Amendment No. ___ Barcode 233314

| | CHAMBER ACTION Senate House |
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| 11 | Senator Clary moved the following amendment: |
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| 13 | Senate Amendment (with title amendment) |
| 14 | Delete everything after the enacting clause |
| 15 | |
| 16 | and insert: |
| 17 | Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (2) |
| 18 | and subsection (6) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, are |
| 19 | amended to read: |
| 20 | 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative |
| 21 | intent; authorization and use of proceedsIt is the |
| 22 | legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a |
| 23 | discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida |
| 24 | Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the |
| 25 | duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types |
| 26 | of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be |
| 27 | imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, |
| 28 | if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter |
| 29 | approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may |
| 30 | be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature |
| 31 | may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative |
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29 30 procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

- (2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX. --
- (a)1. The governing authority in each county may levy a discretionary sales surtax of 0.5 percent or 1 percent. levy of the surtax shall be pursuant to ordinance enacted by a two-thirds vote majority of the members of the county governing authority or pursuant to ordinance enacted by a majority of the members of the county governing authority and approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax. If the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's population adopt uniform resolutions establishing the rate of the surtax and calling for a referendum on the surtax, the levy of the surtax shall be placed on the ballot and shall take effect if approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in the referendum on the surtax.
- If the surtax was levied pursuant to a referendum held before July 1, 1993, the surtax may not be levied beyond the time established in the ordinance, or, if the ordinance did not limit the period of the levy, the surtax may not be levied for more than 15 years. The levy of such surtax may be extended only by approval of a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax or pursuant to ordinance enacted by a two-thirds vote of the members of the county governing authority.
- The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this subsection and approved by referendum and any interest accrued thereto shall be expended by the school district or within the county and municipalities within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, 31 to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure and to acquire

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29 30 land for public recreation or conservation or protection of natural resources and to finance the closure of county-owned or municipally owned solid waste landfills that are already closed or are required to close by order of the Department of Environmental Protection. Any use of such proceeds or interest for purposes of landfill closure prior to July 1, 1993, is ratified. Neither the proceeds nor any interest accrued thereto shall be used for operational expenses of any infrastructure, except that any county with a population of less than 75,000 that is required to close a landfill by order of the Department of Environmental Protection may use the proceeds or any interest accrued thereto for long-term maintenance costs associated with landfill closure. Counties, as defined in s. 125.011(1), and charter counties may, in addition, use the proceeds and any interest accrued thereto to retire or service indebtedness incurred for bonds issued prior to July 1, 1987, for infrastructure purposes, and for bonds subsequently issued to refund such bonds. Any use of such proceeds or interest for purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for such refunding bonds prior to July 1, 1999, is ratified.

2. The proceeds of the surtax where the surtax is levied by a two-thirds vote of the governing body of the county and any interest accrued thereto shall be expended by the school district or within the county and municipalities within the county for infrastructure located within the urban service area that is identified in the local government comprehensive plan of the county or municipality and is identified in that local government's capital improvements element adopted pursuant to s. 163.3177(3) or that is 31 | identified in the school district's educational facilities

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29 30 plan adopted pursuant to s. 235.185.

3.2. For the purposes of this paragraph, "infrastructure" means:

- a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities which have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto.
- A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department vehicle, or any other vehicle, and such equipment necessary to outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a life expectancy of at least 5 years.
- 4.3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a discretionary sales surtax imposed or extended after the effective date of this act may provide for an amount not to exceed 15 percent of the local option sales surtax proceeds to be allocated for deposit to a trust fund within the county's accounts created for the purpose of funding economic development projects of a general public purpose targeted to improve local economies, including the funding of operational costs and incentives related to such economic development. If applicable, the ballot statement must indicate the intention to make an allocation under the authority of this subparagraph.
 - (6) SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY SURTAX. --
- (a) The school board in each county may levy, pursuant to resolution conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting in a referendum, a discretionary sales surtax at a rate that may 31 not exceed 0.5 percent.

(b) The resolution shall include a statement that provides a brief and general description of the school capital outlay projects to be funded by the surtax. If applicable, the resolution must state that the district school board has been recognized by the State Board of Education as having a Florida Frugal Schools Program. The statement shall conform to the requirements of s. 101.161 and shall be placed on the ballot by the governing body of the county. The following question shall be placed on the ballot:

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- (c) As an alternative method of levying the discretionary sales surtax, the district school board may levy, pursuant to resolution adopted by a two-thirds vote of the members of the school board, a discretionary sales surtax at a rate not to exceed 0.5 percent when the following conditions are met:
- The district school board and local governments in the county where the school district is located have adopted an interlocal agreement and public educational facilities element as required by chapter 163;
- 2. The district school board has adopted a district educational facilities plan pursuant to s. 235.185; and
- 3. The district's use of surtax proceeds for new construction must not exceed the cost-per-student criteria established for the SIT Program in s. 235.216(2).

(d)(c) The resolution providing for the imposition of the surtax shall set forth a plan for use of the surtax 31 proceeds for fixed capital expenditures or fixed capital costs

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associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of school facilities and campuses which have a useful life expectancy of 5 or more years, and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto. Additionally, the plan shall include the costs of retrofitting and providing for technology implementation, including hardware and software, for the various sites within the school district. Surtax revenues may be used for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness to finance projects authorized by this subsection, and any interest accrued thereto may be held in trust to finance such projects. Neither the proceeds of the surtax nor any interest accrued thereto shall be used for operational expenses. If the district school board has been recognized by the State Board of Education as having a Florida Frugal Schools Program, the district's plan for use of the surtax proceeds must be consistent with this subsection and with uses assured under the Florida Frugal Schools Program.

(e)(d) Any school board imposing the surtax shall implement a freeze on noncapital local school property taxes, at the millage rate imposed in the year prior to the implementation of the surtax, for a period of at least 3 years from the date of imposition of the surtax. This provision shall not apply to existing debt service or required state taxes.

 $\underline{(f)}$ (e) Surtax revenues collected by the Department of Revenue pursuant to this subsection shall be distributed to the school board imposing the surtax in accordance with law.

Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 288.0655, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.0655 Rural Infrastructure Fund.--

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- (2)(a) Funds appropriated by the Legislature shall be distributed by the office through a grant programs program that maximize maximizes the use of federal, local, and private resources, including, but not limited to, those available under the Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program.
- To facilitate access of rural communities and (b) rural areas of critical economic concern as defined by the Rural Economic Development Initiative to infrastructure funding programs of the Federal Government, such as those offered by the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Department of Commerce, and state programs, including those offered by Rural Economic Development Initiative agencies, and to facilitate local government or private infrastructure funding efforts, the office may award grants to applicants for such federal programs for up to 30 percent of the total infrastructure project cost. Eligible projects must be related to specific job-creation or job-retention job creating opportunities. Eligible projects may also include improving any inadequate infrastructure that has resulted in regulatory action that prohibits economic or community growth or reducing the costs to community users of proposed infrastructure improvements that exceed such costs in comparable communities. Eligible uses of funds shall include improvements to public infrastructure for industrial or commercial sites and upgrades to or development of public tourism infrastructure. Authorized infrastructure may include the following public or public-private partnership facilities: storm water systems; telecommunications facilities; roads or other remedies to transportation impediments; nature-based 31 | tourism facilities; or other physical requirements necessary

to facilitate tourism, trade, and economic development activities in the community. Authorized infrastructure may also include publicly owned self-powered nature-based tourism facilities and additions to the distribution facilities of the existing natural gas utility as defined in s. 366.04(3)(c), the existing electric utility as defined in s. 366.02, or the existing water or wastewater utility as defined in s. 367.021(12), or any other existing water or wastewater facility, which owns a gas or electric distribution system or a water or wastewater system in this state where:

- 1. A contribution-in-aid of construction is required to serve public or public-private partnership facilities under the tariffs of any natural gas, electric, water, or wastewater utility as defined herein; and
- Such utilities as defined herein are willing and able to provide such service.

Section 3. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 288.095, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.095 Economic Development Trust Fund. --

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The total amount of tax refund claims approved for payment by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development based on actual project performance may not exceed the amount appropriated to the Economic Development Incentives Account for such purposes for the fiscal year. In the event the Legislature does not appropriate an amount sufficient to satisfy estimates projections by the office for tax refunds under ss. 288.1045 and 288.106 in a fiscal year, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall, not later than July 15 of such year, determine the proportion of each refund 31 claim which shall be paid by dividing the amount appropriated

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for tax refunds for the fiscal year by the estimated projected total of refund claims for the fiscal year. The amount of each claim for a tax refund shall be multiplied by the resulting quotient. If, after the payment of all such refund claims, funds remain in the Economic Development Incentives Account for tax refunds, the office shall recalculate the proportion for each refund claim and adjust the amount of each claim accordingly.

(c) By December 31 September 30 of each year, Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall submit a complete and detailed report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., created under part VII of this chapter, of all applications received, recommendations made to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, final decisions issued, tax refund agreements executed, and tax refunds paid or other payments made under all programs funded out of the Economic Development Incentives Account, including analyses of benefits and costs, types of projects supported, and employment and investment created. Enterprise Florida, Inc., The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall also include a separate analysis of the impact of such tax refunds on state enterprise zones designated pursuant to s. 290.0065, rural communities, brownfield areas, and distressed urban communities. By December 1 of each year, the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall review and comment on the report, and the board shall submit the report, together with the comments of 31 the board, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and

the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report must discuss whether the authority and moneys appropriated by the Legislature to the Economic Development Incentives Account were managed and expended in a prudent, fiducially sound manner. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall assist Enterprise Florida, Inc., in the collection of data related to business performance and incentive payments.

Section 4. Section 288.1045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1045 Qualified defense contractor tax refund program.--

- (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section:
- (a) "Consolidation of a Department of Defense contract" means the consolidation of one or more of an applicant's facilities under one or more Department of Defense contracts either from outside this state or from inside and outside this state, into one or more of the applicant's facilities inside this state.
- (b) "Average wage in the area" means the average of all wages and salaries in the state, the county, or in the standard metropolitan area in which the business unit is located.
- (c) "Applicant" means any business entity that holds a valid Department of Defense contract or any business entity that is a subcontractor under a valid Department of Defense contract or any business entity that holds a valid contract for the reuse of a defense-related facility, including all members of an affiliated group of corporations as defined in s. 220.03(1)(b).
- 30 (d) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and 31 Economic Development.

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- "Department of Defense contract" means a competitively bid Department of Defense contract or subcontract or a competitively bid federal agency contract or subcontract issued on behalf of the Department of Defense for manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design with a duration of 2 or more years, but excluding any contract or subcontract to provide goods, improvements to real or tangible property, or services directly to or for any particular military base or installation in this state. The term includes contracts or subcontracts for products or services for military use which contracts or subcontracts are approved by the United States Department of Defense, the United States Department of State, or the United States Coast Guard.
- "New Department of Defense contract" means a Department of Defense contract entered into after the date application for certification as a qualified applicant is made and after January 1, 1994.
- "Jobs" means full-time equivalent positions, consistent with the use of such terms by the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security for the purpose of unemployment compensation tax, resulting directly from a project in this state. This number does not include temporary construction jobs involved with the construction of facilities for the project.
- "Nondefense production jobs" means employment exclusively for activities that, directly or indirectly, are unrelated to the Department of Defense.
- (i) "Project" means any business undertaking in this state under a new Department of Defense contract, 31 | consolidation of a Department of Defense contract, or

conversion of defense production jobs over to nondefense production jobs or reuse of defense-related facilities.

- (j) "Qualified applicant" means an applicant that has been approved by the director to be eligible for tax refunds pursuant to this section.
- (k) "Director" means the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (1) "Taxable year" means the same as in s. 220.03(1)(z).
 - (m) "Fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the state.
- (n) "Business unit" means an employing unit, as defined in s. 443.036, that is registered with the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> <u>Department of Labor and Employment</u>

 Security for unemployment compensation purposes or means a subcategory or division of an employing unit that is accepted by the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> <u>Department of Labor and Employment Security</u> as a reporting unit.
- (o) "Local financial support" means funding from local sources, public or private, which is paid to the Economic Development Trust Fund and which is equal to 20 percent of the annual tax refund for a qualified applicant. Local financial support may include excess payments made to a utility company under a designated program to allow decreases in service by the utility company under conditions, regardless of when application is made. A qualified applicant may not provide, directly or indirectly, more than 5 percent of such funding in any fiscal year. The sources of such funding may not include, directly or indirectly, state funds appropriated from the General Revenue Fund or any state trust fund, excluding tax revenues shared with local governments pursuant to law.
 - (p) "Contract for reuse of a defense-related facility"

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29 30 means a contract with a duration of 2 or more years for the use of a facility for manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design of tangible personal property, but excluding any contract to provide goods, improvements to real or tangible property, or services directly to or for any particular military base or installation in this state. Such facility must be located within a port, as defined in s. 313.21, and have been occupied by a business entity that held a valid Department of Defense contract or occupied by any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, within 1 year of any contract being executed for the reuse of such facility. A contract for reuse of a defense-related facility may not include any contract for reuse of such facility for any Department of Defense contract for manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design.

- (q) "Local financial support exemption option" means the option to exercise an exemption from the local financial support requirement available to any applicant whose project is located in a county designated by the Rural Economic Development Initiative, if the county commissioners of the county in which the project will be located adopt a resolution requesting that the applicant's project be exempt from the local financial support requirement. Any applicant that exercises this option is not eligible for more than 80 percent of the total tax refunds allowed such applicant under this section.
 - (2) GRANTING OF A TAX REFUND; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS. --
- (a) There shall be allowed, from the Economic Development Trust Fund, a refund to a qualified applicant for 31 the amount of eligible taxes certified by the director which

were paid by such qualified applicant. The total amount of refunds for all fiscal years for each qualified applicant shall be determined pursuant to subsection (3). The annual amount of a refund to a qualified applicant shall be determined pursuant to subsection (5).

- (b) A qualified applicant may not be qualified for any project to receive more than \$5,000 times the number of jobs provided in the tax refund agreement pursuant to subparagraph (4)(a)1. A qualified applicant may not receive refunds of more than 25 percent of the total tax refunds provided in the tax refund agreement pursuant to subparagraph (4)(a)1. in any fiscal year, provided that no qualified applicant may receive more than \$2.5 million in tax refunds pursuant to this section in any fiscal year.
- (c) A qualified applicant may not receive more than \$7.5 million in tax refunds pursuant to this section in all fiscal years.
- (d) Contingent upon an annual appropriation by the Legislature, the director may approve not more in tax refunds than the amount appropriated to the Economic Development Trust Fund for tax refunds, for a fiscal year pursuant to subsection (5) and s. 288.095.
- (e) For the first 6 months of each fiscal year, the director shall set aside 30 percent of the amount appropriated for refunds pursuant to this section by the Legislature to provide tax refunds only to qualified applicants who employ 500 or fewer full-time employees in this state. Any unencumbered funds remaining undisbursed from this set-aside at the end of the 6-month period may be used to provide tax refunds for any qualified applicants pursuant to this section.
 - (f) After entering into a tax refund agreement

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pursuant to subsection (4), a qualified applicant may receive refunds from the Economic Development Trust Fund for the following taxes due and paid by the qualified applicant beginning with the applicant's first taxable year that begins after entering into the agreement:

- 1. Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions paid pursuant to chapter 212.
- 2. Corporate income taxes paid pursuant to chapter 220.
- 3. Intangible personal property taxes paid pursuant to chapter 199.
- 4. Emergency excise taxes paid pursuant to chapter 221.
 - 5. Excise taxes paid on documents pursuant to chapter 201.
 - 6. Ad valorem taxes paid, as defined in s. 220.03(1)(a) on June 1, 1996.

However, a qualified applicant may not receive a tax refund pursuant to this section for any amount of credit, refund, or exemption granted such contractor for any of such taxes. If a refund for such taxes is provided by the office, which taxes are subsequently adjusted by the application of any credit, refund, or exemption granted to the qualified applicant other than that provided in this section, the qualified applicant shall reimburse the Economic Development Trust Fund for the amount of such credit, refund, or exemption. A qualified applicant must notify and tender payment to the office within 20 days after receiving a credit, refund, or exemption, other than that provided in this section.

(g) Any qualified applicant who fraudulently claims

this refund is liable for repayment of the refund to the Economic Development Trust Fund plus a mandatory penalty of 200 percent of the tax refund which shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. Any qualified applicant who fraudulently claims this refund commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (h) Funds made available pursuant to this section may not be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community in this state unless the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development determines that without such relocation the business will move outside this state or determines that the business has a compelling economic rationale for the relocation which creates additional jobs.
- (3) APPLICATION PROCESS; REQUIREMENTS; AGENCY DETERMINATION.--
- (a) To apply for certification as a qualified applicant pursuant to this section, an applicant must file an application with the office which satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (e), paragraphs (c) and (e), or paragraphs (d) and (e). An applicant may not apply for certification pursuant to this section after a proposal has been submitted for a new Department of Defense contract, after the applicant has made the decision to consolidate an existing Department of Defense contract in this state for which such applicant is seeking certification, or after the applicant has made the decision to convert defense production jobs to nondefense production jobs for which such applicant is seeking certification.
 - (b) Applications for certification based on the

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consolidation of a Department of Defense contract or a new Department of Defense contract must be submitted to the office as prescribed by the office and must include, but are not limited to, the following information:

- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number, the applicant's Florida sales tax registration number, and a notarized signature of an officer of the applicant.
- 2. The permanent location of the manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design facility in this state at which the project is or is to be located.
- 3. The Department of Defense contract numbers of the contract to be consolidated, the new Department of Defense contract number, or the "RFP" number of a proposed Department of Defense contract.
- 4. The date the contract was executed or is expected to be executed, and the date the contract is due to expire or is expected to expire.
- 5. The commencement date for project operations under the contract in this state.
- 6. The number of <u>net new</u> full-time equivalent <u>Florida</u> jobs <u>included</u> in this state which are or will be dedicated to the project <u>as of December 31 of each</u> during the year and the average wage of such jobs.
- 7. The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the applicant in this state.
- 8. The percentage of the applicant's gross receipts derived from Department of Defense contracts during the 5 taxable years immediately preceding the date the application is submitted.
 - 9. The amount of:

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- Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions paid pursuant to chapter 212;
- Corporate income taxes paid pursuant to chapter 220;
- Intangible personal property taxes paid pursuant to c. chapter 199;
- d. Emergency excise taxes paid pursuant to chapter 221;
- Excise taxes paid on documents pursuant to chapter 201; and
 - Ad valorem taxes paid

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- during the 5 fiscal years immediately preceding the date of the application, and the projected amounts of such taxes to be due in the 3 fiscal years immediately following the date of the application.
- The estimated amount of tax refunds to be claimed for in each fiscal year.
- A brief statement concerning the applicant's need for tax refunds, and the proposed uses of such refunds by the applicant.
- A resolution adopted by the county commissioners of the county in which the project will be located, which recommends the applicant be approved as a qualified applicant, and which indicates that the necessary commitments of local financial support for the applicant exist. Prior to the adoption of the resolution, the county commission may review the proposed public or private sources of such support and determine whether the proposed sources of local financial support can be provided or, for any applicant whose project is 31 | located in a county designated by the Rural Economic

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Development Initiative, a resolution adopted by the county commissioners of such county requesting that the applicant's project be exempt from the local financial support requirement.

- 13. Any additional information requested by the office.
- (c) Applications for certification based on the conversion of defense production jobs to nondefense production jobs must be submitted to the office as prescribed by the office and must include, but are not limited to, the following information:
- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number, the applicant's Florida sales tax registration number, and a notarized signature of an officer of the applicant.
- 2. The permanent location of the manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design facility in this state at which the project is or is to be located.
- 3. The Department of Defense contract numbers of the contract under which the defense production jobs will be converted to nondefense production jobs.
- 4. The date the contract was executed, and the date the contract is due to expire or is expected to expire, or was canceled.
- 5. The commencement date for the nondefense production operations in this state.
- 6. The number of <u>net new</u> full-time equivalent <u>Florida</u> jobs <u>included</u> in this state which are or will be dedicated to the nondefense production project <u>as of December 31 of each during the year and the average wage of such jobs.</u>
 - 7. The total number of full-time equivalent employees

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employed by the applicant in this state.

- The percentage of the applicant's gross receipts derived from Department of Defense contracts during the 5 taxable years immediately preceding the date the application is submitted.
 - 9. The amount of:
- Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions paid a. pursuant to chapter 212;
- Corporate income taxes paid pursuant to chapter 220;
- Intangible personal property taxes paid pursuant to chapter 199;
- d. Emergency excise taxes paid pursuant to chapter 221;
 - e. Excise taxes paid on documents pursuant to chapter 201; and
 - f. Ad valorem taxes paid

during the 5 fiscal years immediately preceding the date of 19 20 the application, and the projected amounts of such taxes to be 21 due in the 3 fiscal years immediately following the date of

22 the application.

- 10. The estimated amount of tax refunds to be claimed for in each fiscal year.
- 11. A brief statement concerning the applicant's need for tax refunds, and the proposed uses of such refunds by the applicant.
- 12. A resolution adopted by the county commissioners of the county in which the project will be located, which recommends the applicant be approved as a qualified applicant, 31 | and which indicates that the necessary commitments of local

financial support for the applicant exist. Prior to the 2 adoption of the resolution, the county commission may review 3 the proposed public or private sources of such support and determine whether the proposed sources of local financial support can be provided or, for any applicant whose project is 5 6 located in a county designated by the Rural Economic 7 Development Initiative, a resolution adopted by the county 8 commissioners of such county requesting that the applicant's project be exempt from the local financial support 10 requirement.

- 13. Any additional information requested by the office.
- Applications for certification based on a contract for reuse of a defense-related facility must be submitted to the office as prescribed by the office and must include, but are not limited to, the following information:
- The applicant's Florida sales tax registration number and a notarized signature of an officer of the applicant.
- 2. The permanent location of the manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design facility in this state at which the project is or is to be located.
- The business entity holding a valid Department of Defense contract or branch of the Armed Forces of the United States that previously occupied the facility, and the date such entity last occupied the facility.
- 4. A copy of the contract to reuse the facility, or such alternative proof as may be prescribed by the office that the applicant is seeking to contract for the reuse of such 31 facility.

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- The date the contract to reuse the facility was executed or is expected to be executed, and the date the contract is due to expire or is expected to expire.
- 6. The commencement date for project operations under the contract in this state.
- The number of net new full-time equivalent Florida jobs included in this state which are or will be dedicated to the project as of December 31 of each during the year and the average wage of such jobs.
- 8. The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the applicant in this state.
 - 9. The amount of:
- Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions paid pursuant to chapter 212.
- Corporate income taxes paid pursuant to chapter 220.
- c. Intangible personal property taxes paid pursuant to chapter 199.
- Emergency excise taxes paid pursuant to chapter d. 221.
- e. Excise taxes paid on documents pursuant to chapter 201.
- Ad valorem taxes paid during the 5 fiscal years immediately preceding the date of the application, and the projected amounts of such taxes to be due in the 3 fiscal years immediately following the date of the application.
- 10. The estimated amount of tax refunds to be claimed for in each fiscal year.
- A brief statement concerning the applicant's need 11. 30 for tax refunds, and the proposed uses of such refunds by the 31 | applicant.

- 12. A resolution adopted by the county commissioners of the county in which the project will be located, which recommends the applicant be approved as a qualified applicant, and which indicates that the necessary commitments of local financial support for the applicant exist. Prior to the adoption of the resolution, the county commission may review the proposed public or private sources of such support and determine whether the proposed sources of local financial support can be provided or, for any applicant whose project is located in a county designated by the Rural Economic Development Initiative, a resolution adopted by the county commissioners of such county requesting that the applicant's project be exempt from the local financial support requirement.
- 13. Any additional information requested by the office.
- (e) To qualify for review by the office, the application of an applicant must, at a minimum, establish the following to the satisfaction of the office:
- 1. The jobs proposed to be provided under the application, pursuant to subparagraph (b)6. or subparagraph (c)6., must pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 115 percent of the average wage in the area where the project is to be located.
- 2. The consolidation of a Department of Defense contract must result in a net increase of at least 25 percent in the number of jobs at the applicant's facilities in this state or the addition of at least 80 jobs at the applicant's facilities in this state.
- 30 3. The conversion of defense production jobs to nondefense production jobs must result in net increases in

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nondefense employment at the applicant's facilities in this state.

- 4. The Department of Defense contract cannot allow the business to include the costs of relocation or retooling in its base as allowable costs under a cost-plus, or similar, contract.
- 5. A business unit of the applicant must have derived not less than 60 70 percent of its gross receipts in this state from Department of Defense contracts over the applicant's last fiscal year, and must have derived not less than an average of 60 80 percent of its gross receipts in this state from Department of Defense contracts over the 5 years preceding the date an application is submitted pursuant to this section. This subparagraph does not apply to any application for certification based on a contract for reuse of a defense-related facility.
- 6. The reuse of a defense-related facility must result in the creation of at least 100 jobs at such facility.
- (f) Each application meeting the requirements of
 paragraphs (b) and (e), paragraphs (c) and (e), or paragraphs
 (d) and (e) must be submitted to the office for a
 determination of eligibility. The office shall review,
 evaluate, and score each application based on, but not limited
 to, the following criteria:
- 1. Expected contributions to the state strategic economic development plan adopted by Enterprise Florida, Inc., taking into account the extent to which the project contributes to the state's high-technology base, and the long-term impact of the project and the applicant on the state's economy.
 - 2. The economic benefit of the jobs created or

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retained by the project in this state, taking into account the cost and average wage of each job created or retained, and the potential risk to existing jobs.

- The amount of capital investment to be made by the applicant in this state.
- The local commitment and support for the project and applicant.
- The impact of the project on the local community, taking into account the unemployment rate for the county where the project will be located.
- The dependence of the local community on the defense industry.
- The impact of any tax refunds granted pursuant to this section on the viability of the project and the probability that the project will occur in this state if such tax refunds are granted to the applicant, taking into account the expected long-term commitment of the applicant to economic growth and employment in this state.
- The length of the project, or the expected long-term commitment to this state resulting from the project.
- (g) The office shall forward its written findings and evaluation on each application meeting the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (e), paragraphs (c) and (e), or paragraphs (d) and (e) to the director within 60 calendar days after of receipt of a complete application. The office shall notify each applicant when its application is complete, and when the 60-day period begins. In its written report to the director, the office shall specifically address each of the factors specified in paragraph (f), and shall make a specific assessment with respect to the minimum requirements 31 established in paragraph (e). The office shall include in its

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report projections of the tax refunds the applicant would be eligible to receive refund claims that will be sought by the applicant in each fiscal year based on the creation and maintenance of the net new Florida jobs specified in subparagraphs (b)6., (c)6., or (d)7. as of December 31 of the preceding state fiscal year information submitted in the application.

- (h) Within 30 days after receipt of the office's findings and evaluation, the director shall issue a letter of certification which enter a final order that either approves or disapproves an application. The decision must be in writing and provide the justifications for either approval or disapproval. If appropriate, the director shall enter into a written agreement with the qualified applicant pursuant to subsection (4).
- (i) The director may not certify enter any final order that certifies any applicant as a qualified applicant when the value of tax refunds to be included in that letter of certification final order exceeds the available amount of authority to certify new businesses enter final orders as determined in s. 288.095(3). A letter of certification final order that approves an application must specify the maximum amount of a tax refund that is to be available to the contractor for $\frac{1}{10}$ each fiscal year and the total amount of tax refunds for all fiscal years.
- (j) This section does not create a presumption that an applicant should receive any tax refunds under this section.
- (4) OUALIFIED DEFENSE CONTRACTOR TAX REFUND AGREEMENT. --
- (a) A qualified applicant shall enter into a written 31 | agreement with the office containing, but not limited to, the

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- The total number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state that are or will be dedicated to the qualified applicant's project, the average wage of such jobs, the definitions that will apply for measuring the achievement of these terms during the pendency of the agreement, and a time schedule or plan for when such jobs will be in place and active in this state. This information must be the same as the information contained in the application submitted by the contractor pursuant to subsection (3).
- The maximum amount of a refund that the qualified applicant is eligible to receive for in each fiscal year, based on the job creation or retention and maintenance schedule specified in subparagraph 1.
- An agreement with the office allowing the office to review and verify the financial and personnel records of the qualified applicant to ascertain whether the qualified applicant is complying with the requirements of this section.
- The date by after which, in each fiscal year, the qualified applicant may file a an annual claim pursuant to subsection (5) to be considered to receive a tax refund in the following fiscal year.
- 5. That local financial support shall be annually available and will be paid to the Economic Development Trust Fund.
- Compliance with the terms and conditions of the agreement is a condition precedent for receipt of tax refunds each year. The failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the agreement shall result in the loss of eligibility for receipt of all tax refunds previously authorized pursuant to 31 this section, and the revocation of the certification as a

qualified applicant by the director, unless the qualified applicant is eligible to receive and elects to accept a prorated refund under paragraph (5)(g) or the office grants the qualified applicant an economic-stimulus exemption.

- 1. A qualified applicant may submit, in writing, a request to the office for an economic-stimulus exemption. The request must provide quantitative evidence demonstrating how negative economic conditions in the qualified applicant's industry have prevented the qualified applicant from complying with the terms and conditions of its tax refund agreement.
- 2. Upon receipt of a request under subparagraph 1., the director shall have 45 days to notify the requesting qualified applicant, in writing, if its exemption has been granted or denied. In determining if an exemption should be granted, the director shall consider the extent to which negative economic conditions in the requesting qualified applicant's industry have prevented the qualified applicant from complying with the terms and conditions of its tax refund agreement.
- 3. As a condition for receiving a prorated refund under paragraph (5)(g) or an economic-stimulus exemption under this paragraph, a qualified applicant must agree to renegotiate its tax refund agreement with the office to, at a minimum, ensure that the terms of the agreement comply with current law and office procedures governing application for and award of tax refunds. Upon approving the award of a prorated refund or granting an economic-stimulus exemption, the office shall renegotiate the tax refund agreement with the qualified applicant as required by this subparagraph. When amending the agreement of a qualified applicant receiving an economic-stimulus exemption, the office may extend the

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29 30 duration of the agreement for a period not to exceed 1 year.

- 4. A qualified applicant may submit a request for an economic-stimulus exemption to the office in lieu of any tax refund claim scheduled to be submitted after June 30, 2001, but before July 1, 2003.
- 5. A qualified applicant that receives an economic-stimulus exemption may not receive a tax refund for the period covered by the exemption.
- (c) The agreement shall be signed by the director and the authorized officer of the qualified applicant.
- (d) The agreement must contain the following legend, clearly printed on its face in bold type of not less than 10 points:

"This agreement is neither a general obligation of the State of Florida, nor is it backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Florida. Payment of tax refunds are conditioned on and subject to specific annual appropriations by the Florida Legislature of funds sufficient to pay amounts authorized in s. 288.1045, Florida Statutes."

- (5) ANNUAL CLAIM FOR REFUND FROM A QUALIFIED DEFENSE CONTRACTOR. --
- To be eligible to claim any scheduled tax refund, qualified applicants who have entered into a written agreement with the office pursuant to subsection (4) and who have entered into a valid new Department of Defense contract, commenced the consolidation of a Department of Defense 31 contract, commenced the conversion of defense production jobs

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29 30 to nondefense production jobs, or who have entered into a valid contract for reuse of a defense-related facility must may apply by January 31 of once each fiscal year to the office for tax refunds scheduled to be paid from the appropriation for the fiscal year that begins on July 1 following the January 31 claims-submission date. The office may, upon written request, grant a 30-day extension of the filing date. The application must be made on or after the date contained in the agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (4) and must include a notarized signature of an officer of the applicant.

- (b) The claim for refund by the qualified applicant must include a copy of all receipts pertaining to the payment of taxes for which a refund is sought, and data related to achieving each performance item contained in the tax refund agreement pursuant to subsection (4). The amount requested as a tax refund may not exceed the amount for the relevant fiscal year in the written agreement entered pursuant to subsection (4).
- (c) A tax refund may not be approved for any qualified applicant unless local financial support has been paid to the Economic Development Trust Fund for in that refund fiscal year. If the local financial support is less than 20 percent of the approved tax refund, the tax refund shall be reduced. The tax refund paid may not exceed 5 times the local financial support received. Funding from local sources includes tax abatement under s. 196.1995 provided to a qualified applicant. The amount of any tax refund for an applicant approved under this section shall be reduced by the amount of any such tax abatement, and the limitations in subsection (2) and paragraph (3)(h) shall be reduced by the amount of any such tax 31 abatement. A report listing all sources of the local financial

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29 30 support shall be provided to the office when such support is paid to the Economic Development Trust Fund.

- (d) The director, with assistance from the office, the Department of Revenue, and the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, shall, by June 30 following the scheduled date for submitting the tax-refund claim, specify by written order the approval or disapproval of the tax refund claim and, if approved, determine the amount of the tax refund that is authorized to be paid to for the qualified applicant for the fiscal year in a written final order within 30 days after the date the claim for the annual tax refund is received by the office. The office may grant an extension of this date upon the request of the qualified applicant for the purpose of filing additional information in support of the claim.
- (e) The total amount of tax refunds approved by the director under this section in any fiscal year may not exceed the amount appropriated to the Economic Development Trust Fund for such purposes for the fiscal year. If the Legislature does not appropriate an amount sufficient to satisfy projections by the office for tax refunds in a fiscal year, the director shall, not later than July 15 of such year, determine the proportion of each refund claim which shall be paid by dividing the amount appropriated for tax refunds for the fiscal year by the projected total amount of refund claims for the fiscal year. The amount of each claim for a tax refund shall be multiplied by the resulting quotient. If, after the payment of all such refund claims, funds remain in the Economic Development Trust Fund for tax refunds, the director shall recalculate the proportion for each refund claim and 31 adjust the amount of each claim accordingly.

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- (f) Upon approval of the tax refund pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (d), the Comptroller shall issue a warrant for the amount included in the written final order. In the event of any appeal of the written final order, the Comptroller may not issue a warrant for a refund to the qualified applicant until the conclusion of all appeals of the written final order.
- (g) A prorated tax refund, less a 5 percent penalty, shall be approved for a qualified applicant provided all other applicable requirements have been satisfied and the applicant proves to the satisfaction of the director that it has achieved at least 80 percent of its projected employment and that the average wage paid by the qualified applicant is at least 90 percent of the average wage specified in the tax refund agreement, but in no case less than 115 percent of the average private-sector wage in the area available at the time of certification. The prorated tax refund shall be calculated by multiplying the tax refund amount for which the qualified applicant would have been eligible, if all applicable requirements had been satisfied, by the percentage of the average employment specified in the tax refund agreement which was achieved, and by the percentage of the average wages specified in the tax refund agreement which was achieved.
- (h) This section does not create a presumption that a tax refund claim will be approved and paid.
 - (6) ADMINISTRATION. --
- The office may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120 for the administration of this section.
- The office may verify information provided in any claim submitted for tax credits under this section with regard 31 to employment and wage levels or the payment of the taxes with

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the appropriate agency or authority including the Department of Revenue, the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, or any local government or authority.

- (c) To facilitate the process of monitoring and auditing applications made under this program, the office may provide a list of qualified applicants to the Department of Revenue, to the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, or to any local government or authority. The office may request the assistance of said entities with respect to monitoring jobs, wages, and the payment of the taxes listed in subsection (2).
- (d) By December 1 of each year, the office shall submit a complete and detailed report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of all tax refunds paid under this section, including analyses of benefits and costs, types of projects supported, employment and investment created, geographic distribution of tax refunds granted, and minority business participation. The report must indicate whether the moneys appropriated by the Legislature to the qualified applicant tax refund program were expended in a prudent, fiducially sound manner.
- (e) Funds specifically appropriated for the tax refund program under this section may not be used for any purpose other than the payment of tax refunds authorized by this section.
- (7) EXPIRATION. -- An applicant may not be certified as qualified under this section after June 30, 2004.
- Section 5. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (3), 31 | paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (4), and

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subsections (5) and (6) of section 288.106, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (7) of that section is reenacted, to read:

288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses.--

- (3) APPLICATION AND APPROVAL PROCESS.--
- (a) To apply for certification as a qualified target industry business under this section, the business must file an application with the office before the business has made the decision to locate a new business in this state or before the business had made the decision to expand an existing business in this state. The application shall include, but is not limited to, the following information:
- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number and the applicant's state sales tax registration number.
- 2. The permanent location of the applicant's facility in this state at which the project is or is to be located.
- 3. A description of the type of business activity or product covered by the project, including four-digit SIC codes for all activities included in the project.
- 4. The number of <u>net new</u> full-time equivalent <u>Florida</u> jobs at the qualified target industry business as of <u>December 31 of each year included</u> in this state that are or will be dedicated to the project and the average wage of those jobs. If more than one type of business activity or product is included in the project, the number of jobs and average wage for those jobs must be separately stated for each type of business activity or product.
- 5. The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the applicant in this state.

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- The anticipated commencement date of the project.
- A brief statement concerning the role that the tax refunds requested will play in the decision of the applicant to locate or expand in this state.
- An estimate of the proportion of the sales resulting from the project that will be made outside this state.
- A resolution adopted by the governing board of the 9. county or municipality in which the project will be located, which resolution recommends that certain types of businesses be approved as a qualified target industry business and states that the commitments of local financial support necessary for the target industry business exist. In advance of the passage of such resolution, the office may also accept an official letter from an authorized local economic development agency that endorses the proposed target industry project and pledges that sources of local financial support for such project exist. For the purposes of making pledges of local financial support under this subsection, the authorized local economic development agency shall be officially designated by the passage of a one-time resolution by the local governing authority.
- Any additional information requested by the 10. office.
- (d) The office shall forward its written findings and evaluation concerning each application meeting the requirements of paragraph (b) to the director within 45 calendar days after receipt of a complete application. The office shall notify each target industry business when its application is complete, and of the time when the 45-day 31 period begins. In its written report to the director, the

office shall specifically address each of the factors specified in paragraph (c) and shall make a specific assessment with respect to the minimum requirements established in paragraph (b). The office shall include in its report projections of the tax refunds the business would be eligible to receive refund claim that will be sought by the target industry business in each fiscal year based on the creation and maintenance of the net new Florida jobs specified in subparagraph (a)4. as of December 31 of the preceding state fiscal year information submitted in the application.

- (4) TAX REFUND AGREEMENT. --
- (a) Each qualified target industry business must enter into a written agreement with the office which specifies, at a minimum:
- 1. The total number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state that will be dedicated to the project, the average wage of those jobs, the definitions that will apply for measuring the achievement of these terms during the pendency of the agreement, and a time schedule or plan for when such jobs will be in place and active in this state. This information must be the same as the information contained in the application submitted by the business under subsection (3).
- 2. The maximum amount of tax refunds which the qualified target industry business is eligible to receive on the project and the maximum amount of a tax refund that the qualified target industry business is eligible to receive <u>for in</u> each fiscal year, based on the job creation and maintenance schedule specified in subparagraph 1.
- 30 3. That the office may review and verify the financial and personnel records of the qualified target industry

business to ascertain whether that business is in compliance with this section.

- 4. The date <u>by</u> after which, in each fiscal year, the qualified target industry business may file <u>a</u> an annual claim under subsection (5) <u>to be considered to receive a tax refund</u> in the following fiscal year.
- 5. That local financial support will be annually available and will be paid to the account. The director may not enter into a written agreement with a qualified target industry business if the local financial support resolution is not passed by the local governing authority within 90 days after he or she has issued the letter of certification under subsection (3).
- (b) Compliance with the terms and conditions of the agreement is a condition precedent for the receipt of a tax refund each year. The failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the tax refund agreement results in the loss of eligibility for receipt of all tax refunds previously authorized under this section and the revocation by the director of the certification of the business entity as a qualified target industry business, unless the business is eligible to receive and elects to accept a prorated refund under paragraph (5)(d) or the office grants the business an economic-stimulus exemption.
- 1. A qualified target industry business may submit, in writing, a request to the office for an economic-stimulus exemption. The request must provide quantitative evidence demonstrating how negative economic conditions in the business's industry have prevented the business from complying with the terms and conditions of its tax refund agreement.
 - 2. Upon receipt of a request under subparagraph 1.,

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29 30 the director shall have 45 days to notify the requesting business, in writing, if its exemption has been granted or denied. In determining if an exemption should be granted, the director shall consider the extent to which negative economic conditions in the requesting business's industry have prevented the business from complying with the terms and conditions of its tax refund agreement.

- 3. As a condition for receiving a prorated refund under paragraph (5)(d) or an economic-stimulus exemption under this paragraph, a qualified target industry business must agree to renegotiate its tax refund agreement with the office to, at a minimum, ensure that the terms of the agreement comply with current law and office procedures governing application for and award of tax refunds. Upon approving the award of a prorated refund or granting an economic-stimulus exemption, the office shall renegotiate the tax refund agreement with the business as required by this subparagraph. When amending the agreement of a business receiving an economic-stimulus exemption, the office may extend the duration of the agreement for a period not to exceed 1 year.
- 4. A qualified target industry business may submit a request for an economic-stimulus exemption to the office in lieu of any tax refund claim scheduled to be submitted after June 30, 2001, but before July 1, 2003.
- 5. A qualified target industry business that receives an economic-stimulus exemption may not receive a tax refund for the period covered by the exemption.
- (c) The agreement must be signed by the director and by an authorized officer of the qualified target industry business within 120 days after the issuance of the letter of 31 certification under subsection (3), but not before passage and

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receipt of the resolution of local financial support. The office may grant an extension of this period at the written request of the qualified target industry business.

- (5) ANNUAL CLAIM FOR REFUND. --
- To be eligible to claim any scheduled tax refund, a qualified target industry business that has entered into a tax refund agreement with the office under subsection (4) must may apply by January 31 of once each fiscal year to the office for the $\frac{1}{2}$ tax refund scheduled to be paid from the appropriation for the fiscal year that begins on July 1 following the January 31 claims-submission date. The office may, upon written request, grant a 30-day extension of the filing date. The application must be made on or after the date specified in that agreement.
- (b) The claim for refund by the qualified target industry business must include a copy of all receipts pertaining to the payment of taxes for which the refund is sought and data related to achievement of each performance item specified in the tax refund agreement. The amount requested as a tax refund may not exceed the amount specified for the relevant that fiscal year in that agreement.
- (c) A tax refund may not be approved for a qualified target industry business unless the required local financial support has been paid into the account for that refund in that fiscal year. If the local financial support provided is less than 20 percent of the approved tax refund, the tax refund must be reduced. In no event may the tax refund exceed an amount that is equal to 5 times the amount of the local financial support received. Further, funding from local sources includes any tax abatement granted to that business 31 under s. 196.1995 or the appraised market value of municipal

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or county land conveyed or provided at a discount to that business. The amount of any tax refund for such business approved under this section must be reduced by the amount of any such tax abatement granted or the value of the land granted; and the limitations in subsection (2) and paragraph (3)(f) must be reduced by the amount of any such tax abatement or the value of the land granted. A report listing all sources of the local financial support shall be provided to the office when such support is paid to the account.

- (d) A prorated tax refund, less a 5-percent penalty, shall be approved for a qualified target industry business provided all other applicable requirements have been satisfied and the business proves to the satisfaction of the director that it has achieved at least 80 percent of its projected employment and that the average wage paid by the business is at least 90 percent of the average wage specified in the tax refund agreement, but in no case less than 115 percent of the average private-sector wage in the area available at the time of certification, or 150 percent or 200 percent of the average private-sector wage if the business requested the additional per-job tax refund authorized in paragraph (2)(b) for wages above those levels. The prorated tax refund shall be calculated by multiplying the tax refund amount for which the qualified target industry business would have been eligible, if all applicable requirements had been satisfied, by the percentage of the average employment specified in the tax refund agreement which was achieved, and by the percentage of the average wages specified in the tax refund agreement which was achieved.
- (e) The director, with such assistance as may be 31 required from the office, the Department of Revenue, or the

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29 30 Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, shall, by June 30 following the scheduled date for submission of the tax-refund claim, specify by written final order the approval or disapproval of the tax refund claim and, if approved, the amount of the tax refund that is authorized to be paid to for the qualified target industry business for the fiscal year within 30 days after the date that the claim for the annual tax refund is received by the office. The office may grant an extension of this date on the request of the qualified target industry business for the purpose of filing additional information in support of the claim.

- (f) The total amount of tax refund claims approved by the director under this section in any fiscal year must not exceed the amount authorized under s. 288.095(3).
- (g) This section does not create a presumption that a tax refund claim will be approved and paid.

(h)(g) Upon approval of the tax refund under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e), the Comptroller shall issue a warrant for the amount specified in the written final order. If the written final order is appealed, the Comptroller may not issue a warrant for a refund to the qualified target industry business until the conclusion of all appeals of that order.

- (6) ADMINISTRATION. --
- The office is authorized to verify information provided in any claim submitted for tax credits under this section with regard to employment and wage levels or the payment of the taxes to the appropriate agency or authority, including the Department of Revenue, the Agency for Workforce 31 | Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, or any

local government or authority.

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- (b) To facilitate the process of monitoring and auditing applications made under this program, the office may provide a list of qualified target industry businesses to the Department of Revenue, to the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, or to any local government or authority. The office may request the assistance of those entities with respect to monitoring jobs, wages, and the payment of the taxes listed in subsection (2).
- (c) Funds specifically appropriated for the tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses may not be used for any purpose other than the payment of tax refunds authorized by this section.
- (7) EXPIRATION. -- This section expires June 30, 2004. Section 6. Paragraph (k) of subsection (7) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.--
- (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide:
- (k)1. Payment information relative to chapters 199, 201, 212, 220, and 221, and 624 to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or agents that are identified in writing by the office to the department, in the its administration of the tax refund program for qualified defense contractors authorized by s. 288.1045 and the tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses authorized by s. 288.106.
- 2. Information relative to tax credits taken by a business under s. 220.191 and exemptions or tax refunds received by a business under s. 212.08(5)(j) to the Office of 31 | Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or

agents that are identified in writing by the office to the department, in the administration and evaluation of the capital investment tax credit program authorized in s. 220.191 and the semiconductor, defense, and space tax exemption program authorized in s. 212.08(5)(j).

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Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 7. Sections 7 and 8 of this act may be cited as the "Tourism Industry Recovery Act of 2002."

Section 8. Paragraphs (1) and (n) of subsection (3) of section 125.0104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.--

- (3) TAXABLE PRIVILEGES; EXEMPTIONS; LEVY; RATE.--
- (1) In addition to any other tax which is imposed pursuant to this section, a county may impose up to an additional 1-percent tax on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by majority vote of the governing board of the county in order to:
- 1. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a professional sports franchise facility, or the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a retained spring training franchise facility, either publicly owned and operated, or 31 | publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional

sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds.

- 2. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a convention center, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds.
- Pay the operation and maintenance costs of a convention center for a period of up to 10 years. Only counties that have elected to levy the tax for the purposes authorized in subparagraph 2. may use the tax for the purposes enumerated in this subparagraph. Any county that elects to levy the tax for the purposes authorized in subparagraph 2. after July 1, 2000, may use the proceeds of the tax to pay the operation and maintenance costs of a convention center for the life of the bonds.
- 4. Promote and advertise tourism in the State of Florida and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the activity, service, venue, or event shall have as one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists.

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The provision of paragraph (b) which prohibits any county authorized to levy a convention development tax pursuant to s. 212.0305 from levying more than the 2-percent tax authorized by this section, and the provisions of paragraphs (4)(a)-(d), shall not apply to the additional tax authorized in this 31 | paragraph. The effective date of the levy and imposition of

the tax authorized under this paragraph shall be the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by the governing board or the first day of any subsequent month as may be specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be furnished by the county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after approval of such ordinance.

- (n) In addition to any other tax that is imposed under this section, a county that has imposed the tax under paragraph (l) may impose an additional tax that is no greater than 1 percent on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by a majority plus one vote of the membership of the board of county commissioners in order to:
 - 1. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance:
- <u>a.1.</u> The construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds for a new professional sports franchise as defined in s. 288.1162.
- $\underline{b.2.}$ The acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds for a retained spring training franchise.
- 2. Promote and advertise tourism in the State of Florida and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or

event, the activity, service, venue, or event shall have as 1 one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as 2 3 evidenced by the promotion of the activity, service, venue, or 4 event to tourists. 5 6 A county that imposes the tax authorized in this paragraph may 7 not expend any ad valorem tax revenues for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a that facility 8 for which tax revenues are used pursuant to subparagraph 1. 9 10 The provision of paragraph (b) which prohibits any county authorized to levy a convention development tax pursuant to s. 11 12 212.0305 from levying more than the 2-percent tax authorized 13 by this section shall not apply to the additional tax 14 authorized by this paragraph in counties which levy convention 15 development taxes pursuant to s. 212.0305(4)(a). Subsection 16 (4) does not apply to the adoption of the additional tax 17 authorized in this paragraph. The effective date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized under this paragraph is 18 the first day of the second month following approval of the 19 ordinance by the board of county commissioners or the first 20 21 day of any subsequent month specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be furnished by the 22 county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after 23 24 approval of the ordinance. Section 9. Notwithstanding section 18 of CS for CS for 25 26 SB 1360, 2002 Regular Session, section 197.1722, Florida 27 Statutes, as created by section 16 of that bill, shall not 28 take effect January 1, 2003, but shall take effect on the date CS for CS for SB 1360, Regular Session, becomes a law and 29 30 shall apply retroactively to January 1, 2002.

Notwithstanding any provisions in section

Section 10.

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290.0055, Florida Statutes, regarding the size of an 1 enterprise zone, a county as defined in section 125.011(1), 2 3 Florida Statutes, may apply to the Office of Tourism, Trade, 4 and Economic Development before October 1, 2002, to amend the boundary lines of its existing enterprise zone in order to add 5 6 an area not exceeding 4 square miles. The area proposed for 7 addition to the enterprise zone under this section must be contiguous to a portion of the existing enterprise zone and 8 must be part of a revitalization area that has been targeted 9 10 for assistance by the county or by a municipality within the county. The area proposed for addition to the enterprise zone 11 12 also must contain a high concentration of individuals who have immigrated to this state from Haiti. The Office of Tourism, 13 Trade, and Economic Development shall approve an amendment to 14 15 the enterprise zone boundary lines, effective January 1, 2003, 16 provided that the area proposed for addition to the enterprise 17 zone is consistent with the criteria and conditions imposed by 18 section 290.0055, Florida Statutes, upon the establishment of enterprise zones, including the requirement that the area 19 suffer from pervasive poverty, unemployment, and general 20 21 distress. Section 11. Notwithstanding any provisions in section 22 290.0055, Florida Statutes, regarding the size of an 23 24 enterprise zone, a county as defined in section 125.011(1), Florida Statutes, may apply to the Office of Tourism, Trade, 25 and Economic Development before October 1, 2002, to amend the 26 27 boundary lines of its existing enterprise zone in order to add an area not exceeding 4 square miles. The area proposed for 28 addition to the enterprise zone under this section must be 29 30 contiguous to a portion of the existing enterprise zone and must be part of a revitalization area that has been targeted

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for assistance by a commission authorized in section 163.06,
    Florida Statutes. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic
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    Development shall approve an amendment to the enterprise zone
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   boundary lines, effective January 1, 2003, provided that the
    area proposed for addition to the enterprise zone is
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    consistent with the criteria and conditions imposed by section
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    290.0055, Florida Statutes, upon the establishment of
    enterprise zones, including the requirement that the area
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    suffer from pervasive poverty, unemployment, and general
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    distress. The area proposed for addition to the enterprise
    zone under this section may not include any property used for
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    the benefit of a professional sports franchise. Any portion of
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    the area designated under this section by the Office of
   Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as an addition to an
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   enterprise zone shall automatically lose its status as part of
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    an enterprise zone if such portion subsequently includes
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   property used for the benefit of a professional sports
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    franchise.
           Section 12. Sections of this act authorizing a county
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    as defined in section 125.011(1), Florida Statutes, to amend
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    and expand the boundary lines of an existing enterprise zone
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    are not mutually exclusive.
           Section 13. Section 290.00686, Florida Statutes, is
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   created to read:
           290.00686 Enterprise zone designation for Brevard
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    County, Cocoa, or Brevard County and Cocoa. -- Brevard County,
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    the City of Cocoa, or Brevard County and the City of Cocoa
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    jointly, may apply to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and
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    Economic Development for designation of one enterprise zone
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    encompassing an area which includes the boundaries of the
31 three community redevelopment areas established pursuant to
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part III of chapter 163. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2002, and must comply with the requirements of 2 3 section 290.0055. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4 290.0065 limiting the total number of enterprise zones designated and the number of enterprise zones within a 5 population category, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and 6 7 Economic Development may designate one enterprise zone under this section. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 8 Development shall establish the initial effective date of the 9 10 enterprise zone designated pursuant to this section. Section 14. Enterprise zone designation for the City 11 12 of Pensacola. -- The City of Pensacola may apply to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for designation of 13 one enterprise zone within the city, which zone encompasses an 14 15 area up to 10 contiguous square miles. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2002, and must comply with the 16 17 requirements of section 290.0055, Florida Statutes, except subsection (3) thereof. Notwithstanding the provisions of 18 section 290.0065, Florida Statutes, limiting the total number 19 of enterprise zones designated and the number of enterprise 20 zones within a population category, the Office of Tourism, 21 Trade, and Economic Development may designate one enterprise 22 zone under this section. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and 23 24 Economic Development shall establish the initial effective 25 date of the enterprise zone designated pursuant to this 26 section. 27 Section 15. Enterprise zone designation for Leon 28 County. -- Leon County, or Leon County and the City of 29 Tallahassee jointly, may apply to the Office of Tourism, 30 Trade, and Economic Development for designation of one enterprise zone, the selected area of which shall not exceed

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20 square miles and shall have a continuous boundary, or
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    consist of not more than three noncontiguous areas per section
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    290.0055(4)(a), Florida Statutes. The enterprise zone shall
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    encompass an area or areas within the following Census tracts
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    for Leon County pursuant to the 1990 Census:
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    Census tract 1, block group 1; census tract 2, block group 1;
    census tract 2, block group 3; census tract 2, block group 4;
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    census tract 3, block group 1; census tract 4, block group 1;
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    census tract 4, block group 2; census tract 5, block group 1;
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    census tract 5, block group 2; census tract 6, block group 1;
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    census tract 6, block group 2; census tract 6, block group 3;
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    census tract 6, block group 4; census tract 7, block group 1;
    census tract 7, block group 2; census tract 7, block group 3;
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   census tract 10.01, block group 1; census tract 10.01, block
    group 2; census tract 10.01, block group 3; census tract
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    11.01, block group 1; census tract 11.01, block group 2;
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    census tract 11.01, block group 3; census tract 11.02, block
    group 1; census tract 11.02, block group 3; census tract 12,
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   block group 1; census tract 13, block group 1; census tract
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    13, block group 2; census tract 14, block group 1; census
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    tract 14, block group 2; census tract 14, block group 3;
    census tract 14, block group 4; census tract 14, block group
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    group 1; census tract 18, block group 3; census tract 18,
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   block group 4; census tract 19, block group 1; census tract
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    19, block group 3; census tract 19, block group 4; census
    tract 20.01, block group 1; census tract 20.01, block group 2;
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    census tract 20.01, block group 3; census tract 20.01, block
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    group 4; census tract 20.01, block group 5; census tract
   20.02, block group 1; census tract 20.02, block group 2;
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census tract 20.02, block group 3; census tract 20.02, block 2 group 5; census tract 21, block group 1; census tract 21, block group 3; census tract 21, block group 4; census tract 3 4 21, block group 5; census tract 21, block group 7; census tract 22.01, block group 1; census tract 23.01, block group 3; 5 6 census tract 23.01, block group 5; census tract 26.02, block 7 group 4. 8 9 The application must be submitted by December 31, 2002, and 10 must comply with the requirements of section 290.0055, Florida Statutes. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 290.0065, 11 12 Florida Statutes, limiting the total number of enterprise zones designated and the number of enterprise zones within a 13 population category, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and 14 15 Economic Development may designate one enterprise zone under this section. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 16 17 Development shall establish the initial effective date of the 18 enterprise zone designated pursuant to this section. 19 Section 16. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 11.35, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 20 21 11.35 Joint Legislative Committee on Tax Exemptions; membership; duties.--22 (1) The Joint Legislative Committee on Tax Exemptions 23 24 is created as a joint standing committee of the Legislature composed of 12 members, 6 of whom are members of the Senate 25 26 appointed by the President of the Senate and 6 of whom are 27 members of the House of Representatives appointed by the 28 Speaker of the House of Representatives. The terms of members 29 are 2 years and run from one organization session of the 30 Legislature to the following organization session. In each even-numbered year, the President of the Senate shall appoint

a member of the Senate to serve as chair for a term of 1 year; and, in each odd-numbered year, the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint a member of the House of Representatives to serve as chair for a term of 1 year. A vacancy is to be filled for the unexpired portion of the term in the same manner as the original appointment.

- (2) The committee shall conduct a periodic review of all exemptions from taxation under chapter 212, Florida

 Statutes, except those specified in section 212.25(3), Florida

 Statutes. The committee must complete the first of its reviews by December 1, 2004, and its initial review of all exemptions by December 1, 2009. For purposes of the review, the committee shall:
- (a) Assign each exemption to a discrete category of exemptions, placing, to the extent practicable, similar and related exemptions within the same category. The committee shall identify discrete classes of transactions exempted by s. 212.25(2) and assign the exemption of each class to the appropriate category.
- (b) Schedule, for each year, one or more of the categories to be reviewed before the following regular session of the Legislature. Each category must be reviewed once by December 1, 2009. By December 1, 2003, the committee shall prepare, and submit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for introduction at the 2004 regular session of the Legislature, a proposed bill that amends the statutes to set the expiration date for each exemption 18 months after the year in which it is scheduled for review. The proposed bill shall set July 1, 2006, as the expiration date for those exemptions which are scheduled to be reviewed by December 1, 2004.

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- (c) Adopt standards and criteria that it will use for its review of exemptions and upon which it will base its recommendation to reauthorize an exemption. In developing these standards and criteria, the committee should consider the following principles of taxation:
- 1. Equity. -- The Florida tax system should treat individuals equitably. It should impose similar tax burdens on people in similar circumstances and should minimize regressivity.
- 2. Compliance. -- The Florida tax system should facilitate taxpayer compliance. It should be simple and easy to understand so as to minimize compliance costs and increase the visibility and awareness of the taxes being paid. Enforcement and collection of tax revenues should be done in a fair, consistent, professional, predictable, and cost-effective manner.
- 3. Promotion of competition. -- The Florida tax system should be responsive to interstate and international competition in order to encourage savings and investment in plant, equipment, people, and technology.
- 4. Neutrality. -- The Florida tax system should affect competitors uniformly and not become a tool for "social engineering." It should minimize government involvement in investment decisions, making any such involvement explicit, and should minimize pyramiding.
- 5. Stability.--The Florida tax system should produce revenues in a stable and reliable manner which are sufficient to fund appropriate governmental functions and expenditures.
- 6. Integration. -- The Florida tax system should balance the need for integration of federal, state, and local 31 taxation.

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- 7. Public purpose. -- Any sales tax exemption should be based upon a determination that the exemption promotes an important state interest, including, but not limited to, economic development, job creation and retention, economic diversification, and community revitalization.

 (3) By December 1 of each year, the committee shall submit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the
- submit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a separate report for each category of exemptions reviewed during that year. Each report must contain the committee's recommendations with respect to each exemption assigned to that category and include, for consideration at the next regular session of the Legislature, a proposed bill to reauthorize, for a period not to exceed 10 years, those exemptions that the committee recommends be reauthorized and to cleanse the statutes of those exemptions that the committee recommends be allowed to expire. Each report must also include, for each exemption for which the committee makes no recommendation, a separate bill to reauthorize that exemption for a period not to exceed 10 years. Each proposed bill must provide that each reauthorized exemption expires on a specified date occurring no more than 10 years after the effective date of the bill and is to be reviewed pursuant to this section at least 18 months prior to its expiration.

Section 17. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 212.25, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 212.25 Expiration and review of tax exemptions; status of transactions neither expressly taxable nor exempt.--
- (1) Effective July 1, 2011, and on July 1 of every

 10th year thereafter, each exemption from taxation under this
 chapter expires, except those specified in subsection (3) and

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those specifically set by law to expire on another date. Prior to its expiration, each such exemption shall be reviewed by the Joint Legislative Committee on Tax Exemptions in accordance with the law governing such reviews.

- (2) Until July 1, 2011, any sale of goods or services that is neither expressly taxable nor expressly exempt from taxation under this chapter is exempt from such taxation, and the exemptions provided by this subsection are subject to review under s. 11.35. Effective July 1, 2011, any sale of goods or services that is neither expressly taxable nor expressly exempt from taxation under this chapter is subject to tax at the same rate as the general tax rate prescribed by this chapter for the retail sale of items of tangible personal property.
- (3) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the following transactions remain exempt from taxation under this chapter and are not subject to expiration or review under this section or s. 11.35: the sale of groceries, prescription drugs, health services, real property, intangible personal property, or communications services; the sale of tangible personal property purchased for resale or imported, produced, or manufactured in this state for export; and the payment of residential rent or employee salaries or benefits.

Section 18. Paragraph (j) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions. -- The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the 31 | following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed

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by this chapter.

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- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE. --
- (j) Machinery and equipment used in semiconductor, defense, or space technology production and research and development. --
- 1.a. Industrial machinery and equipment used in semiconductor technology facilities certified under subparagraph 6. to manufacture, process, compound, or produce semiconductor technology products for sale or for use by these facilities are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. For purposes of this paragraph, industrial machinery and equipment includes molds, dies, machine tooling, other appurtenances or accessories to machinery and equipment, testing equipment, test beds, computers, and software, whether purchased or self-fabricated, and, if self-fabricated, includes materials and labor for design, fabrication, and assembly.
- Industrial machinery and equipment used in defense b. or space technology facilities certified under subparagraph 6. to manufacture, process, compound, or produce defense technology products or space technology products for sale or for use by these facilities are exempt from 25 percent of the tax imposed by this chapter.
- Machinery and equipment are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter if used predominately in semiconductor wafer research and development activities in a semiconductor technology research and development facility certified under subparagraph 6. For purposes of this paragraph, machinery and equipment includes molds, dies, machine tooling, other appurtenances or accessories to machinery and equipment, 31 testing equipment, test beds, computers, and software, whether

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29 30 purchased or self-fabricated, and, if self-fabricated, includes materials and labor for design, fabrication, and assembly.

- Machinery and equipment are exempt from 25 percent of the tax imposed by this chapter if used predominately in defense or space research and development activities in a defense or space technology research and development facility certified under subparagraph 6.
- Building materials purchased for use in manufacturing or expanding clean rooms in semiconductor-manufacturing facilities are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
- In addition to meeting the criteria mandated by subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3., a business must be certified by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as authorized in this paragraph in order to qualify for exemption under this paragraph.
- 5. For items purchased tax exempt pursuant to this paragraph, possession of a written certification from the purchaser, certifying the purchaser's entitlement to exemption pursuant to this paragraph, relieves the seller of the responsibility of collecting the tax on the sale of such items, and the department shall look solely to the purchaser for recovery of tax if it determines that the purchaser was not entitled to the exemption.
- 6.a. To be eligible to receive the exemption provided by subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3., a qualifying business entity shall apply to Enterprise Florida, Inc. The application shall be developed by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in consultation with 31 | Enterprise Florida, Inc.

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- Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall review each submitted application and information and determine whether or not the application is complete within 5 working days. Once an application is complete, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall, within 10 working days, evaluate the application and recommend approval or disapproval of the application to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- Upon receipt of the application and recommendation from Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall certify within 5 working days those applicants who are found to meet the requirements of this section and notify the applicant, Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the department of the certification. If the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development finds that the applicant does not meet the requirements of this section, it shall notify the applicant and Enterprise Florida, Inc., within 10 working days that the application for certification has been denied and the reasons for denial. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development has final approval authority for certification under this section.
- 7.a. A business may apply once each year for the exemption.
- The application must indicate, for program evaluation purposes only, the average number of full-time equivalent employees at the facility over the preceding calendar year, the average wage and benefits paid to those employees over the preceding calendar year, the total investment made in real and tangible personal property over the preceding calendar year, and the total value of tax-exempt purchases and taxes exempted during the previous year. The 31 department shall assist the Office of Tourism, Trade, and

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Economic Development in evaluating and verifying information provided in the application for exemption.

- The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may use the information reported on the application for evaluation purposes only and shall prepare an annual report on the exemption program and its cost and impact. The annual report for the preceding fiscal year shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by September 30 of each fiscal year. This report may be submitted in conjunction with the annual report required in s. 288.095(3)(c).
- 8. A business certified to receive this exemption may elect to designate one or more state universities or community colleges as recipients of up to 100 percent of the amount of the exemption for which they may qualify. To receive these funds, the institution must agree to match the funds so earned with equivalent cash, programs, services, or other in-kind support on a one-to-one basis in the pursuit of research and development projects as requested by the certified business. The rights to any patents, royalties, or real or intellectual property must be vested in the business unless otherwise agreed to by the business and the university or community college.
 - 9. As used in this paragraph, the term:
- "Predominately" means at least 50 percent of the a. time in qualifying research and development.
- "Research and development" means basic and applied research in the science or engineering, as well as the design, development, and testing of prototypes or processes of new or improved products. Research and development does not include 31 | market research, routine consumer product testing, sales

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29 30 research, research in the social sciences or psychology, nontechnological activities, or technical services.

- "Semiconductor technology products" means raw semiconductor wafers or semiconductor thin films that are transformed into semiconductor memory or logic wafers, including wafers containing mixed memory and logic circuits; related assembly and test operations; active-matrix flat panel displays; semiconductor chips; semiconductor lasers; optoelectronic elements; and related semiconductor technology products as determined by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- d. "Clean rooms" means manufacturing facilities enclosed in a manner that meets the clean manufacturing requirements necessary for high-technology semiconductor-manufacturing environments.
- "Defense technology products" means products that have a military application, including, but not limited to, weapons, weapons systems, guidance systems, surveillance systems, communications or information systems, munitions, aircraft, vessels, or boats, or components thereof, which are intended for military use and manufactured in performance of a contract with the United States Department of Defense or the military branch of a recognized foreign government or a subcontract thereunder which relates to matters of national defense.
- "Space technology products" means products that are specifically designed or manufactured for application in space activities, including, but not limited to, space launch vehicles, missiles, satellites or research payloads, avionics, and associated control systems and processing systems. The 31 | term does not include products that are designed or

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manufactured for general commercial aviation or other uses 2 even though those products may also serve an incidental use in 3 space applications. 4 Section 19. Subsection (7) of section 288.108, Florida 5 Statutes, is amended to read: 6 288.108 High-impact business.--7 (7) REPORTING. -- The office shall by December 1 of each year issue a complete and detailed report of all designated 8 9 high-impact sectors, all applications received and their 10 disposition, all final orders issued, and all payments made, 11 including analyses of benefits and costs, types of projects 12 supported, and employment and investments created. The report shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the 13 14 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The 15 report may be combined with the incentives report required in s. 288.095. 16 17 Section 20. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 18 19 20 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 21 And the title is amended as follows: 22 23 Delete everything before the enacting clause 24 25 and insert: 26 A bill to be entitled 27 An act relating to economic development; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; providing for the 28 levy of the infrastructure sales surtax and the 29

school capital outlay surtax by a two-thirds

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1 planning prior to the levy of the school 2 capital outlay surtax; providing for the uses of the surtax proceeds; amending s. 288.0655, 3 4 F.S.; providing for additional uses of moneys 5 in the Rural Infrastructure Fund; amending s. 288.095, F.S.; revising terminology relating to 6 7 certain incentive payment schedules; revising the due date and content for an annual report 8 9 on incentives and reassigning responsibility 10 for such report to Enterprise Florida, Inc.; amending s. 288.1045, F.S.; revising 11 12 definitions; revising conditions and procedures governing applications for tax refunds; 13 revising provisions relating to the order 14 15 authorizing a tax refund; revising the required 16 elements of a tax refund agreement; providing 17 an exemption from mandatory loss of tax refund eligibility and decertification resulting from 18 agreement breach in cases of uncontrollable 19 20 economic factors; prescribing a deadline for 21 applying for tax refunds; authorizing the office to grant extensions to certain 22 application and notification deadlines; 23 24 revising conditions under which a prorated tax 25 refund will be approved; providing for 26 calculation of such prorated refund; specifying 27 that the section does not create a presumption 28 a claim will be approved and paid; revising the agencies with which the office may verify 29 30 information and to which the office may provide information; expanding purposes for which the 31

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office may seek assistance from certain entities; specifying that certain appropriations may not be used for any purpose other than the payment of specified tax refunds; amending s. 288.106, F.S., relating to the tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses; revising requirements for application for certification as such business with respect to the number of current and new jobs at the business and projections by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of refunds based thereon; revising requirements relating to the tax refund agreement with respect to job creation and the time for filing of claims for refund; providing for an exemption from mandatory loss of tax refund eligibility and decertification resulting from agreement breach in cases of uncontrollable economic factors; revising provisions relating to annual claims for refund; authorizing an extension of time for signing the tax refund agreement; providing an application deadline; revising provisions relating to the order authorizing a tax refund; revising conditions under which a prorated tax refund will be approved; providing for calculation of such prorated tax refund; specifying that the section does not create a presumption that a claim will be approved and paid; revising the agencies with which the office may verify information and to which the

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office may provide information; expanding purposes for which the office may seek assistance from certain entities; specifying that certain appropriations may not be used for any purpose other than the payment of specified tax refunds; amending s. 213.053, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to provide certain information concerning specified tax-refund programs with the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and specified agents; providing a short title; amending s. 125.0104, F.S.; providing that the additional tax authorized for bonds for a professional sports franchise facility, a retained spring training franchise facility, or a convention center, and for operation and maintenance costs of a convention center, and the additional tax authorized for bonds for facilities for a new professional sports franchise or a retained spring training franchise, may also be used to promote and advertise tourism; providing for earlier effect and retroactive application of s. 197.1722, F.S., relating to a limited waiver of certain mandatory charges and interest on certain real property taxes; authorizing certain counties to apply for amendment of enterprise zone boundary lines; providing deadlines; prescribing conditions applicable to the areas proposed for addition to the enterprise zones; directing the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

1 Development to approve such amendments under 2 certain conditions; providing for application 3 of this act; creating s. 290.00686, F.S.; 4 authorizing the Office of Tourism, Trade, and 5 Economic Development to designate an enterprise zone in Brevard County; providing requirements 6 7 with respect thereto; authorizing the City of Pensacola to apply to the Office of Tourism, 8 9 Trade, and Economic Development to designate an 10 enterprise zone in the City of Pensacola; authorizing the office to designate one 11 12 enterprise zone in the City of Pensacola; 13 providing requirements with respect thereto; authorizing Leon County, or Leon County and the 14 15 City of Tallahassee jointly, to apply to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 16 17 Development to designate an enterprise zone in Leon County; authorizing the office to 18 designate one enterprise zone notwithstanding 19 20 certain limitations; providing requirements 21 with respect thereto; creating s. 11.35, F.S.; creating the Joint Legislative Committee on Tax 22 Exemptions; providing for its membership and 23 24 prescribing its duties; requiring it to periodically review and make recommendations 25 26 concerning tax exemptions prescribed in ch. 27 212, F.S.; creating s. 212.25, F.S.; providing 28 for the periodic expiration and review of tax exemptions under ch. 212, F.S.; providing that 29 30 sales of goods or services that are neither expressly taxable nor expressly exempt from 31

taxation by a specified date become taxable; exempting specified transactions from taxation and from the the expiration and review requirements of the act; amending ss. 212.08 and 288.108, F.S.; removing references, to conform; providing effective dates.

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WHEREAS, the Legislature has identified a crisis in the economy which compels the Legislature to take a broad and comprehensive approach to economic development, addressing its many facets, including both economic stimulus and the state's tax policy, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature recognizes the obvious natural and logical connection between economic development and the distribution of the tax burden among the diverse segments of the economy, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature seeks by this legislation to accomplish goals that are not separate or disassociated objects of legislative effort, but that are integrated and dependent elements of a comprehensive approach to a rational economic policy that will fairly and equitably promote economic development throughout the diverse segments of the economy, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature, as part of this comprehensive approach to a rational economic policy, seeks to create a process by which the Legislature will periodically review, on an orderly schedule, the array of tax exemptions and identify those that serve as a widespread stimulus to the economy and those that hamper economic development by unfairly distributing the tax burden or giving an undue competitive 31 advantage to a business over others similarly situated, NOW,

Bill No. <u>HB 743, 2nd Eng.</u>

Amendment No. ____ Barcode 233314

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