A bill to be entitled

An act relating to public school discipline; amending s. 230.23, F.S., relating to powers and duties of school boards; requiring the code of student conduct to include notice of the policy of zero tolerance; amending s. 230.235, F.S., relating to school district policy of zero tolerance for crime and victimization; authorizing modification of certain disciplinary actions on a case-by-case basis; correcting a cross reference; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 230.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

230.23 Powers and duties of school board.--The school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

(6) CHILD WELFARE. -- Provide for the proper accounting for all children of school age, for the attendance and control of pupils at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of children in the following fields, as prescribed in chapter 232.

(d) Code of student conduct.--Adopt a code of student conduct for elementary schools and a code of student conduct for secondary schools and distribute the appropriate code to all teachers, school personnel, students, and parents or guardians, at the beginning of every school year. Each code shall be organized and written in language that is

understandable to students and parents and shall be discussed at the beginning of every school year in student classes, school advisory council meetings, and parent and teacher association meetings. Each code shall be based on the rules governing student conduct and discipline adopted by the district school board and shall be made available in the student handbook or similar publication. Each code shall include, but not be limited to:

- 1. Consistent policies and specific grounds for disciplinary action, including in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, expulsion, and any disciplinary action that may be imposed for the possession or use of alcohol on school property or while attending a school function or for the illegal use, sale, or possession of controlled substances as defined in chapter 893.
- 2. Procedures to be followed for acts requiring discipline, including corporal punishment.
- 3. An explanation of the responsibilities and rights of students with regard to attendance, respect for persons and property, knowledge and observation of rules of conduct, the right to learn, free speech and student publications, assembly, privacy, and participation in school programs and activities.
- 4. Notice that illegal use, possession, or sale of controlled substances, as defined in chapter 893, or possession of electronic telephone pagers, by any student while such student is upon school property or in attendance at a school function is grounds for disciplinary action by the school and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.

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- Notice that the possession of a firearm, a knife, or a weapon by any student while the student is on school property or in attendance at a school function is grounds for disciplinary action and may also result in criminal prosecution.
- 6. Notice that violence against any school district personnel by a student is grounds for in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, expulsion, or imposition of other disciplinary action by the school and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.
- 7. Notice that violation of district school board transportation policies, including disruptive behavior on a school bus or at a school bus stop, by a student is grounds for suspension of the student's privilege of riding on a school bus and may be grounds for disciplinary action by the school and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.
- Notice that violation of the district school 8. board's sexual harassment policy by a student is grounds for in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, expulsion, or imposition of other disciplinary action by the school and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.
- 9. Policies to be followed for the assignment of violent or disruptive students to an alternative educational program.
- 10. Notice of the policy of zero tolerance pursuant to s. 230.235. Such notice shall specify that any student who is determined to have brought a firearm or weapon, as defined in chapter 790, to school, to any school function, or onto any school-sponsored transportation will be expelled, with or 31 | without continuing educational services, from the student's

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regular school for a period of not less than 1 full year and referred for criminal prosecution. District school boards may assign the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school for the purpose of continuing educational services during the period of expulsion. Notice shall specify that superintendents may consider the 1-year expulsion and referral for criminal prosecution requirements requirement on a case-by-case basis and request the district school board to modify the requirements requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school if it is determined to be in the best interest of the student and the school system. A superintendent may request a district school board to assign the student to a disciplinary program or a second chance school.

Notice of the policy of zero tolerance pursuant to s. 230.235. Such notice shall specify that any student who is determined to have made a threat or false report, as defined by ss. 790.162 and 790.163, respectively, involving school or school personnel's property, school transportation, or a school-sponsored activity will be expelled, with or without continuing educational services, from the student's regular school for a period of not less than 1 full year and referred for criminal prosecution. District school boards may assign the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school for the purpose of continuing educational services during the period of expulsion. Notice shall specify that superintendents of schools may consider the 1-year expulsion and referral for criminal prosecution requirements requirement on a case-by-case basis and request the district school board to modify the requirements requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school if it is

determined to be in the best interest of the student and the school system. A superintendent may request a district school board to assign the student to a disciplinary program or a second chance school.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 230.235, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

230.235 Policy of zero tolerance for crime and victimization. --

(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the policy shall require students found to have committed one of the following offenses to be expelled, with or without continuing educational services, from the student's regular school for a period of not less than 1 full year, and to be referred for criminal prosecution:

1.(a) Bringing a firearm or weapon, as defined in chapter 790, to school, to any school function, or onto any school-sponsored transportation.

2.(b) Making a threat or false report, as defined by ss. 790.162 and 790.163, respectively, involving school or school personnel's property, school transportation, or a school-sponsored activity.

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> District school boards may assign the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school for the purpose of continuing educational services during the period of expulsion.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), the policy shall authorize superintendents to may consider the 1-year expulsion and referral for criminal prosecution requirements requirement on a case-by-case basis and request 31 the district school board to modify the requirements

requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school if it is determined to be in the best interest of the student and the school system. A superintendent may request a district school board to assign the student to a disciplinary program or a second chance school. If a student committing any of the offenses in this subsection is a student with a disability, the school district shall comply with procedures pursuant to s. 232.25 232.251 and any applicable state board rule. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. HOUSE SUMMARY Revises provisions relating to school district policy of zero tolerance for crime and victimization. Authorizes the 1-year student expulsion and referral for criminal prosecution requirements for commission of certain crimes to be modified on a case-by-case basis. Requires each school board's code of student conduct to include notice of the policy of zero tolerance.