By the Committee on Transportation; and Senator Sebesta

306-1916-03

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; repealing s. 317.0008(2), F.S., relating to the expedited issuance of duplicate certificates of title for off-highway vehicles; creating s. 317.0014, F.S.; establishing procedures for the issuance of off-highway vehicle titles; creating s. 317.0015, F.S.; providing for the applicability of certain provisions of law to the titling of off-highway vehicles; creating s. 317.0016, F.S.; providing for the expedited issuance of titles for off-highway vehicles; creating s. 317.0017, F.S.; prohibiting specified actions relating to the issuance of titles for off-highway vehicles; providing a penalty; creating s. 317.0018, F.S.; prohibiting the transfer of an off-highway vehicle without delivery of a certificate of title; prescribing other violations; providing a penalty; amending s. 319.23, F.S.; providing that licensed motor vehicle dealers must notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of motor vehicles taken in trade; amending s. 320.055, F.S.; requiring leased vehicles to be registered in the name of the lessee; amending s. 320.131, F.S.; providing for the creation of an electronic temporary license plate system; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the suspension or revocation of a motor vehicle dealer license; amending s.

1 322.051, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 2 the application for an identification card; 3 providing that the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image on an 4 5 identification card may not be waived under ch. 6 761, F.S.; amending s. 322.08, F.S.; providing 7 that a United States passport is an acceptable proof of identity for purposes of obtaining a 8 9 driver's license; providing that a 10 naturalization certificate issued by the United 11 States Department of Justice is an acceptable proof of identity for such purpose; providing 12 that specified documents issued by the United 13 States Department of Justice are acceptable as 14 proof of nonimmigrant classification; amending 15 s. 322.12, F.S.; revising provisions relating 16 17 to the reinstatement of a driver's license following certain violations; revising the 18 19 distribution of specified fees; amending s. 20 322.142, F.S.; providing that the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image on a 21 driver's license may not be waived under ch. 22 761, F.S.; amending s. 322.17, F.S.; revising 23 24 provisions relating to the application for a 25 replacement or duplicate driver's license; amending s. 322.18, F.S.; revising the 26 27 expiration period for driver's licenses issued 28 to specified persons; amending s. 322.19, F.S.; 29 revising requirements relating to name and address changes for driver's licenses; amending 30 31 s. 713.78, F.S.; revising provisions relating

1 to the placement of a wrecker operator lien 2 against a motor vehicle; providing an effective 3 date. 4 5 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 6 7 Subsection (2) of section 317.0008, Florida Section 1. 8 Statutes, is repealed. Section 317.0014, Florida Statutes, is 9 Section 2. 10 created to read: 11 317.0014 Certificate of title; issuance in duplicate; delivery; liens and encumbrances. --12 (1) The department shall assign a number to each 13 certificate of title and shall issue each certificate of title 14 and each corrected certificate in duplicate. The database 15 record shall serve as the duplicate title certificate required 16 17 in this section. One printed copy may be retained on file by 18 the department. 19 (2) A duly authorized person shall sign the original 20 certificate of title and each corrected certificate and, if there are no liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, 21 as shown in the records of the department or as shown in the 22 application, shall deliver the certificate to the applicant or 23 24 to another person as directed by the applicant or person, 25 agent, or attorney submitting the application. If there are one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, 26 the certificate shall be delivered by the department to the 27 28 first lienholder as shown by department records or to the 29 owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder. If the notice of lien filed by the first 30

to the first lienholder, the department shall deliver to the first lienholder, along with the certificate, a form to be 2 3 subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder directs the 4 5 certificate of title to be delivered to the owner, then, upon 6 delivery of the certificate of title by the department to the 7 owner, the department shall deliver to the first lienholder 8 confirmation of the receipt of the notice of lien and the date the certificate of title was issued to the owner at the 9 owner's address shown on the notice of lien and a form to be 10 11 subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the application for certificate shows the name of a first 12 lienholder different from the name of the first lienholder as 13 shown by the records of the department, the certificate may 14 not be issued to any person until after all parties who appear 15 to hold a lien and the applicant for the certificate have been 16 17 notified of the conflict in writing by the department by certified mail. If the parties do not amicably resolve the 18 19 conflict within 10 days after the date the notice was mailed, the department shall serve notice in writing by certified mail 20 on all persons appearing to hold liens on that particular 21 vehicle, including the applicant for the certificate, to show 22 cause within 15 days following the date the notice is mailed 23 as to why it should not issue and deliver the certificate to 24 the person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the 25 lienholder whose name appears in the application as the first 26 27 lienholder without showing any lien or liens as outstanding 28 other than those appearing in the application or those that 29 have been filed subsequent to the filing of the application for the certificate. If, within the 15-day period, any person 30 other than the lienholder shown in the application or a party 31

filing a subsequent lien, in answer to the notice to show cause, appears in person or by a representative, or responds 2 3 in writing, and files a written statement under oath that his or her lien on that particular vehicle is still outstanding, 4 5 the department may not issue the certificate to anyone until 6 after the conflict has been settled by the lien claimants 7 involved or by a court of competent jurisdiction. If the 8 conflict is not settled amicably within 10 days after the 9 final date for filing an answer to the notice to show cause, the complaining party shall have 10 days in which to obtain a 10 11 ruling, or a stay order, from a court of competent jurisdiction. If a ruling or stay order is not issued and 12 served on the department within the 10-day period, it shall 13 issue the certificate showing no liens except those shown in 14 the application or thereafter filed to the original applicant 15 if there are no liens shown in the application and none are 16 17 thereafter filed, or to the person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the 18 19 application as the first lienholder if there are liens shown in the application or thereafter filed. A duplicate 20 certificate or corrected certificate shall show only the lien 21 or liens as shown in the application and any subsequently 22 filed liens that may be outstanding. 23 24 (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), the certificate of title shall be retained by the first lienholder 25 or the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the 26 27 first lienholder. If the first lienholder is in possession of the certificate, the first lienholder is entitled to retain 28 29 the certificate until the first lien is satisfied. (4) If the owner of the vehicle, as shown on the title 30 31 certificate, desires to place a second or subsequent lien or

encumbrance against the vehicle when the title certificate is in the possession of the first lienholder, the owner shall 2 3 send a written request to the first lienholder by certified 4 mail, and the first lienholder shall forward the certificate 5 to the department for endorsement. If the title certificate is 6 in the possession of the owner, the owner shall forward the 7 certificate to the department for endorsement. The department 8 shall return the certificate to either the first lienholder or to the owner, as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the 9 first lienholder, after endorsing the second or subsequent 10 lien on the certificate and on the duplicate. If the first 11 lienholder or owner fails, neglects, or refuses to forward the 12 certificate of title to the department within 10 days after 13 14 the date of the owner's request, the department, on the written request of the subsequent lienholder or an assignee of 15 the lien, shall demand of the first lienholder the return of 16 17 the certificate for the notation of the second or subsequent lien or encumbrance. 18 19 (5)(a) Upon satisfaction of any first lien or encumbrance recorded by the department, the owner of the 20 vehicle, as shown on the title certificate, or the person 21 satisfying the lien is entitled to demand and receive from the 22 lienholder a satisfaction of the lien. If the lienholder, upon 23 24 satisfaction of the lien and upon demand, fails or refuses to 25 furnish a satisfaction of the lien within 30 days after demand, he or she is liable for all costs, damages, and 26 27 expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, lawfully 28 incurred by the titled owner or person satisfying the lien in 29 any suit brought in this state for cancellation of the lien. The lienholder receiving final payment as defined in s. 30 31 674.215 shall mail or otherwise deliver a lien satisfaction

and the certificate of title indicating the satisfaction within 10 working days after receipt of final payment or notify the person satisfying the lien that the title is not available within 10 working days after receipt of final payment. If the lienholder is unable to provide the certificate of title and notifies the person of such, the lienholder shall provide a lien satisfaction and is responsible for the cost of a duplicate title, including expedited title charges as provided in s. 317.0016. This paragraph does not apply to electronic transactions under subsection (8).

(b) Following satisfaction of a lien, the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If the certificate of title was retained by the owner, the owner shall, within 5 days after satisfaction of the lien, deliver the certificate of title to the lienholder and the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If no subsequent liens are shown on the certificate of title, the certificate shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien or encumbrance and an executed satisfaction on a form provided by the department shall be forwarded to the department by the lienholder within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.

(c) If the certificate of title shows a subsequent lien not then being discharged, an executed satisfaction of the first lien shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien and the certificate of title showing satisfaction of the first lien shall be forwarded by the lienholder to the department within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.

1 (d) If, upon receipt of a title certificate showing satisfaction of the first lien, the department determines from 2 3 its records that there are no subsequent liens or encumbrances upon the vehicle, the department shall forward to the owner, 4 5 as shown on the face of the title, a corrected certificate 6 showing no liens or encumbrances. If there is a subsequent 7 lien not being discharged, the certificate of title shall be 8 reissued showing the second or subsequent lienholder as the first lienholder and shall be delivered to either the new 9 first lienholder or to the owner as indicated in the notice of 10 11 lien filed by the new first lienholder. If the certificate of title is to be retained by the first lienholder on the 12 reissued certificate, the first lienholder is entitled to 13 retain the certificate of title except as provided in 14 subsection (4) until his or her lien is satisfied. Upon 15 satisfaction of the lien, the lienholder is subject to the 16 17 procedures required of a first lienholder by subsection (4) 18 and this subsection. 19 When the original certificate of title cannot be returned to the department by the lienholder and evidence 20 21 satisfactory to the department is produced that all liens or 22 encumbrances have been satisfied, upon application by the owner for a duplicate copy of the certificate upon the form 23 24 prescribed by the department, accompanied by the fee prescribed in this chapter, a duplicate copy of the 25 certificate of title, without statement of liens or 26 27 encumbrances, shall be issued by the department and delivered 28 to the owner. Any person who fails, within 10 days after receipt 29 (7)30 of a demand by the department by certified mail, to return a

certificate of title to the department as required by

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subsection (4) or who, upon satisfaction of a lien, fails
    within 10 days after receipt of such demand to forward the
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    appropriate document to the department as required by
    paragraph (5)(b) or paragraph (5)(c) commits a misdemeanor of
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    the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
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    775.073.
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          (8) Notwithstanding any requirements in this section
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    or in s. 319.27 indicating that a lien on a vehicle shall be
    noted on the face of the Florida certificate of title, if
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    there are one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway
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    vehicle, the department may electronically transmit the lien
    to the first lienholder and notify the first lienholder of any
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    additional liens. Subsequent lien satisfactions may be
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    electronically transmitted to the department and must include
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    the name and address of the person or entity satisfying the
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    lien. When electronic transmission of liens and lien
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    satisfactions are used, the issuance of a certificate of title
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    may be waived until the last lien is satisfied and a clear
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    certificate of title is issued to the owner of the vehicle.
          (9) In sending any notice, the department is required
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    to use only the last known address, as shown by its records.
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           Section 3. Section 317.0015, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
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           317.0015 Application of Law.--Sections 319.235,
    319.241, 319.25, 319.27, 319.28, and 319.40 apply to all
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    off-highway vehicles that are required to be titled under this
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    chapter.
           Section 4. Section 317.0016, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
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           317.0016 Expedited service; applications; fees.--The
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   department shall establish a separate title office that may be
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used by private citizens to receive expedited service on title
    transfers, title issuances, duplicate titles, recordation of
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    liens, and certificates of repossession. A fee of $7 shall be
    charged for this service, which is in addition to the fees
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    imposed by ss. 317.0007 and 317.0008, and $3.50 of this fee
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    shall be retained by the processing agency. All remaining fees
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    shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the
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   Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and
    Consumer Services. Application for expedited service may be
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   made by mail or in person. The department shall issue each
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    title applied for pursuant to this section within 5 working
    days after receipt of the application except for an
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    application for a duplicate title certificate covered by s.
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    317.0008(3), in which case the title must be issued within 5
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    working days after compliance with the department's
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    verification requirements.
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           Section 5. Section 317.0017, Florida Statutes, is
    created to read:
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           317.0017 Offenses involving vehicle identification
    numbers, applications, certificates, papers; penalty .--
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          (1) A person may not:
          (a) Alter or forge any certificate of title to an
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    off-highway vehicle or any assignment thereof or any
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    cancellation of any lien on an off-highway vehicle.
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          (b) Retain or use such certificate, assignment, or
    cancellation knowing that it has been altered or forged.
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          (c) Procure or attempt to procure a certificate of
    title to an off-highway vehicle, or pass or attempt to pass a
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    certificate of title or any assignment thereof to an
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    off-highway vehicle, knowing or having reason to believe that
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    the off-highway vehicle has been stolen.
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- (d) Possess, sell or offer for sale, conceal, or dispose of in this state an off-highway vehicle, or major component part thereof, on which any motor number or vehicle identification number affixed by the manufacturer or by a state agency has been destroyed, removed, covered, altered, or defaced, with knowledge of such destruction, removal, covering, alteration, or defacement, except as provided in s. 319.30(4).
- (e) Use a false or fictitious name, give a false or fictitious address, or make any false statement in any application or affidavit required under this chapter or in a bill of sale or sworn statement of ownership or otherwise commit a fraud in any application.
- (2) A person may not knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of an invalid, duplicate, fictitious, forged, counterfeit, stolen, or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, registration, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle.
- (3) A person may not knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of a certificate of title to an off-highway vehicle, which certificate is required by law to be surrendered to the department.
- (4) A person may not knowingly and with intent to defraud have in his or her possession, sell, offer to sell, counterfeit, or supply a blank, forged, fictitious, counterfeit, stolen, or fraudulently or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle or conspire to do any of the foregoing.
- (5) A person, firm, or corporation may not knowingly possess, manufacture, sell or exchange, offer to sell or

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chapter, any person who:

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exchange, supply in blank, or give away any counterfeit
    manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates
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    or serial plates or any decal used for the purpose of
    identifying an off-highway vehicle. An officer, agent, or
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    employee of any person, firm, or corporation, or any person
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    may not authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away, or
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    conspire to authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away,
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    such counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned
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    identification number plates or serial plates or any decal.
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    However, this subsection does not apply to any approved
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    replacement manufacturer's or state-assigned identification
    number plates or serial plates or any decal issued by the
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    department or any state.
          (6) A person who violates any provision of this
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    section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
   provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Any
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    off-highway vehicle used in violation of this section
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    constitutes contraband that may be seized by a law enforcement
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    agency and that is subject to forfeiture proceedings pursuant
    to ss. 932.701-932.704. This section is not exclusive of any
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    other penalties prescribed by any existing or future laws for
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    the larceny or unauthorized taking of off-highway vehicles,
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    but is supplementary thereto.
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           Section 6. Section 317.0018, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
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           317.0018 Transfer without delivery of certificate;
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    operation or use without certificate; failure to surrender;
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(1) Purports to sell or transfer an off-highway

vehicle without delivering to the purchaser or transferee of

other violations. -- Except as otherwise provided in this

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the vehicle a certificate of title to the vehicle duly assigned to the purchaser as provided in this chapter;

- (2) Operates or uses in this state an off-highway vehicle for which a certificate of title is required without the certificate having been obtained in accordance with this chapter, or upon which the certificate of title has been canceled;
- (3) Fails to surrender a certificate of title upon cancellation of the certificate by the department and notice thereof as prescribed in this chapter;
- (4) Fails to surrender the certificate of title to the department as provided in this chapter in the case of the destruction, dismantling, or change of an off-highway vehicle in such respect that it is not the off-highway vehicle described in the certificate of title; or
- (5) Violates any other provision of this chapter or a lawful rule adopted pursuant to this chapter,

Shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both, for each offense.

Section 7. Subsection (6) of section 319.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 319.23 Application for, and issuance of, certificate of title.--
- (6) In the case of the sale of a motor vehicle or mobile home by a licensed dealer to a general purchaser, the certificate of title shall be obtained in the name of the purchaser by the dealer upon application signed by the purchaser, and in each other case such certificate shall be obtained by the purchaser. In each case of transfer of a 31 | motor vehicle or mobile home, the application for certificate

 of title, or corrected certificate, or assignment or reassignment, shall be filed within 30 days from the delivery of such motor vehicle or mobile home to the purchaser. An applicant shall be required to pay a fee of \$10, in addition to all other fees and penalties required by law, for failing to file such application within the specified time. When a licensed dealer acquires a motor vehicle or mobile home as a trade-in, the dealer must file with the department a notice of sale signed by the seller. The department shall update its database for that title record to indicate "sold". A licensed dealer need not apply for a certificate of title for any motor vehicle or mobile home in stock acquired for stock purposes except as provided in s. 319.225.

Section 8. Section 320.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.055 Registration periods; renewal periods.--The following registration periods and renewal periods are established:

(1) For a motor vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(1), (2), (3), (5)(b), (c), (d), or (f), (6)(a), (7), (8), (9), or (10) and owned by a natural person, the registration period begins the first day of the birth month of the owner and ends the last day of the month immediately preceding the owner's birth month in the succeeding year. If such vehicle is registered in the name of more than one person, the birth month of the person whose name first appears on the registration shall be used to determine the registration period. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 30-day period ending at midnight on the vehicle owner's date of birth.

- (2) For a vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(11), the registration period begins January 1 and ends December 31. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 31-day period prior to expiration.
- (3) For a vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(12), the registration period runs concurrently with the licensing period. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the first month of the licensing period.
- (4) For a vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(13), for vehicles subject to registration under s. 320.08(6)(a) that are short-term rental vehicles, and for any vehicle for which a registration period is not otherwise specified, the registration period begins June 1 and ends May 31. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 30-day period beginning June 1.
- under s. 320.08(4), (5)(a)1., (e), (6)(b), or (14), the registration period shall be a period of 12 months beginning in a month designated by the department and ending on the last day of the 12th month. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the last month of the registration period. The registration period may be shortened or extended at the discretion of the department, on receipt of the appropriate prorated fees, in order to evenly distribute such registrations on a monthly basis. For a vehicle subject to nonapportioned registration under s. 320.08(4), (5)(a)1., (6)(b), or (14), the registration period begins December 1 and ends November 30. The renewal period is the 31-day period beginning December 1.

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           (6) For those vehicles subject to registration under
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    s. 320.08(6)(a) which are not short-term rental vehicles, the
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    department shall develop and implement a registration renewal
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    system that, where practicable, evenly distributes the
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    registration renewal period throughout the year. For a
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    vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal
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   period is the first month of the assigned registration period.
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    Effective January 1, 2004, all original and transfer
    transactions of long-term leased motor vehicles must be
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    registered in the name of the lessee.
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           (7) For those vehicles subject to registration under
    s. 320.0657, the department shall implement a system that
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    distributes the registration renewal process throughout the
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   year.
           Section 9. Subsection (8) is added to section 320.131,
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    Florida Statutes, to read:
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           320.131 Temporary tags.--
              The department may administer an electronic system
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    for licensed motor vehicle dealers to use in issuing temporary
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    tags. Upon issuing a temporary tag, the dealer shall access
    the electronic system and enter the appropriate vehicle and
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    owner information within the timeframe specified by department
    rule. If a dealer fails to comply with the department's
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    requirements for issuing temporary tags using the electronic
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    system, the department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license
    issued under s. 320.27(9)(b)16. upon proof that the licensee
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   has failed to comply with this subsection.
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           Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section
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    320.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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           320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--
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           (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --
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- (b) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771 upon proof that a licensee has committed, with sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of wrongdoing on the part of a licensee, violations of one or more of the following activities:
- 1. Representation that a demonstrator is a new motor vehicle, or the attempt to sell or the sale of a demonstrator as a new motor vehicle without written notice to the purchaser that the vehicle is a demonstrator. For the purposes of this section, a "demonstrator," a "new motor vehicle," and a "used motor vehicle" shall be defined as under s. 320.60.
- 2. Unjustifiable refusal to comply with a licensee's responsibility under the terms of the new motor vehicle warranty issued by its respective manufacturer, distributor, or importer. However, if such refusal is at the direction of the manufacturer, distributor, or importer, such refusal shall not be a ground under this section.
- 3. Misrepresentation or false, deceptive, or misleading statements with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles which any motor vehicle dealer has, or causes to have, advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcast, televised, or made in any manner with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles.
- 4. Failure by any motor vehicle dealer to provide a customer or purchaser with an odometer disclosure statement and a copy of any bona fide written, executed sales contract or agreement of purchase connected with the purchase of the motor vehicle purchased by the customer or purchaser.

- 5. Failure of any motor vehicle dealer to comply with the terms of any bona fide written, executed agreement, pursuant to the sale of a motor vehicle.
- 6. Failure to apply for transfer of a title as prescribed in s. 319.23(6).
- 7. Use of the dealer license identification number by any person other than the licensed dealer or his or her designee.
- 8. Failure to continually meet the requirements of the licensure law.
- 9. Representation to a customer or any advertisement to the public representing or suggesting that a motor vehicle is a new motor vehicle if such vehicle lawfully cannot be titled in the name of the customer or other member of the public by the seller using a manufacturer's statement of origin as permitted in s. 319.23(1).
- 10. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that a customer or purchaser accept equipment on his or her motor vehicle which was not ordered by the customer or purchaser.
- 11. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that any customer or purchaser finance a motor vehicle with a specific financial institution or company.
- 12. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that the purchaser of a motor vehicle contract with the dealer for physical damage insurance.
- 13. Perpetration of a fraud upon any person as a result of dealing in motor vehicles, including, without limitation, the misrepresentation to any person by the licensee of the licensee's relationship to any manufacturer, importer, or distributor.

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- 14. Violation of any of the provisions of s. 319.35 by any motor vehicle dealer.
- Sale by a motor vehicle dealer of a vehicle 15. offered in trade by a customer prior to consummation of the sale, exchange, or transfer of a newly acquired vehicle to the customer, unless the customer provides written authorization for the sale of the trade-in vehicle prior to delivery of the newly acquired vehicle.
- 16. Willful failure to comply with any administrative rule adopted by the department or s. 320.131(8).
- 17. Violation of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss. 559.901-559.9221, which has to do with dealing in or repairing motor vehicles or mobile homes. Additionally, in the case of used motor vehicles, the willful violation of the federal law and rule in 15 U.S.C. s. 2304, 16 C.F.R. part 455, pertaining to the consumer sales window form.

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 322.051, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

322.051 Identification cards.--

- (1) Any person who is 12 years of age or older, or any person who has a disability, regardless of age, who applies for a disabled parking permit under s. 320.0848, may be issued an identification card by the department upon completion of an application and payment of an application fee.
- (a) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- Full name (first, middle or maiden, and last), gender, social security card number, county of residence and 31 mailing address, country of birth, and a brief description.

- 2. Proof of birth date satisfactory to the department.
- 3. Proof of identity satisfactory to the department. Such proof must include one of the following documents issued to the applicant:
- a. A driver's license record or identification card record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant to submit a document for identification which is substantially similar to a document required under sub-subparagraph b., sub-subparagraph c., sub-subparagraph d., sub-subparagraph e., or sub-subparagraph g.;
- b. A certified copy of a United States birth
 certificate;
 - c. A valid United States passport;
- d. A naturalization certificate issued by the United States Department of Justice;
 - e.d. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
- $\underline{\text{f.e.}}$ An employment authorization card issued by the United States Department of Justice; or
- g.f. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by the United States Department of Justice, for an original identification card. In order to prove such nonimmigrant classification, applicants may produce but are not limited to the following documents:
- (I) A notice of hearing from an immigration court scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
- (II) A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
- (III) Notice of the approval of an application for adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.

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30 31 of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service. (V) Notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to Florida, issued by the United

States Immigration and Naturalization Service.

(IV) Any official documentation confirming the filing

(VI) Order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States including, but not limited to asylum.

Presentation of any of the foregoing documents in sub-subparagraph f. or sub-subparagraph g. entitles shall entitle the applicant to an identification card a driver's license or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever first occurs.

(2)

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using a document authorized under sub-subparagraph(1)(a)3.e.(a)3.d., the identification card shall expire on the fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue or upon first renewal or duplicate issued after implementation of this section. After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using an identification document authorized under sub-subparagraph (1)(a)3.f. or

<u>sub-subparagraph (1)(a)3.g.</u> <u>sub-subparagraphs (a)3.e.-f.</u>, the identification card shall expire $\underline{2}$ 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs, and may not be renewed or obtain a duplicate except in person.

- (8) The department shall, upon receipt of the required fee, issue to each qualified applicant for an identification card a color photographic or digital image identification card bearing a fullface photograph or digital image of the identification cardholder. Notwithstanding chapter 761 or s. 761.05, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image of the identification cardholder shall not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the identification cardholder shall affix his or her usual signature, as required in s. 322.14, in the presence of an authorized agent of the department so as to ensure that such signature becomes a part of the identification card.
- Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 322.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 322.08 Application for license.--
- (2) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- (a) Full name (first, middle or maiden, and last), gender, social security card number, county of residence and mailing address, country of birth, and a brief description.
- (b) Proof of birth date satisfactory to the department.
- 29 (c) Proof of identity satisfactory to the department.
 30 Such proof must include one of the following documents issued
 31 to the applicant:

1	1. A driver's license record or identification card
2	record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant
3	to submit a document for identification which is substantially
4	similar to a document required under subparagraph 2.,
5	subparagraph 3., subparagraph 4., subparagraph 5., or
6	subparagraph 6., or subparagraph 7.;
7	2. A certified copy of a United States birth
8	certificate;
9	3. A valid United States passport;
10	4. A naturalization certificate issued by the United
11	States Department of Justice;
12	5.4. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
13	6.5. An employment authorization card issued by the
14	United States Department of Justice; or
15	7.6. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by
16	the United States Department of Justice, for an original
17	driver's license. In order to prove nonimmigrant
18	classification, an applicant may produce the following
19	documents, including, but not limited to:
20	a. A notice of hearing from an immigration court
21	scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
22	b. A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals
23	acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
24	c. A notice of the approval of an application for
25	adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration
26	and Naturalization Service.
27	d. Any official documentation confirming the filing of
28	a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the
29	United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
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e. A notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to this state issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.

f. An order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States, including, but not limited to, asylum.

Presentation of any of the documents in subparagraph 6. or subparagraph 7. entitles the applicant to a driver's license or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever occurs first.

- (d) Whether the applicant has previously been licensed to drive, and, if so, when and by what state, and whether any such license or driving privilege has ever been disqualified, revoked, or suspended, or whether an application has ever been refused, and, if so, the date of and reason for such disqualification, suspension, revocation, or refusal.
- (e) Each such application may include fingerprints and other unique biometric means of identity.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 322.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.12 Examination of applicants.--

(2) The department shall examine every applicant for a driver's license, including an applicant who is licensed in another state or country, except as otherwise provided in this chapter. A person who holds a learner's driver's license as provided for in s. 322.1615 is not required to pay a fee for successfully completing the examination showing his or her 31 ability to operate a motor vehicle as provided for herein and

need not pay the fee for a replacement license as provided in s. 322.17(2). Any person who applies for reinstatement following the suspension or revocation of his or her driver's license shall pay a service fee of \$25 following a suspension, and \$50 following a revocation, which is in addition to the fee for a license. Any person who applies for reinstatement of a commercial driver's license following the disqualification of his or her privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle shall pay a service fee of \$50, which is in addition to the fee for a license. The department shall collect all of these fees at the time of reinstatement. The department shall issue proper receipts for such fees and shall promptly transmit all funds received by it as follows:

(b) Of the \$50 fee received from a licensee for reinstatement following a revocation or disqualification, the department shall deposit \$35 in the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$15 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

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If the revocation or suspension of the driver's license was for a violation of s. 316.193, or for refusal to submit to a lawful breath, blood, or urine test, an additional fee of \$115 22 \$105 must be charged. However, only one such\$115\$105 fee is to be collected from one person convicted of such violations arising out of the same incident. The department shall collect the\$115\$105 fee and deposit\$105 it into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund and \$10 into the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles Law Enforcement Trust Fund. The department shall collect the fee at the time of reinstatement of the person's driver's license, but the fee must not be collected if the suspension or revocation was overturned.

1 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 322.142, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged licenses.--4 5 (1) The department shall, upon receipt of the required 6 fee, issue to each qualified applicant for a an original driver's license a color photographic or digital imaged 7 8 driver's license bearing a fullface photograph or digital 9 image of the licensee. Notwithstanding chapter 761 or s. 10 761.05, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital 11 image of the licensee shall not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the licensee shall affix his or her usual 12 13 signature, as required in s. 322.14, in the presence of an authorized agent of the department so as to ensure that such 14 signature becomes a part of the license. 15 Section 15. Subsection (3) of section 322.17, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 322.17 Duplicate and replacement certificates.--18 19 (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 20 chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a 21 driver's license using an identification document authorized 22 under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7.s. 322.08(2)(c)5.-6., the licensee may not obtain a duplicate or replacement instruction 23 24 permit or driver's license except in person and upon 25 submission of an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7 s. 322.08(2)(c)5.-6. 26 27 Section 16. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 322.18, 28 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 29 322.18 Original applications, licenses, and renewals; 30 expiration of licenses; delinquent licenses. --31

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- (2) Each applicant who is entitled to the issuance of a driver's license, as provided in this section, shall be issued a driver's license, as follows:
- (a) An applicant applying for an original issuance shall be issued a driver's license which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs on or after the sixth anniversary of the date of issue.
- (b) An applicant applying for a renewal issuance or renewal extension shall be issued a driver's license or renewal extension sticker which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 4 years after the month of expiration of the license being renewed, except that a driver whose driving record reflects no convictions for the preceding 3 years shall be issued a driver's license or renewal extension sticker which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 6 years after the month of expiration of the license being renewed.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)5.s. 322.08(2)(c)4., the driver's license shall expire in accordance with paragraph (b). After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized in s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7.s. 322.08(2)(c)5. or 6., the driver's license shall expire 2 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department 31 of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs.

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- (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all licenses shall be renewable every 4 years or 6 years, depending upon the terms of issuance and shall be issued or extended upon application, payment of the fees required by s. 322.21, and successful passage of any required examination, unless the department has reason to believe that the licensee is no longer qualified to receive a license.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)5.s. 322.08(2)(c)4., the license, upon an initial showing of such documentation, is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person, unless the renewal or duplication coincides with the periodic reexamination of a driver as required pursuant to s. 322.121.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7.s. 322.08(2)(c)5. or 6., the licensee may not renew the driver's license except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or $7 ext{ s. } 322.08(2)(c)4.-6$. A driver's license renewed under this paragraph expires 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs.

Section 17. Subsection (4) of section 322.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.19 Change of address or name. --

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 31 chapter, if a licensee established his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under <u>s. 322.08(2)(c)6.</u> or <u>7.s. 322.08(2)(c)5.-6.</u>, the licensee may not change his or her name or address except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under <u>s. 322.08(2)(c)6.</u> or <u>7 s. 322.08(2)(c)4.-6.</u>

Section 18. Paragraphs (c) and (f) of subsection (13) of section 713.78, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles and vessels.--

(13)

- (c)1. The registered owner of a vehicle, vessel, or mobile home may dispute a wrecker operator's lien, by notifying the department of the dispute in writing on forms provided by the department, if at least one of the following applies:
- a. The registered owner presents a notarized bill of sale proving that the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was sold in a private or casual sale before the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was recovered, towed, or stored.
- b. The registered owner presents proof that the Florida certificate of title of the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was sold to a licensed dealer as defined in s. 319.001 before the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was recovered, towed, or stored.
- c. The records of the department were marked sold prior to the issuance of the certificate of destruction authorized under subsection (11).

If the registered owner's dispute of a wrecker operator's lien complies with one of these criteria, the department shall immediately remove the registered owner's name from the list

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of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker. If the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home is owned jointly by more than one person, each registered owner must dispute the wrecker operator's lien in order to be removed from the list. However, the department shall deny any dispute and maintain the registered owner's name on the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8) if the wrecker operator has provided the department with a certified copy of the judgment of a court which orders the registered owner to pay the wrecker operator's lien claimed under this section. In such a case, the amount of the wrecker operator's lien allowed by paragraph (b) may be increased to include no more than \$500 of the reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred in obtaining the judgment. The department's action under this subparagraph is ministerial in nature, shall not be considered final agency action, and is appealable only to the county court for the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was ordered removed.

2. A person against whom a wrecker operator's lien has been imposed may alternatively obtain a discharge of the lien by filing a complaint, challenging the validity of the lien or the amount thereof, in the county court of the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was ordered removed. Upon filing of the complaint, the person may have her or his name removed from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker, upon posting with the court a

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30 31 cash or surety bond or other adequate security equal to the amount of the wrecker operator's lien to ensure the payment of such lien in the event she or he does not prevail. Upon the posting of the bond and the payment of the applicable fee set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate notifying the department of the posting of the bond and directing the department to release the wrecker operator's lien. Upon determining the respective rights of the parties, the court may award damages and costs in favor of the prevailing party.

If a person against whom a wrecker operator's lien has been imposed does not object to the lien, but cannot discharge the lien by payment because the wrecker operator has moved or gone out of business, the person may have her or his name removed from the list of those persons who may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle under s. 320.03(8), thereby allowing issuance of a license plate or revalidation sticker, upon posting with the clerk of court in the county in which the vehicle, vessel, or mobile home was ordered removed, a cash or surety bond or other adequate security equal to the amount of the wrecker operator's lien. Upon the posting of the bond and the payment of the application fee set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate notifying the department of the posting of the bond and directing the department to release the wrecker operator's lien. The department shall mail to the wrecker operator, at the address upon the lien form, notice that the wrecker operator must claim the security within 60 days, or the security will be released back to the person who posted it. At the conclusion of the 60 days, the department shall direct the clerk as to which party is

entitled to payment of the security, less applicable clerk's 2 fees. 3 A wrecker operator's lien expires 5 years after 4 filing. 5 (f) This subsection applies only to the annual renewal 6 in the registered owner's birth month of a motor vehicle 7 registration and does not apply to the transfer of a registration of a motor vehicle sold by a motor vehicle dealer 8 9 licensed under chapter 320, except for the transfer of 10 registrations which is inclusive of the annual renewals. This 11 subsection does not apply to any vehicle registered in the name of the lessor. This subsection does not affect the 12 13 issuance of the title to a motor vehicle, notwithstanding s. 14 319.23(7)(b). 15 Section 19. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 16 law. 17 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR 18 19 Senate Bill 1168 20 The CS amends s. 320.055, F.S., providing registration for long-term lease vehicles must be in the name of the lessee. The CS further clarifies under what circumstances a person is 21 22 issued a 2-year driver's license. 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31