 (f) (d) Other than an entity to which s. 768.28 5 applies, any eligible lead community-based provider, as 6 defined in paragraph(c)(b), or its employees or officers, 7 except as otherwise provided in paragraph(g)(e), must, as a 8 part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per 9 claim/\$3 million per incident in general liability insurance coverage. The eligible lead community-based provider must also 10 require that staff who transport client children and families 11 12 in their personal automobiles in order to carry out their job 13 responsibilities obtain minimum bodily injury liability 14 insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per claim, \$300,000 per 15 incident, on their personal automobiles. In any tort action 16 brought against such an eligible lead community-based provider 17 or employee, net economic damages shall be limited to \$1 18 million per liability claim and \$100,000 per automobile claim, 19 including, but not limited to, past and future medical 20 expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort 21 22 action brought against such an eligible lead community-based 23 provider, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant 24 pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits 25 26 specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment 27 shall be in accordance with s. 768.76. The lead 28 29 community-based provider shall not be liable in tort for the acts or omissions of its subcontractors or the officers, 30 agents, or employees of its subcontractors. 31

(g)<del>(e)</del> The liability of an eligible lead 1 2 community-based provider described in this section shall be 3 exclusive and in place of all other liability of such 4 provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such 5 providers shall extend as well to each employee of the provider when such employee is acting in furtherance of the б 7 provider's business, including the transportation of clients 8 served, as described in this subsection, in privately owned 9 vehicles. Such immunities shall not be applicable to a provider or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent 10 manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked 11 12 physical aggression when such acts result in injury or death 13 or such acts proximately cause such injury or death; nor shall 14 such immunities be applicable to employees of the same 15 provider when each is operating in the furtherance of the provider's business, but they are assigned primarily to 16 17 unrelated works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a provider shall also apply to 18 19 any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who in the course and scope of his 20 or her duties acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity 21 and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within 22 23 the course and scope of those managerial or policymaking duties. Culpable negligence is defined as reckless 24 indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life. 25 26 (h)(f) Any subcontractor of an eligible lead 27 community-based provider, as defined in paragraph(c)(b), which is a direct provider of foster care and related services 28 29 to children and families, and its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph(g)(e), must, as a 30 part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per 31

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claim/\$3 million per incident in general liability insurance 1 2 coverage. The subcontractor of an eligible lead 3 community-based provider must also require that staff who 4 transport client children and families in their personal 5 automobiles in order to carry out their job responsibilities 6 obtain minimum bodily injury liability insurance in the amount 7 of \$100,000 per claim, \$300,000 per incident, on their 8 personal automobiles. In any tort action brought against such 9 subcontractor or employee, net economic damages shall be 10 limited to \$1 million per liability claim and \$100,000 per automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and 11 12 future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or 13 14 payable. In any tort action brought against such 15 subcontractor, noneconomic damages shall be limited to 16 \$200,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of 17 a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral 18 19 source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76. 20 21 (i)<del>(g)</del> The liability of a subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based provider that is a direct provider of 22 foster care and related services as described in this section 23 shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of such 24 provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such 25 26 subcontractor provider shall extend as well to each employee of the subcontractor when such employee is acting in 27 furtherance of the subcontractor's business, including the 28 29 transportation of clients served, as described in this subsection, in privately owned vehicles. Such immunities shall 30 not be applicable to a subcontractor or an employee who acts 31 21

2002 Legislature

in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton 1 disregard or unprovoked physical aggression when such acts 2 3 result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such 4 injury or death; nor shall such immunities be applicable to 5 employees of the same subcontractor when each is operating in the furtherance of the subcontractor's business, but they are 6 7 assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a 8 9 subcontractor shall also apply to any sole proprietor, 10 partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts 11 12 in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of 13 14 those managerial or policymaking duties. Culpable negligence 15 is defined as reckless indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life. 16

17 (j)(h) The Legislature is cognizant of the increasing costs of goods and services each year and recognizes that 18 19 fixing a set amount of compensation actually has the effect of a reduction in compensation each year. Accordingly, the 20 conditional limitations on damages in this section shall be 21 increased at the rate of 5 percent each year, prorated from 22 23 the effective date of this paragraph to the date at which damages subject to such limitations are awarded by final 24 25 judgment or settlement.

(2)(a) The department may contract for the delivery, administration, or management of protective services, the services specified in subsection (1) relating to foster care, and other related services or programs, as appropriate. The department shall retain responsibility for the quality of contracted services and programs and shall ensure that

22

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

services are delivered in accordance with applicable federal 1 and state statutes and regulations. The department must adopt 2 3 written policies and procedures for monitoring the contract 4 for delivery of services by lead community-based providers. 5 These policies and procedures must, at a minimum, address the 6 evaluation of fiscal accountability and program operations, 7 including provider achievement of performance standards, 8 provider monitoring of subcontractors, and timely followup of 9 corrective actions for significant monitoring findings related to providers and subcontractors. These policies and procedures 10 must also include provisions for reducing the duplication of 11 12 the department's program monitoring activities both internally and with other agencies, to the extent possible. The 13 14 department's written procedures must ensure that the written 15 findings, conclusions, and recommendations from monitoring the contract for services of lead community-based providers are 16 17 communicated to the director of the provider agency as expeditiously as possible. 18

(b) Persons employed by the department in the provision of foster care and related services whose positions are being privatized pursuant to this statute shall be given hiring preference by the provider, if provider qualifications are met.

(3)(a) In order to help ensure a seamless child 24 protection system, the department shall ensure that contracts 25 26 entered into with community-based agencies pursuant to this section include provisions for a case-transfer process to 27 determine the date that the community-based agency will 28 29 initiate the appropriate services for a child and family. This case-transfer process must clearly identify the closure of the 30 protective investigation and the initiation of service 31

23

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

provision. At the point of case transfer, and at the 1 conclusion of an investigation, the department must provide a 2 3 complete summary of the findings of the investigation to the 4 community-based agency. (b) The contracts must also ensure that each 5 6 community-based agency shall furnish information on its 7 activities in all cases in client case records regular status 8 reports of its cases to the department as specified in the contract. A provider may not discontinue services on any 9

voluntary case without prior written notification to the 10 department 30 days before planned case closure. If the 11 12 department disagrees with the recommended case closure date, 13 written notification to the provider must be provided before 14 the case closure date.without prior written notification to 15 the department. After discontinuing services to a child or a 16 child and family, the community-based agency must provide a 17 written case summary, including its assessment of the child and family, to the department. 18

19 (c) The contract between the department and 20 community-based agencies must include provisions that specify 21 the procedures to be used by the parties to resolve 22 differences in interpreting the contract or to resolve 23 disputes as to the adequacy of the parties' compliance with 24 their respective obligations under the contract.

(4)(a) The department shall establish a quality assurance program for privatized services. The quality assurance program shall be based on standards established by a national accrediting organization such as the Council on Accreditation of Services for Families and Children, Inc. (COA) or CARF--the Rehabilitation Accreditation Commission. The department may develop a request for proposal for such

2002 Legislature

oversight. This program must be developed and administered at 1 a statewide level. The Legislature intends that the department 2 3 be permitted to have limited flexibility to use funds for 4 improving quality assurance. To this end, effective January 1, 5 2000, the department may transfer up to 0.125 percent of the total funds from categories used to pay for these 6 7 contractually provided services, but the total amount of such transferred funds may not exceed \$300,000 in any fiscal year. 8 9 When necessary, the department may establish, in accordance with s. 216.177, additional positions that will be exclusively 10 devoted to these functions. Any positions required under this 11 12 paragraph may be established, notwithstanding ss. 216.262(1)(a) and 216.351. The department, in consultation 13 14 with the community-based agencies that are undertaking the privatized projects, shall establish minimum thresholds for 15 each component of service, consistent with standards 16 17 established by the Legislature. Each program operated under contract with a community-based agency must be evaluated 18 19 annually by the department. The department shall submit an 20 annual report regarding quality performance, outcome measure attainment, and cost efficiency to the President of the 21 22 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the minority leader of each house of the Legislature, and the 23 Governor no later than January 31 of each year for each 24 project in operation during the preceding fiscal year. 25 26 The department shall use these findings in making (b) 27 recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature for future program and funding priorities in the child welfare system. 28 29 (5)(a) The community-based agency must comply with statutory requirements and agency rules in the provision of 30 contractual services. Each foster home, therapeutic foster 31 25

2002

Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	632,	2nd	Engrossed
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home, emergency shelter, or other placement facility operated 1 by the community-based agency or agencies must be licensed by 2 the Department of Children and Family Services under chapter 3 4 402 or this chapter. Each community-based agency must be 5 licensed as a child-caring or child-placing agency by the 6 department under this chapter. The department, in order to 7 eliminate or reduce the number of duplicate inspections by various program offices, shall coordinate inspections required 8 9 pursuant to licensure of agencies under this section. (b) Substitute care providers who are licensed under 10 s. 409.175 and have contracted with a lead agency authorized 11 12 under this section shall also be authorized to provide registered or licensed family day care under s. 402.313, if 13 14 consistent with federal law and if the home has met: 15 1. the requirements of s. 402.313.; and 2. The requirements of s. 402.281 and has received 16 17 Gold Seal Quality Care designation. (c) A dually licensed home under this section shall be 18 eligible to receive both an out-of-home care payment and a 19 20 subsidized child care payment for the same child pursuant to 21 federal law. The department may adopt administrative rules necessary to administer this paragraph the foster care board 22 23 rate and the subsidized child care rate for the same child only if care is provided 24 hours a day. The subsidized child 24 care rate shall be no more than the approved full-time rate. 25 26 (6) Beginning January 1, 1999, and continuing at least through June 30, 2000, the Department of Children and Family 27 28 Services shall privatize all foster care and related services 29 in district 5 while continuing to contract with the current model programs in districts 1, 4, and 13, and in subdistrict 30 8A, and shall expand the subdistrict 8A pilot program to 31 26

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

incorporate Manatee County. Planning for the district 5 1 privatization shall be done by providers that are currently 2 3 under contract with the department for foster care and related 4 services and shall be done in consultation with the 5 department. A lead provider of the district 5 program shall be competitively selected, must demonstrate the ability to 6 7 provide necessary comprehensive services through a local 8 network of providers, and must meet criteria established in 9 this section. Contracts with organizations responsible for the model programs must include the management and administration 10 of all privatized services specified in subsection (1). 11 12 However, the department may use funds for contract management 13 only after obtaining written approval from the Executive 14 Office of the Governor. The request for such approval must include, but is not limited to, a statement of the proposed 15 amount of such funds and a description of the manner in which 16 17 such funds will be used. If the community-based organization selected for a model program under this subsection is not a 18 19 Medicaid provider, the organization shall be issued a Medicaid provider number pursuant to s. 409.907 for the provision of 20 services currently authorized under the state Medicaid plan to 21 22 those children encompassed in this model and in a manner not 23 to exceed the current level of state expenditure. (7) The department, in consultation with existing lead 24 agencies, shall develop a proposal regarding the long-term use

25 agencies, shall develop a proposal regarding the long-term use 26 and structure of a statewide shared earnings program which 27 addresses is authorized to establish and administer a risk 28 pool to reduce the financial risk to eligible lead 29 community-based providers resulting from unanticipated 30 caseload growth or from significant changes in client mixes or 31 services eligible for federal reimbursement. The

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2002 Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	632,	2nd	Engrossed
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recommendations in the statewide proposal must also be 1 2 available to entities of the department until the conversion 3 to community-based care takes place. At a minimum, the proposal must allow for use of federal earnings received from 4 5 child welfare programs, which earnings are determined by the 6 department to be in excess of the amount appropriated in the 7 General Appropriations Act, to be used for specific purposes. 8 These purposes include, but are not limited to: 9 Significant changes in the number or composition (a) 10 of clients eligible to receive services. (b) Significant changes in the services that are 11 eligible for reimbursement. 12 13 (c) Significant changes in the availability of federal 14 funds. 15 (d) Shortfalls in state funds available for eligible 16 or ineligible services. 17 (e) Significant changes in the mix of available funds. 18 (f) Scheduled or unanticipated, but necessary, 19 advances to providers or other cash-flow issues. 20 (g) Proposals to participate in optional Medicaid 21 services or other federal grant opportunities. (h) Appropriate incentive structures. 22 23 (i) Continuity of care in the event of lead agency failure, discontinuance of service, or financial misconduct. 24 25 26 The department shall further specify the necessary steps to 27 ensure the financial integrity of these dollars and their 28 continued availability on an ongoing basis. The final proposal 29 shall be submitted to the Legislative Budget Commission for formal adoption before December 31, 2002. If the Legislative 30 Budget Commission refuses to concur with the adoption of the 31 2.8

proposal, the department shall present its proposal in the 1 2 form of recommended legislation to the President of the Senate 3 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before the 4 commencement of the next legislative session. For fiscal year 5 2003-2004 and annually thereafter, the Department of Children 6 and Family Services may request in its legislative budget 7 request, and the Governor may recommend, the funding necessary 8 to carry out paragraph (i) from excess federal earnings. The 9 General Appropriations Act shall include any funds appropriated for this purpose in a lump sum in the 10 Administered Funds Program, which funds constitute partial 11 12 security for lead agency contract performance. The department 13 shall use this appropriation to offset the need for a 14 performance bond for that year after a comparison of risk to 15 the funds available. In no event shall this performance bond exceed 2.5 percent of the annual contract value. The 16 17 department may separately require a bond to mitigate the financial consequences of potential acts of malfeasance, 18 19 misfeasance, or criminal violations by the provider. Prior to 20 the release of any funds in the lump sum, the department shall submit a detailed operational plan, which must identify the 21 sources of specific trust funds to be used. The release of the 22 23 trust fund shall be subject to the notice and review provisions of s. 216.177. However, the release shall not 24 require approval of the Legislative Budget Commission. 25 26 (8) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 215.425, all documented federal funds earned for the current fiscal year by 27 28 the department and community-based agencies which exceed the 29 amount appropriated by the Legislature shall be distributed to all entities that contributed to the excess earnings based on 30 a schedule and methodology developed by the department and 31

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approved by the Executive Office of the Governor. Distribution 1 2 shall be pro rata based on total earnings and shall be made 3 only to those entities that contributed to excess earnings. 4 Excess earnings of community-based agencies shall be used only 5 in the service district in which they were earned. Additional state funds appropriated by the Legislature for 6 7 community-based agencies or made available pursuant to the budgetary amendment process described in s. 216.177 shall be 8 9 transferred to the community-based agencies. The department shall amend a community-based agency's contract to permit 10 expenditure of the funds. The distribution program applies 11 12 only to entities that were under privatization contracts as of July 1, 2002 1999. This program is authorized for a period of 13 14 3 years beginning July 1, 1999, and ending June 30, 2002. The 15 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 16 Accountability shall review this program and report to the 17 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31, 2001. The review shall assess 18 19 the program to determine how the additional resources were used, the number of additional clients served, the 20 improvements in quality of service attained, the performance 21 outcomes associated with the additional resources, and the 22 23 feasibility of continuing or expanding this program. (9) Each district and subdistrict that participates in 24 the model program effort or any future privatization effort as 25 26 described in this section must thoroughly analyze and report the complete direct and indirect costs of delivering these 27 services through the department and the full cost of 28 29 privatization, including the cost of monitoring and evaluating 30 the contracted services. 31

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

Section 5. Section 409.1676, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 409.1676 Comprehensive residential group care services 4 to children who have extraordinary needs .--5 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide 6 comprehensive residential group care services, including 7 residential care, case management, and other services, to 8 children in the child protection system who have extraordinary 9 needs, such as serious behavioral problems or having been determined to be without the options of either reunification 10 with family or adoption. These services are to be provided in 11 12 a residential group care setting by a not-for-profit corporation or a local government entity under a contract with 13 14 the Department of Children and Family Services or by a lead agency as described in s. 409.1671. These contracts should be 15 designed to provide an identified number of children with 16 17 access to a full array of services for a fixed price. Further, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of 18 19 Children and Family Services and the Department of Juvenile 20 Justice establish an interagency agreement by December 1, 21 2002, which describes respective agency responsibilities for referral, placement, service provision, and service 22 23 coordination for dependent and delinquent youth who are referred to these residential group care facilities. The 24 agreement must require interagency collaboration in the 25 development of terms, conditions, and performance outcomes for 26 residential group care contracts serving the youth referred 27 28 who have been adjudicated both dependent and delinquent. 29 (2) As used in this section, the term: "Child with extraordinary needs" means a dependent 30 (a) child who has serious behavioral problems or who has been 31 31

2002	Legislature
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determined to be without the options of either reunification 1 2 with family or adoption. 3 (b) (a) "Residential group care" means a living 4 environment for children who have been adjudicated dependent 5 and are expected to be in foster care for at least 6 months 6 with 24-hour-awake staff or live-in group home parents or 7 staff. Each facility Beginning July 1, 2001, all facilities must be appropriately licensed in this state as a residential 8 9 child caring agency as defined in s. 409.175(2)(j), and they must be accredited by July 1, 2005. A residential group care 10 facility serving children having a serious behavioral problem 11 12 as defined in this section must have available staff or contract personnel with the clinical expertise, credentials, 13 14 and training to provide services identified in subsection (4). 15 (c)(b) "Serious behavioral problems" means behaviors of children who have been assessed by a licensed 16 17 master's-level human-services professional to need at a minimum intensive services but who do not meet the criteria of 18 19 s. 394.492(6) or (7). A child with an emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) or (6)may be served in residential 20 group care unless a determination is made by a mental health 21 22 professional that such a setting is inappropriate. A child 23 having a serious behavioral problem must have been determined in the assessment to have at least one of the following risk 24 25 factors: 26 1. An adjudication of delinquency and be on 27 conditional release status with the Department of Juvenile 28 Justice. 2. A history of physical aggression or violent 29 30 behavior toward self or others, animals, or property within 31 the past year. 32

2002 Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	632,	2nd	Engrossed
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3. A history of setting fires within the past year. 1 2 4. A history of multiple episodes of running away from 3 home or placements within the past year. 4 5. A history of sexual aggression toward other youth. 5 (3) The department, in accordance with a specific 6 appropriation for this program, shall contract with a 7 not-for-profit corporation, a local government entity, or the 8 lead agency that has been established in accordance with s. 9 409.1671 for the performance of residential group care services described in this section in, at a minimum, districts 10 4, 11, 12, and the Suncoast Region of the Department of 11 12 Children and Family Services and with a not-for-profit entity serving children from multiple districts. A lead agency that 13 14 is currently providing residential care may provide this 15 service directly with the approval of the local community alliance. The department or a lead agency may contract for 16 more than one site in a county if that is determined to be the 17 18 most effective way to achieve the goals set forth in this 19 section.

20 The lead agency, the contracted not-for-profit (4) corporation, or the local government entity is responsible for 21 22 a comprehensive assessment, residential care, transportation, access to behavioral health services, recreational activities, 23 clothing, supplies, and miscellaneous expenses associated with 24 25 caring for these children; for necessary arrangement for or 26 provision of educational services; and for assuring necessary 27 and appropriate health and dental care.

(5) The department may transfer all casework responsibilities for children served under this program to the entity that provides this service, including case management and development and implementation of a case plan in

33

1 accordance with current standards for child protection
2 services. When the department establishes this program in a
3 community that has a lead agency as described in s. 409.1671,
4 the casework responsibilities must be transferred to the lead
5 agency.

6 (6) This section does not prohibit any provider of
7 these services from appropriately billing Medicaid for
8 services rendered, from contracting with a local school
9 district for educational services, or from earning federal or
10 local funding for services provided, as long as two or more
11 funding sources do not pay for the same specific service that
12 has been provided to a child.

13 (7) The lead agency, not-for-profit corporation, or 14 local government entity has the legal authority for children 15 served under this program, as provided in chapter 39 or this 16 chapter, as appropriate, to enroll the child in school, to 17 sign for a driver's license for the child, to cosign loans and 18 insurance for the child, to sign for medical treatment, and to 19 authorize other such activities.

20 (8) The department shall provide technical assistance21 as requested and contract management services.

(9) The provisions of this section shall be
implemented to the extent of available appropriations
contained in the annual General Appropriations Act for such
purpose.

26 (10) The department may adopt rules necessary to 27 administer this section.

Section 6. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsections (3) through (15) of said section are renumbered as subsections (4) through (16), respectively, present subsections (5), (8), (9),

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

and (11) are amended, and a new subsection (3) is added to 1 2 said section, to read: 3 409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential 4 child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies.--5 (2) As used in this section, the term: 6 (e) "Family foster home" means a private residence in 7 which children who are unattended by a parent or legal 8 guardian are provided 24-hour care. Such homes include 9 emergency shelter family homes, family foster group homes, and specialized foster homes for children with special needs. A 10 person who cares for a child of a friend for a period not to 11 12 exceed 90 days, a relative who cares for a child and does not receive reimbursement for such care from the state or federal 13 14 government, or an adoptive home which has been approved by the 15 department or by a licensed child-placing agency for children placed for adoption is not considered a family foster home. 16 17 (3)(a) The total number of children placed in each family foster home shall be based on the recommendation of the 18 19 department, or the community-based care lead agency where one 20 is providing foster care and related services, based on the needs of each child in care, the ability of the foster family 21 to meet the individual needs of each child, including any 22 23 adoptive or biological children living in the home, the amount of safe physical plant space, the ratio of active and 24 25 appropriate adult supervision, and the background, experience, 26 and skill of the family foster parents. If the total number of children in a family foster 27 (b) 28 home will exceed five, including the family's own children, a 29 comprehensive behavioral health assessment of each child to be 30 placed in the home must be completed prior to placement of any additional children in the home. The comprehensive behavioral 31 35

ZUUZ LEGISIALUIE	2002	Legislature
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health assessment must comply with Medicaid rules and 1 2 regulations, assess and document the mental, physical, and 3 psychosocial needs of the child, and recommend the maximum 4 number of children in a family foster home that will allow the 5 child's needs to be met. 6 (c) For any licensed family foster home, the 7 appropriateness of the number of children in the home must be 8 reassessed annually as part of the relicensure process. For a home with more than five children, if it is determined by the 9 licensure study at the time of relicensure that the total 10 number of children in the home is appropriate and that there 11 12 have been no substantive licensure violations and no 13 indications of child maltreatment or child-on-child sexual 14 abuse within the past 12 months, the relicensure of the home shall not be denied based on the total number of children in 15 16 the home. 17  $(6)\frac{(5)}{(a)}$  An application for a license shall be made 18 on forms provided, and in the manner prescribed, by the 19 department. The department shall make a determination as to 20 the good moral character of the applicant based upon 21 screening. (b) Upon application, the department shall conduct a 22 23 licensing study based on its licensing rules; shall inspect the home or the agency and the records, including financial 24 records, of the agency; and shall interview the applicant. 25 26 The department may authorize a licensed child-placing agency 27 to conduct the licensing study of a family foster home to be used exclusively by that agency and to verify to the 28 29 department that the home meets the licensing requirements established by the department. Upon certification by a 30 licensed child-placing agency that a family foster home meets 31

36
# 2002 Legislature

## CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

the licensing requirements, the department shall issue the
 license.

3 A licensed family foster home, child-placing (C) 4 agency, or residential child-caring agency which applies for 5 renewal of its license shall submit to the department a list 6 of personnel who have worked on a continuous basis at the 7 applicant family foster home or agency since submitting 8 fingerprints to the department, identifying those for whom a 9 written assurance of compliance was provided by the department and identifying those personnel who have recently begun 10 working at the family foster home or agency and are awaiting 11 12 the results of the required fingerprint check, along with the date of the submission of those fingerprints for processing. 13 14 The department shall by rule determine the frequency of 15 requests to the Department of Law Enforcement to run state criminal records checks for such personnel except for those 16 17 personnel awaiting the results of initial fingerprint checks 18 for employment at the applicant family foster home or agency. 19 (d)1. The department may pursue other remedies 20 provided in this section in addition to denial or revocation 21 of a license for failure to comply with the screening 22 requirements. The disciplinary actions determination to be 23 made by the department and the procedure for hearing for applicants and licensees shall be in accordance with chapter 24

25 120.

26 2. When the department has reasonable cause to believe 27 that grounds for denial or termination of employment exist, it 28 shall notify, in writing, the applicant, licensee, or summer 29 or recreation camp, and the personnel affected, stating the 30 specific record which indicates noncompliance with the 31 screening requirements.

## 2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

3. Procedures established for hearing under chapter
 120 shall be available to the applicant, licensee, summer day
 camp, or summer 24-hour camp, and affected personnel, in order
 to present evidence relating either to the accuracy of the
 basis for exclusion or to the denial of an exemption from
 disqualification.

7 4. Refusal on the part of an applicant to dismiss
8 personnel who have been found not to be in compliance with the
9 requirements for good moral character of personnel shall
10 result in automatic denial or revocation of license in
11 addition to any other remedies provided in this section which
12 may be pursued by the department.

(e) At the request of the department, the local county health department shall inspect a home or agency according to the licensing rules promulgated by the department. Inspection reports shall be furnished to the department within 30 days of the request. Such an inspection shall only be required when called for by the licensing agency.

19 (f) All residential child-caring agencies must meet 20 firesafety standards for such agencies adopted by the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Insurance and must 21 be inspected annually. At the request of the department, 22 23 firesafety inspections shall be conducted by the Division of State Fire Marshal or a local fire department official who has 24 been certified by the division as having completed the 25 26 training requirements for persons inspecting such agencies. 27 Inspection reports shall be furnished to the department within 30 days of a request. 28 29 (g) In the licensing process, the licensing staff of

30 the department shall provide consultation on request.
31

38

## 2002 Legislature

Upon determination that the applicant meets the 1 (h) 2 state minimum licensing requirements, the department shall 3 issue a license without charge to a specific person or agency 4 at a specific location. A license may be issued if all the 5 screening materials have been timely submitted; however, a 6 license may not be issued or renewed if any person at the home 7 or agency has failed the required screening. The license is 8 nontransferable. A copy of the license shall be displayed in a 9 conspicuous place. Except as provided in paragraph (j), the license is valid for 1 year from the date of issuance, unless 10 the license is suspended or revoked by the department or is 11 12 voluntarily surrendered by the licensee. The license is the 13 property of the department.

14 (i) A license issued for the operation of a family 15 foster home or agency, unless sooner suspended, revoked, or voluntarily returned, will expire automatically 1 year from 16 17 the date of issuance except as provided in paragraph (j). 18 Ninety days prior to the expiration date, an application for 19 renewal shall be submitted to the department by a licensee who wishes to have the license renewed. A license shall be 20 renewed upon the filing of an application on forms furnished 21 by the department if the applicant has first met the 22 23 requirements established under this section and the rules promulgated hereunder. 24

(j) Except for a family foster group home having a licensed capacity for more than five children, the department may issue a license that is valid for longer than 1 year but no longer than 3 years to a family foster home that: 1. Has maintained a license with the department as a

30 family foster home for at least the 3 previous consecutive 31 years;

2002	Legislature	CS	for	CS	for	SB	632,	2nd	Engrossed

1 2. Remains in good standing with the department; and 2 3. Has not been the subject of a report of child abuse 3 or neglect with any findings of maltreatment. 4 5 A family foster home that has been issued a license valid for б longer than 1 year must be monitored and visited as frequently 7 as one that has been issued a 1-year license. The department 8 reserves the right to reduce a licensure period to 1 year at 9 any time. 10 The department may not license summer day camps or (k) summer 24-hour camps. However, the department shall have 11 12 access to the personnel records of such facilities to ensure 13 compliance with the screening requirements. 14 (9)(8)(a) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke 15 a license. 16 (b) Any of the following actions by a home or agency 17 or its personnel is a ground for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license: 18 19 1. An intentional or negligent act materially affecting the health or safety of children in the home or 20 21 agency. A violation of the provisions of this section or of 22 2. 23 licensing rules promulgated pursuant to this section. 3. Noncompliance with the requirements for good moral 24 25 character as specified in paragraph(5)(4)(a). 26 4. Failure to dismiss personnel found in noncompliance with requirements for good moral character. 27 28 (10)(9)(a) The department may institute injunctive 29 proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction to: 30 31 40 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

# 2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

1. Enforce the provisions of this section or any
 2 license requirement, rule, or order issued or entered into
 3 pursuant thereto; or

4 2. Terminate the operation of an agency in which any5 of the following conditions exist:

a. The licensee has failed to take preventive or
corrective measures in accordance with any order of the
department to maintain conformity with licensing requirements.

9 b. There is a violation of any of the provisions of 10 this section, or of any licensing requirement promulgated 11 pursuant to this section, which violation threatens harm to 12 any child or which constitutes an emergency requiring 13 immediate action.

3. Terminate the operation of a summer day camp or summer 24-hour camp providing care for children when such camp has willfully and knowingly refused to comply with the screening requirements for personnel or has refused to terminate the employment of personnel found to be in noncompliance with the requirements for good moral character as determined in paragraph(5)(4)(a).

21 (b) If the department finds, within 30 days after 22 written notification by registered mail of the requirement for 23 licensure, that a person or agency continues to care for or to place children without a license or, within 30 days after 24 written notification by registered mail of the requirement for 25 26 screening of personnel and compliance with paragraph(5)(4)(a)27 for the hiring and continued employment of personnel, that a summer day camp or summer 24-hour camp continues to provide 28 29 care for children without complying, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney of the violation of law 30 and, if necessary, shall institute a civil suit to enjoin the 31

41

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed

person or agency from continuing the placement or care of 1 2 children or to enjoin the summer day camp or summer 24-hour 3 camp from continuing the care of children. 4 (c) Such injunctive relief may be temporary or 5 permanent. 6 (12)(11)(a) It is unlawful for any person or agency 7 to: 8 1. Provide continuing full-time care for or to receive 9 or place a child apart from her or his parents in a residential group care facility, family foster home, or 10 adoptive home without a valid license issued by the department 11 12 if such license is required by subsection(5)(4); or Make a willful or intentional misstatement on any 13 2. 14 license application or other document required to be filed in 15 connection with an application for a license. (b) It is unlawful for any person, agency, summer day 16 17 camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for children to: 18 Willfully or intentionally fail to comply with the 1. 19 requirements for the screening of personnel or the dismissal of personnel found not to be in compliance with the 20 21 requirements for good moral character as specified in 22 paragraph(5)(4)(a). 2. Use information from the criminal records obtained 23 under this section for any purpose other than screening a 24 person for employment as specified in this section or to 25 26 release such information to any other person for any purpose 27 other than screening for employment as specified in this 28 section. 29 It is unlawful for any person, agency, summer day (C) camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for children to 30 use information from the juvenile records of any person 31 42 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2002 Legislature CS for CS for SB 632, 2nd Engrossed 1 obtained under this section for any purpose other than

screening for employment as specified in this section or to 2 3 release information from such records to any other person for 4 any purpose other than screening for employment as specified 5 in this section. (d)1. A first violation of paragraph (a) or paragraph 6 7 (b) is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 8 9 2. A second or subsequent violation of paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) is a felony of the third degree, punishable 10 as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 11 12 3. A violation of paragraph (c) is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 13 14 775.083, or s. 775.084. 15 Section 7. Subsection (24) of section 409.906, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 409.906 Optional Medicaid services.--Subject to specific appropriations, the agency may make payments for 18 19 services which are optional to the state under Title XIX of the Social Security Act and are furnished by Medicaid 20 providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on 21 the dates on which the services were provided. Any optional 22 23 service that is provided shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. 24 Optional services rendered by providers in mobile units to 25 26 Medicaid recipients may be restricted or prohibited by the 27 agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 28 29 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 30 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 31

43

provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 1 If necessary to safeguard the state's systems of providing 2 3 services to elderly and disabled persons and subject to the 4 notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor may 5 direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend the Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service б 7 known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally 8 Disabled." Optional services may include:

9 (24) CHILD-WELFARE-TARGETED CASE MANAGEMENT.--The Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with 10 the Department of Children and Family Services, may establish 11 12 a targeted case-management pilot project in those counties identified by the Department of Children and Family Services 13 14 and for all counties with a the community-based child welfare project in Sarasota and Manatee counties, as authorized under 15 s. 409.1671, which have been specifically approved by the 16 17 department. These projects shall be established for the purpose of determining the impact of targeted case management 18 19 on the child welfare program and the earnings from the child 20 welfare program. Results of targeted case management the pilot projects shall be reported to the Child Welfare Estimating 21 Conference and the Social Services Estimating Conference 22 established under s. 216.136. The number of projects may not 23 be increased until requested by the Department of Children and 24 Family Services, recommended by the Child Welfare Estimating 25 26 Conference and the Social Services Estimating Conference, and 27 approved by the Legislature. The covered group of individuals who are eligible to receive targeted case management include 28 29 children who are eligible for Medicaid; who are between the ages of birth through 21; and who are under protective 30 supervision or postplacement supervision, under foster-care 31

44

supervision, or in shelter care or foster care. The number of 1 2 individuals who are eligible to receive targeted case 3 management shall be limited to the number for whom the 4 Department of Children and Family Services has available 5 matching funds to cover the costs. The general revenue funds 6 required to match the funds for services provided by the 7 community-based child welfare projects are limited to funds available for services described under s. 409.1671. The 8 Department of Children and Family Services may transfer the 9 general revenue matching funds as billed by the Agency for 10 Health Care Administration. 11

Section 8. Section 393.0657, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

14 393.0657 Persons not required to be refingerprinted or 15 rescreened. -- Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, human resource personnel who have been 16 17 fingerprinted or screened pursuant to chapters 393, 394, 397, 402, and 409, and teachers who have been fingerprinted 18 19 pursuant to chapter 231, who have not been unemployed for more than 90 days thereafter, and who under the penalty of perjury 20 attest to the completion of such fingerprinting or screening 21 22 and to compliance with the provisions of this section and the 23 standards for good moral character as contained in such provisions as ss. 110.1127(3), 393.0655(1), 394.457(6), 24 397.451, 402.305(2), and 409.175(5)(4), shall not be required 25 26 to be refingerprinted or rescreened in order to comply with 27 any direct service provider screening or fingerprinting requirements. 28 29 Section 9. Section 402.3057, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31

402.3057 Persons not required to be refingerprinted or 1 2 rescreened. -- Any provision of law to the contrary 3 notwithstanding, human resource personnel who have been 4 fingerprinted or screened pursuant to chapters 393, 394, 397, 5 402, and 409, and teachers and noninstructional personnel who have been fingerprinted pursuant to chapter 231, who have not б 7 been unemployed for more than 90 days thereafter, and who under the penalty of perjury attest to the completion of such 8 9 fingerprinting or screening and to compliance with the provisions of this section and the standards for good moral 10 character as contained in such provisions as ss. 110.1127(3), 11 12 393.0655(1), 394.457(6), 397.451, 402.305(2), and 13 409.175(5)(4), shall not be required to be refingerprinted or rescreened in order to comply with any caretaker screening or 14 15 fingerprinting requirements. Section 10. Section 409.1757, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 18 409.1757 Persons not required to be refingerprinted or 19 rescreened .-- Any provision of law to the contrary 20 notwithstanding, human resource personnel who have been fingerprinted or screened pursuant to chapters 393, 394, 397, 21 402, and this chapter, and teachers who have been 22 23 fingerprinted pursuant to chapter 231, who have not been unemployed for more than 90 days thereafter, and who under the 24 penalty of perjury attest to the completion of such 25 26 fingerprinting or screening and to compliance with the 27 provisions of this section and the standards for good moral character as contained in such provisions as ss. 110.1127(3), 28 29 393.0655(1), 394.457(6), 397.451, 402.305(2), and 409.175(5) (4), shall not be required to be refingerprinted or 30 31 46

rescreened in order to comply with any caretaker screening or 1 2 fingerprinting requirements. 3 Section 11. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and 4 Government Accountability, in consultation with the Department 5 of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care 6 Administration, shall conduct a review of the process for 7 placing children for residential mental health treatment as 8 specified in section 39.407(5), Florida Statutes. This review 9 is to be used to determine whether changes are needed in this process. The integrity of the examination process that is 10 intended to ensure that only a child with an emotional 11 12 disturbance or a serious emotional disturbance is placed in a 13 residential mental health facility and to ensure that a child 14 who is diagnosed with an emotional disturbance or a serious 15 emotional disturbance receives the most appropriate mental 16 health treatment in the least restrictive setting must be 17 maintained. The review shall analyze and make recommendations relative to issues pertinent to the process such as the number 18 19 of children who are assessed and the outcomes of the 20 assessments, the costs associated with the suitability 21 assessments based on geographic differentials, delays in receiving appropriate mental health treatment services in both 22 23 residential and nonresidential settings which can be attributed to the assessment process, and the need to expand 24 the mental health professional groups who may conduct the 25 26 suitability assessment. The Office of Program Policy Analysis 27 and Government Accountability shall submit a report of its findings and any proposed changes to substantive law to the 28 29 Executive Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate, 30 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 31 2003.

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