

CHAMBER ACTION

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The Committee on Public Safety & Crime Prevention recommends the following:

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Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to identity theft and Internet fraud prevention, investigation, and prosecution; amending s. 817.568, F.S.; expanding the definition of personal identification information; revising the elements of the offense of criminal use of personal identification information in which such use results in an unlawful benefit, injury, or fraud; providing for mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment for certain acts of criminal use of personal identification information; amending s. 934.23, F.S.; providing a definition; clarifying that Florida judges with jurisdiction over specific crimes have authority to issue search warrants for electronic evidence relating thereto, regardless of where the electronic evidence is situated; creating s. 92.605, F.S.; providing definitions; providing for self-authentication for out-ofstate business records under certain circumstances with notice to opponent; providing for procedures; amending s.

921.0022, F.S., relating to the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information.--

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Access device" means any card, plate, code, account number, electronic serial number, mobile identification number, personal identification number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier, or other means of account access that can be used, alone or in conjunction with another access device, to obtain money, goods, services, or any other thing of value, or that can be used to initiate a transfer of funds, other than a transfer originated solely by paper

instrument.

(b) "Authorization" means empowerment, permission, or competence to act.

(c) "Harass" means to engage in conduct directed at a specific person that is intended to cause substantial emotional distress to such person and serves no legitimate purpose.

"Harass" does not mean to use personal identification

information for accepted commercial purposes. The term does not

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include constitutionally protected conduct such as organized protests or the use of personal identification information for accepted commercial purposes.

- (d) "Individual" means a single human being and does not mean a firm, association of individuals, corporation, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship, or any other entity.
 - (e) "Person" means a "person" as defined in s. 1.01(3).
- (f) "Personal identification information" means any name or number that may be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual, including any:
- 1. Name, social security number, date of birth, official state-issued or United States-issued driver's license or identification number, alien registration number, government passport number, employer or taxpayer identification number;
- 2. Unique biometric data, such as fingerprint, voice print, retina or iris image, or other unique physical representation;
- 3. Unique electronic identification number, address, or routing code; or
- 4. Telecommunication identifying information or access device.
- (2)(a) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses, or possesses with intent to fraudulently use, personal identification information concerning an individual



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without first obtaining that individual's consent, commits the offense of fraudulent use of personal identification information, which is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (b) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$5,000 \$75,000 or more or if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 10 or more individuals without their consent. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall sentence any person convicted of committing the offense described in this paragraph to a mandatory minimum sentence of 3 years' imprisonment.
- (c) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$50,000 or more or if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 20 or more individuals without their consent. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the

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112 court shall sentence any person convicted of committing the
113 offense described in this paragraph:

- 1. To a mandatory minimum sentence of 5 years' imprisonment; or
- 2. If the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$100,000 or more or if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 30 or more individuals without their consent, to a mandatory minimum sentence of 10 years' imprisonment.
- (3) Nothing in paragraph (2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c) shall prevent a court from imposing a greater sentence of incarceration as authorized by law. If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to paragraph(2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c) exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment authorized by paragraph (2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c) are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment required by paragraph (2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c).
- (4)(3) Any person who willfully and without authorization possesses, uses, or attempts to use personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent, and who does so for the purpose of harassing that individual, commits the offense of harassment by

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use of personal identification information, which is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (5)(4) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows:
- (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a felony of the third degree.
- (b) A felony of the third degree is reclassified as a felony of the second degree.
- (c) A felony of the second degree is reclassified as a felony of the first degree.

For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and incentive gaintime eligibility under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 of the felony offense committed, and a misdemeanor offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked in level 2 of the offense severity ranking chart in s. 921.0022.

(6) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning an individual less than 18 years of age without first obtaining the consent of that individual or his or her legal guardian commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.



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(7) Any person in the relationship of parent or legal guardian or who otherwise exercises custodial authority over an individual less than 18 years of age, who willfully and fraudulently uses personal identification information of that individual, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(8)(5) This section does not prohibit any lawfully authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence activity of a law enforcement agency of this state or any of its political subdivisions, of any other state or its political subdivisions, or of the Federal Government or its political subdivisions.

(9)(6)(a) In sentencing a defendant convicted of an offense under this section, the court may order that the defendant make restitution pursuant to s. 775.089 to any victim of the offense. In addition to the victim's out-of-pocket costs, such restitution may include payment of any other costs, including attorney's fees incurred by the victim in clearing the victim's credit history or credit rating, or any costs incurred in connection with any civil or administrative proceeding to satisfy any debt, lien, or other obligation of the victim arising as the result of the actions of the defendant.

- (b) The sentencing court may issue such orders as are necessary to correct any public record that contains false information given in violation of this section.
- $\underline{(10)}$ Prosecutions for violations of this section may be brought on behalf of the state by any state attorney or by the statewide prosecutor.

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(11)(8) The Legislature finds that, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the location where a victim gives or fails to give consent to the use of personal identification information is the county where the victim generally resides.

- (12)(9) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, venue for the prosecution and trial of violations of this section may be commenced and maintained in any county in which an element of the offense occurred, including the county where the victim generally resides.
- (13)(10) A prosecution of an offense prohibited under subsection (2), subsection (6), or subsection (7) must be commenced within 3 years after the offense occurred. However, a prosecution may be commenced within 1 year after discovery of the offense by an aggrieved party, or by a person who has a legal duty to represent the aggrieved party and who is not a party to the offense, if such prosecution is commenced within 5 years after the violation occurred.
- Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 934.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 934.23 Required disclosure of customer communications or records.--
- (1) An investigative or law enforcement officer may require the disclosure by a provider of electronic communication service of the contents of a wire or electronic communication that has been in electronic storage in an electronic communications system for 180 days or less only pursuant to a warrant issued by the judge of a court of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, "a court of

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competent jurisdiction" means a court having jurisdiction over the investigation or otherwise authorized by law. An investigative or law enforcement officer may require the disclosure by a provider of electronic communication services of the contents of a wire or electronic communication that has been in electronic storage in an electronic communications system for more than 180 days by the means available under subsection (2).

- Section 3. Section 92.605, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 92.605 Production of certain records by Florida corporations and out-of-state corporations.--
 - (1) For the purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Adverse result" includes one of the following
 consequences to notification of the existence of a court order,
 a subpoena, or a search warrant:
 - 1. Danger to the life or physical safety of an individual.
 - 2. A flight from prosecution.
 - 3. The destruction of or tampering with evidence.
 - 4. The intimidation of potential witnesses.
- 5. Serious jeopardy to an investigation or undue delay of a trial.
- (b) "Applicant" means a law enforcement officer who is seeking a court order or subpoena under s. 16.56, s. 27.04, s. 905.185, or s. 914.04 or who is issued a search warrant under s. 933.01, or anyone who is authorized to issue a subpoena under the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure.

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(c) "Business" means any business, institution,
association, profession, occupation, or calling of any kind,
whether or not conducted for profit.

- (d) "Electronic communication services" and "remote computing services" have the same meaning as provided in the Electronic Communications Privacy Act in chapter 121 (commencing with s. 2701) of Part I of Title 18 of the United States Code Annotated. This section does not apply to corporations that do not provide those services to the public.
- (e) "Out-of-state corporation" means any corporation that is qualified to do business in this state under s. 607.1501.
- (f) "Out-of-state record of regularly conducted business activity" means a memorandum, report, record, or data compilation, in any form, of acts, events, conditions, opinions, or diagnoses maintained in another state or country.
- (g) "Out-of-state certification" means a written

 declaration made and signed in another state or country by the

 custodian of an out-of-state record of regularly conducted

 business activity or another qualified person that, if falsely

 made, would subject the declarant to a criminal penalty under

 the laws of another state or country.
- (h) "Properly served" means delivery by hand or in a manner reasonably allowing for proof of delivery if delivered by United States mail, overnight-delivery service, or facsimile to a person or entity properly registered to do business in any state. In order for an out-of-state corporation to be properly served, the service described in this paragraph must be effected on the corporation's registered agent.



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(2) The following provisions apply to any subpoena, court order, or search warrant issued in compliance with the Electronic Communications Privacy Act in chapter 121 (commencing with s. 2701) of Part I of Title 18 of the United States Code Annotated, and that is subject to this chapter, which allows a search for records that are in the actual or constructive possession of an out-of-state corporation that provides electronic communication services or remote computing services to the public, when those records would reveal the identity of the customers using those services; data stored by, or on behalf of, the customers; the customers' usage of those services; the recipients or destinations of communications sent to or from those customers:

- (a) Any subpoena, court order, or warrant issued pursuant to this subsection shall contain the following language in bold type on the first page of the document: "This [subpoena, order, warrant] is issued pursuant to section 92.605, Florida Statutes.

 A response is due within 20 business days after receipt of this [subpoena, order, warrant], unless a longer time period is stated herein."
- (b) When properly served with a subpoena, court order, or search warrant issued by a Florida court or other applicant, an out-of-state corporation subject to this section shall provide to the applicant all records sought pursuant to such subpoena, court order, or warrant within 20 business days after receipt, or the date indicated within the subpoena, if later, including those records maintained or located outside the State of Florida. If the records cannot be produced within the 20-day



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time period, the out-of-state corporation shall notify the applicant within the 20-day time period and agree to produce the documents at the earliest possible time. The applicant shall pay the out-of-state corporation the reasonable expenses associated with compliance.

- (c) When the applicant makes a showing and the court finds that failure to produce records within 20 business days would cause an adverse result, the subpoena, court order, or warrant may require production of records within less than 20 business days. The correct deadline should be stated in bold text on the first page of the document as required by paragraph (a). A court may reasonably extend the time required for production of the records upon finding that the out-of-state corporation needs the extension and that an extension of time would not cause an adverse result.
- (d) An out-of-state corporation seeking to quash or object to a subpoena, court order, or warrant must seek relief from the court issuing such subpoena, court order, or warrant within the time required for production of records under this section. The issuing court shall hear and decide that motion within 5 court days after the motion is filed.
- (e) Upon written request from the applicant or if ordered by the court, the out-of-state corporation shall verify the authenticity of records that it produces by providing an affidavit that complies with the requirements set forth in this section. Records produced in compliance with this section are admissible in evidence as set forth in subsection (5).



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(3) A Florida business that provides electronic communication services or remote computing services to the public, when served with a subpoena, court order, or warrant issued by another state to produce records that would reveal the identity of the customers using those services; data stored by, or on behalf of, the customers; the customers' usage of those services; or the recipients or destinations of communications sent to or from those customers shall produce those records as if that subpoena, court order, or warrant had been issued by a Florida court.

- (4) A cause of action does not arise against any out-of-state corporation or Florida business subject to this section, or its officers, employees, agents, or other specified persons, for providing records, information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with the terms of a subpoena, court order, or warrant subject to this section.
- (5) In a criminal proceeding in a court of this state, an out-of-state record of regularly conducted business activity, or a copy of such record, shall not be excluded as hearsay evidence by s. 90.802, if an out-of-state certification attests that:
- (a) Such record was made at or near the time of the occurrence of the matters set forth by, or from information transmitted by, a person with knowledge of those matters.
- (b) Such record was kept in the course of a regularly conducted business activity.
- (c) The business activity made such a record as a regular practice.



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(d) If such record is not the original, it is a duplicate of the original, unless the source of information or the method or circumstances of preparation indicate lack of trustworthiness.

- (6) An out-of-state certification under this section shall authenticate such record or duplicate.
- (7) No evidence in such records in the form of opinion or diagnosis is admissible under subsection (5) unless such opinion or diagnosis would be admissible under ss. 90.701-90.705 if the person whose opinion is recorded were to testify to the opinion directly.
- (8) As soon after the arraignment as practicable, or 60 days prior to trial, a party intending to offer in evidence under this section an out-of-state record of regularly conducted business activity shall provide written notice of that intention to each other party. A motion opposing admission in evidence of such record shall be made by the opposing party and determined by the court before trial. Failure by a party to file such motion before trial shall constitute a waiver of objection to such record or duplicate, but the court for cause shown may grant relief from the waiver.
- (9) In any criminal case, the content of any electronic communication may be obtained under this section only by court order or by the issuance of a search warrant, unless otherwise provided under the Electronic Communications Privacy Act or other provision of law.
- Section 4. Paragraphs (e), (h), and (i) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:



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921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.--

(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART

, ,		
Florida	Felony	
Statute	Degree	Description
		(e) LEVEL 5
316.027(1)(a)	3rd	Accidents involving personal
		injuries, failure to stop; leaving
		scene.
316.1935(4)	2 nd	Aggravated fleeing or eluding.
322.34(6)	3 rd	Careless operation of motor vehicle
		with suspended license, resulting
		in death or serious bodily injury.
327.30(5)	3rd	Vessel accidents involving personal
		injury; leaving scene.
381.0041(11)(b)	3rd	Donate blood, plasma, or organs
		knowing HIV positive.
790.01(2)	3rd	Carrying a concealed firearm.
790.162	2nd	Threat to throw or discharge
		destructive device.
790.163(1)	2nd	False report of deadly explosive or
		weapon of mass destruction.
790.221(1)	2nd	Possession of short-barreled
		shotgun or machine gun.
790.23	2nd	Felons in possession of firearms or
		electronic weapons or devices.
800.04(6)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious conduct;
		offender less than 18 years.

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800.04(7)(c)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition;
		offender 18 years or older.
806.111(1)	3rd	Possess, manufacture, or dispense
		fire bomb with intent to damage any
		structure or property.
812.0145(2)(b)	2nd	Theft from person 65 years of age
		or older; \$10,000 or more but less
		than \$50,000.
812.015(8)	3rd	Retail theft; property stolen is
		valued at \$300 or more and one or
		more specified acts.
812.019(1)	2nd	Stolen property; dealing in or
		trafficking in.
812.131(2)(b)	3rd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
812.16(2)	3rd	Owning, operating, or conducting a
		chop shop.
817.034(4)(a)2.	2nd	Communications fraud, value \$20,000
		to \$50,000.
817.234(11)(b)	2nd	Insurance fraud; property value
		\$20,000 or more but less than
		\$100,000.
817.568(2)(b)	2nd	Fraudulent use of personal
		identification information; value
		of benefit, services received,
		payment avoided, or amount of
		injury or fraud, <u>\$5,000</u> \$75,000 or
		more or use of personal
		identification information of 10 or

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		more individuals.
817.625(2)(b)	2nd	Second or subsequent fraudulent use
		of scanning device or reencoder.
825.1025(4)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition in
		the presence of an elderly person
		or disabled adult.
827.071(4)	2nd	Possess with intent to promote any
		photographic material, motion
		picture, etc., which includes
		sexual conduct by a child.
839.13(2)(b)	2nd	Falsifying records of an individual
		in the care and custody of a state
		agency involving great bodily harm
		or death.
843.01	3rd	Resist officer with violence to
		person; resist arrest with
		violence.
874.05(2)	2nd	Encouraging or recruiting another
		to join a criminal street gang;
		second or subsequent offense.
893.13(1)(a)1.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
		cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a),
		(1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
		(2)(c)4. drugs).
893.13(1)(c)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
		cannabis (or other s. 893.03(1)(c),
		(2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3.,
		(2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7.,

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		(2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4)
		drugs) within 1,000 feet of a child
		care facility or school.
893.13(1)(d)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
		cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a),
		(1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
		(2)(c)4. drugs) within 200 feet of
		university or public park.
893.13(1)(e)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
		cannabis or other drug prohibited
		under s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,
		(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5.,
		(2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8.,
		(2)(c)9., (3), or (4) within 1,000
		feet of property used for religious
		services or a specified business
		site.
893.13(1)(f)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
		cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a),
		(1)(b), (1)(d), or (2)(a), (2)(b),
		or (2)(c)4. drugs) within 200 feet
		of public housing facility.
893.13(4)(b)	2nd	Deliver to minor cannabis (or other
		s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,
		(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5.,
		(2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8.,
		(2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs).
		(h) LEVEL 8

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316.193(3)(c)3.a.	2nd	DUI manslaughter.
327.35(3)(c)3.	2nd	Vessel BUI manslaughter.
560.123(8)(b)2.	2nd	Failure to report currency or
		payment instruments totaling or
		exceeding \$20,000, but less than
		\$100,000 by money transmitter.
560.125(5)(b)	2nd	Money transmitter business by
		unauthorized person, currency or
		payment instruments totaling or
		exceeding \$20,000, but less than
		\$100,000.
655.50(10)(b)2.	2nd	Failure to report financial
		transactions totaling or exceeding
		\$20,000, but less than \$100,000 by
		financial institutions.
777.03(2)(a)	1st	Accessory after the fact, capital
		felony.
782.04(4)	2nd	Killing of human without design
		when engaged in act or attempt of
		any felony other than arson, sexual
		battery, robbery, burglary,
		kidnapping, aircraft piracy, or
		unlawfully discharging bomb.
782.051(2)	1st	Attempted felony murder while
		perpetrating or attempting to
		perpetrate a felony not enumerated
		in s. 782.04(3).
782.071(1)(b)	1st	Committing vehicular homicide and



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		failing to render aid or give
		information.
782.072(2)	1st	Committing vessel homicide and
		failing to render aid or give
		information.
790.161(3)	1st	Discharging a destructive device
		which results in bodily harm or
		property damage.
794.011(5)	2nd	Sexual battery, victim 12 years or
		over, offender does not use
		physical force likely to cause
		serious injury.
800.04(4)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery.
806.01(1)	1st	Maliciously damage dwelling or
		structure by fire or explosive,
		believing person in structure.
810.02(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Burglary with assault or battery.
810.02(2)(b)	1st,PBL	Burglary; armed with explosives or
		dangerous weapon.
810.02(2)(c)	1st	Burglary of a dwelling or structure
		causing structural damage or \$1,000
		or more property damage.
812.13(2)(b)	1st	Robbery with a weapon.
812.135(2)	1st	Home-invasion robbery.
817.568(6)	2nd	Fraudulent use of personal
		identification information of an
		individual under the age of 18.
825.102(2)	2nd	Aggravated abuse of an elderly

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		person or disabled adult.
825.1025(2)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery upon an
		elderly person or disabled adult.
825.103(2)(a)	1st	Exploiting an elderly person or
		disabled adult and property is
		valued at \$100,000 or more.
837.02(2)	2nd	Perjury in official proceedings
		relating to prosecution of a
		capital felony.
837.021(2)	2nd	Making contradictory statements in
		official proceedings relating to
		prosecution of a capital felony.
860.121(2)(c)	1st	Shooting at or throwing any object
		in path of railroad vehicle
		resulting in great bodily harm.
860.16	1st	Aircraft piracy.
893.13(1)(b)	1st	Sell or deliver in excess of 10
		grams of any substance specified in
		s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).
893.13(2)(b)	1st	Purchase in excess of 10 grams of
		any substance specified in s.
		893.03(1)(a) or (b).
893.13(6)(c)	1st	Possess in excess of 10 grams of
		any substance specified in s.
		893.03(1)(a) or (b).
893.135(1)(a)2.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than
		2,000 lbs., less than 10,000 lbs.
893.135(1)(b)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than

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		200 grams, less than 400 grams.
893.135(1)(c)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more
		than 14 grams, less than 28 grams.
893.135(1)(d)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more
		than 200 grams, less than 400
		grams.
893.135(1)(e)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
		than 5 kilograms, less than 25
		kilograms.
893.135(1)(f)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
		than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
893.135(1)(g)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 14
		grams or more, less than 28 grams.
893.135(1)(h)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric
		acid (GHB), 5 kilograms or more,
		less than 10 kilograms.
893.135(1)(j)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 5
		kilograms or more, less than 10
		kilograms.
893.135(1)(k)2.b.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines, 200
		grams or more, less than 400 grams.
895.03(1)	1st	Use or invest proceeds derived from
		pattern of racketeering activity.
895.03(2)	1st	Acquire or maintain through
		racketeering activity any interest
		in or control of any enterprise or
		real property.
895.03(3)	1st	Conduct or participate in any

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		enterprise through pattern of
		racketeering activity.
896.101(5)(b)	2nd	Money laundering, financial
		transactions totaling or exceeding
		\$20,000, but less than \$100,000.
896.104(4)(a)2.	2nd	Structuring transactions to evade
		reporting or registration
		requirements, financial
		transactions totaling or exceeding
		\$20,000 but less than \$100,000.
		(i) LEVEL 9
316.193(3)(c)3.b.	1st	DUI manslaughter; failing to render
		aid or give information.
327.35(3)(c)3.b.	1st	BUI manslaughter; failing to render
		aid or give information.
560.123(8)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report currency or
		payment instruments totaling or
		exceeding \$100,000 by money
		transmitter.
560.125(5)(c)	1st	Money transmitter business by
		unauthorized person, currency, or
		payment instruments totaling or
		exceeding \$100,000.
655.50(10)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report financial
		transactions totaling or exceeding
		\$100,000 by financial institution.
775.0844	1st	Aggravated white collar crime.
782.04(1)	1st	Attempt, conspire, or solicit to

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		commit premeditated murder.
782.04(3)	st,PBL	Accomplice to murder in connection
		with arson, sexual battery,
		robbery, burglary, and other
		specified felonies.
782.051(1) 1	st	Attempted felony murder while
		perpetrating or attempting to
		perpetrate a felony enumerated in
		s. 782.04(3).
782.07(2) 1	st	Aggravated manslaughter of an
		elderly person or disabled adult.
787.01(1)(a)1. 1	st,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for ransom or
		reward or as a shield or hostage.
787.01(1)(a)2. 1	st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to commit or
		facilitate commission of any
		felony.
787.01(1)(a)4.	st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to interfere
		with performance of any
		governmental or political function.
787.02(3)(a) 1	st	False imprisonment; child under age
		13; perpetrator also commits
		aggravated child abuse, sexual
		battery, or lewd or lascivious
		battery, molestation, conduct, or
		exhibition.
790.161 1	st	Attempted capital destructive
		device offense.
790.166(2) 1	st,PBL	Possessing, selling, using, or

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		attempting to use a weapon of mass
		destruction.
794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery; victim
		less than 12 years of age.
794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender younger
		than 18 years and commits sexual
		battery on a person less than 12
		years.
794.011(4)	1st	Sexual battery; victim 12 years or
		older, certain circumstances.
794.011(8)(b)	1st	Sexual battery; engage in sexual
		conduct with minor 12 to 18 years
		by person in familial or custodial
		authority.
800.04(5)(b)	1st	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
		victim less than 12 years; offender
		18 years or older.
812.13(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Robbery with firearm or other
		deadly weapon.
812.133(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or other deadly
		weapon.
817.568(7)	2nd	Fraudulent use of personal
		identification information of an
		individual under the age of 18 by
		his or her parent, legal guardian,
		or person exercising custodial
		authority.
827.03(2)	1st	Aggravated child abuse.

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847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise transferring
		custody or control, of a minor.
847.0145(2)	1st	Purchasing, or otherwise obtaining
		custody or control, of a minor.
859.01	1st	Poisoning or introducing bacteria,
		radioactive materials, viruses, or
		chemical compounds into food,
		drink, medicine, or water with
		intent to kill or injure another
		person.
893.135	1st	Attempted capital trafficking
		offense.
893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than
		10,000 lbs.
893.135(1)(b)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
		400 grams, less than 150 kilograms.
893.135(1)(c)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more
		than 28 grams, less than 30
		kilograms.
893.135(1)(d)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more
		than 400 grams.
893.135(1)(e)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
		than 25 kilograms.
893.135(1)(f)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
		than 200 grams.
893.135(1)(h)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric
		acid (GHB), 10 kilograms or more.
893.135(1)(j)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 10



		kilograms or more.
893.135(1)(k)2.c.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines, 400
		grams or more.
896.101(5)(c)	1st	Money laundering, financial
		instruments totaling or exceeding
		\$100,000.
896.104(4)(a)3.	1st	Structuring transactions to evade
		reporting or registration
		requirements, financial
		transactions totaling or exceeding
		\$100,000.

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Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003.

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