A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to dependent children; amending s. 39.01, F.S.; providing a definition; 3 4 amending ss. 39.0015 and 39.302, F.S.; 5 correcting cross references; amending s. 39.407, F.S.; providing requirements for 6 7 issuance of a court order authorizing dispensing of psychotropic medication to a 8 9 child in shelter status or foster care; providing for prior review of the child's 10 11 medical history and evidence demonstrating that 12 the treatment is appropriate for the child's condition; providing for periodic court review 13 14 of the child's progress; providing conditions for suspension of the treatment; providing for 15 16 further medical consultation, including second opinions, prior to issuance of an order 17 authorizing such medication; providing an 18 19 exception for the dispensing of such medication 20 in an acute care setting; providing an effective date. 21 2.2 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24 25 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 39.0015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 39.0015 Child abuse prevention training in the district school system.--28 29 (3) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section: 30

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"Child abuse" means those acts as defined in ss. 39.01(1), (2), (30),  $\frac{(43)}{(45)}$ , (47), (54), and (65),  $\frac{(52)}{(52)}$ , and (63), 827.04, and 984.03(1), (2), and (37). Section 2. Present subsections (40) and (42) of section 39.01, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (42) and (43), respectively, present subsection (41) is renumbered as subsection (40), present subsection (72) is

7 8 renumbered as subsection (41), present subsections (43) through (71) are renumbered as subsections (45) through (73),

respectively, and a new subsection (44) is added to said section, to read:

39.01 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

(44) "Medical passport" means a written health history of a child in shelter status or foster care, which is used to document health care and is to be kept with the child's caregiver in the child's resource record, and updated at each health care provider visit.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 39.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.302 Protective investigations of institutional child abuse, abandonment, or neglect.--

(1) The department shall conduct a child protective investigation of each report of institutional child abuse, abandonment, or neglect. Upon receipt of a report which alleges that an employee or agent of the department, or any other entity or person covered by s. 39.01(31) or (49)(47), acting in an official capacity, has committed an act of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, the department shall immediately initiate a child protective investigation and 31 orally notify the appropriate state attorney, law enforcement

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agency, and licensing agency. These agencies shall 1 immediately conduct a joint investigation, unless independent 3 investigations are more feasible. When conducting investigations onsite or having face-to-face interviews with the child, such investigation visits shall be unannounced unless it is determined by the department or its agent that such unannounced visits would threaten the safety of the child. When a facility is exempt from licensing, the department shall inform the owner or operator of the facility of the report. Each agency conducting a joint investigation 10 11 shall be entitled to full access to the information gathered by the department in the course of the investigation. A 12 13 protective investigation must include an onsite visit of the 14 child's place of residence. In all cases, the department shall make a full written report to the state attorney within 3 15 16 working days after making the oral report. A criminal investigation shall be coordinated, whenever possible, with 17 the child protective investigation of the department. Any 18 19 interested person who has information regarding the offenses 20 described in this subsection may forward a statement to the 21 state attorney as to whether prosecution is warranted and 22 appropriate. Within 15 days after the completion of the investigation, the state attorney shall report the findings to 23 the department and shall include in such report a 24 25 determination of whether or not prosecution is justified and 26 appropriate in view of the circumstances of the specific case. Section 4. Subsections (3) through (14) of section 28 39.407, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) 29 through (15), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to said section to read: 30

- 39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination and treatment of child; physical or mental examination of parent or person requesting custody of child.--
- (3)(a) If a child is prescribed psychotropic medication by a medical provider, such medication shall be dispensed as prescribed after the department has obtained a court order that finds compliance with the procedures of this subsection. The requirements for a court order authorizing dispensing of the medication shall include:
- 1. A statement by the prescribing physician that, prior to prescribing the psychotropic medication, the physician has reviewed the child's complete medical passport prepared by the department and that the medical passport contains, at a minimum:
- a. The names of and telephone numbers for all physicians who have treated the child, and the dates and purposes of treatment.
- b. Any and all known medical operations, procedures, and treatments the child has undergone, including, but not limited to, psychiatric and psychological consultations, and the dates of the operations, procedures, or treatments.
- c. Any and all known hospitalizations, including voluntary and involuntary psychiatric hospitalizations, and the respective dates, locations, treating physicians, and reasons for hospitalization.
- d. Any and all known medications previously and currently prescribed for the child, including the date that the prescription was first administered and the date that the prescription was discontinued, the dosage and frequency of administration, and any subsequent represcribing of each medication, and any side effects or other complications or

- e. The local after-hours emergency contact telephone numbers for the Department of Children and Family Services or other agency providing case management for the child.
- 2. Medical records or other competent evidence demonstrating that the psychotropic medication at its prescribed dosage is appropriate for the treatment of the child's diagnosed medical condition, as well as the behaviors and symptoms the medication at its prescribed dosage level is expected to address.
- 3. Medical records or other competent evidence demonstrating that the prescribing physician has provided the child, if age-appropriate, and the child's primary caregiver with a clinically appropriate explanation of: the nature and purpose of the treatment; the recognized side effects, risks, and contraindications of the medication; and drug interaction precautions.
- 4. Medical records or other competent evidence reflecting that alternative methods of treatment for the child's condition have been duly considered by medical providers and an alternative course of treatment that would offer comparable benefits to the child is unavailable or undesirable.
- 5. Medical records or other competent evidence demonstrating whether the psychotropic medication will replace or supplement any other currently prescribed medications or treatments, the length of time the child is expected to be taking the medication, and identification of additional medical, counseling, or other services that the prescribing physician believes are necessary or would be beneficial for

the treatment of the child's medical condition and that the physician expects or advises to be provided to the child in concert with the medication.

- (b) The court shall review the status of the child's progress on psychotropic medication at least every 6 months and may do so during timely scheduled judicial review hearings pursuant to s. 39.701. On its own motion or on good cause shown by any party, including any guardian ad litem, attorney, or attorney ad litem who has been appointed to represent the child or his or her interests, the court may review the status more frequently than required in this paragraph.
- (c) If at any time, based upon competent expert testimony, the court determines that the statutory requirements for continued use of the psychotropic medication are not being met, the court may, in the best interests of the child, order the treatment suspended and direct the department to either seek alternative treatment or produce evidence of compliance with the requirements of this section. The suspension of the use of any previously ordered medication shall be in compliance with acceptable medical practices as they relate to the termination of the ordered medication.
- (d) Notwithstanding compliance with the requirements of paragraph (a), prior to issuing an order authorizing dispensing of a psychotropic medication, the court may require further medical consultation, including obtaining second opinions, based on considerations of the best interests of the child, and including cases where a prescribed medication has not been specifically approved for administration to children by the federal Food and Drug Administration.

The provisions of this subsection notwithstanding, in an acute care setting, a medical provider may dispense prescribed psychotropic medication to a child without prior issuance of a court order obtained by the department authorizing such action. Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* HOUSE SUMMARY Provides requirements for issuance of a court order authorizing dispensing of psychotropic medication to a child in shelter status or foster care. Requires the prescribing physician to review the child's medical history, in the form of a "medical passport" prepared by the Department of Children and requires medical records or issuance of such order and requires medical records or issuance of such order, and requires medical records or other evidence demonstrating that the medication is appropriate for the child. Defines, and prescribes minimum contents of, the medical passport. Authorizes the court to require further medical consultation, including second opinions, prior to issuance of such order.
Provides for periodic court review of the child's
progress under the treatment, and provides conditions for
suspension of the treatment. Provides authority of a
medical provider to dispense prescribed psychotropic
medication to a child in an acute care setting without the court order otherwise required.