1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to motor vehicles; amending s. 3 812.16, F.S.; including airbags and airbag 4 assemblies within the definition of the term 5 "major component part" for purposes of 6 provisions prohibiting the operation of a chop 7 shop and authorizing the seizure and forfeiture of parts and vehicles; amending s. 261.03, 8 9 F.S.; amending the definition of off-highway vehicle; adding a definition; amending s. 10 316.003, F.S.; providing a common wheelchair is 11 12 not a motor vehicle; amending s. 316.2074, F.S.; amending the definition of all-terrain 13 14 vehicle; amending s. 317.0003, F.S.; amending 15 the definition of off-highway vehicle; adding a definition; repealing s. 317.0008(2), F.S., 16 17 relating to the expedited issuance of duplicate certificates of title for off-highway vehicles; 18 19 creating s. 317.0014, F.S.; establishing procedures for the issuance of off-highway 20 21 vehicle titles; creating s. 317.0015, F.S.; providing for the applicability of certain 22 23 provisions of law to the titling of off-highway vehicles; creating s. 317.0016, F.S.; providing 24 for the expedited issuance of titles for 25 26 off-highway vehicles; creating s. 317.0017, F.S.; prohibiting specified actions relating to 27 the issuance of titles for off-highway 28 29 vehicles; providing a penalty; creating s. 30 317.0018, F.S.; prohibiting the transfer of an off-highway vehicle without delivery of a 31

certificate of title; prescribing other 1 2 violations; providing a penalty; amending s. 3 318.15, F.S.; providing for driver's license 4 reinstatement; providing disposition of fees; 5 amending s. 319.23, F.S.; providing that 6 licensed motor vehicle dealers must notify the 7 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of motor vehicles taken in trade; amending s. 8 9 319.30, F.S.; revising the definition of major component parts; amending s. 320.055, F.S.; 10 requiring leased vehicles to be registered in 11 12 the name of the lessee; amending s. 320.06, F.S.; providing the department may not change 13 14 the design of the registration license plate 15 without legislative approval; amending s. 320.07, F.S.; providing that certain service 16 17 members are not required to pay fines for an expired mobile home registration or motor 18 19 vehicle registration; amending s. 320.0706, F.S.; providing for display of license plate on 20 wreckers; amending s. 320.08053, F.S.; revising 21 requirements for establishing a specialty 22 23 license plate; providing procedures and timeframes; requiring submission of a sample 24 plate; requiring a financial analysis of 25 26 anticipated revenues and expenditures; 27 requiring submission of prepaid applications; providing for content of prepaid applications; 28 29 providing for legislative approval; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 30 Vehicles to issue plates within a specified 31

time period; authorizing the department to 1 2 retain prepayments to cover certain costs; 3 requiring refund of prepaid applications under 4 certain circumstances; providing for a minimum 5 number of prepaid applications; providing for 6 quarterly reports to the department; providing 7 procedures and requirements for collection of payments for prepaid applications; authorizing 8 9 the department to audit organizations collecting prepaid applications; amending s. 10 320.08056, F.S.; revising conditions and 11 12 procedures for discontinuance of specialty 13 license plates; deleting an exemption from the 14 provisions for discontinuance of specialty 15 license plates; amending s. 320.131, F.S.; providing for the creation of an electronic 16 17 temporary license plate system; amending s. 18 320.27, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 19 the suspension or revocation of a motor vehicle dealer license; amending s. 322.051, F.S.; 20 21 revising provisions relating to the application for an identification card; revising fees; 22 23 providing that the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image on an 24 identification card may not be waived under ch. 25 26 761, F.S.; amending s. 322.025, F.S.; 27 authorizing the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to offer a 28 29 once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to attend a basic driver improvement course for drivers who 30 meet certain criteria; providing that the 31

department shall deduct points from a driver's 1 2 record upon proof of completion of the basic 3 driver improvement course; providing that the 4 department shall annotate the driver's record 5 that the improvement course had been accepted 6 and used; amending s. 318.1451, F.S.; 7 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 322.08, F.S.; revising the 8 9 list of documents accepted for proof of identity of applicant for a driver's license; 10 providing for a voluntary contribution to be 11 12 made when applying for a driver's license; providing for distribution of monies collected 13 14 from contributions; amending s. 322.12, F.S.; 15 revising provisions relating to the subsequent testing of driving knowledge and skills; 16 17 amending s. 322.142, F.S.; providing that the 18 requirement for a fullface photograph or 19 digital image on a driver's license may not be waived under ch. 761, F.S.; amending s. 322.17, 20 21 F.S.; revising provisions relating to the application for a replacement or duplicate 22 23 driver's license; amending s. 322.18, F.S.; revising the expiration period for driver's 24 licenses issued to specified persons; amending 25 26 s. 322.19, F.S.; revising requirements relating to name and address changes for driver's 27 28 licenses; amending s. 322.21, F.S.; providing 29 driver's license reinstatement fees; providing for fee distribution; amending s. 322.212, 30 F.S.; revising provisions for enforcement of 31

specified violations by the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco; amending s. 322.251, F.S.; providing a conforming change; amending s. 322.29, F.S.; providing driver's license reinstatement fees; providing for fee distribution; reenacting s. 318.121, F.S., relating to preemption of additional fees, fines, surcharges, and costs to incorporated amendment to s. 318.18(11), F.S., in reference thereto; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 812.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

812.16 Operating chop shops; definitions; penalties; restitution; forfeiture.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Major component part" means one of the following subassemblies of a motor vehicle, regardless of its actual market value: front-end assembly, including fenders, grills, hood, bumper, and related parts; any airbag and airbag assemblies; frame and frame assembly; engine; transmission; T-tops; rear clip assembly, including quarter panels and floor panel assembly; doors; and tires, tire wheels, and continuous treads and other devices.

Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 261.03, Florida Statutes, is amended and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:

261.03 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

(6) "Off-highway vehicle" means any ATV, two-rider

ATV, or OHM that is used off the roads or highways of this state for recreational purposes and that is not registered and licensed for highway use under chapter 320.

(11) "Two-rider ATV" means any ATV that is specifically designed by the manufacturer for a single operator and one passenger.

Section 3. Subsection (21) of section 316.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.003 Definitions.--The following words and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where the context otherwise requires:

(21) MOTOR VEHICLE.--Any self-propelled vehicle not operated upon rails or guideway, but not including any bicycle, motorized scooter, electric personal assistive mobility device, or moped, or common wheelchair as defined in 49 C.F.R. Part 37.3.

Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 316.2074, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.2074 All-terrain vehicles.--

(2) As used in this section, the term "all-terrain vehicle" means any motorized off-highway vehicle 50 inches or less in width, having a dry weight of 900 pounds or less, designed to travel on three or more low-pressure tires, having a seat designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control, and intended for use by a single operator with no passenger. For the purposes of this section, "all-terrain vehicle" also includes any "two-rider ATV" as defined in s. 317.0003.

Section 5. Subsection (6) of section 317.0003, Florida Statutes, is amended and subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

317.0003 Definitions.--As used in ss. 317.0001-317.0013, the term:

- (6) "Off-highway vehicle" means any ATV, two-rider

 ATV, or OHM that is used off the roads or highways of this
 state for recreational purposes and that is not registered and
 licensed for highway use pursuant to chapter 320.
- (9) "Two-rider ATV" means any ATV that is specifically designed by the manufacturer for a single operator and one passenger.
- Section 6. <u>Subsection (2) of section 317.0008, Florida</u> Statutes, is repealed.
- Section 7. Section 317.0014, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 317.0014 Certificate of title; issuance in duplicate; delivery; liens and encumbrances.--
- (1) The department shall assign a number to each certificate of title and shall issue each certificate of title and each corrected certificate in duplicate. The database record shall serve as the duplicate title certificate required in this section. One printed copy may be retained on file by the department.
- (2) A duly authorized person shall sign the original certificate of title and each corrected certificate and, if there are no liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, as shown in the records of the department or as shown in the application, shall deliver the certificate to the applicant or to another person as directed by the applicant or person, agent, or attorney submitting the application. If there are

one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, 2 the certificate shall be delivered by the department to the 3 first lienholder as shown by department records or to the 4 owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first 5 lienholder. If the notice of lien filed by the first 6 lienholder indicates that the certificate should be delivered 7 to the first lienholder, the department shall deliver to the 8 first lienholder, along with the certificate, a form to be 9 subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder directs the 10 certificate of title to be delivered to the owner, then, upon 11 12 delivery of the certificate of title by the department to the 13 owner, the department shall deliver to the first lienholder 14 confirmation of the receipt of the notice of lien and the date 15 the certificate of title was issued to the owner at the owner's address shown on the notice of lien and a form to be 16 17 subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the application for certificate shows the name of a first 18 19 lienholder different from the name of the first lienholder as 20 shown by the records of the department, the certificate may not be issued to any person until after all parties who appear 21 to hold a lien and the applicant for the certificate have been 22 23 notified of the conflict in writing by the department by certified mail. If the parties do not amicably resolve the 24 conflict within 10 days after the date the notice was mailed, 25 26 the department shall serve notice in writing by certified mail 27 on all persons appearing to hold liens on that particular vehicle, including the applicant for the certificate, to show 28 29 cause within 15 days following the date the notice is mailed as to why it should not issue and deliver the certificate to 30 31 the person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the

lienholder whose name appears in the application as the first lienholder without showing any lien or liens as outstanding 2 3 other than those appearing in the application or those that 4 have been filed subsequent to the filing of the application for the certificate. If, within the 15-day period, any person 5 6 other than the lienholder shown in the application or a party 7 filing a subsequent lien, in answer to the notice to show 8 cause, appears in person or by a representative, or responds 9 in writing, and files a written statement under oath that his or her lien on that particular vehicle is still outstanding, 10 the department may not issue the certificate to anyone until 11 12 after the conflict has been settled by the lien claimants 13 involved or by a court of competent jurisdiction. If the 14 conflict is not settled amicably within 10 days after the 15 final date for filing an answer to the notice to show cause, the complaining party shall have 10 days in which to obtain a 16 17 ruling, or a stay order, from a court of competent jurisdiction. If a ruling or stay order is not issued and 18 19 served on the department within the 10-day period, it shall 20 issue the certificate showing no liens except those shown in 21 the application or thereafter filed to the original applicant if there are no liens shown in the application and none are 22 23 thereafter filed, or to the person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the 24 25 application as the first lienholder if there are liens shown 26 in the application or thereafter filed. A duplicate 27 certificate or corrected certificate shall show only the lien 28 or liens as shown in the application and any subsequently 29 filed liens that may be outstanding. 30 (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), the certificate of title shall be retained by the first lienholder 31

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or the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder. If the first lienholder is in possession of the certificate, the first lienholder is entitled to retain the certificate until the first lien is satisfied.

If the owner of the vehicle, as shown on the title certificate, desires to place a second or subsequent lien or encumbrance against the vehicle when the title certificate is in the possession of the first lienholder, the owner shall send a written request to the first lienholder by certified mail, and the first lienholder shall forward the certificate to the department for endorsement. If the title certificate is in the possession of the owner, the owner shall forward the certificate to the department for endorsement. The department shall return the certificate to either the first lienholder or to the owner, as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder, after endorsing the second or subsequent lien on the certificate and on the duplicate. If the first lienholder or owner fails, neglects, or refuses to forward the certificate of title to the department within 10 days after the date of the owner's request, the department, on the written request of the subsequent lienholder or an assignee of the lien, shall demand of the first lienholder the return of the certificate for the notation of the second or subsequent lien or encumbrance.

(5)(a) Upon satisfaction of any first lien or encumbrance recorded by the department, the owner of the vehicle, as shown on the title certificate, or the person satisfying the lien is entitled to demand and receive from the lienholder a satisfaction of the lien. If the lienholder, upon satisfaction of the lien and upon demand, fails or refuses to furnish a satisfaction of the lien within 30 days after

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demand, he or she is liable for all costs, damages, and 1 2 expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, lawfully 3 incurred by the titled owner or person satisfying the lien in 4 any suit brought in this state for cancellation of the lien. 5 The lienholder receiving final payment as defined in s. 6 674.215 shall mail or otherwise deliver a lien satisfaction 7 and the certificate of title indicating the satisfaction 8 within 10 working days after receipt of final payment or 9 notify the person satisfying the lien that the title is not available within 10 working days after receipt of final 10 payment. If the lienholder is unable to provide the 11 12 certificate of title and notifies the person of such, the 13 lienholder shall provide a lien satisfaction and is 14 responsible for the cost of a duplicate title, including 15 expedited title charges as provided in s. 317.0016. This paragraph does not apply to electronic transactions under 16 17 subsection (8).

(b) Following satisfaction of a lien, the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If the certificate of title was retained by the owner, the owner shall, within 5 days after satisfaction of the lien, deliver the certificate of title to the lienholder and the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If no subsequent liens are shown on the certificate of title, the certificate shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien or encumbrance and an executed satisfaction on a form provided by the department shall be forwarded to the department by the lienholder within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.

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(c) If the certificate of title shows a subsequent lien not then being discharged, an executed satisfaction of the first lien shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien and the certificate of title showing satisfaction of the first lien shall be forwarded by the lienholder to the department within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.

(d) If, upon receipt of a title certificate showing satisfaction of the first lien, the department determines from its records that there are no subsequent liens or encumbrances upon the vehicle, the department shall forward to the owner, as shown on the face of the title, a corrected certificate showing no liens or encumbrances. If there is a subsequent lien not being discharged, the certificate of title shall be reissued showing the second or subsequent lienholder as the first lienholder and shall be delivered to either the new first lienholder or to the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the new first lienholder. If the certificate of title is to be retained by the first lienholder on the reissued certificate, the first lienholder is entitled to retain the certificate of title except as provided in subsection (4) until his or her lien is satisfied. Upon satisfaction of the lien, the lienholder is subject to the procedures required of a first lienholder by subsection (4) and this subsection.

(6) When the original certificate of title cannot be returned to the department by the lienholder and evidence satisfactory to the department is produced that all liens or encumbrances have been satisfied, upon application by the owner for a duplicate copy of the certificate upon the form prescribed by the department, accompanied by the fee

prescribed in this chapter, a duplicate copy of the certificate of title, without statement of liens or encumbrances, shall be issued by the department and delivered to the owner.

- (7) Any person who fails, within 10 days after receipt of a demand by the department by certified mail, to return a certificate of title to the department as required by subsection (4) or who, upon satisfaction of a lien, fails within 10 days after receipt of such demand to forward the appropriate document to the department as required by paragraph (5)(b) or paragraph (5)(c) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.073.
- (8) Notwithstanding any requirements in this section or in s. 319.27 indicating that a lien on a vehicle shall be noted on the face of the Florida certificate of title, if there are one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, the department may electronically transmit the lien to the first lienholder and notify the first lienholder of any additional liens. Subsequent lien satisfactions may be electronically transmitted to the department and must include the name and address of the person or entity satisfying the lien. When electronic transmission of liens and lien satisfactions are used, the issuance of a certificate of title may be waived until the last lien is satisfied and a clear certificate of title is issued to the owner of the vehicle.
- (9) In sending any notice, the department is required to use only the last known address, as shown by its records.

 Section 8. Section 317.0015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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317.0015 Application of Law.--Sections 319.235,
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   319.241, 319.25, 319.27, 319.28, and 319.40 apply to all
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   off-highway vehicles that are required to be titled under this
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   chapter.
           Section 9. Section 317.0016, Florida Statutes, is
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   created to read:
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           317.0016 Expedited service; applications; fees.--The
   department shall provide, through its agents and for use by
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   the public, expedited service on title transfers, title
   issuances, duplicate titles, recordation of liens, and
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   certificates of repossession. A fee of $7 shall be charged for
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   this service, which is in addition to the fees imposed by ss.
   317.0007 and 317.0008, and $3.50 of this fee shall be retained
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   by the processing agency. All remaining fees shall be
   deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the Division of
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   Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
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   Services. Application for expedited service may be made by
   mail or in person. The department shall issue each title
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   applied for pursuant to this section within 5 working days
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   after receipt of the application except for an application for
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   a duplicate title certificate covered by s. 317.0008(3), in
   which case the title must be issued within 5 working days
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   after compliance with the department's verification
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   requirements.
          Section 10. Section 317.0017, Florida Statutes, is
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   created to read:
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           317.0017 Offenses involving vehicle identification
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   numbers, applications, certificates, papers; penalty.--
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          (1) A person may not:
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- (a) Alter or forge any certificate of title to an off-highway vehicle or any assignment thereof or any cancellation of any lien on an off-highway vehicle.
- (b) Retain or use such certificate, assignment, or cancellation knowing that it has been altered or forged.
- (c) Procure or attempt to procure a certificate of title to an off-highway vehicle, or pass or attempt to pass a certificate of title or any assignment thereof to an off-highway vehicle, knowing or having reason to believe that the off-highway vehicle has been stolen.
- (d) Possess, sell or offer for sale, conceal, or dispose of in this state an off-highway vehicle, or major component part thereof, on which any motor number or vehicle identification number affixed by the manufacturer or by a state agency has been destroyed, removed, covered, altered, or defaced, with knowledge of such destruction, removal, covering, alteration, or defacement, except as provided in s. 319.30(4).
- (e) Use a false or fictitious name, give a false or fictitious address, or make any false statement in any application or affidavit required under this chapter or in a bill of sale or sworn statement of ownership or otherwise commit a fraud in any application.
- (2) A person may not knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of an invalid, duplicate, fictitious, forged, counterfeit, stolen, or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, registration, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle.
- (3) A person may not knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of a certificate of title to an

off-highway vehicle, which certificate is required by law to be surrendered to the department.

- (4) A person may not knowingly and with intent to defraud have in his or her possession, sell, offer to sell, counterfeit, or supply a blank, forged, fictitious, counterfeit, stolen, or fraudulently or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle or conspire to do any of the foregoing.
- (5) A person, firm, or corporation may not knowingly possess, manufacture, sell or exchange, offer to sell or exchange, supply in blank, or give away any counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates or serial plates or any decal used for the purpose of identifying an off-highway vehicle. An officer, agent, or employee of any person, firm, or corporation, or any person may not authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away, or conspire to authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away, such counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates or serial plates or any decal. However, this subsection does not apply to any approved replacement manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates or serial plates or any decal issued by the department or any state.
- (6) A person who violates any provision of this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Any off-highway vehicle used in violation of this section constitutes contraband that may be seized by a law enforcement agency and that is subject to forfeiture proceedings pursuant to ss. 932.701-932.704. This section is not exclusive of any

other penalties prescribed by any existing or future laws for the larceny or unauthorized taking of off-highway vehicles, but is supplementary thereto.

Section 11. Section 317.0018, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

317.0018 Transfer without delivery of certificate; operation or use without certificate; failure to surrender; other violations.--Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who:

- (1) Purports to sell or transfer an off-highway vehicle without delivering to the purchaser or transferee of the vehicle a certificate of title to the vehicle duly assigned to the purchaser as provided in this chapter;
- (2) Operates or uses in this state an off-highway vehicle for which a certificate of title is required without the certificate having been obtained in accordance with this chapter, or upon which the certificate of title has been canceled;
- (3) Fails to surrender a certificate of title upon cancellation of the certificate by the department and notice thereof as prescribed in this chapter;
- (4) Fails to surrender the certificate of title to the department as provided in this chapter in the case of the destruction, dismantling, or change of an off-highway vehicle in such respect that it is not the off-highway vehicle described in the certificate of title; or
- (5) Violates any other provision of this chapter or a lawful rule adopted pursuant to this chapter,

shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both, for each offense.

Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 318.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.15 Failure to comply with civil penalty or to appear; penalty.--

(2) After suspension of the driver's license and privilege to drive of a person under subsection (1), the license and privilege may not be reinstated until the person complies with all obligations and penalties imposed on him or her under s. 318.18 and presents to a driver license office a certificate of compliance issued by the court, together with the \$35\$\$\frac{*25}{25}\$ nonrefundable service fee imposed under s. 322.29, or presents the certificate of compliance and pays the aforementioned \$35\$\$\frac{*25}{25}\$ service fee to the clerk of the court or tax collector clearing such suspension, with \$10 of the fee collected by the clerk of the court or tax collector to be remitted to the Department of Revenue to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Such person shall also be in compliance with requirements of chapter 322 prior to reinstatement.

Section 13. Subsection (6) of section 319.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

319.23 Application for, and issuance of, certificate of title.--

(6) In the case of the sale of a motor vehicle or mobile home by a licensed dealer to a general purchaser, the certificate of title shall be obtained in the name of the purchaser by the dealer upon application signed by the purchaser, and in each other case such certificate shall be obtained by the purchaser. In each case of transfer of a motor vehicle or mobile home, the application for certificate of title, or corrected certificate, or assignment or

reassignment, shall be filed within 30 days from the delivery of such motor vehicle or mobile home to the purchaser. An applicant shall be required to pay a fee of \$10, in addition to all other fees and penalties required by law, for failing to file such application within the specified time. When a licensed dealer acquires a motor vehicle or mobile home as a trade-in, the dealer must file with the department a notice of sale signed by the seller. The department shall update its database for that title record to indicate "sold." A licensed dealer need not apply for a certificate of title for any motor vehicle or mobile home in stock acquired for stock purposes except as provided in s. 319.225.

Section 14. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 319.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

319.30 Definitions; dismantling, destruction, change of identity of motor vehicle or mobile home; salvage.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (e) "Major component parts" means:
- 1. For motor vehicles other than motorcycles, the front-end assembly (fenders, hood, grill, and bumper), cowl assembly, rear body section (both quarter panels, trunk lid, door, decklid, and bumper), floor pan, door assemblies, engine, frame, transmission, chassis connected to a frame, and airbag.
- 2. For trucks, in addition to those parts listed in subparagraph 1., any truck bed, including dump, wrecker, crane, mixer, cargo box, or any bed which mounts to a truck frame.
- 3. For motorcycles, the body assembly, frame, fenders, gas tanks, engine, cylinder block, heads, engine case, crank

case, transmission, drive train, front fork assembly, and wheels.

4. For mobile homes, the frame.

Section 15. Section 320.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.055 Registration periods; renewal periods.--The following registration periods and renewal periods are established:

- (1) For a motor vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(1), (2), (3), (5)(b), (c), (d), or (f), (6)(a), (7), (8), (9), or (10) and owned by a natural person, the registration period begins the first day of the birth month of the owner and ends the last day of the month immediately preceding the owner's birth month in the succeeding year. If such vehicle is registered in the name of more than one person, the birth month of the person whose name first appears on the registration shall be used to determine the registration period. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 30-day period ending at midnight on the vehicle owner's date of birth.
- (2) For a vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(11), the registration period begins January 1 and ends December 31. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 31-day period prior to expiration.
- (3) For a vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(12), the registration period runs concurrently with the licensing period. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the first month of the licensing period.

- (4) For a vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(13), for vehicles subject to registration under s. 320.08(6)(a) that are short-term rental vehicles, and for any vehicle for which a registration period is not otherwise specified, the registration period begins June 1 and ends May 31. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 30-day period beginning June 1.
- (5) For a vehicle subject to apportioned registration under s. 320.08(4), (5)(a)1., (e), (6)(b), or (14), the registration period shall be a period of 12 months beginning in a month designated by the department and ending on the last day of the 12th month. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the last month of the registration period. The registration period may be shortened or extended at the discretion of the department, on receipt of the appropriate prorated fees, in order to evenly distribute such registrations on a monthly basis. For a vehicle subject to nonapportioned registration under s. 320.08(4), (5)(a)1., (6)(b), or (14), the registration period begins December 1 and ends November 30. The renewal period is the 31-day period beginning December 1.
- (6) For those vehicles subject to registration under s. 320.08(6)(a) which are not short-term rental vehicles, the department shall develop and implement a registration renewal system that, where practicable, evenly distributes the registration renewal period throughout the year. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the first month of the assigned registration period. Effective January 1, 2004, all original and transfer transactions of long-term leased motor vehicles under chapter 320 must be registered in the name of the lessee.

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1 (7) For those vehicles subject to registration under 2 s. 320.0657, the department shall implement a system that 3 distributes the registration renewal process throughout the 4 year. 5 Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section

Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 320.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.06 Registration certificates, license plates, and validation stickers generally.--

(3)(a) Registration license plates shall be of metal specially treated with a retroreflective material, as specified by the department. The registration license plate is designed to increase nighttime visibility and legibility and shall be at least 6 inches wide and not less than 12 inches in length, unless a plate with reduced dimensions is deemed necessary by the department to accommodate motorcycles, mopeds, or similar smaller vehicles. Validation stickers shall be treated with a retroreflective material, shall be of such size as specified by the department, and shall adhere to the license plate. The registration license plate shall be imprinted with a combination of bold letters and numerals or numerals, not to exceed seven digits, to identify the registration license plate number. The license plate shall also be imprinted with the word "Florida" at the top and the name of the county in which it is sold at the bottom, except that apportioned license plates shall have the word "Apportioned" at the bottom and license plates issued for vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(3)(d), (4)(m) or (n), (5)(b) or (c), or (14) shall have the word "Restricted" at the bottom. License plates issued for vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(12) must be imprinted with the word "Florida" at the top and the word "Dealer" at the bottom. Manufacturer license plates

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issued for vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(12) must be imprinted with the word "Florida" at the top and the word "Manufacturer" at the bottom. License plates issued for vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(5)(d) or (e) must be imprinted with the word "Wrecker" at the bottom. Any county may, upon majority vote of the county commission, elect to have the county name removed from the license plates sold in that county. The words "Sunshine State" shall be printed in lieu thereof. In those counties where the county commission has not removed the county name from the license plate, the tax collector may, in addition to issuing license plates with the county name printed on the license plate, also issue license plates with the words "Sunshine State" printed on the license plate subject to the approval of the department and a legislative appropriation for the additional license plates. A license plate issued for a vehicle taxed under s. 320.08(6) may not be assigned a registration license number, or be issued with any other distinctive character or designation, that distinguishes the motor vehicle as a for-hire motor vehicle. The department may not change the design of the registration license plate without prior legislative approval.

Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 320.07, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsection (5) of that section is redesignated as subsection (7), and new subsections (5) and (6) are added to that section, to read:

320.07 Expiration of registration; annual renewal required; penalties.--

(3) The operation of any motor vehicle without having attached thereto a registration license plate and validation stickers, or the use of any mobile home without having attached thereto a mobile home sticker, for the current

registration period shall subject the owner thereof, if he or she is present, or, if the owner is not present, the operator thereof to the following penalty provisions:

- (a) Any person whose motor vehicle or mobile home registration has been expired for a period of 6 months or less commits a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- (b) Any person whose motor vehicle or mobile home registration has been expired for more than 6 months shall upon a first offense be subject to the penalty provided in s. 318.14.
- (c) Any person whose motor vehicle or mobile home registration has been expired for more than 6 months shall upon a second or subsequent offense be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (d) However, no operator shall be charged with a violation of this subsection if the operator can show, pursuant to a valid lease agreement, that the vehicle had been leased for a period of 30 days or less at the time of the offense.
- (e) Any service member, as defined in subsection (6), whose mobile home registration has expired while serving on active duty shall not be charged with a violation of this subsection if, at the time of the offense, the service member was serving on federal or state active duty more than 35 miles from the service member's home of record prior to entering active duty. To have the charges waived, the service member must present to the department either a copy of the official military orders or a written verification signed by the service member's commanding officer.

- (5) Any service member, as defined in subsection (6), whose motor vehicle or mobile home registration has expired while serving on active duty shall be able to renew his or her registration upon return from active duty without penalty, if the service members served on federal or state active duty more than 35 miles from the service member's home of record prior to entering active duty. To have the delinquent fees waived, the service member must provide to the department either a copy of the official military orders or a written verification signed by the service member's commanding officer.
- (6) As used in this section, the term "service member"

 means any person serving as a member of the United States

 Armed Forces on active duty or state active duty and all

 members of the Florida National Guard and the United States

 Reserve Forces.

Section 18. Section 320.0706, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.0706 Display of license plates on trucks.--The owner of any commercial truck of gross vehicle weight of 26,001 pounds or more shall display the registration license plate on both the front and rear of the truck in conformance with all the requirements of s. 316.605 that do not conflict with this section. However, the owner of a truck tractor shall be required to display the registration license plate only on the front of such vehicle. Wreckers shall be required to display the registration license plate only on the front of such vehicle.

Section 19. Section 320.08053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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320.08053 Requirements for requests to establish specialty license plates .--

- (1) An organization that seeks authorization to establish a new specialty license plate for which an annual use fee is to be charged must submit to the department:
- (a) A request for the particular specialty license plate being sought, describing the proposed specialty license plate in specific general terms, including a sample plate as it will appear in final form and conforming to the specifications set by the department and this chapter.
- (b) A financial analysis outlining the anticipated revenues and the planned expenditures of the revenues to be derived from the sale of the requested specialty license plate The results of a scientific sample survey of Florida motor vehicle owners that indicates at least 15,000 motor vehicle owners intend to purchase the proposed specialty license plate at the increased cost. The sample survey of registered motor vehicle owners must be performed independently of the requesting organization by an organization that conducts similar sample surveys as a normal course of business. Prior to conducting a sample survey for the purposes of this section, a requesting organization must obtain a determination from the department that the organization selected to conduct the survey performs similar surveys as a normal course of business and is independent of the requesting organization.
- (c) An application fee, not to exceed \$60,000, to defray the department's cost for reviewing the application and developing the specialty license plate, if authorized. State funds may not be used to pay the application fee, except for collegiate specialty license plates authorized in s. 320.08058(3) and (13). The specialty license plate application

provisions of this act shall not apply to any organization which has requested and received the required forms for obtaining a specialty license plate authorization from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, has opened a bank account for the funds collected for the specialty license tag and has made deposits to such an account, and has obtained signatures toward completing the requirements for the specialty license tag. All applications requested on or after the effective date of this act must meet the requirements of this act.

(d) A marketing strategy outlining short-term and long-term marketing plans for the requested specialty license plate and a financial analysis outlining the anticipated revenues and the planned expenditures of the revenues to be derived from the sale of the requested specialty license plates.

The information required under this subsection must be submitted to the department at least 90 days before the convening of the next regular session of the Legislature.

- 21 (2) From the date the request for the specialty
 22 license plate is acknowledged in writing by the department,
 23 the organization seeking to establish the new plate shall have
 24 24 months to submit to the department no less than 8,000
 25 prepaid applications for the particular plate being proposed
 26 along with any necessary fees. Applications submitted to the
 27 department must:
 - (a) Include the applicant's name, address, and the current Florida license plate number that is to be replaced by the proposed specialty license plate.

- (b) Be forwarded to the department, collectively, in electronic format as determined by the department.
- (c) Be accompanied by all prepayments for the proposed specialty license plate collected by the organization.
- (3) Upon compliance with subsection (2), the organization requesting the specialty license plate may seek legislative approval of the plate. From the date of enactment of the specialty license plate by the Legislature, the department shall begin issuing the approved plates within 1 year to all prepaid applicants and provide additional plates for purchase. Upon enactment of the specialty license plate, the department is authorized to retain prepayment amounts sufficient to cover the costs incurred developing the plate; however, the department may not retain an amount greater than \$60,000. If the proposed specialty license plate is not enacted by the Legislature, the department shall return to the organization all applications and prepayments submitted by the organization, and the organization shall immediately refund to all applicants any payments that have been collected.
- (4) If, after 24 months, the organization seeking to establish the new specialty license plate has not obtained at least 8,000 prepaid applications, the organization shall immediately refund to all applicants any fees or deposits that have been collected.
- the organization's request to establish a new specialty license plate, the organization requesting the plate shall file quarterly financial reports to the department detailing all collections made in conjunction with the proposed plate. The department shall determine the form and content of the reports. All payments collected must be deposited in a

separate account maintained by the organization solely for receipt of prepaid application fees and shall not be commingled with other funds of the organization. The department is authorized to conduct any audits necessary to verify the accuracy of the quarterly reports If the specialty license plate requested by the organization is approved by law, the organization must submit the proposed art design for the specialty license plate to the department as soon as practicable, but no later than 60 days after the act approving the specialty license plate becomes a law. If the specialty license plate requested by the organization is not approved by the Legislature, the application fee shall be refunded to the requesting organization.

Section 20. Subsection (8) of section 320.08056, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.08056 Specialty license plates.--

(8)(a) The department must discontinue the issuance of an approved specialty license plate if, after the second year of sales, the number of currently outstanding and valid specialty license plates for any particular organization provided for in this chapter is less than 8,000. The department shall notify the organization that if the number is less than 8,000 one year after the date of the notification, the department will no longer issue or replace those specialty license plates.÷

1. Less than 8,000 plates, including annual renewals, are issued for that specialty license plate by the end of the 5th year of sales.

2. Less than 8,000 plates, including annual renewals, are issued for that specialty license plate during any subsequent 5-year period.

The department is authorized to discontinue the 1 2 issuance of a specialty license plate and distribution of 3 associated annual use fee proceeds if the organization no 4 longer exists, if the organization has stopped providing 5 services that are authorized to be funded from the annual use fee proceeds, or pursuant to an organizational recipient's 6 7 request. Organizations are required to notify the department 8 immediately to stop all warrants for plate sales if any of the 9 conditions in this section exist, and must meet the requirements of s. 320.08062 for any period of operation 10 during a fiscal year. 11 12 (c) The requirements of paragraph (a) shall not apply 13 to collegiate specialty license plates authorized in s. 14 320.08058(3), (13), (21), and (26). Section 21. Subsection (8) is added to section 15 16 320.131, Florida Statutes, to read: 17 320.131 Temporary tags.--18 The department may administer an electronic system 19 for licensed motor vehicle dealers to use in issuing temporary 20 tags. Upon issuing a temporary tag, the dealer shall access the electronic system and enter the appropriate vehicle and 21 22 owner information within the timeframe specified by department rule. If a dealer fails to comply with the department's 23 24 requirements for issuing temporary tags using the electronic system, the department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license 25 26 issued under s. 320.27(9)(b)16. upon proof that the licensee 27 has failed to comply with this subsection. 28 Section 22. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 29 320.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--30 (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --31 30

- (b) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771 upon proof that a licensee has committed, with sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of wrongdoing on the part of a licensee, violations of one or more of the following activities:
- 1. Representation that a demonstrator is a new motor vehicle, or the attempt to sell or the sale of a demonstrator as a new motor vehicle without written notice to the purchaser that the vehicle is a demonstrator. For the purposes of this section, a "demonstrator," a "new motor vehicle," and a "used motor vehicle" shall be defined as under s. 320.60.
- 2. Unjustifiable refusal to comply with a licensee's responsibility under the terms of the new motor vehicle warranty issued by its respective manufacturer, distributor, or importer. However, if such refusal is at the direction of the manufacturer, distributor, or importer, such refusal shall not be a ground under this section.
- 3. Misrepresentation or false, deceptive, or misleading statements with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles which any motor vehicle dealer has, or causes to have, advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcast, televised, or made in any manner with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles.
- 4. Failure by any motor vehicle dealer to provide a customer or purchaser with an odometer disclosure statement and a copy of any bona fide written, executed sales contract or agreement of purchase connected with the purchase of the motor vehicle purchased by the customer or purchaser.

- 5. Failure of any motor vehicle dealer to comply with the terms of any bona fide written, executed agreement, pursuant to the sale of a motor vehicle.
- 6. Failure to apply for transfer of a title as prescribed in s. 319.23(6).
- 7. Use of the dealer license identification number by any person other than the licensed dealer or his or her designee.
- 8. Failure to continually meet the requirements of the licensure law.
- 9. Representation to a customer or any advertisement to the public representing or suggesting that a motor vehicle is a new motor vehicle if such vehicle lawfully cannot be titled in the name of the customer or other member of the public by the seller using a manufacturer's statement of origin as permitted in s. 319.23(1).
- 10. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that a customer or purchaser accept equipment on his or her motor vehicle which was not ordered by the customer or purchaser.
- 11. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that any customer or purchaser finance a motor vehicle with a specific financial institution or company.
- 12. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that the purchaser of a motor vehicle contract with the dealer for physical damage insurance.
- 13. Perpetration of a fraud upon any person as a result of dealing in motor vehicles, including, without limitation, the misrepresentation to any person by the licensee of the licensee's relationship to any manufacturer, importer, or distributor.

1 14. Violation of any of the provisions of s. 319.35 by 2 any motor vehicle dealer.

- 15. Sale by a motor vehicle dealer of a vehicle offered in trade by a customer prior to consummation of the sale, exchange, or transfer of a newly acquired vehicle to the customer, unless the customer provides written authorization for the sale of the trade-in vehicle prior to delivery of the newly acquired vehicle.
- 16. Willful failure to comply with any administrative rule adopted by the department or s. 320.131(8).
- 17. Violation of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss. 559.901-559.9221, which has to do with dealing in or repairing motor vehicles or mobile homes. Additionally, in the case of used motor vehicles, the willful violation of the federal law and rule in 15 U.S.C. s. 2304, 16 C.F.R. part 455, pertaining to the consumer sales window form.

Section 23. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 322.051, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

322.051 Identification cards.--

- (1) Any person who is 12 years of age or older, or any person who has a disability, regardless of age, who applies for a disabled parking permit under s. 320.0848, may be issued an identification card by the department upon completion of an application and payment of an application fee.
- (a) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- 1. Full name (first, middle or maiden, and last), gender, social security card number, county of residence and mailing address, country of birth, and a brief description.
 - 2. Proof of birth date satisfactory to the department.

- 3. Proof of identity satisfactory to the department. Such proof must include one of the following documents issued to the applicant:
- a. A driver's license record or identification card record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant to submit a document for identification which is substantially similar to a document required under sub-subparagraph b., sub-subparagraph c., sub-subparagraph d., sub-subparagraph e., or sub-subparagraph g.;
- b. A certified copy of a United States birth certificate;
 - c. A valid United States passport;
- d. A naturalization certificate issued by the United States Department of Justice;
 - e.d. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
- $\underline{\text{f.e.}}$ An employment authorization card issued by the United States Department of Justice; or
- g.f. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by the United States Department of Justice, for an original identification card. In order to prove such nonimmigrant classification, applicants may produce but are not limited to the following documents:
- (I) A notice of hearing from an immigration court scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
- (II) A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
- (III) Notice of the approval of an application for adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.

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(IV) Any official documentation confirming the filing of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.

- (V) Notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to Florida, issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- (VI) Order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States including, but not limited to asylum.
- Presentation of any of the foregoing documents described in sub-subparagraph f. or sub-subparagraph g. entitles shall entitle the applicant to an identification card a driver's license or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever first occurs.
- (b) An application for an identification card must be signed and verified by the applicant in a format designated by the department before a person authorized to administer oaths. The fee for an identification card is\$10, of which \$4 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$6 into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. The fee shall include \$3, including payment for the color photograph or digital image of the applicant.
- (c) Each such applicant may include fingerprints and any other unique biometric means of identity.
- (2)(a) Every identification card shall expire, unless canceled earlier, on the fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue. However, if an individual is 60 years of age or older, and has an

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identification card issued under this section, the card shall not expire unless done so by cancellation by the department or 2 3 by the death of the cardholder. Renewal of any identification 4 card shall be made for a term which shall expire on the fourth 5 birthday of the applicant following expiration of the identification card renewed, unless surrendered earlier. Any 6 7 application for renewal received later than 90 days after expiration of the identification card shall be considered the 8 9 same as an application for an original identification card. 10 The renewal fee for an identification card shall be\$10, of which \$4 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and 11 12 \$6 into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund\$3. The department shall, at the end of 4 years and 6 months after the 13 14 issuance or renewal of an identification card, destroy any record of the card if it has expired and has not been renewed, 15 unless the cardholder is 60 years of age or older. 16

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using a document authorized under sub-subparagraph(1)(a)3.e.(a)3.d., the identification card shall expire on the fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue or upon first renewal or duplicate issued after implementation of this section. After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using an identification document authorized under sub-subparagraph (1)(a)3.g. sub-subparagraphs (a)3.e.-f., the identification card shall expire 2 4 years after the date of

issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs, and may not be renewed or obtain a duplicate except in person.

- under this section is lost, destroyed, or mutilated or a new name is acquired, the person to whom it was issued may obtain a duplicate upon furnishing satisfactory proof of such fact to the department and upon payment of a fee of \$10 \frac{\$2.50}{22.50} for such duplicate, \$2.50 of which shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$7.50 into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. The fee which shall include payment for the color photograph or digital image of the applicant. Any person who loses an identification card and who, after obtaining a duplicate, finds the original card shall immediately surrender the original card to the department. The same documentary evidence shall be furnished for a duplicate as for an original identification card.
- (8) The department shall, upon receipt of the required fee, issue to each qualified applicant for an identification card a color photographic or digital image identification card bearing a fullface photograph or digital image of the identification cardholder. Notwithstanding chapter 761 or s. 761.05, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image of the identification cardholder shall not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the identification cardholder shall affix his or her usual signature, as required in s. 322.14, in the presence of an authorized agent of the department so as to ensure that such signature becomes a part of the identification card.

Section 24. Section 322.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.025 Driver improvement.--

- (1) The department may implement programs to improve the driving ability of the drivers of this state. Such programs may include, but shall not be limited to, safety awareness campaigns, driver training, and licensing improvement. Motorcycle driver improvement programs implemented pursuant to this section or s. 322.0255 shall be funded by the motorcycle safety education fee collected pursuant to s. 320.08(1)(c), which shall be deposited in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund of the department and appropriated for that purpose.
- (2) The department may offer once during a driver's lifetime to each driver who receives a points warning letter pursuant to s. 322.27(3)(f) or a restriction letter pursuant to s. 322.161, the opportunity to attend a basic driver improvement course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. If the driver completes an approved course and presents proof of completion to the department, the department shall deduct three points from the citation that causes the action from the driver's record and permanently annotate the driver's record that the one-time offer had been accepted and used.

Section 25. Subsection (4) of section 318.1451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.1451 Driver improvement schools.--

(4) In addition to a regular course fee, an assessment fee in the amount of \$2.50 shall be collected by the school from each person who elects to attend a course, as it relates to ss. 318.14(9), 322.025(2), 322.0261, 322.291, and

627.06501, which shall be remitted to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and deposited in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund to administer this program and to fund the general operations of the department.

Section 26. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 322.08, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection (6) of said section, to read:

322.08 Application for license.--

- (2) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- (c) Proof of identity satisfactory to the department. Such proof must include one of the following documents issued to the applicant:
- 1. A driver's license record or identification card record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant to submit a document for identification which is substantially similar to a document required under subparagraph 2., subparagraph 3., subparagraph 4., subparagraph 5., or subparagraph 7.;
- 2. A certified copy of a United States birth certificate;
 - 3. A valid United States passport;
- 4. A naturalization certificate issued by the United States Department of Justice;
 - 5.4. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
- $\underline{6.5.}$ An employment authorization card issued by the United States Department of Justice; or
- 7.6. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by the United States Department of Justice, for an original driver's license. In order to prove nonimmigrant

classification, an applicant may produce, but is not limited
to, the following documents:

- a. A notice of hearing from an immigration court scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
- <u>b. A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals</u> acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
- c. Notice of the approval of an application for adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- d. Any official documentation confirming the filing of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- e. Notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to Florida, issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- f. An order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States, including, but not limited to, asylum.

Presentation of any documents in subparagraph 6. or subparagraph 7. entitles the applicant to a driver's license or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever occurs first.

- (6) The application form for a driver's license or duplicate thereof shall include language permitting the following:
- (f) A voluntary contribution of \$1 per applicant, which shall be distributed to the Children's Hearing Help Fund

for the purpose of providing assistance to children who have been identified as having hearing loss.

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A statement providing an explanation of the purpose of the trust funds shall also be included.

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Section 27. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 322.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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322.12 Examination of applicants.--

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(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that every applicant for an original driver's license in this state be required to pass an examination pursuant to this section. However, the department may waive the knowledge, endorsement, and skills tests for an applicant who is otherwise qualified and who surrenders a valid driver's license from another state or a province of Canada, or a valid driver's license issued by the United States Armed Forces, if the driver applies for a Florida license of an equal or lesser classification. Any applicant who fails to pass the initial knowledge test will incur a \$5 fee for each subsequent test, to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Any applicant who fails to pass the initial skills test will incur a \$10 fee for each subsequent test, to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. A person who seeks to retain a hazardous-materials endorsement, pursuant to s. 322.57(1)(d), must pass the hazardous-materials test, upon surrendering his or her commercial driver's license, if the person has not taken and passed the hazardous-materials test within 2 years preceding his or her application for a commercial driver's license in this state.

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The department shall examine every applicant for a 1 2 driver's license, including an applicant who is licensed in 3 another state or country, except as otherwise provided in this 4 chapter. A person who holds a learner's driver's license as 5 provided for in s. 322.1615 is not required to pay a fee for successfully completing the examination showing his or her 6 7 ability to operate a motor vehicle as provided for herein and need not pay the fee for a replacement license as provided in 8 9 s. 322.17(2). Any person who applies for reinstatement 10 following the suspension or revocation of his or her driver's license shall pay a service fee of \$25 following a suspension, 11 12 and \$50 following a revocation, which is in addition to the fee for a license. Any person who applies for reinstatement of 13 14 a commercial driver's license following the disqualification 15 of his or her privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle shall pay a service fee of \$50, which is in addition to the 16 17 fee for a license. The department shall collect all of these fees at the time of reinstatement. The department shall issue 18 19 proper receipts for such fees and shall promptly transmit all funds received by it as follows: 20 21 (a) Of the \$25 fee received from a licensee for 22 reinstatement following a suspension, the department shall 23 deposit \$15 in the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$10 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. 24 (b) Of the \$50 fee received from a licensee for 25 26 reinstatement following a revocation or disqualification, the 27 department shall deposit \$35 in the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$15 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

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If the revocation or suspension of the driver's license was for a violation of s. 316.193, or for refusal to submit to a

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lawful breath, blood, or urine test, an additional fee of \$105 must be charged. However, only one such \$105 fee is to be collected from one person convicted of such violations arising out of the same incident. The department shall collect the \$105 fee and deposit it into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund at the time of reinstatement of the person's driver's license, but the fee must not be collected if the suspension or revocation was overturned.

(5)(a) The department shall formulate a separate examination for applicants for licenses to operate motorcycles. Any applicant for a driver's license who wishes to operate a motorcycle, and who is otherwise qualified, must successfully complete such an examination, which is in addition to the examination administered under subsection (3). The examination must test the applicant's knowledge of the operation of a motorcycle and of any traffic laws specifically relating thereto and must include an actual demonstration of his or her ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the operation of a motorcycle. Any applicant who fails to pass the initial knowledge examination will incur a \$5 fee for each subsequent examination, to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Any applicant who fails to pass the initial skills examination will incur a \$10 fee for each subsequent examination, to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. In the formulation of the examination, the department shall consider the use of the Motorcycle Operator Skills Test and the Motorcycle in Traffic Test offered by the Motorcycle Safety Foundation. The department shall indicate on the license of any person who successfully completes the examination that the licensee is authorized to operate a motorcycle. If the applicant wishes

to be licensed to operate a motorcycle only, he or she need not take the skill or road test required under subsection (3) for the operation of a motor vehicle, and the department shall indicate such a limitation on his or her license as a restriction. Every first-time applicant for licensure to operate a motorcycle who is under 21 years of age must provide proof of completion of a motorcycle safety course, as provided for in s. 322.0255, before the applicant may be licensed to operate a motorcycle.

Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 322.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged licenses.--

(1) The department shall, upon receipt of the required fee, issue to each qualified applicant for a an original driver's license a color photographic or digital imaged driver's license bearing a fullface photograph or digital image of the licensee. Notwithstanding chapter 761 or s. 761.05, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image of the licensee shall not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the licensee shall affix his or her usual signature, as required in s. 322.14, in the presence of an authorized agent of the department so as to ensure that such signature becomes a part of the license.

Section 29. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 322.17, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.17 Duplicate and replacement certificates.--

(2) Upon the surrender of the original license and the payment of a \$10 replacement fee, the department shall issue a replacement license to make a change in name, address, or restrictions. Upon request by the licensee and notification of

a change in address, the department shall issue a replacement license or address sticker. Upon written request by the licensee and notification of a change in address, and the payment of a \$10 fee, the department shall issue an address sticker which shall be affixed to the back of the license by the licensee. Nine dollars of the fee levied in this subsection shall go to the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund of the department.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under $\underline{s.\ 322.08(2)(c)6.\ or\ 7.\underline{s.\ 322.08(2)(c)5.=6.}$, the licensee may not obtain a duplicate or replacement instruction permit or driver's license except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under $\underline{s.\ 322.08(2)(c)6.\ or\ 7\ \underline{s.\ 322.08(2)(c)5.=6.}$

Section 30. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 322.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.18 Original applications, licenses, and renewals; expiration of licenses; delinquent licenses.--

- (2) Each applicant who is entitled to the issuance of a driver's license, as provided in this section, shall be issued a driver's license, as follows:
- (a) An applicant applying for an original issuance shall be issued a driver's license which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs on or after the sixth anniversary of the date of issue.
- (b) An applicant applying for a renewal issuance or renewal extension shall be issued a driver's license or renewal extension sticker which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 4 years after the month

of expiration of the license being renewed, except that a driver whose driving record reflects no convictions for the preceding 3 years shall be issued a driver's license or renewal extension sticker which expires at midnight on the licensee's birthday which next occurs 6 years after the month of expiration of the license being renewed.

- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under <u>s.</u>

 322.08(2)(c)5.s. 322.08(2)(c)4., the driver's license shall expire in accordance with paragraph (b). After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized in \underline{s} . $\underline{322.08(2)(c)6}$. or $\underline{7.s}$. $\underline{322.08(2)(c)5}$. or $\underline{6.}$, the driver's license shall expire $\underline{2}$ 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs.
- (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all licenses shall be renewable every 4 years or 6 years, depending upon the terms of issuance and shall be issued or extended upon application, payment of the fees required by s. 322.21, and successful passage of any required examination, unless the department has reason to believe that the licensee is no longer qualified to receive a license.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under \underline{s} . 322.08(2)(c)5. \underline{s} . 322.08(2)(c)4., the license, upon an initial

showing of such documentation, is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person, unless the renewal or duplication coincides with the periodic reexamination of a driver as required pursuant to s. 322.121.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under $\underline{s.\ 322.08(2)(c)6.\ or\ 7.\underline{s.\ 322.08(2)(c)5.\ or\ 6.}$, the licensee may not renew the driver's license except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under $\underline{s.\ 322.08(2)(c)6.\ or\ 7}$ $\underline{s.\ 322.08(2)(c)4.-6}$. A driver's license renewed under this paragraph expires 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs.

Section 31. Subsection (4) of section 322.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.19 Change of address or name. --

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a licensee established his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under <u>s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7.s. 322.08(2)(c)5.-6.</u>, the licensee may not change his or her name or address except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under <u>s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7 s. 322.08(2)(c)4.-6.</u>

Section 32. Subsection (8) is added to section 322.21, Florida Statutes, to read:

322.21 License fees; procedure for handling and collecting fees.--

(8) Any person who applies for reinstatement following the suspension or revocation of the person's driver's license

revocation is overturned.

shall pay a service fee of \$35 following a suspension, and \$60 following a revocation, which is in addition to the fee for a license. Any person who applies for reinstatement of a commercial driver's license following the disqualification of the person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle shall pay a service fee of \$60, which is in addition to the fee for a license. The department shall collect all of these fees at the time of reinstatement. The department shall issue proper receipts for such fees and shall promptly transmit all funds received by it as follows:

- (a) Of the \$35 fee received from a licensee for reinstatement following a suspension, the department shall deposit \$15 in the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$20 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.
- (b) Of the \$60 fee received from a licensee for reinstatement following a revocation or disqualification, the department shall deposit \$35 in the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$25 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

If the revocation or suspension of the driver's license was for a violation of s. 316.193, or for refusal to submit to a lawful breath, blood, or urine test, an additional fee of \$115 must be charged. However, only one \$115 fee may be collected from one person convicted of violations arising out of the same incident. The department shall collect the \$115 fee and deposit the fee into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund at the time of reinstatement of the person's driver's license, but the fee must not be collected if the suspension or

Section 33. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 322.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.212 Unauthorized possession of, and other unlawful acts in relation to, driver's license or identification card.--

- (1) It is unlawful for any person to:
- (d) Knowingly sell, manufacture, or deliver, or knowingly offer to sell, manufacture, or deliver, a blank, forged, stolen, fictitious, counterfeit, or unlawfully issued driver's license or identification card, or an instrument in the similitude of a driver's license or identification card, unless that person is authorized to do so by the department. A violation of this section paragraph may be investigated by any law enforcement agency, including the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco.

The term "driver's license" includes a driver's license issued by the department or its agents or a driver's license issued by any state or jurisdiction that issues licenses recognized in this state for the operation of a motor vehicle. The term "identification card" includes any identification card issued by the department or its agents or any identification card issued by any state or jurisdiction that issues identification cards recognized in this state for the purpose of indicating a person's true name and age. This subsection does not prohibit a person from possessing or displaying another person's driver's license or identification card for a lawful purpose.

Section 34. Subsection (4) of section 322.251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification of license.--

(4) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle is temporarily disqualified may, upon

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surrendering his or her commercial driver's license, be issued a Class D or Class E driver's license, valid for the length of his or her unexpired commercial driver's license, at no cost. Such person may, upon the completion of his or her disqualification, be issued a commercial driver's license, of the type disqualified, for the remainder of his or her unexpired license period. Any such person shall pay the reinstatement fee provided in <u>s. 322.21</u> <u>s. 322.12</u> before being issued a commercial driver's license.

Section 35. Subsection (2) of section 322.29, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.29 Surrender and return of license.--

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) to the contrary notwithstanding, no examination is required for the return of a license suspended under s. 318.15 or s. 322.245 unless an examination is otherwise required by this chapter. Every person applying for the return of a license suspended under s. 318.15 or s. 322.245 shall present to the department certification from the court that he or she has complied with all obligations and penalties imposed on him or her pursuant to s. 318.15 or, in the case of a suspension pursuant to s. 322.245, that he or she has complied with all directives of the court and the requirements of s. 322.245 and shall pay to the department a nonrefundable service fee of\$35, of which \$15 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$20 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. \$25 If reinstated by the clerk of the court or tax collector, \$25 shall be retained and \$10 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. However, the service fee is not required

if the person is required to pay $a\frac{$35$25}{$25}$ fee or $\frac{$60$50}{$50}$ fee under the provisions of $\underline{s. 322.21}$ $\underline{s. 322.12(2)}$.

Section 36. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments to Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 318.121, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

318.121 Preemption of additional fees, fines, surcharges, and costs.—Notwithstanding any general or special law, or municipal or county ordinance, additional fees, fines, surcharges, or costs other than the court costs assessed under s. 318.18(11) may not be added to the civil traffic penalties assessed in this chapter.

Section 37. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect October 1, 2003.