## 24-466A-03

	24-400A-03
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to regulation of real estate
3	professionals; amending s. 475.001, F.S.;
4	redesignating "salespersons" as "broker
5	associates"; amending s. 475.01, F.S.; defining
6	and redefining terms; amending s. 475.011,
7	F.S.; revising exemptions from regulation
8	requirements; amending s. 475.02, F.S.;
9	conforming terminology; amending s. 475.03,
10	F.S.; deleting authority of the Attorney
11	General with respect to retention of legal
12	counsel by the Florida Real Estate Commission;
13	amending s. 475.04, F.S.; conforming
14	terminology; providing powers of independent
15	certification organizations; amending s.
16	475.15, F.S.; revising requirements related to
17	registration and licensing of partnerships;
18	amending s. 475.17, F.S.; conforming
19	terminology; requiring that distance learning
20	courses be interactive; authorizing additional
21	subjects for postlicensure education; amending
22	s. 475.175, F.S.; revising requirements for
23	license examination applications; amending s.
24	475.181, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending
25	s. 475.182, F.S.; providing guidelines for
26	approving specialty courses; providing for
27	duration of initial licenses; amending s.
28	475.215, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending
29	s. 475.22, F.S.; revising requirements with
30	respect to brokers' signs; amending s. 475.23,
31	F.S.; providing for notice of change of

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address; amending s. 475.25, F.S.; revising duties of licensees with respect to escrowed property; providing guidelines for real estate transactions in cooperation between licensed professionals and professionals licensed out-of-state; allowing a broker to place personal funds in his or her escrow account; providing a time limit on filing complaints against a licensee; providing for referral of criminal violations to prosecuting authorities; amending s. 475.2755, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 475.278, F.S.; revising provisions relating to authorized brokerage relationships; providing a presumption of transaction brokerage; revising disclosure requirements; amending s. 475.31, F.S.; providing effect of revocation on suspension of broker's license; amending s. 475.37, F.S.; conforming terminology; creating s. 475.4005, F.S.; providing penalties for unlicensed practice of real estate; providing for cease and desist orders; authorizing rules; amending s. 475.41, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 475.42, F.S.; providing an additional ground for disciplinary action; providing penalties; amending s. 475.43, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 475.451, F.S.; revising prerequisites for renewal of an instructor permit; revising period for which instructor permits may be issued; repealing the prohibition against real

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1 estate schools advertising a guarantee that 2 their pupils will pass licensure examinations; 3 amending s. 475.4511, F.S.; repealing prohibitions against certain advertising; 4 5 amending ss. 475.453, 475.455, F.S.; conforming 6 terminology; amending s. 475.482, F.S.; increasing the maximum amount that may be in the Real Estate Recovery Fund; amending s. 8 9 475.483, F.S.; revising guidelines for payment 10 of attorney's fees with respect to recovery 11 from the fund; amending ss. 475.484, 475.5017, F.S.; increasing maximum amounts payable from 12 the fund; amending s. 475.612, F.S.; conforming 13 terminology; amending s. 689.25, F.S.; 14 prescribing facts and conditions the existence 15 of which need not be disclosed in a real estate 16 17 transaction; repealing ss. 475.421, F.S., relating to publication of false or misleading 18 19 information, 475.422, F.S., relating to 20 disclosure, 475.452, F.S., relating to advance fees; providing an effective date. 21 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 24 25 Section 1. Section 475.001, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 27 475.001 Purpose. -- The Legislature deems it necessary 28 in the interest of the public welfare to regulate real estate 29 brokers, broker associates salespersons, and schools in this 30 state.

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Section 2. Section 475.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.01 Definitions.--

- (1) As used in this part:
- "Broker" means a person who, for another, and for a compensation or valuable consideration directly or indirectly paid or promised, expressly or impliedly, or with an intent to collect or receive a compensation or valuable consideration therefor, appraises, auctions, sells, exchanges, buys, rents, or offers, attempts or agrees to appraise, auction, or negotiate the sale, exchange, purchase, or rental of business enterprises or business opportunities or any real property or any interest in or concerning the same, including mineral rights or leases, or who advertises or holds out to the public by any oral or printed solicitation or representation that she or he is engaged in the business of appraising, auctioning, buying, selling, exchanging, leasing, or renting business enterprises or business opportunities or real property of others or interests therein, including mineral rights, or who takes any part in the procuring of sellers, purchasers, lessors, or lessees of business enterprises or business opportunities or the real property of another, or leases, or interest therein, including mineral rights, or who directs or assists in the procuring of prospects or in the negotiation or closing of any transaction which does, or is calculated to, result in a sale, exchange, or leasing thereof, and who receives, expects, or is promised any compensation or valuable consideration, directly or indirectly therefor; and all persons who advertise rental property information or lists. A broker renders a 31 professional service and is a professional within the meaning

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of s. 95.11(4)(a). Where the term "appraise" or "appraising" appears in the definition of the term "broker," it specifically excludes those appraisal services which must be performed only by a state-licensed or state-certified appraiser, and those appraisal services which may be performed by a registered assistant appraiser as defined in part II. The term "broker" also includes any person who is a general partner, officer, or director of a partnership or corporation which acts as a broker. The term "broker" also includes any person who is qualified to be issued a license as a broker but who operates as a broker associate in the employ of another and any person or entity who undertakes to list or sell one or more timeshare periods per year in one or more timeshare plans on behalf of any number of persons, except as provided in ss. 475.011 and 721.20.

- (b) "Broker associate" means a person who performs any act specified in the definition of "broker" but who performs such act under the employment of another person. A broker associate renders a professional service and is a professional within the meaning of s. 95.11(4)(a). This definition does not limit a broker associate from registering as an officer or director of a brokerage corporation or a general partner of a brokerage partnership. A broker associate may also form or be a member of a partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or corporation with brokers and other broker associates. "Broker-salesperson" means a person who is qualified to be issued a license as a broker but who operates as a salesperson in the employ of another.
- (c) "Commission" means the Florida Real Estate Commission.

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- (d) "Customer" means a member of the public who is or may be a buyer or seller of real property and may or may not be represented by a real estate licensee in an authorized brokerage relationship.
- (e) "Department" means the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (f) "Fiduciary" means a broker in a relationship of trust and confidence between that broker as agent and the seller or buyer as principal. The duties of the broker as a fiduciary are loyalty, confidentiality, obedience, full disclosure, and accounting and the duty to use skill, care, and diligence.
- (g) "Involuntarily inactive status" means the licensure status that results when a license is not renewed at the end of the license period prescribed by the department.
- (h) "Principal" means the party with whom a real estate licensee has entered into a single agent relationship.
- (i) "Real property" or "real estate" means any interest or estate in land and any interest in business enterprises or business opportunities, including any assignment, leasehold, subleasehold, or mineral right; however, the term does not include any cemetery lot or right of burial in any cemetery; nor does the term include the renting of a mobile home lot or recreational vehicle lot in a mobile home park or travel park.
- (j) "Salesperson" means a person who performs any act specified in the definition of "broker," but who performs such act under the direction, control, or management of another person. A salesperson renders a professional service and is a professional within the meaning of s. 95.11(4)(a).

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(j)(k) "Single agent" means a broker who represents, as a fiduciary, either the buyer or seller but not both in the same transaction.

(k)<del>(l)</del> "Transaction broker" means a broker who provides limited representation to a buyer, a seller, or both, in a real estate transaction, but does not represent either in a fiduciary capacity or as a single agent. In a transaction broker relationship, a buyer or seller is not responsible for the acts of a licensee. Additionally, the parties to a real estate transaction are giving up their rights to the undivided loyalty of a licensee. This aspect of limited representation allows a licensee to facilitate a real estate transaction by assisting both the buyer and the seller, but a licensee will not work to represent one party to the detriment of the other party when acting as a transaction broker to both parties.

(1) (m) "Voluntarily inactive status" means the licensure status that results when a licensee has applied to the department to be placed on inactive status and has paid the fee prescribed by rule.

- The terms "employ," "employment," "employer," and "employee," when used in this chapter and in rules adopted pursuant thereto to describe the relationship between a broker and a broker associate salesperson, include an independent contractor relationship when such relationship is intended by and established between a broker and a broker associate salesperson. The existence of such relationship shall not relieve either the broker or the broker associate salesperson of her or his duties, obligations, or responsibilities under this chapter.
- (3) Wherever the word "operate" or "operating" as a 31 broker, broker-salesperson, or broker associate salesperson

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appears in this chapter; in any order, rule, or regulation of the commission; in any pleading, indictment, or information under this chapter; in any court action or proceeding; or in any order or judgment of a court, it shall be deemed to mean the commission of one or more acts described in this chapter as constituting or defining a broker, broker-salesperson, or broker associate salesperson, not including, however, any of the exceptions stated therein. A single such act is sufficient to bring a person within the meaning of this chapter, and each act, if prohibited herein, constitutes a separate offense.

(4) A broker acting as a trustee of a trust created under chapter 689 is subject to the provisions of this chapter unless the trustee is a bank, state or federal association, or trust company possessing trust powers as defined in s. 658.12(23).

Section 3. Section 475.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.011 Exemptions. -- This part does not apply to:

(1) Any person acting as an attorney in fact for the purpose of the execution of contracts or conveyances only; as an attorney at law within the scope of her or his duties as such; as a certified public accountant, as defined in chapter 473, within the scope of her or his duties as such; as the personal representative, receiver, trustee, or master under, or by virtue of, an appointment by will or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction; or as trustee under a deed of trust, or under a trust agreement, the ultimate purpose and intent whereof is charitable, is philanthropic, or provides for those having a natural right to the bounty of the donor or 31 trustor;

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- (2) Any individual, corporation, partnership, trust, joint venture, or other entity which sells, exchanges, or leases its own real property; however, this exemption shall not be available if and to the extent that an agent, employee, or independent contractor paid a commission or other compensation strictly on a transactional basis is employed to make sales, exchanges, or leases to or with customers in the ordinary course of an owner's business of selling, exchanging, or leasing real property to the public;
- (3) Any employee of a public utility, a rural electric cooperative, a railroad, or a state or local governmental agency who acts within the scope of her or his employment, for which no compensation in addition to the employee's salary is paid, to buy, sell, appraise, exchange, rent, auction, or lease any real property or any interest in real property for the use of her or his employer;
- (4) Any salaried employee of an owner, or of a registered broker for an owner, of an apartment community who works in an onsite rental office of the apartment community in a leasing capacity, provided the salaried employee works without any other compensation in addition to the salary;
- (5) Any person employed for a salary as a manager of a condominium or cooperative apartment complex as a result of any activities or duties which the person may have in relation to the renting of individual units within such condominium or cooperative apartment complex if rentals arranged by the person are for periods no greater than 1 year, provided the person works without any other compensation in addition to the salary;
- (6) Any person, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity which, for another and for compensation or other

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 valuable consideration, sells, offers to sell, advertises for sale, buys, offers to buy, or negotiates the sale or purchase of radio, television, or cable enterprises licensed and regulated by the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to the Communications Act of 1934. However, if the sale or purchase of the radio, television, or cable enterprise involves the sale or lease of land, buildings, fixtures, and all other improvements to the land, a broker or <a href="mailto:broker">broker</a> associate salesperson licensed under this chapter shall be retained for the portion of the transaction which includes the land, buildings, fixtures, and all other improvements to the land; or

- (7) Any full-time graduate student who is enrolled in a commission-approved degree program in appraising at a college or university in this state, if the student is acting under the direct supervision of a licensed broker or a licensed or certified appraiser and is engaged only in appraisal activities related to the approved degree program. Any appraisal report by the student must be issued in the name of the supervising individual:
- (8)(a) An owner of one or part of one or more timeshare periods for the owner's own use and occupancy who later offers one or more of such periods for resale;
- (b) An exchange company, as that term is defined by s. 721.05(14), but only to the extent that the exchange company is engaged in exchange program activities as described in and is in compliance with s. 721.18;.
- (9) Any person registered, licensed, or certified by the department under part II as an appraiser or assistant appraiser performing appraisals in accordance with that part $\underline{:}$  $\overline{\cdot}$

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- (10) Any person who appraises under the unit-rule method of valuation a railroad or railroad terminal company assessed for ad valorem tax purposes pursuant to s. 193.085;-
- (11) Any person, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity which, for another and for compensation or other valuable consideration, rents or advertises for rent, for transient occupancy, any public lodging establishment licensed under chapter 509;-
- (12) Any dealer registered under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any federally insured depository institution and any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate thereof, in connection with the sale, exchange, purchase, or rental of a business enterprise to or by a person who is an accredited investor as defined by 15 U.S.C. s. 77b, the Securities Act of 1933, or any regulation adopted thereunder. This exemption applies whether stock or assets of the business enterprise are purchased or sold. The exemption does not apply to a sale, exchange, purchase, or rental of land, buildings, fixtures or other improvements to the land which is not made in connection with the sale, exchange, purchase, or rental of a business enterprise. Any reference to rental in this subsection includes a lease transaction; or-
- (13) Any property management firm or any owner of an apartment complex for the act of paying a finder's fee or referral fee to an unlicensed person who is a tenant in such apartment complex provided the value of the fee does not exceed \$50 per transaction. Nothing in this subsection authorizes an unlicensed person to advertise or otherwise promote the person's services in procuring or assisting in procuring prospective lessees or tenants of apartment units. 31 For purposes of this subsection, "finder's fee" or "referral

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fee" means a fee paid, credit towards rent, or some other thing of value provided to a person for introducing or arranging an introduction between parties to a transaction involving the rental or lease of an apartment unit. It is a violation of s. 475.25(1)(h) and punishable under s. 475.42 for a property management firm or any owner of an apartment complex to pay a finder's fee or a referral fee to an unlicensed person unless expressly authorized by this subsection.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 475.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.02 Florida Real Estate Commission.--

(1) There is created within the department the Florida Real Estate Commission. The commission shall consist of seven members who shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate. Four members must be licensed brokers, each of whom has held an active license for the 5 years preceding appointment; one member must be a licensed broker or a licensed broker associate salesperson who has held an active license for the 2 years preceding appointment; and two members must be persons who are not, and have never been, brokers or broker associates salespersons. At least one member of the commission must be 60 years of age or older. The current members may complete their present terms unless removed for cause.

Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 475.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.03 Delegation of powers and duties; legal services.--

(2) Subject to the prior approval of the Attorney 31 General, The commission may retain independent legal counsel

to provide legal advice to the commission on a specific matter.

Section 6. Section 475.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.04 Duty of commission to educate members of profession.--

- (1) The commission shall foster the education of brokers, <u>broker associates</u> <del>broker-salespersons</del>, salespersons, and instructors concerning the ethical, legal, and business principles which should govern their conduct.
- (2) For the purpose of performing its duty under subsection (1) to educate persons holding a license or permit, the commission may conduct, offer, sponsor, prescribe, or approve real estate educational courses for all persons licensed or permitted by the department as brokers, <u>broker associates broker-salespersons</u>, salespersons, or instructors; and the cost and expense of such courses shall be paid as provided in s. 475.125.
- (3) The commission may also publish and sell, at a reasonable price intended to cover costs, a handbook on this chapter and other publications intended to be textbooks or guidelines for study and guidance of students, applicants, licensees, certificateholders, and permitholders, and members of the general public, copyright of which shall be the property of the state.
- (4) The commission may authorize independent certification organizations to certify or approve the delivery mechanism of distance learning courses. Certification must occur before the time a distance learning course is submitted to the commission for content approval by an accredited

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college, university, community college, area technical center, registered real estate school, or commission-approved sponsor.

Section 7. Section 475.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.15 Registration and licensing of general partners, members, officers, and directors of a firm. -- Each partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, or corporation which acts as a broker shall register with the commission and shall renew the licenses or registrations of its members, officers, and directors for each license period. However, if the partnership is a limited partnership, only the general partners must be licensed brokers or brokerage corporations registered pursuant to this part. If the license or registration of at least one active broker member is not in force, the registration of a corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or partnership is canceled automatically during that period of time. Section 8. Section 475.17, Florida Statutes, is

amended to read:

475.17 Qualifications for practice. --

(1)(a) An applicant for licensure who is a natural person must be at least 18 years of age; hold a high school diploma or its equivalent; be honest, truthful, trustworthy, and of good character; and have a good reputation for fair dealing. An applicant for an active broker's license or a broker associate's salesperson's license must be competent and qualified to make real estate transactions and conduct negotiations therefor with safety to investors and to those with whom the applicant may undertake a relationship of trust and confidence. If the applicant has been denied registration 31 or a license or has been disbarred, or the applicant's

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registration or license to practice or conduct any regulated profession, business, or vocation has been revoked or suspended, by this or any other state, any nation, or any possession or district of the United States, or any court or lawful agency thereof, because of any conduct or practices which would have warranted a like result under this chapter, or if the applicant has been guilty of conduct or practices in this state or elsewhere which would have been grounds for revoking or suspending her or his license under this chapter had the applicant then been registered, the applicant shall be deemed not to be qualified unless, because of lapse of time and subsequent good conduct and reputation, or other reason deemed sufficient, it appears to the commission that the interest of the public and investors will not likely be endangered by the granting of registration. The commission may adopt rules requiring an applicant for licensure to provide written information to the commission regarding the applicant's good character.

(b) An application may be disapproved if the applicant has acted or attempted to act, or has held herself or himself out as entitled to act, during the period of 1 year next prior to the filing of the application, as a real estate broker or broker associate salesperson in the state in violation of this chapter. This paragraph may be deemed to bar any person from licensure who has performed any of the acts or services described in s. 475.01(3), unless exempt pursuant to s. 475.011, during a period of 1 year next preceding the filing of the application, or during the pendency of the application, and until a valid current license has been duly issued to the person, regardless of whether the performance of the act or service was done for compensation or valuable consideration.

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(2)(a)1. In addition to other requirements under this part, the commission may require the satisfactory completion of one or more of the educational courses or equivalent courses conducted, offered, sponsored, prescribed, or approved pursuant to s. 475.04, taken at an accredited college, university, or community college, at an area technical center, or at a registered real estate school, as a condition precedent for any person to become licensed or to renew her or his license as a broker, broker-salesperson, or broker associate salesperson. The course or courses required for one to become initially licensed shall not exceed a total of 63 classroom hours of 50 minutes each, inclusive of examination, for a broker associate salesperson and 72 classroom hours of 50 minutes each, inclusive of examination, for a broker. The satisfactory completion of an examination administered by the accredited college, university, or community college, by the area technical center, or by the registered real estate school shall be the basis for determining satisfactory completion of the course. However, notice of satisfactory completion shall not be issued if the student has absences in excess of 8 classroom hours.

2. A distance learning course or courses shall be approved by the commission as an option to classroom hours as satisfactory completion of the course or courses as required by this section. The schools authorized by this section have the option of providing classroom courses, interactive distance learning courses, or both. However, satisfactory completion of a distance learning course requires the satisfactory completion of a timed distance learning course examination. Such examination shall not be required to be 31 | monitored or given at a centralized location.

- 3. Such required course or courses must be made available by correspondence or other suitable means to any person who, by reason of hardship, as defined by rule, cannot attend the place or places where the course or courses are regularly conducted or does not have access to the distance learning course or courses.
- (b) A person may not be licensed as a real estate broker unless, in addition to the other requirements of law, the person has held:
- 1. An active real estate <u>broker associate's</u> salesperson's license for at least 12 months during the preceding 5 years in the office of one or more real estate brokers licensed in this state or any other state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States or in any foreign national jurisdiction;
- 2. A current and valid real estate <u>broker associate's</u> salesperson's license for at least 12 months during the preceding 5 years in the employ of a governmental agency for a salary and performing the duties authorized in this part for real estate licensees; or
- 3. A current and valid real estate broker's license for at least 12 months during the preceding 5 years in any other state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States or in any foreign national jurisdiction.

This paragraph does not apply to a person employed as a real estate investigator by the Division of Real Estate, provided the person has been employed as a real estate investigator for at least 24 months. The person must be currently employed as a real estate investigator to sit for the real estate broker's

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examination and have held a valid and current <u>broker</u> associate's <del>salesperson's</del> license for at least 12 months.

- broker associate salesperson in Florida during the preceding 5 years may not be licensed as a real estate broker unless, in addition to the other requirements of law, she or he has completed the broker associate salesperson postlicensure educational requirements, if these requirements have been prescribed by the commission pursuant to paragraph (3)(a).
- (3)(a) The commission may prescribe a postlicensure education requirement in order for a person to maintain a valid broker associate's salesperson's license, which shall not exceed 45 classroom hours of 50 minutes each, inclusive of examination, prior to the first renewal following initial licensure. If prescribed, this shall consist of one or more commission-approved courses which total at least 45 classroom hours on one or more subjects which include, but are not limited to, property management, appraisal, real estate finance, or the economics of real estate management, marketing, technology, sales and listing of properties, business office management, courses teaching practical real estate application skills, development of business plans, marketing of property, and time management. Required postlicensure education courses must be provided by an accredited college, university, or community college, by an area technical center, by a registered real estate school, or by a commission-approved sponsor.
- (b) Satisfactory completion of the postlicensure education requirement is demonstrated by successfully meeting all standards established for the commission-prescribed or commission-approved institution or school. However, notice of

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satisfactory completion shall not be issued if the student has absences in excess of 10 percent of the required classroom hours or has not satisfactorily completed a timed distance learning course examination.

- (c) The license of any broker associate salesperson who does not complete the postlicensure education requirement prior to the first renewal following initial licensure shall be considered null and void. Such person wishing to again operate as a real estate broker associate salesperson must requalify by satisfactorily completing the broker associate's salesperson's prelicensure course and passing the state examination for licensure as a broker associate salesperson.
- A broker associate <del>salesperson</del> who is required to complete any postlicensure education requirement must complete any postlicensure education requirement and hold a current and valid license in order to be eligible for licensure as a broker.
- (4)(a) The commission may prescribe a postlicensure education requirement in order for a person to maintain a valid broker's license, which shall not exceed 60 classroom hours of 50 minutes each, inclusive of examination, prior to the first renewal following initial licensure. If prescribed, this shall consist of one or more commission-approved courses which total at least 60 classroom hours on one or more subjects which include, but are not limited to, advanced appraisal, advanced property management, real estate marketing, business law, advanced real estate investment analyses, advanced legal aspects, general accounting, real estate economics, syndications, commercial brokerage, feasibility analyses, advanced real estate finance, 31 residential brokerage, advanced marketing, technology,

 advanced business planning, time management, or real estate brokerage office operations. Required postlicensure education courses must be provided by an accredited college, university, or community college, by an area technical center, by a registered real estate school, or by a commission-approved sponsor.

- (b) Satisfactory completion of the postlicensure education requirement is demonstrated by successfully meeting all standards established for the commission-prescribed or commission-approved institution or school. However, notice of satisfactory completion shall not be issued if the student has absences in excess of 10 percent of the required classroom hours or has not satisfactorily completed a timed distance learning course examination.
- (c) The license of any broker who does not complete the postlicensure education requirement prior to the first renewal following initial licensure shall be considered null and void. If the licensee wishes to operate as a <a href="broker">broker</a>
  <a href="mailto:associate">associate</a> salesperson</a>, she or he may be issued a <a href="broker">broker</a>
  <a href="mailto:associate">associate's</a> salesperson's license after providing proof that she or he has satisfactorily completed the 14-hour continuing education course within the 6 months following expiration of her or his broker's license. To operate as a broker, the licensee must requalify by satisfactorily completing the broker's prelicensure course and passing the state examination for licensure as a broker.
- (5)(a) The commission may allow an additional 6-month period after the first renewal following initial licensure for completing the postlicensure education courses for <a href="mailto:broker">broker</a>
  <a href="mailto:associates">associates</a> <a href="mailto:salespersons">salespersons</a> and brokers who cannot, due to

individual physical hardship, as defined by rule, complete the courses within the required time.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (4), <u>broker</u> <u>associates</u> <u>salespersons</u> and brokers are not required to meet the 14-hour continuing education requirement prior to the first renewal following initial licensure.
- (c)1. A distance learning course or courses shall be approved by the commission as an option to classroom hours as satisfactory completion of the postlicensure education course or courses as required by this section. The schools or sponsors authorized by this section have the option of providing classroom courses, interactive distance learning courses, or both. However, satisfactory completion of a distance learning postlicensure education course or courses requires the satisfactory completion of a timed distance learning course examination. Such examination shall not be required to be monitored or given at a centralized location.
- 2. The commission shall provide for postlicensure education courses to be made available by correspondence or other suitable means to any person who, by reason of hardship, as defined by rule, cannot attend the place or places where courses are regularly conducted or does not have access to the distance learning courses.
- (6) The postlicensure education requirements of this section, and the education course requirements for one to become initially licensed, do not apply to any applicant or licensee who has received a 4-year degree in real estate from an accredited institution of higher education.

Section 9. Section 475.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.175 Examinations.--

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- (1) A person shall be entitled to take the license examination to practice in this state if the person:
- (a) Submits to the department the appropriate notarized or electronically authenticated application and fee, two photographs of herself or himself taken within the preceding year, and a fingerprint card. The fingerprint card shall be forwarded to the Division of Criminal Justice Information Systems within the Department of Law Enforcement for purposes of processing the fingerprint card to determine if the applicant has a criminal history record. The fingerprint card shall also be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of processing the fingerprint card to determine if the applicant has a criminal history record. The information obtained by the processing of the fingerprint card by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be sent to the department for the purpose of determining if the applicant is statutorily qualified for examination.
- (b) Submits at the time of examination the certificate specified in subsection (2), the examination admissions authorization letter card issued by the commission, and proof of identification.
- (2) Each accredited college, university, community college, or registered real estate school shall notify the commission of the names of all persons who have satisfactorily completed the educational requirements provided for in s. 475.17(2) and (3) in a manner prescribed by the commission. Furthermore, each such educational institution shall provide to each person satisfactorily completing the educational requirements provided for in s. 475.17(2) and (3)a 31 certificate as proof of such satisfactory completion.

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Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 475.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.181 Licensure.--

(1) The department shall license any applicant whom the commission certifies, pursuant to subsection (2), to be qualified to practice as a broker or broker associate salesperson.

Section 11. Section 475.182, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.182 Renewal of license; continuing education. --

The department shall renew a license upon receipt of the renewal application and fee. The renewal application for an active license as broker, broker-salesperson, or broker associate salesperson shall include proof satisfactory to the commission that the licensee has, since the issuance or renewal of her or his current license, satisfactorily completed at least 14 classroom hours of 50 minutes each of a continuing education course during each biennium of a license period, as prescribed by the commission. Approval or denial of a specialty course must be based on the extent to which the course content focuses on real estate issues relevant to the modern practice of real estate by a real estate licensee, including technology used in the real estate industry. The commission may accept as a substitute for such continuing education course, on a classroom-hour-for-classroom-hour basis, any satisfactorily completed education course that the commission finds is adequate to educate licensees within the intent of this section, including an approved distance learning course. However, the commission may not require, for the purpose of satisfactorily completing an approved 31 correspondence or distance learning course, a written

 examination that is to be taken at a centralized location and is to be monitored.

- (2) The initial license of a broker or broker associate shall be issued for a period of not less than 18 months or longer than 24 months from its effective date, and it shall expire no later than 24 months after its effective date.
- (3) (2) The department shall adopt rules establishing a procedure for the renewal of licenses at least every 4 years.
- (4)(3) Any license that which is not renewed at the end of the license period prescribed by the department shall automatically revert to involuntarily inactive status. Such license may subsequently be renewed only if the licensee meets the other qualifications specified in s. 475.183.
- (5)(4) Sixty days <u>before</u> prior to the end of the license period and automatic reversion of a license to inactive status, the department shall mail a notice of renewal and possible reversion to the last known address of the licensee.

Section 12. Section 475.215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.215 Multiple licenses.--

(1) A licensed broker may be issued upon request additional licenses as a broker, but not as a <u>broker associate</u> salesperson or as a broker-salesperson, whenever it is clearly shown that the requested additional licenses are necessary to the conduct of real estate brokerage business and that the additional licenses will not be used in a manner likely to be prejudicial to any person, including a licensee under this chapter.

employer at any one time.

Statutes, is amended to read:

cooperate in investigation .--

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amended to read:

Section 14.

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license shall cease to be in force whenever a broker changes

475.23 License to expire on change of address.--A

Section 475.23, Florida Statutes, is

her or his business address, a real estate school operating under a permit issued pursuant to s. 475.451 changes its

(2) A broker associate may salesperson or

broker-salesperson shall have no more than one registered

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 475.22, Florida

475.22 Broker to maintain office and sign at entrance

(1) Each active broker shall maintain an office, which

of office; registered office outside state; broker required to

shall consist of at least one enclosed room in a building of

stationary construction. Each active broker shall maintain a sign on or about the entrance of her or his principal office

and each branch office, which sign may be easily observed and

read by any person about to enter such office and shall be of

commission. Each sign must contain the name of the broker,

together with the trade name, if any. For a partnership or corporation, the sign must contain the name of the firm or

such form and minimum dimensions as shall be prescribed by the

corporation or trade name of the firm or corporation, together

with the name of at least one of the brokers. At a minimum, the words "licensed real estate broker" or "lic. real estate

broker" must appear on the office entrance signs.

business address, or a broker associate salesperson working

for a broker or an instructor working for a real estate school 31 changes employer. The licensee shall notify the commission of

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the change no later than 10 days after the change, on a form provided by the commission. When a broker or a real estate school changes business address, the brokerage firm or school permitholder must file a notice of the change of address with the commission, and such notice also fulfills the change-of-address notification for brokers and broker associates employed by the brokerage and instructors employed by the school.

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 475.25, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (5), (6), and (7) are added to that section, to read:

## 475.25 Discipline.--

- (1) The commission may deny an application for licensure, registration, or permit, or renewal thereof; may place a licensee, registrant, or permittee on probation; may suspend a license, registration, or permit for a period not exceeding 10 years; may revoke a license, registration, or permit; may impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 for each count or separate offense; and may issue a reprimand, and any or all of the foregoing, if it finds that the licensee, registrant, permittee, or applicant:
- (a) Has violated any provision of s. 455.227(1) or s. 475.42. However, licensees under this part are exempt from the provisions of s. 455.227(1)(i).
- (b) Has been guilty of fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, false promises, false pretenses, dishonest dealing by trick, scheme, or device, culpable negligence, or breach of trust in any business transaction in this state or any other state, nation, or territory; has violated a duty imposed upon her or him by law or by the terms of a listing contract, written, oral, express, or implied, in a real estate

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transaction; has aided, assisted, or conspired with any other person engaged in any such misconduct and in furtherance thereof; or has formed an intent, design, or scheme to engage in any such misconduct and committed an overt act in furtherance of such intent, design, or scheme. immaterial to the guilt of the licensee that the victim or intended victim of the misconduct has sustained no damage or loss; that the damage or loss has been settled and paid after discovery of the misconduct; or that such victim or intended victim was a customer or a person in confidential relation with the licensee or was an identified member of the general public.

- (c) Has advertised property or services in a manner which is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form or content. The commission may adopt rules defining methods of advertising that violate this paragraph.
- (d)1. Has failed to account or deliver to any person, including a licensee under this chapter, at the time which has been agreed upon or is required by law or, in the absence of a fixed time, upon demand of the person entitled to such accounting and delivery, any personal property such as money, fund, deposit, check, draft, abstract of title, mortgage, conveyance, lease, or other document or thing of value, including a share of a real estate commission if a civil judgment relating to the practice of the licensee's profession has been obtained against the licensee and said judgment has not been satisfied in accordance with the terms of the judgment within a reasonable time, or any secret or illegal profit, or any divisible share or portion thereof, which has come into the licensee's hands and which is not the licensee's 31 property or which the licensee is not in law or equity

entitled to retain under the circumstances. However, if the licensee, in good faith, entertains doubt as to what person is entitled to the accounting and delivery of the escrowed property, or if conflicting demands have been made upon the licensee for the escrowed property, which property she or he still maintains in her or his escrow or trust account, the licensee shall either promptly notify the commission of such doubts or conflicting demands and shall promptly:

- a. Request that the commission issue an escrow disbursement order determining who is entitled to the escrowed property;
- b. With the consent of all parties, submit the matter to arbitration;
- c. By interpleader or otherwise, seek adjudication of the matter by a court; or
- d. With the written consent of all parties, submit the matter to mediation. The department may conduct mediation or may contract with public or private entities for mediation services. However, the mediation process must be successfully completed within 90 days following the last demand or the licensee shall promptly employ one of the other escape procedures contained in this section. Payment for mediation will be as agreed to in writing by the parties. The department may adopt rules to implement this section.

In the alternative, a licensee may promptly disburse property from the licensee's escrow account without notifying the commission or employing one of the procedures listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-d., and an administrative complaint may not be filed against a licensee solely because the licensee

did so. However, a licensee may be civilly liable for

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improperly disbursing escrowed property. If the licensee promptly employs one of the escape procedures contained herein, and if she or he abides by the order or judgment resulting therefrom, no administrative complaint may be filed against the licensee for failure to account for, deliver, or maintain the escrowed property. If the buyer of a residential condominium unit delivers to a licensee written notice of the buyer's intent to cancel the contract for sale and purchase, as authorized by s. 718.503, or if the buyer of real property in good faith fails to satisfy the terms in the financing clause of a contract for sale and purchase, the licensee may return the escrowed property to the purchaser without notifying the commission or initiating any of the procedures listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-d.

- Has failed to deposit money in an escrow account when the licensee is the purchaser of real estate under a contract where the contract requires the purchaser to place deposit money in an escrow account to be applied to the purchase price if the sale is consummated.
- (e) Has violated any of the provisions of this chapter or any lawful order or rule made or issued under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 455.
- (f) Has been convicted or found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the activities of a licensed broker or broker associate salesperson, or involves moral turpitude or fraudulent or dishonest dealing. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the state shall be admissible as prima facie 31 evidence of such guilt.

territory, or country.

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country, provided that:

- CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.
- Before the out-of-state real estate licensee
- performs any act in this state which constitutes professional
- real estate activity, the licensee and the cooperating real

(g) Has had a broker's or broker associate's salesperson's license revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted

against, or has had an application for such licensure denied,

other compensation to, a person not properly licensed as a broker, broker-salesperson, or broker associate salesperson under the laws of this state, for the referral of real estate

business, clients, prospects, or customers, or for any one or

purposes of this section, it is immaterial that the person to

whom such payment or compensation is given made the referral or performed the service from within this state or elsewhere;

however, a licensed broker of this state may pay a referral

licensed or registered under the laws of a foreign state so long as the foreign broker does not violate any law of this

state. However, when a broker has compensated a broker

associate, that broker associate may compensate persons

on a cooperative real estate transaction, other than a

fee or share a real estate brokerage commission with a broker

associate or a legal entity formed and controlled by a broker

associated with the broker associate or legal entity. Nothing

in this paragraph or s. 475.71 is intended to prevent a real

estate broker licensed in this state from sharing a commission

residential sale as defined in s. 475.278(5)(a), with a person

who holds an active real estate license in another state or

more of the services set forth in s. 475.01(1)(a). For the

(h) Has shared a commission with, or paid a fee or

by the real estate licensing agency of another state,

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estate broker licensed in this state shall enter a written agreement that states the terms of cooperation and compensation, that the services set forth in s. 475.01(1)(a), if conducted in this state, will be under the supervision and control of the cooperating broker licensed in this state, that the out-of-state licensee will comply with all applicable laws of this state, and that civil actions may be commenced against the out-of-state real estate licensee, the cooperating real estate broker licensed in this state, or both in any court of competent jurisdiction in any county of this state in which a claim arises;

- 2. The cooperating real estate broker licensed in this state or a Florida-licensed real estate broker engaged by the cooperating broker accompanies the out-of-state real estate licensee and the potential buyer or potential lessee during any initial property showing; and
- 3. All subsequent property showings and all negotiations regarding the cooperative real estate transaction are conducted under the supervision, control, and express permission of the cooperating real estate broker licensed in this state or a Florida-licensed real estate broker engaged by the cooperating broker.
- (i) Has become temporarily incapacitated from acting as a broker or <u>broker associate</u> salesperson with safety to investors or those in a fiduciary relation with her or him because of drunkenness, use of drugs, or temporary mental derangement; but suspension of a license in such a case shall be only for the period of such incapacity.
- (j) Has rendered an opinion that the title to any property sold is good or merchantable, except when correctly based upon a current opinion of a licensed attorney at law, or

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has failed to advise a prospective purchaser to consult her or his attorney on the merchantability of the title or to obtain title insurance.

(k) Has failed, if a broker, to immediately place, upon receipt, any money, fund, deposit, check, or draft entrusted to her or him by any person dealing with her or him as a broker in an escrow account with a title company, banking institution, credit union, or savings and loan association <del>located and doing business</del> in this state in a manner consistent with the broker's fiduciary obligations and requirements of timely disbursement, or to deposit such funds in a trust or escrow account maintained by her or him with some bank, credit union, or savings and loan association located and doing business in this state, wherein the funds shall be kept and, with the written consent of the parties to a transaction, invested in a manner not inconsistent with s. 18.10(2)until disbursement thereof is properly authorized; or has failed, if a broker associate salesperson, to immediately place with her or his registered employer any money, fund, deposit, check, or draft entrusted to her or him by any person dealing with her or him as agent of the registered employer. The commission shall establish rules to provide for records to be maintained by the broker and the manner in which such deposits shall be made. A broker may place and maintain up to \$5,000 of personal or brokerage funds in the broker's escrow account and shall be provided a reasonable amount of time to correct escrow errors if there is no shortage of funds and such errors pose no significant threat to economically harm the public. It is the intent of the Legislature that, in the event of legal proceedings concerning a broker's escrow account, the disbursement of escrowed funds not be delayed due

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to any dispute over the personal or brokerage funds that may be present in the escrow account.

- (1) Has made or filed a report or record which the licensee knows to be false, has willfully failed to file a report or record required by state or federal law, has willfully impeded or obstructed such filing, or has induced another person to impede or obstruct such filing; but such reports or records shall include only those which are signed in the capacity of a licensed broker or broker associate salesperson.
- (m) Has obtained a license by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment.
- Is confined in any county jail, postadjudication; is confined in any state or federal prison or mental institution; is under home confinement ordered in lieu of institutional confinement; or, through mental disease or deterioration, can no longer safely be entrusted to competently deal with the public.
- (o) Has been found guilty, for a second time, of any misconduct that warrants her or his suspension or has been found guilty of a course of conduct or practices which show that she or he is so incompetent, negligent, dishonest, or untruthful that the money, property, transactions, and rights of investors, or those with whom she or he may sustain a confidential relation, may not safely be entrusted to her or him.
- (p) Has failed to inform the commission in writing within 30 days after pleading quilty or nolo contendere to, or being convicted or found guilty of, any felony.
- (q) Has violated any provision of s. 475.2755 or s. 31 475.278, including the duties owed under those sections.

- (r) Has failed in any written listing agreement to include a definite expiration date, description of the property, price and terms, fee or commission, and a proper signature of the principal(s); and has failed to give the principal(s) a legible, signed, true and correct copy of the listing agreement within 24 hours of obtaining the written listing agreement. The written listing agreement shall contain no provision requiring the person signing the listing to notify the broker of the intention to cancel the listing after such definite expiration date.
- (s) Has had a registration suspended, revoked, or otherwise acted against in any jurisdiction. The record of the disciplinary action certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the state shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.
- (t) Has violated any standard for the development or communication of a real estate appraisal or other provision of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice, as defined in s. 475.611, as approved and adopted by the Appraisal Standards Board of the Appraisal Foundation, as defined in s. 475.611. This paragraph does not apply to a real estate broker or <a href="broker associate">broker associate</a> salesperson who, in the ordinary course of business, performs a comparative market analysis, gives a broker price opinion, or gives an opinion of value of real estate. However, in no event may this comparative market analysis, broker price opinion, or opinion of value of real estate be referred to as an appraisal, as defined in s. 475.611.
- (5) An administrative complaint against a broker or broker associate must be filed within 4 years after the time

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of the act giving rise to the complaint or within 2 years

after the time the act is discovered or should have been

discovered with the exercise of due diligence. In no event may
a complaint be filed more than 6 years after the date of the
act giving rise to the complaint.

- (6) The commission shall promptly notify the licensee's employer, in writing, any time the commission places a licensee on probation, reprimands a licensee, suspends or revokes the license of a licensee, imposes an administrative fine against a licensee, or takes any other final disciplinary action against a licensee.
- (7) The commission shall promptly report to the proper prosecuting authority for prosecution any criminal violation of any statute relating to the practice of a real estate profession regulated by the commission.

Section 16. Section 475.2755, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.2755 Designated broker associate salesperson.--

(1) For purposes of this part, in any real estate transaction other than a residential sale as defined in s. 475.278(5)(a), and where the buyer and seller have assets of \$1 million or more, the broker at the request of the customers may designate broker associates salespersons to act as single agents for different customers in the same transaction. Such designated broker associates salespersons shall have the duties of a single agent as outlined in s. 475.278(3), including disclosure requirements in s. 475.278(3)(b) and (c). In addition to disclosure requirements in s. 475.278(3)(b) and (c), the buyer and seller as customers shall both sign disclosures stating that their assets meet the threshold described in this subsection and requesting that the broker

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use the designated broker associate salesperson form of
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    representation. In lieu of the transition disclosure
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   requirement in s. 475.278(3)(c)2., the required disclosure
   notice shall include the following:
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   FLORIDA LAW PROHIBITS A DESIGNATED BROKER ASSOCIATE
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   SALESPERSON FROM DISCLOSING, EXCEPT TO THE BROKER OR PERSONS
    SPECIFIED BY THE BROKER, INFORMATION MADE CONFIDENTIAL BY
   REQUEST OR AT THE INSTRUCTION OF THE CUSTOMER THE DESIGNATED
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    BROKER ASSOCIATE SALESPERSON IS REPRESENTING. HOWEVER, FLORIDA
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    LAW ALLOWS A DESIGNATED BROKER ASSOCIATE SALESPERSON TO
   DISCLOSE INFORMATION ALLOWED TO BE DISCLOSED OR REQUIRED TO BE
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   DISCLOSED BY LAW AND ALSO ALLOWS A DESIGNATED BROKER ASSOCIATE
   SALESPERSON TO DISCLOSE TO HIS OR HER BROKER, OR PERSONS
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    SPECIFIED BY THE BROKER, CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION OF A
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   CUSTOMER FOR THE PURPOSE OF SEEKING ADVICE OR ASSISTANCE FOR
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    THE BENEFIT OF THE CUSTOMER IN REGARD TO A TRANSACTION.
    FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT THE BROKER MUST HOLD THIS
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    INFORMATION CONFIDENTIAL AND MAY NOT USE SUCH INFORMATION TO
    THE DETRIMENT OF THE OTHER PARTY.
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           (2) For purposes of this section, the term "buyer"
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   means a transferee or lessee in a real property transaction,
    and the term "seller" means the transferor or lessor in a real
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   property transaction.
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           Section 17. Section 475.278, Florida Statutes, is
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    amended to read:
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          (Substantial rewording of section. See
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           s. 475.278, F.S., for present text.)
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           475.278 Authorized brokerage relationships.--
          (1) TRANSACTION BROKER RELATIONSHIP. --
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(a) Presumption of transaction brokerage It shall be
presumed that all licensees are operating as transaction
brokers unless a single agent or no brokerage relationship is
proners directly distributed and proner directly residently re-
established, in writing, with a customer.
(b) Transaction broker duties A transaction broker
provides a limited form of representation to a buyer, a
seller, or both in a real estate transaction but does not

represent either in a fiduciary capacity or as a single agent. The duties of a licensee in this limited form of

10 representation include the following:

- 1. Dealing honestly and fairly;
- 2. Accounting for all funds;
- 3. Using skill, care, and diligence in the transaction;
- 4. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect the value of residential real property and are not readily observable to the buyer;
- 5. Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee otherwise in writing;
- 6. Limited confidentiality, unless waived in writing by a party. This limited confidentiality will prevent disclosure that the seller will accept a price less than the asking or listed price, that the buyer will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer, of the motivation of any party for selling or buying property, that a seller or buyer will agree to financing terms other than those offered, or of any other information requested by a party to remain confidential; and
- 7. Any additional duties that are mutually agreed to 31 with a party.

1 2 (2) SINGLE AGENT RELATIONSHIP. --3 (a) Single agent duties. -- The duties a licensee owes to a buyer or seller who engages the licensee as a single 4 5 agent include the following: 6 Dealing honestly and fairly; 7 Loyalty; Confidentiality; 8 3. 9 Obedience; 10 5. Full disclosure; 11 6. Accounting for all funds; 12 Skill, care, and diligence in the transaction; Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely 13 manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee 14 otherwise in writing; and 15 Disclosing all known facts that materially affect 16 17 the value of residential real property and are not readily 18 observable. 19 (b) Disclosure requirements. -- Licensees who seek to enter into a single agent relationship with a potential buyer 20 21 or potential seller must give the potential buyer or potential seller the disclosure contained in paragraph (c), either as a 22 separate and distinct disclosure document or included as part 23 24 of another document such as a listing agreement or other agreement for representation. The disclosure must be made 25 before, or at the time of, entering into a listing agreement 26 27 or an agreement for representation or before the showing of property, whichever occurs first. When incorporated into other 28 29 documents, the required disclosure must be of the same size 30 type, or larger, as other provisions of the document and must

be conspicuous in its placement so as to advise customers of

1	the duties of a single agent, except that the first sentence
2	of the disclosure contained in paragraph (c) must be printed
3	in uppercase and bold type.
4	(c) Contents of disclosure The disclosure required
5	under paragraph (b) must include the following information in
6	the following form:
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8	SINGLE AGENT NOTICE
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10	FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT REAL ESTATE LICENSEES OPERATING AS
11	SINGLE AGENTS DISCLOSE THEIR DUTIES TO BUYERS AND SELLERS.
12	
13	As a single agent, (insert name of Real
14	Estate Entity and its Associate) owe to you the following
15	<u>duties:</u>
16	1. Dealing honestly and fairly;
17	2. Loyalty;
18	3. Confidentiality;
19	4. Obedience;
20	5. Full disclosure;
21	6. Accounting for all funds;
22	7. Skill, care, and diligence in the transaction;
23	8. Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely
24	manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee
25	otherwise in writing; and
26	9. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect
27	the value of residential real property and are not readily
28	observable.
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31	<u>Date</u> <u>Signature</u>

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- (d) Dual agency prohibited.--A licensee may enter into a brokerage relationship as a single agent with potential buyers and sellers, but may not operate as a disclosed or undisclosed dual agent. As used in this section, the term dual agent" means a broker who represents as a fiduciary both the prospective buyer and the prospective seller in a real estate transaction.
  - (3) TRANSITION TO TRANSACTION BROKER.--
- (a) From single agent relationship. -- A single agent relationship may be changed to a transaction broker relationship at any time during the relationship between an agent and principal, provided the agent gives the disclosure contained in paragraph (b) to the principal and the principal gives written consent to the agent before a change in relationship. This disclosure must be given to the principal in writing, either as a separate and distinct document or included as part of other documents such as a listing agreement or other agreements for representation. When incorporated into other documents, the required disclosure must be of the same size type, or larger, as other provisions of the document and must be conspicuous in its placement so as to advise customers of the duties of limited representation, except that the first sentence of the disclosure must be printed in uppercase bold type.
- (b) Contents of disclosure.--The disclosure required under paragraph (a) must include the following information in the following form:

1	TRANSITION TO
2	TRANSACTION BROKER NOTICE
3	
4	FLORIDA LAW ALLOWS REAL ESTATE LICENSEES WHO REPRESENT A BUYER
5	OR SELLER AS A SINGLE AGENT TO CHANGE FROM A SINGLE AGENT
6	RELATIONSHIP TO A TRANSACTION BROKERAGE RELATIONSHIP IN ORDER
7	FOR THE LICENSEE TO ASSIST BOTH PARTIES IN A REAL ESTATE
8	TRANSACTION BY PROVIDING A LIMITED FORM OF REPRESENTATION TO
9	BOTH THE BUYER AND THE SELLER. THIS CHANGE IN RELATIONSHIP
10	CANNOT OCCUR WITHOUT YOUR PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT.
11	
12	As a transaction broker, (insert name of Real
13	Estate Firm and its Associate), provides to you a limited form
14	of representation that includes the following duties:
15	1. Dealing honestly and fairly;
16	2. Accounting for all funds;
17	3. Using skill, care, and diligence in the
18	transaction;
19	4. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect
20	the value of residential real property and are not readily
21	observable to the buyer;
22	5. Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely
23	manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee
24	otherwise in writing;
25	6. Limited confidentiality, unless waived in writing
26	by a party. This limited confidentiality will prevent
27	disclosure that the seller will accept a price less than the
28	asking or listed price, that the buyer will pay a price
29	greater than the price submitted in a written offer, of the
30	motivation of any party for selling or buying property, that a
31	seller or buyer will agree to financing terms other than those

1	offered, or of any other information requested by a party to
2	remain confidential; and
3	7. Any additional duties that are entered into by this
4	or by separate written agreement.
5	
6	Limited representation means that a buyer or seller is not
7	responsible for the acts of the licensee. Additionally,
8	parties are giving up their rights to the undivided loyalty of
9	the licensee. This aspect of limited representation allows a
10	licensee to facilitate a real estate transaction by assisting
11	both the buyer and the seller, but a licensee will not work to
12	represent one party to the detriment of the other party when
13	acting as a transaction broker to both parties.
14	
15	I agree that the licensee named above may assume the role and
16	duties of a transaction broker.
17	
18	
19	<u>Date</u> <u>Signature</u>
20	
21	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
22	<u>Signature</u>
23	(4) NO BROKERAGE RELATIONSHIP
24	(a) Brokerage relationship not requiredThis part
25	does not require a customer to enter into a brokerage
26	relationship with any licensee.
27	(b) No brokerage relationship dutiesA licensee owes
28	to a potential seller or potential buyer with whom the
29	licensee has no brokerage relationship the following duties:
30	1. Dealing honestly and fairly;
31	

Τ	2. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect
2	the value of the residential real property which are not
3	readily observable to the buyer; and
4	3. Accounting for all funds entrusted to the licensee.
5	(c) Disclosure requirements A licensee who has no
6	brokerage relationship with a potential buyer or potential
7	seller must give the potential buyer or potential seller the
8	disclosure contained in paragraph (d). The disclosure must be
9	given in writing prior to the showing of property. When
10	incorporated into other documents, the required disclosure
11	must be of the same size type, or larger, as other provisions
12	of the document and must be conspicuous in its placement so as
13	to advise customers of the duties of a licensee that has no
14	brokerage relationship with a buyer or seller, except that the
15	first sentence of the information identified in paragraph (d)
16	must be printed in uppercase bold type.
17	(d) Contents of disclosure The disclosure required
18	under paragraph (c) must include the following information in
19	the following form:
20	
21	NO BROKERAGE RELATIONSHIP NOTICE
22	
23	FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT REAL ESTATE LICENSEES WHO HAVE NO
24	BROKERAGE RELATIONSHIP WITH A POTENTIAL SELLER OF BUYER
25	DISCLOSE THEIR DUTIES TO SELLERS AND BUYERS.
26	
27	As a real estate licensee who has no brokerage relationship
28	with you, (insert name of Real Estate Entity
29	and its Associate) owe to you the following duties:
30	1. Dealing honestly and fairly;
31	

1	2. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect
2	the value of residential real property which are not readily
3	observable to the buyer.
4	3. Accounting for all funds entrusted to the licensee.
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7	<u>Date</u> <u>Signature</u>
8	
9	
10	Signature
11	(5) APPLICABILITY
12	(a) Residential sales The disclosure requirements
13	contained in this section apply to all residential sales. As
14	used in this subsection, the term "residential sale" means the
15	sale of improved residential property of four units or fewer,
16	the sale of unimproved residential property intended for use
17	of four units or fewer, or the sale of agricultural property
18	of 10 acres or less.
19	(b) Disclosure limitations
20	1. The disclosure requirements contained in this
21	section do not apply when a licensee knows that the potential
22	seller or buyer is represented by a single agent or a
23	transaction broker; or when an owner is selling new
24	residential units built by the owner and the circumstances or
25	setting should reasonably inform the potential buyer that the
26	owner's employee or single agent is acting on behalf of the
27	owner, whether because of the location of the sales office or
28	because of office signage or placards or identification badges
29	worn by the owner's employee or single agent.
30	2. The disclosure requirements contained in this
31	section do not apply to nonresidential transactions; the

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rental or leasing of real property, unless an option to
    purchase all or a portion of the property improved with four
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    or fewer residential units is given; a bona fide "open house"
    or model home showing that does not involve eliciting
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    confidential information, the execution of a contractual offer
6
    or an agreement for representation, or negotiations concerning
7
    price, terms, or conditions of a potential sale; unanticipated
8
    casual conversations between a licensee and a seller or buyer
    which do not involve eliciting confidential information, the
9
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    execution of a contractual offer or agreement for
11
    representation, or negotiations concerning price, terms, or
    conditions of a potential sale; responding to general factual
12
    questions from a potential buyer or seller concerning
13
    properties that have been advertised for sale; situations in
14
    which a licensee's communications with a potential buyer or
15
    seller are limited to providing general factual information,
16
    oral or written, about the qualifications, background, and
17
    services of the licensee or the licensee's brokerage firm;
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19
    auctions; appraisals; and dispositions of any interest in
    business enterprises or business opportunities, except for
20
21
    property with four or fewer residential units.
22
           Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 475.31, Florida
    Statutes, is amended to read:
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24
           475.31 Final orders.--
           (1) An order revoking or suspending the license of a
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    broker shall automatically cause cancel the licenses of all
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27
   broker associates salespersons registered with the broker,
    and, if a partnership or corporation, of all members,
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    officers, and directors thereof to become involuntarily
    inactive, while the license of the broker is inoperative or
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31 until new employment or connection is secured.
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amended to read: 475.37 Effect of reversal of order of court or commission. -- If the order of the court or commission denying a license or taking any disciplinary action against a licensee is finally reversed and set aside, the defendant shall be restored to her or his rights and privileges as a broker or broker associate salesperson as of the date of filing the mandate or a copy thereof with the commission. The matters and things alleged in the information shall not thereafter be reexamined in any other proceeding concerning the licensure of the defendant. If the inquiry concerned was in reference to an application for licensure, the application shall stand approved, and such application shall be remanded for further proceedings according to law. Section 20. Section 475.4005, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 475.4005 Unlicensed practice of profession regulated in this chapter; cease and desist notice; civil penalty; enforcement; citations; allocation of moneys .--

Section 19. Section 475.37, Florida Statutes, is

(1) When the commission has probable cause to believe that any person not licensed by the department has violated any provision of this chapter or any statute that relates to the practice of a profession regulated under this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant thereto, the commission may issue and deliver to such person a notice to cease and desist from such violation. In addition, the commission may issue and deliver a notice to cease and desist to any person who aids and abets such unlicensed practice by employing such unlicensed persons. The issuance of a notice to cease and desist shall not constitute agency action for which a hearing

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under ss. 120.569 and 120.57 may be sought. For the purpose of
    enforcing a cease and desist order, the commission may file a
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    proceeding in the name of the state seeking issuance of an
    injunction or a writ of mandamus against any person who
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    violates any provision of such order. In addition to the
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    foregoing remedies, the commission may impose an
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    administrative penalty not to exceed $5,000 per incident
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    pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120 or may issue a
    citation pursuant to subsection (3). If the commission is
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    required to seek enforcement of the order for a penalty
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    pursuant to s. 120.569, it is entitled to collect its
    attorney's fees and costs, together with any cost of
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13
    collection.
          (2) In addition to or in lieu of any remedy provided
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- in subsection (1), the department may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the commission may issue a notice to cease and desist under subsection (1). The civil penalty shall be no less than \$500 and no more than \$5,000 for each offense. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney's fees and, if the commission prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation.
- (3)(a) Notwithstanding s. 455.225, the commission shall adopt rules to permit the issuance of citations for unlicensed practice of a profession regulated under this chapter. The citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and any other information the department determines to be necessary to identify the subject, a brief factual statement, the sections of law allegedly violated, and the penalty imposed. The citation must clearly state that the subject may choose, in lieu of accepting the

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citation, to follow the procedure under s. 455.225. If the subject disputes the matter in the citation, the procedures set forth in s. 455.225 must be followed. However, if the subject does not dispute the matter in the citation with the commission within 30 days after the citation is served, the citation shall become a final order of the commission. The penalty shall be a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$5,000 or other conditions as established by rule.

- (b) Each day that the unlicensed practice continues after issuance of a citation constitutes a separate violation.
- (c) The commission may recover the costs of investigation, in addition to any penalty provided according to commission rule as part of the penalty levied pursuant to the citation.
- (d) Service of a citation may be made by personal service or certified mail, restricted delivery, to the subject at the subject's last known address.
- (4) All fines, fees, and costs collected through the procedures set forth in this section shall be allocated to the Real Estate Recovery Fund.
- (5) The commission shall employ attorneys and investigators to investigate and prosecute unlicensed activity in real estate transactions.

Section 21. Section 475.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.41 Contracts of unlicensed person for commissions invalid. -- No contract for a commission or compensation for any act or service enumerated in s. 475.01(3) is valid unless the broker or broker associate <del>salesperson</del> has complied with this chapter in regard to issuance and renewal of the license at 31 the time the act or service was performed.

 Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 475.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.42 Violations and penalties.--

- (1) VIOLATIONS.--
- (a)  $\underline{A}$  No person  $\underline{may}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  operate as a broker or  $\underline{broker}$  associate  $\underline{salesperson}$  without being the holder of a valid and current active license therefor.
- (b)  $\underline{A}$  No person licensed as a <u>broker associate may not salesperson shall</u> operate as a <u>broker</u> or operate as a <u>broker associate salesperson</u> for any person not registered as her or his employer.
- (c) A No broker may not shall employ, or continue in employment, any person as a broker or broker associate salesperson who is not the holder of a valid and current license as broker or broker associate, respectively salesperson; but a license as salesperson may be issued to a person licensed as an active broker, upon request and surrender of the license as broker, without a fee in addition to that paid for the issuance of the broker's active license.
- (d) A broker associate may not No salesperson shall collect any money in connection with any real estate brokerage transaction, whether as a commission, deposit, payment, rental, or otherwise, except in the name of the employer and with the express consent of the employer; and no real estate broker associate salesperson, whether the holder of a valid and current license or not, shall commence or maintain any action for a commission or compensation in connection with a real estate brokerage transaction against any person except a person registered as her or his employer at the time the broker associate salesperson performed the act or rendered the service for which the commission or compensation is due.

- (e)  $\underline{A}$  No person may not shall violate any lawful order or rule of the commission which is binding upon her or him.
- (f)  $\underline{A}$  No person may not shall commit any conduct or practice set forth in s. 475.25(1)(b), (c), (d), or (h).
- (g)  $\underline{A}$  No person  $\underline{may}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  make any false affidavit or affirmation intended for use as evidence by or before the commission or a member thereof, or by any of its authorized representatives, nor  $\underline{may}$   $\underline{shall}$  any person give false testimony under oath or affirmation to or before the commission or any member thereof in any proceeding authorized by this chapter.
- (h) A No person may not shall fail or refuse to appear at the time and place designated in a subpoena issued with respect to a violation of this chapter, unless because of facts that are sufficient to excuse appearance in response to a subpoena from the circuit court; nor may shall a person who is present before the commission or a member thereof or one of its authorized representatives acting under authority of this chapter refuse to be sworn or to affirm or fail or refuse to answer fully any question propounded by the commission, the member, or such representative, or by any person by the authority of such officer or appointee; nor may shall any person, so being present, conduct herself or himself in a disorderly, disrespectful, or contumacious manner.
- (i)  $\underline{A}$  No person  $\underline{may}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  obstruct or hinder in any manner the enforcement of this chapter or the performance of any lawful duty by any person acting under the authority of this chapter or interfere with, intimidate, or offer any bribe to any member of the commission or any of its employees or any person who is, or is expected to be, a witness in any investigation or proceeding relating to a violation of this chapter.

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- (j) A No broker or broker associate may not salesperson shall place, or cause to be placed, upon the public records of any county, any contract, assignment, deed, will, mortgage, affidavit, or other writing which purports to affect the title of, or encumber, any real property if the same is known to her or him to be false, void, or not authorized to be placed of record, or not executed in the form entitling it to be recorded, or the execution or recording whereof has not been authorized by the owner of the property, maliciously or for the purpose of collecting a commission, or to coerce the payment of money to the broker or broker associate salesperson or other person, or for any unlawful purpose. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit a broker or a broker associate salesperson from recording a judgment rendered by a court of this state or to prohibit a broker from placing a lien on a property where expressly permitted by contractual agreement.
- (k)  $\underline{A}$  No person  $\underline{may}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  operate as a broker under a trade name without causing the trade name to be noted in the records of the commission and placed on the person's license, or so operate as a member of a partnership or as a corporation or as an officer or manager thereof, unless such partnership or corporation is the holder of a valid current registration.
- (1)  $\underline{A}$  No person  $\underline{may}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  knowingly conceal any information relating to violations of this chapter.
- (m)  $\underline{A}$  No person  $\underline{may}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  undertake to list or sell one or more timeshare periods per year in one or more timeshare plans on behalf of any number of persons without first being the holder of a valid and current license as a

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broker or <u>broker associate</u> salesperson pursuant to this chapter, except as provided in s. 475.011 and chapter 721.

- (n) A No broker or broker associate may not salesperson shall enter into any listing or other agreement regarding her or his services in connection with the resale of a timeshare period unless the broker or broker associate salesperson fully and fairly discloses all material aspects of the agreement to the owner of the timeshare period and fully complies with the provisions of s. 475.452. Further, a <del>no</del> broker or broker associate may not use salesperson shall utilize any form of contract or purchase and sale agreement in connection with the resale of a timeshare period unless the contract or purchase and sale agreement fully and fairly discloses all material aspects of the timeshare plan and the rights and obligations of both buyer and seller. The commission is authorized to adopt promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 120 as necessary to implement, enforce, and interpret this paragraph.
- (o) A person may not disseminate or cause to be disseminated by any means any false or misleading information for the purpose of offering for sale, or for the purpose of causing or inducing any other person to purchase, lease, or rent, real estate located in the state or for the purpose of causing or inducing any other person to acquire an interest in the title to real estate located in the state.

Section 23. Section 475.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.43 Presumptions.--In all criminal cases, contempt cases, and other cases filed pursuant to this chapter, if a party has sold, leased, or let real estate, the title to which was not in the party when it was offered for sale, lease, or

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letting, or such party has maintained an office bearing signs that real estate is for sale, lease, or rental thereat, or has advertised real estate for sale, lease, or rental, generally, or describing property, the title to which was not in such party at the time, it shall be a presumption that such party was acting or attempting to act as a real estate broker, and the burden of proof shall be upon him or her to show that he or she was not acting or attempting to act as a broker or broker associate <del>salesperson</del>. All contracts, options, or other devices not based upon a substantial consideration, or that are otherwise employed to permit an unlicensed person to sell, lease, or let real estate, the beneficial title to which has not, in good faith, passed to such party for a substantial consideration, are hereby declared void and ineffective in all cases, suits, or proceedings had or taken under this chapter; however, this section shall not apply to irrevocable gifts, to unconditional contracts to purchase, or to options based upon a substantial consideration actually paid and not subject to any agreements to return or right of return reserved.

Section 24. Section 475.451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.451 Schools teaching real estate practice.--

approved and accredited colleges, universities, community colleges, and area technical centers in this state, which offers or conducts any course of study in real estate practice, teaches any course prescribed by the commission as a condition precedent to licensure or renewal of licensure as a broker or broker associate salesperson, or teaches any course designed or represented to enable or assist applicants for licensure as brokers or broker associates salespersons to pass

 examinations for such licensure shall, before commencing or continuing further to offer or conduct such course or courses, obtain a permit from the department and abide by the regulations imposed upon such person, school, or institution by this chapter and rules of the commission adopted pursuant to this chapter. The exemption for colleges, universities, community colleges, and area technical centers is limited to transferable college credit courses offered by such institutions.

- (2) An applicant for a permit to operate a proprietary real estate school, to be a chief administrator of a proprietary real estate school or a state institution, or to be an instructor for a proprietary real estate school or a state institution must meet the qualifications for practice set forth in s. 475.17(1) and the following minimal requirements:
- (a) "School permitholder" means the individual who is responsible for directing the overall operation of a proprietary real estate school. A school permitholder must be the holder of a license as a broker, either active or voluntarily inactive, or must have passed an instructor's examination approved by the commission. A school permitholder must also meet the requirements of a school instructor if actively engaged in teaching.
- (b) "Chief administrative person" means the individual who is responsible for the administration of the overall policies and practices of the institution or proprietary real estate school. A chief administrative person must also meet the requirements of a school instructor if actively engaged in teaching.

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- "School instructor" means an individual who instructs persons in the classroom in noncredit college courses in a college, university, or community college or courses in an area technical center or proprietary real estate school.
- Before commencing to provide such instruction, the applicant must certify the applicant's competency and obtain an instructor permit by meeting one of the following requirements:
- Hold a bachelor's degree in a business-related subject, such as real estate, finance, accounting, business administration, or its equivalent and hold a valid broker's license in this state.
- b. Hold a bachelor's degree, have extensive real estate experience, as defined by rule, and hold a valid broker's license in this state.
- c. Pass an instructor's examination approved by the commission.
- 2. Any requirement by the commission for a teaching demonstration or practical examination must apply to all school instructor applicants.
- The department shall renew an instructor permit upon receipt of a renewal application and fee. The renewal application shall include proof that the permitholder has, since the issuance or renewal of the current permit, successfully completed a minimum of 4 15 classroom hours of instruction provided by the commission covering changes in the law and case law for each biennium of a license period in real estate subjects or instructional techniques, as prescribed by the commission. The commission shall adopt rules providing for the renewal of instructor permits at least every 4 2 years.

Any permit which is not renewed at the end of the permit period established by the department shall automatically revert to involuntarily inactive status.

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The department may require an applicant to submit names of persons having knowledge concerning the applicant and the enterprise; may propound interrogatories to such persons and to the applicant concerning the character of the applicant, including the taking of fingerprints for processing through the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and shall make such investigation of the applicant or the school or institution as it may deem necessary to the granting of the permit. If an objection is filed, it shall be considered in the same manner as objections or administrative complaints against other applicants for licensure by the department.

- (3) It is unlawful for any person, school, or institution to offer the courses described in subsection (1) or to conduct classes in such courses, regardless of the number of pupils, whether by correspondence or otherwise, without first procuring a permit, or to guarantee that its pupils will pass any examinations required for licensure, or to represent that the issuance of a permit is any recommendation or endorsement of the person, school, or institution to which it is issued or of any course of instruction given thereunder.
- (4) Any person who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (5) The location of classes and frequency of class meetings and the provision of interactive distance learning 31 courses shall be in the discretion of the school offering real

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estate courses, so long as such courses conform to s. 475.17(2).

(6) Any course prescribed by the commission as a condition precedent to any person's becoming initially licensed as a broker associate salesperson may be taught in any real estate school through the use of a video tape of instruction by a currently permitted instructor from any such school or may be taught by interactive distance learning pursuant to s. 475.17(2). The commission may require that any such video tape course have a single session of live instruction by a currently permitted instructor from any such school; however, this requirement shall not exceed 3 classroom hours. All other prescribed courses, except the continuing education course required by s. 475.182, shall be taught by a currently permitted school instructor personally in attendance at such course or by interactive distance learning pursuant to s. 475.17. The continuing education course required by s. 475.182 may be taught by interactive distance learning pursuant to s. 475.17 or by an equivalent correspondence course; however, any such correspondence course shall be required to have a final examination, prepared and administered by the school issuing the correspondence course. The continuing education requirements provided in this section or provided in any other section in this chapter do not apply with respect to any attorney who is otherwise qualified under the provisions of this chapter.

(7) Any person holding a school instructor permit on October 1, 1983, is exempt from the instructor examination requirements of paragraph (2)(c) as long as the person continuously holds such a permit and complies with all other requirements of this chapter.

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30 31 (7)(8) A permitholder under this section may be issued additional permits whenever it is clearly shown that the requested additional permits are necessary to the conduct of the business of a real estate school and that the additional permits will not be used in a manner likely to be prejudicial to any person, including a licensee or a permitholder under this chapter.

Section 25. <u>Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section</u> 475.4511, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 26. Section 475.453, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.453 Rental information; contract or receipt; refund; penalty.--

(1) Each broker or broker associate salesperson who attempts to negotiate a rental, or who furnishes rental information to a prospective tenant, for a fee paid by the prospective tenant shall provide such prospective tenant with a contract or receipt, which contract or receipt contains a provision for the repayment of any amount over 25 percent of the fee to the prospective tenant if the prospective tenant does not obtain a rental. If the rental information provided by the broker or broker associate salesperson to a prospective tenant is not current or accurate in any material respect, the full fee shall be repaid to the prospective tenant upon demand. A demand from the prospective tenant for the return of the fee, or any part thereof, shall be made within 30 days following the day on which the real estate broker or broker associate salesperson has contracted to perform services to the prospective tenant. The contract or receipt shall also conform to the guidelines adopted by the commission in order

 to effect disclosure of material information regarding the service to be provided to the prospective tenant.

- (2) The commission may adopt a guideline for the form of the contract or receipt required to be provided by brokers or <u>broker associates</u> salespersons pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1).
- (3)(a) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) In addition to the penalty prescribed in paragraph (a), the license of any broker or <u>broker associate</u> salesperson who participates in any rental information transaction which is in violation of the provisions of subsection (1) shall be subject to suspension or revocation by the commission in the manner prescribed by law.

Section 27. Section 475.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.455 Exchange of disciplinary information.--The commission shall inform the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation of any disciplinary action the commission has taken against any of its licensees. The division shall inform the commission of any disciplinary action the division has taken against any broker or <a href="mailto:broker associate">broker</a> associate <a href="mailto:salesperson">salesperson</a> registered with the division.

Section 28. Section 475.482, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.482 Real Estate Recovery Fund.--There is created the Florida Real Estate Recovery Fund as a separate account in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund.

- (1) The Florida Real Estate Recovery Fund shall be disbursed as provided in s. 475.484, on order of the commission, as reimbursement to any person, partnership, or corporation adjudged by a court of competent civil jurisdiction in this state to have suffered monetary damages by reason of any act committed, as a part of any real estate brokerage transaction involving real property in this state, by any broker or <u>broker associate</u> salesperson who:
- (a) Was, at the time the alleged act was committed, the holder of a current, valid, active real estate license issued under this part;
- (b) Was neither the seller, buyer, landlord, or tenant in the transaction nor an officer or a director of a corporation, a member of a partnership, a member of a limited liability company, or a partner of a limited liability partnership which was the seller, buyer, landlord, or tenant in the transaction; and
- (c) Was acting solely in the capacity of a real estate licensee in the transaction;

provided the act was a violation proscribed in s. 475.25 or s. 475.42.

disbursed as provided in s. 475.484, on order of the commission, as reimbursement to any broker or broker associate salesperson who is required by a court of competent civil jurisdiction to pay monetary damages due to a distribution of escrow moneys which is made in compliance with an escrow disbursement order issued by the commission. However, in no case shall the fund be disbursed when the broker or broker associate salesperson fails to notify the commission and to

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diligently defend an action wherein the broker or broker associate salesperson may be required by a court of competent civil jurisdiction to pay monetary damages due to a distribution of escrow moneys which is made in compliance with an escrow disbursement order issued by the commission.

- (3) A fee of \$3.50 per year shall be added to the license fee for both new licenses and renewals of licenses for brokers, and a fee of \$1.50 per year shall be added for new licenses and renewals of licenses for broker associates salespersons. This fee shall be in addition to the regular license fee and shall be deposited in or transferred to the Real Estate Recovery Fund. If the fund at any time exceeds \$1 million \$750,000, collection of special fees for this fund shall be discontinued at the end of the licensing renewal cycle. Such special fees shall not be reimposed unless the fund is reduced below \$500,000 by disbursement made in accordance with this chapter.
- (4) In addition, all moneys collected from fines imposed by the commission and collected by the department shall be transferred into the Real Estate Recovery Fund.

Section 29. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (3) of section 475.483, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

475.483 Conditions for recovery; eligibility.--

- (1) Any person is eligible to seek recovery from the Real Estate Recovery Fund if:
- (a) Such person has received a final judgment in a court of competent civil jurisdiction in this state against an individual broker or broker associate salesperson in any action wherein the cause of action was based on a real estate 31 | brokerage transaction. If such person is unable to secure a

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final judgment against a licensee due to the death of the licensee, the commission may waive the requirement for a final judgment. The filing of a bankruptcy petition by a broker or broker associate <del>salesperson</del> does not relieve a claimant from the obligation to obtain a final judgment against the licensee. In this instance, the claimant must seek to have assets involving the real estate transaction that gave rise to the claim removed from the bankruptcy proceedings so that the matter might be heard in a court of competent civil jurisdiction in this state. If, after due diligence, the claimant is precluded by action of the bankruptcy court from securing a final judgment against the licensee, the commission may waive the requirement for a final judgment.

- (2) A person is not qualified to make a claim for recovery from the Real Estate Recovery Fund, if:
- (a) Such person is the spouse of the judgment debtor or a personal representative of such spouse;
- (b) Such person is a licensed broker or broker associate salesperson who acted as a single agent or transaction broker in the transaction that is the subject of the claim;
- (c) Such person's claim is based upon a real estate transaction in which the licensed broker or broker associate salesperson was the owner of or controlled the property involved in the transaction; in which the licensee was dealing for the licensee's own account; or in which the licensee was not acting as a broker or broker associate salesperson;
- (d) Such person's claim is based upon a real estate transaction in which the broker or broker associate salesperson did not hold a valid, current, and active license 31 at the time of the real estate transaction; or

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- (e) The judgment is against a real estate brokerage corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or limited liability partnership.
- (3) The commission may pay attorney's fees and court costs If the claim is of the type described in s. 475.482(2), the commission shall pay the defendant's attorney's fees and court costs and, if the plaintiff prevails in court, the plaintiff's attorney's fees and court costs.

Subsections (1), (3), (4), (5), and (7) of Section 30. section 475.484, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

475.484 Payment from the fund. --

- (1) Any person who meets all of the conditions prescribed in s. 475.482(1) or (2) may apply to the commission to cause payment to be made to such person from the Real Estate Recovery Fund:
- (a) Under s. 475.482(1), in an amount equal to the unsatisfied portion of such person's judgment or\$50,000 18 \$25,000, whichever is less, but only to the extent and amount reflected in the judgment as being actual or compensatory damages. Except as provided in s. 475.483, treble damages, court costs, attorney's fees, and interest shall not be recovered from the fund.
  - (b) Under s. 475.482(2), in an amount equal to the judgment against the broker or broker associate salesperson or \$50,000\$ whichever is less.
- (3) Payments for claims arising out of the same transaction shall be limited, in the aggregate, to\$50,000 28 \$25,000, regardless of the number of claimants or parcels of real estate involved in the transaction.

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- CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- (4) Payments for claims based upon judgments against any one broker or <u>broker associate</u> salesperson may not exceed, in the aggregate, \$150,000\$75,000.
- Recovery Fund are insufficient to satisfy any valid claim or portion thereof, the commission shall satisfy such unpaid claim or portion thereof as soon as a sufficient amount of money has been deposited in or transferred to the fund. When there is more than one unsatisfied claim outstanding, such claims shall be paid in the order in which the claims were approved by the commission. However, if the total claims approved at any one commission meeting exceed the aggregate amount established in subsection (4) against any one broker or broker associate salesperson, the claims approved on that day shall be prorated.
- Estate Recovery Fund in settlement of a claim in satisfaction of a judgment against a broker or broker associate salesperson as described in s. 475.482(1), the license of such broker or broker associate salesperson shall be automatically suspended upon the date of payment from the fund. The license of such broker or broker associate salesperson may not be reinstated until the licensee has repaid in full, plus interest, the amount paid from the fund. No further administrative action is necessary. A discharge of bankruptcy does not relieve a licensee from the penalties and disabilities provided in this section, except to the extent that this subsection conflicts with 11 U.S.C. s. 525, in which case the commission may order the license not to be suspended or otherwise discriminated against.

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Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 475.5017, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.5017 Injunctive relief; powers.--

(2) All expenses of the receiver shall be paid out of the assets of the brokerage firm upon application to and approval by the court. If the assets are not sufficient to pay all the expenses of the receiver, the court may order disbursement from the Real Estate Recovery Fund, which may not exceed \$100,000 \frac{\$75,000}{} per receivership.

Section 32. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 475.612, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

475.612 Certification, licensure, or registration required.--

- (2) This section does not preclude a broker, salesperson, or broker associate broker-salesperson who is not a certified or licensed real estate appraiser or registered assistant real estate appraiser from appraising real estate for compensation. Such persons may continue to provide appraisals and appraisal services for compensation so long as they do not represent themselves as certified, licensed, or registered under this part.
- (3) This section does not apply to a real estate broker or <u>broker associate</u> <u>salesperson</u> who, in the ordinary course of business, performs a comparative market analysis, gives a broker price opinion, or gives an opinion of the value of real estate. However, in no event may this comparative market analysis, broker price opinion, or opinion of value of real estate be referred to or construed as an appraisal.

Section 33. Section 689.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1	689.25 Failure to disclose homicide, other felony,
2	suicide, deaths, or diagnosis of HIV or AIDS infection in an
3	occupant of real property
4	$(1)$ $\underline{(a)}$ The fact that an occupant of real property is
5	infected or has been infected with human immunodeficiency
6	virus or diagnosed with acquired immune deficiency syndrome is
7	not a material fact that must be disclosed in a real estate
8	transaction.
9	(b) The fact that a property was, or was at any time
10	suspected to have been, the site of a homicide or other
11	felony, suicide, or death is not a material fact that must be
12	disclosed in a real estate transaction.
13	(2) A No cause of action shall not arise arises
14	against an owner of real property <u>,or</u> his or her agent, <u>an</u> or
15	against any agent of a transferee of real property, or a
16	person licensed under chapter 475 for the failure to disclose
17	to the transferee that the property was or was suspected to
18	have been the site of a homicide or other felony, suicide, or
19	death or that an occupant of that property was infected with
20	human immunodeficiency virus or diagnosed with acquired immune
21	deficiency syndrome.
22	Section 34. <u>Sections 475.421, 475.422, and 475.452,</u>
23	Florida Statutes, are repealed.
24	Section 35. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003.
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27	SENATE SUMMARY
28	Revises a variety of provisions relating to the practice
29	of professions dealing with real estate, including terminology, licensure requirements, uses of the Real
30	Estate Recovery Fund, advertising, real estate schools, powers and duties of the Florida Real Estate Commission,
31	and powers and duties of brokers with respect to their professional activities. (See bill for details.)