

HB 0129 2003 CS

CHAMBER ACTION

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The Committee on Business Regulation recommends the following:

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Committee Substitute

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Remove the entire bill and insert:

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969; amending s. 163.01, F.S.; providing procedures for the approval of the transfer of powers between local governments and a legal entity for the acquisition of water or wastewater facilities serving residents outside the jurisdiction of the members of the legal entity; providing for alternative compliance with s. 4, Art. VIII of the State Constitution; declaring a legal entity a government authority under certain circumstances; requiring a county to reserve the power to review and approve rates under certain circumstances; prohibiting a legal entity from receiving income generated from customers under certain circumstances; granting a county the right to acquire facilities of a legal entity serving residents outside the jurisdiction of the members of the legal entity under certain circumstances; providing for retroactive application; providing an effective date.



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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (7) of section 163.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.01 Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969.-- (7)

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(q)1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, any separate legal entity created under this section, the membership of which is limited to municipalities and counties of the state, may acquire, own, construct, improve, operate, and manage public facilities, or finance facilities on behalf of any person, relating to a governmental function or purpose, including, but not limited to, wastewater facilities, water or alternative water supply facilities, and water reuse facilities, which may serve populations within or outside of the members of the entity. Notwithstanding s. 367.171(7), any separate legal entity created under this paragraph is not subject to commission jurisdiction and may not provide utility services within the service area of an existing utility system unless it has received the consent of the utility. A separate legal entity, other than a water supply authority created pursuant to ss. 373.1962 and 373.1963, which seeks to acquire any public facilities that serve populations outside of the jurisdiction of members of the entity must notify in writing each host government of the contemplated acquisition prior to any transfer of ownership, use, or possession of any utility assets to such separate legal entity. The potential acquisition notice must be provided in writing to the legislative head of



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the governing body of the host government and its chief administrative officer and provide the name and address of a contact person of the separate legal entity for the receipt of information on the contemplated acquisition. Within 45 days following receipt of the notice, the host government may adopt a membership resolution indicating its intent to become a member of the separate legal entity, a prohibition resolution to prohibit the acquisition by the separate legal entity of public facilities within its jurisdiction, an approval resolution prescribing any restrictions on the proposed acquisition required by the host local government, or take no action of any kind. If a host government adopts a membership resolution, the separate legal entity shall accept the host government as a member prior to any transfer of ownership, use, or possession of the public facilities on the same basis as its existing members. If a host government adopts a prohibition resolution, the separate legal entity may not acquire the public facilities within such host government's territory without specific consent of the host government by future resolution. For purposes of this paragraph, a "host government" is the governing body of the county if a majority of the retail utility customers to be served by the acquired public facilities within the county reside in the unincorporated area or is the governing body of a municipality if the majority of the retail utility customers to be served by the acquired public facilities reside within the municipal boundaries. A host government shall, in its adoption of an approval resolution or a membership resolution or by a resolution adopted subsequent to the closing of an acquisition,



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reserve the right to review and approve as fair and reasonable the rates, charges, and customer classifications adopted by the separate legal entity for the use of the acquired public facilities within the jurisdiction of the host local government. Such right of rate review and approval by the host local government is subject to the obligation of the separate legal entity to establish rates and charges that comply with the requirements contained in any resolution or trust agreement relating to the issuance of bonds to acquire and improve the affected public facilities and such right does not affect the obligation of the separate legal entity to set rates at a level sufficient to pay debt service on its obligations issued in relation to the affected public facilities. A separate legal entity created under this section shall be a governmental authority for purposes of chapter 367. This paragraph is an alternative provision otherwise provided by law as authorized in s. 4, Art. VIII of the State Constitution for any transfer of power as a result of an acquisition of public facilities by a separate legal entity from a municipality, county, or special district. The entity may finance or refinance the acquisition, construction, expansion, and improvement of such facilities relating to a governmental function or purpose through the issuance of its bonds, notes, or other obligations under this section or as otherwise authorized by law. The entity has all the powers provided by the interlocal agreement under which it is created or which are necessary to finance, own, operate, or manage the public facility, including, without limitation, the power to establish rates, charges, and fees for products or



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services provided by it, the power to levy special assessments, the power to sell or finance all or a portion of such facility, and the power to contract with a public or private entity to manage and operate such facilities or to provide or receive facilities, services, or products. Except as may be limited by the interlocal agreement under which the entity is created, all of the privileges, benefits, powers, and terms of s. 125.01, relating to counties, and s. 166.021, relating to municipalities, are fully applicable to the entity. However, neither the entity nor any of its members on behalf of the entity may exercise the power of eminent domain over the facilities or property of any existing water or wastewater plant utility system, nor may the entity acquire title to any water or wastewater plant utility facilities, other facilities, or property which was acquired by the use of eminent domain after the effective date of this act. Bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by the entity are issued on behalf of the public agencies that are members of the entity.

2. Any entity created under this section may also issue bond anticipation notes in connection with the authorization, issuance, and sale of bonds. The bonds may be issued as serial bonds or as term bonds or both. Any entity may issue capital appreciation bonds or variable rate bonds. Any bonds, notes, or other obligations must be authorized by resolution of the governing body of the entity and bear the date or dates; mature at the time or times, not exceeding 40 years from their respective dates; bear interest at the rate or rates; be payable at the time or times; be in the denomination; be in the form;



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carry the registration privileges; be executed in the manner; be payable from the sources and in the medium or payment and at the place; and be subject to the terms of redemption, including redemption prior to maturity, as the resolution may provide. If any officer whose signature, or a facsimile of whose signature, appears on any bonds, notes, or other obligations ceases to be an officer before the delivery of the bonds, notes, or other obligations, the signature or facsimile is valid and sufficient for all purposes as if he or she had remained in office until the delivery. The bonds, notes, or other obligations may be sold at public or private sale for such price as the governing body of the entity shall determine. Pending preparation of the definitive bonds, the entity may issue interim certificates, which shall be exchanged for the definitive bonds. The bonds may be secured by a form of credit enhancement, if any, as the entity deems appropriate. The bonds may be secured by an indenture of trust or trust agreement. In addition, the governing body of the legal entity may delegate, to an officer, official, or agent of the legal entity as the governing body of the legal entity may select, the power to determine the time; manner of sale, public or private; maturities; rate of interest, which may be fixed or may vary at the time and in accordance with a specified formula or method of determination; and other terms and conditions as may be deemed appropriate by the officer, official, or agent so designated by the governing body of the legal entity. However, the amount and maturity of the bonds, notes, or other obligations and the interest rate of the bonds, notes, or other obligations must be within the limits



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prescribed by the governing body of the legal entity and its resolution delegating to an officer, official, or agent the power to authorize the issuance and sale of the bonds, notes, or other obligations.

- 3. Bonds, notes, or other obligations issued under subparagraph 1. may be validated as provided in chapter 75. The complaint in any action to validate the bonds, notes, or other obligations must be filed only in the Circuit Court for Leon County. The notice required to be published by s. 75.06 must be published in Leon County and in each county that is a member of the entity issuing the bonds, notes, or other obligations, or in which a member of the entity is located, and the complaint and order of the circuit court must be served only on the State Attorney of the Second Judicial Circuit and on the state attorney of each circuit in each county that is a member of the entity issuing the bonds, notes, or other obligations or in which a member of the entity is located. Section 75.04(2) does not apply to a complaint for validation brought by the legal entity.
- 4. The accomplishment of the authorized purposes of a legal entity created under this paragraph is in all respects for the benefit of the people of the state, for the increase of their commerce and prosperity, and for the improvement of their health and living conditions. Since the legal entity will perform essential governmental functions in accomplishing its purposes, the legal entity is not required to pay any taxes or assessments of any kind whatsoever upon any property acquired or used by it for such purposes or upon any revenues at any time



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received by it. The bonds, notes, and other obligations of an entity, their transfer and the income therefrom, including any profits made on the sale thereof, are at all times free from taxation of any kind by the state or by any political subdivision or other agency or instrumentality thereof. The exemption granted in this subparagraph is not applicable to any tax imposed by chapter 220 on interest, income, or profits on debt obligations owned by corporations.

- 5. Subsequent to the acquisition or construction of any wastewater facilities, water or alternative water supply facilities, or water reuse facilities by a separate legal entity created pursuant to this subsection, revenues or other income of any description may not be transferred or paid to a member of a separate legal entity or to any other county or municipality from user fees or other charges or revenues generated from customers not physically located within the jurisdictional or service delivery boundaries of the member or the county or municipality receiving the transfer or payment. Any transfer or payment to a member or other local government shall be solely from user fees or other charges or revenue generated from customers physically located within the jurisdictional or service delivery boundaries of the member or the local government receiving the transfer or payment.
- 6. The host government is guaranteed the right to acquire any utility within its boundaries owned by the separate legal entity. The separate legal entity shall sell and transfer a utility to a host government for an amount equal to any outstanding indebtedness associated with the utility to be sold



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and transferred or an amount determined pursuant to any resolution, trust agreement, or other financing document plus the reasonable transaction costs incurred by the separate legal entity to complete the sale and transfer.

Section 2. The acquisition requirements contained in the amendment to s. 163.01(7)(g)1., Florida Statutes, provided in this act which condition the acquisition by a separate legal entity of public facilities that serve populations outside of the members of the entity on the provision by such separate legal entity of a potential acquisition notice to all host governments, as defined in s. 163.01(7)(g)1., Florida Statutes, and on the granting to a host government the opportunity to adopt a membership resolution, a prohibition resolution, or an approval resolution shall be retroactively applied and substantial compliance with such acquisition requirements shall be a specific condition of any acquisition subsequent to September 1, 2002, of public facilities by a separate legal entity created by interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.01(7)(g)1., Florida Statutes, pursuant to an acquisition agreement entered into prior or subsequent to September 1, 2002.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law and shall apply retroactively to September 1, 2002.