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1 CHAMBER ACTION 2 3 4 5 6 The Committee on Judiciary recommends the following: 7 8 Committee Substitute 9 Remove the entire bill and insert: A bill to be entitled 10 11 An act relating to children and families; creating s. 12 752.011, F.S.; providing for court-ordered visitation for 13 grandparents and great-grandparents under certain 14 circumstances; providing for appointment of a quardian ad 15 litem and family mediation if the court makes a preliminary finding that the minor is threatened with 16 17 demonstrable significant mental or emotional harm without such visitation; requiring court-ordered evaluation of the 18 19 child if mediation fails; providing for a hearing to 20 determine whether the minor is threatened with harm; 21 providing for attorney's fees and costs; applying the 22 Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act; 23 repealing s. 752.01, F.S., relating to action by 24 grandparent for right of visitation and when petition 25 shall be granted; encouraging consolidation of actions under ss. 61.13 and 752.011, F.S.; amending ss. 752.015 26 27 and 752.07, F.S., to conform cross references; amending s. 28 39.01, F.S.; including references to great-grandparents in

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CS 29 definitions relating to dependent children; amending s. 30 39.509, F.S.; providing for great-grandparents' visitation 31 rights; amending ss. 39.801 and 63.0425, F.S.; providing 32 for a great-grandparent's right to notice of adoption; 33 amending s. 61.13, F.S.; providing for great-grandparents' 34 visitation rights; providing for consolidation of pending actions; conforming provisions relating to custody 35 36 arrangements to changes made by the act; revising 37 provisions relating to standing of grandparents with 38 regard to custody arrangements; amending s. 63.172, F.S.; 39 conforming references relating to great-grandparental 40 visitation rights under ch. 752, F.S.; providing an 41 effective date. 42 43 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 44 45 Section 1. Section 752.011, Florida Statutes, is created 46 to read: 47 752.011 Action by grandparent or great-grandparent for 48 right of visitation; when petition shall be granted .--49 (1) A grandparent or great-grandparent of a minor may 50 petition for visitation with that minor if: 51 One or both of the parents of the minor are deceased; (a) 52 The marriage of the parents of the minor has been (b) 53 dissolved, whether or not a dissolution action is pending; 54 (c) A parent of the minor has deserted the minor; 55 The minor was born out of wedlock and not later (d) 56 determined to be a minor born within wedlock as provided in s. 57 742.091; or

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58 (e) A deceased parent of the minor has made a written 59 testamentary statement requesting that there be visitation between his or her surviving minor child and the grandparent or 60 61 great-grandparent. 62 (2) Upon the filing of a petition by a grandparent or great-grandparent for visitation rights, the court shall hold a 63 64 preliminary hearing to find whether there is evidence that the 65 minor is suffering or is threatened with suffering demonstrable significant mental or emotional harm, or harm as defined in s. 66 67 39.01(30), as a result of a parental decision not to permit 68 visitation or contact with the grandparent or great-grandparent. 69 Absent such a finding, the court shall dismiss the petition and 70 shall award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to be paid by 71 the petitioner to the respondent. 72 (3) If the court finds that there is evidence that the 73 minor is suffering or is threatened with suffering demonstrable significant mental or emotional harm, or harm as defined in s. 74

75 <u>39.01(30)</u>, as a result of a parental decision not to permit 76 <u>visitation or contact with the grandparent or great-grandparent</u>, 77 <u>the court may appoint a guardian ad litem and shall order the</u> 78 matter to family mediation as provided in chapter 44 and Rules

78 matter to family mediation as provided in chapter 44 and Rules 79 12.740 and 12.741, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

80 (4) When mediation fails to yield a resolution, the court
 81 shall order a psychological evaluation of the minor pursuant to
 82 Rule 12.363, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, if
 83 comparable evidence of the findings expected from such an

84 <u>evaluation is unavailable.</u>

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85	(5) After a hearing on the matter, the court may award
86	reasonable rights of visitation to the grandparent or great-
87	grandparent with respect to the minor if the court finds that:
88	(a) There is clear and convincing evidence that the minor
89	is suffering or is threatened with suffering demonstrable
90	significant mental or emotional harm, or harm as defined in s.
91	39.01(30), as a result of a parental decision not to permit
92	visitation or contact with the grandparent or great-grandparent
93	and that visitation with the grandparent or great-grandparent
94	will alleviate or mitigate the harm.
95	(b) That the visitation will not materially harm the
96	parent-child relationship.
97	(6) Part II of chapter 61, the Uniform Child Custody
98	Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, applies to actions brought
99	under this chapter.
100	(7) If separate actions under this section and s. 61.13
101	are pending concurrently, courts are strongly encouraged to
102	consolidate the actions in order to minimize the burden of
103	litigation of visitation rights on the minor and the parties.
104	(8) An order of grandparent visitation or great-
105	grandparent visitation may be modified upon a showing of
106	substantial change in circumstances or a showing that visitation
107	is causing material harm to the parent-child relationship.
108	(9) An original action requesting visitation rights under
109	this chapter may be filed by any grandparent or great-
110	grandparent only once during any 2-year period, except on good
111	cause shown that the minor is suffering or threatened with
112	suffering demonstrable significant mental or emotional harm
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113	caused by a parental decision to deny or limit contact or
114	visitation between a minor and the grandparent or great-
115	grandparent, which was not known to the grandparent or great-
116	grandparent at the time of filing an earlier action.
117	(10) This section does not provide for visitation rights
118	for grandparents or great-grandparents of minors placed for
119	adoption under chapter 63 except as provided in s. 752.07 with
120	respect to adoption by a stepparent.
121	(11) Section 57.105 applies to actions brought under this
122	chapter.
123	Section 2. Section 752.01, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
124	Section 3. Section 752.015, Florida Statutes, is amended
125	to read:
126	752.015 Mediation of visitation disputesIt shall be the
127	public policy of this state that families resolve differences
128	over grandparent visitation within the family. It shall be the
129	further public policy of this state that when families are
130	unable to resolve differences relating to grandparent visitation
131	that the family participate in any formal or informal mediation
132	services that may be available. When families are unable to
133	resolve differences relating to grandparent visitation and a
134	petition is filed pursuant to <u>s. 752.011</u> s. 752.01 , the court
135	shall, if such services are available in the circuit, refer the
136	case to family mediation in accordance with rules promulgated by
137	the Supreme Court.
138	Section 4. Section 752.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to
139	read:

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140 752.07 Effect of adoption of child by stepparent on right 141 of visitation; when right may be terminated.--When there is a 142 remarriage of one of the natural parents of a minor child for 143 whom visitation rights may be or may have been granted to a 144 grandparent pursuant to s. 752.011 s. 752.01, any subsequent 145 adoption by the stepparent will not terminate any grandparental 146 rights. However, the court may determine that termination of 147 such visitation rights should be terminated based upon the 148 standards for granting such visitation which are set forth in s. 149 752.011 is in the best interest of the child and rule 150 accordingly, after affording the grandparent an opportunity to 151 be heard.

152 Section 5. Subsections (46) and (50) of section 39.01,153 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

154 39.01 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, unless the 155 context otherwise requires:

(46) "Next of kin" means an adult relative of a child who
is the child's brother, sister, grandparent, <u>great-grandparent</u>,
aunt, uncle, or first cousin.

159 "Participant," for purposes of a shelter proceeding, (50) dependency proceeding, or termination of parental rights 160 161 proceeding, means any person who is not a party but who should 162 receive notice of hearings involving the child, including foster 163 parents or the legal custodian of the child, identified 164 prospective parents, grandparents or great-grandparents entitled 165 to priority for adoption consideration under s. 63.0425, actual 166 custodians of the child, and any other person whose 167 participation may be in the best interest of the child. A

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168 community-based agency under contract with the department to 169 provide protective services may be designated as a participant 170 at the discretion of the court. Participants may be granted 171 leave by the court to be heard without the necessity of filing a 172 motion to intervene.

173 Section 6. Section 39.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to 174 read:

175 39.509 Grandparents' and great-grandparents' Grandparents 176 rights. -- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a maternal 177 or paternal grandparent or great-grandparent as well as a 178 stepgrandparent or step-great-grandparent is entitled to 179 reasonable visitation with his or her grandchild or great-180 grandchild who has been adjudicated a dependent child and taken 181 from the physical custody of the parent unless the court finds 182 that such visitation is not in the best interest of the child or 183 that such visitation would interfere with the goals of the case 184 plan. Reasonable visitation may be unsupervised and, where 185 appropriate and feasible, may be frequent and continuing.

186 (1)Grandparent or great-grandparent visitation may take 187 place in the home of the grandparent or great-grandparent unless 188 there is a compelling reason for denying such a visitation. The 189 department's caseworker shall arrange the visitation to which a 190 grandparent or great-grandparent is entitled pursuant to this 191 section. The state shall not charge a fee for any costs 192 associated with arranging the visitation. However, the 193 grandparent or great-grandparent shall pay for the child's cost 194 of transportation when the visitation is to take place in the 195 grandparent's or great-grandparent's home. The caseworker shall

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196 document the reasons for any decision to restrict a 197 grandparent's or great-grandparent's visitation.

(2) A grandparent <u>or great-grandparent</u> entitled to
visitation pursuant to this section shall not be restricted from
appropriate displays of affection to the child, such as
appropriately hugging or kissing his or her grandchild <u>or great-</u>
<u>grandchild</u>. Gifts, cards, and letters from the grandparent <u>or</u>
<u>great-grandparent</u> and other family members shall not be denied
to a child who has been adjudicated a dependent child.

(3) Any attempt by a grandparent <u>or great-grandparent</u> to facilitate a meeting between the child who has been adjudicated a dependent child and the child's parent or legal custodian, or any other person in violation of a court order shall automatically terminate future visitation rights of the grandparent <u>or great-grandparent</u>.

(4) When the child has been returned to the physical
custody of his or her parent, the visitation rights granted
pursuant to this section shall terminate.

(5) The termination of parental rights does not affect the rights of grandparents <u>or great-grandparents</u> unless the court finds that such visitation is not in the best interest of the child or that such visitation would interfere with the goals of permanency planning for the child.

(6) In determining whether grandparental <u>or great-</u>
<u>grandparental</u> visitation is not in the child's best interest,
consideration may be given to the finding of guilt, regardless
of adjudication, or entry or plea of guilty or nolo contendere
to charges under the following statutes, or similar statutes of

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224 other jurisdictions: s. 787.04, relating to removing minors 225 from the state or concealing minors contrary to court order; s. 226 794.011, relating to sexual battery; s. 798.02, relating to lewd 227 and lascivious behavior; chapter 800, relating to lewdness and 228 indecent exposure; or chapter 827, relating to the abuse of 229 children. Consideration may also be given to a report of abuse, abandonment, or neglect under ss. 415.101-415.113 or this 230 231 chapter and the outcome of the investigation concerning such 232 report.

233 Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
234 39.801, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

235 39.801 Procedures and jurisdiction; notice; service of 236 process.--

(3) Before the court may terminate parental rights, in
addition to the other requirements set forth in this part, the
following requirements must be met:

(a) Notice of the date, time, and place of the advisory
hearing for the petition to terminate parental rights and a copy
of the petition must be personally served upon the following
persons, specifically notifying them that a petition has been
filed:

245 1. The parents of the child.

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2. The legal custodians of the child.

3. If the parents who would be entitled to notice are dead
or unknown, a living relative of the child, unless upon diligent
search and inquiry no such relative can be found.

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4. Any person who has physical custody of the child.

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251 5. Any grandparent <u>or great-grandparent</u> entitled to <u>notice</u>
252 <u>of priority for</u> adoption under s. 63.0425.

253 6. Any prospective parent who has been identified under s.
254 39.503 or s. 39.803.

7. The guardian ad litem for the child or the
representative of the guardian ad litem program, if the program
has been appointed.

259 The document containing the notice to respond or appear must 260 contain, in type at least as large as the type in the balance of 261 the document, the following or substantially similar language: 262 "FAILURE TO PERSONALLY APPEAR AT THIS ADVISORY HEARING 263 CONSTITUTES CONSENT TO THE TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS OF THIS CHILD (OR CHILDREN). IF YOU FAIL TO APPEAR ON THE DATE AND 264 265 TIME SPECIFIED, YOU MAY LOSE ALL LEGAL RIGHTS AS A PARENT TO THE 266 CHILD OR CHILDREN NAMED IN THE PETITION ATTACHED TO THIS NOTICE." 267

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (4), and subsections (6) and (7) of section 61.13, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

271 61.13 Custody and support of children; visitation rights;
272 power of court in making orders.--

273 (2)

(b)1. The court shall determine all matters relating to custody of each minor child of the parties in accordance with the best interests of the child and in accordance with the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act. It is the public policy of this state to assure that each minor child

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has frequent and continuing contact with both parents after the parents separate or the marriage of the parties is dissolved and to encourage parents to share the rights and responsibilities, and joys, of childrearing. After considering all relevant facts, the father of the child shall be given the same consideration as the mother in determining the primary residence of a child irrespective of the age or sex of the child.

286 2. The court shall order that the parental responsibility 287 for a minor child be shared by both parents unless the court 288 finds that shared parental responsibility would be detrimental 289 to the child. Evidence that a parent has been convicted of a felony of the third degree or higher involving domestic 290 291 violence, as defined in s. 741.28 and chapter 775, or meets the 292 criteria of s. 39.806(1)(d), creates a rebuttable presumption of 293 detriment to the child. If the presumption is not rebutted, 294 shared parental responsibility, including visitation, residence 295 of the child, and decisions made regarding the child, may not be 296 granted to the convicted parent. However, the convicted parent 297 is not relieved of any obligation to provide financial support. 298 If the court determines that shared parental responsibility 299 would be detrimental to the child, it may order sole parental 300 responsibility and make such arrangements for visitation as will 301 best protect the child or abused spouse from further harm. 302 Whether or not there is a conviction of any offense of domestic 303 violence or child abuse or the existence of an injunction for protection against domestic violence, the court shall consider 304 305 evidence of domestic violence or child abuse as evidence of 306 detriment to the child.

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307 In ordering shared parental responsibility, the court a. 308 may consider the expressed desires of the parents and may grant 309 to one party the ultimate responsibility over specific aspects 310 of the child's welfare or may divide those responsibilities 311 between the parties based on the best interests of the child. 312 Areas of responsibility may include primary residence, education, medical and dental care, and any other 313 responsibilities that the court finds unique to a particular 314 315 family.

b. The court shall order "sole parental responsibility,
with or without visitation rights, to the other parent when it
is in the best interests of" the minor child.

319 The court may award the grandparents or greatс. 320 grandparents visitation rights with a minor child pursuant to the criteria set forth in s. 752.011 if it is in the child's 321 322 best interest. Grandparents or great-grandparents have legal 323 standing to seek judicial enforcement of such an award. This 324 section does not require that grandparents or great-grandparents 325 be made parties to or given notice of dissolution pleadings or 326 proceedings, nor do grandparents have legal standing as 327 "contestants" as defined in s. 61.1306. However, if separate 328 actions under this section and s. 752.011 are pending 329 concurrently, courts are strongly encouraged to consolidate the 330 actions in order to minimize the burden of litigation of 331 visitation rights on the child. A court may not order that a 332 child be kept within the state or jurisdiction of the court 333 solely for the purpose of permitting visitation by the 334 grandparents or great-grandparents.

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335 Access to records and information pertaining to a minor 3. 336 child, including, but not limited to, medical, dental, and 337 school records, may not be denied to a parent because the parent 338 is not the child's primary residential parent. Full rights under 339 this subparagraph apply to either parent unless a court order 340 specifically revokes these rights, including any restrictions on 341 these rights as provided in a domestic violence injunction. A 342 parent having rights under this subparagraph has the same rights 343 upon request as to form, substance, and manner of access as are 344 available to the other parent of a child, including, without 345 limitation, the right to in-person communication with medical, 346 dental, and education providers.

347 (4)

348 When a custodial parent refuses to honor a (C) 349 noncustodial parent's, or grandparent's, or great-grandparent's visitation rights without proper cause, the court shall, after 350 351 calculating the amount of visitation improperly denied, award the noncustodial parent, or grandparent, or great-grandparent a 352 353 sufficient amount of extra visitation to compensate the 354 noncustodial parent, or grandparent, or great-grandparent, which 355 visitation shall be ordered as expeditiously as possible in a 356 manner consistent with the best interests of the child and 357 scheduled in a manner that is convenient for the person deprived 358 of visitation. In ordering any makeup visitation, the court 359 shall schedule such visitation in a manner that is consistent with the best interests of the child or children and that is 360 361 convenient for the noncustodial parent, or grandparent, or 362 great-grandparent. In addition, the court:

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363 1. May order the custodial parent to pay reasonable court 364 costs and attorney's fees incurred by the noncustodial parent, 365 or grandparent, or great-grandparent to enforce their visitation 366 rights or make up improperly denied visitation;

367 2. May order the custodial parent to attend the parenting368 course approved by the judicial circuit;

369 3. May order the custodial parent to do community service370 if the order will not interfere with the welfare of the child;

371 4. May order the custodial parent to have the financial 372 burden of promoting frequent and continuing contact when the 373 custodial parent and child reside further than 60 miles from the 374 noncustodial parent;

375 5. May award custody, rotating custody, or primary 376 residence to the noncustodial parent, upon the request of the 377 noncustodial parent, if the award is in the best interests of 378 the child; or

379 6. May impose any other reasonable sanction as a result of380 noncompliance.

381 (d) A person who violates this subsection may be punished
382 by contempt of court or other remedies as the court deems
383 appropriate.

(6) In any proceeding under this section, the court may not deny shared parental responsibility, custody, or visitation rights to a parent, or great-grandparent solely because that parent, or great-grandparent is or is believed to be infected with human immunodeficiency virus; but the court may condition such rights upon the parent's, or grandparent's, or great-grandparent to observe

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391 measures approved by the Centers for Disease Control and 392 Prevention of the United States Public Health Service or by the Department of Health for preventing the spread of human 393 394 immunodeficiency virus to the child. 395 (7) In any case where the child is actually residing with 396 a grandparent in a stable relationship, whether the court has 397 awarded custody to the grandparent or not, the court may 398 recognize the grandparents as having the same standing as 399 parents for evaluating what custody arrangements are in the best 400 interest of the child. 401 Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 63.0425, Florida 402 Statutes, is amended to read: 403 63.0425 Grandparent's or great-grandparent's right to 404 adopt.--405 (1)When a child who has lived with a grandparent or 406 great-grandparent for at least 6 months within the 24-month 407 period immediately preceding the filing of a petition for 408 termination of parental rights pending adoption is placed for 409 adoption, the adoption entity handling the adoption shall 410 provide notice to notify that grandparent or great-grandparent of the hearing on the petition for termination of parental 411 412 rights pending adoption impending adoption before the petition 413 for adoption is filed. If the grandparent petitions the court to 414 adopt the child, the court shall give first priority for 415 adoption to that grandparent. 416 Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 63.172, Florida 417 Statutes, is amended to read: 418 63.172 Effect of judgment of adoption.--

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419 If one or both parents of a child die without the (2) 420 relationship of parent and child having been previously 421 terminated and a spouse of the living parent or a close relative 422 of the child thereafter adopts the child, the child's right of 423 inheritance from or through the deceased parent is unaffected by 424 the adoption and, unless the court orders otherwise, the 425 adoption will not terminate any grandparental or great-426 grandparental rights delineated under chapter 752. For purposes 427 of this subsection, a close relative of a child is the child's 428 brother, sister, grandparent, great-grandparent, aunt, or uncle. 429 Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003.