Florida Senate - 2002

By Senator Pruitt

27-417-02 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to protection of Lake 3 Okeechobee; amending s. 373.4595, F.S.; providing eligibility requirements for 4 5 available grants from coordinating agencies; б prohibiting the disposal of domestic wastewater 7 residuals after a certain date; providing 8 penalties for violations; providing an effective date. 9 10 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 12 13 Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 373.4595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 15 373.4595 Lake Okeechobee Protection Program.--16 (3) LAKE OKEECHOBEE PROTECTION PROGRAM. -- A protection program for Lake Okeechobee that achieves phosphorus load 17 18 reductions for Lake Okeechobee shall be immediately 19 implemented as specified in this subsection. The program shall 20 address the reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake from 21 both internal and external sources. Phosphorus load reductions 22 shall be achieved through a phased program of implementation. 23 Initial implementation actions shall be technology-based, based upon a consideration of both the availability of 24 25 appropriate technology and the cost of such technology, and 26 shall include phosphorus reduction measures at both the source 27 and the regional level. The initial phase of phosphorus load 28 reductions shall be based upon the district's Technical 29 Publication 81-2 and the district's WOD program, with subsequent phases of phosphorus load reductions based upon the 30 total maximum daily loads established in accordance with s. 31 1

403.067. In the development and administration of the Lake
 Okeechobee Protection Program, the coordinating agencies shall
 maximize opportunities provided by federal cost-sharing
 programs and opportunities for partnerships with the private
 sector.

6 (c) Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control 7 Program. -- The Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control 8 Program is designed to be a multifaceted approach to reducing 9 phosphorus loads by improving the management of phosphorus 10 sources within the Lake Okeechobee watershed through continued 11 implementation of existing regulations and best management practices, development and implementation of improved best 12 management practices, improvement and restoration of the 13 hydrologic function of natural and managed systems, and 14 utilization of alternative technologies for nutrient 15 reduction. The coordinating agencies shall facilitate the 16 17 application of federal programs that offer opportunities for 18 water quality treatment, including preservation, restoration, 19 or creation of wetlands on agricultural lands.

20 1. Agricultural nonpoint source best management 21 practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee 22 Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited 23 24 basis. By March 1, 2001, the coordinating agencies shall 25 develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management 26 27 practices that complement existing regulatory programs and 28 specifies how those best management practices are implemented 29 and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures 30 to be taken by the coordinating agencies during any best 31 management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to

2

sub-subparagraph d. The department shall use best professional
 judgment in making the initial determination of best
 management practice effectiveness.

4 a. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(d), by October 1, 5 2000, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in 6 consultation with the department, the district, and affected 7 parties, shall initiate rule development for interim measures, 8 best management practices, conservation plans, nutrient 9 management plans, or other measures necessary for Lake 10 Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. The rule shall include 11 thresholds for requiring conservation and nutrient management plans and criteria for the contents of such plans. Development 12 13 of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices 14 shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in 15 subparagraph (b)1. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, 16 17 and affected parties, shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim 18 19 measures or best management practices for the purpose of 20 adoption of such practices by rule.

21 Where agricultural nonpoint source best management b. 22 practices or interim measures have been adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the owner or 23 24 operator of an agricultural nonpoint source addressed by such 25 rule shall either implement interim measures or best management practices or demonstrate compliance with the 26 27 district's WOD program by conducting monitoring prescribed by 28 the department or the district. Owners or operators of 29 agricultural nonpoint sources who implement interim measures 30 or best management practices adopted by rule of the Department 31 of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be subject to the

3

1 provisions of s. 403.067(7). The Department of Agriculture and 2 Consumer Services, in cooperation with the department and the 3 district, shall provide technical and financial assistance for 4 implementation of agricultural best management practices, 5 subject to the availability of funds.

c. The district or department shall conduct monitoring
at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of
agricultural nonpoint source best management practices.

9 d. Where water quality problems are detected for 10 agricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate 11 implementation of adopted best management practices, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in 12 consultation with the other coordinating agencies and affected 13 parties, shall institute a reevaluation of the best management 14 15 practices and make appropriate changes to the rule adopting best management practices. 16

17 2. Nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and 18 19 designed to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee 20 Protection Program, shall be implemented on an expedited 21 basis. By March 1, 2001, the department and the district shall develop an interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 22 373.406(5) that assures the development of best management 23 24 practices that complement existing regulatory programs and 25 specifies how those best management practices are implemented and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures 26 27 to be taken by the department and the district during any best 28 management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to 29 sub-subparagraph d.

30 a. The department and the district are directed to31 work with the University of Florida's Institute of Food and

SB 678

4

1 Agricultural Sciences to develop appropriate nutrient 2 application rates for all nonagricultural soil amendments in 3 the watershed. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(c), by January 1, 2001, the department, in consultation with the district and 4 5 affected parties, shall develop interim measures, best 6 management practices, or other measures necessary for Lake 7 Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. Development of 8 nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices 9 shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in 10 subparagraph (b)1. The department, the district, and affected 11 parties shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures or best 12 management practices. The district shall adopt 13 technology-based standards under the district's WOD program 14 for nonagricultural nonpoint sources of phosphorus. 15 Where nonagricultural nonpoint source best 16 b. 17 management practices or interim measures have been developed 18 by the department and adopted by the district, the owner or 19 operator of a nonagricultural nonpoint source shall implement 20 interim measures or best management practices and be subject 21 to the provisions of s. 403.067(7). The department and district shall provide technical and financial assistance for 22 implementation of nonagricultural nonpoint source best 23 24 management practices, subject to the availability of funds. 25 The district or the department shall conduct c. 26 monitoring at representative sites to verify the effectiveness 27 of nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices. 28 d. Where water quality problems are detected for 29 nonagricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate 30 implementation of adopted best management practices, the 31

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department and the district shall institute a reevaluation of
 the best management practices.

3 The provisions of subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall not 3. preclude the department or the district from requiring 4 5 compliance with water quality standards or with current best 6 management practices requirements set forth in any applicable 7 regulatory program authorized by law for the purpose of 8 protecting water quality. Additionally, subparagraphs 1. and 9 2. are applicable only to the extent that they do not conflict 10 with any rules promulgated by the department that are 11 necessary to maintain a federally delegated or approved 12 program.

4. Projects which reduce the phosphorus load
originating from domestic wastewater systems within the Lake
Okeechobee watershed shall be given funding priority in the
department's revolving loan program under s. 403.1835. The
department shall coordinate and provide assistance to those
local governments seeking financial assistance for such
priority projects.

20 5. Projects that reduce nutrient outputs on private 21 lands by restoring the natural hydrology of the basin, restoring wildlife habitat or impacted wetlands, reducing peak 22 flows after storm events, increasing aquifer recharge, and 23 24 protecting range and timberland from conversion to development 25 are eligible for available grants from the coordinating agencies. Priority will be given to projects that involve 26 27 public/private partnerships or that obtain federal match 28 money. Grant applications may be submitted by any person, and 29 eligible projects may include, but are not limited to, the 30 purchase of conservation and flowage easements, hydrologic restoration of wetlands, development of a management plan for 31

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natural resources, and financial support to implement a management plan.

3 <u>6.a5.a.</u> The department shall require all entities
4 disposing of domestic wastewater residuals within the Lake
5 Okeechobee watershed to develop and submit to the department
6 by July 1, 2001, an agricultural use plan that limits
7 applications based upon phosphorus loading. Phosphorus loading
8 originating from these application sites shall not exceed the
9 limits established in the district's WOD program.

10 b. Private and government-owned utilities within 11 Monroe, Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, St. Lucie, Indian River, Okeechobee, Highlands, Hendry, and Glades counties that 12 13 dispose of wastewater residual sludge from utility operations 14 and septic removal by land spreading in the Lake Okeechobee watershed may use a line item on local sewer rates to cover 15 wastewater residual treatment and disposal if such disposal 16 17 and treatment is done by approved alternative treatment 18 methodology at a facility located within the areas designated 19 by the Governor as rural areas of critical economic concern pursuant to s. 288.0656. This additional line item is an 20 environmental protection disposal fee above the present sewer 21 rate and shall not be considered a part of the present sewer 22 rate to customers, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary 23 24 in chapter 367. The fee shall be established by the county commission or its designated assignee in the county in which 25 the alternative method treatment facility is located. The fee 26 shall be calculated to be no higher than that necessary to 27 28 recover the facility's prudent cost of providing the service. 29 Upon request by an affected county commission, the Florida Public Service Commission will provide assistance in 30 31 establishing the fee. Further, for utilities and utility

SB 678

1 authorities that use the additional line item environmental protection disposal fee, such fee shall not be considered a 2 3 rate increase under the rules of the Public Service Commission and shall be exempt from such rules. Utilities using the 4 5 provisions of this section may immediately include in their б sewer invoicing the new environmental protection disposal fee. 7 Proceeds from this environmental protection disposal fee shall be used for treatment and disposal of wastewater residuals, 8 9 including any treatment technology that helps reduce the 10 volume of residuals that require final disposal, but such 11 proceeds shall not be used for transportation or shipment costs for disposal or any costs relating to the land 12 13 application of residuals in the Lake Okeechobee watershed. No less frequently than once every 3 years, the 14 c. Florida Public Service Commission or the county commission 15 through the services of an independent auditor shall perform a 16 17 financial audit of all facilities receiving compensation from an environmental protection disposal fee. The Florida Public 18 19 Service Commission or the county commission through the services of an independent auditor shall also perform an audit 20 of the methodology used in establishing the environmental 21 protection disposal fee. The Florida Public Service Commission 22 or the county commission shall, within 120 days after 23 24 completion of an audit, file the audit report with the 25 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and shall provide copies to the county 26 27 commissions of the counties set forth in sub-subparagraph b. 28 The books and records of any facilities receiving compensation 29 from an environmental protection disposal fee shall be open to the Florida Public Service Commission and the Auditor General 30 31 for review upon request.

8

1	d. After January 1, 2003, disposing of domestic
2	wastewater residuals within the Lake Okeechobee watershed by
3	land application is prohibited. Any person who violates this
4	sub-subparagraph is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first
5	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
б	<u>7.</u> 6. By July 1, 2001, the Department of Agriculture
7	and Consumer Services shall initiate rulemaking requiring
8	entities within the Lake Okeechobee watershed which land-apply
9	animal manure to develop conservation or nutrient management
10	plans that limit application, based upon phosphorus loading.
11	Such rules may include criteria and thresholds for the
12	requirement to develop a conservation or nutrient management
13	plan, requirements for plan approval, and recordkeeping
14	requirements.
15	<u>8.</u> 7. Prior to authorizing a discharge into works of
16	the district, the district shall require responsible parties
17	to demonstrate that proposed changes in land use will not
18	result in increased phosphorus loading over that of existing
19	land uses.
20	9.8. The district, the department, or the Department
21	of Agriculture and Consumer Services, as appropriate, shall
22	implement those alternative nutrient reduction technologies
23	determined to be feasible pursuant to subparagraph (d)6.
24	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
25	law.
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28	SENATE SUMMARY
29	Provides eligibility requirements for available grants from coordinating agencies under the Lake Okeechobee
30 31	Protection Program. Provides criminal penalties for the disposal of domestic wastewater residuals in the Lake Okeechobee watershed.

9