By the Council for Smarter Government and Committee on Security, Select and Representatives Machek, Gelber, Ball, Green, Cusack, Cantens, Hart, Pickens and Brummer

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to public records; amending s. 3 119.07, F.S.; providing an exemption from public records requirements for the 4 restricted-use license number of any person 5 engaged in the aerial application of 6 7 pesticides, fertilizers, or seed held by the 8 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 9 and for any flight plan filed with the department by a person engaged in the aerial 10 application of pesticides, fertilizers, or 11 seed; providing a time limitation on the 12 exemption for such flight plans; providing a 13 14 statement of public necessity; providing for 15 future review and repeal; providing an effective date. 16 17 18 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 19 20 Section 1. Paragraph (ee) is added to subsection (3) of section 119.07, Florida Statutes, to read: 21 2.2 119.07 Inspection, examination, and duplication of 23 records; exemptions .--24 (3) 25 The restricted-use license number of any person (ee) 26 engaged in the aerial application of pesticides, fertilizers, 27 or seed held by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 28 Services is exempt from the requirements of subsection (1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Additionally, any 29 flight plan filed with the department by any person engaged in 30 the aerial application of pesticides, fertilizers, or seed is 31

also exempt from the requirements of subsection (1) and s. 2 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until 24 hours after the flight is completed. This paragraph is subject to the 3 Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995, in accordance with 4 5 s. 119.15, and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2007, unless 6 reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the 7 Legislature. 8 Section 2. The Legislature finds that the exemption 9 from public records requirements provided by this act is a public necessity because this information can be used for 10 11 illegal and severely damaging purposes. Aircraft used in the 12 aerial application of pesticides, fertilizers, and seed have 13 the capability of delivering a biological or chemical agent with precision over a specific site. Release of flight plan 14 information could be used to obtain an aircraft with such 15 16 aerial application capability for the purpose of carrying out 17 an act of terrorism. In addition, a person knowing a pilot's restricted-use license number could obtain various chemicals 18 which, if used for an improper purpose, could be extremely 19 20 harmful. The terrorists involved in the September 11, 2001, attack on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon were 21 22 interested in the capabilities of aircraft used in the aerial application of pesticides, fertilizers, and seed. Further, the 23 September 11, 2001, attack on the World Trade Center and the 24 Pentagon, as well as the intentional spread of anthrax in this 25 26 country and state, which resulted in the death of one Floridian and infection of several others, provides evidence 27 28 that the capabilities exist to utilize exempt information in 29 the commission of a terrorist act. Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 30 31 law.