

3

5

б

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

HB 1063 2003

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; amending s. 372.001, F.S.; providing and revising definitions; amending s. 372.0222, F.S.; authorizing the commission to purchase certain promotional items; amending s. 372.16, F.S.; deleting an obsolete reference relating to private game preserves and farms; amending s. 372.57, F.S.; revising provisions specifying fees and requirements for recreational licenses, permits, and authorization numbers; clarifying language relating to recreational vessel licenses; authorizing the establishment of a recreational sport season crawfish permit in Monroe County and providing for a fee to be established by the county commission; amending s. 372.6673, F.S.; revising provisions relating to issuance and expiration dates of alligator trapping licenses; amending s. 372.921, F.S.; revising provisions relating to license requirements for the sale and exhibition of wildlife; amending s. 372.99, F.S.; requiring clerks of the court to notify the commission within a specified time period of the disposition of any citation issued under ch. 372, F.S.; providing an effective date.

2223

24

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2526

27

28

29

Section 1. Present subsection (16) of section 372.001, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (17) and amended, present subsection (17) is renumbered as subsection (18), and a new subsection (16) is added to said section, to read:



HB 1063 2003

372.001 Definitions.--In construing these statutes, when applied to saltwater and freshwater fish, shellfish, crustacea, sponges, wild birds, and wild animals, where the context permits, the word, phrase, or term:

- (16) "Saltwater fish" means any saltwater species of finfish of the classes Agnatha, Chondrichthyes, or Osteichthyes and marine invertebrates that of the classes Gastropoda,

 Bivalvia, or Crustacea, or of the phylum Echinodermata, but does not include nonliving shells or echinoderms.
- (17)(16) "Take" means taking, attempting to take, pursuing, hunting, molesting, capturing, or killing any wildlife or freshwater or saltwater fish, or their nests or eggs, by any means, whether or not such actions result in obtaining possession of such wildlife or freshwater or saltwater fish or their nests or eggs.
- Section 2. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (6) of section 372.0222, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 372.0222 Private publication agreements; advertising; costs of production.--
- (6) The commission shall provide services and information designed to inform Floridians and visitors about Florida's unique and diverse fish, game, and wildlife, and make it available by means of commonly used media. For the accomplishment of those purposes, the commission may make expenditures to:
- (d) Purchase and distribute promotional items to increase public awareness regarding boating safety and other programs that promote public safety or resource conservation.
- Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 372.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:



HB 1063 2003

372.16 Private game preserves and farms; penalty. --

- (4) Any person violating this section for the first offense commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and for a second or subsequent offense commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person convicted of violating this section shall forfeit to the commission any license or permit issued under this section; and no further license or permit shall be issued to such person for a period of 1 year following such conviction.
- Section 4. Subsections (1) and (3), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), and paragraph (d) of subsection (8) of section 372.57, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 372.57 Recreational licenses, permits, and authorization numbers; fees established.--
- (1) LICENSE, PERMIT, OR AUTHORIZATION NUMBER
 REQUIRED.--Except as provided in s. 372.562, no person shall
 hunt, fish, or take game, freshwater or saltwater fish, or furbearing animals within this state without having first obtained
 a license, permit, or authorization number and paid the fees set
 forth in this chapter. Such license, permit, or authorization
 number shall authorize the person to whom it is issued to hunt,
 fish, take game, freshwater or saltwater fish, or fur-bearing
 animals, and participate in outdoor recreational activities in
 accordance with the laws of the state and rules of the
 commission.
- (3) PERSONAL POSSESSION REQUIRED.--Each license, permit, or authorization number must be in the personal possession of the person to whom it is issued while such person is hunting, fishing, or taking, attempting to take, or possessing game,



HB 1063 2003

freshwater or saltwater fish, or fur-bearing animals. Any person hunting, fishing, or taking, attempting to take, or possessing game, freshwater or saltwater fish, or fur-bearing animals who fails to produce a license, permit, or authorization number at the request of a commission law enforcement officer commits a violation of the law.

- (7) VESSEL LICENSES.---
- (c)1. A license for any person who operates any vessel licensed to carry no more than 10 customers, or for any person licensed to operate any vessel carrying 6 or fewer customers, wherein a fee is paid, either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking or attempting to take saltwater fish, is \$400 per year; provided that.
- 2. a license for any person licensed to operate any vessel carrying 6 or fewer customers <u>but who operates a vessel carrying</u> 4 or fewer customers, wherein a fee is paid, either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking or attempting to take saltwater fish, is \$200 per year. The license must be kept aboard the vessel at all times.
- 2.3. A person who operates a vessel required to be licensed pursuant to paragraph (b) or this paragraph may obtain a license in her or his own name, and such license shall be transferable and apply to any vessel operated by the purchaser, provided that the purchaser has paid the appropriate license fee.
- (8) SPECIFIED HUNTING, FISHING, AND RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY PERMITS.--In addition to any license required under this chapter, the following permits and fees for specified hunting, fishing, and recreational uses and activities are required:



HB 1063 2003

(d)1. An annual crawfish permit for a resident or nonresident to take or possess any crawfish for recreational purposes from any waters of the state is \$2. Revenue generated from the sale of crawfish permits shall be used exclusively for programs to benefit the crawfish population.

- 2. The commission is authorized to establish by rule a
 Monroe County recreational sport season crawfish permit. The
 commission shall set the fee for the permit at no more than \$10.
 The permit is in addition to the permit required by subparagraph
 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, there
 are no exclusions, exceptions, or exemptions from this permit
 fee for all persons taking or possessing crawfish during the
 recreational sport season for the species in Monroe County as
 established by the commission.
- Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 372.6673, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 372.6673 Taking and possession of alligators; trapping licenses; fees.--
- (1)(a) No person shall take or possess any alligator or the eggs thereof without having first obtained from the commission a trapping license and paid the fee provided in this section. Such license shall be dated when issued and remain valid for 12 months after the date of issuance from June 1 to June 30 of the following year and shall authorize the person to whom it is issued to take or possess alligators and their eggs, and to sell, possess, and process alligators and their hides and meat, in accordance with law and commission rules. Such license shall not be transferable and shall not be valid unless it bears on its face in indelible ink the name of the person to whom it is issued. Such license shall be in the personal possession of



HB 1063 2003

the licensee while such person is taking alligators or their eggs or is selling, possessing, or processing alligators or their eggs, hides, or meat. The failure of the licensee to exhibit such license to the commission or its wildlife officers, when such person is found taking alligators or their eggs or is found selling, possessing, or processing alligators or their eggs, hides, or meat, shall be a violation of law.

Section 6. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 372.921, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

372.921 Exhibition of wildlife. --

- (1) In order to provide humane treatment and sanitary surroundings for wild animals kept in captivity, no person, firm, corporation, or association shall have, or be in possession of, in captivity for the purpose of public display with or without charge or for public sale any wildlife, specifically birds, mammals, amphibians, and reptiles, whether indigenous to Florida or not, without having first secured a permit from the commission authorizing such person, firm, or corporation to have in its possession in captivity the species and number of wildlife specified within such permit; however, this section does not apply to any wildlife not protected by law and the rules of the commission.
- (2) The fees to be paid for the issuance of permits for the exhibition of wildlife required by subsection (1) shall be as follows:
- (a) For not more than 10 Class I, Class II, or Class III individual specimens in the aggregate of all species, the sum of \$5 per annum.



HB 1063 2003

(b) For over 10 Class I, Class II, or Class III individual specimens in the aggregate of all species, the sum of \$25 per annum.

The fees prescribed by this subsection shall be submitted to the commission with the application for permit required by subsection (1) and shall be deposited in the State Game Trust Fund.

184 I

Section 7. Section 372.99, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.99 Illegal taking and possession of deer and wild turkey; evidence; penalty.--

(1) Whoever takes or kills any deer or wild turkey, or possesses a freshly killed deer or wild turkey, during the closed season prescribed by law or by the rules and regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, or whoever takes or attempts to take any deer or wild turkey by the use of gun and light in or out of closed season, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and shall forfeit any license or permit issued to her or him under the provisions of this chapter. No license shall be issued to such person for a period of 3 years following any such violation on the first offense. Any person guilty of a second or subsequent violation shall be permanently

(2) The display or use of a light in a place where deer might be found and in a manner capable of disclosing the presence of deer, together with the possession of firearms or other weapons customarily used for the taking of deer, between 1 hour after sunset and 1 hour before sunrise, shall be prima

ineligible for issuance of a license or permit thereafter.



HB 1063 2003

facie evidence of an intent to violate the provisions of subsection (1). This subsection does not apply to an owner or her or his employee when patrolling or inspecting the land of the owner, provided the employee has satisfactory proof of employment on her or his person.

- (3) Whoever takes or kills any doe deer; fawn or baby deer; or deer, whether male or female, which does not have one or more antlers at least 5 inches in length, except as provided by law or the rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, during the open season prescribed by the rules of the commission, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and may be required to forfeit any license or permit issued to such person for a period of 3 years following any such violation on the first offense. Any person guilty of a second or subsequent violation shall be permanently ineligible for issuance of a license or permit thereafter.
- (4) Any person who cultivates agricultural crops may apply to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission for a permit to take or kill deer on land which that person is currently cultivating. When said person can show, to the satisfaction of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, that such taking or killing of deer is justified because of damage to the person's crops caused by deer, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission may issue a limited permit to the applicant to take or kill deer without being in violation of subsection (1) or subsection (3).
- (5) Whoever possesses for sale or sells deer or wild turkey taken in violation of this chapter or the rules and regulations of the commission is guilty of a felony of the third

Page 8 of 9



HB 1063 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (6) Any person who enters upon private property and shines lights upon such property, without the express permission of the owner of the property and with the intent to take deer by utilizing such shining lights, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (7) Upon final disposition of any alleged offense for which a citation for any violation of this chapter or the rules of the commission has been issued, the court shall, within 10 days after the final disposition of the action, certify the disposition to the commission.
 - Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.