By the Council for Smarter Government and Representative Johnson

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to regulation of movers; 3 providing definitions; providing construction, intent, and application; providing for 4 5 registration with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; authorizing the 6 7 department to adopt rules; providing for fees; 8 providing for display of certain information; providing for local registration; providing 9 requirements, procedures, criteria, and 10 limitations; authorizing the department to 11 12 charge certain fees; providing for denial of or 13 refusal to renew registration; providing security requirements and procedures; requiring 14 15 estimates of moving costs; providing 16 requirements and criteria; providing for delivery and storage of household goods; 17 specifying violations; providing that certain 18 violations constitute deceptive and unfair 19 20 trade practices; providing penalties; providing for relief; providing for deposit of funds; 21 22 providing intent regarding preemption of local laws; providing for enforcement by the 23 24 department under cooperative agreements with 25 local governments; providing an effective date. 26 27 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 28 29 Definitions. -- For the purposes of this act, 30 the term: 31

- (1) "Accessorial services" means any service performed by a mover which results in a charge to the shipper and is incidental to the transportation service, including, but not limited to, valuation coverage; preparation of written inventory; storage, packing, unpacking, or crating of articles; hoisting or lowering; waiting time; long carry, which is defined as carrying articles excessive distances between the mover's vehicle and the residence; overtime loading and unloading; reweighing; disassembly or reassembly; elevator or stair carrying; boxing or servicing of appliances; and furnishing of packing or crating materials. Accessorial services also include services not performed by the mover but by a third party at the request of the shipper or mover, if the charges for such services are to be paid to the mover by the shipper at or prior to the time of delivery.
- (2) "Compensation" means money, fee, emolument, quid pro quo, barter, remuneration, pay, reward, indemnification, or satisfaction.
- (3) "Contract for service" or "bill of lading" means a written document which authorizes services from the named mover and lists the services and all costs associated with the transportation of household goods and accessorial services to be performed.
- (4) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (5) "Estimate" means a written document which sets forth the total cost and the basis of such costs related to a shipper's move, which shall include, but not be limited to, transportation or accessorial services.
- (6) "Household goods" means personal effects or other personal property found in a home, personal residence, storage

facility, or other location, including property in a 1 2 storehouse or warehouse facility that is owned or rented by a shipper or shipper's agent, but does not include freight or 3 4 personal property moving to or from a factory, store, or other 5 place of business. 6 (7) "Mover" means any person who engages in the 7 transportation or shipment of household goods for 8 compensation. 9 "Shipper" means any person who uses the services of a mover to transport or ship household goods. 10 (9) "Storage" means warehousing of the shipper's goods 11 12 while under the care, custody, and control of the mover. 13 Section 2. Construction; intent; application. --14 The provisions of this act shall be construed 15 liberally to: 16 (a) Establish the law of this state governing the transportation, shipment, and affiliated storage of household 17 18 goods. 19 (b) Address moving practices in this state in a manner 20 not inconsistent with federal law relating to consumer 21 protection. 22 (2) The provisions of this act shall apply to the operations of any mover engaged in the intrastate 23 24 transportation of household goods, except this act shall not 25 be construed to include shipments contracted by the United 26 States, the state, or any local government or political 27 subdivision of the state. The provisions of this act shall 28 only apply to the transportation of household goods

originating in this state and terminating in this state.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

25

26

2728

29

30

- (3) It is the intent of this act to secure the satisfaction and confidence of shippers and members of the public when using a mover.
- (4) Nothing in this act shall be construed to remove the authority or jurisdiction of any federal agency with respect to goods or services regulated or controlled under other provisions of law.

Section 3. Registration.--

- (1) Each mover shall annually register with the department, providing its legal business and trade name, mailing address, and business locations; the full names, addresses, telephone numbers, and social security numbers of its owners or corporate officers and directors and the Florida agent of the corporation; a statement whether it is a domestic or foreign corporation, its state and date of incorporation, its charter number, and, if a foreign corporation, the date it registered with the State of Florida, and occupational license where applicable; the date on which a mover registered its fictitious name if the mover is operating under a fictitious or trade name; the name of all other corporations, business entities, and trade names through which each owner of the mover operated, was known, or did business as a mover within the preceding 5 years; and proof of purchase of adequate bond or establishment of a letter of credit or certificate of deposit as required in this act.
- (2) A certificate evidencing proof of registration shall be issued by the department and must be prominently displayed in the mover's primary place of business.
- (3) Registration fees shall be \$300 per year per mover. All amounts collected shall be deposited by the Treasurer to the credit of the General Inspection Trust Fund

of the department for the sole purpose of administration of this act.

- (4) Any mover whose principal place of business is located in a county or municipality that requires, by local ordinance, a local license or registration to engage in the business of moving and storage of household goods shall obtain the license or registration from such county or municipality. A mover that obtains such local license or registration shall also be required to pay the state registration fee under subsection (3) and the department shall issue the mover a state certificate of registration upon submission of proof of the local license or registration by the mover.
- (5) Each contract of a mover must include the phrase
 "...(NAME OF FIRM)... is registered with the State of Florida
 as a Mover. Registration No."
- (6) Each advertisement of a mover must include the phrase "Fla. Mover Reg. No."
- transacting business at any place other than that designated in its application, unless the department is first notified in writing in advance of any change of location. A registration issued under this act shall not be assignable, and the mover shall not be permitted to conduct business under more than one name except as registered. A mover desiring to change its registered name or location or designated agent for service of process at a time other than upon renewal of registration shall notify the department of such change.
- (8) The department may deny or refuse to renew the registration of any mover based upon a determination that the mover, or any of its directors, officers, owners, or general partners:

- (a) Has failed to meet the requirements for registration as provided in this act;
- (b) Has been convicted of a crime involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any other act of moral turpitude;
- (c) Has not satisfied a civil fine or penalty arising out of any administrative or enforcement action brought by any governmental agency or private person based upon conduct involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any violation of this act;
- (d) Has pending against him or her any criminal, administrative, or enforcement proceedings in any jurisdiction, based upon conduct involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any other act of moral turpitude; or
- (e) Has had a judgment entered against him or her in any action brought by the department or the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to this act or ss. 501.201-501.213, Florida Statutes, the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act.

Section 4. Security requirements. --

- (1) An application must be accompanied by a performance bond in the amount of \$25,000, otherwise the mover shall be subject to the forfeiture and restitution requirements under subsection (6). The surety on such bond shall be a surety company authorized to do business in the state.
- (2) In lieu of the performance bond required in subsection (1), an applicant for registration may establish a certificate of deposit or an irrevocable letter of credit in a Florida banking institution in the amount of \$25,000. The department shall be the beneficiary to this certificate of deposit, and the original shall be filed with the department.

Any such letter of credit shall provide that the issuer will 2 give the department not less than 120 days' written notice 3 prior to terminating or refusing to renew the letter of credit. 4 5 (3) The performance bond, letter of credit, or 6 certificate of deposit shall be in favor of the department for 7 the use and benefit of any customer who is injured by the fraud, misrepresentation, breach of contract, financial 8 failure, or violation of any provision of this act by the 9 mover. Such liability may be enforced either by proceeding in 10 an administrative action as specified in subsection (4) or by 11 12 filing a judicial suit at law in a court of competent 13 jurisdiction. However, in such court suit the performance 14 bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit posted with 15 the department shall not be amenable or subject to any 16 judgment or other legal process issuing out of or from such court in connection with such lawsuit, but such performance 17 bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit shall be 18 19 amenable to and enforceable only by and through administrative 20 proceedings before the department. It is the intent of the Legislature that such performance bond, letter of credit, or 21 certificate of deposit shall be applicable and liable only for 22 the payment of claims duly adjudicated by order of the 23 department. The performance bond, letter of credit, or 24 25 certificate of deposit shall be open to successive claims, but 26 the aggregate amount may not exceed the amount of the 27 performance bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit. 28 (4) Any shipper may file a claim against the 29 performance bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit 30 which shall be made in writing to the department within 180 days after an alleged violation has occurred or is discovered

to have occurred. The proceedings shall be held in accordance with chapter 120, Florida Statutes.

- (5) The department may waive the performance bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit requirement on an annual basis if the mover has had 5 or more consecutive years of experience as a mover in Florida in compliance with this act; has not had any civil, criminal, or administrative action instituted against the mover by any governmental agency or any action involving fraud, theft, misappropriation of property, or moral turpitude; and has a satisfactory consumer complaint history with the department. Such waiver may be revoked if the mover violates any provision of this act.
- (6) Any mover who does not acquire a performance bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit pursuant to this section and who is found in violation of section 11(1) is subject to forfeiture and seizure of any equipment used in the transportation or storage of a shipper's household goods and financial restitution equal to the cost of the goods withheld.
- Section 5. <u>Estimates and contracts for service.--A</u>

 contract and estimate provided to a prospective shipper must

 be in writing and include:
- (1) The name, telephone number, and physical address where the mover's employees are available during normal business hours.
- (2) The date and time the contract or estimate is prepared and any proposed date of the move.
- (3) The name and address of the shipper, the addresses where the items are to be picked up and delivered, and a telephone number where the shipper may be reached.
- (4) The name, telephone number, and physical address
 of any location where the goods will be held pending further

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27 28

29

30

transportation, including situations where the mover retains possession of goods pending resolution of a fee dispute with the shipper.

- (5) An itemized breakdown and description and total of all costs and services for transportation and accessorial services to be provided during a move or storage of household goods.
 - (6) The accepted methods of payment. Section 6. Delivery and storage of household goods .--
- (1) A mover must relinquish household goods to a shipper and must place the goods inside a shipper's dwelling unless the shipper has not tendered payment in the amount specified in a written contract or estimate signed and dated by the shipper. A mover may not refuse to relinquish prescription medicines and goods for use by children, including children's furniture, clothing, or toys, under any circumstances.
- (2) A mover may not refuse to relinquish household goods to a shipper or fail to place the goods inside a shipper's dwelling based on the mover's refusal to accept a particular form of payment, including cash, cashier's check, money order, traveler's check, personal check, credit card, charge card, or debit card, unless the mover clearly and conspicuously discloses the accepted methods of payment in a written contract or estimate signed and dated by the shipper.
- (3) A mover that lawfully fails to relinquish a shipper's household goods may place the goods in storage until payment is tendered. However, the mover must inform the shipper promptly in writing where the goods are located and the amount due. A mover may not require a prospective shipper 31 to waive any rights or requirements under this section.

1 Section 7. Violations.--It is a violation of this act 2 to: 3 (1) Conduct business as a mover without first being 4 registered annually with the department. (2) Conduct business as a mover without a performance 5 6 bond, a letter of credit, or a certificate of deposit. 7 (3) Knowingly make any false statement, 8 representation, or certification in any application, document, or record required to be submitted or retained under this act. 9 10 (4) Knowingly require, request, encourage, or suggest, directly or indirectly, that payment for the right to obtain a 11 12 contract for moving services or accessorial services must be 13 by credit card authorization or to otherwise announce a 14 preference for that method of payment over any other method when no correct and true explanation for such preference is 15 16 stated. 17 (5) Misrepresent in any manner the shipper's right to cancel and to receive an appropriate refund for services 18 19 provided by the mover. 20 (6) Misrepresent or deceptively represent: (a) The contract for services, bill of lading, or 21 22 inventory of household goods for the move estimated. 23 (b) The timeframe or schedule for delivery or storage 24 of household goods estimated. The price, size, nature, extent, qualities, or 25 26 characteristics of accessorial or moving services offered. 27 (d) The nature or extent of other goods, services, or 28 amenities offered. 29 (e) A shipper's rights, privileges, or benefits. 30 31

(7) Fail to inform a purchaser of a nonrefundable 1 2 cancellation policy prior to the mover accepting any compensation, commission, or other valuable consideration. 3 4 (8) Fail to honor and comply with all provisions of the contract for services or bill of lading regarding the 5 6 purchaser's rights, benefits, and privileges thereunder. 7 (9) Charge more than 10 percent above the cost of the 8 estimate of the contract unless authorized by the shipper prior to pickup and transportation of the household goods. The 9 10 mover shall provide written justification for any amount charged above the original estimate. 11 12 (10) Withhold delivery of household goods or in any 13 way hold goods in storage against the expressed wishes of the 14 shipper as delineated in the contract for services. 15 (11)(a) Include in any contract any provision 16 purporting to waive or limit any right or benefit provided to 17 shippers under this act. (b) Seek or solicit such waiver or acceptance of 18 limitation from a shipper concerning rights or benefits 19 20 provided under this act. 21 (c) Use a local mailing address, registration facility, drop box, or answering service in the promotion, 22 23 advertising, solicitation, or sale of contracts, unless the 24 mover's fixed business address is clearly disclosed during any

principal officers to refuse or fail, after notice, to produce

telephone solicitation and is prominently and conspicuously

disclosed on all solicitation materials and on the contract.

(d) Do any other act which constitutes fraud,

misrepresentation, or failure to disclose a material fact.

(e) Refuse or fail, or for any of the mover's

2526

27

28

29

3 4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

any document or record or disclose any information required to be produced or disclosed.

- (f) Knowingly make a material false statement in response to any request or investigation by the department, the Department of Legal Affairs, or the state attorney.
- Section 8. Deceptive and unfair trade practice.--Acts, conduct, practices, omissions, failings, misrepresentations, or nondisclosures which constitute a violation of this act also constitute a deceptive and unfair trade practice for the purpose of ss. 501.201-501.213, Florida Statutes, the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, and administrative rules adopted thereunder.
 - Section 9. Administrative remedies; penalties.--
- (1) The department may enter an order doing one or more of the following if the department finds that a mover or person employed or contracted by a mover has violated or is operating in violation of any of the provisions of this act or the rules or orders issued thereunder:
- Issuing a notice of noncompliance pursuant to s. (a) 120.695, Florida Statutes.
- (b) Imposing an administrative fine not to exceed 22 \$5,000 for each act or omission.
 - (c) Directing that the person cease and desist specified activities.
 - (d) Refusing to register or revoking or suspending a registration.
 - (e) Placing the registrant on probation for a period of time, subject to such conditions as the department may specify.
- (2) The administrative proceedings which could result 30 in the entry of an order imposing any of the penalties

specified in subsection (1) are governed by chapter 120, Florida Statutes.

The department has the authority to adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120, Florida Statutes, to implement this section.

Section 10. Civil penalties; remedies.--

- (1) The department may institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover any penalties or damages allowed in this act and for injunctive relief to enforce compliance with this act.
- (2) The department may seek a civil penalty of up to 12 \$5,000 for each violation of this act.
 - (3) The department may seek restitution for and on behalf of any shipper aggrieved or injured by a violation of this act.
 - (4) Any provision in a contract for services or bill of lading from a mover that purports to waive, limit, restrict, or avoid any of the duties, obligations, or prescriptions of the mover, as provided in this act, is void and unenforceable and against public policy.
 - (5) The remedies provided in this act are in addition to any other remedies available for the same conduct.
 - (6) Upon motion of the department in any action brought under this act, the court may make appropriate orders, including appointment of a master or receiver or sequestration of assets, to reimburse shippers found to have been damaged, to carry out a consumer transaction in accordance with the shipper's reasonable expectations, or to grant other appropriate relief.

Section 11. Criminal penalties.--

30 31

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28

 (1) The refusal of a mover or a mover's employee, agent, or contractor to comply with an order from a law enforcement officer to relinquish a shipper's household goods after the officer determines that the shipper has tendered payment of the amount of a written estimate or contract, or after the officer determines that the mover did not produce a signed estimate or contract upon which demand is being made for payment, is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, Florida Statutes. A mover's compliance with an order from a law enforcement officer to relinquish goods to a shipper is not a waiver or finding of fact regarding any right to seek further payment from the shipper.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (1), any person or business that violates this act commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, Florida Statutes.

Section 12. <u>General Inspection Trust Fund;</u>
payments.—Any moneys recovered by the department as a penalty
under this act shall be deposited in the General Inspection
Trust Fund.

Section 13. Local preemption.--The provisions of this act are not intended to preempt local ordinances or regulations of a county or municipality that regulate transactions relating to movers of household goods or to limit the authority of such county or municipality to require, levy, or collect any registration fee or tax or to require the registration or bonding in any manner of any mover. The department may enter into a cooperative agreement with any county or municipality that provides for the referral,

1	investigation, and prosecution of consumer complaints alleging
2	violations of this act.
3	Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	