A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to state lands; amending s. 253.002, F.S.; providing for duties and 3 4 functions of the Department of Environmental 5 Protection relating to state-owned lands; providing reference to land exchanges; 6 7 providing for certain duties of the Department 8 of Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending 9 s. 253.01, F.S.; revising the use of funds deposited into the Internal Improvement Trust 10 11 Fund; deleting obsolete language; amending s. 12 253.02, F.S.; revising certain powers and duties of the Board of Trustees of the Internal 13 14 Improvement Trust Fund to include reference to 15 land exchanges; effective January 7, 2003, 16 revising the membership of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund 17 to conform to the requirements of the State 18 19 Constitution; amending s. 253.03, F.S.; revising conditions under which the Board of 20 Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund 21 is vested and charged with certain 2.2 23 responsibilities for current and future 24 state-owned lands; prohibiting certain restriction on land exchanges; amending s. 25 253.034, F.S.; providing definitions; effective 26 January 7, 2003, conforming conditions under 27 which the Board of Trustees of the Internal 28 29 Improvement Trust Fund may dispose of surplus 30 lands to the provisions of the State Constitution; amending s. 253.42, F.S.; 31

revising requirements for the exchange of lands
owned by or vested in the Board of Trustees of
the Internal Improvement Trust Fund; providing
for the lease of the management of certain
exchanged lands; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 253.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

253.002 Department of Environmental Protection, water management districts, and Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; duties with respect to state lands.--

(1) The Department of Environmental Protection shall perform all staff duties and functions related to the acquisition, administration, and disposition of state lands, including land exchanges as provided for in s. 253.42, title to which is or will be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. However, upon the effective date of rules adopted pursuant to s. 373.427, a water management district created under s. 373.069 shall perform the staff duties and functions related to the review of any application for authorization to use board of trustees-owned submerged lands necessary for an activity regulated under part IV of chapter 373 for which the water management district has permitting responsibility as set forth in an operating agreement adopted pursuant to s. 373.046(4).; and effective July 1, 2000, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall perform the staff duties and functions related to the review of applications and compliance with lease conditions for use of board of trustees-owned submerged lands

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under leases issued pursuant to ss. 253.67-253.75 and 597.010. Unless expressly prohibited by law, the board of trustees may delegate to the department any statutory duty or obligation relating to the acquisition, administration, or disposition of lands, title to which is or will be vested in the board of trustees. The board of trustees may also delegate to any water management district created under s. 373.069 the authority to take final agency action, without any action on behalf of the board, on applications for authorization to use board of trustees-owned submerged lands for any activity regulated under part IV of chapter 373 for which the water management district has permitting responsibility as set forth in an operating agreement adopted pursuant to s. 373.046(4). This water management district responsibility under this subsection shall be subject to the department's general supervisory authority pursuant to s. 373.026(7).

(2) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall perform the staff duties and functions related to the review of applications and compliance with lease conditions for use of board of trustees-owned submerged lands under leases issued pursuant to ss. 253.67-253.75 and 597.010. The board of trustees may also delegate to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services the authority to take final agency action on behalf of the board on applications to use board of trustees-owned submerged lands for any activity for which that department has responsibility pursuant to ss. 253.67-253.75 and 597.010. However, the board of trustees shall retain the authority to take final agency action on establishing any areas for leasing, new leases, expanding existing lease areas, or changing the type of lease activity 31 | in existing leases. Upon issuance of an aquaculture lease or

other real property transaction relating to aquaculture, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services must send a copy of the document and the accompanying survey to the Department of Environmental Protection.

(3) Delegations to the department, or a water management district, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services of authority to take final agency action on applications for authorization to use submerged lands owned by the board of trustees, without any action on behalf of the board of trustees, shall be by rule. Until rules adopted pursuant to this subsection become effective, existing delegations by the board of trustees shall remain in full force and effect. However, the board of trustees is not limited or prohibited from amending these delegations. The board of trustees shall adopt by rule any delegations of its authority to take final agency action without action by the board of trustees on applications for authorization to use board of trustees-owned submerged lands. Any final agency action, without action by the board of trustees, taken by the department, or a water management district, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services on applications to use board of trustees-owned submerged lands shall be subject to the provisions of s. 373.4275. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the board of trustees, the Department of Legal Affairs, and the department retain the concurrent authority to assert or defend title to submerged lands owned by the board of trustees.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 253.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

253.01 Internal Improvement Trust Fund established.--

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(2)(a) All revenues accruing from sources designated by law for deposit in the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall be used for the acquisition, management, administration, protection, and conservation of state-owned lands.

(b) For the 2001-2002 fiscal year only, the use of funds allocated to the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall be as provided in the General Appropriations Act. This paragraph expires July 1, 2002.

Section 3. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 253.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

253.02 Board of trustees; powers and duties.--

(1) For the purpose of assuring the proper application of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for the purposes of this chapter, the land provided for in ss. 253.01 and 253.03, and all the funds arising from the sale, transfer, or exchange thereof, after paying the necessary expense of selection, management, and sale, are irrevocably vested in a board of seven trustees, to wit: The Governor, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Comptroller, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of Education, and the Commissioner of Agriculture and their successors in office, to hold the same in trust for the uses and purposes provided in this chapter, with the power to sell, and transfer, or exchange said lands to the purchasers and receive payment for the same, and invest the surplus moneys arising therefrom, from time to time, in stocks of the United States, stocks of the several states, or the internal improvement bonds issued under the provisions of law; also, the surplus interest accruing from such investments. Said board of trustees have all the rights, powers, property, 31 claims, remedies, actions, suits, and things whatsoever

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belonging to them, or appertaining before and at the time of the enactment hereof, and they shall remain subject to and pay, fulfill, perform, and discharge all debts, duties, and obligations of their trust, existing at the time of the enactment hereof or provided in this chapter.

(2) The board of trustees shall not sell, transfer, exchange, or otherwise dispose of any lands the title to which is vested in the board of trustees except by vote of at least five of the seven trustees.

Section 4. Effective January 7, 2003, subsections (1) and (2) of section 253.02, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, are amended to read:

253.02 Board of trustees; powers and duties.--

(1) For the purpose of assuring the proper application of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for the purposes of this chapter, the land provided for in ss. 253.01 and 253.03, and all the funds arising from the sale, transfer, or exchange thereof, after paying the necessary expense of selection, management, and sale, are irrevocably vested in a board of four seven trustees, to wit: The Governor, the Chief Financial Officer the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Comptroller, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of Education, and the Commissioner of Agriculture and their successors in office, to hold the same in trust for the uses and purposes provided in this chapter, with the power to sell, transfer, or exchange said lands and receive payment for the same, and invest the surplus moneys arising therefrom, from time to time, in stocks of the United States, stocks of the several states, or the internal improvement bonds issued under the provisions of law; 31 also, the surplus interest accruing from such investments.

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Said board of trustees have all the rights, powers, property, claims, remedies, actions, suits, and things whatsoever belonging to them, or appertaining before and at the time of the enactment hereof, and they shall remain subject to and pay, fulfill, perform, and discharge all debts, duties, and obligations of their trust, existing at the time of the enactment hereof or provided in this chapter.

(2) The board of trustees shall not sell, transfer, exchange, or otherwise dispose of any lands the title to which is vested in the board of trustees except by vote of at least three five of the four seven trustees.

Section 5. Paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 253.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

253.03 Board of trustees to administer state lands; lands enumerated. --

(1) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund of the state is vested and charged with the acquisition, administration, management, control, supervision, conservation, protection, and disposition of all lands owned by, or which may hereafter inure to, the state or any of its agencies, departments, boards, or commissions, excluding lands held for transportation facilities and transportation corridors and canal rights-of-way, spoil areas and lands required for disposal of materials, or borrow pits; any land, title to which is vested or may become vested in any port authority, flood control district, water management district, or navigation district or agency created by any general or special act; and any lands, including the Camp Blanding Military Reservation, which have been conveyed to the state 31 | for military purposes only, and which are subject to reversion

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if conveyed by the original grantee or if the conveyance to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund under this act would work a reversion from any other cause, or where any conveyance of lands held by a state agency which are encumbered by or subject to liens, trust agreements, or any form of contract which encumbers state lands for the repayment of funded debt. Lands vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall be deemed to be:

- (e) All lands covered by shallow waters of the ocean or gulf, or bays or lagoons thereof, and all lands owned by the state covered by fresh water; and
- (f) All parks, reservations, or lands or bottoms set aside in the name of the state, excluding lands held for transportation facilities and transportation corridors and canal rights-of-way. +
- (q) All lands which have accrued, or which may hereafter accrue, to the state from any source whatsoever, excluding lands held for transportation facilities and transportation corridors and canal rights-of-way, spoil areas, or borrow pits or any land, the title to which is vested or may become vested in any port authority, flood control district, water management district, or navigation district or agency created by any general or special act.
- (7)(a) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund is hereby authorized and directed to administer all state-owned lands and shall be responsible for the creation of an overall and comprehensive plan of development concerning the acquisition, management, and disposition of state-owned lands so as to ensure maximum benefit and use. The Board of Trustees of the Internal 31 | Improvement Trust Fund has authority to adopt rules pursuant

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to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this act, provided that the disposition of state lands may not be limited by any rule that requires that the state receive twice the amount of acreage being conveyed out of state ownership, unless that is the only means of achieving a net positive conservation benefit as defined in s. 253.034. Any rule governing the disposition of state lands must be revised to conform to the provisions of this subsection.

Section 6. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 253.034, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

253.034 State-owned lands; uses.--

(1) All lands acquired pursuant to chapter 259 shall be managed to serve the public interest by protecting and conserving land, air, water, and the state's natural resources, which contribute to the public health, welfare, and economy of the state. These lands shall be managed to provide for areas of natural resource based recreation, and to ensure the survival of plant and animal species and the conservation of finite and renewable natural resources. The state's lands and natural resources shall be managed using a stewardship ethic that assures these resources will be available for the benefit and enjoyment of all people of the state, both present and future. It is the intent of the Legislature that, where feasible and consistent with the goals of protection and conservation of natural resources associated with lands held in the public trust by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, public land not designated for single-use purposes pursuant to paragraph (2)(b) be managed for multiple-use purposes. All multiple-use land management strategies shall address public access and enjoyment, resource 31 conservation and protection, ecosystem maintenance and

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protection, and protection of threatened and endangered species, and the degree to which public-private partnerships or endowments may allow the entity with management responsibility to enhance its ability to manage these lands. The Acquisition and Restoration Council created in s. 259.035 shall recommend rules to the board of trustees, and the board shall adopt rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

- (2) As used in this section, the following phrases have the following meanings:
- "Multiple use" means the harmonious and coordinated management of timber, recreation, conservation of fish and wildlife, forage, archaeological and historic sites, habitat and other biological resources, or water resources so that they are utilized in the combination that will best serve the people of the state, making the most judicious use of the land for some or all of these resources and giving consideration to the relative values of the various resources. Where necessary and appropriate for all state-owned lands that are larger than 1,000 acres in project size and are managed for multiple uses, buffers may be formed around any areas that require special protection or have special management needs. Such buffers shall not exceed more than one-half of the total acreage. Multiple uses within a buffer area may be restricted to provide the necessary buffering effect desired. Multiple use in this context includes both uses of land or resources by more than one management entity, which may include private sector land managers. In any case, lands identified as multiple-use lands in the land management plan shall be managed to enhance and conserve the lands and resources for 31 the enjoyment of the people of the state.

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- (b) "Single use" means management for one particular purpose to the exclusion of all other purposes, except that the using entity shall have the option of including in its management program compatible secondary purposes which will not detract from or interfere with the primary management purpose. Such single uses may include, but are not necessarily restricted to, the use of agricultural lands for production of food and livestock, the use of improved sites and grounds for institutional purposes, and the use of lands for parks, preserves, wildlife management, archaeological or historic sites, or wilderness areas where the maintenance of essentially natural conditions is important. All submerged lands shall be considered single-use lands and shall be managed primarily for the maintenance of essentially natural conditions, the propagation of fish and wildlife, and public recreation, including hunting and fishing where deemed appropriate by the managing entity.
- currently managed for conservation, outdoor resource-based recreation, or archaeological or historic preservation, except those lands that were acquired solely to facilitate the acquisition of other conservation lands. Lands acquired for uses other than conservation, outdoor resource-based recreation, or archaeological or historic preservation shall not be designated conservation lands except as otherwise authorized under this section. These lands shall include, but not be limited to, the following: correction and detention facilities, military installations and facilities, state office buildings, maintenance yards, state university or state community college campuses, agricultural field stations or offices, tower sites, law enforcement and license facilities,

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laboratories, hospitals, clinics, and other sites that possess no significant natural or historical resources. However, lands acquired solely to facilitate the acquisition of other conservation lands, and for which the land management plan has not yet been completed or updated, may be evaluated by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund on a case-by-case basis to determine if they will be designated conservation lands.

- "Council" means the Acquisition and Restoration Council created in s. 259.035.
- (e) "Net positive conservation benefit" means compensation over and above the market value for or the replacement value of state conservation lands. Compensation may include, but shall not be limited to, monetary or other considerations and the state's receipt of conservation lands with similar characteristics or higher conservation value. When a net positive conservation benefit can be achieved only by the receipt of conservation lands, the state shall not require receipt of more than twice the acreage than is being conveyed out of state ownership.
- "Surplus lands" means conservation or nonconservation lands, the title to which is vested in the board and which are declared available for disposition pursuant to this section.

Section 7. Effective January 7, 2003, the introductory paragraph of subsection (6) of section 253.034, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

253.034 State-owned lands; uses.--

(6) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall determine which lands, the title to which is 31 vested in the board, may be surplused. For conservation lands,

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the board shall make a determination that the lands are no longer needed for conservation purposes and may dispose of them by a three-fourths two-thirds vote. In the case of a land exchange involving the disposition of conservation lands, the board must determine by at least a three-fourths two-thirds vote that the exchange will result in a net positive conservation benefit. For all other lands, the board shall make a determination that the lands are no longer needed and may dispose of them by majority vote.

Section 8. Section 253.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

253.42 Board of trustees may exchange lands.--The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund of the state may exchange lands held or owned by, or vested in, said board for other lands in the state owned by local governments, private individuals, or corporations; and fix the terms and conditions of any such exchange, and select and agree upon the lands to be so conveyed by said board; and the lands to be conveyed to said board in exchange therefor; and agree upon and pay or receive, as the case may in the judgment of said board require, any sum or sums of money deemed necessary by said board for the purpose of equalizing the values of such exchanged property, and make and enter into contracts or agreements for such purpose or purposes. The management of lands conveyed to the board of trustees under the provisions of this section may be leased to the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, or a water management district.

Section 9. Except as otherwise provided herein, this 31 act shall take effect July 1, 2002.

HOUSE SUMMARY Revises provisions of law with respect to state lands to include reference to land exchanges. Provides for duties and functions of the Department of Environmental Protection and the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund with respect to land exchanges. Revises the membership of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund to conform with the requirements of the State Constitution. See bill for details.