HB 1163

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## A bill to be entitled

An act relating to school district capital outlay revenue; 2 amending s. 125.01, F.S.; providing that a county in which 3 the school board is receiving certain intangible tax 4 revenues or levying the local option sales surtax is 5 prohibited from levying school impact fees; amending s. б 199.292, F.S.; providing for transfer of a portion of 7 nonrecurring intangible personal property tax revenues to 8 the School District Capital Outlay Trust Fund; providing 9 for distribution of a portion of such revenues to school 10 districts that collected impact fee revenues in fiscal 11 year 2002-2003 to supplant such impact fees; providing 12 requirements for distribution of the remainder of such 13 revenues to all school districts; amending s. 212.054, 14 F.S.; providing for application of certain notice 15 requirements for levy of the surtax; amending ss. 212.055, 16 1011.71, F.S.; providing that school boards may levy a 17 local option sales surtax in lieu of levying all or a part 18 of the nonvoted district school capital improvement 19 millage; authorizing levy of such surtax by resolution and 20 providing requirements with respect thereto; providing for 21 uses of the surtax proceeds; amending s. 1013.15, F.S., 22 relating to lease or rental of educational facilities and 23 sites, and s. 1013.64, F.S., relating to requests for 24 funding from the Special Facility Construction Account, to 25 26 conform; providing a contingent effective date.

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28 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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| 30 |  |
| 31 | Florida Statutes, to read:   |
| 32 | 125.01 Powers and duties   |
| 33 | (8) Any county in which the school board is receiving                  |
| 34 | intangible personal property tax revenues pursuant to s.               |
| 35 | <u>199.292(2) or levying the local option sales surtax pursuant to</u> |
| 36 | ss. 212.055(8) and 1011.71(2) is prohibited from levying any           |
| 37 | impact fee for school purposes.  |
| 38 | Section 2. Section 199.292, Florida Statutes, is amended               |
| 39 | to read:   |
| 40 | 199.292 Disposition of intangible personal property                    |
| 41 | taxesAll intangible personal property taxes collected                  |
| 42 | pursuant to this chapter shall be placed in a special fund             |
| 43 | designated as the "Intangible Tax Trust Fund." The fund shall be       |
| 44 | disbursed as follows:  |
| 45 | (1) Revenues derived from the annual tax on a leasehold                |
| 46 | described in s. 199.023(1)(d) shall be returned to the local           |
| 47 | school board for the county in which the property subject to the       |
| 48 | leasehold is situated.   |
| 49 | (2) Sixty-two and three-tenths percent of the revenues                 |
| 50 | derived from the nonrecurring tax imposed by s. 199.133 shall be       |
| 51 | transferred to the School District Capital Outlay Trust Fund.          |
| 52 | These funds shall be distributed in the following manner:              |
| 53 | (a) An amount equal to school impact fee collections in                |
| 54 | fiscal year 2002-2003 shall be distributed to the school               |
| 55 | districts that collected such fees to supplant their school            |
| 56 | impact fees. When any such school district levies a local option       |
| 57 | sales surtax pursuant to ss. 212.055(8) and 1011.71(2), it will        |
| 58 | not be eligible to receive funds under this paragraph but will         |
| 59 | remain eligible to receive funds under paragraph (b).                  |

HB 1163 2003 60 (b) The balance of these revenues shall be distributed to all school districts as follows: 61 Twenty-five percent of the balance shall be distributed 62 1. pro rata to the districts based on each district's percentage of 63 base capital outlay full-time-equivalent membership, and 65 64 percent of the balance shall be distributed pro rata to the 65 districts based on each district's percentage of gross capital 66 outlay full-time-equivalent membership as specified for the 67 allocation of funds from the Public Education Capital Outlay and 68 Debt Service Trust Fund by s. 1013.64(3). 69 70 2. Ten percent of the balance shall be allocated among the district school boards according to the allocation formula in s. 71 72 1013.64(1)(a). (3) (3) (2) There is hereby appropriated annually out of the 73 fund the amount necessary for the effective and efficient 74 administration and enforcement by the department of the 75 provisions of chapters 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, and 198 and 76 this chapter. 77 (4) (4) (3) Of the remaining intangible personal property taxes 78 collected, the balance shall be transferred to the General 79 Revenue Fund of the state. 80 Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 212.054, Florida 81 Statutes, is amended to read: 82 212.054 Discretionary sales surtax; limitations, 83 administration, and collection.--84 The governing body of any county levying a 85 (7)(a) discretionary sales surtax or the school board of any county 86 levying the school capital outlay surtax authorized by s. 87 212.055(6) or (8) shall notify the department within 10 days 88 after final adoption by ordinance, resolution, or referendum of 89 Page 3 of 16 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

HB 1163 2003 90 an imposition, termination, or rate change of the surtax, but no later than November 16 prior to the effective date. The notice 91 must specify the time period during which the surtax will be in 92 effect and the rate and must include a copy of the ordinance or 93 resolution and such other information as the department requires 94 by rule. Failure to timely provide such notification to the 95 department shall result in the delay of the effective date for a 96 period of 1 year. 97

In addition to the notification required by paragraph (b) 98 (a), the governing body of any county proposing to levy a 99 100 discretionary sales surtax or the school board of any county proposing to levy the school capital outlay surtax authorized by 101 s. 212.055(6) or (8) shall notify the department by October 1 if 102 the referendum or consideration of the ordinance or resolution 103 that would result in imposition, termination, or rate change of 104 the surtax is scheduled to occur on or after October 1 of that 105 Failure to timely provide such notification to the 106 year. department shall result in the delay of the effective date for a 107 period of 1 year. 108

Section 4. Subsection (8) is added to section 212.055,Florida Statutes, to read:

212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; 111 authorization and use of proceeds. -- It is the legislative intent 112 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 113 surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 114 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the 115 Each enactment shall specify the types of counties levy. 116 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the 117 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 118 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 119

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HB 1163 2003 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 120 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 121 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 122 123 provided in s. 212.054. (8) SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY MILLAGE EXCHANGE SURTAX.--124 (a) The school board in any county may levy by resolution 125 a discretionary sales surtax of 1 percent in lieu of levying 2 126 mills of ad valorem tax under s. 1011.71(2), or a discretionary 127 sales surtax of 0.5 percent in lieu of levying 1 mill of ad 128 valorem tax under s. 1011.71(2). If a school board that is 129 levying millage under s. 1011.71(2) levies the discretionary 130 sales surtax under this subsection at the rate of 1 percent, it 131 132 must reduce the millage it levies under s. 1011.71(2) by 2 mills. If a school board that is levying millage under s. 133 134 1011.71(2) levies the discretionary sales surtax under this subsection at the rate of 0.5 percent, it must reduce the 135 millage it levies under s. 1011.71(2) by 1 mill. 136 The resolution levying a discretionary sales surtax 137 (b) under this subsection shall set forth a plan for the use of 138 surtax proceeds for school capital outlay projects. 139 (C) The proceeds of a discretionary sales surtax levied 140 under this subsection shall be used by the school district only 141 for those purposes specified in s. 1011.71(2) and (5). 142 Surtax proceeds collected by the Department of Revenue (d) 143 pursuant to this subsection shall be distributed to the school 144 board imposing the surtax in accordance with law. 145 Section 5. Section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended 146 to read: 147 1011.71 District school tax.--148

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If the district school tax is not provided in the 149 (1)150 General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board 151 desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for 152 current operation as prescribed by s. 1011.62(9) shall levy on 153 the taxable value for school purposes of the district, exclusive 154 of millage voted under the provisions of s. 9(b) or s. 12, Art. 155 VII of the State Constitution, a millage rate not to exceed the 156 amount certified by the commissioner as the minimum millage rate 157 necessary to provide the district required local effort for the 158 current year, pursuant to s. 1011.62(4)(a)1. In addition to the 159 required local effort millage levy, each district school board 160 161 may levy a nonvoted current operating discretionary millage. The Legislature shall prescribe annually in the appropriations act 162 163 the maximum amount of millage a district may levy. The millage rate prescribed shall exceed zero mills but shall not exceed the 164 lesser of 1.6 mills or 25 percent of the millage which is 165 required pursuant to s. 1011.62(4), exclusive of millage levied 166 pursuant to subsection (2). 167

In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided in (2) 168 subsection (1), each school board may levy up to not more than 2 169 mills against the taxable value for school purposes or, in lieu 170 of a levy of 2 mills, a school board may levy a 1-cent local 171 option sales surtax in accordance with s. 212.055(8), or in lieu 172 of 1 mill of such levy a school board may levy a 0.5-cent local 173 option sales surtax in accordance with s. 212.055(8). This 174 millage or sales surtax levy shall be used to fund: 175 (a) New construction and remodeling projects, as set forth 176 177 in s. 1013.64(3)(b) and (6)(b) and included in the district's educational plant survey pursuant to s. 1013.31, without regard 178 Page 6 of 16

HB 1163 2003 to prioritization, sites and site improvement or expansion to 179 new sites, existing sites, auxiliary facilities, athletic 180 facilities, or ancillary facilities. 181 182 (b) Maintenance, renovation, and repair of existing school plants or of leased facilities to correct deficiencies pursuant 183 to s. 1013.15(2). 184 The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of school 185 (C) buses; drivers' education vehicles; motor vehicles used for the 186 maintenance or operation of plants and equipment; security 187 vehicles; or vehicles used in storing or distributing materials 188 189 and equipment. The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of new and (d) 190 replacement equipment. 191 Payments for educational facilities and sites due 192 (e) under a lease-purchase agreement entered into by a district 193 school board pursuant to s. 1003.02(1)(f) or s. 1013.15(2), not 194 exceeding, in the aggregate, an amount equal to three-fourths of 195 the proceeds from the millage or sales surtax levied by a 196 district school board pursuant to this subsection. 197 Payment of loans approved pursuant to ss. 1011.14 and (f) 198 1011.15. 199 Payment of costs directly related to complying with 200 (q) state and federal environmental statutes, rules, and regulations 201 governing school facilities. 202 Payment of costs of leasing relocatable educational (h) 203 facilities, of renting or leasing educational facilities and 204 sites pursuant to s. 1013.15(2), or of renting or leasing 205 buildings or space within existing buildings pursuant to s. 206 207 1013.15(4).208 Page 7 of 16

HB 1163 2003 209 Violations of these expenditure provisions shall result in an 210 equal dollar reduction in the Florida Education Finance Program 211 (FEFP) funds for the violating district in the fiscal year 212 following the audit citation.

(3) These <u>ad valorem</u> taxes shall be certified, assessed,
and collected as prescribed in s. 1011.04 and shall be expended
as provided by law.

(4) Nothing in s. 1011.62(4)(a)1. shall in any way be
construed to increase the maximum school millage levies as
provided for in subsection (1).

219 (5)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that, by July 1, 2003, revenue generated by the millage or local option sales 220 surtax levy authorized by subsection (2) should be used only for 221 the costs of construction, renovation, remodeling, maintenance, 222 and repair of the educational plant; for the purchase, lease, or 223 lease-purchase of equipment, educational plants, and 224 construction materials directly related to the delivery of 225 student instruction; for the rental or lease of existing 226 buildings, or space within existing buildings, originally 227 constructed or used for purposes other than education, for 228 conversion to use as educational facilities; for the opening day 229 collection for the library media center of a new school; for the 230 purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of school buses; and for 231 servicing of payments related to certificates of participation 232 issued for any purpose prior to the effective date of this act. 233 Costs associated with the lease-purchase of equipment, 234 educational plants, and school buses may include the issuance of 235 certificates of participation on or after the effective date of 236 this act and the servicing of payments related to certificates 237

HB 1163 2003 238 so issued. For purposes of this section, "maintenance and repair" is defined in s. 1013.01. 239 For purposes not delineated in paragraph (a) for which 240 (b) 241 proceeds received from millage or a local option sales surtax levied under subsection (2) may be legally expended, a district 242 school board may spend no more than the following percentages of 243 the amount the district spent for these purposes in fiscal year 244 1995-1996: 245 In fiscal year 2000-2001, 40 percent. 1. 246 In fiscal year 2001-2002, 25 percent. 2. 247 248 3. In fiscal year 2002-2003, 10 percent. Beginning July 1, 2003, revenue generated by the 249 (C) millage or local option sales surtax levy authorized by 250 subsection (2) must be used only for the purposes delineated in 251 paragraph (a). 252 Notwithstanding any other provision of this (d) 253 subsection, if through its adopted educational facilities plan a 254 district has clearly identified the need for an ancillary plant, 255 has provided opportunity for public input as to the relative 256 value of the ancillary plant versus an educational plant, and 257 has obtained public approval, the district may use revenue 258 generated by the millage or local option sales surtax levy 259 authorized by subsection(2) for the acquisition, construction, 260 renovation, remodeling, maintenance, or repair of an ancillary 261 plant. 262 263 A district that violates these expenditure restrictions shall 264 have an equal dollar reduction in funds appropriated to the 265 district under s. 1011.62 in the fiscal year following the audit 266 citation. The expenditure restrictions do not apply to any 267

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HB 1163 2003 school district that certifies to the Commissioner of Education 268 that all of the district's instructional space needs for the 269 next 5 years can be met from capital outlay sources that the 270 271 district reasonably expects to receive during the next 5 years or from alternative scheduling or construction, leasing, 272 rezoning, or technological methodologies that exhibit sound 273 management. 274

(6) In addition to the maximum millage levied under this 275 section and the General Appropriations Act, a school district 276 may levy, by local referendum or in a general election, 277 278 additional millage for school operational purposes up to an amount that, when combined with nonvoted millage levied under 279 this section, does not exceed the 10-mill limit established in 280 s. 9(b), Art. VII of the State Constitution. Any such levy shall 281 be for a maximum of 4 years and shall be counted as part of the 282 10-mill limit established in s. 9(b), Art. VII of the State 283 Constitution. Millage elections conducted under the authority 284 granted pursuant to this section are subject to s. 1011.73. 285 Funds generated by such additional millage do not become a part 286 of the calculation of the Florida Education Finance Program 287 total potential funds in 2001-2002 or any subsequent year and 288 must not be incorporated in the calculation of any hold-harmless 289 or other component of the Florida Education Finance Program 290 formula in any year. If an increase in required local effort, 291 when added to existing millage levied under the 10-mill limit, 292 would result in a combined millage in excess of the 10-mill 293 limit, any millage levied pursuant to this subsection shall be 294 considered to be required local effort to the extent that the 295 296 district millage would otherwise exceed the 10-mill limit.

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297 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph 298 (a) of subsection (4) of section 1013.15, Florida Statutes, are 299 amended to read:

300 1013.15 Lease, rental, and lease-purchase of educational 301 facilities and sites.--

(2)(a) A district school board may rent or lease 302 educational facilities and sites as defined in s. 1013.01. 303 Educational facilities and sites rented or leased for 1 year or 304 less shall be funded through the operations budget or local 305 option sales surtax or funds derived from millage proceeds 306 307 pursuant to s. 1011.71(2). A lease contract for 1 year or less, when extended or renewed beyond a year, becomes a multiple-year 308 309 lease. Operational funds or funds derived from millage or local option sales surtax proceeds pursuant to s. 1011.71(2) may be 310 authorized to be expended for multiple-year leases. All leased 311 facilities and sites must be inspected prior to occupancy by the 312 authority having jurisdiction. 313

1. All newly leased spaces must be inspected and brought into compliance with the Florida Building Code pursuant to chapter 553 and the life safety codes pursuant to chapter 633, prior to occupancy, using the board's operations budget or funds derived from millage <u>or local option sales surtax</u> proceeds pursuant to s. 1011.71(2).

2. Plans for renovation or remodeling of leased space shall conform to the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code for educational occupancies or other occupancies, as appropriate and as required in chapters 553 and 633, prior to occupancy.

325 3. All leased facilities must be inspected annually for 326 firesafety deficiencies in accordance with the applicable code

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and have corrections made in accordance with s. 1013.12.
Operational funds or funds derived from millage <u>or local option</u>
<u>sales surtax</u> proceeds pursuant to s. 1011.71(2) may be used to
correct deficiencies in leased space.

4. When the board declares that a public emergency exists, it may take up to 30 days to bring the leased facility into compliance with the requirements of State Board of Education rules.

(4)(a) A board may rent or lease existing buildings, or 335 space within existing buildings, originally constructed or used 336 for purposes other than education, for conversion to use as 337 educational facilities. Such buildings rented or leased for 1 338 year or less shall be funded through the operations budget or 339 funds derived from millage or a local option sales surtax 340 pursuant to s. 1011.71(2). A rental agreement or lease contract 341 for 1 year or less, when extended or renewed beyond a year, 342 becomes a multiple-year rental or lease. Operational funds or 343 funds derived from millage or local option sales surtax proceeds 344 pursuant to s. 1011.71(2) may be authorized to be expended for 345 multiple-year rentals or leases. Notwithstanding any other 346 provisions of this section, if a building was constructed in 347 conformance with all applicable building and life safety codes, 348 it shall be deemed to meet the requirements for use and 349 occupancy as an educational facility subject only to the 350 provisions of this subsection. 351

352 Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph 353 (c) of subsection (3) of section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, are 354 amended to read:

1013.64 Funds for comprehensive educational plant needs;
 construction cost maximums for school district capital

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2003

HB 1163 2003 357 projects.--Allocations from the Public Education Capital Outlay 358 and Debt Service Trust Fund to the various boards for capital 359 outlay projects shall be determined as follows:

360 (2)(a) The department shall establish, as a part of the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund, a 361 separate account, in an amount determined by the Legislature, to 362 be known as the "Special Facility Construction Account." The 363 Special Facility Construction Account shall be used to provide 364 necessary construction funds to school districts which have 365 urgent construction needs but which lack sufficient resources at 366 367 present, and cannot reasonably anticipate sufficient resources within the period of the next 3 years, for these purposes from 368 369 currently authorized sources of capital outlay revenue. A school district requesting funding from the Special Facility 370 Construction Account shall submit one specific construction 371 project, not to exceed one complete educational plant, to the 372 Special Facility Construction Committee. No district shall 373 receive funding for more than one approved project in any 3-year 374 period. The first year of the 3-year period shall be the first 375 year a district receives an appropriation. The department shall 376 encourage a construction program that reduces the average size 377 of schools in the district. The request must meet the following 378 criteria to be considered by the committee: 379

1. The project must be deemed a critical need and must be recommended for funding by the Special Facility Construction Committee. Prior to developing plans for the proposed facility, the district school board must request a preapplication review by the Special Facility Construction Committee or a project review subcommittee convened by the committee to include two representatives of the department and two staff from school

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HB 1163 2003 districts not eligible to participate in the program. Within 60 387 days after receiving the preapplication review request, the 388 committee or subcommittee must meet in the school district to 389 review the project proposal and existing facilities. To 390 determine whether the proposed project is a critical need, the 391 committee or subcommittee shall consider, at a minimum, the 392 capacity of all existing facilities within the district as 393 determined by the Florida Inventory of School Houses; the 394 district's pattern of student growth; the district's existing 395 and projected capital outlay full-time equivalent student 396 397 enrollment as determined by the department; the district's existing satisfactory student stations; the use of all existing 398 district property and facilities; grade level configurations; 399 and any other information that may affect the need for the 400 proposed project. 401

2. The construction project must be recommended in the
most recent survey or surveys by the district under the rules of
the State Board of Education.

3. The construction project must appear on the district's
approved project priority list under the rules of the State
Board of Education.

408 4. The district must have selected and had approved a site 409 for the construction project in compliance with s. 1013.36 and 410 the rules of the State Board of Education.

5. The district shall have developed a district school
board adopted list of facilities that do not exceed the norm for
net square feet occupancy requirements under the State
Requirements for Educational Facilities, using all possible
programmatic combinations for multiple use of space to obtain

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HB 1163 416 maximum daily use of all spaces within the facility under 417 consideration.

6. Upon construction, the total cost per student station,
including change orders, must not exceed the cost per student
station as provided in subsection(6).

7. There shall be an agreement signed by the district
school board stating that it will advertise for bids within 30
days of receipt of its encumbrance authorization from the
department.

The district shall, at the time of the request and for 8. 425 426 a continuing period of 3 years, levy a millage or surtax, or combination thereof, under the maximum millage against their 427 nonexempt assessed property value as allowed in s. 1011.71(2) 428 which generates an amount that is at least equal to the amount 429 that would be generated by levy of the maximum millage rate 430 authorized by s. 1011.71(2) or shall raise an equivalent amount 431 of revenue from the school capital outlay surtax authorized 432 under s. 212.055(6). Any district with a new or active project, 433 funded under the provisions of this subsection, shall be 434 required to budget no more than the value of 1.5 mills per year 435 to the project to satisfy the annual participation requirement 436 in the Special Facility Construction Account. 437

9. If a contract has not been signed 90 days after the
advertising of bids, the funding for the specific project shall
revert to the Special Facility New Construction Account to be
reallocated to other projects on the list. However, an
additional 90 days may be granted by the commissioner.
10. The department shall certify the inability of the

444 district to fund the survey-recommended project over a

445 continuous 3-year period using projected capital outlay revenue

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|     | HB 1163 2003   |
| 446 | derived from s. 9(d), Art. XII of the State Constitution, as     |
| 447 | amended, paragraph (3)(a) of this section, and s. 1011.71(2).    |
| 448 | 11. The district shall have on file with the department an       |
| 449 | adopted resolution acknowledging its 3-year commitment of all    |
| 450 | unencumbered and future revenue acquired from s. 9(d), Art. XII  |
| 451 | of the State Constitution, as amended, paragraph (3)(a) of this  |
| 452 | section, and s. 1011.71(2).                                      |
| 453 | 12. Final phase III plans must be certified by the board         |
| 454 | as complete and in compliance with the building and life safety  |
| 455 | codes prior to August 1.   |
| 456 | (3)  |
| 457 | (c) A district school board may lease relocatable                |
| 458 | educational facilities for up to 3 years using nonbonded PECO    |
| 459 | funds and for any time period using local capital outlay millage |
| 460 | or local option sales surtax revenues authorized by s.           |
| 461 | 212.055(8).  |
| 462 | Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003, if           |
| 463 | House Bill or similar legislation creating the School            |
| 464 | District Capital Outlay Trust Fund is adopted in the same        |
| 465 | legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes law.     |
|     |  |