2003 Legislature CS for CS for SB 1072, 1st Engrossed (ntc)

1 2 An act relating to identity theft and Internet 3 fraud prevention, investigation, and 4 prosecution; amending s. 817.568, F.S.; 5 expanding the definition of personal 6 identification information; revising the 7 elements of the offense of criminal use of personal identification information in which 8 9 such use results in an unlawful benefit, injury, or fraud; providing for mandatory 10 minimum terms of imprisonment for certain acts 11 12 of criminal use of personal identification information; amending s. 934.23, F.S.; 13 14 providing a definition; clarifying that Florida judges with jurisdiction over specific crimes 15 have authority to issue search warrants for 16 electronic evidence relating thereto, 17 regardless of where the electronic evidence is 18 19 situated; creating s. 92.605, F.S.; providing definitions; providing for self-authentication 20 21 for out-of-state business records under certain 22 circumstances with notice to opponent; 23 providing for procedures; amending s. 921.0022, F.S., relating to the offense severity ranking 24 25 chart of the Criminal Punishment Code; 26 conforming provisions to changes made by the 27 act; providing an effective date. 28 29 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 30 31

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Section 1. Section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Access device" means any card, plate, code, account number, electronic serial number, mobile identification number, personal identification number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier, or other means of account access that can be used, alone or in conjunction with another access device, to obtain money, goods, services, or any other thing of value, or that can be used to initiate a transfer of funds, other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument.
- (b) "Authorization" means empowerment, permission, or competence to act.
- (c) "Harass" means to engage in conduct directed at a specific person that is intended to cause substantial emotional distress to such person and serves no legitimate purpose. "Harass" does not mean to use personal identification information for accepted commercial purposes. The term does not include constitutionally protected conduct such as organized protests or the use of personal identification information for accepted commercial purposes.
- (d) "Individual" means a single human being and does not mean a firm, association of individuals, corporation, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship, or any other entity.
- (e) "Person" means a "person" as defined in s.
 1.01(3).

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- (f) "Personal identification information" means any name or number that may be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual, including any:
- 1. Name, social security number, date of birth, official state-issued or United States-issued driver's license or identification number, alien registration number, government passport number, employer or taxpayer identification number, or Medicaid or food stamp account number, or bank account or credit card number;
- 2. Unique biometric data, such as fingerprint, voice print, retina or iris image, or other unique physical representation;
- 3. Unique electronic identification number, address, or routing code; or
- 4. Telecommunication identifying information or access device.
- (2)(a) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses, or possesses with intent to fraudulently use, personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent, commits the offense of fraudulent use of personal identification information, which is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services

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received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of
the injury or fraud perpetrated is$5,000$75,000 or more or
if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification
information of 10 or more individuals without their consent.
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall
sentence any person convicted of committing the offense
described in this paragraph to a mandatory minimum sentence of
years' imprisonment.
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- (c) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$50,000 or more or if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 20 or more individuals without their consent. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall sentence any person convicted of committing the offense described in this paragraph:
- 1. To a mandatory minimum sentence of 5 years' imprisonment.
- 2. To a mandatory minimum sentence of 10 years' imprisonment, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$100,000 or more or if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 30 or more individuals without their consent.
- (3) Neither paragraph (2)(b) nor paragraph (2)(c) prevents a court from imposing a greater sentence of

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incarceration as authorized by law. If the minimum mandatory
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    terms of imprisonment imposed under paragraph (2)(b) or
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    paragraph (2)(c) exceed the maximum sentences authorized under
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    s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under
    chapter 921, the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed.
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    If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment under paragraph
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   2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c) are less than the sentence that
    could be imposed under s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal
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    Punishment Code under chapter 921, the sentence imposed by the
    court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment
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    as required by paragraph (2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c).
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(4)(3) Any person who willfully and without authorization possesses, uses, or attempts to use personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent, and who does so for the purpose of harassing that individual, commits the offense of harassment by use of personal identification information, which is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(5)(4) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows:

- (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a felony of the third degree.
- (b) A felony of the third degree is reclassified as a felony of the second degree.
- (c) A felony of the second degree is reclassified as a felony of the first degree.

For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 of the felony offense committed, and a misdemeanor offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked in level 2 of the offense severity ranking chart in s. 921.0022.

- (6) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning an individual who is less than 18 years of age without first obtaining the consent of that individual or of his or her legal guardian commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (7) Any person who is in the relationship of parent or legal guardian, or who otherwise exercises custodial authority over an individual who is less than 18 years of age, who willfully and fraudulently uses personal identification information of that individual commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (8)(5) This section does not prohibit any lawfully authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence activity of a law enforcement agency of this state or any of its political subdivisions, of any other state or its political subdivisions, or of the Federal Government or its political subdivisions.
- (9)(6)(a) In sentencing a defendant convicted of an offense under this section, the court may order that the defendant make restitution pursuant to s. 775.089 to any victim of the offense. In addition to the victim's

out-of-pocket costs, such restitution may include payment of any other costs, including attorney's fees incurred by the victim in clearing the victim's credit history or credit rating, or any costs incurred in connection with any civil or administrative proceeding to satisfy any debt, lien, or other obligation of the victim arising as the result of the actions of the defendant.

- (b) The sentencing court may issue such orders as are necessary to correct any public record that contains false information given in violation of this section.
- (10) (7) Prosecutions for violations of this section may be brought on behalf of the state by any state attorney or by the statewide prosecutor.
- (11)(8) The Legislature finds that, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the location where a victim gives or fails to give consent to the use of personal identification information is the county where the victim generally resides.
- (12)(9) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, venue for the prosecution and trial of violations of this section may be commenced and maintained in any county in which an element of the offense occurred, including the county where the victim generally resides.
- (13)(10) A prosecution of an offense prohibited under subsection (2), subsection (6), or subsection (7) must be commenced within 3 years after the offense occurred. However, a prosecution may be commenced within 1 year after discovery of the offense by an aggrieved party, or by a person who has a legal duty to represent the aggrieved party and who is not a party to the offense, if such prosecution is commenced within 5 years after the violation occurred.

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Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 934.23, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 934.23 Required disclosure of customer communications 4 or records.--5 (1) An investigative or law enforcement officer may 6 require the disclosure by a provider of electronic 7 communication service of the contents of a wire or electronic communication that has been in electronic storage in an 9 electronic communications system for 180 days or less only pursuant to a warrant issued by the judge of a court of 10 competent jurisdiction. As used in this section, the term "a 11 12 court of competent jurisdiction" means a court that has jurisdiction over the investigation or that is otherwise 13 14 authorized by law. An investigative or law enforcement officer 15 may require the disclosure by a provider of electronic communication services of the contents of a wire or electronic 16 communication that has been in electronic storage in an 17 18 electronic communications system for more than 180 days by the 19 means available under subsection (2). 20 Section 3. Section 92.605, Florida Statutes, is 21 created to read: 22 92.605 Production of certain records by Florida 23 businesses and out-of-state corporations. 24 (1) For the purposes of this section, the term: 25 "Adverse result" includes one of the following 26 consequences to notification of the existence of a court order, a subpoena, or a search warrant: 27 28 1. Danger to the life or physical safety of an 29 individual. 2. A flight from prosecution. 30 31 3. The destruction of or tampering with evidence.

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- 4. The intimidation of potential witnesses.
- 5. Serious jeopardy to an investigation or undue delay of a trial.
- (b) "Applicant" means a law enforcement officer who is seeking a court order or subpoena under s. 16.56, s. 27.04, s. 905.185, or s. 914.04 or who is issued a search warrant under s. 933.01, or anyone who is authorized to issue a subpoena under the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (c) "Business" means any business, institution, association, profession, occupation, or calling of any kind, whether or not conducted for profit.
- (d) "Electronic communication services" and "remote computing services" have the same meaning as provided in the Electronic Communications Privacy Act in chapter 121 (commencing with s. 2701) of Part I of Title 18 of the United States Code Annotated. This section does not apply to corporations that do not provide those services to the public.
- (e) "Out-of-state corporation" means any corporation that is qualified to do business in this state under s. 607.1501.
- (f) "Out-of-state record of regularly conducted business activity" means a memorandum, report, record, or data compilation, in any form, of acts, events, conditions, opinions, or diagnoses, maintained in another state or country.
- declaration made and signed in another state or country by the custodian of an out-of-state record of regularly conducted business activity or another qualified person that, if falsely made, would subject the declarant to criminal penalty under the laws of another state or country.

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(h) "Properly served" means delivery by hand or in a manner reasonably allowing for proof of delivery if delivered by United States mail, overnight delivery service, or facsimile to a person or entity properly registered to do business in any state. In order for an out-of-state corporation to be properly served, the service described in this paragraph must be effected on the corporation's registered agent.
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- (2) The following provisions apply to any subpoena, court order, or search warrant issued in compliance with the Electronic Communications Privacy Act in chapter 121 (commencing with s. 2701) of Part I of Title 18 of the United States Code and that is subject to this chapter, which allows a search for records that are in the actual or constructive possession of an out-of-state corporation that provides electronic communication services or remote computing services to the public, when those records would reveal the identity of the customers using those services; data stored by, or on behalf of, the customers; the customers' usage of those services; or the recipients or destinations of communications sent to or from those customers.
- (a) Any subpoena, court order, or warrant issued under this subsection must contain the following language in bold type on the first page of the document: "This (subpoena, order, warrant) is issued pursuant to Florida Statute s.

 92.605. A response is due within 20 business days of receipt of this (subpoena, order, warrant) unless a longer time period is stated herein."
- (b) When properly served with a subpoena, court order, or search warrant issued by a Florida court or other applicant, an out-of-state corporation subject to this section

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1 shall provide t
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shall provide to the applicant all records sought pursuant to such subpoena, court order, or warrant within 20 business days after receipt, or the date indicated within the subpoena, if later, including those records maintained or located outside the State of Florida. If the records cannot be produced within the 20-day time period, the out-of-state corporation shall notify the applicant within the 20-day time period and agree to produce the documents at the earliest possible time. The applicant shall pay the out-of-state corporation the reasonable expenses associated with compliance.

- (c) When the applicant makes a showing and the court finds that failure to produce records within 20 business days would cause an adverse result, the subpoena, court order, or warrant may require production of records within less than 20 business days. A court may reasonably extend the time required for production of the records upon finding that the out-of-state corporation needs the extension and that an extension of time would not cause an adverse result.
- (d) An out-of-state corporation seeking to quash or object to the subpoena, court order, or warrant must seek relief from the court issuing such subpoena, court order, or warrant within the time required for production of records under this section. The issuing court shall hear and decide that motion within 5 court days after the motion is filed.
- (e) Upon written request from the applicant or if ordered by the court, the out-of-state corporation shall verify the authenticity of records that it produces by providing an affidavit that complies with the requirements set forth in this section. Records produced in compliance with this section are admissible in evidence as set forth in subsection (5).

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- communication services or remote computing services to the public, when served with a subpoena, court order, or warrant issued by another state to produce records that would reveal the identity of the customers using those services; data stored by, or on behalf of, the customers; the customers' usage of those services; or the recipients or destinations of communications sent to or from those customers shall produce those records as if that subpoena, court order, or warrant had been issued by a Florida court.
- (4) A cause of action does not arise against any out-of-state corporation or Florida business subject to this section, or its officers, employees, agents, or other specified persons, for providing records, information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with the terms of a subpoena, court order, or warrant subject to this section.
- (5) In a criminal proceeding in a court of this state, an out-of-state record of regularly conducted business activity, or a copy of such record, shall not be excluded as hearsay evidence by s. 90.802, if an out-of-state certification attests that:
- (a) Such record was made at or near the time of the occurrence of the matters set forth by, or from information transmitted by, a person with knowledge of those matters.
- (b) Such record was kept in the course of a regularly conducted business activity.
- (c) The business activity made such a record as a regular practice.
- (d) If such record is not the original, it is a duplicate of the original, unless the source of information or

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the method or circumstances of preparation indicate lack of
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    trustworthiness.
          (6) An out-of-state certification under this section
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    shall authenticate such record or duplicate.
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          (7) No evidence in such records in the form of opinion
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    or diagnosis is admissible under subsection (5) unless such
 7
    opinion or diagnosis would be admissible under ss.
    90.701-90.705 if the person whose opinion is recorded were to
 8
 9
    testify to the opinion directly.
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          (8) As soon after the arraignment as practicable, or
    60 days prior to trial, a party intending to offer in evidence
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   under this section an out-of-state record of regularly
13
    conducted business activity shall provide written notice of
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    that intention to each other party. A motion opposing
15
    admission in evidence of such record shall be made by the
16
    opposing party and determined by the court before
17
    trial. Failure by a party to file such motion before trial
    shall constitute a waiver of objection to such record or
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   duplicate, but the court for cause shown may grant relief from
20
    the waiver.
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          (9) In any criminal case, the content of any
    electronic communication may be obtained under this section
22
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    only by court order or by the issuance of a search warrant,
    unless otherwise provided under the Electronic Communications
24
    Privacy Act or other provision of law.
25
           Section 4. Paragraphs (e), (h), and (i) of subsection
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27
    (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to
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read:
921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.--

(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART

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3			(e) LEVEL 5
4	316.027(1)(a)	3rd	Accidents involving personal
5		5 – 5-	injuries, failure to stop;
6			leaving scene.
7	316.1935(4)	2nd	Aggravated fleeing or eluding.
8	322.34(6)	3rd	Careless operation of motor
9			vehicle with suspended license,
10			resulting in death or serious
11			bodily injury.
12	327.30(5)	3rd	Vessel accidents involving
13			personal injury; leaving scene.
14	381.0041		
15	(11)(b)	3rd	Donate blood, plasma, or organs
16			knowing HIV positive.
17	790.01(2)	3rd	Carrying a concealed firearm.
18	790.162	2nd	Threat to throw or discharge
19			destructive device.
20	790.163(1)	2nd	False report of deadly explosive
21			or weapon of mass destruction.
22	790.221(1)	2nd	Possession of short-barreled
23			shotgun or machine gun.
24	790.23	2nd	Felons in possession of firearms
25			or electronic weapons or devices.
26	800.04(6)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious conduct;
27			offender less than 18 years.
28	800.04(7)(c)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition;
29			offender 18 years or older.
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1	806.111(1)	3rd	Possess, manufacture, or dispense
2			fire bomb with intent to damage
3			any structure or property.
4	812.0145(2)(b)	2nd	Theft from person 65 years of age
5			or older; \$10,000 or more but
6			less than \$50,000.
7	812.015(8)	3rd	Retail theft; property stolen is
8			valued at \$300 or more and one or
9			more specified acts.
10	812.019(1)	2nd	Stolen property; dealing in or
11			trafficking in.
12	812.131(2)(b)	3rd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
13	812.16(2)	3rd	Owning, operating, or conducting
14			a chop shop.
15	817.034(4)(a)2.	2nd	Communications fraud, value
16			\$20,000 to \$50,000.
17	817.234(11)(b)	2nd	Insurance fraud; property value
18			\$20,000 or more but less than
19			\$100,000.
20	817.568(2)(b)	2nd	Fraudulent use of personal
21			identification information; value
22			of benefit, services received,
23			payment avoided, or amount of
24			injury or fraud, <u>\$5,000</u> \$ 75,000
25			or more <u>or use of personal</u>
26			identification information of 10
27			or more individuals.
28	817.625(2)(b)	2nd	Second or subsequent fraudulent
29			use of scanning device or
30			reencoder.
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1	825.1025(4)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition in
2			the presence of an elderly person
3			or disabled adult.
4	827.071(4)	2nd	Possess with intent to promote
5			any photographic material, motion
6			picture, etc., which includes
7			sexual conduct by a child.
8	839.13(2)(b)	2nd	Falsifying records of an
9			individual in the care and
10			custody of a state agency
11			involving great bodily harm or
12			death.
13	843.01	3rd	Resist officer with violence to
14			person; resist arrest with
15			violence.
16	874.05(2)	2nd	Encouraging or recruiting another
17			to join a criminal street gang;
18			second or subsequent offense.
19	893.13(1)(a)1.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
20			cocaine (or other s.
21			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d),
22			(2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.
23			drugs).
24	893.13(1)(c)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
25			cannabis (or other s.
26			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2.,
27			(2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6.,
28			(2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9.,
29			(3), or (4) drugs) within 1,000
30			feet of a child care facility or
31			school.
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1	893.13(1)(d)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
2			cocaine (or other s.
3			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d),
4			(2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.
5			drugs) within 200 feet of
6			university or public park.
7	893.13(1)(e)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
8			cannabis or other drug prohibited
9			under s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,
10			(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5.,
11			(2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8.,
12			(2)(c)9., (3), or (4) within
13			1,000 feet of property used for
14			religious services or a specified
15			business site.
16	893.13(1)(f)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
17			cocaine (or other s.
18			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), or
19			(2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.
20			drugs) within 200 feet of public
21			housing facility.
22	893.13(4)(b)	2nd	Deliver to minor cannabis (or
23			other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,
24			(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5.,
25			(2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8.,
26			(2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs).
27			(h) LEVEL 8
28	316.193		
29	(3)(c)3.a.	2nd	DUI manslaughter.
30	327.35(3)(c)3.	2nd	Vessel BUI manslaughter.
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1	560.123(8)(b)2.	2nd	Failure to report currency or
2			payment instruments totaling or
3			exceeding \$20,000, but less than
4			\$100,000 by money transmitter.
5	560.125(5)(b)	2nd	Money transmitter business by
6			unauthorized person, currency or
7			payment instruments totaling or
8			exceeding \$20,000, but less than
9			\$100,000.
10	655.50(10)(b)2.	2nd	Failure to report financial
11			transactions totaling or
12			exceeding \$20,000, but less than
13			\$100,000 by financial
14			institutions.
15	777.03(2)(a)	1st	Accessory after the fact, capital
16			felony.
17	782.04(4)	2nd	Killing of human without design
18			when engaged in act or attempt of
19			any felony other than arson,
20			sexual battery, robbery,
21			burglary, kidnapping, aircraft
22			piracy, or unlawfully discharging
23			bomb.
24	782.051(2)	1st	Attempted felony murder while
25			perpetrating or attempting to
26			perpetrate a felony not
27			enumerated in s. 782.04(3).
28	782.071(1)(b)	1st	Committing vehicular homicide and
29			failing to render aid or give
30			information.
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1	782.072(2)	1st	Committing vessel homicide and
2			failing to render aid or give
3			information.
4	790.161(3)	1st	Discharging a destructive device
5			which results in bodily harm or
6			property damage.
7	794.011(5)	2nd	Sexual battery, victim 12 years
8			or over, offender does not use
9			physical force likely to cause
10			serious injury.
11	800.04(4)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery.
12	806.01(1)	1st	Maliciously damage dwelling or
13			structure by fire or explosive,
14			believing person in structure.
15	810.02(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Burglary with assault or battery.
16	810.02(2)(b)	1st,PBL	Burglary; armed with explosives
17			or dangerous weapon.
18	810.02(2)(c)	1st	Burglary of a dwelling or
19			structure causing structural
20			damage or \$1,000 or more property
21			damage.
22	812.13(2)(b)	1st	Robbery with a weapon.
23	812.135(2)	1st	Home-invasion robbery.
24	817.568(6)	2nd	Fraudulent use of personal
25			identification information of an
26			individual under the age of 18.
27	825.102(2)	2nd	Aggravated abuse of an elderly
28			person or disabled adult.
29	825.1025(2)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery upon
30			an elderly person or disabled
31			adult.
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1	825.103(2)(a)	1st	Exploiting an elderly person or
2			disabled adult and property is
3			valued at \$100,000 or more.
4	837.02(2)	2nd	Perjury in official proceedings
5			relating to prosecution of a
6			capital felony.
7	837.021(2)	2nd	Making contradictory statements
8			in official proceedings relating
9			to prosecution of a capital
10			felony.
11	860.121(2)(c)	1st	Shooting at or throwing any
12			object in path of railroad
13			vehicle resulting in great bodily
14			harm.
15	860.16	1st	Aircraft piracy.
16	893.13(1)(b)	1st	Sell or deliver in excess of 10
17			grams of any substance specified
18			in s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).
19	893.13(2)(b)	1st	Purchase in excess of 10 grams of
20			any substance specified in s.
21			893.03(1)(a) or (b).
22	893.13(6)(c)	1st	Possess in excess of 10 grams of
23			any substance specified in s.
24			893.03(1)(a) or (b).
25	893.135(1)(a)2.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more
26			than 2,000 lbs., less than 10,000
27			lbs.
28	893.135		
29	(1)(b)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
30			200 grams, less than 400 grams.
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2003 Legislature CS for CS for SB 1072, 1st Engrossed (ntc)

1	893.135		
2	(1)(c)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,
3			more than 14 grams, less than 28
4			grams.
5	893.135		
6	(1)(d)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine,
7			more than 200 grams, less than
8			400 grams.
9	893.135		
10	(1)(e)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
11			than 5 kilograms, less than 25
12			kilograms.
13	893.135		
14	(1)(f)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
15			than 28 grams, less than 200
16			grams.
17	893.135		
18	(1)(g)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 14
19			grams or more, less than 28
20	000 105		grams.
21	893.135		
22	(1)(h)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in
23			gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
24			5 kilograms or more, less than 10
25	000 105		kilograms.
26	893.135	.	
27	(1)(j)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 5
28			kilograms or more, less than 10
29			kilograms.
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2003 Legislature CS for CS for SB 1072, 1st Engrossed (ntc)

1	893.135		
2	(1)(k)2.b.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines,
3			200 grams or more, less than 400
4			grams.
5	895.03(1)	1st	Use or invest proceeds derived
6			from pattern of racketeering
7			activity.
8	895.03(2)	1st	Acquire or maintain through
9			racketeering activity any
10			interest in or control of any
11			enterprise or real property.
12	895.03(3)	1st	Conduct or participate in any
13			enterprise through pattern of
14			racketeering activity.
15	896.101(5)(b)	2nd	Money laundering, financial
16			transactions totaling or
17			exceeding \$20,000, but less than
18			\$100,000.
19	896.104(4)(a)2.	2nd	Structuring transactions to evade
20			reporting or registration
21			requirements, financial
22			transactions totaling or
23			exceeding \$20,000 but less than
24			\$100,000.
25			(i) LEVEL 9
26	316.193		
27	(3)(c)3.b.	1st	DUI manslaughter; failing to
28			render aid or give information.
29	327.35(3)(c)3.b.	1st	BUI manslaughter; failing to
30			render aid or give information.
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1	560.123(8)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report currency or
2			payment instruments totaling or
3			exceeding \$100,000 by money
4			transmitter.
5	560.125(5)(c)	1st	Money transmitter business by
6			unauthorized person, currency, or
7			payment instruments totaling or
8			exceeding \$100,000.
9	655.50(10)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report financial
10			transactions totaling or
11			exceeding \$100,000 by financial
12			institution.
13	775.0844	1st	Aggravated white collar crime.
14	782.04(1)	1st	Attempt, conspire, or solicit to
15			commit premeditated murder.
16	782.04(3)	1st,PBL	Accomplice to murder in
17			connection with arson, sexual
18			battery, robbery, burglary, and
19			other specified felonies.
20	782.051(1)	1st	Attempted felony murder while
21			perpetrating or attempting to
22			perpetrate a felony enumerated in
23			s. 782.04(3).
24	782.07(2)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter of an
25			elderly person or disabled adult.
26	787.01(1)(a)1.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for ransom or
27			reward or as a shield or hostage.
28	787.01(1)(a)2.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to commit
29			or facilitate commission of any
30			felony.
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2003 Legislature CS for CS for SB 1072, 1st Engrossed (ntc)

1	787.01(1)(a)4.	1gt DRI.	Kidnapping with intent to
2	707.01(1)(0)1.	150,155	interfere with performance of any
3			governmental or political
4			function.
5	787.02(3)(a)	1st	False imprisonment; child under
6	707.02(3)(a)	ISC	_
7			age 13; perpetrator also commits
			aggravated child abuse, sexual
8			battery, or lewd or lascivious
9			battery, molestation, conduct, or
10			exhibition.
11	790.161	1st	Attempted capital destructive
12			device offense.
13	790.166(2)	1st,PBL	Possessing, selling, using, or
14			attempting to use a weapon of
15			mass destruction.
16	794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery; victim
17			less than 12 years of age.
18	794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender younger
19			than 18 years and commits sexual
20			battery on a person less than 12
21			years.
22	794.011(4)	1st	Sexual battery; victim 12 years
23			or older, certain circumstances.
24	794.011(8)(b)	1st	Sexual battery; engage in sexual
25			conduct with minor 12 to 18 years
26			by person in familial or
27			custodial authority.
28	800.04(5)(b)	1st	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
29			victim less than 12 years;
30			offender 18 years or older.
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2003 Legislature CS for CS for SB 1072, 1st Engrossed (ntc)

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1	812.13(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Robbery with firearm or other					
2			deadly weapon.					
3	812.133(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or other					
4			deadly weapon.					
5	817.568(7)	2nd,PBL	Fraudulent use of personal					
6			identification information of an					
7			individual under the age of 18 by					
8			his or her parent, legal					
9			guardian, or person exercising					
10			custodial authority.					
11	827.03(2)	1st	Aggravated child abuse.					
12	847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise					
13			transferring custody or control,					
14			of a minor.					
15	847.0145(2)	1st	Purchasing, or otherwise					
16			obtaining custody or control, of					
17			a minor.					
18	859.01	1st	Poisoning or introducing					
19			bacteria, radioactive materials,					
20			viruses, or chemical compounds					
21			into food, drink, medicine, or					
22			water with intent to kill or					
23			injure another person.					
24	893.135	1st	Attempted capital trafficking					
25			offense.					
26	893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more					
27			than 10,000 lbs.					
28	893.135							
29	(1)(b)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than					
30			400 grams, less than 150					
31			kilograms.					
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2003 Legislature CS for CS for SB 1072, 1st Engrossed (ntc)

1	893.135		
2	(1)(c)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,
3			more than 28 grams, less than 30
4			kilograms.
5	893.135		
6	(1)(d)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine,
7			more than 400 grams.
8	893.135		
9	(1)(e)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
10			than 25 kilograms.
11	893.135		
12	(1)(f)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
13			than 200 grams.
14	893.135		
15	(1)(h)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in
16			gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
17			10 kilograms or more.
18	893.135		
19	(1)(j)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 10
20			kilograms or more.
21	893.135		
22	(1)(k)2.c.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines,
23			400 grams or more.
24	896.101(5)(c)	1st	Money laundering, financial
25			instruments totaling or exceeding
26			\$100,000.
27	896.104(4)(a)3.	1st	Structuring transactions to evade
28			reporting or registration
29			requirements, financial
30			transactions totaling or
31			exceeding \$100,000.
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2003 Legislature CS for CS for SB 1072, 1st Engrossed (ntc)

1	Section	5.	This	act	shall	take	effect	July	1,	2003.	I
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