A bill to be entitled

An act relating to dependent children; amending s. 39.01, F.S.; providing a definition; amending ss. 39.0015 and 39.302, F.S.; correcting cross references; amending s. 39.407, F.S.; specifying conditions under which a court order is not required for dispensing psychotropic medication to a child in the legal custody of the Department of Children and Family Services; providing requirements for a petition to the court for authority to dispense psychotropic medication to such a child; providing for prior review of the child's medical history and evidence demonstrating that the treatment is appropriate for the child's condition; providing for the burden of proof; providing for further medical consultation, including second opinions, under certain circumstances; providing conditions for discontinuation of prescribed psychotropic medication or for the provision of other services; providing for periodic court review of the child's progress; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 39.0015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.0015 Child abuse prevention training in the district 31 school system. --

(3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section:(b) "Child abuse" means those acts as defined in ss.

39.01(1), (2), (30), (43), (45), (47), (54), and (65) (52), and (63), 827.04, and 984.03(1), (2), and (37).

Section 2 Present subsections (40) and (42) of

Section 2. Present subsections (40) and (42) of section 39.01, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (42) and (43), respectively, present subsection (41) is renumbered as subsection (40), present subsection (72) is renumbered as subsection (41), present subsections (43) through (71) are renumbered as subsections (45) through (73), respectively, and a new subsection (44) is added to said section, to read:

- 39.01 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (44) "Medical passport" means a written health history of a child in shelter status or foster care, which is used to document health care, and is to be kept with the child's caregiver in the child's resource record and updated at each health care provider visit. The department is responsible for ensuring the medical passport is current, complete, and accurate.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 39.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 39.302 Protective investigations of institutional child abuse, abandonment, or neglect.--
- (1) The department shall conduct a child protective investigation of each report of institutional child abuse, abandonment, or neglect. Upon receipt of a report which alleges that an employee or agent of the department, or any other entity or person covered by s. 39.01(31) or  $\underline{(49)}(47)$ , acting in an official capacity, has committed an act of child

abuse, abandonment, or neglect, the department shall immediately initiate a child protective investigation and 2 3 orally notify the appropriate state attorney, law enforcement 4 agency, and licensing agency. These agencies shall immediately 5 conduct a joint investigation, unless independent investigations are more feasible. When conducting 6 7 investigations onsite or having face-to-face interviews with 8 the child, such investigation visits shall be unannounced 9 unless it is determined by the department or its agent that such unannounced visits would threaten the safety of the 10 child. When a facility is exempt from licensing, the 11 12 department shall inform the owner or operator of the facility 13 of the report. Each agency conducting a joint investigation 14 shall be entitled to full access to the information gathered 15 by the department in the course of the investigation. A protective investigation must include an onsite visit of the 16 17 child's place of residence. In all cases, the department shall make a full written report to the state attorney within 18 19 working days after making the oral report. A criminal 20 investigation shall be coordinated, whenever possible, with the child protective investigation of the department. Any 21 22 interested person who has information regarding the offenses 23 described in this subsection may forward a statement to the state attorney as to whether prosecution is warranted and 24 appropriate. Within 15 days after the completion of the 25 26 investigation, the state attorney shall report the findings to 27 the department and shall include in such report a determination of whether or not prosecution is justified and 28 29 appropriate in view of the circumstances of the specific case. Section 4. Subsections (3) through (14) of section 30 39.407, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) 31

through (15), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to said section, to read:

- 39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination and treatment of child; physical or mental examination of parent or person requesting custody of child.--
- (3) The provision of psychotropic medication to a child in the legal custody of the department, and in compliance with this subsection, shall be deemed in compliance with the restrictions in s. 743.0645(1)(b).
- (a) A court order is not required to dispense psychotropic medication to a child in the legal custody of the department under any of the following conditions:
- 1. If a child was taking prescribed psychotropic medications at the time the child was removed from the home, the department may take possession of the remaining medications when the department takes the child, and may dispense those medications on a temporary basis until the next regularly scheduled court hearing required under this chapter, other than the shelter hearing, if such hearing occurs within 60 days of the time the child was removed.
- 2. Psychotropic medications may be dispensed in advance of issuance of a court order if the prescribing physician indicates in writing that delay in dispensing the medication could be detrimental to the child. The order required under this subsection shall be sought by the department at the next regularly scheduled court hearing required under this chapter, or within 60 days of the prescription, whichever is sooner; or
  - 3. In an acute care setting.
- (b) A motion seeking court authority to dispense psychotropic medication to a child in the legal custody of the

department must be supported by the prescribing physician's signed medical report or, if not available, an affidavit from the prescribing physician indicating:

- 1. The name of the child and the name and dosage of the psychotropic medication, and indicating that there is a need to prescribe psychotropic medication to the child based upon a diagnosed condition for which such medication is indicated and that there is a plan of treatment that addresses treatment alternatives that are or are not available or desirable.
- 2. That the psychotropic medication at its prescribed dosage is appropriate for the treatment of the child's diagnosed medical condition, as well as the behaviors and symptoms the medication at its prescribed dosage level is expected to address.
- 3. That the prescribing physician has provided to the child, if age-appropriate, the department and any person responsible for the child in his or her residential setting, a clinically appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the treatment; the recognized side effects, risks, and contraindications of the medication; and drug interaction precautions.
- 4. Whether the psychotropic medication will replace or supplement any other currently prescribed medications or treatments; the length of time the child is expected to be taking the medication; and any additional medical, counseling, or other services that the prescribing physician believes are necessary or would be beneficial for the treatment of the child's medical condition and that the physician expects or advises to be provided to the child in concert with the medication.

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The department shall have the burden of compliance with and proof of the provisions of this paragraph.

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(d) The court shall review the medical passport and the status of the child's progress on psychotropic medication

(c) At a hearing to determine whether to initially allow dispensing of psychotropic medication to a child in the legal custody of the department, or at a hearing for continuation of such medication, the medical report or affidavit described in paragraph (b) are admissible in evidence. The prescribing physician is not required to attend the hearing or testify unless the court specifically orders such attendance or testimony. If the medical report or affidavit, the medical passport, and other evidence are in accord with the requirements of this subsection, the court shall order the dispensing or continuation of psychotropic medication without further testimony or evidence. The court shall further inquire of the department as to whether the additional medical, counseling, or other services that the prescribing physician believes are necessary or would be beneficial for the treatment of the child's medical condition and that the physician expects or advises to be provided to the child in concert with the medication are being provided to the child by the department. The court may require further medical consultation, including obtaining a second opinion, based upon considerations of the best interests of the child, and the court may not order the discontinuation of prescribed psychotropic medication contrary to the decision of the prescribing physician without first obtaining a second opinion from a licensed physician that the psychotropic medication should be discontinued.

at least every 6 months, which may be accomplished during 2 timely scheduled judicial review hearings pursuant to s. 3 39.701. On its own motion or on good cause shown by any party, including any guardian ad litem, attorney, or attorney ad 4 5 litem who has been appointed to represent the child or his or 6 her interests, the court may review the status more frequently 7 than required in this paragraph. 8 (e) If at any time the court determines that the 9 statutory requirements for continued use of the psychotropic medication are not being met, the court may, in the best 10 interests of the child, order the department to either produce 11 12 evidence of compliance with the requirements of this section 13 or obtain a medical opinion that continued use of the 14 medication under the circumstances is safe and medically 15 appropriate. If at any time the court determines that the additional medical, counseling, or other services that the 16 17 prescribing physician believes are necessary or would be beneficial for the treatment of the child's medical condition 18 19 and that the physician expects or advises to be provided to 20 the child in concert with the medication are not being 21 provided, the court may, in the best interests of the child, order the department to either produce evidence of compliance 22 23 with the requirement of providing those services or obtain a medical opinion that such services are not medically 24 25 appropriate. 26 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. 27 28 29 30 31