By the Committees on Appropriations; Judiciary; and Senator Villalobos

309-2206-03

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the judicial branch of government; amending s. 27.02, F.S.; requiring the state attorney to provide discovery materials to a defendant; providing for fees to be charged unless the defendant is indigent; amending s. 27.15, F.S.; providing for payment of expenses for a state attorney to assist in another circuit; amending ss. 27.34 and 27.54, F.S.; prohibiting counties or municipalities from funding the state attorneys' offices for prosecution of violations of special laws or ordinances; eliminating provisions authorizing the use of funds for certain civil and criminal proceedings; eliminating provisions requiring counties to provide certain services and pay certain fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the state attorney or public defender; amending s. 27.3455, F.S., relating to the annual statement of revenues and expenditures; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 27.51, F.S., relating to duties of the public defender; specifying additional indigent persons for whom the public defender is required to secure representation; deleting provisions relating to limitations on representation by public defenders in direct appeals of death penalty cases; amending s. 27.53, F.S.; providing criteria for determining whether a conflict of interest exists; prohibiting withdrawal based solely on lack of

1 funding or excess workload; providing that 2 circuit indigent representation committees 3 approve qualifications; amending s. 27.562, F.S.; providing that certain funds must be 4 5 remitted to the state, not to counties; 6 amending s. 27.58, F.S.; providing for the 7 administration of indigent representation services; redesignating certain public defender 8 9 services as indigent representation services; 10 amending s. 28.24, F.S., relating to service 11 charges by clerks of the circuit court; directing the clerk of court to provide access 12 to and copies of public records held by the 13 14 clerk, without charge, to any judge or justice, state attorney, public defender, and certain 15 court staff; amending s. 29.001, F.S.; defining 16 17 the elements of the state courts system; providing for using state revenue to pay 18 19 certain costs associated with those elements; 20 specifying expenses that counties must pay; amending s. 29.002, F.S.; revising the basis 21 for funding, to implement s. 14, Art. V of the 22 State Constitution by a specified date; 23 24 amending s. 29.004, F.S.; revising and 25 expanding the list of elements of the state courts system; amending s. 29.005, F.S.; 26 27 providing for funding state attorneys' offices 28 and paying prosecution expenses from state 29 revenues; providing for additional expenses; amending s. 29.006, F.S.; revising and 30 31 expanding the list of elements of public

1 defenders' offices; amending s. 29.007, F.S.; 2 revising and expanding the list of elements of 3 court-appointed counsel; providing for funding 4 from state revenues; amending s. 29.008, F.S., 5 relating to county funding of court-related 6 functions; redefining terms; providing 7 standards that facilities and communications systems and services must meet to qualify for 8 9 funding; requiring that the integrated computer 10 system be made capable of electronically 11 exchanging certain data using specified means at certain levels by a specific date; providing 12 13 for defining local requirements and adopting a budget therefor; amending s. 43.26, F.S.; 14 redesignating the presiding judge of the 15 circuit as the chief judge of the circuit; 16 17 providing additional powers of the chief judge; creating s. 40.001, F.S.; specifying authority 18 19 for the management of the jury system; clarifying duties as to administration and 20 processing of jurors; providing authority to 21 the clerks of the circuit courts to contract 22 with the court for specified services for jury 23 24 processing; amending s. 92.153, F.S.; providing 25 maximum charges for documents produced pursuant to subpoenas or records request issued by the 26 27 state attorney or the public defender; amending 28 s. 925.035, F.S.; amending standards for 29 attorneys who handle capital cases; revising procedures and provisions relating to their 30 31 compensation; amending s. 925.036, F.S.;

1 providing for the circuit indigent 2 representation committee to fix the rate of 3 compensation of certain appointed counsel; prescribing the qualifications of attorneys who 4 5 represent indigent defendants; amending s. 6 925.037, F.S.; providing for the composition, staff, responsibilities, and funding of circuit 7 indigent representation committees; requiring 8 the preparation and distribution of a statewide 9 10 comparative budget report relating to circuit 11 indigent representation committees by the Justice Administrative Commission; providing 12 for the appropriation of funds for attorney's 13 fees and expenses in criminal conflict cases 14 15 and in child dependency cases and other court-appointed attorney cases; providing that 16 17 the transfer of the funding source for the state courts system shall not affect the 18 19 validity of pending proceedings; providing that 20 the entity responsible for providing appropriations after July 1, 2004, shall be the 21 successor in interest to existing contracts; 22 providing that the successor in interest to 23 24 existing contracts is not responsible for 25 funding or payment of any service rendered prior to July 1, 2004; amending s. 43.35, F.S.; 26 27 redesignating witness coordinating offices as 28 witness coordinating programs; providing for 29 circuit courts, rather than court administrators, to establish such programs; 30 31 authorizing a judge or justice to perform any

judicial act on any day of the week; repealing ss. 27.005, 27.006, 27.385, 27.52(1)(a), 29.011, 40.02(3), F.S., relating to definitions, court reporting services, budget expenditures, determination of indigency for purposes of appointing a public defender or conflict attorney, a pilot project, and the selection of jury lists; reenacting s. 943.053, F.S., relating to the dissemination of criminal justice information, to incorporate the amendments to ss. 27.51 and 27.53, F.S.; requiring a report on costs of court-related services provided by the counties; providing specific requirements; providing for reimbursement of certain expenses; providing an appropriation; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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27.02 Duties before court.--

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county courts within his or her judicial circuit and prosecute or defend on behalf of the state all suits, applications, or motions, civil or criminal, in which the state is a party, except as provided in chapters 39, 984, and 985. The intake

(1) The state attorney shall appear in the circuit and

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procedures of chapters 39, 984, and 985 shall apply as

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provided therein.

(2) The state attorney shall provide to the defendant all discovery materials required pursuant to the applicable

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rule of procedure and may charge fees as provided for in s. 119.07(1)(a) but may not exceed 15 cents per page for a copy of a noncertified copy of a public record. However, fees may not be charged under this subsection if the defendant has been determined to be indigent as provided in s. 27.52.

Section 2. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (2) of section 27.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 27.15 State attorneys to assist in other circuits.--
- (2) When any state attorney is required to go beyond the limits of the circuit in which he or she holds office to comply with this section or on other official business performed at the direction of the Governor, the expenses that would otherwise not have been incurred but for the executive assignment incurred shall be borne by the state and shall be paid from the appropriation provided by the state for the state attorney who is being assisted in the discharge of his or her duties circuit courts. Other costs attendant to the prosecution of such cases shall be paid by the entity obligated to pay the expense in the absence of an executive assignment.

Section 3. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 27.34 Salaries and other related costs of state attorneys' offices; limitations .--
- (1) A No county or municipality may not contract with, or shall appropriate or contribute funds to the operation of, the various state attorneys for the prosecution of, except that a county or municipality may appropriate or contribute funds to pay the salary of one assistant state attorney whose sole function shall be to prosecute violations of special laws 31 or ordinances of the county or municipality. and may provide

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Persons employed by the county or municipality <u>may be provided</u> to the state attorney to serve as special investigators pursuant to the provisions of s. 27.251. However, any county or municipality may contract with the state attorney of the judicial circuit in which such county or municipality is located for the prosecution of violations of county or municipal ordinances. In addition, a county or municipality may appropriate or contribute funds to pay the salary of one or more assistant state attorneys who are trained in the use of the civil and criminal provisions of the Florida RICO Act, chapter 895, and whose sole function is to investigate and prosecute civil and criminal RICO actions when one or more offenses identified in s. 895.02(1)(a) occur within the boundaries of the municipality or county.

(2) The state attorneys shall be provided by the counties within their judicial circuits with such office space, utilities, telephone service, custodial services, library services, transportation services, and communication services as may be necessary for the proper and efficient functioning of these offices, except as otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act. The state attorney's office shall also be provided with pretrial consultation fees for expert or other potential witnesses consulted before trial by the state attorney; travel expenses incurred in criminal cases by a state attorney in connection with out-of-jurisdiction depositions; out-of-state travel expenses incurred by assistant state attorneys or by investigators of state attorneys while attempting to locate and interrogate witnesses for the state attorney in the prosecution of a criminal case; court reporter costs incurred by the state attorney during the course of an investigation and criminal prosecution which

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costs are certified by the state attorney as being useful and necessary in the prosecution, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the criminal case is brought; postindictment and postinformation deposition costs incurred by the state attorney during the course of a criminal prosecution of an insolvent defendant when such costs are certified by the state attorney as being useful and necessary in the prosecution, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the criminal case is brought; and the cost of copying depositions of state witnesses taken by the public defender, court-appointed counsel, or private retained counsel, when such costs are certified by the state attorney as being useful and necessary in the prosecution, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the criminal case is brought. The office space to be provided by the counties shall not be less than the standards for space allotment adopted by the Department of Management Services, nor shall these services and office space be less than were provided in the prior fiscal year.

(2)(3) It is hereby prohibited for any state attorney to receive from any county or municipality any supplemental salary. However in judicial circuits with a population of 1 million or more, state attorneys presently holding office and now receiving a county supplement may continue to receive a county salary supplement at the discretion of the counties for the remainder of their term of office.

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(3) (4) Notwithstanding s. 27.25, the Insurance Commissioner may contract with the state attorney of any judicial circuit of the state for the prosecution of criminal violations of the Workers' Compensation Law and related crimes and may contribute funds for such purposes. Such contracts may provide for the training, salary, and expenses of one or more assistant state attorneys used in the prosecution of such crimes.

Section 4. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and subsection (3) of section 27.3455, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

27.3455 Annual statement of certain revenues and expenditures.--

- (1) Each county shall submit annually to the Comptroller a statement of revenues and expenditures as set forth in this section in the form and manner prescribed by the Comptroller in consultation with the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations, provided that such statement identify total county expenditures on:
 - (a) Medical examiner services.
 - (b) County victim witness programs.
- Each of the services outlined in s. 29.008 ss. 27.34(2) and 27.54(3).
- (d) Appellate filing fees in criminal cases in which an indigent defendant appeals a judgment of a county or circuit court to a district court of appeal or the Florida Supreme Court.
- (e) Other court-related costs of the state attorney and public defender that were paid by the county where such costs were included in a judgment or order rendered by the 31 trial court against the county.

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Such statement also shall identify the revenues provided by s. 938.05(1) that were used to meet or reimburse the county for such expenditures.

- (2)(a) Within 6 months of the close of the local government fiscal year, each county shall submit to the Comptroller a statement of compliance from its independent certified public accountant, engaged pursuant to s. 218.39, that the certified statement of expenditures was in accordance with s. 29.008 ss. 27.34(2), 27.54(3), and this section. All discrepancies noted by the independent certified public accountant shall be included in the statement furnished by the county to the Comptroller.
- (3) The priority for the allocation of funds collected pursuant to s. 938.05(1) shall be as follows:
- (a) Reimbursement to the county for actual county expenditures incurred in providing the state attorney and public defender the services outlined in s. 29.008 ss. 27.34(2) and 27.54(3), with the exception of facilities office space, utilities, and maintenance, as these terms are defined in s. 29.008 custodial services.
- (b) At the close of the local government fiscal year, funds remaining on deposit in the special trust fund of the county after reimbursements have been made pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be reimbursed to the county for actual county expenditures made in support of the operations and services of medical examiners, including the costs associated with the investigation of state prison inmate deaths. Special county trust fund revenues used to reimburse the county for medical examiner expenditures in any year shall not exceed \$1 31 per county resident.

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- (c) At the close of the local government fiscal year, counties establishing or having in existence a comprehensive victim-witness program which meets the standards set by the Crime Victims' Services Office shall be eligible to receive 50 percent matching moneys from the balance remaining in the special trust fund after reimbursements have been made pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b). Special trust fund moneys used in any year to supplement such programs shall not exceed 25 cents per county resident.
- (d) At the close of the local government fiscal year, funds remaining in the special trust fund after reimbursements have been made pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) shall be used to reimburse the county for county costs incurred in the provision of facilities office space, utilities, and maintenance, as these terms are defined in s. 29.008, custodial services to the state attorney and public defender, for county expenditures on appellate filing fees in criminal cases in which an indigent defendant appeals a judgment of a county or circuit court to a district court of appeal or the Florida Supreme Court, and for county expenditures on court-related costs of the state attorney and public defender that were paid by the county, provided that such court-related costs were included in a judgment or order rendered by the trial court against the county. Where a state attorney or a public defender is provided space in a county-owned facility, responsibility for calculating county costs associated with the provision of such office space, utilities, and maintenance custodial services is hereby vested in the Chief Financial Officer Comptroller in consultation with the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations.

confinement is sought;

1 Section 5. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2 3 27.51 Duties of public defender.--4 (1) The public defender shall represent or secure 5 representation for, without additional compensation, any 6 person who is determined by the court to be indigent as 7 provided in s. 27.52 and who is: 8 (a) Under arrest for, or is charged with, a felony, 9 including a capital offense; 10 (b) Under arrest for, or is charged with, a 11 misdemeanor, a violation of chapter 316 which is punishable by imprisonment, or criminal contempt, or a violation of a 12 municipal or county ordinance in the county court, unless the 13 court, prior to trial, issues files in the cause an order 14 certifying no incarceration as provided in Rule 3.111, Florida 15 Rules of Criminal Procedure of no imprisonment which states 16 17 that the defendant will not be imprisoned if he or she is convicted; 18 19 (c) Entitled to representation as provided in chapter 20 39, as a parent who is a party or participant in any 21 proceeding under such chapter; (d) Entitled to representation as provided in chapter 22 384, as a person who is alleged to be infected with a sexually 23 24 transmitted disease and for whom isolation, hospitalization, 25 or confinement is sought; (e) Entitled to representation as provided in s. 26 27 390.01115, as a minor in a proceeding under such section; 28 (f) Entitled to representation as provided in chapter 29 392, as a person who is alleged to be infected with active

tuberculosis and for whom isolation, hospitalization, or

1	(g) Entitled to representation as provided in chapter
2	393, as a person who is alleged to be developmentally disabled
3	and for whom involuntary admission to residential services or
4	appointment of a guardian advocate is sought;
5	(h) Entitled to representation regardless of indigency
6	as provided in part I of chapter 394, as a person who is
7	alleged to be mentally ill and for whom involuntary
8	confinement for evaluation or treatment is sought;
9	(i) Entitled to representation as provided in part I
10	of chapter 394, as a person who is alleged to be mentally ill
11	and for whom appointment of a guardian advocate is sought;
12	(j) Entitled to representation as provided in part V
13	of chapter 394, as a person who is alleged to be a sexually
14	violent predator and for whom involuntary confinement for
15	evaluation and treatment is sought;
16	(k) Entitled to representation as provided in chapter
17	397, as a person who is alleged to be substance-abuse impaired
18	and for whom involuntary assessment, stabilization, or
19	treatment is sought;
20	(1) Entitled to representation under s. 415.1051, as a
21	vulnerable adult alleged to be in need of protective
22	services;
23	(m) Entitled to representation as provided in chapter
24	744, as a person who is alleged to be incapacitated and for
25	whom an involuntary guardianship is sought;
26	(n) Entitled to representation as provided in s.
27	916.15, as a forensic client for whom involuntary commitment
28	is sought subsequent to an acquittal by reason of insanity;
29	(o) Entitled to representation as a person who is
30	alleged to be a violator of parole, conditional release,

31 conditional medical release, or addiction-recovery supervision

when the public defender has entered into a contract with the Control Release Authority or the Parole Commission under s. 947.146(7)(g);

- (p) Entitled to representation under chapter 984, as a child, or child's parent or legal guardian who is alleged to be in need of services or as a child alleged to be in contempt under this chapter; or
- $\underline{\mbox{(q)}}$ Entitled to representation as provided under part II of chapter 985.
- (c) Alleged to be a delinquent child pursuant to a petition filed before a circuit court; or
- (d) Sought by petition filed in such court to be involuntarily placed as a mentally ill person or sexually violent predator or involuntarily admitted to residential services as a person with developmental disabilities.
- (2) However, a public defender does not have the authority to represent any person who is a plaintiff in a civil action brought under the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or the federal statutes, or who is a petitioner in an administrative proceeding challenging a rule under chapter 120, unless specifically authorized by statute.
- (3) (2) The court may not appoint the public defender to represent, even on a temporary basis, any person who is not indigent. The court, however, may appoint private counsel in capital cases as provided in s. 925.035.
- $\underline{(4)}$ Each public defender shall serve on a full-time basis and is prohibited from engaging in the private practice of law while holding office. Assistant public defenders shall give priority and preference to their duties as assistant

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public defenders and shall not otherwise engage in the practice of criminal law.

(5) (4) The public defender for a judicial circuit enumerated in this subsection shall, after the record on appeal is transmitted to the appellate court by the office of the public defender which handled the trial and if requested by any public defender within the indicated appellate district, handle all felony appeals arising out of cases enumerated under subsection (1) to the state and federal courts required of the official making such request:

- (a) Public defender of the second judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the First District Court of Appeal.
- (b) Public defender of the tenth judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the Second District Court of Appeal.
- (c) Public defender of the eleventh judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the Third District Court of Appeal.
- (d) Public defender of the fifteenth judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the Fourth District Court of Appeal.
- (e) Public defender of the seventh judicial circuit, on behalf of any public defender within the district comprising the Fifth District Court of Appeal.
- (5) When the public defender for a judicial circuit enumerated in subsection (4) has represented at trial a person sentenced to death, the public defender shall not represent that person in any direct appellate proceedings. That public defender shall notify the Florida Supreme Court within 10 days 31 after filing a notice of appeal, and the Court shall appoint

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another public defender enumerated in subsection (4) to represent the person in any direct appellate proceedings.

- (6)(a) When direct appellate proceedings prosecuted by a public defender on behalf of an accused and challenging a judgment of conviction and sentence of death terminate in an affirmance of such conviction and sentence, whether by the Florida Supreme Court or by the United States Supreme Court or by expiration of any deadline for filing such appeal in a state or federal court, the public defender shall notify the accused of his or her rights pursuant to Rule 3.850, Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, including any time limits pertinent thereto, and shall advise such person that representation in any collateral proceedings is the responsibility of the capital collateral representative. public defender shall then forward all original files on the matter to the capital collateral representative, retaining such copies for his or her files as may be desired. However, the trial court shall retain the power to appoint the public defender or other attorney not employed by the capital collateral representative to represent such person in proceedings for relief by executive clemency pursuant to s. 925.035.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that any public defender representing an inmate in any collateral proceedings in any court on June 24, 1985, shall continue representation of that inmate in all postconviction proceedings unless relieved of responsibility from further representation by the court.
- (7) A sum shall be appropriated to the public defender of each judicial circuit enumerated in subsection (5)(4) for the employment of assistant public defenders and clerical

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employees and the payment of expenses incurred in cases on appeal.

- Section 6. Effective July 1, 2004, subsections (2) and (3) of section 27.53, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 27.53 Appointment of assistants and other staff; method of payment. --
- (2) Any member of The Florida Bar, in good standing, may volunteer register his or her availability to the public defender of any judicial circuit for acceptance of special assignments without salary to represent indigent defendants. Temporarily employed attorneys and volunteer attorneys are to be Such persons shall be listed and referred to as special assistant public defenders and be paid a fee and costs and expenses as provided in s. 925.036. A special assistant public defender may not reassign or subcontract a case to another attorney.
- If, at any time during the representation of two or more indigents, the public defender determines that the interests of those represented accused are so adverse or hostile that they cannot all be counseled by the public defender or his or her staff without conflict of interest, or that none can be counseled by the public defender or his or her staff because of conflict of interest, the public defender shall file a motion to withdraw and move the court to appoint other counsel. In determining whether there is a conflict of interest, each public defender shall apply the uniform conflict standards adopted by the Florida Public Defender Association. The court shall review and may inquire or conduct a hearing into the adequacy of the public defender's representations regarding a conflict of interest without 31 requiring the disclosure of any confidential communications.

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The court shall permit withdrawal unless the court determines that the asserted conflict is not prejudicial to the indigent client. In no case shall the court approve a withdrawal by the public defender based solely upon inadequacy of funding or excess workload of the public defender. If the court grants the motion to withdraw, it shall appoint one or more attorneys who meet the eligibility and performance requirements set by the Florida Public Defenders Association and the Office of State Courts Administrator under s. 925.037 may appoint one or more members of The Florida Bar, who are in no way affiliated with the public defender, in his or her capacity as such, or in his or her private practice, to represent those accused. However, The trial court shall appoint conflict such other counsel in the manner approved by the circuit indigent representation committee upon its own motion when the facts developed upon the face of the record and files in the cause disclose such conflict. The court shall advise the appropriate public defender and clerk of court, in writing, when making such appointment and state the conflict prompting the appointment. The appointed attorney shall be compensated as provided in ss.s.925.036 and 925.037.

Section 7. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 27.54 Expenditures for public defender's office.--
- (1) All payments for the salary of the public defender and the necessary expenses of office, including salaries of assistants and staff, shall be considered as being for a valid public purpose. Travel expenses shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of s. 112.061.
- (2) \underline{A} No county or municipality \underline{may} not contract with, or \underline{shall} appropriate or contribute funds to,the operation of

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30 31 the offices of the various public defenders for the purpose of defending, except that a county or municipality may appropriate or contribute funds to:

- (a) Pay the salary of one assistant public defender whose sole function shall be to defend indigents charged with violations of special laws or with violations of ordinances of the county or municipality.
- (b) Employ legal and support staff to be supervised by the public defender upon certification by the public defender that inadequate resources will result in withdrawal from current cases or inability to accept additional appointments.
- (3) The public defenders shall be provided by the counties within their judicial circuits with such office space, utilities, telephone services, custodial services, library services, transportation services, and communication services as may be necessary for the proper and efficient functioning of these offices, except as otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act. The public defender's offices shall also be provided with pretrial consultation fees for expert or other potential witnesses consulted before trial by the public defender; travel expenses incurred in criminal cases by a public defender in connection with out-of-jurisdiction depositions; out-of-state and out-of-jurisdiction travel expenses incurred by public defenders or by investigators of public defenders while attempting to locate and interrogate witnesses for the public defender in the defense of a criminal case; court reporter costs incurred by the public defender during the course of an investigation and criminal prosecution, which costs are certified by the public defender as being useful and necessary in the preparation of a criminal defense, provided that

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nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the criminal case is brought; postindictment and postinformation deposition costs incurred by the public defender during the course of a criminal prosecution of an indigent defendant when such costs are certified by the public defender as being useful and necessary in the preparation of a criminal defense, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the criminal case is brought; and the cost of copying depositions of defense witnesses taken by the state attorney when such costs are certified by the public defender as being useful and necessary in the preparation of a criminal defense, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the county from contesting the reasonableness of the expenditure in the court wherein the criminal case is brought. The office space and utilities to be provided by the counties shall not be less than the standards for space allotment adopted by the Department of Management Services. The counties shall not provide less of these services than were provided in the previous fiscal year. (4) No public defender or assistant public defender

(4) No public defender or assistant public defender shall receive from any county or municipality any supplemental salary, except as provided in this section.

Section 8. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.562, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

27.562 Disposition of funds.--All funds collected pursuant to s. 938.29, except the application fee imposed under s. 27.52, shall be remitted to the state for deposit into the General Revenue Fund of the state board of county

commissioners of the county in which the judgment was entered. Such funds shall be placed in the fine and forfeiture fund of that county to be used to defray the expenses incurred by the county in defense of criminal prosecutions. All judgments entered pursuant to this part shall be in the name of the state and must be deposited into the General Revenue Fund of the state county in which the judgment was rendered.

Section 9. Effective July 1, 2004, section 27.58, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

27.58 Administration of <u>indigent representation</u> Public Defender services.—The public defender of each judicial circuit of the state shall be the chief administrator of all <u>indigent representation services</u> public defender services within the circuit whether such services are rendered by the state or by court-appointed counsel county public defenders.

Section 10. Section 28.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.24 Service charges by clerk of the circuit court.—The clerk of the circuit court shall make the following charges for services rendered by the clerk's office in recording documents and instruments and in performing the duties enumerated. However, in those counties where the clerk's office operates as a fiscal unit of the county pursuant to s. 145.022(1), the clerk shall not charge the county for such services. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the clerk of the circuit court shall provide without charge to any justice or judge, to any court staff acting on behalf of any justice or judge, or to any state attorney or public defender access to and copies of any public records, notwithstanding the exempt or confidential nature of such public records, as maintained by and in the custody of

1	the clerk of the circuit court as provided in general law and
2	the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration.
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4	Charges
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6	(1) For court attendance by each clerk or deputy
7	clerk, per day\$75.00
8	(2) For court minutes, per page5.00
9	(3) For examining, comparing, correcting, verifying,
10	and certifying transcripts of record in appellate proceedings,
11	prepared by attorney for appellant or someone else other than
12	clerk, per page3.00
13	(4) For preparing, numbering, and indexing an original
14	record of appellate proceedings, per instrument2.00
15	(5) For certifying copies of any instrument in the
16	public records
17	(6) For verifying any instrument presented for
18	certification prepared by someone other than clerk, per page
19	2.00
20	(7) For making and reporting payrolls of jurors to
21	State Comptroller, per page, per copy5.00
22	(8)(a) For making copies by photographic process of
23	any instrument in the public records consisting of pages of
24	not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, per page1.00
25	(b) For making copies by photographic process of any
26	instrument in the public records of more than 14 inches by 8
27	1/2 inches, per page
28	(9) For making microfilm copies of any public records:
29	(a) 16 mm 100' microfilm roll25.00
30	(b) 35 mm 100' microfilm roll35.00
31	(c) Microfiche, per fiche2.00

1	(10) For copying any instrument in the public records
2	by other than photographic process, per page4.00
3	(11) For writing any paper other than herein
4	specifically mentioned, same as for copying, including signing
5	and sealing4.00
6	(12) For indexing each entry not recorded1.00
7	(13) For receiving money into the registry of court:
8	(a)1. First \$500, percent
9	2. Each subsequent \$100, percent1
10	(b) Eminent domain actions, per deposit\$100.00
11	(14) For examining, certifying, and recording plats
12	and for recording condominium exhibits larger than 14 inches
13	by 8 1/2 inches:
14	(a) First page30.00
15	(b) Each additional page15.00
16	(15) For recording, indexing, and filing any
17	instrument not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, including
18	required notice to property appraiser where applicable:
19	(a) First page or fraction thereof5.00
20	(b) Each additional page or fraction thereof4.00
21	(c) For indexing instruments recorded in the official
22	records which contain more than four names, per additional
23	name1.00
24	(d) An additional service charge shall be paid to the
25	clerk of the circuit court to be deposited in the Public
26	Records Modernization Trust Fund for each instrument listed in
27	s. 28.222, except judgments received from the courts and
28	notices of lis pendens, recorded in the official records:
29	1. First page
30	2. Each additional page
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Said fund shall be held in trust by the clerk and used exclusively for equipment and maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing the public records system of the office. In a county where the duty of maintaining official records exists in an office other than the office of the clerk of the circuit court, the clerk of the circuit court is entitled to 25 percent of the moneys deposited into the trust fund for equipment, maintenance of equipment, training, and technical assistance in modernizing the system for storing records in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. The fund may not be used for the payment of travel expenses, membership dues, bank charges, staff-recruitment costs, salaries or benefits of employees, construction costs, general operating expenses, or other costs not directly related to obtaining and maintaining equipment for public records systems or for the purchase of furniture or office supplies and equipment not related to the storage of records. On or before December 1, 1995, and on or before December 1 of each year immediately preceding each year during which the trust fund is scheduled for legislative review under s. 19(f)(2), Art. III of the State Constitution, each clerk of the circuit court shall file a report on the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report must itemize each expenditure made from the trust fund since the last report was filed; each obligation payable from the trust fund on that date; and the percentage of funds expended for each of the following: equipment, maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance. The report must indicate the nature of the system each clerk uses to store, 31 | maintain, and retrieve public records and the degree to which

1	the system has been upgraded since the creation of the trust
2	fund.
3	(16) Oath, administering, attesting, and sealing, not
4	otherwise provided for herein
5	(17) For validating certificates, any authorized
6	bonds, each
7	(18) For preparing affidavit of domicile5.00
8	(19) For exemplified certificates, including signing
9	and sealing4.00
10	(20) For authenticated certificates, including signing
11	and sealing4.00
12	(21)(a) For issuing and filing a subpoena for a
13	witness, not otherwise provided for herein (includes writing,
14	preparing, signing, and sealing)4.00
15	(b) For signing and sealing only1.00
16	(22) For issuing venire facias (includes writing,
17	preparing, signing, and sealing)5.00
18	(23) For paying of witnesses and making and reporting
19	payroll to State Comptroller, per copy, per page5.00
20	(24) For approving bond5.00
21	(25) For searching of records, for each year's search
22	1.00
23	(26) For processing an application for a tax deed sale
24	(includes application, sale, issuance, and preparation of tax
25	deed, and disbursement of proceeds of sale), other than excess
26	proceeds60.00
27	(27) For disbursement of excess proceeds of tax deed
28	sale, first \$100 or fraction thereof
29	(28) Upon receipt of an application for a marriage
30	license, for preparing and administering of oath; issuing,
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1	sealing, and recording of the marriage license; and providing
2	a certified copy20.00
3	(29) For solemnizing matrimony20.00
4	(30) For sealing any court file or expungement of any
5	record25.00
6	(31) For receiving and disbursing all restitution
7	payments, per payment2.00
8	(32) Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the
9	circuit court in any mailing by certified or registered mail
10	shall be paid by the party at whose instance the mailing is
11	made.
12	(33) For furnishing an electronic copy of information
13	contained in a computer database: a fee as provided for in
14	chapter 119.
15	Section 11. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.001,
16	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
17	29.001
18	and definitions; funding through filing fees, service charges,
19	and costs; county responsibilities
20	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that, For the
21	purpose of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State
22	Constitution, the state courts system \underline{is} be defined to include
23	the <u>enumerated</u> essential elements of the Supreme Court,
24	district courts of appeal, circuit courts, county courts, and
25	certain essential supports thereto. Similarly, The offices of
26	public defenders and state attorneys shall include those
27	essential elements as determined by general law. Further, the
28	state attorneys' offices are defined to include the enumerated
29	essential elements of the 20 state attorneys' offices and the
30	enumerated public defenders' offices are defined to include
31	the essential elements of the 20 public defenders' offices.

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Court-appointed counsel are defined as counsel appointed to ensure due process in criminal and civil proceedings in accordance with state and federal constitutional guarantees.

Funding for the state courts system, the state attorneys' offices, the public defenders' offices, and court-appointed counsel, except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), shall be provided from state revenues appropriated by general law.

- (2) All funding for the court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts shall be provided by adequate and appropriate filing fees for judicial proceedings and service charges and costs for performing court-related functions.
- (3) Pursuant to general law,Counties are shall be required to fund the cost of communications services, existing radio systems, existing multiagency criminal justice information systems, and the cost of construction or lease, maintenance, utilities, and security of facilities for the circuit courts and county courts, public defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts, as defined by statute general law. In addition, the counties will continue to fund existing elements of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public defenders' offices, court-appointed counsel, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts performing court-related functions, consistent with current law and practice, until such time as the Legislature expressly assumes the responsibility for funding those elements. Counties are financially responsible for the payment of all reasonable and necessary salaries, costs, and expenses of the state court system to meet local requirements as defined by s. 29.008(2). Counties will fund the cost of criminal cases filed

by the Office of Statewide Prosecution. Additionally, the Legislature will define by general law those local requirements of the state courts system for which the counties must pay reasonable and necessary salaries, costs, and expenses.

(4) Although a program or function currently may be funded by the state or prescribed or established in general law, this does not designate the program or function as an essential element of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public defenders' offices, or the offices of the circuit and county court clerks performing court-related functions as described in s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution.

Section 12. Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (1) of section 29.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

29.002 Basis for funding.--

(1) For the purpose of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution on or before July 1, 2004, the Legislature's appropriation of funding in the General Appropriations Act for appropriate salaries, costs, and expenses pursuant to s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution shall be based upon reliable and auditable data substantiating the revenues and expenditures associated with each essential element.

Section 13. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

29.004 State courts system.--

(1) For purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the essential elements of the state courts system to be provided from state revenues appropriated by general law are as follows:

1 (a) (1) Judges appointed or elected pursuant to chapters 25, 26, 34, and 35, and essential staff, expenses, 2 3 and costs as determined by general law. (b)(2) Juror compensation and expenses and reasonable 4 5 juror accommodations when necessary. 6 (c)(3) Reasonable court reporting and transcription 7 services necessary to meet constitutional requirements. (4) Auxiliary aids and services for qualified 9 individuals with a disability which are necessary to ensure 10 access to the courts. Such auxiliary aids and services 11 include, but are not limited to, sign-language interpreters, translators, real-time transcription services for individuals 12 who are hearing impaired, and assistive listening devices. 13 This section does not include physical modifications to court 14 facilities; noncourtroom communication services; or other 15 accommodations, auxiliary aids, or services for which the 16 17 counties are responsible pursuant to s. 14, Art. V of the 18 State Constitution. (d) (5) Construction or lease of facilities, 19 maintenance, utilities, and security for the district courts 20 21 of appeal and the Supreme Court. (e) (6) Court foreign language and sign-language 22 interpreters and translators essential to comply with 23 24 constitutional requirements. 25 (f) Court expert witnesses, other court witnesses, and 26 witness-coordination programs. 2.7 (g) Legal support to judges. 28 (h) Masters and hearing officers. 29 (i) Court administration. (j) Case management. Case management includes: 30 31 Initial review and evaluation;

1	2. Case differentiation;
2	3. Pro se assistance, not including legal advice;
3	4. Case monitoring and tracking;
4	5. Scheduling of events;
5	6. Coordination of cases;
6	7. Service referral, coordination, monitoring,
7	and tracking;
8	8. Statistical analysis; and
9	9. Treatment-based drug court programs under s.
10	397.334.
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12	Case management shall not include case intake and records
13	management conducted by the clerk of court.
14	(k) Mediation-alternate dispute resolution.
15	(1)(7) Staff and expenses of The Judicial
16	Qualifications Commission.
17	(m) Offices of the appellate clerks and marshals and
18	appellate law libraries.
19	(n) Investigation and assessment of the indigency of
20	any person who seeks a waiver of court costs and fees, or any
21	portion thereof, or applies for representation by a public
22	defender or private attorney.
23	(2) Included within the definition of each element
24	listed in this section shall be the associated staff,
25	expenses, and costs determined by the Legislature to be
26	reasonably required to provide the element.
27	Section 14. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.005,
28	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
29	29.005 State attorneys' offices and prosecution
30	expensesFor purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the
31	State Constitution, the essential elements of the state

attorneys' offices to be provided from state revenues appropriated by general law are as follows:

- (1) The state attorney of each judicial circuit and assistant state attorneys and <u>other</u> essential staff as determined by general law.
- (2) Reasonable court reporting <u>and transcription</u> services necessary to meet constitutional <u>or statutory</u> requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying <u>depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign-language and sign-language interpreters and translators.</u>
- (3) Witnesses summoned to appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned by a state attorney; mental health professionals who are appointed pursuant to s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing involving an indigent; and expert witnesses who are appointed pursuant to s. 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing involving an indigent; and any other expert witnesses the state attorney deems necessary for the performance of his or her duties.
 - (4) Reasonable transportation services.
 - (5) Reasonable travel expenses.
- (6) Reasonable library and electronic legal research services, other than a public law library.
- (7) Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and costs.

 Section 15. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.006,

 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 29.006 Public defenders and indigent defense costs.--For purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the essential elements of the public defenders' offices to be provided from state revenues appropriated by general law are as follows:

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- (1) The public defender of each judicial circuit and assistant public defenders and other essential staff as determined by general law.
- (2) Reasonable court reporting and transcription services necessary to meet constitutional or statutory requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign-language and sign-language interpreters and translators.
- (3) Witnesses summoned to appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned on behalf of an indigent defendant; mental health professionals who are appointed pursuant to s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing involving an indigent; and expert witnesses who are appointed pursuant to s. 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing involving an indigent; and any other expert witnesses approved by the court.
 - (4) Reasonable transportation services.
 - (5) Reasonable travel expenses.
- (6) Reasonable library and electronic legal research services, other than a public law library.
- Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and costs. Section 16. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.007, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 29.007 Court-appointed counsel.--For purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the essential elements of court-appointed counsel to be provided from state revenues appropriated by general law are as follows:
- (1) Private attorneys appointed assigned by the court 31 to handle cases where the defendant is indigent and cannot be

represented by the public defender $\underline{\text{under ss. } 27.53, 925.035}$, and 925.037.

- (2) Private attorneys appointed by the court to represent indigents or other classes of litigants in civil proceedings requiring court-appointed counsel in accordance with state and federal constitutional guarantees and federal and state statutes.
- (3) Reasonable court reporting <u>and transcription</u> services necessary to meet constitutional <u>or statutory</u> requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying <u>depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign-language and sign-language interpreters and translators.</u>
- (4) Witnesses summoned to appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in a criminal case when the witnesses are summoned on behalf of an indigent defendant; mental health professionals who are appointed pursuant to s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing involving an indigent; and expert witnesses who are appointed pursuant to s. 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing involving an indigent; and any other expert witnesses approved by the court.
 - (5) Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and costs.
 - (6) Reasonable travel expenses.
- (5) Investigating and assessing the indigency of any person who seeks a waiver of court costs and fees, or any portion thereof, or applies for representation by a public defender or private attorney.

Section 17. Effective July 1, 2004, section 29.008, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

29.008 County funding of court-related functions.--

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- (1) Counties are required by s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution to fund the cost of communications services, existing radio systems, existing multiagency criminal justice information systems, and the cost of construction or lease, maintenance, utilities, and security of facilities for the circuit and county courts, public defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts performing court-related functions. For purposes of implementing these requirements, the term:
- "Facility" means reasonable and necessary buildings and space, structures, real estate, easements, and related interests in real estate, including, but not limited to, those for the purpose of housing personnel, equipment, or functions of the circuit or county courts, public defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, and court-related functions of the office of the clerks of the circuit and county courts and all storage. The term also includes access to parking for such facilities in connection with such court-related functions that may be available free or from a private provider or a local government for a fee. The office space provided by a county may not be less than the standards for space allotment adopted by the Department of Management Services, nor may these services and office space be less than were provided in the previous fiscal year. County funding must include physical modifications and improvements to all facilities as are required for compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Upon mutual agreement of a county and the affected entity in this paragraph, the office space provided by the county may vary from the standards for space allotment adopted by the Department of Management Services.

 This section applies only to facilities that are leased, or on which construction commences, after June 30, 2003.

- (b) "Construction or lease" includes, but is not limited to, all reasonable and necessary costs of the acquisition or lease of facilities, equipment, and furnishings for all judicial officers, staff, jurors, volunteers of a tenant agency, and the public for the circuit and county courts, the public defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, and for performing the court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts. This includes expenses related to financing such facilities and the existing and future cost and bonded indebtedness associated with placing the facilities in use.
- (c) "Maintenance" includes, but is not limited to, all reasonable and necessary costs of custodial and groundskeeping services and renovation and reconstruction as needed to accommodate functions for the circuit and county courts, the public defenders' offices, and state attorneys' offices and for performing the court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county court and for maintaining the facilities in a condition appropriate and safe for the use intended.
- (d) "Utilities" means <u>all</u> electricity services for light, heat, or power; natural or manufactured gas services for light, heat, or power; water and wastewater services and systems, stormwater or runoff services and systems, sewer services and systems, all costs or fees associated with these services and systems, and any costs or fees associated with the mitigation of environmental impacts directly related to the facility.

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- "Security" includes but is not limited to, all reasonable and necessary costs of services of law enforcement officers or licensed security guards and all electronic, cellular, or digital monitoring and screening devices necessary to ensure the safety and security of all persons visiting or working in a facility; to provide for security of the facility, including protection of property owned by the county or the state; and for security of prisoners brought to any facility. This includes bailiffs while providing courtroom and other security for each judge and other quasi-judicial officers.
- "Communications systems or communications (f) services" are defined as any reasonable and necessary transmission, emission, and reception of signs, signals, writings, images, and sounds of intelligence of any nature by wire, radio, optical, or other electromagnetic systems and includes all facilities and equipment owned, leased, or used by judges, clerks, public defenders, state attorneys, and all staff of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public defenders' offices, and clerks of the circuit and county courts performing court-related functions. Such system or services shall include, but not be limited to:
- All telephone services and equipment, including facsimile, wireless communications, video teleconferencing, pagers, computer lines, and telephone switching equipment and the maintenance, supplies, hardware, software, and line charges, including local and long-distance toll charges, and support staff or services necessary for operation.
- All computer systems and equipment, including computer hardware and software, modems, printers, wiring, 31 network connections, maintenance, support staff or services,

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training, supplies, and line charges necessary for an 2 integrated computer system to support the operations and 3 management of the state courts system, the offices of the public defenders, the offices of the state attorneys, and the 4 5 offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts and the 6 capability to connect those entities and reporting data to the 7 state as required for the transmission of revenue, performance 8 accountability, case management, data collection, budgeting, and auditing purposes. By January 1, 2006, the integrated 9 10 computer system specified under this subparagraph must be able 11 to electronically exchange judicial case background, sentencing guidelines and scoresheets, and video evidence 12 information stored in integrated case-management systems over 13 secure networks. This data sharing must be accomplished using 14 proven, off-the-shelf software packages that enable 15 information exchange at four levels: 16

- a. Within each of the 20 judicial circuits;
- b. Across the 20 judicial circuits;
- c. Between Florida and other cooperative states where applicable and authorized; and
- <u>d. Between Florida and participating United States</u>

 <u>federal government agencies and departments where applicable</u>

 and authorized.
- 3. Postage, printed documents, radio, courier messenger and subpoena services, support services, all maintenance, supplies, and line charges.
- 4. Auxiliary aids and services for qualified individuals with a disability which are necessary to ensure access to the courts. Such auxiliary aids and services include, but are not limited to, real-time transcription services for individuals who are hearing impaired, and

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assistive listening devices and the equipment necessary to implement such accommodations.

- (g) "Existing radio systems" includes, but is not limited to, law enforcement radio systems that are used by the circuit and county courts, the offices of the public defenders, the offices of the state attorneys, and for court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts. This includes radio systems that were operational or under contract at the time Revision No. 7, 1998, to Art. V of the State Constitution was adopted and any enhancements made thereafter, the maintenance of those systems, and the personnel and supplies necessary for operation.
- "Existing multiagency criminal justice information (h) systems" includes, but is not limited to, those components of the multiagency criminal justice information system as defined in s. 943.045, supporting the offices of the circuit or county courts, the public defenders' offices, the state attorneys' offices, or those portions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts performing court-related functions that are used to carry out the court-related activities of those entities. This includes upgrades and maintenance of the current equipment, maintenance and upgrades of supporting technology infrastructure and associated staff, and services and expenses to assure continued information sharing and reporting of information to the state. The counties shall also provide additional information technology services, hardware, and software as needed for new judges and staff of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public defenders' offices, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts performing court-related functions.

31 following method:

1 (2) Counties shall pay reasonable and necessary 2 salaries, costs, and expenses of the state courts system, 3 including associated staff and expenses, to meet local requirements as determined by general law. 4 5 (a) Local requirements are those specialized programs, 6 nonjudicial staff, and other expenses associated with 7 specialized court programs, specialized prosecution needs, 8 specialized defense needs, or resources that are needed in a local jurisdiction as a result of special factors or 9 circumstances. Local requirements exist when: 10 11 1. The county has enacted an ordinance, adopted a local program, or funded activities that have a financial or 12 operational impact on the circuit or a county within the 13 14 circuit; or 2. There are circumstances in a given circuit or 15 county which have resulted in or necessitate implementation of 16 17 specialized programs, the provision of nonjudicial staff and expenses to specialized court programs, special prosecution 18 19 needs, specialized defense needs, or the commitment of 20 resources to the court's jurisdiction. 21 (b) Factors and circumstances that result in the 22 establishment of a local requirement based on subparagraph (a)2. include, but are not limited to: 23 24 1. Geographic factors; 25 2. Demographic factors; 3. Labor market forces; 26 27 The number and location of court facilities; or 28 The volume, severity, complexity, or mix of court 29 cases.

(c) Local requirements must be determined by the

1. The chief judge of the circuit, in conjunction with				
the state attorney and the public defender only on matters				
that impact their offices, shall list all local requirements				
that exist within the circuit or within each county in the				
circuit and shall identify the reasonable and necessary				
salaries, costs, and expenses to provide such local				
requirements.				
2. On or before June 1 of each year, the chief judge				
shall submit to the board of county commissioners a tentative				

- 2. On or before June 1 of each year, the chief judge shall submit to the board of county commissioners a tentative budget for local requirements for the ensuing fiscal year. The tentative budget must certify a listing of all local requirements and the reasonable and necessary salaries, costs, and expenses of each local requirement. However, the board of county commissioners may, by resolution, require the certification to be submitted earlier.
- 3. The board of county commissioners shall thereafter treat the certification in accordance with the county's budgetary procedures. A board of county commissioners may:
- a. Determine whether to provide funding, and to what extent it will provide funding, for salaries, costs, and expenses under this section;
- b. Require a county finance officer to conduct a preaudit review of any county funds provided under this section prior to disbursement;
- c. Require review or audit of funds expended under this section by the appropriate county office; and
- d. Provide additional financial support for the courts system, state attorneys, or public defenders.

Section 18. Section 43.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

43.26 Chief Presiding judge of circuit; selection; 1 powers.--2 3 (1) The chief presiding judge of each judicial circuit, who shall be a circuit judge, shall exercise 4 5 administrative supervision over all the trial courts within 6 the judicial circuit and over the judges and other officers of 7 such courts. 8 (2) The chief presiding judge of the circuit shall 9 have the power: 10 (a) To assign judges to any division of the court the 11 trial of civil or criminal cases, to preliminary hearings, or to divisions and to determine the length of the assignment; 12 (b) To assign clerks and bailiffs; 13 14 (b) (c) To regulate use of courtrooms; 15 (c) (d) To supervise dockets and calendars; (d)(e) To require attendance of state attorneys, 16 17 prosecutors and public defenders, clerks, bailiffs, and all 18 other officers of the court; and 19 (e) (f) To do everything necessary to promote the 20 prompt and efficient administration of justice in the courts over which he or she is chief judge presides. 21 22 To delegate to the trial court administrator, by administrative order, the authority to bind the circuit in 23 24 contract. 25 (g) To manage, operate, and oversee the jury system as 26 provided in s. 40.001. 27 (3) The chief presiding judge shall be responsible to 28 the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for such information as 29 may be required by the Chief Justice, including, but not

limited to, caseload, status of dockets, and disposition of

31 cases in the courts over which he or she presides.

1 (4) The chief presiding judge of the circuit shall be 2 selected by a majority of the judges subject to this section 3 in that circuit for a term of 2 years. The chief presiding judge may succeed himself or herself for successive terms. 4

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- (5) Failure of any judge, clerk, prosecutor, public defender, or other officer of the court to comply with an order or directive of the chief presiding judge under this section shall constitute neglect of duty for which such officer may be suspended from office as provided by law.
- (6) There may be a trial court administrator an executive assistant to the presiding judge who shall perform such duties as the chief presiding judge may direct.

Section 19. Section 40.001, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

40.001 Chief judge; authority; duties. -- The chief judge of each judicial circuit is vested with overall authority and responsibility for the management, operation, and oversight of the jury system within his or her circuit. However, in accordance with this chapter and chapter 905, the clerk of the circuit court has specific responsibilities regarding the processing of jurors, including, but not limited to, qualifications, summons, selection list, reporting, and compensation of jurors. The clerk of the courts may contract with the chief judge for the court's assistance in the provision of services to process jurors. The chief judge may also designate to the clerk of the circuit court additional duties consistent with established uniform standards of jury management practices that the Supreme Court may adopt by rule or issue through an administrative order.

Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 31 92.153, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

92.153 Production of documents by witnesses; reimbursement of costs.--

- (2) REIMBURSEMENT OF A DISINTERESTED WITNESS.--
- (a) In any proceeding, a disinterested witness shall be paid for any costs the witness reasonably incurs either directly or indirectly in producing, searching for, reproducing, or transporting documents pursuant to a summons: however, the cost of documents produced pursuant to a subpoena or records request by a state attorney or public defender may not exceed 15 cents per page and \$10 per hour for research or retrieval.

Section 21. Effective July 1, 2004, section 925.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

925.035 Appointment and compensation of attorneys an attorney in capital cases; appeals from judgments imposing the death penalty; compensation of attorneys in clemency cases.--

- (1) Any counsel appointed to handle a capital case must meet the minimum standard for attorneys in capital cases adopted by the Florida Supreme Court and the eligibility and performance standards set by the Florida Public Defenders Association and the Office of the State Courts Administrator.
- (2)(1) If the court determines that the defendant in a capital case is <u>indigent</u> insolvent and desires counsel, it shall appoint a public defender to represent the defendant. If the public defender appointed to represent two or more defendants found to be <u>indigent</u> insolvent determines that neither the public defender nor her or his staff can counsel all of the accused without conflict of interest, it shall be the public defender's duty to move the court to appoint one or more members of The Florida Bar, who are in no way affiliated with the public defender in her or his capacity as such or in

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her or his private practice, to represent those accused. The attorney shall be allowed compensation, as provided for in s.

925.036 for representing a defendant.

(3)(2) If the defendant is convicted and the death

(3)(2) If the defendant is convicted and the death sentence is imposed, the appointed <u>counsel</u> attorney shall <u>perfect</u> prosecute an appeal to the Supreme Court. The attorney shall be compensated as provided for in s. 925.036. If the <u>counsel</u> attorney first appointed is unable to <u>handle</u> prosecute the appeal, the court shall appoint another <u>counsel</u> attorney and the attorney shall be compensated as provided for in s. 925.036.

- (3) If there is a second trial of the same case, the appointed attorney shall be compensated as provided for in s. 925.036.
- (4) If the death sentence is imposed and is affirmed on appeal to the Supreme Court, the trial court that rendered the judgment imposing the death penalty may appoint the public defender or the conflict counsel appointed under this section to also represent an indigent defendant who has applied for executive clemency as relief from the execution of the judgment imposing the death penalty. The appointed conflict counsel attorney shall be compensated as provided in s. 925.037.allowed compensation, not to exceed \$1,000, for attorney's fees and costs incurred in representing the defendant as to an application for executive clemency, Such compensation is to be paid out of general revenue from funds budgeted to the Department of Corrections. The public defender or an attorney appointed pursuant to this section may be appointed by the trial court that rendered the judgment imposing the death penalty, to represent an indigent defendant

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who has applied for executive clemency as relief from the execution of the judgment imposing the death penalty.

- (5) When the appointed conflict counsel attorney in a capital case has completed the duties imposed by this section, the conflict counsel attorney shall file a written report in the trial court stating the duties that were performed by her or him and request to be discharged apply for discharge.
- (6) All costs under this section that a county is required to pay pursuant to s. 29.008 compensation and costs provided for in this section, except as provided in subsection (4), shall be paid by the county in which the trial is held unless the trial was moved to that county on the ground that a fair and impartial trial could not be held in another county, in which event the compensation and costs shall be paid by the original county from which the cause was removed.

Section 22. Effective July 1, 2004, section 925.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

925.036 Appointed counsel; compensation; reassignment of case prohibited. --

(1) At the conclusion of representation, counsel An attorney appointed pursuant to s. 27.51 or s. 925.035, other than a public defender, s. 925.035 or s. 27.53 shall, at the conclusion of the representation, be compensated in accordance with the schedule of fee and expense allowance established by the circuit indigent representation committee pursuant to s. 925.037. If an appointed conflict counsel under s. 925.035 is providing representation in a second trial of the same capital case, he or she is to be compensated as provided in s. 925.037.at an hourly rate fixed by the chief judge or senior judge of the circuit in an amount not to exceed the prevailing 31 | hourly rate for similar representation rendered in the

circuit; however, such compensation shall not exceed the 2 maximum fee limits established by this section. In addition, 3 such attorney shall be reimbursed for expenses reasonably 4 incurred, including the costs of transcripts authorized by the 5 court. If the attorney is representing a defendant charged 6 with more than one offense in the same case, the attorney 7 shall be compensated at the rate provided for the most serious offense for which she or he represented the defendant. This 8 9 section does not allow stacking of the fee limits established 10 by this section. 11 (2) The compensation for representation shall not 12 exceed the following: 13 (a) For misdemeanors and juveniles represented at the trial level: \$1,000. 14 (b) For noncapital, nonlife felonies represented at 15 the trial level: \$2,500. 16 17 (c) For life felonies represented at the trial level: \$3,000. 18 19 (d) For capital cases represented at the trial level: \$3,500. 20 (e) For representation on appeal: \$2,000. 21 22 (2)(3) A conflict counsel An attorney appointed in lieu of the public defender to represent an indigent defendant 23 24 or a counsel appointed to a case enumerated under s. 27.51 may 25 not reassign or subcontract the case to another attorney and may not permit an attorney who does not meet the eligibility 26 27 and performance standards set by the Florida Public Defenders 28 Association and the Office of the State Courts Administrator 29 to appear at critical stages of the case. This subsection does not prohibit a certified intern with the public defender's 30 31 office from appearing under appropriate supervision.

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1 Section 23. Effective July 1, 2004, section 925.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2 3 925.037 Reimbursement of counties for fees paid to $\frac{\text{appointed counsel}}{\text{Circuit indigent representation }}$ 4 5 committees; composition; staff; responsibilities; funding .--6 (1) Funds shall be appropriated each fiscal year to 7 reimburse counties for fees paid to certain court-appointed attorneys. In order for a fee paid by a county to be 9 reimbursable from such funds, the attorney must have been appointed pursuant to s. 27.53(3) or s. 925.035, must have 10 11 been approved for such appointment by the circuit conflict committee prior to appointment, and must have been compensated 12 within the maximum fee limits provided by s. 925.036, except 13 that a fee is also reimbursable from such funds if paid by a 14 county pursuant to a finding by a circuit court that the 15 criminal case involved extraordinary circumstances such that 16 17 the fee limits were inapplicable as a matter of law. 18 (2) Beginning with the fiscal year commencing July 1, 19 1991, such funds shall be allocated among the respective 20 counties by the Justice Administrative Commission on the basis 21 of each county's proportionate share of the total number of cases assigned to the public defender statewide in the 22 preceding calendar year, as reported by the public defenders 23 24 to the legislative appropriations committees. 25 (1)(3) In each judicial circuit a circuit indigent 26 representation conflict committee shall be established. The 27 committee shall consist of the following:

(a) The chief judge of the judicial circuit or the

(b) The public defender of the judicial circuit who

chief judge's designee designated representative.

shall serve as the chair.

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(c) (b) One experienced private criminal defense attorney who, at the time of the appointment, is not the attorney of record in a noncapital criminal conflict case, and who is appointed by the chief judge or the chief judge's designee and the public defender to serve a 2-year term. During the 2-year term, the attorney may not accept or participate in a noncapital criminal conflict case. One representative of each board of county commissioners within the judicial circuit, each such representative to be designated by board resolution. (c) The public defender of the judicial circuit. (d) One experienced civil trial attorney who, at the time of appointment, is not the attorney of record in a case under s. 27.51, who is appointed by the chief judge or the chief judge's designee and the public defender, to serve a 2-year term. During the 2-year term, the attorney may not accept or participate in a case under s. 27.51. $(2)(a)\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ The responsibility of the circuit indigent representation conflict committee is to select and approve attorneys for all appointments pursuant to ss. 27.51, 27.53(3), and 925.035, commonly known as conflict case appointments. The circuit indigent representation conflict committee shall meet at least quarterly once each year. The circuit indigent representation committee shall determine the most appropriate and cost-effective method of providing legal representation. The committee shall apply the written eligibility and performance standards set by the Florida Public Defenders Association and the Office of State Courts Administrator for each type of case enumerated in s. 27.51. The circuit indigent representation committee shall develop a

of case enumerated in s. 27.51. However, in developing a schedule of standard fees and expense allowances for criminal cases involving a court-appointed attorney, the civil trial attorney may not participate. In developing a schedule of standard fees and expense allowances for civil cases involving a court-appointed attorney, the criminal defense attorney may not participate. Expenditures exceeding those that the circuit indigent representation committee has determined to be appropriate may not be allowed without prior court approval.

- (b) The Florida Public Defenders Association and the Office of State Courts Administrator shall, at a minimum, incorporate into the eligibility and performance standards requirements related to length of bar membership, continuing legal education, and relevant trial experience. At a minimum, the experience standards for criminal cases must require participation in three criminal trials for an attorney to be eligible for a third-degree felony case and five criminal trials to be eligible for a case involving a felony of the second degree or a higher degree. The public defender may not participate in case-related decisions, performance evaluations, or expense determinations in conflict cases.
- (3) The Justice Administrative Commission shall prepare and issue on a quarterly basis, a statewide report comparing actual year-to-date expenditures to budgeted amounts for the circuit indigent representation committees in each of the judicial circuits. Copies of these quarterly reports shall be distributed to each circuit indigent representation committee and the legislative chairs of the Senate and House of Representatives appropriations committees.
- (4) Each public defender shall designate a circuit indigent representation committee coordinator to be

responsible for the administration of the committee program, including, but not limited to, the monitoring of attorney's fees and expenditures, the preparation of vouchers and batch sheets for attorney's expenditures, scheduling and staffing the quarterly meetings, and reviewing reports issued by the Justice Administrative Commission. A public defender may require a separate location for the staff of the circuit indigent representation committee as provided in s. 29.008(1).

- (5)(a) The positions and funding for the administration of the circuit indigent representation committee program shall be as appropriated to the public defenders in the General Appropriations Act.
- (b) The funding and positions for the processing of committees' fees and expenses shall be as appropriated to the Justice Administrative Commission in the General Appropriations Act.
- (c) Funds for criminal conflict case fees and expenses shall be appropriated by the Legislature in a separate appropriations category within the Justice Administrative Commission. These funds shall be allocated to each circuit as prescribed in the General Appropriations Act.
- (d) Separate funds for attorneys' fees and expenses in conflict cases under chapter 394 shall be appropriated by the Legislature in a separate appropriations category within the Justice Administrative Commission.
- (e) The Legislature shall appropriate separate funds
 for attorneys' fees and expenses in child dependency cases and
 other court-appointed attorney cases in a separate
 appropriations category within the Justice Administrative
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(5)(a) The clerk of the circuit court in each county shall submit to the Justice Administrative Commission a statement of conflict counsel fees at least annually. Such statement shall identify total expenditures incurred by the county on fees of counsel appointed by the court pursuant to this section where such fees are taxed against the county by judgment of the court. On the basis of such statement of expenditures, the Justice Administrative Commission shall pay state conflict case appropriations to the county. The statement of conflict counsel fees shall be on a form prescribed by the Justice Administrative Commission in consultation with the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations and the Comptroller. Such form also shall provide for the separate reporting of total expenditures made by the county on attorney fees in cases in which other counsel were appointed by the court where the public defender was unable to accept the case as a result of a stated lack of resources. To facilitate such expenditure identification and reporting, the public defender, within 7 days of the appointment of such counsel by the court, shall report to the clerk of circuit court case-related information sufficient to permit the clerk to identify separately county expenditures on fees of such counsel. No county shall be required to submit any additional information to the commission on an annual or other basis in order to document or otherwise verify the expenditure information provided on the statement of conflict counsel fees form, except as provided in paragraph (c). (b) Before September 30 of each year, the clerk of the circuit court in each county shall submit to the Justice Administrative Commission a report of conflict counsel

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expenses and costs for the previous local government fiscal year. Such report shall identify expenditures incurred by the county on expenses and costs of counsel appointed by the court pursuant to this section where such expenses and costs are taxed against the county by judgment of the court. Such report of expenditures shall be on a form prescribed by the commission in consultation with the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations and the Comptroller, provided that such form shall at a minimum separately identify total county expenditures for witness fees and expenses, court reporter fees and costs, and defense counsel travel and per diem. Such form also shall provide for the separate reporting of total county expenditures on attorney expenses and costs in cases in which other counsel were appointed by the court where the public defender was unable to accept the case as a result of a stated lack of resources. To facilitate such expenditure identification and reporting, the public defender, within 7 days of the appointment of such counsel by the court, shall report to the clerk of the circuit court case-related information sufficient to permit the clerk to identify separately county expenditures on expenses and costs of such counsel. No county shall be required to submit any additional information to the Justice Administrative Commission on an annual or other basis in order to document or otherwise verify the expenditure information provided on the report of conflict counsel expenses and costs form, except as provided in paragraph (c). (c) Before September 30 of each year, each county shall submit to the Justice Administrative Commission a statement of compliance from its independent certified public accountant, engaged pursuant to chapter 11, that each of the

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forms submitted to the Justice Administrative Commission, as provided for in paragraphs (a) and (b), accurately represent county expenditures incurred in public defender conflict-of-interest cases during each reporting period covered by the statements. The statement of compliance also shall state that the expenditures made and reported were in compliance with relevant portions of Florida law. Such statement may be reflected as part of the annual audit. In the event that the statements are found to be accurate and the expenditures noted thereon to have been made in compliance with relevant portions of Florida law, no additional information or documentation shall be required to accompany the standardized statement of compliance submitted to the commission. If the statement of compliance submitted by the independent certified public accountant indicates that one or more of the forms contained inaccurate expenditure information or if expenditures incurred were not in compliance with relevant portions of Florida law, the commission may require the submission of additional information as may be necessary to identify the nature of the problem. (d) Upon the failure of a clerk of the circuit court

or county to submit any report or information required by this section, the Justice Administrative Commission may refuse to honor any claim until such clerk or county is determined by the commission to be in compliance with such requirements. In the event that the statement of compliance submitted by a county pursuant to paragraph (c) indicates that the clerk of the circuit court claimed more than was actually expended by the county, the Justice Administrative Commission may require the clerk to submit complete supporting documentation of the

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county's expenditures on conflict-of-interest cases for the ensuing 3-year period.

- (6) No funds may be transferred to increase the amount available for reimbursement; however, these funds may be reallocated among the counties with the approval of the Justice Administrative Commission in consultation with the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees.
- (7) Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to be an appropriation. Once the allocation to the county has been expended, any further obligation under s. 27.53(3) shall continue to be the responsibility of the county pursuant to this chapter.

Section 24. Section 43.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 43.35 Witness coordinating programs offices. -- Each circuit court administrator shall establish a witness coordinating program office in each county within the his or her judicial circuit or shall contract for the creation of such a program. The program office shall be responsible for:
- (1) Coordinating court appearances, including pretrial conferences and depositions, for all witnesses who are subpoenaed in criminal cases, including law enforcement personnel.
- (2) Contacting witnesses and securing information necessary to place a witness on an on-call status with regard to his or her court appearance.
- (3) Contacting witnesses to advise them not to report to court in the event the case for which they have been subpoenaed has been continued or has had a plea entered, or in the event there is any other reason why their attendance is 31 | not required on the dates they have been ordered to report.

1 (4) Contacting the employer of a witness, when 2 necessary, to confirm that the employee has been subpoenaed to 3 appear in court as a witness. 4 5 In addition, the program office may provide additional 6 services to reduce time and wage losses to a minimum for all 7 witnesses. Section 25. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, 8 9 any judicial act may be performed by any judge or justice on 10 any day of the week, including Sundays and holidays. 11 Section 26. Effective July 1, 2004, sections 27.005, 27.006, 27.385, and 29.011, Florida Statutes, paragraph (a) of 12 13 subsection (1) of section 27.52, Florida Statutes, and subsection (3) of section 40.02, Florida Statutes, are 14 15 repealed. Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the 16 17 amendments made by this act to sections 27.51 and 27.53, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, effective July 1, 18 19 2004, section 943.053, Florida Statutes, as otherwise amended 20 is reenacted to read: 943.053 Dissemination of criminal justice information; 21 22 fees.--The Department of Law Enforcement shall 23 24 disseminate criminal justice information only in accordance with federal and state laws, regulations, and rules. 25 (2) Criminal justice information derived from federal 26 criminal justice information systems or criminal justice 27 28 information systems of other states shall not be disseminated 29 in a manner inconsistent with the laws, regulations, or rules

of the originating agency.

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- (3) Criminal history information, including information relating to minors, compiled by the Criminal Justice Information Program from intrastate sources shall be available on a priority basis to criminal justice agencies for criminal justice purposes free of charge and, otherwise, to governmental agencies not qualified as criminal justice agencies on an approximate-cost basis. After providing the program with all known identifying information, persons in the private sector may be provided criminal history information upon tender of fees as established and in the manner prescribed by rule of the Department of Law Enforcement. Such fees shall approximate the actual cost of producing the record information. As used in this subsection, the department's determination of actual cost shall take into account the total cost of creating, storing, maintaining, updating, retrieving, improving, and providing criminal history information in a centralized, automated database, including personnel, technology, and infrastructure expenses. Actual cost shall be computed on a fee-per-record basis, and any access to criminal history information by the private sector as provided in this subsection shall be assessed the per-record fee without regard to the quantity or category of criminal history record information requested. Fees may be waived by the executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement for good cause shown.
 - (4) Criminal justice information provided by the Department of Law Enforcement shall be used only for the purpose stated in the request.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department shall provide to the Florida Department of Revenue Child Support Enforcement access to Florida criminal records

which are not exempt from disclosure under chapter 119, and to such information as may be lawfully available from other states via the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System, for the purpose of locating subjects who owe or potentially owe support, as defined in s. 409.2554, or to whom such obligation is owed pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. Such information may be provided to child support enforcement authorities in other states for these specific purposes.

- department shall provide to each office of the public defender on-line access to criminal records of this state which are not exempt from disclosure under chapter 119 or confidential under law. Such access shall be used solely in support of the duties of a public defender as provided in s. 27.51 or of any attorney specially assigned as authorized in s. 27.53 in the representation of any person who is determined indigent as provided in s. 27.52. The costs of establishing and maintaining such on-line access shall be borne by the office to which the access has been provided.
- (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 943.0525, and any user agreements adopted pursuant thereto, and notwithstanding the confidentiality of sealed records as provided for in s. 943.059, the sheriff of any county that has contracted with a private entity to operate a county detention facility pursuant to the provisions of s. 951.062 shall provide that private entity, in a timely manner, copies of the Florida criminal history records for its inmates. The sheriff may assess a charge for the Florida criminal history records pursuant to the provisions of chapter 119. Sealed records

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received by the private entity under this section remain confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).

- (8) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 943.0525, and any user agreements adopted pursuant thereto, and notwithstanding the confidentiality of sealed records as provided for in s. 943.059, the Department of Corrections shall provide, in a timely manner, copies of the Florida criminal history records for inmates housed in a private state correctional facility to the private entity under contract to operate the facility pursuant to the provisions of s. 944.105 or s. 957.03. The department may assess a charge for the Florida criminal history records pursuant to the provisions of chapter 119. Sealed records received by the private entity under this section remain confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
- (9) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 943.0525 and any user agreements adopted pursuant thereto, and notwithstanding the confidentiality of sealed records as provided for in s. 943.059, the Department of Juvenile Justice or any other state or local criminal justice agency may provide copies of the Florida criminal history records for juvenile offenders currently or formerly detained or housed in a contracted juvenile assessment center or detention facility or serviced in a contracted treatment program and for employees or other individuals who will have access to these facilities, only to the entity under direct contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice to operate these facilities or programs pursuant to the provisions of s. 985.411. The criminal justice agency providing such data may assess a charge for the Florida criminal history records pursuant to 31 the provisions of chapter 119. Sealed records received by the

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30 31 private entity under this section remain confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). Information provided under this section shall be used only for the criminal justice purpose for which it was requested and may not be further disseminated.

Section 28. For the purpose of implementing Section 14, Article V of the State Constitution, the transfer of the funding responsibility for the state courts system shall not affect the validity of any judicial or administrative proceeding pending on the day of the transfer. The entity providing appropriations on and after July 1, 2004, shall be considered the successor in interest to any existing contracts, but is not responsible for funding or payment of any service rendered or provided prior to July 1, 2004.

Section 29. (1) The Chief Financial Officer shall provide to the Legislature detailed information on all costs of court-related services provided by the counties for the county fiscal year ended September 30, 2002. The required information must be provided to the Chief Financial Officer by the clerks of the court, or the appropriate county officer in counties where the clerk of the court is not the county's chief financial officer, in such manner as is prescribed by the Chief Financial Officer and subject to reporting deadlines prescribed by the Chief Financial Officer. The clerks of the court, state attorneys, public defenders, court administrators, boards of county commissioners, and sheriffs must provide such assistance to the Chief Financial Officer in the gathering of the necessary cost data as is requested by the Chief Financial Officer. The Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations also shall assist in gathering and assessing the cost data and provide technical assistance as

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requested by the Chief Financial Officer. The Auditor General shall provide technical advice with respect to the gathering and analysis of the cost data.

(2) Cost information shall be reported to the Chief Financial Officer at the transaction code level and, for specific transaction codes specified by the Chief Financial Officer, object and sub-object level, as set forth in the Uniform Accounting System Manual developed by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 218.33, Florida Statutes. In addition, costs must be reported for such specific programs or purposes categories as determined necessary by the Chief Financial Officer. Cost information provided for such programs or purposes includes identification of the specific account classifications within the Uniform Accounting System Manual to which the costs were recorded. The clerks of the court, or the appropriate county officer in counties where the clerk of the court is not the county's chief financial officer, must reconcile the cost information provided to the Chief Financial Officer with the Annual Financial Report, which is required by section 218.32, Florida Statutes. The clerks of the court must provide the Chief Financial Officer with written certification, signed by the clerks of the court, state attorneys, public defenders, court administrators, boards of county commissions' chairpersons, and sheriffs attesting to the accuracy of the cost information.

(3) The Chief Financial Officer shall reimburse individuals for travel costs incurred as a result of participation in the gathering and analysis of the cost data from funds specifically appropriated for such purpose.

1	(4) The Chief Financial Officer shall provide a report
2	to the chairs of the Senate and House appropriations
3	committees no later than November 1, 2003, summarizing the
4	court-related cost information submitted by the clerks of the
5	court.
6	(5) The sum of \$50,000 from the General Revenue Fund
7	is appropriated to the Department of Financial Services for
8	state fiscal year 2003-2004 to support this project.
9	Section 30. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
LO	this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2003.
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1		STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2		CS for SB 1184
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4	_	Prohibits the clerk of the court from assessing a service charge to judges, justices, state attorneys and public
5		defenders for copies of public records.
6	-	Adds witness coordination programs to the list of elements of the state court system and allows circuit
7		courts to contract for those programs.
8	-	Adds electronic legal research, transcription services, copying of depositions, sign-language interpreters and
9		pretrial consultation costs to the list of elements of the state court system for state attorneys and public
10		defenders.
11	-	Adds pre-trial consultation costs and reasonable travel expenses to the list of elements of the state court
12		system for court-appointed counsel.
13	-	Removes wireless communications and long-distance charges from the definition of communications for items that
14	CC	counties are responsible for providing to state court system.
15	_	Eliminates proposed language that would include computer
16		systems and equipment as part of the enumerated state courts' elements.
17	_	Restores to current law the requirement that counties are
18		responsible for all computer system, equipment, and support services for the state court's system. Also
19		requires that by January 1, 2006, the court computer system must be integrated to allow information to be
20		shared between court entities within and among circuits, between Florida and other states, and between Florida and
21		the federal government.
22	_	Provides that counties may review the request of the chief judge for local requirements resources, pre-audit
23		disbursements for local requirements, audit expenditures for local requirements, and provide additional funding
24	for the cou defenders.	for the courts system, state attorneys and public
- Assigns the chief judge the responsibility for mar jury systems as provided in s. 40.001, F.S.	Assigns the chief judge the responsibility for managing	
	jury systems as provided in s. 40.001, F.S.	
27	-	Removes the limitation on the cost of copies charged to the state attorneys and public defenders for copies of
28		medical records specified in s. 395.3025 (4) (d), F.S.
29	_	Provides that judicial acts may be performed by judges on any day of the week, including holidays.
30	_	Repeals s. 27.52(1)(a), F.S., relating to the court
31		determining indigency for purpose of appointing a public defender. 62

1 2	-	Requires the chief judge to consult with the state attorney and public defender when identifying local requirements that relate to their offices.
3	_	Directs the Chief Financial Officer to provide certain
4		information on the court-related expenditures of the counties by November 1, 2003. The sum of \$50,000 from
5		the General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Chief Financial Officer for this requirement.
6	-	Removes the limitation on representation by the public defender in direct appeals of death penalty cases when
7		the public defender has represented the person at trial. (s.27.51(5),F.S.).
8	_	Eliminates proposed language prohibiting assistant public
9 10		defenders who do not meet certain requirements from appearing at a critical stage of an indigent defendant's
11	_	case. Eliminates current law requiring payment of a fee and
12		expenses for attorneys who work as volunteers for the public defender.
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