Bill No. CS/HB 913, 2nd Eng.

Amendment No. ____ Barcode 732346

CHAMBER ACTION

	CHAMBER ACTION Senate House
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11	Senator Latvala moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	Delete everything after the enacting clause
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16	and insert:
17	Section 1. Health flex plans
18	(1) INTENTThe Legislature finds that a significant
19	proportion of the residents of this state are unable to obtain
20	affordable health insurance coverage. Therefore, it is the
21	intent of the Legislature to expand the availability of health
22	care options for low-income uninsured state residents by
23	encouraging health insurers, health maintenance organizations,
24	health-care-provider-sponsored organizations, local
25	governments, health care districts, or other public or private
26	community-based organizations to develop alternative
27	approaches to traditional health insurance which emphasize
28	coverage for basic and preventive health care services. To the
29	maximum extent possible, these options should be coordinated
30	with existing governmental or community-based health services
31	programs in a manner that is consistent with the objectives

and requirements of such programs. 1 DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term: 2 3 "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care (a) 4 Administration. 5 "Department" means the Department of Insurance. (b) 6 "Enrollee" means an individual who has been 7 determined to be eligible for and is receiving health care coverage under a health flex plan approved under this section. 8 (d) "Health care coverage" or "health flex plan 9 10 coverage" means health care services that are covered as benefits under an approved health flex plan or that are 11 12 otherwise provided, either directly or through arrangements 13 with other persons, via a health flex plan on a prepaid 14 per-capita basis or on a prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis. 15 (e) "Health flex plan" means a health plan approved under subsection (3) which guarantees payment for specified 16 17 health care coverage provided to the enrollee. (f) "Health flex plan entity" means a health insurer, 18 19 health maintenance organization, health care provider-sponsored organization, local government, health care 20 21 district, or other public or private community-based organization that develops and implements an approved health 22 flex plan and is responsible for administering the health flex 23 24 plan and paying all claims for health flex plan coverage by enrollees of the health flex plan. 25 26 (3) PILOT PROGRAM. -- The agency and the department 27 shall each approve or disapprove health flex plans that 28 provide health care coverage for eligible participants who 29 reside in the three areas of the state that have the highest 30 number of uninsured persons, as identified in the Florida

31 | Health Insurance Study conducted by the agency and in Indian

River County. A health flex plan may limit or exclude benefits otherwise required by law for insurers offering coverage in this state, may cap the total amount of claims paid per year per enrollee, may limit the number of enrollees, or may take any combination of those actions.

- (a) The agency shall develop guidelines for the review of applications for health flex plans and shall disapprove or withdraw approval of plans that do not meet or no longer meet minimum standards for quality of care and access to care.
- (b) The department shall develop guidelines for the review of health flex plan applications and shall disapprove or shall withdraw approval of plans that:
- 1. Contain any ambiguous, inconsistent, or misleading provisions or any exceptions or conditions that deceptively affect or limit the benefits purported to be assumed in the general coverage provided by the health flex plan;
- 2. Provide benefits that are unreasonable in relation to the premium charged or contain provisions that are unfair or inequitable or contrary to the public policy of this state, that encourage misrepresentation, or that result in unfair discrimination in sales practices; or
- 3. Cannot demonstrate that the health flex plan is financially sound and that the applicant is able to underwrite or finance the health care coverage provided.
- (c) The agency and the department may adopt rules as needed to administer this section.
- (4) LICENSE NOT REQUIRED.--Neither the licensing requirements of the Florida Insurance Code nor chapter 641,

 Florida Statutes, relating to health maintenance organizations, is applicable to a health flex plan approved under this section, unless expressly made applicable. However,

for the purpose of prohibiting unfair trade practices, health flex plans are considered to be insurance subject to the 2 3 applicable provisions of part IX of chapter 626, Florida 4 Statutes, except as otherwise provided in this section. 5 (5) ELIGIBILITY.--Eligibility to enroll in an approved 6 health flex plan is limited to residents of this state who: 7 (a) Are 64 years of age or younger; (b) Have a family income equal to or less than 200 8 percent of the federal poverty level; 9 (c) Are not covered by a private insurance policy and 10 are not eligible for coverage through a public health 11 12 insurance program, such as Medicare or Medicaid, or another public health care program, such as KidCare, and have not been 13 covered at any time during the past 6 months; and 14 15 (d) Have applied for health care coverage through an approved health flex plan and have agreed to make any payments 16 17 required for participation, including periodic payments or 18 payments due at the time health care services are provided. 19 (6) RECORDS.--Each health flex plan shall maintain 20 enrollment data and reasonable records of its losses, expenses, and claims experience and shall make those records 21 reasonably available to enable the department to monitor and 22 determine the financial viability of the health flex plan, as 23 24 necessary. Provider networks and total enrollment by area shall be reported to the agency biannually to enable the 25 26 agency to monitor access to care. 27 (7) NOTICE. -- The denial of coverage by a health flex 28 plan, or the nonrenewal or cancellation of coverage, must be

cancellation. Notice of nonrenewal or cancellation must be provided at least 45 days in advance of the nonrenewal or

accompanied by the specific reasons for denial, nonrenewal, or

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persons under this section.

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- cancellation, except that 10 days' written notice must be given for cancellation due to nonpayment of premiums. If the health flex plan fails to give the required notice, the health flex plan coverage must remain in effect until notice is appropriately given. (8) NONENTITLEMENT.--Coverage under an approved health flex plan is not an entitlement, and a cause of action does not arise against the state, a local government entity, or any other political subdivision of this state, or against the agency, for failure to make coverage available to eligible
 - (9) PROGRAM EVALUATION. -- The agency and the department shall evaluate the pilot program and its effect on the entities that seek approval as health flex plans, on the number of enrollees, and on the scope of the health care coverage offered under a health flex plan; shall provide an assessment of the health flex plans and their potential applicability in other settings; and shall, by January 1, 2004, jointly submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
 - (10) EXPIRATION. -- This section expires July 1, 2004. Section 2. Section 408.7057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 408.7057 Statewide provider and health plan managed care organization claim dispute resolution program .--
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
 - (a) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care Administration.
- (b) (a) "Health plan Managed care organization" means a 31 | health maintenance organization or a prepaid health clinic

certified under chapter 641, a prepaid health plan authorized under s. 409.912, or an exclusive provider organization certified under s. 627.6472, or a major medical expense health insurance policy as defined in s. 627.643(2)(e) offered by a group or an individual health insurer licensed pursuant to chapter 624, including a preferred provider organization under s. 627.6471.

- (c)(b) "Resolution organization" means a qualified independent third-party claim-dispute-resolution entity selected by and contracted with the Agency for Health Care Administration.
- (2)(a) The agency for Health Care Administration shall establish a program by January 1, 2001, to provide assistance to contracted and noncontracted providers and health plans managed care organizations for resolution of claim disputes that are not resolved by the provider and the health plan managed care organization. The agency shall contract with a resolution organization to timely review and consider claim disputes submitted by providers and health plans managed care organizations and recommend to the agency an appropriate resolution of those disputes. The agency shall establish by rule jurisdictional amounts and methods of aggregation for claim disputes that may be considered by the resolution organization.
- (b) The resolution organization shall review claim disputes filed by contracted and noncontracted providers and health plans managed care organizations unless the disputed claim:
 - 1. Is related to interest payment;
- 2. Does not meet the jurisdictional amounts or the methods of aggregation established by agency rule, as provided

in paragraph (a);

- 3. Is part of an internal grievance in a Medicare managed care organization or a reconsideration appeal through the Medicare appeals process;
- 4. Is related to a health plan that is not regulated by the state;
- 5. Is part of a Medicaid fair hearing pursued under 42 C.F.R. ss. 431.220 et seq.;
- 6. Is the basis for an action pending in state or federal court; or
- 7. Is subject to a binding claim-dispute-resolution process provided by contract entered into prior to October 1, 2000, between the provider and the managed care organization.
- (c) Contracts entered into or renewed on or after October 1, 2000, may require exhaustion of an internal dispute-resolution process as a prerequisite to the submission of a claim by a provider or <u>a</u> health <u>plan</u> maintenance organization to the resolution organization when the dispute-resolution program becomes effective.
- (d) A contracted or noncontracted provider or health maintenance organization may not file a claim dispute with the resolution organization more than 12 months after a final determination has been made on a claim by a health maintenance organization.
- (e) The resolution organization shall require the health plan or provider submitting the claim dispute to submit any supporting documentation to the resolution organization within 15 days after receipt by the health plan or provider of a request from the resolution organization for documentation in support of the claim dispute. The resolution organization may extend the time if appropriate. Failure to submit the

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supporting documentation within such time period shall result in the dismissal of the submitted claim dispute.

- (f) The resolution organization shall require the respondent in the claim dispute to submit all documentation in support of its position within 15 days after receiving a request from the resolution organization for supporting documentation. The resolution organization may extend the time if appropriate. Failure to submit the supporting documentation within such time period shall result in a default against the health plan or provider. In the event of such a default, the resolution organization shall issue its written recommendation to the agency that a default be entered against the defaulting entity. The written recommendation shall include a recommendation to the agency that the defaulting entity shall pay the entity submitting the claim dispute the full amount of the claim dispute, plus all accrued interest, and shall be considered a nonprevailing party for the purposes of this section.
- (g)1. If on an ongoing basis during the preceding 12 months, the agency has reason to believe that a pattern of noncompliance with ss. 627.6131 and 641.3155 exists on the part of a particular health plan or provider, the agency shall evaluate the information contained in these cases to determine whether the information evidences a pattern and report its findings, together with substantiating evidence, to the appropriate licensure or certification entity for the health plan or provider.
- 2. In addition, the agency shall prepare an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature by February 1 of each year, enumerating the claims dismissed, the defaults issued, and the failures to comply with agency final orders

issued under this section.

- (3) The agency shall adopt rules to establish a process to be used by the resolution organization in considering claim disputes submitted by a provider or <a href="https://example.com/health.com/hea
- (4) Within 30 days after receipt of the recommendation of the resolution organization, the agency shall adopt the recommendation as a final order.
- (5) The agency shall notify within 7 days the appropriate licensure or certification entity whenever there is a violation of a final order issued by the agency pursuant to this section.
- (6)(5) The entity that does not prevail in the agency's order must pay a review cost to the review organization, as determined by agency rule. Such rule must provide for an apportionment of the review fee in any case in which both parties prevail in part. If the nonprevailing party fails to pay the ordered review cost within 35 days after the agency's order, the nonpaying party is subject to a penalty of not more than \$500 per day until the penalty is paid.
- (7) (6) The agency for Health Care Administration may adopt rules to administer this section.
 - Section 3. Effective July 1, 2002, paragraph (o) of

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subsection (3) of section 456.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.053 Financial arrangements between referring health care providers and providers of health care services.--

- (3) DEFINITIONS.--For the purpose of this section, the word, phrase, or term:
- (o) "Referral" means any referral of a patient by a health care provider for health care services, including, without limitation:
- 1. The forwarding of a patient by a health care provider to another health care provider or to an entity which provides or supplies designated health services or any other health care item or service; or
- 2. The request or establishment of a plan of care by a health care provider, which includes the provision of designated health services or other health care item or service.
- 3. The following orders, recommendations, or plans of care shall not constitute a referral by a health care provider:
 - a. By a radiologist for diagnostic-imaging services.
- b. By a physician specializing in the provision of radiation therapy services for such services.
- c. By a medical oncologist for drugs and solutions to be prepared and administered intravenously to such oncologist's patient, as well as for the supplies and equipment used in connection therewith to treat such patient for cancer and the complications thereof.
- d. By a cardiologist for cardiac catheterization services.
 - e. By a pathologist for diagnostic clinical laboratory

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tests and pathological examination services, if furnished by or under the supervision of such pathologist pursuant to a consultation requested by another physician.

- By a health care provider who is the sole provider or member of a group practice for designated health services or other health care items or services that are prescribed or provided solely for such referring health care provider's or group practice's own patients, and that are provided or performed by or under the direct supervision of such referring health care provider or group practice; provided, however, that effective July 1, 1999, a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 may refer a patient to a sole provider or group practice for diagnostic imaging services, excluding radiation therapy services, for which the sole provider or group practice billed both the technical and the professional fee for or on behalf of the patient, if the referring physician has no investment interest in the practice. The diagnostic imaging service referred to a group practice or sole provider must be a diagnostic imaging service normally provided within the scope of practice to the patients of the group practice or sole provider. The group practice or sole provider may accept no more that 15 percent of their patients receiving diagnostic imaging services from outside referrals, excluding radiation therapy services.
- g. By a health care provider for services provided by an ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
- h. By a health care provider for diagnostic clinical laboratory services where such services are directly related to renal dialysis.

h.i. By a urologist for lithotripsy services.

i.j. By a dentist for dental services performed by an employee of or health care provider who is an independent contractor with the dentist or group practice of which the dentist is a member.
j.k. By a physician for infusion therapy services to a

<u>j.k.</u> By a physician for infusion therapy services to a patient of that physician or a member of that physician's group practice.

k.1. By a nephrologist for renal dialysis services and supplies, except laboratory services.

1. By a health care provider whose principal professional practice consists of treating patients in their private residences for services to be rendered in such private residences. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "private residences" includes patient's private homes, independent living centers, and assisted living facilities, but does not include skilled nursing facilities.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 626.88, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.88 Definitions of "administrator" and "insurer".--

(1) For the purposes of this part, an "administrator" is any person who directly or indirectly solicits or effects coverage of, collects charges or premiums from, or adjusts or settles claims on residents of this state in connection with authorized commercial self-insurance funds or with insured or self-insured programs which provide life or health insurance coverage or coverage of any other expenses described in s. 624.33(1) or any person who, through a health care risk contract as defined in s. 641.234 with an insurer or health maintenance organization, provides billing and collection

services to health insurers and health maintenance

services to health insurers and health maintenance

31 organizations on behalf of health care providers, other than

any of the following persons:

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- (a) An employer on behalf of such employer's employees or the employees of one or more subsidiary or affiliated corporations of such employer.
 - (b) A union on behalf of its members.
- (c) An insurance company which is either authorized to transact insurance in this state or is acting as an insurer with respect to a policy lawfully issued and delivered by such company in and pursuant to the laws of a state in which the insurer was authorized to transact an insurance business.
- (d) A health care services plan, health maintenance organization, professional service plan corporation, or person in the business of providing continuing care, possessing a valid certificate of authority issued by the department, and the sales representatives thereof, if the activities of such entity are limited to the activities permitted under the certificate of authority.
- (e) An insurance agent licensed in this state whose activities are limited exclusively to the sale of insurance.
- An adjuster licensed in this state whose activities are limited to the adjustment of claims.
- (q) A creditor on behalf of such creditor's debtors with respect to insurance covering a debt between the creditor and its debtors.
- (h) A trust and its trustees, agents, and employees acting pursuant to such trust established in conformity with 29 U.S.C. s. 186.
- (i) A trust exempt from taxation under s. 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, a trust satisfying the requirements of ss. 624.438 and 624.439, or any governmental trust as 31 defined in s. 624.33(3), and the trustees and employees acting

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pursuant to such trust, or a custodian and its agents and employees, including individuals representing the trustees in overseeing the activities of a service company or administrator, acting pursuant to a custodial account which meets the requirements of s. 401(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (j) A financial institution which is subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authorities or a mortgage lender licensed under chapter 494 who collects and remits premiums to licensed insurance agents or authorized insurers concurrently or in connection with mortgage loan payments.
- (k) A credit card issuing company which advances for and collects premiums or charges from its credit card holders who have authorized such collection if such company does not adjust or settle claims.
- (1) A person who adjusts or settles claims in the normal course of such person's practice or employment as an attorney at law and who does not collect charges or premiums in connection with life or health insurance coverage.
- (m) A person approved by the Division of Workers' Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment Security who administers only self-insured workers' compensation plans.
- (n) A service company or service agent and its employees, authorized in accordance with ss. 626.895-626.899, serving only a single employer plan, multiple-employer welfare arrangements, or a combination thereof.
- (o) Any provider or group practice, as defined in s. 456.053, providing services under the scope of the license of 31 the provider or the member of the group practice.

A person who provides billing and collection services to health insurers and health maintenance organizations on behalf of health care providers shall comply with the provisions of ss. 627.6131, 641.3155, and 641.51(4).

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 627.410, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (f) and (g) are added to subsection (6) of that section, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection (7) of that section, to read:

627.410 Filing, approval of forms.--

- (6)(a) An insurer shall not deliver or issue for delivery or renew in this state any health insurance policy form until it has filed with the department a copy of every applicable rating manual, rating schedule, change in rating manual, and change in rating schedule; if rating manuals and rating schedules are not applicable, the insurer must file with the department applicable premium rates and any change in applicable premium rates. This paragraph does not apply to group health insurance policies, effectuated and delivered in this state, insuring groups of 51 or more persons, except for Medicare supplement insurance, long-term care insurance, and any coverage under which the increase in claim costs over the lifetime of the contract due to advancing age or duration is prefunded in the premium.
- (f) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (2), an insurer that files changes in rates, rating manuals, or rating schedules with the department for individual health policies as described in s. 627.6561(5)(a)2., but excluding Medicare supplement policies, according to this paragraph may begin providing required notice to policyholders and charging corresponding adjusted rates in accordance with s. 627.6043,

upon filing, if the insurer certifies that it has met the criteria of subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. Filings submitted under this paragraph must contain the same information and demonstrations and must meet the same requirements as rate filings submitted for approval under this section, including the requirements of s. 627.411, except as indicated in this paragraph.

- 1. The insurer must have complied with annual rate-filing requirements then in effect pursuant to subsection (7) since October 1, 2002, or for the previous 2 years, whichever is less, and must have filed and implemented actuarially justifiable rate adjustments at least annually during this period. This subparagraph does not prevent an insurer from filing rate adjustments more often than annually.
- 2. The insurer must have pooled experience for applicable individual health policy forms in accordance with the requirements of subparagraph (6)(e)3. Rate changes used on a form must not vary by the experience of that form or the health status of covered individuals on that form but must be based on the experience of all forms, including rating characteristics as defined in this paragraph.
- 3. Rates for the policy form are anticipated to meet a minimum loss ratio of 65 percent over the expected life of the form.

Rates for all individual health policy forms issued on or after October 1, 2002, must be based upon the same factors for each rating characteristic. As used in this paragraph, the term "rating characteristics" means demographic characteristics of individuals, including, but not limited to, geographic area factors, benefit design, smoking status, and

health status at issue.

(g) After filing a change of rates for an individual
health policy under paragraph (f), an insurer may be required
to furnish additional information to demonstrate compliance

to furnish additional information to demonstrate compliance with this section and s. 627.411. If the department finds that the adjusted rates are not reasonable in relation to premiums charged under the standards of this section and s. 627.411,

the department may order appropriate corrective action.

(7)

(f) Insurers with fewer than 1,000 nationwide policyholders or insured group members or subscribers covered under any form or pooled group of forms with health insurance coverage, as described in s. 627.6561(5)(a)2., excluding Medicare supplement insurance coverage under part VIII, at the time of a rate filing made under subparagraph (b)1., may file for an annual rate increase limited to medical trend as adopted by the department under s. 627.411(4). The filing is in lieu of the actuarial memorandum required for a rate filing prescribed by paragraph (b). The filing must include forms adopted by the department and a certification by an officer of the company that the filing includes all similar forms.

Section 6. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 627.411, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (3), (4), and (5) are added to that section, to read:

627.411 Grounds for disapproval.--

- (1) The department shall disapprove any form filed under s. 627.410, or withdraw any previous approval thereof, only if the form:
 - (e) Is for health insurance, and:
- 1. Provides benefits that which are unreasonable in relation to the premium charged based on the original filed

and approved loss ratio for the form and rules adopted by the department under s. 627.410(6)(b);

- 2. Contains provisions that which are unfair or inequitable or contrary to the public policy of this state or that which encourage misrepresentation; or
- 3. Contains provisions that which apply rating practices that which result in premium escalations that are not viable for the policyholder market or result in unfair discrimination under s. 626.9541(1)(g)2.; or in sales practices.
- 4. Results in actuarially justified annual rate increases:
- a. Which includes a reduction by the insurer of its loss ratio that affects the rate by more than the greater of 50 percent of trend or 5 percent. At its option, the insurer may file for approval of the actuarially justified rate schedule for new insureds and a rate increase for existing insureds where the increase due to the loss ratio reduction is limited to the greater of 50 percent of medical trend or 5 percent. Future annual rate increases for existing insureds must be limited to the greater of 150 percent of the rate increase approved for new insureds or 10 percent until the two rate schedules converge;
- b. In excess of the greater of 150 percent of annual medical trend or 10 percent and the company did not comply with the annual filing requirements of s. 627.410(7) or department rule for health maintenance organizations pursuant to s. 641.31. At its option, the insurer may file for approval of an actuarially justified new business rate schedule for new insureds and a rate increase for existing insureds which is equal to the rate increase otherwise allowed by this

sub-subparagraph. Future annual rate increases for existing insureds are limited to the greater of 150 percent of the rate increase approved for new insureds or 10 percent until the two rate schedules converge; or

- c. In excess of the greater of 150 percent of annual medical trend or 10 percent on a form or block of pooled forms in which no form is currently available for sale. This sub-subparagraph does not apply to prestandardized Medicare supplement forms.
- established rate relationships between insureds, the aggregate effect of such a change must be revenue-neutral. The change to the new relationship must be phased-in over a period approved by the department. The department may not require the phase-in period to exceed 3 years in duration. The rate filing may also include increases based on overall experience or annual medical trend, or both, which portions are not to be phased-in pursuant to this subsection.
- (4) Individual health insurance policies that are subject to renewability requirements of s. 627.6425 are guaranteed renewable for purposes of establishing loss ratio standards and must comply with the same loss ratio standards as other guaranteed renewable forms.
- (5) In determining medical trend for application of subparagraph (1)(e)4., the department shall semiannually determine medical trend for each health care market, using reasonable actuarial techniques and standards. The trend must be adopted by the department by rule and determined as follows:
- (a) Trend must be determined separately for medical expense, preferred provider organization, Medicare supplement,

1	health maintenance organization, and other coverage for
2	individual, small group, and large group, where applicable.
3	(b) The department shall survey insurers and health
4	maintenance organizations currently issuing products and
5	representing at least an 80-percent market share based on
6	premiums earned in the state for the most recent calendar year
7	for each of the categories specified in paragraph (a).
8	(c) Trend must be computed as the average annual
9	medical trend approved for the carriers surveyed, giving
10	appropriate weight to each carrier's statewide market share of
11	earned premiums.
12	(d) The annual trend is the annual change in claims
13	cost per unit of exposure. Trend includes the combined effect
14	of medical provider price changes, changes in utilization, new
15	medical procedures, and technology and cost shifting.
16	Section 7. Section 627.6131, Florida Statutes, is
17	created to read:
18	627.6131 Payment of claims
19	(1) The contract shall include the following
20	provision:
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22	"Time of Payment of Claims: After receiving
23	written proof of loss, the insurer will pay
24	monthly all benefits then due for(type of
25	benefit) Benefits for any other loss
26	covered by this policy will be paid as soon as
27	the insurer receives proper written proof."
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29	(2) As used in this section, the term "claim" for a

noninstitutional provider means a paper or electronic billing

31 instrument submitted to the insurer's designated location that

consists of the HCFA 1500 data set, or its successor, that has 1 all mandatory entries for a physician licensed under chapter 2 3 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 463; a 4 psychologist licensed under chapter 490; or any appropriate billing instrument that has all mandatory entries for any 5 other noninstitutional provider. For institutional providers, 7 "claim" means a paper or electronic billing instrument submitted to the insurer's designated location that consists 8 of the UB-92 data set or its successor, with entries stated as 9 10 mandatory by the National Uniform Billing Committee.

- (3) All claims for payment, whether electronic or nonelectronic:
- (a) Are considered received on the date the claim is received by the insurer at its designated claims receipt location.
- (b) Must be mailed or electronically transferred to an insurer within 6 months after completion of the service and the provider is furnished with the correct name and address of the patient's health insurer. Submission of a provider's claim is considered made on the date it is electronically transferred or mailed.
- (c) Must not duplicate a claim previously submitted unless it is determined that the original claim was not received or is otherwise lost.
- (4) For all electronically submitted claims, a health
 insurer shall:
- (a) Within 24 hours after the beginning of the next business day after receipt of the claim, provide electronic acknowledgment of the receipt of the claim to the electronic source submitting the claim.
 - (b) Within 20 days after receipt of the claim, pay the

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claim or notify a provider or designee if a claim is denied or contested. Notice of the insurer's action on the claim and payment of the claim is considered to be made on the date the notice or payment was mailed or electronically transferred.

- (c)1. Notification of the health insurer's

 determination of a contested claim must be accompanied by an

 itemized list of additional information or documents the

 insurer can reasonably determine are necessary to process the claim.
- 2. A provider must submit the additional information or documentation, as specified on the itemized list, within 35 days after receipt of the notification. Failure of a provider to submit by mail or electronically the additional information or documentation requested within 35 days after receipt of the notification may result in denial of the claim.
- 3. A health insurer may not make more than one request for documents under this paragraph in connection with a claim, unless the provider fails to submit all of the requested documents to process the claim or if documents submitted by the provider raise new additional issues not included in the original written itemization, in which case the health insurer may provide the provider with one additional opportunity to submit the additional documents needed to process the claim.

 In no case may the health insurer request duplicate documents.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection, electronic means of transmission of claims, notices, documents, forms, and payments shall be used to the greatest extent possible by the health insurer and the provider.
- (e) A claim must be paid or denied within 90 days after receipt of the claim. Failure to pay or deny a claim within 120 days after receipt of the claim creates an

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29 30 uncontestable obligation to pay the claim.

- (5) For all nonelectronically submitted claims, a health insurer shall:
- (a) Effective November 1, 2003, provide acknowledgment of receipt of the claim within 15 days after receipt of the claim to the provider or provide a provider within 15 days after receipt with electronic access to the status of a submitted claim.
- (b) Within 40 days after receipt of the claim, pay the claim or notify a provider or designee if a claim is denied or contested. Notice of the insurer's action on the claim and payment of the claim is considered to be made on the date the notice or payment was mailed or electronically transferred.
- (c)1. Notification of the health insurer's determination of a contested claim must be accompanied by an itemized list of additional information or documents the insurer can reasonably determine are necessary to process the claim.
- 2. A provider must submit the additional information or documentation, as specified on the itemized list, within 35 days after receipt of the notification. Failure of a provider to submit by mail or electronically the additional information or documentation requested within 35 days after receipt of the notification may result in denial of the claim.
- 3. A health insurer may not make more than one request for documents under this paragraph in connection with a claim unless the provider fails to submit all of the requested documents to process the claim or if documents submitted by the provider raise new additional issues not included in the original written itemization, in which case the health insurer 31 | may provide the provider with one additional opportunity to

submit the additional documents needed to process the claim.

In no case may the health insurer request duplicate documents.

- (d) For purposes of this subsection, electronic means of transmission of claims, notices, documents, forms, and payments shall be used to the greatest extent possible by the health insurer and the provider.
- (e) A claim must be paid or denied within 120 days after receipt of the claim. Failure to pay or deny a claim within 140 days after receipt of the claim creates an uncontestable obligation to pay the claim.
- (6) If a health insurer determines that it has made an overpayment to a provider for services rendered to an insured, the health insurer must make a claim for such overpayment to the provider's designated location. A health insurer that makes a claim for overpayment to a provider under this section shall give the provider a written or electronic statement specifying the basis for the retroactive denial or payment adjustment. The insurer must identify the claim or claims, or overpayment claim portion thereof, for which a claim for overpayment is submitted.
- (a) If an overpayment determination is the result of retroactive review or audit of coverage decisions or payment levels not related to fraud, a health insurer shall adhere to the following procedures:
- 1. All claims for overpayment must be submitted to a provider within 30 months after the health insurer's payment of the claim. A provider must pay, deny, or contest the health insurer's claim for overpayment within 40 days after the receipt of the claim. All contested claims for overpayment must be paid or denied within 120 days after receipt of the claim. Failure to pay or deny overpayment and claim within 140

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days after receipt creates an uncontestable obligation to pay the claim.

- 2. A provider that denies or contests a health insurer's claim for overpayment or any portion of a claim shall notify the health insurer, in writing, within 35 days after the provider receives the claim that the claim for overpayment is contested or denied. The notice that the claim for overpayment is denied or contested must identify the contested portion of the claim and the specific reason for contesting or denying the claim and, if contested, must include a request for additional information. If the health insurer submits additional information, the health insurer must, within 35 days after receipt of the request, mail or electronically transfer the information to the provider. The provider shall pay or deny the claim for overpayment within 45 days after receipt of the information. The notice is considered made on the date the notice is mailed or electronically transferred by the provider.
- 3. Failure of a health insurer to respond to a provider's contesting of claim or request for additional information regarding the claim within 35 days after receipt of such notice may result in denial of the claim.
- 4. The health insurer may not reduce payment to the provider for other services unless the provider agrees to the reduction in writing or fails to respond to the health insurer's overpayment claim as required by this paragraph.
- 5. Payment of an overpayment claim is considered made on the date the payment was mailed or electronically transferred. An overdue payment of a claim bears simple interest at the rate of 12 percent per year. Interest on an overdue payment for a claim for an overpayment begins to

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29 30 accrue when the claim should have been paid, denied, or contested.

- (b) A claim for overpayment shall not be permitted beyond 30 months after the health insurer's payment of a claim, except that claims for overpayment may be sought beyond that time from providers convicted of fraud pursuant to s. 817.234.
- (7) Payment of a claim is considered made on the date the payment was mailed or electronically transferred. An overdue payment of a claim bears simple interest of 12 percent per year. Interest on an overdue payment for a claim or for any portion of a claim begins to accrue when the claim should have been paid, denied, or contested. The interest is payable with the payment of the claim.
- (8) For all contracts entered into or renewed on or after October 1, 2002, a health insurer's internal dispute resolution process related to a denied claim not under active review by a mediator, arbitrator, or third-party dispute entity must be finalized within 60 days after the receipt of the provider's request for review or appeal.
- (9) A provider or any representative of a provider, regardless of whether the provider is under contract with the health insurer, may not collect or attempt to collect money from, maintain any action at law against, or report to a credit agency an insured for payment of covered services for which the health insurer contested or denied the provider's claim. This prohibition applies during the pendency of any claim for payment made by the provider to the health insurer for payment of the services or internal dispute resolution process to determine whether the health insurer is liable for 31 the services. For a claim, this pendency applies from the

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date the claim or a portion of the claim is denied to the date
    of the completion of the health insurer's internal dispute
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    resolution process, not to exceed 60 days.
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          (10) The provisions of this section may not be waived,
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    voided, or nullified by contract.
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          (11) A health insurer may not retroactively deny a
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    claim because of insured ineligibility more than 1 year after
    the date of payment of the claim.
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          (12) A health insurer shall pay a contracted primary
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    care or admitting physician, pursuant to such physician's
    contract, for providing inpatient services in a contracted
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   hospital to an insured if such services are determined by the
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    health insurer to be medically necessary and covered services
    under the health insurer's contract with the contract holder.
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          (13) Upon written notification by an insured, an
    insurer shall investigate any claim of improper billing by a
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   physician, hospital, or other health care provider. The
    insurer shall determine if the insured was properly billed for
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    only those procedures and services that the insured actually
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    received. If the insurer determines that the insured has been
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    improperly billed, the insurer shall notify the insured and
    the provider of its findings and shall reduce the amount of
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   payment to the provider by the amount determined to be
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    improperly billed. If a reduction is made due to such
    notification by the insured, the insurer shall pay to the
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    insured 20 percent of the amount of the reduction up to $500.
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          (14) A permissible error ratio of 5 percent is
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    established for insurer's claims payment violations of s.
    627.6131(4)(a), (b), (c), and (e) and (5)(a), (b), (c), and
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   (e). If the error ratio of a particular insurer does not
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exceed the permissible error ratio of 5 percent for an audit

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period, no fine shall be assessed for the noted claims
    violations for the audit period. The error ratio shall be
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    determined by dividing the number of claims with violations
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    found on a statistically valid sample of claims for the audit
   period by the total number of claims in the sample. If the
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    error ratio exceeds the permissible error ratio of 5 percent,
    a fine may be assessed according to s. 624.4211 for those
    claims payment violations which exceed the error ratio.
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   Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department
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   may fine a health insurer for claims payment violations of s.
    627.6131(4)(e) and (5)(e) which create an uncontestable
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    obligation to pay the claim. The department shall not fine
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    insurers for violations which the department determines were
    due to circumstances beyond the insurer's control.
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          (15) This section is applicable only to a major
   medical expense health insurance policy as defined in s.
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    627.643(2)(e) offered by a group or an individual health
    insurer licensed pursuant to chapter 624, including a
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   preferred provider policy under s. 627.6471 and an exclusive
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    provider organization under s. 627.6472.
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          (16) Notwithstanding s. 627.6131(4)(b), where an
    electronic pharmacy claim is submitted to a pharmacy benefits
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   manager acting on behalf of a health insurer the pharmacy
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   benefits manager shall, within 30 days of receipt of the
    claim, pay the claim or notify a provider or designee if a
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    claim is denied or contested. Notice of the insurer's action
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    on the claim and payment of the claim is considered to be made
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    on the date the notice or payment was mailed or electronically
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    transferred.
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          (17) Notwithstanding s. 627.6131(5)(a), effective
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31 November 1, 2003, where a nonelectronic pharmacy claim is

submitted to a pharmacy benefits manager acting on behalf of a 2 health insurer the pharmacy benefits manager shall provide 3 acknowledgment of receipt of the claim within 30 days after 4 receipt of the claim to the provider or provide a provider within 30 days after receipt with electronic access to the 5 6 status of a submitted claim. 7 Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 627.6425, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 9 627.6425 Renewability of individual coverage. --10 (2) An insurer may nonrenew or discontinue health insurance coverage of an individual in the individual market 11 12 based only on one or more of the following: 13 (a) The individual has failed to pay premiums, or contributions, or a required copayment payable to the insurer 14 in accordance with the terms of the health insurance coverage 15 16 or the insurer has not received timely premium payments. When 17 the copayment is payable to the insurer and exceeds \$300, the 18 insurer shall allow the insured up to 90 days after the date of the procedure to pay the required copayment. The insurer 19 20 shall print in 10-point type on the declaration of benefits 21 page notification that the insured could be terminated for failure to make any required copayment to the insurer. 22

Section 9. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (e) of subsection (7) of section 627.6475, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.6475 Individual reinsurance pool.--

- (7) INDIVIDUAL HEALTH REINSURANCE PROGRAM.--
- (b) A reinsuring carrier may reinsure with the program coverage of an eligible individual, subject to each of the following provisions:
 - 1. A reinsuring carrier may reinsure an eligible

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29 30 individual within 90 60 days after commencement of the coverage of the eligible individual.

- The program may not reimburse a participating carrier with respect to the claims of a reinsured eligible individual until the carrier has paid incurred claims of an amount equal to the participating carrier's selected deductible level, as established by the board, at least \$5,000 in a calendar year for benefits covered by the program. In addition, the reinsuring carrier is responsible for 10 percent of the next \$50,000 and 5 percent of the next \$100,000 of incurred claims during a calendar year, and the program shall reinsure the remainder.
- The board shall annually adjust the initial level of claims and the maximum limit to be retained by the carrier to reflect increases in costs and utilization within the standard market for health benefit plans within the state. The adjustment may not be less than the annual change in the medical component of the "Commerce Price Index for All Urban Consumers" of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, unless the board proposes and the department approves a lower adjustment factor.
- 4. A reinsuring carrier may terminate reinsurance for all reinsured eligible individuals on any plan anniversary.
- The premium rate charged for reinsurance by the program to a health maintenance organization that is approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services as a federally qualified health maintenance organization pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 300e(c)(2)(A) and that, as such, is subject to requirements that limit the amount of risk that may be ceded to the program, which requirements are more restrictive than 31 | subparagraph 2., shall be reduced by an amount equal to that

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29 30 portion of the risk, if any, which exceeds the amount set forth in subparagraph 2., which may not be ceded to the program.

- The board may consider adjustments to the premium rates charged for reinsurance by the program or carriers that use effective cost-containment measures, including high-cost case management, as defined by the board.
- 7. A reinsuring carrier shall apply its case-management and claims-handling techniques, including, but not limited to, utilization review, individual case management, preferred provider provisions, other managed-care provisions, or methods of operation consistently with both reinsured business and nonreinsured business.
- (c)1. The board, as part of the plan of operation, shall establish a methodology for determining premium rates to be charged by the program for reinsuring eligible individuals pursuant to this section. The methodology must include a system for classifying individuals which reflects the types of case characteristics commonly used by carriers in this state. The methodology must provide for the development of basic reinsurance premium rates, which shall be multiplied by the factors set for them in this paragraph to determine the premium rates for the program. The basic reinsurance premium rates shall be established by the board, subject to the approval of the department, and shall be set at levels that reasonably approximate gross premiums charged to eligible individuals for individual health insurance by health insurance issuers. The premium rates set by the board may vary by geographical area, as determined under this section, to reflect differences in cost. An eligible individual may be 31 reinsured for a rate that is five times the rate established

by the board.

- 2. The board shall periodically review the methodology established, including the system of classification and any rating factors, to ensure that it reasonably reflects the claims experience of the program. The board may propose changes to the rates that are subject to the approval of the department.
- (e)1. Before <u>September</u> <u>March</u> 1 of each calendar year, the board shall determine and report to the department the program net loss in the individual account for the previous year, including administrative expenses for that year and the incurred losses for that year, taking into account investment income and other appropriate gains and losses.
- 2. Any net loss in the individual account for the year shall be recouped by assessing the carriers as follows:
- a. The operating losses of the program shall be assessed in the following order subject to the specified limitations. The first tier of assessments shall be made against reinsuring carriers in an amount that may not exceed 5 percent of each reinsuring carrier's premiums for individual health insurance. If such assessments have been collected and additional moneys are needed, the board shall make a second tier of assessments in an amount that may not exceed 0.5 percent of each carrier's health benefit plan premiums.
- b. Except as provided in paragraph (f), risk-assuming carriers are exempt from all assessments authorized pursuant to this section. The amount paid by a reinsuring carrier for the first tier of assessments shall be credited against any additional assessments made.
- 30 c. The board shall equitably assess reinsuring
 31 carriers for operating losses of the individual account based

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on market share. The board shall annually assess each carrier a portion of the operating losses of the individual account. The first tier of assessments shall be determined by multiplying the operating losses by a fraction, the numerator of which equals the reinsuring carrier's earned premium pertaining to direct writings of individual health insurance in the state during the calendar year for which the assessment is levied, and the denominator of which equals the total of all such premiums earned by reinsuring carriers in the state during that calendar year. The second tier of assessments shall be based on the premiums that all carriers, except risk-assuming carriers, earned on all health benefit plans written in this state. The board may levy interim assessments against reinsuring carriers to ensure the financial ability of the plan to cover claims expenses and administrative expenses paid or estimated to be paid in the operation of the plan for the calendar year prior to the association's anticipated receipt of annual assessments for that calendar year. Any interim assessment is due and payable within 30 days after receipt by a carrier of the interim assessment notice. Interim assessment payments shall be credited against the carrier's annual assessment. Health benefit plan premiums and benefits paid by a carrier that are less than an amount determined by the board to justify the cost of collection may not be considered for purposes of determining assessments.

Subject to the approval of the department, the board shall adjust the assessment formula for reinsuring carriers that are approved as federally qualified health maintenance organizations by the Secretary of Health and Human Services pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 300e(c)(2)(A) to the extent, 31 | if any, that restrictions are placed on them which are not

imposed on other carriers.

- 3. Before <u>September</u> March 1 of each year, the board shall determine and file with the department an estimate of the assessments needed to fund the losses incurred by the program in the individual account for the previous calendar year.
- 4. If the board determines that the assessments needed to fund the losses incurred by the program in the individual account for the previous calendar year will exceed the amount specified in subparagraph 2., the board shall evaluate the operation of the program and report its findings and recommendations to the department in the format established in s. 627.6699(11) for the comparable report for the small employer reinsurance program.

Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 627.651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.651 Group contracts and plans of self-insurance must meet group requirements.--

established or maintained by an individual employer in accordance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, Pub. L. No. 93-406, or to a multiple-employer welfare arrangement as defined in s. 624.437(1), except that a multiple-employer welfare arrangement shall comply with ss. 627.419, 627.657, 627.6575, 627.6578, 627.6579, 627.6612, 627.66121, 627.66122, 627.6615, 627.6616, and 627.662(7) 627.662(6). This subsection does not allow an authorized insurer to issue a group health insurance policy or certificate which does not comply with this part.

Section 11. Section 627.662, Florida Statutes, is

31 amended to read:

1	627.662 Other provisions applicableThe following
2	provisions apply to group health insurance, blanket health
3	insurance, and franchise health insurance:
4	(1) Section 627.569, relating to use of dividends,
5	refunds, rate reductions, commissions, and service fees.
6	(2) Section $627.602(1)(f)$ and (2) , relating to
7	identification numbers and statement of deductible provisions.
8	(3) Section 627.635, relating to excess insurance.
9	(4) Section 627.638, relating to direct payment for
10	hospital or medical services.
11	(5) Section 627.640, relating to filing and
12	classification of rates.
13	(6) Section 627.613, relating to timely payment of
14	claims, or s. 627.6131, relating to payment of claims.
15	$\frac{(7)}{(6)}$ Section 627.645(1), relating to denial of
16	claims.
17	(8) (7) Section 627.613, relating to time of payment of
18	claims.
19	(9) (8) Section 627.6471, relating to preferred
20	provider organizations.
21	$\frac{(10)}{(9)}$ Section 627.6472, relating to exclusive
22	provider organizations.
23	(11) (10) Section 627.6473, relating to combined
24	preferred provider and exclusive provider policies.
25	(12) (11) Section 627.6474, relating to provider
26	contracts.
27	Section 12. Subsection (6) of section 627.667, Florida
28	Statutes, is amended to read:
29	627.667 Extension of benefits
30	(6) This section also applies to holders of group

31 certificates which are renewed, delivered, or issued for

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delivery to residents of this state under group policies effectuated or delivered outside this state, unless a succeeding carrier under a group policy has agreed to assume liability for the benefits.

Section 13. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 627.6692, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 1 of chapter 2001-353, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

627.6692 Florida Health Insurance Coverage Continuation Act.--

- (5) CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE UNDER GROUP HEALTH PLANS.--
- (e)1. A covered employee or other qualified beneficiary who wishes continuation of coverage must pay the initial premium and elect such continuation in writing to the insurance carrier issuing the employer's group health plan within 63 30 days after receiving notice from the insurance carrier under paragraph (d). Subsequent premiums are due by the grace period expiration date. The insurance carrier or the insurance carrier's designee shall process all elections promptly and provide coverage retroactively to the date coverage would otherwise have terminated. The premium due shall be for the period beginning on the date coverage would have otherwise terminated due to the qualifying event. first premium payment must include the coverage paid to the end of the month in which the first payment is made. After the election, the insurance carrier must bill the qualified beneficiary for premiums once each month, with a due date on the first of the month of coverage and allowing a 30-day grace period for payment.
- 2. Except as otherwise specified in an election, any election by a qualified beneficiary shall be deemed to include

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29 30 an election of continuation of coverage on behalf of any other qualified beneficiary residing in the same household who would lose coverage under the group health plan by reason of a qualifying event. This subparagraph does not preclude a qualified beneficiary from electing continuation of coverage on behalf of any other qualified beneficiary.

Section 14. Paragraphs (i), (m), and (n) of subsection (3), paragraph (c) of subsection (5), paragraph (b) of subsection (6), paragraphs (f), (g), (h), and (j) of subsection (11), and subsections (12) and (15) of section 627.6699, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.6699 Employee Health Care Access Act.--

- (3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- "Established geographic area" means the county or (i) counties, or any portion of a county or counties, within which the carrier provides or arranges for health care services to be available to its insureds, members, or subscribers.
- "Flexible Limited benefit policy or contract" means a policy or contract that provides coverage for each person insured under the policy and for a specifically named disease or diseases, a specifically named accident, or a specifically named limited market that fulfills a an experimental or reasonable need by providing more affordable health insurance to a small employer or a small employer health alliance under s. 627.654, such as the small group market.
- "Modified community rating" means a method used to develop carrier premiums which spreads financial risk across a large population; allows the use of separate rating factors for age, gender, family composition, tobacco usage, and 31 | geographic area as determined under paragraph (5)(j); and

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29 30 allows adjustments for: claims experience, health status, or duration of coverage as permitted under subparagraph (6)(b)5.; and administrative and acquisition expenses as permitted under subparagraph (6)(b)5.

- (5) AVAILABILITY OF COVERAGE. --
- (c) Every small employer carrier must, as a condition of transacting business in this state:
- Beginning July 1, 2000, offer and issue all small employer health benefit plans on a guaranteed-issue basis to every eligible small employer, with 2 to 50 eligible employees, that elects to be covered under such plan, agrees to make the required premium payments, and satisfies the other provisions of the plan. A rider for additional or increased benefits may be medically underwritten and may only be added to the standard health benefit plan. The increased rate charged for the additional or increased benefit must be rated in accordance with this section.
- 2. Beginning July 1, 2000, and until July 31, 2001, offer and issue basic and standard small employer health benefit plans on a guaranteed-issue basis to every eligible small employer which is eligible for guaranteed renewal, has less than two eligible employees, is not formed primarily for the purpose of buying health insurance, elects to be covered under such plan, agrees to make the required premium payments, and satisfies the other provisions of the plan. A rider for additional or increased benefits may be medically underwritten and may be added only to the standard benefit plan. The increased rate charged for the additional or increased benefit must be rated in accordance with this section. For purposes of this subparagraph, a person, his or her spouse, and his or her 31 dependent children shall constitute a single eligible employee

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if that person and spouse are employed by the same small employer and either one has a normal work week of less than 25 hours.

3.a. Beginning August 1, 2001, offer and issue basic and standard small employer health benefit plans on a guaranteed-issue basis, during a 31-day open enrollment period of August 1 through August 31 of each year, to every eligible small employer, with fewer than two eligible employees, which small employer is not formed primarily for the purpose of buying health insurance and which elects to be covered under such plan, agrees to make the required premium payments, and satisfies the other provisions of the plan. Coverage provided under this subparagraph shall begin on October 1 of the same year as the date of enrollment, unless the small employer carrier and the small employer agree to a different date. A rider for additional or increased benefits may be medically underwritten and may only be added to the standard health benefit plan. The increased rate charged for the additional or increased benefit must be rated in accordance with this section. For purposes of this subparagraph, a person, his or her spouse, and his or her dependent children constitute a single eligible employee if that person and spouse are employed by the same small employer and either that person or his or her spouse has a normal work week of less than 25 hours.

b. Notwithstanding the restrictions set forth in sub-subparagraph a., when a small employer group is losing coverage because a carrier is exercising the provisions of s. 627.6571(3)(b) or s. 641.31074(3)(b), the eligible small employer, as defined in sub-subparagraph a., is entitled to enroll with another carrier offering small employer coverage

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29 30 within 63 days after the notice of termination or the termination date of the prior coverage, whichever is later. Coverage provided under this sub-subparagraph begins immediately upon enrollment, unless the small employer carrier and the small employer agree to a different date.

- This paragraph does not limit a carrier's ability to offer other health benefit plans to small employers if the standard and basic health benefit plans are offered and rejected.
 - (6) RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO PREMIUM RATES. --
- (b) For all small employer health benefit plans that are subject to this section and are issued by small employer carriers on or after January 1, 1994, premium rates for health benefit plans subject to this section are subject to the following:
- 1. Small employer carriers must use a modified community rating methodology in which the premium for each small employer must be determined solely on the basis of the eligible employee's and eligible dependent's gender, age, family composition, tobacco use, or geographic area as determined under paragraph (5)(j) and in which the premium may be adjusted as permitted by subparagraphs 5., and 6., and 7.
- 2. Rating factors related to age, gender, family composition, tobacco use, or geographic location may be developed by each carrier to reflect the carrier's experience. The factors used by carriers are subject to department review and approval.
- 3. Small employer carriers may not modify the rate for a small employer for 12 months from the initial issue date or renewal date, unless the composition of the group changes or 31 benefits are changed. However, a small employer carrier may

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modify the rate one time prior to 12 months after the initial issue date for a small employer who enrolls under a previously issued group policy that has a common anniversary date for all employers covered under the policy if:

- The carrier discloses to the employer in a clear and conspicuous manner the date of the first renewal and the fact that the premium may increase on or after that date.
- The insurer demonstrates to the department that efficiencies in administration are achieved and reflected in the rates charged to small employers covered under the policy.
- 4. A carrier may issue a group health insurance policy to a small employer health alliance or other group association with rates that reflect a premium credit for expense savings attributable to administrative activities being performed by the alliance or group association if such expense savings are specifically documented in the insurer's rate filing and are approved by the department. Any such credit may not be based on different morbidity assumptions or on any other factor related to the health status or claims experience of any person covered under the policy. Nothing in this subparagraph exempts an alliance or group association from licensure for any activities that require licensure under the insurance code. A carrier issuing a group health insurance policy to a small employer health alliance or other group association shall allow any properly licensed and appointed agent of that carrier to market and sell the small employer health alliance or other group association policy. Such agent shall be paid the usual and customary commission paid to any agent selling the policy.
- 5. Any adjustments in rates for claims experience, 31 | health status, or duration of coverage may not be charged to

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individual employees or dependents. For a small employer's policy, such adjustments may not result in a rate for the small employer which deviates more than 15 percent from the carrier's approved rate. Any such adjustment must be applied uniformly to the rates charged for all employees and dependents of the small employer. A small employer carrier may make an adjustment to a small employer's renewal premium, not to exceed 10 percent annually, due to the claims experience, health status, or duration of coverage of the employees or dependents of the small employer. Semiannually, small group carriers shall report information on forms adopted by rule by the department, to enable the department to monitor the relationship of aggregate adjusted premiums actually charged policyholders by each carrier to the premiums that would have been charged by application of the carrier's approved modified community rates. If the aggregate resulting from the application of such adjustment exceeds the premium that would have been charged by application of the approved modified community rate by 5 percent for the current reporting period, the carrier shall limit the application of such adjustments only to minus adjustments beginning not more than 60 days after the report is sent to the department. For any subsequent reporting period, if the total aggregate adjusted premium actually charged does not exceed the premium that would have been charged by application of the approved modified community rate by 5 percent, the carrier may apply both plus and minus adjustments. A small employer carrier may provide a credit to a small employer's premium based on administrative and acquisition expense differences resulting from the size of the group. Group size administrative and acquisition expense 31 | factors may be developed by each carrier to reflect the

carrier's experience and are subject to department review and approval.

- 6. A small employer carrier rating methodology may include separate rating categories for one dependent child, for two dependent children, and for three or more dependent children for family coverage of employees having a spouse and dependent children or employees having dependent children only. A small employer carrier may have fewer, but not greater, numbers of categories for dependent children than those specified in this subparagraph.
- 7. Small employer carriers may not use a composite rating methodology to rate a small employer with fewer than 10 employees. For the purposes of this subparagraph, a "composite rating methodology" means a rating methodology that averages the impact of the rating factors for age and gender in the premiums charged to all of the employees of a small employer.
- 8.a. A carrier may separate the experience of small employer groups with less than 2 eligible employees from the experience of small employer groups with 2-50 eligible employees for purposes of determining an alternative modified community rating.
- b. If a carrier separates the experience of small employer groups as provided in sub-subparagraph a., the rate to be charged to small employer groups of less than 2 eligible employees may not exceed 150 percent of the rate determined for small employer groups of 2-50 eligible employees. However, the carrier may charge excess losses of the experience pool consisting of small employer groups with less than 2 eligible employees to the experience pool consisting of small employer groups with 2-50 eligible employees so that all losses are allocated and the 150-percent rate limit on the experience

pool consisting of small employer groups with less than 2
eligible employees is maintained. Notwithstanding s.
627.411(1), the rate to be charged to a small employer group
of fewer than 2 eligible employees, insured as of July 1,
2002, may be up to 125 percent of the rate determined for
small employer groups of 2-50 eligible employees for the first
annual renewal and 150 percent for subsequent annual renewals.

- (11) SMALL EMPLOYER HEALTH REINSURANCE PROGRAM. --
- (f) The program has the general powers and authority granted under the laws of this state to insurance companies and health maintenance organizations licensed to transact business, except the power to issue health benefit plans directly to groups or individuals. In addition thereto, the program has specific authority to:
- 1. Enter into contracts as necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of this act, including the authority to enter into contracts with similar programs of other states for the joint performance of common functions or with persons or other organizations for the performance of administrative functions.
- 2. Sue or be sued, including taking any legal action necessary or proper for recovering any assessments and penalties for, on behalf of, or against the program or any carrier.
- 3. Take any legal action necessary to avoid the payment of improper claims against the program.
- 4. Issue reinsurance policies, in accordance with the requirements of this act.
- 5. Establish rules, conditions, and procedures for reinsurance risks under the program participation.
 - 6. Establish actuarial functions as appropriate for

the operation of the program.

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- Assess participating carriers in accordance with paragraph (j), and make advance interim assessments as may be reasonable and necessary for organizational and interim operating expenses. Interim assessments shall be credited as offsets against any regular assessments due following the close of the calendar year.
- 8. Appoint appropriate legal, actuarial, and other committees as necessary to provide technical assistance in the operation of the program, and in any other function within the authority of the program.
- 9. Borrow money to effect the purposes of the program. Any notes or other evidences of indebtedness of the program which are not in default constitute legal investments for carriers and may be carried as admitted assets.
- 10. To the extent necessary, increase the \$5,000 deductible reinsurance requirement to adjust for the effects of inflation. The program may evaluate the desirability of establishing differing levels of deductibles. If differing levels of deductibles are established, such levels and the resulting premiums must be approved by the department.
- (g) A reinsuring carrier may reinsure with the program coverage of an eligible employee of a small employer, or any dependent of such an employee, subject to each of the following provisions:
- With respect to a standard and basic health care plan, the program may must reinsure the level of coverage provided; and, with respect to any other plan, the program may must reinsure the coverage up to, but not exceeding, the level of coverage provided under the standard and basic health care 31 plan. As an alternative to reinsuring the entire level of

coverage provided, the program may develop corridors of reinsurance designed to coordinate with a reinsuring carrier's existing reinsurance. The corridors of reinsurance and resulting premiums must be approved by the department.

- 2. Except in the case of a late enrollee, a reinsuring carrier may reinsure an eligible employee or dependent within $\underline{90}$ 60 days after the commencement of the coverage of the small employer. A newly employed eligible employee or dependent of a small employer may be reinsured within $\underline{90}$ 60 days after the commencement of his or her coverage.
- 3. A small employer carrier may reinsure an entire employer group within $\underline{90}$ 60 days after the commencement of the group's coverage under the plan. The carrier may choose to reinsure newly eligible employees and dependents of the reinsured group pursuant to subparagraph 1.
- 4. The program may evaluate the option of allowing a small employer carrier to reinsure an entire employer group or an eligible employee at the first or subsequent renewal date.

 Any such option and the resulting premium must be approved by the department.
- 5.4. The program may not reimburse a participating carrier with respect to the claims of a reinsured employee or dependent until the carrier has paid incurred claims of an amount equal to the participating carrier's selected deductible level at least \$5,000 in a calendar year for benefits covered by the program. In addition, the reinsuring carrier shall be responsible for 10 percent of the next \$50,000 and 5 percent of the next \$100,000 of incurred claims during a calendar year and the program shall reinsure the remainder.
 - $\underline{6.5.}$ The board annually $\underline{\text{may}}$ shall adjust the initial

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level of claims and the maximum limit to be retained by the carrier to reflect increases in costs and utilization within the standard market for health benefit plans within the state. The adjustment shall not be less than the annual change in the medical component of the "Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers" of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor, unless the board proposes and the department approves a lower adjustment factor.

- 7.6. A small employer carrier may terminate reinsurance for all reinsured employees or dependents on any plan anniversary.
- 8.7. The premium rate charged for reinsurance by the program to a health maintenance organization that is approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services as a federally qualified health maintenance organization pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 300e(c)(2)(A) and that, as such, is subject to requirements that limit the amount of risk that may be ceded to the program, which requirements are more restrictive than subparagraph 4., shall be reduced by an amount equal to that portion of the risk, if any, which exceeds the amount set forth in subparagraph 4. which may not be ceded to the program.
- 9.8. The board may consider adjustments to the premium rates charged for reinsurance by the program for carriers that use effective cost containment measures, including high-cost case management, as defined by the board.
- 10.9. A reinsuring carrier shall apply its case-management and claims-handling techniques, including, but not limited to, utilization review, individual case management, preferred provider provisions, other managed care 31 | provisions or methods of operation, consistently with both

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reinsured business and nonreinsured business.

(h)1. The board, as part of the plan of operation, shall establish a methodology for determining premium rates to be charged by the program for reinsuring small employers and individuals pursuant to this section. The methodology shall include a system for classification of small employers that reflects the types of case characteristics commonly used by small employer carriers in the state. The methodology shall provide for the development of basic reinsurance premium rates, which shall be multiplied by the factors set for them in this paragraph to determine the premium rates for the program. The basic reinsurance premium rates shall be established by the board, subject to the approval of the department, and shall be set at levels which reasonably approximate gross premiums charged to small employers by small employer carriers for health benefit plans with benefits similar to the standard and basic health benefit plan. premium rates set by the board may vary by geographical area, as determined under this section, to reflect differences in The multiplying factors must be established as follows:

a. The entire group may be reinsured for a rate that is 1.5 times the rate established by the board.

b. An eligible employee or dependent may be reinsured for a rate that is 5 times the rate established by the board.

- 2. The board periodically shall review the methodology established, including the system of classification and any rating factors, to assure that it reasonably reflects the claims experience of the program. The board may propose changes to the rates which shall be subject to the approval of the department.
 - (j)1. Before September March 1 of each calendar year,

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29 30 the board shall determine and report to the department the program net loss for the previous year, including administrative expenses for that year, and the incurred losses for the year, taking into account investment income and other appropriate gains and losses.

- 2. Any net loss for the year shall be recouped by assessment of the carriers, as follows:
- The operating losses of the program shall be assessed in the following order subject to the specified limitations. The first tier of assessments shall be made against reinsuring carriers in an amount which shall not exceed 5 percent of each reinsuring carrier's premiums from health benefit plans covering small employers. assessments have been collected and additional moneys are needed, the board shall make a second tier of assessments in an amount which shall not exceed 0.5 percent of each carrier's health benefit plan premiums. Except as provided in paragraph (n), risk-assuming carriers are exempt from all assessments authorized pursuant to this section. The amount paid by a reinsuring carrier for the first tier of assessments shall be credited against any additional assessments made.
- The board shall equitably assess carriers for operating losses of the plan based on market share. The board shall annually assess each carrier a portion of the operating losses of the plan. The first tier of assessments shall be determined by multiplying the operating losses by a fraction, the numerator of which equals the reinsuring carrier's earned premium pertaining to direct writings of small employer health benefit plans in the state during the calendar year for which the assessment is levied, and the denominator of which equals 31 the total of all such premiums earned by reinsuring carriers

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in the state during that calendar year. The second tier of assessments shall be based on the premiums that all carriers, except risk-assuming carriers, earned on all health benefit plans written in this state. The board may levy interim assessments against carriers to ensure the financial ability of the plan to cover claims expenses and administrative expenses paid or estimated to be paid in the operation of the plan for the calendar year prior to the association's anticipated receipt of annual assessments for that calendar year. Any interim assessment is due and payable within 30 days after receipt by a carrier of the interim assessment notice. Interim assessment payments shall be credited against the carrier's annual assessment. Health benefit plan premiums and benefits paid by a carrier that are less than an amount determined by the board to justify the cost of collection may not be considered for purposes of determining assessments.

- Subject to the approval of the department, the board shall make an adjustment to the assessment formula for reinsuring carriers that are approved as federally qualified health maintenance organizations by the Secretary of Health and Human Services pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 300e(c)(2)(A) to the extent, if any, that restrictions are placed on them that are not imposed on other small employer carriers.
- Before September March 1 of each year, the board shall determine and file with the department an estimate of the assessments needed to fund the losses incurred by the program in the previous calendar year.
- If the board determines that the assessments needed to fund the losses incurred by the program in the previous calendar year will exceed the amount specified in subparagraph 31 \mid 2., the board shall evaluate the operation of the program and

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report its findings, including any recommendations for changes to the plan of operation, to the department within 240 90 days following the end of the calendar year in which the losses were incurred. The evaluation shall include an estimate of future assessments, the administrative costs of the program, the appropriateness of the premiums charged and the level of carrier retention under the program, and the costs of coverage for small employers. If the board fails to file a report with the department within 240 90 days following the end of the applicable calendar year, the department may evaluate the operations of the program and implement such amendments to the plan of operation the department deems necessary to reduce future losses and assessments.

- If assessments exceed the amount of the actual losses and administrative expenses of the program, the excess shall be held as interest and used by the board to offset future losses or to reduce program premiums. As used in this paragraph, the term "future losses" includes reserves for incurred but not reported claims.
- Each carrier's proportion of the assessment shall be determined annually by the board, based on annual statements and other reports considered necessary by the board and filed by the carriers with the board.
- 7. Provision shall be made in the plan of operation for the imposition of an interest penalty for late payment of an assessment.
- 8. A carrier may seek, from the commissioner, a deferment, in whole or in part, from any assessment made by the board. The department may defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of a carrier if, in the opinion of the department, 31 I the payment of the assessment would place the carrier in a

financially impaired condition. If an assessment against a carrier is deferred, in whole or in part, the amount by which the assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other carriers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessment set forth in this section. The carrier receiving such deferment remains liable to the program for the amount deferred and is prohibited from reinsuring any individuals or groups in the program if it fails to pay assessments.

- (12) STANDARD, BASIC, AND <u>FLEXIBLE</u> <u>LIMITED</u> HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS.--
- (a)1. By May 15, 1993, the commissioner shall appoint a health benefit plan committee composed of four representatives of carriers which shall include at least two representatives of HMOs, at least one of which is a staff model HMO, two representatives of agents, four representatives of small employers, and one employee of a small employer. The carrier members shall be selected from a list of individuals recommended by the board. The commissioner may require the board to submit additional recommendations of individuals for appointment.
- 2. The plans shall comply with all of the requirements of this subsection.
- 3. The plans must be filed with and approved by the department prior to issuance or delivery by any small employer carrier.
- 4. Before October 1, 2002, and in every 4th year thereafter, the commissioner shall appoint a new health benefit plan committee in the manner provided in subparagraph 1. to determine whether modifications to a plan might be appropriate and to submit recommended modifications to the department for approval. Such a determination must be based

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upon prevailing industry standards regarding managed care and cost-containment provisions and is to serve the purpose of ensuring that the benefit plans offered to small employers on a guaranteed-issue basis are consistent with the low-priced to mid-priced benefit plans offered in the large-group market. Each new health benefit plan committee shall evaluate the implementation of this act and its impact on the entities that provide the plans, the number of enrollees, the participants covered by the plans and their access to care, the scope of health care coverage offered under the plans, the difference in premiums between these plans and standard or basic plans, and an assessment of the plans. This determination shall be included in a report submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives annually by October 1. After approval of the revised health benefit plans, if the department determines that modifications to a plan might be appropriate, the commissioner shall appoint a new health benefit plan committee in the manner provided in subparagraph 1. to submit recommended modifications to the department for approval.

- (b)1. Each small employer carrier issuing new health benefit plans shall offer to any small employer, upon request, a standard health benefit plan and a basic health benefit plan that meets the criteria set forth in this section.
- For purposes of this subsection, the terms "standard health benefit plan" and "basic health benefit plan" mean policies or contracts that a small employer carrier offers to eligible small employers that contain:
- a. An exclusion for services that are not medically necessary or that are not covered preventive health services; 31 and

- b. A procedure for preauthorization by the small employer carrier, or its designees.
- 3. A small employer carrier may include the following managed care provisions in the policy or contract to control costs:
- a. A preferred provider arrangement or exclusive provider organization or any combination thereof, in which a small employer carrier enters into a written agreement with the provider to provide services at specified levels of reimbursement or to provide reimbursement to specified providers. Any such written agreement between a provider and a small employer carrier must contain a provision under which the parties agree that the insured individual or covered member has no obligation to make payment for any medical service rendered by the provider which is determined not to be medically necessary. A carrier may use preferred provider arrangements or exclusive provider arrangements to the same extent as allowed in group products that are not issued to small employers.
- b. A procedure for utilization review by the small employer carrier or its designees.

This subparagraph does not prohibit a small employer carrier from including in its policy or contract additional managed care and cost containment provisions, subject to the approval of the department, which have potential for controlling costs in a manner that does not result in inequitable treatment of insureds or subscribers. The carrier may use such provisions to the same extent as authorized for group products that are not issued to small employers.

4. The standard health benefit plan and any flexible

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benefit policy or contract shall include:

3	b. Coverage for outpatient services;
4	c. Coverage for newborn children pursuant to s.
5	627.6575;
6	d. Coverage for child care supervision services
7	pursuant to s. 627.6579;
8	e. Coverage for adopted children upon placement in the
9	residence pursuant to s. 627.6578;
10	f. Coverage for mammograms pursuant to s. 627.6613;
11	g. Coverage for handicapped children pursuant to s.
12	627.6615;
13	h. Emergency or urgent care out of the geographic
14	service area; and
15	i. Coverage for services provided by a hospice

Coverage for inpatient hospitalization;

- licensed under s. 400.602 in cases where such coverage would be the most appropriate and the most cost-effective method for treating a covered illness.
- 5. The standard health benefit plan and the basic health benefit plan may include a schedule of benefit limitations for specified services and procedures. If the committee develops such a schedule of benefits limitation for the standard health benefit plan or the basic health benefit plan, a small employer carrier offering the plan must offer the employer an option for increasing the benefit schedule amounts by 4 percent annually.
- 6. The basic health benefit plan shall include all of the benefits specified in subparagraph 4.; however, the basic health benefit plan shall place additional restrictions on the benefits and utilization and may also impose additional cost 31 containment measures.

- 7. Sections 627.419(2), (3), and (4), 627.6574, 627.6612, 627.66121, 627.66122, 627.6616, 627.6618, 627.668, and 627.66911, 627.4239, 627.65755, 627.6691, 627.4232, 627.42395, 627.65745, 627.667, 627.6617, 627.669, 641.51(8), 627.6472(18), 627.662, 641.19(13)(e), 627.6471, 627.6472, 627.6045, 627.607, 641.31(27), 641.51(11), 627.6577, 627.6699(12)(b)(7), 627.6472(16), 627.662, 641.31(21), 627.6419, 627.6045, 627.6619 apply to the standard health benefit plan, to any flexible benefit policy or contract, and to the basic health benefit plan. However, notwithstanding said provisions, the plans may specify limits on the number of authorized treatments, if such limits are reasonable and do not discriminate against any type of provider.
- 8. Each small employer carrier that provides for inpatient and outpatient services by allopathic hospitals may provide as an option of the insured similar inpatient and outpatient services by hospitals accredited by the American Osteopathic Association when such services are available and the osteopathic hospital agrees to provide the service.
- (c) If a small employer rejects, in writing, the standard health benefit plan and the basic health benefit plan, the small employer carrier may offer the small employer a <u>flexible</u> <u>limited</u> benefit policy or contract.
- (d)1. Upon offering coverage under a standard health benefit plan, a basic health benefit plan, or a <u>flexible</u> limited benefit policy or contract for any small employer, the small employer carrier shall <u>disclose in writing to the provide such employer group with a written statement that contains, at a minimum:</u>
 - a. An explanation of those mandated benefits and

providers that are not covered by the policy or contract;

a.b. An outline of coverage together explanation of

the managed care and cost control features of the policy or contract, along with all appropriate mailing addresses and telephone numbers to be used by insureds in seeking information or authorization.

 $\underline{\text{b.c.}}$ An explanation of The primary and preventive care features of the policy or contract.

Such disclosure statement must be presented in a clear and understandable form and format and must be separate from the policy or certificate or evidence of coverage provided to the employer group.

- 2. Before a small employer carrier issues a standard health benefit plan, a basic health benefit plan, or a limited benefit policy or contract, it must obtain from the prospective policyholder a signed written statement in which the prospective policyholder:
- a. Certifies as to eligibility for coverage under the standard health benefit plan, basic health benefit plan, or limited benefit policy or contract;
- $\underline{\text{c.b.}}$ Acknowledges The limited nature of the coverage and an understanding of the managed care and cost control features of the policy or contract.
- c. Acknowledges that if misrepresentations are made regarding eligibility for coverage under a standard health benefit plan, a basic health benefit plan, or a limited benefit policy or contract, the person making such misrepresentations forfeits coverage provided by the policy or contract; and
 - 2.d. If a <u>flexible benefit policy or contract</u> limited

plan is requested, the prospective policyholder must acknowledge in writing acknowledges that he or she the prospective policyholder had been offered, at the time of application for the insurance policy or contract, the opportunity to purchase any health benefit plan offered by the carrier and that the prospective policyholder had rejected that coverage.

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A copy of such written statement shall be provided to the prospective policyholder no later than at the time of delivery of the policy or contract, and the original of such written statement shall be retained in the files of the small employer carrier for the period of time that the policy or contract remains in effect or for 5 years, whichever period is longer.

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3. Any material statement made by an applicant for coverage under a health benefit plan which falsely certifies as to the applicant's eligibility for coverage serves as the basis for terminating coverage under the policy or contract.

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3.4. Each marketing communication that is intended to be used in the marketing of a health benefit plan in this state must be submitted for review by the department prior to use and must contain the disclosures stated in this subsection.

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4. The contract, policy, and certificates evidencing coverage under a flexible benefit policy or contract and the application for coverage under such plans must state in not less than 12-point bold type on the first page in contrasting color the following: "The benefits provided by this health plan are limited and may not cover all of your medical needs. You should carefully review the benefits offered under this 31 health plan."

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- (e) A small employer carrier may not use any policy, contract, form, or rate under this section, including applications, enrollment forms, policies, contracts, certificates, evidences of coverage, riders, amendments, endorsements, and disclosure forms, until the <u>carrier insurer</u> has filed it with the department and the department has approved it under ss. 627.410, and 627.411, and 641.31 and this section.
- (f) A flexible benefit policy or contract must have an annual maximum benefit of \$50,000 or greater and a lifetime benefit of \$500,000 or greater and such benefit shall be disclosed in 12-point bold type in contrasting color.
 - (15) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER STATE LAWS.--
- (a) Except as expressly provided in this section, a law requiring coverage for a specific health care service or benefit, or a law requiring reimbursement, utilization, or consideration of a specific category of licensed health care practitioner, does not apply to a standard or basic health benefit plan policy or contract or a flexible limited benefit policy or contract offered or delivered to a small employer unless that law is made expressly applicable to such policies or contracts. A law restricting or limiting deductibles, coinsurance, copayments, or annual or lifetime maximum payments does not apply to any health plan policy, including a standard or basic health benefit plan policy or contract or a flexible benefit policy or contract, offered or delivered to a small employer unless such law is made expressly applicable to such policy or contract. When any flexible benefit health insurance policy or flexible benefit contract provides for the payment for medical expense benefits or procedures, such policy or contract shall be construed to include payment to a

licensed physician or licensed dentist who provides the medical service benefits or procedures which are within the scope of a licensed physician's license or licensed dentist's license. Any limitation or condition placed upon payment to, or upon services, diagnosis, or treatment by, any licensed physician shall or licensed dentist apply equally to all licensed physicians without unfair discrimination to the usual and customary treatment procedures of any class of physicians or licensed dentist.

- (b) Except as provided in this section, a standard or basic health benefit plan policy or contract or flexible
 limited benefit policy or contract offered to a small employer is not subject to any provision of this code which:
- 1. Inhibits a small employer carrier from contracting with providers or groups of providers with respect to health care services or benefits;
- 2. Imposes any restriction on a small employer carrier's ability to negotiate with providers regarding the level or method of reimbursing care or services provided under a health benefit plan; or
- 3. Requires a small employer carrier to either include a specific provider or class of providers when contracting for health care services or benefits or to exclude any class of providers that is generally authorized by statute to provide such care.
- (c) Any second tier assessment paid by a carrier pursuant to paragraph (11)(j) may be credited against assessments levied against the carrier pursuant to s. 627.6494.
- 30 (d) Notwithstanding chapter 641, a health maintenance organization is authorized to issue contracts providing

1	benefits to a small employer equal to the standard health
2	benefit plan, the basic health benefit plan, and the <u>flexible</u>
3	limited benefit policy authorized by this section. <u>Flexible</u>
4	benefit plans offered by health maintenance organizations
5	shall contain all group provisions required under chapter 641.
6	Section 15. Section 627.911, Florida Statutes, is
7	amended to read:
8	627.911 Scope of this partAny insurer or health
9	maintenance organization transacting insurance in this state
10	shall report information as required by this part.
11	Section 16. Section 627.9175, Florida Statutes, is
12	amended to read:
13	627.9175 Reports of information on health insurance
14	(1) Each authorized health insurer shall submit
15	annually to the department information concerning health
16	insurance coverage being issued or currently in force in this
17	state. The information must include information related to
18	premium, number of policies, and covered lives for such
19	policies and other information necessary for analyzing trends
20	in enrollment, premiums, and claim costs.as to policies of
21	individual health insurance:
22	(a) The required information must be broken down by
23	market segment, to include:
24	1. Health insurance issuer company contact
25	information.
26	2. Information on all health insurance products issued
27	or in force. Such information must include:
28	a. Direct premiums earned.
29	b. Direct losses incurred.
30	c. Direct premiums earned for new business issued
31	during the year.

1	d. Number of policies.
2	e. Number of certificates.
3	f. Number of total covered lives.
4	A summary of typical benefits, exclusions, and
5	limitations for each type of individual policy form currently
6	being issued in the state. The summary shall include, as
7	appropriate:
8	1. The deductible amount;
9	2. The coinsurance percentage;
10	3. The out-of-pocket maximum;
11	4. Outpatient benefits;
12	5. Inpatient benefits; and
13	6. Any exclusions for preexisting conditions.
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15	The department shall determine other appropriate benefits,
16	exclusions, and limitations to be reported for inclusion in
17	the consumer's guide published pursuant to this section.
18	(b) The department may adopt rules to administer this
19	section, including, but not limited to, rules governing
20	compliance and provisions implementing electronic
21	methodologies for use in furnishing such records or documents.
22	A schedule of rates for each type of individual policy form
23	reflecting typical variations by age, sex, region of the
24	state, or any other applicable factor which is in use and is
25	determined to be appropriate for inclusion by the department.
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27	The department $\underline{\text{may}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ provide by rule a uniform format for
28	the submission of this information in order to allow for
29	meaningful comparisons of premiums charged for comparable
30	benefits. The department shall publish annually a consumer's

31 guide which summarizes and compares the information required

to be reported under this subsection.

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(2) (2) (a) The department shall publish annually a consumer's guide Every insurer transacting health insurance in this state shall report annually to the department, not later than April 1, information relating to any measure the insurer has implemented or proposes to implement during the next calendar year for the purpose of containing health insurance costs or cost increases. The reports shall identify each measure and the forms to which the measure is applied, shall provide an explanation as to how the measure is used, and shall provide an estimate of the cost effect of the measure.

(b) The department shall promulgate forms to be used by insurers in reporting information pursuant to this subsection and shall utilize such forms to analyze the effects of health care cost containment programs used by health insurers in this state.

(c) The department shall analyze the data reported under this subsection and shall annually make available to the public a summary of its findings as to the types of cost containment measures reported and the estimated effect of these measures.

Section 17. Section 627.9403, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.9403 Scope. -- The provisions of this part shall apply to long-term care insurance policies delivered or issued for delivery in this state, and to policies delivered or issued for delivery outside this state to the extent provided in s. 627.9406, by an insurer, a fraternal benefit society as defined in s. 632.601, a health maintenance organization as defined in s. 641.19, a prepaid health clinic as defined in s. 31 | 641.402, or a multiple-employer welfare arrangement as defined

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in s. 624.437. A policy which is advertised, marketed, or offered as a long-term care policy and as a Medicare supplement policy shall meet the requirements of this part and the requirements of ss. 627.671-627.675 and, to the extent of a conflict, be subject to the requirement that is more favorable to the policyholder or certificateholder. The provisions of this part shall not apply to a continuing care contract issued pursuant to chapter 651 and shall not apply to guaranteed renewable policies issued prior to October 1, 1988. Any limited benefit policy that limits coverage to care in a nursing home or to one or more lower levels of care required 12 or authorized to be provided by this part or by department rule must meet all requirements of this part that apply to long-term care insurance policies, except ss. 627.9407(3)(c) and (d), (9), (10)(f), and (12) and 627.94073(2). If the limited benefit policy does not provide coverage for care in a nursing home, but does provide coverage for one or more lower levels of care, the policy shall also be exempt from the requirements of s. 627.9407(3)(d).

Section 18. Section 627.9408, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.9408 Rules.--

- (1) The department may has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer implement the provisions of this part.
- The department may adopt by rule the provisions of the Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners in the second quarter of the year 2000 which are not in conflict with the Florida Insurance Code.

Section 19. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section

641.185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1 2 641.185 Health maintenance organization subscriber 3 protections. --4 (1) With respect to the provisions of this part and 5 part III, the principles expressed in the following statements shall serve as standards to be followed by the Department of 7 Insurance and the Agency for Health Care Administration in exercising their powers and duties, in exercising 8 administrative discretion, in administrative interpretations 10 of the law, in enforcing its provisions, and in adopting 11 rules: 12 (e) A health maintenance organization subscriber 13 should receive timely, concise information regarding the 14 health maintenance organization's reimbursement to providers 15 and services pursuant to ss. 641.31 and 641.31015 and should 16 receive prompt payment from the organization pursuant to s. 17 641.3155. Section 20. Subsection (4) is added to section 18 641.234, Florida Statutes, to read: 19 20 641.234 Administrative, provider, and management 21 contracts.--22 (4)(a) If a health maintenance organization, through a health care risk contract, transfers to any entity the 23 24 obligations to pay any provider for any claims arising from 25 services provided to or for the benefit of any subscriber of the organization, the health maintenance organization shall 26 27 remain responsible for any violations of ss. 641.3155, 28 641.3156, and 641.51(4). The provisions of ss. 624.418-624.4211 and 641.52 shall apply to any such 29 30 violations. 31 (b) As used in this subsection, the term:

"Health care risk contract" means a contract under 1 2 which an entity receives compensation in exchange for 3 providing to the health maintenance organization a provider 4 network or other services, which may include administrative 5 services. 2. "Entity" means a person licensed as an 6 7 administrator under s. 626.88 and does not include any provider or group practice, as defined in s. 456.053, 8 providing services under the scope of the license of the 9 10 provider or the members of the group practice. Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 641.30, Florida 11 12 Statutes, is amended to read: 641.30 Construction and relationship to other laws.--13 14 (1) Every health maintenance organization shall accept 15 the standard health claim form prescribed pursuant to s. 16 641.3155 s. 627.647. 17 Section 22. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (3) of section 641.31, Florida Statutes, are amended, and 18 paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, to read: 19 20 641.31 Health maintenance contracts.--21 (3) (b) Any change in the rate is subject to paragraph (d) 22 and requires at least 30 days' advance written notice to the 23 24 subscriber. In the case of a group member, there may be a 25 contractual agreement with the health maintenance organization to have the employer provide the required notice to the 26 27 individual members of the group. This paragraph does not apply 28 to a group contract covering 51 or more persons unless the

rate is for any coverage under which the increase in claim

or duration is prefunded in the premium.

costs over the lifetime of the contract due to advancing age

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- (d) Any change in rates charged for the contract must be filed with the department not less than 30 days in advance of the effective date. At the expiration of such 30 days, the rate filing shall be deemed approved unless prior to such time the filing has been affirmatively approved or disapproved by order of the department pursuant to s. 627.411. The approval of the filing by the department constitutes a waiver of any unexpired portion of such waiting period. The department may extend by not more than an additional 15 days the period within which it may so affirmatively approve or disapprove any such filing, by giving notice of such extension before expiration of the initial 30-day period. At the expiration of any such period as so extended, and in the absence of such prior affirmative approval or disapproval, any such filing shall be deemed approved.
- (f) A health maintenance organization that has fewer than 1,000 covered subscribers under all individual or group contracts at the time of a rate filing may file for an annual rate increase limited to annual medical trend, as adopted by the department. The filing is in lieu of the actuarial memorandum otherwise required for the rate filing. The filing must include forms adopted by the department and a certification by an officer of the company that the filing includes all similar forms.

Section 23. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 641.3111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

641.3111 Extension of benefits.--

(1) Every group health maintenance contract shall provide that termination of the contract shall be without prejudice to any continuous loss which commenced while the 31 contract was in force, but any extension of benefits beyond

the period the contract was in force may be predicated upon the continuous total disability of the subscriber and may be limited to payment for the treatment of a specific accident or illness incurred while the subscriber was a member. The extension is required regardless of whether the group contract holder or other entity secures replacement coverage from a new insurer or health maintenance organization or foregoes the provision of coverage. The required provision must provide for continuation of contract benefits in connection with the treatment of a specific accident or illness incurred while the contract was in effect. Such extension of benefits may be limited to the occurrence of the earliest of the following events:

- (a) The expiration of 12 months.
- (b) Such time as the member is no longer totally disabled.
- (c) A succeeding carrier elects to provide replacement coverage without limitation as to the disability condition.
- $\mbox{(d)}\mbox{ }\mbox{The maximum benefits payable under the contract}$ have been paid.
- (3) In the case of maternity coverage, when not covered by the succeeding carrier, a reasonable extension of benefits or accrued liability provision is required, which provision provides for continuation of the contract benefits in connection with maternity expenses for a pregnancy that commenced while the policy was in effect. The extension shall be for the period of that pregnancy and shall not be based upon total disability.

Section 24. Subsection (4) of section 641.3154, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.3154 Organization liability; provider billing

prohibited.--

- (4) A provider or any representative of a provider, regardless of whether the provider is under contract with the health maintenance organization, may not collect or attempt to collect money from, maintain any action at law against, or report to a credit agency a subscriber of an organization for payment of services for which the organization is liable, if the provider in good faith knows or should know that the organization is liable. This prohibition applies during the pendency of any claim for payment made by the provider to the organization for payment of the services and any legal proceedings or dispute resolution process to determine whether the organization is liable for the services if the provider is informed that such proceedings are taking place. It is presumed that a provider does not know and should not know that an organization is liable unless:
- (a) The provider is informed by the organization that it accepts liability;
- (b) A court of competent jurisdiction determines that the organization is liable; $\frac{}{\mbox{or}}$
- (c) The department or agency makes a final determination that the organization is required to pay for such services subsequent to a recommendation made by the Statewide Provider and Subscriber Assistance Panel pursuant to s. 408.7056; or
- (d) The agency issues a final order that the organization is required to pay for such services subsequent to a recommendation made by a resolution organization pursuant to s. 408.7057.
- 30 Section 25. Section 641.3155, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See s. 641.3155, F.S., for present text.)

641.3155 Prompt payment of claims.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term "claim" for a noninstitutional provider means a paper or electronic billing instrument submitted to the health maintenance organization's designated location that consists of the HCFA 1500 data set, or its successor, that has all mandatory entries for a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 463, or a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or any appropriate billing instrument that has all mandatory entries for any other noninstitutional provider. For institutional providers, "claim" means a paper or electronic billing instrument submitted to the health maintenance organization's designated location that consists of the UB-92 data set or its successor, with entries stated as mandatory by the National Uniform Billing Committee.
- $\underline{\mbox{(2)}}$ All claims for payment, whether electronic or nonelectronic:
- (a) Are considered received on the date the claim is received by the organization at its designated claims receipt location.
- (b) Must be mailed or electronically transferred to an organization within 6 months after completion of the service and the provider is furnished with the correct name and address of the patient's health insurer. Submission of a provider's claim is considered made on the date it is electronically transferred or mailed.
- (c) Must not duplicate a claim previously submitted unless it is determined that the original claim was not received or is otherwise lost.

- (3) For all electronically submitted claims, a health maintenance organization shall:
- (a) Within 24 hours after the beginning of the next business day after receipt of the claim, provide electronic acknowledgment of the receipt of the claim to the electronic source submitting the claim.
- (b) Within 20 days after receipt of the claim, pay the claim or notify a provider or designee if a claim is denied or contested. Notice of the organization's action on the claim and payment of the claim is considered to be made on the date the notice or payment was mailed or electronically transferred.
- (c)1. Notification of the health maintenance organization's determination of a contested claim must be accompanied by an itemized list of additional information or documents the insurer can reasonably determine are necessary to process the claim.
- 2. A provider must submit the additional information or documentation, as specified on the itemized list, within 35 days after receipt of the notification. Failure of a provider to submit by mail or electronically the additional information or documentation requested within 35 days after receipt of the notification may result in denial of the claim.
- 3. A health maintenance organization may not make more than one request for documents under this paragraph in connection with a claim, unless the provider fails to submit all of the requested documents to process the claim or if documents submitted by the provider raise new additional issues not included in the original written itemization, in which case the health maintenance organization may provide the provider with one additional opportunity to submit the

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additional documents needed to process the claim. In no case may the health maintenance organization request duplicate documents.

- (d) For purposes of this subsection, electronic means of transmission of claims, notices, documents, forms, and payment shall be used to the greatest extent possible by the health maintenance organization and the provider.
- (e) A claim must be paid or denied within 90 days after receipt of the claim. Failure to pay or deny a claim within 120 days after receipt of the claim creates an uncontestable obligation to pay the claim.
- (4) For all nonelectronically submitted claims, a health maintenance organization shall:
- (a) Effective November 1, 2003, provide acknowledgement of receipt of the claim within 15 days after receipt of the claim to the provider or designee or provide a provider or designee within 15 days after receipt with electronic access to the status of a submitted claim.
- (b) Within 40 days after receipt of the claim, pay the claim or notify a provider or designee if a claim is denied or contested. Notice of the health maintenance organization's action on the claim and payment of the claim is considered to be made on the date the notice or payment was mailed or electronically transferred.
- (c)1. Notification of the health maintenance organization's determination of a contested claim must be accompanied by an itemized list of additional information or documents the organization can reasonably determine are necessary to process the claim.
- 2. A provider must submit the additional information 31 or documentation, as specified on the itemized list, within 35

 days after receipt of the notification. Failure of a provider to submit by mail or electronically the additional information or documentation requested within 35 days after receipt of the notification may result in denial of the claim.

- 3. A health maintenance organization may not make more than one request for documents under this paragraph in connection with a claim unless the provider fails to submit all of the requested documents to process the claim or if documents submitted by the provider raise new additional issues not included in the original written itemization, in which case the health maintenance organization may provide the provider with one additional opportunity to submit the additional documents needed to process the claim. In no case may the health maintenance organization request duplicate documents.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection, electronic means of transmission of claims, notices, documents, forms, and payments shall be used to the greatest extent possible by the health maintenance organization and the provider.
- (e) A claim must be paid or denied within 120 days after receipt of the claim. Failure to pay or deny a claim within 140 days after receipt of the claim creates an uncontestable obligation to pay the claim.
- (5) If a health maintenance organization determines that it has made an overpayment to a provider for services rendered to a subscriber, the health maintenance organization must make a claim for such overpayment to the provider's designated location. A health maintenance organization that makes a claim for overpayment to a provider under this section shall give the provider a written or electronic statement specifying the basis for the retroactive denial or payment

adjustment. The health maintenance organization must identify the claim or claims, or overpayment claim portion thereof, for which a claim for overpayment is submitted.

- (a) If an overpayment determination is the result of retroactive review or audit of coverage decisions or payment levels not related to fraud, a health maintenance organization shall adhere to the following procedures:
- 1. All claims for overpayment must be submitted to a provider within 30 months after the health maintenance organization's payment of the claim. A provider must pay, deny, or contest the health maintenance organization's claim for overpayment within 40 days after the receipt of the claim. All contested claims for overpayment must be paid or denied within 120 days after receipt of the claim. Failure to pay or deny overpayment and claim within 140 days after receipt creates an uncontestable obligation to pay the claim.
- 2. A provider that denies or contests a health maintenance organization's claim for overpayment or any portion of a claim shall notify the organization, in writing, within 35 days after the provider receives the claim that the claim for overpayment is contested or denied. The notice that the claim for overpayment is denied or contested must identify the contested portion of the claim and the specific reason for contesting or denying the claim and, if contested, must include a request for additional information. If the organization submits additional information, the organization must, within 35 days after receipt of the request, mail or electronically transfer the information to the provider. The provider shall pay or deny the claim for overpayment within 45 days after receipt of the information. The notice is considered made on the date the notice is mailed or

electronically transferred by the provider.

- 3. Failure of a health maintenance organization to respond to a provider's contestment of claim or request for additional information regarding the claim within 35 days after receipt of such notice may result in denial of the claim.
- 4. The health maintenance organization may not reduce payment to the provider for other services unless the provider agrees to the reduction in writing or fails to respond to the health maintenance organization's overpayment claim as required by this paragraph.
- 5. Payment of an overpayment claim is considered made on the date the payment was mailed or electronically transferred. An overdue payment of a claim bears simple interest at the rate of 12 percent per year. Interest on an overdue payment for a claim for an overpayment payment begins to accrue when the claim should have been paid, denied, or contested.
- (b) A claim for overpayment shall not be permitted beyond 30 months after the health maintenance organization's payment of a claim, except that claims for overpayment may be sought beyond that time from providers convicted of fraud pursuant to s. 817.234.
- (6) Payment of a claim is considered made on the date the payment was mailed or electronically transferred. An overdue payment of a claim bears simple interest of 12 percent per year. Interest on an overdue payment for a claim or for any portion of a claim begins to accrue when the claim should have been paid, denied, or contested. The interest is payable with the payment of the claim.
 - (7)(a) For all contracts entered into or renewed on or

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after October 1, 2002, a health maintenance organization's internal dispute resolution process related to a denied claim not under active review by a mediator, arbitrator, or third-party dispute entity must be finalized within 60 days after the receipt of the provider's request for review or appeal.

- (b) All claims to a health maintenance organization begun after October 1, 2000, not under active review by a mediator, arbitrator, or third-party dispute entity, shall result in a final decision on the claim by the health maintenance organization by January 2, 2003, for the purpose of the statewide provider and managed care organization claim dispute resolution program pursuant to s. 408.7057.
- (8) A provider or any representative of a provider, regardless of whether the provider is under contract with the health maintenance organization, may not collect or attempt to collect money from, maintain any action at law against, or report to a credit agency a subscriber for payment of covered services for which the health maintenance organization contested or denied the provider's claim. This prohibition applies during the pendency of any claim for payment made by the provider to the health maintenance organization for payment of the services or internal dispute resolution process to determine whether the health maintenance organization is liable for the services. For a claim, this pendency applies from the date the claim or a portion of the claim is denied to the date of the completion of the health maintenance organization's internal dispute resolution process, not to exceed 60 days.
- (9) The provisions of this section may not be waived, voided, or nullified by contract.

(10) A health maintenance organization may not 1 retroactively deny a claim because of subscriber ineligibility 2 3 more than 1 year after the date of payment of the claim. 4 (11) A health maintenance organization shall pay a 5 contracted primary care or admitting physician, pursuant to 6 such physician's contract, for providing inpatient services in 7 a contracted hospital to a subscriber if such services are determined by the health maintenance organization to be 8 medically necessary and covered services under the health 9 10 maintenance organization's contract with the contract holder. 11 (12) Upon written notification by a subscriber, a 12 health maintenance organization shall investigate any claim of improper billing by a physician, hospital, or other health 13 14 care provider. The organization shall determine if the 15 subscriber was properly billed for only those procedures and services that the subscriber actually received. If the 16 17 organization determines that the subscriber has been 18 improperly billed, the organization shall notify the subscriber and the provider of its findings and shall reduce 19 20 the amount of payment to the provider by the amount determined to be improperly billed. If a reduction is made due to such 21 notification by the insured, the insurer shall pay to the 22 insured 20 percent of the amount of the reduction up to \$500. 23 24 (13) A permissible error ratio of 5 percent is 25 established for health maintenance organizations' claims 26 payment violations of s. 641.3155(3)(a), (b), (c), and (e) and 27 (4)(a), (b), (c), and (e). If the error ratio of a particular 28 insurer does not exceed the permissible error ratio of 5 percent for an audit period, no fine shall be assessed for the 29 30 noted claims violations for the audit period. The error ratio shall be determined by dividing the number of claims with

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violations found on a statistically valid sample of claims for
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    the audit period by the total number of claims in the sample.
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    If the error ratio exceeds the permissible error ratio of 5
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   percent, a fine may be assessed according to s. 624.4211 for
    those claims payment violations which exceed the error ratio.
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   Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department
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    may fine a health maintenance organization for claims payment
    violations of s. 641.3155(3)(e) and (4)(e) which create an
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   uncontestable obligation to pay the claim. The department
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    shall not fine organizations for violations which the
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    department determines were due to circumstances beyond the
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    organization's control.
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          (14) This section shall apply to all claims or any
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   portion of a claim submitted by a health maintenance
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    organization subscriber under a health maintenance
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    organization subscriber contract to the organization for
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   payment.
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- (15) Notwithstanding s. 641.3155(3)(b), where an electronic pharmacy claim is submitted to a pharmacy benefits manager acting on behalf of a health maintenance organization the pharmacy benefits manager shall, within 30 days of receipt of the claim, pay the claim or notify a provider or designee if a claim is denied or contested. Notice of the organization's action on the claim and payment of the claim is considered to be made on the date the notice or payment was mailed or electronically transferred.
- (16) Notwithstanding s. 641.3155(4)(a), effective

 November 1, 2003, where a nonelectronic pharmacy claim is

 submitted to a pharmacy benefits manager acting on behalf of a

 health maintenance organization the pharmacy benefits manager

 shall provide acknowledgment of receipt of the claim within 30

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days after receipt of the claim to the provider or provide a
provider within 30 days after receipt with electronic access
to the status of a submitted claim.

Section 26. Subsection (12) of section 641.51, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:
641.51 Quality assurance program; second medical
opinion requirement.-(12) If a contracted primary care physician, licensed

under chapter 458 or chapter 459, <u>determines</u> and the <u>organization determine</u> that a subscriber requires examination by a licensed ophthalmologist for medically necessary, contractually covered services, then the organization shall authorize the contracted primary care physician to send the subscriber to a contracted licensed ophthalmologist.

Section 27. Sections 27-29 of this act may be cited as the "Jennifer Knight Medicaid Lung Transplant Act."

Section 28. Subject to the availability of funds and subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216, Florida Statutes, the Agency for Health Care Administration Medicaid program shall pay for medically necessary lung transplant services for Medicaid recipients.

Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 409.915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.915 County contributions to Medicaid.--Although the state is responsible for the full portion of the state share of the matching funds required for the Medicaid program, in order to acquire a certain portion of these funds, the state shall charge the counties for certain items of care and service as provided in this section.

(1) Each county shall participate in the following

items of care and service:

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- (a) For both health maintenance members and fee-for-service beneficiaries, payments for inpatient hospitalization in excess of 10 days, but not in excess of 45 days, with the exception of pregnant women and children whose income is in excess of the federal poverty level and who do not participate in the Medicaid medically needy program, and for adult lung transplant services.
- (b) Payments for nursing home or intermediate facilities care in excess of \$170 per month, with the exception of skilled nursing care for children under age 21.

Section 30. (1) The Division of Statutory Revision of the Office of Legislative Services shall divide chapter 430, Florida Statutes, as follows:

- (a) Current sections 430.01-430.80, Florida Statutes, shall be designated as part I of chapter 430, Florida Statutes.
- (b) Current part III of chapter 400, Florida Statutes, consisting of sections 400.401-400.454, Florida Statutes, shall be transferred, renumbered, and designated as part II of chapter 430, Florida Statutes.
- (2) The Division of Statutory Revision is requested to correct and update all cross-references to reflect the changes made by this section.

Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 627.638, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.638 Direct payment for hospital, medical services.--

(2) Whenever, in any health insurance claim form, an insured specifically authorizes payment of benefits directly 31 to any recognized hospital or physician, the insurer shall

make such payment to the designated provider of such services, 2 unless otherwise provided in the insurance contract. However, 3 if: 4 The benefit is determined to be covered under the 5 terms of the policy; 6 (b) The claim is limited to treatment of mental health 7 or substance abuse, including drug and alcohol abuse; and (c) The insured authorizes the insurer, in writing, as 8 part of the claim to make direct payment of benefits to a 9 10 recognized hospital, physician, or other licensed provider, 11 12 payments shall be made directly to the recognized hospital, 13 physician, or other licensed provider, notwithstanding any contrary provisions in the insurance contract. 14 15 Section 32. Paragraph (b) of subsection (14) of section 440.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 440.13 Medical services and supplies; penalty for violations; limitations.--18 19 (14) PAYMENT OF MEDICAL FEES. --20 (b) Fees charged for remedial treatment, care, and attendance may not exceed the applicable fee schedules adopted 21 under this chapter, except as provided <u>pursuant to a contract</u> 22 entered into between an employer or carrier and a certified 23 24 health care provider or health care facility for the payment of medical services for covered expenses. 25 26 Section 33. The Office of Legislative Services shall 27 contract for a business case study of the feasibility of 28 outsourcing the administrative, investigative, legal, and

prosecutorial functions and other tasks and services that are

necessary to carry out the regulatory responsibilities of the

31 | Board of Dentistry, employing its own executive director and

other staff, and obtaining authority over collections and 1 2 expenditures of funds paid by professions regulated by the 3 board into the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund. This 4 feasibility study must include a business plan and an assessment of the direct and indirect costs associated with 5 6 outsourcing these functions. The sum of \$50,000 is 7 appropriated from the Board of Dentistry account within the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund to the Office of 8 Legislative Services for the purpose of contracting for the 9 10 study. The Office of Legislative Services shall submit the completed study to the Governor, the President of the Senate, 11 12 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2003. 13 Section 34. Except as otherwise provided in this act, 14 15 this act shall take effect October 1, 2002, and shall apply to claims for services rendered after such date. 16 17 18 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 19 20 And the title is amended as follows: 21 Delete everything before the enacting clause 22 23 and insert: 24 A bill to be entitled 25 An act relating to health care providers and insurers; providing legislative findings and 26 27 legislative intent; defining terms; providing for a pilot program for health flex plans for 28 certain uninsured persons; providing criteria; 29 30 authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration and the Department of Insurance 31

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to adopt rules; exempting approved health flex plans from certain licensing requirements; providing criteria for eligibility to enroll in a health flex plan; requiring health flex plan providers to maintain certain records; providing requirements for denial, nonrenewal, or cancellation of coverage; specifying that coverage under an approved health flex plan is not an entitlement; providing for civil actions against health plan entities by the Agency for Health Care Administration under certain circumstances; amending s. 408.7057, F.S.; redesignating a program title; revising definitions; including preferred provider organizations and health insurers in the claim dispute resolution program; specifying timeframes for submission of supporting documentation necessary for dispute resolution; providing consequences for failure to comply; providing additional responsibilities for the agency relating to patterns of claim disputes; providing timeframes for review by the resolution organization; directing the agency to notify appropriate licensure and certification entities as part of violation of final orders; amending s. 456.053, F.S., the "Patient Self-Referral Act of 1992"; redefining the term "referral" by revising the list of practices that constitute exceptions; amending s. 626.88, F.S.; redefining the term "administrator," with respect to regulation of

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insurance administrators; amending s. 627.410, F.S.; exempting group health insurance policies insuring groups of a certain size from rate-filing requirements; providing alternative rate-filing requirements for insurers having fewer than a specified number of nationwide policyholders or members; amending s. 627.411, F.S.; revising the grounds for the disapproval of insurance policy forms; providing that a health insurance policy form may be disapproved if it results in certain rate increases; specifying allowable new business rates and renewal rates if rate increases exceed certain levels; authorizing the Department of Insurance to determine medical trend for purposes of approving rate filings; creating s. 627.6131, F.S.; specifying payment of claims provisions applicable to certain health insurers; providing a definition; providing requirements and procedures for paying, denying, or contesting claims; providing criteria and limitations; requiring payment within specified periods; specifying rate of interest charged on overdue payments; providing for electronic and nonelectronic transmission of claims; providing procedures for overpayment recovery; specifying timeframes for adjudication of claims, internally and externally; prohibiting action to collect payment from an insured under certain circumstances; providing applicability; prohibiting contractual modification of

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provisions of law; specifying circumstances for retroactive claim denial; specifying claim payment requirements; providing for billing review procedures; specifying claim content requirements; establishing a permissible error ratio, specifying its applicability, and providing for fines; providing specified exceptions from notice and acknowledgment requirements for pharmacy benefit manager claims; amending s. 627.6425, F.S., relating to renewability of individual coverage; providing for circumstances relating to nonrenewal or discontinuance of coverage; amending s. 627.6475, F.S.; revising criteria for reinsuring individuals under an individual health reinsurance program; amending s. 627.651, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference, to conform; amending s. 627.662, F.S.; specifying application of certain additional provisions to group, blanket, and franchise health insurance; amending s. 627.667, F.S.; deleting an exception to an extension-of-benefits application provision for out-of-state group policies; amending s. 627.6692, F.S.; extending a time period for premium payment for continuation of coverage; amending s. 627.6699, F.S.; redefining terms; allowing carriers to separate the experience of small-employer groups having fewer than two employees; authorizing certain small employers to enroll with alternate carriers under certain

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circumstances; revising certain criteria of the small-employer health reinsurance program; requiring the Insurance Commissioner to appoint a health benefit plan committee to modify the standard, basic, and flexible health benefit plans; revising certain disclosure requirements; providing additional notice requirements; revising the disclosure that a carrier must make to a small employer upon offering certain policies; prohibiting small-employer carriers from using certain policies, contracts, forms, or rates unless filed with and approved by the Department of Insurance pursuant to certain provisions; restricting application of certain laws to flexible benefit policies under certain circumstances; amending s. 627.6425, F.S.; revising provisions permitting an insurer to nonrenew or discontinue coverage; authorizing offering or delivering flexible benefit policies or contracts to certain employers; providing requirements for benefits in flexible benefit policies or contracts for small employers; amending s. 627.911, F.S.; including health maintenance organizations under certain information-reporting requirements; amending s. 627.9175, F.S.; revising health insurance reporting requirements for insurers; amending s. 627.9403, F.S.; clarifying application of exceptions to certain long-term-care insurance policy requirements for certain limited-benefit

policies; amending s. 627.9408, F.S.;
authorizing the department to adopt by rule
certain provisions of the Long-Term Care
Insurance Model Regulation, as adopted by the
National Association of Insurance
Commissioners; amending s. 641.185, F.S.;
specifying that health maintenance organization
subscribers should receive prompt payment from
the organization; amending s. 641.234, F.S.;
specifying responsibility of a health
maintenance organization for certain violations
under certain circumstances; amending s.
641.30, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference;
amending s. 641.31, F.S.; exempting contracts
of group health maintenance organizations
covering a specified number of persons from the
requirements of filing with the department;
specifying the standards for department
approval and disapproval of a change in rates
by a health maintenance organization; providing
alternative rate-filing requirements for
organizations having fewer than a specified
number of subscribers; amending s. 641.3111,
F.S.; revising extension-of-benefits
requirements for group health maintenance
contracts; amending s. 641.3154, F.S.;
modifying the circumstances under which a
provider knows that an organization is liable
for service reimbursement; amending s.
641.3155, F.S.; revising payment of claims
provisions applicable to certain health

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maintenance organizations; providing a definition; providing requirements and procedures for paying, denying, or contesting claims; providing criteria and limitations; requiring payment within specified periods; revising rate of interest charged on overdue payments; providing for electronic and nonelectronic transmission of claims; providing procedures for overpayment recovery; specifying timeframes for adjudication of claims, internally and externally; prohibiting action to collect payment from a subscriber under certain circumstances; prohibiting contractual modification of provisions of law; specifying circumstances for retroactive claim denial; specifying claim payment requirements; providing for billing review procedures; specifying claim content requirements; establishing a permissible error ratio, specifying its applicability, and providing for fines; providing specified exceptions from notice and acknowledgment requirements for pharmacy benefit manager claims; amending s. 641.51, F.S.; revising provisions governing examinations by ophthalmologists; providing a short title; providing coverage for certain organ-transplant services; amending s. 409.915, F.S.; exempting counties from contributions for such services; directing the Division of Statutory Revision of the Office of Legislative Services to reorganize chapters 400 and 430,

F.S., relating to elderly affairs and nursing homes and related facilities; amending s. 627.638, F.S.; revising requirements relating to direct payment of benefits to specified providers under certain circumstances; amending s. 440.13, F.S.; revising provisions relating to payment of fees for remedial treatment; providing an appropriation for a feasibility study relating to outsourcing specified functions of the Board of Dentistry; requiring submission of the completed study to the Governor and Legislature; providing effective dates.