A bill to be entitled
An act relating to regulation of movers;
providing a short title; providing definitions;
providing construction, intent, and
application; requiring registration; requiring
operating permits and vehicle decals; providing
requirements, procedures, criteria, and
limitations; authorizing the Department of
Business and Professional Regulation to charge
certain fees; authorizing the department to
adopt rules; providing for denial, suspension,

1

3 4

5

6 7

8

10 11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

25

26

2728

29

30

31

Business and Professional Regulation to charge certain fees; authorizing the department to adopt rules; providing for denial, suspension, and revocation of permits and decals; providing requirements and procedures; providing for hearings; providing for appeals; providing procedures; requiring cargo valuation, cargo legal liability, and motor vehicle insurance coverage; providing requirements; providing penalties; requiring moving vehicle signage; requiring estimates of moving costs; providing requirements, criteria, procedures, and limitations; requiring contracts for service; providing requirements; requiring disclosure statements; specifying contents; prohibiting charges in excess of written estimate; providing an exception; specifying unlawful charges; prohibiting refusal to relinguish goods; requiring written inventories; specifying acceptable forms of payment;

requiring timely shipping; requiring minimum

valuation coverage; providing for coverage in

excess of the minimum; requiring notice;

requiring maintenance of records; requiring procedures for responding to inquiries and complaints; providing requirements; prohibiting collecting or requiring payment of certain charges after loss or destruction; providing for claims; providing requirements and procedures; providing for consumer complaints; providing requirements and procedures; specifying fraudulent transfers of moving companies; providing criteria; providing for enforcement; providing penalties; providing for fines; providing for waiver of certain rights under certain circumstances; repealing local laws or ordinances in conflict; providing severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 2.

Section 1. Short title.--This act may be cited as the "Florida Movers Regulation Act."

Definitions.--For the purposes of this act:

(1) "Accessorial services" means any service performed by a mover which results in a charge to the shipper and is incidental to the transportation service, including, but not limited to: valuation coverage; preparation of written inventory; storage, packing, unpacking, or crating of articles; hoisting or lowering; waiting time; long carry, which is defined to be carrying articles excessive distances between the mover's vehicle and the residence; overtime

between the mover's vehicle and the residence; overtime loading and unloading; reweighing; disassembly or reasse

loading and unloading; reweighing; disassembly or reassembly;
elevator or stair carrying; boxing or servicing of appliances;

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12 13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

30

and furnishing of packing or crating materials. Accessorial services also include services not performed by the mover but by a third party at the request of the shipper or mover, if the charges for such services are to be paid to the mover by the shipper at or prior to the time of delivery.

- (2) "Advertising" means any written statement made in connection with the solicitation of a moving and storage business and includes, without limitation, statements and representations made in a newspaper, telephone yellow pages, or other publications, on radio or television, or contained in any notice, handbill, business card, sign, catalog, billboard, brochure, poster, or letter.
- (3) "Compensation" means money, fee, emolument, quid pro quo, barter, remuneration, pay, reward, indemnification, or satisfaction.
- (4) "Contract for service" or "bill of lading" means a written document prepared by the mover and approved by the shipper in writing, prior to the performance of any service, which authorizes services from the named mover and lists the services and all costs associated with the transportation of household goods and accessorial services to be performed on behalf of the shipper.
- (5) "Department" means the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (6) "Division" means the Division of Professions of the department.
- (7) "Estimate" means a written document provided to the prospective shipper which sets forth the total cost and the basis of such costs related to a shipper's move, which shall include, but not be limited to, transportation or 31 accessorial services.

- ersonal property found in a home, other personal residence, other storage facility, or other location, of which the shipper is the owner or agent of the owner of the items. The term includes personal property held or found in a storage or warehouse facility which is owned or rented by a shipper or his or her agent. The term does not include freight or personal property moving to or from a factory or store or other place of business.
- (9) "Inventory" means a detailed descriptive list of all the goods, furniture, boxes, and other items that are tendered to the mover by the shipper, showing the number and condition of each item.
- transportation or shipment of household goods for compensation or any person who holds himself or herself out to the general public as engaging in the transportation or shipment of household goods for compensation.
- (11) "Person" means both plural and singular as the context demands and includes individuals, partnerships, corporations, companies, trusts, societies, associations, and any other legal entities.
- (12) "Shipper" means any person who uses the services of a mover for the transportation or shipment of household goods. The term includes any other person whom the shipper designates in writing.
- (13) "Storage" means warehousing of the shipper's goods while under the care, custody, and control of the mover.
- 29 (14) "Vehicle decal" means a decal placed upon any
  30 moving vehicle granted approval to provide moving services by
  31 the division.

1	Section 3. Construction; intent; application
2	(1) The provisions of this act shall be construed
3	liberally to:
4	(a) Establish the law of this state governing the
5	transportation, shipment, and affiliated storage of household
6	goods.
7	(b) Address moving practices in this state in a manner
8	not inconsistent with federal law relating to consumer
9	protection.
10	(2) The provisions of this act shall apply to the
11	operations of any mover engaged in the intrastate
12	transportation of household goods, except this act shall not
13	be construed to include shipments contracted by the United
14	States, the state, or any local government or political
15	subdivision of the state. The provisions of this act shall
16	only apply to the transportation of household goods
17	originating in this state and terminating in this state.
18	(3) It is the intent of this act to secure the
19	satisfaction and confidence of shippers and members of the
20	public when using a mover.
21	(4) Nothing in this act shall be construed to remove
22	the authority or jurisdiction of any federal agency with
23	respect to goods or services regulated or controlled under
24	other provisions of law.
25	(5) This act does not apply to an act or practice
26	required or specifically permitted by federal law.
27	(6) All advertisements placed by movers shall furnish
28	the complete business address, telephone number, and
29	department operating permit number of such mover.
30	
31	

Section 4. Registration; operating permit and decal required; denial, suspension, and revocation of permit; hearing; appeals.--

- (1) No person shall engage in business or solicit business or advertise in this state as a mover of household goods originating in this state and terminating in this state without first obtaining an operating permit and vehicle decal from the division and maintaining such permit and decal as required in this act.
- (2) Each mover shall annually register with the division for an operating permit and vehicle decal and provide to the division:
- (a) The mover's legal business and trade name, current mailing address, and current business location for each place from which the mover operates a main office, branch offices, or storage locations.
- (b) A designation of which location constitutes the mover's principal place of business.
  - (c) A copy of any occupational licenses.
- (d) The full names, current mailing addresses, current telephone numbers, and social security numbers or federal tax identification numbers of the mover's owners or corporate officers and directors.
  - (e) The Florida registered agent of the corporation.
- (f) A statement listing the names of any other corporations, entities, or trade names through which any owner, corporate officer, or director of the registrant was known or did business as a mover within the 5 calendar years immediately preceding the year in which the mover is submitting the application for registration.

1 2

- (g) Proof of vehicle liability insurance and general liability insurance.
  - (h) Cargo legal liability insurance.
- (i) The vehicle identification number, license tag number, and gross weight of each commercial motor vehicle operated by the mover.
- $\underline{\mbox{(j)}}$  The number of employees who are currently employed by the mover.
- (k) Proof of workers' compensation insurance coverage required by chapter 440, Florida Statutes, a state certificate of exemption, or a letter from the mover indicating that no such workers' compensation is required by law.
  - (1) Proof of all insurances required by section 5.
- (3) Prior to any mover changing the mover's permitted business location, telephone number, or registered agent, such mover shall notify the division of such change in writing.

  The permit may be modified upon completion of the required forms and payment of a fee to be established by the department.
- (4) No permit shall be valid for any mover under any other name or at any place other than that designated in the permit. A permit is not transferable or assignable, nor shall the ownership structure of the mover be so modified as to constitute a change in the control or ownership of the permit. If the business changes its name or ownership structure, a new operating permit application and all permit fees shall be submitted to division.
- (5) The division shall require any person desiring to obtain a permit as a mover to do so on forms prescribed by the division. When obtaining a permit, changing a permit, or renewing a permit, each mover shall furnish to the division a

nonrefundable fee of up to \$250. All permit fees shall be established by the department by rule not to exceed \$250.

- (6) The division shall issue to each mover an operating permit in the form and size prescribed by the division and which contains a permit number. Such permit shall be prominently displayed to the public in the mover's primary place of business. The currently assigned permit number shall appear in all advertising, including telephone listings in any and all telephone yellow pages; on all forms; and on all commercial motor vehicles operated by the mover. The continued use, display, or advertising of an expired permit number is a violation of this act.
- (7) The criteria for issuance of an operating permit shall be compliance by the applicant with all the applicable provisions of this act, submission to the division of a completed application for a permit, and payment of applicable fees. Operating permits may be issued by the division subject to such conditions, limitations, and restrictions imposed by the division as the division deems necessary to protect customers and consumers, provided such conditions, limitations, and restrictions are consistent with the provisions of this act. Violation of a condition, limitation, or restriction of a permit is a violation of this act. The division may deny or refuse to renew the operating permit of any mover based upon a determination that a mover or any of its directors, officers, owners, or general partners:
- (a) Has failed to meet the requirements for initial application or renewal as provided in this section;
- (b) Has been convicted of a crime involving fraud,
  dishonest dealing, or theft involving transportation or
  storage of household goods for compensation. The division may

conduct criminal background checks to obtain such information

from the Department of Law Enforcement or any other government

agency;

- (c) Has not satisfied a civil fine or penalty arising out of any administrative or enforcement action brought by any governmental agency or private person based upon conduct involving fraud or dishonest dealing, or any violation of this act;
- (d) Has committed a fraudulent transfer of a moving company as described in section 19; or
- (e) Has had a judgment or administrative order entered against it, him, or her in any action brought by the division under the provisions of this act.
- (8) Any operating permit issued to any mover based upon the presentation by such mover of false identification or information, or identification not current with respect to name, address, and place of employment, or any other fact material to such permit, is void.
- (9) The division may revoke or suspend an operating permit issued pursuant to this act if the division determines that the applicant has:
  - (a) Violated any provision of this act;
- (b) Misrepresented or concealed a fact on the
  application, renewal application, or replacement application
  for an operating permit;
- (c) Aided or abetted a person who has not obtained a permit to evade or avoid the provisions of this act;
- (d) Engaged in any conduct as part of the performance of a contract for service which constitutes fraud;
- (e) Violated any condition, limitation, or restriction
  of a permit imposed by the division;

```
(f) Has been convicted of a crime involving fraud,
1
2
   theft, or dishonest dealing involving transportation or
3
   storage of household goods for compensation; or
4
          (g) Failed to comply with the terms of a cease and
5
   desist order, notice to correct a violation, written assurance
6
   of voluntary compliance, or any other lawful order of the
7
   department, division, or a special master.
8
          (10) Two or more violations of the provisions of
9
   subsection (6), paragraph (7)(b), subsection (14), section 5,
   section 6, subsection (1) of section 8, section 9, subsection
10
   (2) of section 10, subsection (1) of section 14, subsection
12
   (1) of section 15, or subsection (4) of section 17, which
13
   result in civil fines or penalties, judgments, or
14
   administrative orders entered by the division or a conviction
15
   or plea of guilty or nolo contendere, may result in the
   revocation, suspension, or denial of the operating permit.
16
          (11) Upon denial, revocation, or suspension of a
17
   permit, the mover shall be entitled to an appeal according to
18
19
   the following:
20
          (a) Any moving company which has had an operating
   permit denied, revoked, or suspended by the division, may
21
22
   appeal such decision to the department within 20 days after
23
   receipt of the decision. A nonrefundable filing fee of up to
   $250 must accompany the written request for appeal. The filing
24
   fee shall be established by rule of the department not to
25
26
   exceed $250. The appeal shall be reviewed at a hearing of the
27
   department within 60 days after receipt by the division of the
28
   request for appeal.
29
         (b) At the conclusion of any hearing conducted
   pursuant to this subsection, the department shall orally
30
   render its decision based on evidence entered into the record.
```

The decision shall be stated in a written order and mailed to the moving company not later than 10 days after the hearing and shall be deemed final agency action with regard to the matter appealed.

- (c) Any person may appeal a final determination of the department within 30 days after the rendition of the decision by filing a petition for writ of certiorari in a court of competent jurisdiction in this state.
- (12) In the event of loss, destruction, or mutilation of an operating permit issued by the division, the person to whom the operating permit was issued may obtain a replacement of such permit upon furnishing satisfactory proof of loss, destruction, or mutilation to the division and payment of the applicable fee of up to \$50 established by rule of the department. Applications for a replacement operating permit shall include the following information:
  - (a) Name and address of the applicant.
- (b) A verified explanation of the loss, destruction, or mutilation of the operating permit.
- (c) Such other items and information as may be required by the division.
- As part of the renewal process, the previous year's application shall be updated and verified by the applicant.

  Each updated renewal application shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of up to \$250 which shall be established by rule of the department. All moneys received shall be deposited into the department's Professional Regulation Trust Fund and shall be used to accomplish the purposes of this act. All moving permits which are not renewed shall automatically expire upon the expiration date of the permit, as stated on

the permit, and all moving and storage services authorized 1 under the permit shall cease immediately. The division shall 2 3 deny any renewal application that is not timely, is incomplete, is untrue in whole or in part, or is not 4 5 accompanied by the required nonrefundable fee or results in a 6 determination by the division that an applicant has failed to 7 satisfy the requirements of this act. 8 (14) Each permitted moving company shall obtain a 9 decal from the division for each vehicle used for moving household goods. A nonrefundable vehicle decal fee shall be 10 remitted to the division, in an amount up to \$100 provided by 11 12 rule of the department, together with a complete description 13 of each vehicle. Upon issuance of a vehicle decal, such decal 14 shall be affixed to the lower left corner of the front window 15 in the vehicle at all times. The vehicle decal remains the 16 property of the division and shall be used only under the 17 authority of the division. Annual replacement vehicle decals may be obtained upon application to the division evidencing 18 19 continued compliance with the provisions of this act and 20 payment of a fee in an amount provided by rule of the department. No vehicle decal may be sold, assigned, or 21 22 otherwise transferred. If a vehicle is destroyed or sold, the mover shall remove the vehicle decal, if in existence, and 23 surrender the remains to the division. A nonrefundable fee of 24 up to \$50 for replacing decals shall be established by rule of 25 26 the department. Vehicle decals used by moving companies for 27 short-term rental vehicles shall be affixed to the magnetic 28 sign as required in section 6. 29 (15) Each vehicle decal and moving permit issued pursuant to this section shall be valid and effective for 1 30

20

2122

2324

2526

27

28

29

30

to submit a complete and true moving permit application and 1 2 the required fee for renewal by November 30 of each year shall result in the assessment of a nonrefundable late fee of up to 3 \$50. The late fee, not to exceed \$50, shall be established by 4 rule of the department. Upon submission of an application, 5 the division may provide the mover with a receipt which shall 6 7 constitute a provisional moving permit and shall be valid for 8 no longer than 45 calendar days or until the issuance or 9 denial of the moving permit, whichever comes first. Within 10 business days after receipt of the division's notice of 10 11 denial, such mover may refile a complete and true application 12 and pay a nonrefundable refiling fee established by rule of 13 the department. Failure to refile an application within such 14 10-day period shall result in the mover being required to submit a new application and repay the nonrefundable permit 15 16 fee and vehicle decal fees. 17

- (16) Moving companies which are new to the state and desire to operate in this state shall secure an operating permit and follow the permitting procedures described in this section prior to conducting business. If there are 6 months or less remaining before the annual renewal period, the fee for the operating permit shall be 50 percent of the approved fee, otherwise all other fees are applicable.
- (17) Applications for the first year of the permitting process shall be submitted by November 30, 2002. Late fees shall apply to all applications received after that date.
- Section 5. <u>Evidence of cargo legal liability valuation</u> and insurance coverage.--
- (1) The minimum amounts of cargo valuation, cargo legal liability insurance, and motor vehicle insurance coverage provided by movers are as follows:

- (a) Valuation coverage shall be at the rate of 60 cents per pound per article. Movers shall not apply any deductible to this valuation coverage.
- (b) Cargo legal liability insurance coverage for loss or damage to household goods, with the exception of loss or damage as the result of an act of God, inherent defect of the property, or for loss or damage contributed to or caused by the act or omission of the shipper, in the amount of no less than \$50,000 per shipment.
- (c) Motor vehicle combined bodily liability insurance and property damage liability insurance which shall be issued by an insurance carrier or company which is a participant in the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association and which shall be in accordance with the following:
- 1. One hundred thousand dollars per occurrence for a commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of less than 26,000 pounds.
- 2. Two hundred fifty thousand dollars per occurrence for a commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 26,000 pounds or more, but less than 44,000 pounds.
- 3. One million dollars per occurrence for a commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 44,000 pounds or more.
- (2) All evidence of insurance shall be executed and made available to the division upon application for an operational permit. In addition, the policy shall provide an endorsement providing for 30 days' written notice to the division of any material change, expiration, or cancellation of the policy. Evidence of the renewal of the policy shall be filed with the division prior to such policy's expiration date. Failure to file such evidence of insurance, or failure

to have such insurance in full force and effect, may result in denial of a permit, revocation or suspension of the permit, denial of renewal of such permit, issuance of a civil citation, misdemeanor conviction, or other such remedies available to the division under this section. The insurance carrier or company must qualify as an insurance company authorized to transact insurance in this state.

Section 6. Moving vehicles signage.--Each moving vehicle must clearly display, on the exterior of the driver and passenger sides, in letters at least 3 inches high, permanently affixed, and in contrasting colors, the moving company's name, physical address, telephone number, and permit number. If short-term use of a rental vehicle by a moving company is necessary, at a minimum, the same information and requirements must be affixed to the vehicle through the use of magnetic signs. Decals used for short-term rental vehicles must be affixed to the magnetic signs.

Section 7. Estimates of moving costs.--

- (1) A mover shall provide to a prospective shipper a written estimate of the costs which will be charged for the transportation, and accessorial services incidental to the move, of such prospective shipper's household goods. No mover shall charge for preparing an estimate unless, prior to preparing the estimate, the mover:
- (a) Clearly and conspicuously discloses in writing to the prospective shipper the amount of the charge for the preparation of the estimate or, if the amount cannot be determined, the complete basis upon which the charge will be calculated.
- (b) Obtains the prospective shipper's written
   authorization to prepare an estimate.

1	(2) A prospective shipper cannot waive the right to a
2	written estimate and a mover shall not require a prospective
3	shipper to waive the right to a written estimate.
4	(3) The written estimate provided to the prospective
5	shipper shall include, at a minimum:
6	(a) The current name, telephone number, permit number,
7	and physical address of the mover at which employees of the
8	mover are available during normal business hours.
9	(b) The name and address of the shipper, including the
10	addresses at which the items are to be picked up and
11	delivered, if known, and, if available, a telephone number
12	where the shipper may be reached.
13	(c) The name, telephone number, and physical address
14	of the storage facility or warehouse where the goods will be
15	held pending further transportation, if applicable.
16	(d) A complete itemization and description of all
17	costs and services for transportation and accessorial services
18	to be provided during a move or storage of household goods.
19	The mover shall provide a total of all costs to the shipper.
20	(e) The method of payment, subject to the provisions
21	of section 12.
22	(f) A statement regarding the mover's limitation of
23	liability, subject to the provisions of section 14.
24	(g) The following in bold capitalized letters of at
25	least 12-point type:
26	
27	PLEASE READ CAREFULLY
28	
29	IF YOU HAVE A QUESTION OR COMPLAINT, PLEASE
30	CONTACT THE DIVISION OF PROFESSIONS OF THE
31	

1 DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL 2 REGULATION IN TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA. 3 4 ESTIMATE OF TOTAL COST 5 PURSUANT TO STATE LAW 6 7 YOU ARE ENTITLED TO A WRITTEN ESTIMATE OF THE 8 TOTAL COST OF YOUR MOVE. IT IS A VIOLATION OF 9 STATE LAW IF THE TOTAL COST OF YOUR MOVE EXCEEDS THE AMOUNT OF YOUR WRITTEN ESTIMATE BY 10 11 MORE THAN TEN PERCENT. PLEASE REVIEW THIS 12 DOCUMENT TO MAKE SURE THE ESTIMATE IS COMPLETE. 13 14 (4) Prior to performing any transportation or 15 accessorial service, a copy of the estimate, signed by the 16 mover, shall be delivered to the prospective shipper. In 17 addition, a copy shall be maintained by the mover as part of 18 the mover's records. 19 Nothing in this act shall be construed to require 20 a prospective shipper to enter into a contract for service with a mover based upon the issuance of an estimate. 21 22 (6) The estimate and disclosure may be provided on the 23 same form as the contract for service. 24 (7) No mover shall provide an oral estimate to any prospective shipper without subsequently providing this 25 26 estimate in written form as required by this act. 27 (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, 28 no written estimate is required when there are continued transactions between the same shipper and mover and the mover 29

has on file a letter of understanding executed by the shipper

which lists a date certain to which said shipper waives its right to a written estimate.

Section 8. Contract for service; bill of lading.--

- (1) Prior to the performance of any service by a mover on behalf of a shipper, the mover shall prepare a written contract for service which shall be approved, signed, timed, and dated by the shipper or the shipper's agent and the mover and shall provide the shipper with a copy of such contract.
- (2) A contract for service shall clearly and conspicuously disclose, at a minimum, the following:
- (a) The current name, telephone number, permit number, and physical address of the mover at which employees of the mover are on duty during business hours.
- (b) The name and address of the shipper, including the addresses at which the items are to be picked up and delivered, and, if available, a telephone number where the shipper may be reached.
- (c) The name, telephone number, and physical address of the storage facility or warehouse where the goods will be held pending further transportation, if applicable.
- (d) The agreed pickup and delivery dates or the period of time within which pickup, delivery, or the entire move will be accomplished.
- (e) A complete itemization and description of all costs and services for transportation and accessorial services to be provided during a move or storage of household goods.

  The mover shall provide a total of all costs to the shipper.
  - (f) The method of payment, pursuant to section 12.
- (g) The maximum amount required to be paid by the shipper to the mover at the time of delivery, subject to section 10.

1	(h) The name and telephone number of any other person
2	who may authorize pickup or delivery of any items to be
3	transported, if the shipper designates such person in writing.
4	(i) A statement regarding the mover's limitation of
5	liability, pursuant to section 14.
6	(j) A brief description of the mover's procedures for
7	complaint handling, which shall include a physical address and
8	telephone number at which the shipper may contact the mover.
9	(k) If the cost for services provided is based on
10	weight, a statement which provides that the shipper has a
11	right to observe any weighing before and after loading. All
12	goods shall be weighed on a state-certified scale and weight
13	tickets shall be retained and supplied to the shipper and
14	division upon request.
15	Section 9. Disclosure statement requiredThe
16	contract for service provided by a mover to a shipper shall
17	include the following disclosures in bold capitalized letters
18	of at least 12-point type on a separate page with a copy given
19	to the shipper prior to the performance of any service by a
20	mover. Each disclosure must be initialed by the shipper prior
21	to the performance of any service by a mover:
22	
23	PLEASE READ CAREFULLY
24	
25	IF YOU HAVE A QUESTION OR COMPLAINT, PLEASE
26	CONTACT THE DIVISION OF PROFESSIONS OF THE
27	DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL
28	REGULATION IN TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA.
29	
30	CONTRACT FOR SERVICE
31	

THIS CONTRACT FOR SERVICE IS REQUIRED BY STATE LAW AND MUST INCLUDE ALL OF THE TERMS AND COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH YOUR MOVE. IN ORDER FOR THE CONTRACT FOR SERVICE TO BE ACCURATE, YOU MUST DISCLOSE ALL INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE MOVE TO THE MOVER. STATE LAW REQUIRES THAT A MOVER DELIVER YOUR GOODS AND COMPLETE YOUR MOVE UPON PAYMENT OF NO MORE THAN THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT STATED IN THE CONTRACT. DAMAGE OR OTHER CLAIM

10 11

1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

PURSUANT TO STATE LAW, YOU HAVE A PERIOD OF UP TO 30 DAYS AFTER THE COMPLETION OF THE DELIVERY OF THE HOUSEHOLD GOODS TO NOTIFY THE MOVER, IN WRITING, OF ANY CLAIM FOR LOSS, DAMAGE, OR DELAY IN RELATION TO THIS MOVE. HOWEVER, BE ADVISED THAT THIS DOES NOT LIMIT ANY OTHER LEGAL REMEDY AVAILABLE TO YOU.

19 20 21

## INVENTORY

22 23

24

25

PURSUANT TO STATE LAW, A WRITTEN INVENTORY OF THE SHIPPER'S HOUSEHOLD GOODS SHALL BE PREPARED BY THE MOVER AT NO ADDITIONAL CHARGE TO THE SHIPPER WHEN:

- (A) THE MOVE IS NOT PERFORMED POINT-TO-POINT;
- 28 (B) THE GOODS WHICH ARE THE SUBJECT OF THE 29 MOVE ARE PLACED IN STORAGE;
- 30 (C) THE GOODS ARE NOT DELIVERED ON THE SAME DAY THEY WERE PICKED UP; OR

(D) MORE THAN ONE SHIPPER'S GOODS ARE ON THE MOVING VEHICLE AT THE SAME TIME.

The written inventory shall be signed by the mover and the shipper at the origin and destination. Under any other circumstances, the shipper may request an inventory and the mover may charge for preparing the inventory after clearly and conspicuously disclosing in writing to the shipper the amount of the charge for the preparation of the inventory.

Section 10. Charges in excess of written estimate, unlawful charges, refusal to relinquish goods prohibited; payment of charges in excess of written estimate or contract for service.--

- (1) A mover shall not charge the shipper in excess of 10 percent over the amount of the written estimate, except as provided in subsection (3). If the mover charges an amount in excess of the written estimate, but not more than 10 percent as provided in this section, the mover shall provide a written explanation of such excess charges to the shipper, which explanation shall be consistent with paragraph (3)(d) of section 7, at the time of delivery but prior to payment by the shipper.
- any or all of the shipper's household goods or fail to complete in a timely manner all transportation and accessorial services required to be performed pursuant to the contract for service because the shipper has refused to pay for charges in excess of the amount set forth in subsection (1), in excess of the total amount set forth in the contract for service as required by paragraph (2)(e) of section 8, or in excess of the contract pursuant to subsection (3).

(3) Circumstances preventing the mover from obtaining reasonable access to the place of origin or destination, and for which the mover had no prior knowledge, may result in an increase of the contract amount. The mover shall provide a written explanation of such excess charges to the shipper together with the total cost of any additional service which shall be authorized and signed by the shipper.

Section 11. Inventory.—A written inventory of the shipper's household goods shall be prepared by the mover at no additional charge to the shipper when the move is not performed point—to—point, the goods which are the subject of the move are placed in storage, the goods are not delivered on the same day they were picked up, or more than one shipper's goods are on the moving vehicle at the same time. The written inventory shall be signed by the mover and the shipper at both the origin and destination. Under any other circumstances, the shipper may request an inventory and the mover may charge for preparing the inventory after clearly and conspicuously disclosing in writing to the shipper the amount of the charge for the preparation of the inventory.

Section 12. Acceptable forms of payment.--A mover shall accept a minimum of two of the three following forms of payment:

- (1) Cash, cashier's check, money order, or traveler's
  check;
- (2) Personal check, showing upon its face the name and address of the shipper or authorized representative; or
- (3) Credit card, which shall include, but not be limited to, Visa or MasterCard.

A mover shall clearly and conspicuously disclose to the shipper in the contract for service and the estimate which methods of payment the mover will accept.

Section 13. Reasonable dispatch.--Except when delays are caused by actions of the shipper:

- (1) A mover shall transport all shipments on the dates and within the time period agreed upon by the mover and the shipper as specified in the contract for service.
- (2) A shipper may seek recourse through filing a complaint with the division, pursuant to section 18, or in a court of competent jurisdiction if a mover fails to perform either pickup or delivery or any accessorial services as agreed upon in the contract for service or the shipper incurs any expenses that would not otherwise have been incurred.

Section 14. <u>Liability of movers; limitation and disclosure.--</u>

- (1) A mover shall not limit its liability of a shipment of household goods to an amount less than 60 cents per pound per article. A mover shall offer such minimum valuation coverage with no deductible and at no charge to a shipper.
- excess of such minimum valuation at an additional cost. Such additional cost and coverage, including any deductible, shall be disclosed to the shipper on the estimate and contract prior to the move. Such additional coverage shall not exceed the declared value of the shipment or the cargo liability insurance actually carried by the mover and available to the shipper.
- 30 (3) The rejection or selection of additional valuation
  31 or cargo liability coverage shall be made in writing on a form

prescribed by the division by rule. The form shall fully 1 2 advise the shipper of the nature of the limitation of cargo 3 liability and shall state that the minimum coverage is equal to the limit referred to in subsection (1) unless otherwise 4 5 requested. The heading of the form shall be in 12-point bold 6 type and shall state: 7 8 PLEASE READ CAREFULLY 9 10 WAIVER OF CERTAIN INSURANCE COVERAGE. -- BY 11 SIGNING THIS WAIVER, YOU ARE DECLINING CERTAIN 12 VALUABLE COVERAGE WHICH PROTECTS YOUR 13 POSSESSIONS ABOVE THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS SET BY 14 LAW (60 CENTS PER POUND PER ARTICLE). 15 16 PLEASE READ CAREFULLY 17 18 IF YOU HAVE A QUESTION OR COMPLAINT, PLEASE 19 CONTACT THE DIVISION OF PROFESSIONS OF THE 20 DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL 21 REGULATION IN TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA. 22 23 Section 15. Records; inquiry or complaint handling; 24 inspection. --25 (1) A mover shall maintain records which shall 26 include, but not be limited to, all estimates and contracts 27 for services for a period of at least 5 years after the date 28 of completion of performance of the contract for service. 29 Records shall be made available for inspection and copying immediately upon demand by the division for all moves which 30

which occurred more than 12 months prior to the division's request shall be made available for inspection and copying within 5 business days after the mover's receipt of a written request from the division.

- (2) A mover shall establish and maintain a procedure for responding to inquiries and complaints from shippers. The procedure shall include a means whereby the shipper may communicate with the principal office of the mover by telephone. This procedure and telephone number shall be stated on the contract and estimate.
- (3) The mover shall retain and make part of the file relating to a shipment a written record of all complaints and inquiries received from a shipper.
- (4) All complaints and inquiries on file with the division pertaining to a contract for service or mover shall be a public record open to public inspection as required by state law.
- (5) The premises of all movers shall be open to the division for inspection, investigation, or for such other purposes as are necessary for the enforcement and administration of this act during the business hours of the mover and in no event not less than between the hours of 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.
- (6) The operator of a moving vehicle shall not conduct a move unless the moving vehicle operator providing such service maintains in his or her possession the completed written estimate and signed contract for service. Each completed written estimate and signed contract for service shall be available for inspection on demand by division personnel at any time during the period of the move.

Section 16. Collection of freight charges on shipments 1 involving loss or destruction in transit. -- A mover shall not collect or require a shipper to pay any charges if all of the shipper's household goods are totally lost or destroyed.

Section 17. Claims.--

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

- (1) No claim against a mover for damage shall be denied solely because the damage was not noted at the time of delivery. If a shipper files a claim for loss or damage not noted at the time of delivery, a mover remains obligated to investigate such claim. A shipper does not waive his or her right to a claim for damages solely by acknowledging receipt of the household goods on a bill of lading, contract, or other document.
- (2) Whenever a mover requires a signed statement acknowledging delivery or receipt of items, the statement shall include a clear and conspicuous notice that the shipper may make notations regarding the household goods as delivered and that the shipper may file a claim with the mover for lost or damaged household goods.
- (3) Pursuant to this act, a shipper shall have a period of up to 30 days after the completion of delivery of the household goods to notify a mover in writing of any claim for loss, damage, or delay resulting from the performance of its contract for service. Such limitation shall not be construed to limit any other remedy the shipper may have available at law.
- (4) Each claim filed against a mover shall be promptly and thoroughly investigated by the mover. If the claim cannot be resolved within 30 days, the mover shall advise the claimant in writing of the status of the claim and the reason 31 | for the delay. A mover shall object to or resolve a claim

filed by a shipper and notify the shipper in writing no later than 90 days after receipt of the claim.

- (5) When a claim asserted against the mover for loss of an item or an entire shipment cannot be otherwise authenticated upon investigation, the mover may request from the shipper, and the shipper shall be required to sign, a sworn written statement that the household goods for which the claim is filed have not been received from any other source. If the shipper presents a false or fraudulent statement, the shipper shall be liable for damages to the mover.
- (6) When a claim is settled on any damaged item, the shipper shall retain possession of such item, unless the claim settlement is equal to the full value of such item.

Section 18. Consumer complaints.--

- (1) Any person aggrieved by one of the following circumstances may file a written complaint with the division:
  - (a) A violation of this act;
- (b) A mover which fails to perform any service pursuant to the terms and conditions as agreed upon in the contract for service; or
- (c) Any claim as described in section 17 which cannot be otherwise resolved.
- (2) Such complaint shall include a brief statement of the allegations upon which the complaint is based.
- (3) Upon receipt of such complaint, the department shall take any appropriate action, including, but not limited to, mediation, issuance of citations or cease and desist orders, further administrative action, requests for temporary and permanent injunctions, or dismissal of the complaint.
- Section 19. <u>Fraudulent transfer of moving company.--A</u>

  transfer of a moving company to a successor company shall be

1	deemed a fraudulent transfer if such transfer is made by the
2	moving company for the purpose of evading permit fees or civil
3	penalties imposed pursuant to this act. In determining intent
4	to defraud, consideration may be given, among other factors,
5	as to whether:
6	(1) The transfer was to an insider;
7	(2) The moving company retained possession or control
8	of the property transferred after the transfer;
9	(3) The transfer was disclosed or concealed;
10	(4) Before the transfer was made or obligation was
11	incurred, the moving company had been sued or threatened with
12	suit;
13	(5) The transfer was of substantially all the moving
14	<pre>company's assets;</pre>
15	(6) The value of the consideration received by the
16	moving company was reasonably equivalent to the value of the
17	asset transferred or the amount of the obligation incurred;
18	(7) The moving company was insolvent or became
19	insolvent shortly after the transfer was made or the
20	obligation was incurred;
21	(8) The transfer occurred shortly before or shortly
22	after substantial permit fees or civil penalties were
23	incurred; or
24	(9) The moving company transferred the essential
25	assets of the business to a lienor who transferred the assets
26	to an insider of the moving company.
27	Section 20. Enforcement and penalties
28	(1) Any person or entity that operates or attempts to
29	operate as a mover without an active, valid operating permit

issued pursuant to this act commits a misdemeanor of the

30

second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
775.083, Florida Statutes.

- (2) In addition to the sanctions contained in this subsection, the department shall take any other appropriate legal action, including, but not limited to, cease and desist orders, other administrative actions, and requests for temporary and permanent injunctions to enforce the provisions of this act. Each day during any portion of which a violation occurs or continues to occur constitutes a separate violation. It is the purpose of this act to provide additional cumulative remedies.
  - (a) Any violation of this act is a civil infraction.
- (b) Any person who has committed an act in violation of this act shall receive a citation from the division or any law enforcement officer who has probable cause to believe that the person has committed a civil infraction in violation of this act.
- (c) The division and state courts shall have jurisdiction over all violations of this act.
  - (d) The division shall:
- $\underline{\text{1. Accept designated fines and issue receipts for such}}$  fines.
- 2. Provide a uniform citation form serially numbered for notifying alleged violators to appear and answer to charges of violation of this act. Such citation forms shall be issued to and receipted by the division.
- (e) Violation of any provision of this act shall be punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500. Any person who has violated any provision of this act shall be fined an amount of up to \$500 as established by rule of the department.

- (f) Any person issued a citation shall be deemed to be charged with a civil violation and shall comply with the directives on the citation.
- (g) Payment shall be made, by mail or in person, to the division within the time specified on the citation. If a person follows this procedure, such person shall be deemed to have admitted the infraction and to have waived the person's right to a hearing on the issue of commission of the infraction.
- (h) All fines collected as a result of such citations shall be paid into the department's Professional Regulation

  Trust Fund and used for the moving and storage program.

  Pursuant to ss. 938.01, 938.17, and 938.19, Florida Statutes, mandatory costs shall be assessed against each person convicted of a violation of this act.
- (i) Any person who fails to make payment within the specified period shall be deemed to have waived such person's right to pay the civil penalty as set forth in the citation.
- (j) Any person who elects to appear before a court to contest the citation shall be deemed to have waived such person's right to pay the civil penalty. The court, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether a violation has occurred and may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$500 plus court costs.
- (k) If a person fails to pay the civil penalty, or fails to appear in court to contest the citation, such person shall be deemed to have waived the right to contest the citation and, in such case, a default judgment may be entered and the judge shall impose a fine at that time. An order to show cause may be issued. If the fine is paid, the case shall

be dismissed. If the fine is not paid, judgment may be entered up to the maximum civil penalty.

- (1) Any person cited for a violation of this act shall sign and accept the citation indicating a promise to pay the fine or appear in court. Any person who willfully refuses to sign and accept a citation issued by an officer commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, Florida Statutes.
- (m) The division may require mandatory court appearances for violations resulting in the issuance of a third or subsequent citation to a person. The citation shall clearly inform the person of the mandatory court appearance. The division shall maintain records to prove the number of citations issued to the person. Persons required to appear in court do not have the option of paying the fine instead of appearing in court.
  - (3) This act shall be enforced by the department.
- (4) The division shall maintain a system by which movers are given citations or written notice of all violations. Division personnel shall be permitted to enter the business premises of a mover to ascertain whether the business is in compliance with this act. If division personnel are unreasonably refused entry or access to the business premises as stated above, the division shall obtain an inspection warrant pursuant to s. 933.20, Florida Statutes, in order to ascertain compliance with this act.
- (5) The division is authorized to enforce the provisions of this act by administrative fines of up to \$500 for each violation. Each day of a continuing violation shall be deemed a separate violation.

Section 21. All local laws and ordinances of any county or municipality of this state which conflict with any provision of this act are repealed. Section 22. If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this act is for any reason held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, inoperative or void, such holding shall not affect the constitutionality of the remainder of this act. Section 23. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. HOUSE SUMMARY Regulates moving companies. Requires registration, operating permits, and vehicle decals. Requires insurance coverage. Provides for administration and enforcement by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. See bill for details.