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DATE: February 6, 2002

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE
ANALYSIS**

BILL #: HB 83
RELATING TO: The Aerospace Infrastructure Reinvestment Act of 2002
SPONSOR(S): Representative(s) Allen
TIED BILL(S): None

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COUNCIL(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

- (1) BUSINESS REGULATION YEAS 11 NAYS 0
 - (2) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE YEAS 8 NAYS 0
 - (3) TRANSPORTATION
 - (4) FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY COUNCIL
 - (5)
-

I. SUMMARY:

This bill creates the Aerospace Infrastructure Reinvestment Act of 2002.

The bill requires dealers doing business under contract with NASA at the Kennedy Space Center or the Cape Canaveral Air Station to collect taxes from sales and admissions and remit the taxes to the Department of Revenue for subsequent distribution to the Florida Commercial Space Financing Corporation. The Florida Commercial Space Financing Corporation was created in 1999 to facilitate the growth of aerospace products, activities, services and facilities in the state.

These tax proceeds are to be used to fund aerospace infrastructure as defined by the bill.

This bill is estimated to reduce revenue by \$3.1 million annually. This estimate includes an annual reduction of \$2.7 million from the General Revenue Fund and an annual reduction of \$0.4 million from local government revenues.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2002.

[A STRIKE-ALL AMENDMENT IS TRAVELING WITH THE BILL. PLEASE SEE: VI. AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES SECTION OF THE BILL ANALYSIS.]

II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. DOES THE BILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1. <u>Less Government</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. <u>Lower Taxes</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. <u>Individual Freedom</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. <u>Personal Responsibility</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. <u>Family Empowerment</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. PRESENT SITUATION:

Florida Commercial Space Financing Corporation (FCSFC)

In 1999, the Legislature made substantial changes to statutes governing the state's involvement in promoting commercial space flight. Among other things, chapter 99-256, Laws of Florida, (codified at Part III, chapter 331, F.S.) created the Florida Commercial Space Financing Corporation [FCSFC], a not for profit corporation established to expand employment and income opportunities for residents of the state. The corporation provides businesses domiciled in this state with information, technical assistance, and financial assistance to support space-related transactions, thereby increasing development within the state of commercial aerospace products, activities, services, and facilities.

Section 331.407, F.S., authorizes the corporation to:

- Coordinate efforts with the United States Air Force, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), the Export-Import Bank, the International Trade Administration of the United States Department of Commerce, the Foreign Credit Insurance Association, Enterprise Florida, Inc., and other public and private programs and organizations, domestic and foreign;
- Establish contacts among public and private organizations in industry, both foreign and domestic, which provide information, technical assistance, and financial support to the aerospace industry;
- Compile information on financing opportunities and techniques of financing in the aerospace industry;
- Organize and participate in seminars regarding aerospace financing;
- Insure, coinsure, lend, guarantee loans, and originate for sale direct space-related loans;*

* Applicants must be domiciled in Florida, have an equity interest in the business applying for the financial assistance, and must use Florida launch facilities to the maximum extent possible.

- Capitalize, underwrite, and secure funding for aerospace infrastructure, satellites, launch vehicles, and any service which supports aerospace launches;
- Construct, lease, or sell aerospace infrastructure, satellites, launch vehicles, and related services and activities;
- Acquire property (tangible or intangible) and dispose of the same; and
- Make and exercise any and all contracts necessary to exercise its powers.

Section 311.411, F.S., establishes a board of directors consisting of one representative appointed by:

- the board of supervisors of Spaceport Florida Authority,
- the board of directors of the Florida Export Finance Corporation,
- the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc.,
- the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development (OTTED), and
- the Secretary of Transportation.

The Governor also appoints a representative of the investment banking industry and a lawyer in private practice to the board. The Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate each appoint a non-voting board member.

The corporation must submit a report on its activities each year to the Governor, the Speaker, the President of the Senate, and the minority leaders of the Legislature.

A February 2001 program review conducted by the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA) concluded that FCSFC should improve its performance measurement system and should develop a strategic business plan to guide future activities. A review of the corporation's 2001 Annual Report indicates that the FCSFC has articulated their goals and objectives and implemented performance measures.

According to the 2001 Annual Report, the FCSFC has facilitated two finance projects: a \$20 million expansion of a payload processing facility in Titusville and a loan guarantee of \$3,950,000 for an aviation maintenance and repair facility at Orlando International Airport.

Chapter 212, Florida Statutes, Tax on Sales, Use, and Other Transactions

Chapter 212, Florida Statutes, provides for a 6 percent tax on sales, use and other transactions. Section 212.05, F.S., provides that every person who engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this state, including the business of making mail order sales, or who rents or furnishes any of the things or services taxable under chapter 212, F.S., or who stores for use or consumption any item or article of tangible personal property and who leases or rents such property is exercising a taxable privilege. Section 212.05(1)(a)1.a., F.S., provides for a 6 percent tax rate on the retail price of each item or article of tangible personal property when sold at retail in Florida. Section 212.05(1)(b), F.S., provides for a 6 percent tax on the cost price of any item of tangible personal property that is not sold but used in Florida. Such tax collections are remitted to the General Revenue Fund.

Additionally, local governments are authorized to levy one or more of six types of Local Discretionary Sales Surtaxes, ranging from 0.5 percent to 0.1 percent each, with a maximum of 1.5 percent. Proceeds from discretionary sales surtaxes imposed pursuant to ss. 212.054 and 212.055, F.S., are reallocated to the Discretionary Sales Surtax Clearing Trust Fund.

Section 212.04(1)(a), F.S., provides that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who sells or receives anything of value by way of admissions. Section 212.04(1)(b), F.S., levies a 6 percent tax of sales price, or the actual value received from admissions. Section 212.04, F.S., also contains several exceptions to the admissions tax. Admissions tax collections are also remitted to the General Revenue Fund.

The 1999 legislation that created the FCSFC appropriated \$1 million in initial funding and the 2000-2001 General Appropriations Act appropriated \$300,000 for the corporation. The 2001 Legislature appropriated \$650,000 from General Revenue to the Florida Commercial Space Financing Corporation for funding aerospace infrastructure for FY 2001-2002. Also included in this appropriation was \$650,000 from General Revenue to the Spaceport Florida Authority for aerospace infrastructure funding purposes for FY 2001-2002.

C. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

The bill allows the Florida Commercial Space Financing Corporation (FCSFC) to fund aerospace infrastructure from sales and admissions tax proceeds generated at the Kennedy Space Center and the Cape Canaveral Air Station.

D. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:

Section 1. Provides a title: "Aerospace Infrastructure Reinvestment Act of 2002."

Section 2. States legislative finding that growth in the state's space industry is a vital component of Florida's overall economic plan and states that the reinvestment of certain sales tax receipts is a means of providing for infrastructure growth.

Section 3. Adds sub-subparagraph e. to s. 212.20(6)(d) 7., F.S., relating to the distribution of sales and use tax proceeds. Specifies that every dealer conducting business at a fixed location at the Kennedy Space Center or Cape Canaveral Air Station and selling admissions to those facilities pursuant to a contract or sub-contract with NASA must file a return each month to the Department of Revenue. The return must segregate information regarding taxes collected on sales and admissions at the facilities. Requires timely remittance of such taxes to the department. Requires a dealer to file copies of the return with the FCSFC and the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. Directs the Department of Revenue to distribute to the FCSFC all taxes collected and remitted to the department according to the returns. Specifies that such funds be used solely for funding aerospace infrastructure.

Defines "aerospace infrastructure" as land, buildings and other improvements, fixtures, machinery, equipment, instruments, and software that will improve the state's capability to support, expand, or attract the launch, construction, processing, refurbishment, or manufacturing of rockets, missiles, capsules, spacecraft, satellites, satellite control facilities, ground support equipment and related tangible personal property, launch vehicles, modules, space stations or components destined for space station operation. The definition also includes space flight research and development facilities, engineering, permitting, and other expenses directly related to the aforementioned items.

Section 4. Grants rulemaking authority to the Department of Revenue.

Section 5. Provides the Act shall take effect July 1, 2002, and shall apply to taxes due on or after that date.

III. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

According to estimates provided from the Revenue Impact Conference, this bill will reduce revenues deposited into the General Revenue Fund by approximately (\$2.7) million annually.

2. Expenditures:

The Department of Revenue reports that the bill will not cause the agency to incur any administration costs.

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

According to estimates provided by the Revenue Impact Conference, this bill will reduce revenues received by local governments by approximately (\$0.4) million annually.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

The commercial space flight industry may benefit from increased public financial support made possible by earmarking sales tax proceeds for aerospace infrastructure.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

IV. CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:

A. APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:

This bill does not require counties or municipalities to spend funds or to take action that requires the expenditure of funds.

B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:

Article VII, Section 18(b), of the Florida Constitution provides:

"Except upon approval of each house of the Legislature by two-thirds of the membership, the Legislature may not enact, amend, or repeal any general law if the anticipated effect of doing so would be to reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenues in the aggregate, as such authority exists on February 1, 1989."

However, laws of insignificant fiscal impact (\$1.6 million) are exempt from this provision. This bill has been estimated to have a local impact of (\$0.4) million, which exempts the bill from Article VII, Section 18(b), of the Florida Constitution.

C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:

This bill does not reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

V. COMMENTS:

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

None.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

The bill authorizes the Department of Revenue to promulgate rules to implement the provisions of the Act.

C. OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

VI. AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES:

The sponsor of this legislation offered a strike-all amendment which was adopted by the committee and is traveling with the bill. The amendment contains five additional components:

1. Expands to include tax receipts from "leases and licenses" at Kennedy Space Center and Cape Canaveral Air Station that are taxable under s. 212.031;
2. Directs the first \$1.5 million to be used in or pertaining directly to human space flight, including, but not limited to, space shuttle orbiter maintenance, modifications, and related activities;
3. Expands the definition of "aerospace infrastructure" to include areas that will improve the state's capability to ensure security;
4. Expands the definition of "aerospace infrastructure" to include utility location, relocation, and realignment; and
5. Provides that the provisions of this legislation will expire on July 1, 2007.

VII. SIGNATURES:

COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS REGULATION:

Prepared by:

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M. Paul Liepshutz

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AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL
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