Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

act; providing an effective date.

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 373.114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to environmental protection; amending s. 373.114, F.S.; providing that

certain water management district orders and

amending s. 403.412, F.S., the "Environmental

Protection Act of 1971"; revising requirements

for initiating specified proceedings under that

rules are not subject to specified review;

373.114 Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission; review of district rules and orders; department review of district rules.--

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the Governor and Cabinet, sitting as the Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission, have the exclusive authority to review any order or rule of a water management district, other than a rule relating to an internal procedure of the district or a final order resulting from an evidentiary hearing held under s.

120.569 or s. 120.57 or a rule that has been adopted after issuance of a final order resulting from an evidentiary hearing held under s. 120.56, to ensure consistency with the

provisions and purposes of this chapter. Subsequent to the

28 legislative ratification of the delineation methodology

pursuant to s. 373.421(1), this subsection also shall apply to

an order of the department, or a local government exercising

delegated authority, pursuant to ss. 373.403-373.443, except

an order pertaining to activities or operations subject to conceptual plan approval pursuant to chapter 378 or a final order resulting from an evidentiary hearing held under s. 120.569 or s. 120.57.

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(a) Such review may be initiated by the department or by a party to the proceeding below by filing a request for review with the Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission and serving a copy on the department and on any person named in the rule or order within 20 days after adoption of the rule or the rendering of the order. For the purposes of this section, the term "party" means any affected person who submitted oral or written testimony, sworn or unsworn, of a substantive nature which stated with particularity objections to or support for the rule or order that are cognizable within the scope of the provisions and purposes of this chapter, or any person who participated as a party in a proceeding instituted pursuant to chapter 120. In order for the commission to accept a request for review initiated by a party below, with regard to a specific order, three four members of the commission must determine on the basis of the record below that the activity authorized by the order would substantially affect natural resources of statewide or regional significance. Review of an order may also be accepted if three four members of the commission determine that the order raises issues of policy, statutory interpretation, or rule interpretation that have regional or statewide significance from the standpoint of agency precedent. The party requesting the commission to review an order must allege with particularity, and the commission must find, that:

1. The order is in conflict with statutory requirements; or

2. The order is in conflict with the requirements of a duly adopted rule.

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(b) Review by the Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission is appellate in nature and shall be based solely on the record below unless the commission determines that a remand for a formal evidentiary proceeding is necessary to develop additional findings of fact. If there is was no evidentiary administrative proceeding resulting from a remand or referral for findings of fact by the commission, then below, the facts contained in the proposed agency action or proposed water management district action, including any technical staff report, shall be deemed undisputed. matter shall be heard by the commission not more than 60 days after receipt of the request for review, unless waived by the parties; provided, however, such time limit shall be tolled by a referral or remand pursuant to this paragraph. The commission may refer a request for review to the Division of Administrative Hearings for the production of findings of fact, limited to those needed to render the decision requested, to supplement the record, if a majority of the commission determines that supplementary findings of fact are essential to determine the consistency of a rule or order with the provisions and purposes of this chapter. Alternatively, the commission may remand the matter to the agency below for additional findings of fact, limited to those needed to render the decision requested, to supplement the record, if a majority of the commission determines that supplementary findings of fact are essential to determine the consistency of a rule or order with the provisions and purposes of this chapter. Such proceedings must be conducted and the findings

transmitted to the commission within 90 days of the remand or referral.

- (c) If the Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission determines that a rule of a water management district is not consistent with the provisions and purposes of this chapter, it may require the water management district to initiate rulemaking proceedings to amend or repeal the rule. If the commission determines that an order is not consistent with the provisions and purposes of this chapter, the commission may rescind or modify the order or remand the proceeding for further action consistent with the order of the Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission only if the commission determines that the activity authorized by the order would substantially affect natural resources of statewide or regional significance. In the case of an order which does not itself substantially affect natural resources of statewide or regional significance, but which raises issues of policy that have regional or statewide significance from the standpoint of agency precedent, the commission may direct the district to initiate rulemaking to amend its rules to assure that future actions are consistent with the provisions and purposes of this chapter without modifying the order.
- (d) In a review under this section of a construction permit issued pursuant to a conceptual permit under part IV, which conceptual permit is issued after July 1, 1993, a party to the review may not raise an issue which was or could have been raised in a review of the conceptual permit under this section.
- (e) A request for review under this section shall not be a precondition to the seeking of judicial review pursuant

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to s. 120.68 or the seeking of an administrative determination of rule validity pursuant to s. 120.56.

- (f) The Florida Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission may adopt rules to set forth its procedures for reviewing an order or rule of a water management district consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (g) For the purpose of this section, it shall be presumed that activity authorized by an order will not affect resources of statewide or regional significance if the proposed activity:
  - 1. Occupies an area less than 10 acres in size, and
- 2. Does not create impervious surfaces greater than 2 acres in size, and
- $3.\$ Is not located within 550 feet of the shoreline of a named body of water designated as Outstanding Florida Waters, and
- 4. Does not adversely affect threatened or endangered species.

This paragraph shall not operate to hold that any activity that exceeds these limits is presumed to affect resources of statewide or regional significance. The determination of whether an activity will substantially affect resources of statewide or regional significance shall be made on a case-by-case basis, based upon facts contained in the record below.

Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 403.412, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsection (6) is renumbered as subsection (8), and new subsections (6) and (7) are added to said section to read:

403.412 Environmental Protection Act.--

(5) In any administrative, licensing, or other 1 2 proceedings authorized by law for the protection of the air, 3 water, or other natural resources of the state from pollution, 4 impairment, or destruction, the Department of Legal Affairs, a 5 political subdivision or municipality of the state, or a 6 citizen of the state shall have standing to intervene as a 7 party on the filing of a verified pleading asserting that the activity, conduct, or product to be licensed or permitted has 8 9 or will have the effect of impairing, polluting, or otherwise injuring the air, water, or other natural resources of the 10 state. As used in this section and as it relates to citizens, 11 12 the term "intervene" means to join an ongoing s. 120.569 or s. 13 120.57 proceeding; this section does not authorize a citizen 14 to institute, initiate, petition for, or request a proceeding under s. 120.569 or s. 120.57. Nothing herein limits or 15 prohibits a citizen whose substantial interests will be 16 17 determined or affected by a proposed agency action from initiating a formal administrative proceeding under s. 120.569 18 19 or s. 120.57. A citizen's substantial interests will be 20 considered to be determined or affected if the party demonstrates it may suffer an injury in fact which is of 21 sufficient immediacy and is of the type and nature intended to 22 23 be protected by this chapter. No demonstration of special injury different in kind from the general public at large is 24 required. A sufficient demonstration of a substantial interest 25 26 may be made by a petitioner who establishes that the proposed activity, conduct, or product to be licensed or permitted 27 affects the petitioner's use or enjoyment of air, water, or 28 29 natural resources protected by this chapter. (6) Any Florida corporation not for profit which has 30 31 at least 25 current members residing within the county where

the activity is proposed, and which was formed for the purpose of the protection of the environment, fish and wildlife resources, and protection of air and water quality, may initiate a hearing pursuant to s. 120.569 or s. 120.57, provided that the Florida corporation not for profit was formed at least one year prior to the date of the filing of the application for a permit, license, or authorization that is the subject of the notice of proposed agency action. (7) In a matter pertaining to a federally delegated or approved program, a citizen of the state may initiate an administrative proceeding under this subsection if the citizen meets the standing requirements for judicial review of a case or controversy pursuant to Article III of the United States Constitution. Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.