By the Committee on Natural Resources; and Senator Alexander

312-2150-03

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to phosphate mining; amending s. 211.3103, F.S.; amending the tax on phosphate rock; providing for the distribution of tax proceeds; deleting obsolete language; providing for a sunset; amending s. 378.021, F.S.; directing the Department of Environmental Protection to amend the master reclamation plan; amending s. 378.031, F.S.; providing additional intent concerning reclamation activities; amending s. 378.035, F.S.; amending authorized uses of funds deposited in the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund; providing for bonding authority; amending s. 378.036, F.S.; creating a not-for-profit partnership to assist in phosphate reclamation; providing duties of the partnership; providing for the administration of partnership funds; amending s. 378.212; providing authority for a variance for certain reclamation activities; amending s. 403.4154, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for certain violations; prohibiting the distribution of certain company assets under certain circumstances; providing for the declaration of an imminent hazard if certain financial conditions exist; deleting a provision granting certain rebates of phosphate fees; amending s. 403.4155, F.S.; directing that rules be developed for financial assurance, interim stack management, and stack closure; requiring the Southwest Florida Water

1 Management District to conduct a study; 2 providing an effective date. 3 4 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 5 6 Section 1. Section 211.3103, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 211.3103 Levy of tax on severance of phosphate rock; 9 rate, basis, and distribution of tax.--10 (1) There is hereby levied an excise tax upon every 11 person engaging in the business of severing phosphate rock from the soils or waters of this state for commercial use. The 12 tax shall be collected, administered, and enforced by the 13 14 department. (2) Beginning July 1, 2003, the proceeds of all taxes, 15 interest, and penalties imposed under this section shall be 16 17 paid into the State Treasury as follows: The first \$10 million in revenue collected from 18 19 the tax during each fiscal year shall be paid to the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund. 20 The remaining revenues collected from the tax 21 22 during that fiscal year, after the required payment under paragraph (a), shall be paid into the State Treasury as 23 24 follows: 25 1. To the credit of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation 26 Trust Fund, 58 percent. 27 2. For payment to counties in proportion to the number 28 of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock 29 matrix located within such political boundary, 26 percent. The 30 department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds

annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year.

3. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust

- 3. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund in the Department of Education, Division of Universities, 8 percent.
- $\underline{4}$. To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund, $\underline{8}$ percent.
- (c) Funds distributed pursuant to subparagraph 2. shall be used for the following purposes:
- 1. For planning, preparing, and financing of infrastructure projects for job creation and capital investment, especially those related to industrial and commercial sites. Infrastructure investments may include the following public or public-private partnership facilities: stormwater systems; telecommunications facilities; roads or other remedies to transportation impediments; nature-based tourism facilities; or other physical requirements necessary to facilitate trade and economic development activities.
- 2. For maximizing the use of federal, local, and private resources, including, but not limited to, those available under the Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program.
- 3. For projects that improve inadequate infrastructure that has resulted in regulatory action that prohibits economic or community growth, provided that such projects are related to specific job creation or job retention opportunities.
- (3) Beginning July 1, 2003, the tax rate shall be the base rate of \$1.62 per ton severed.
- (4) Beginning July 1, 2004, and annually thereafter, the tax rate shall be the base rate times the base rate

adjustment for the tax year as calculated by the department in accordance with subsection (6).

- (2) The proceeds of all taxes, interest, and penalties imposed under this section shall be paid into the State Treasury through June 30, 1995, as follows:
- (a) The first \$10 million in revenue collected from the tax during each fiscal year shall be paid to the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund.
- (b) The remaining revenues collected from the tax during that fiscal year, after the required payment under paragraph (a), shall be paid into the State Treasury as follows:
- 1. To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state, 60 percent. However, from this amount the amounts of \$7.4 million, \$8.2 million, and \$8.1 million, respectively, shall be transferred to the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund on January 1, 1993, January 1, 1994, and January 1, 1995.
- 2. To the credit of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation
 Trust Fund which is established for reclamation and
 acquisition of unreclaimed lands disturbed by phosphate mining
 and not subject to mandatory reclamation, 20 percent.
- 3. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund in the Department of Education, Division of Universities, to carry out the purposes set forth in s. 378.101, 10 percent.
- 4. For payment to counties in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 10 percent. The department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Any such proceeds

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expenses.

received by a county shall be used only for phosphate-related 2 expenses. 3 (3) Beginning July 1, 1995, the proceeds of all taxes, interest, and penalties imposed under this section shall be 4 5 paid into the State Treasury as follows: 6 (a) The first \$10 million in revenue collected from 7 the tax during each fiscal year shall be paid to the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund. 8 (b) The remaining revenues collected from the tax 9 10 during that fiscal year, after the required payment under 11 paragraph (a), shall be paid into the State Treasury as follows: 12 13 1. To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the 14 state, 58 percent. 2. To the credit of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation 15 Trust Fund for reclamation and acquisition of unreclaimed 16 17 lands disturbed by phosphate mining and not subject to 18 mandatory reclamation, 14.5 percent. 19 3. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund 20 in the Department of Education, Division of Universities, to 21 carry out the purposes set forth in s. 378.101, 10 percent. 4. For payment to counties in proportion to the number 22 of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock 23 24 matrix located within such political boundary, 10 percent. The

5. To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund, 7.5 31 percent.

department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds

annually based on production information reported by producers

on the annual returns for the taxable year. Any such proceeds

received by a county shall be used only for phosphate-related

1 (4) If the base rate is reduced pursuant to paragraph 2 (5)(c), then the proceeds of the tax shall be paid into the 3 State Treasury as follows: (a) The first \$10 million in revenue collected from 4 5 the tax during each fiscal year shall be paid to the credit of 6 the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund. 7 (b) The remaining revenues collected from the tax 8 during that fiscal year, after the required payment under 9 paragraph (a), shall be paid into the State Treasury as 10 follows: 11 To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state, 55.15 percent. 12 2. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund 13 in the Department of Education, Division of Universities, 12.5 14 15 percent. 16 3. For payment to counties in proportion to the number 17 of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock 18 matrix located within such political boundary, 18 percent. The 19 department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds 20 annually based on production information reported by producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Any such proceeds 21 22 received by a county shall be used only for phosphate-related 23 expenses. 24 4. To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund, 14.35 25 percent. The excise tax levied by this section shall apply 26 27 to the total production of the producer during the taxable 28 year, measured on the basis of bone-dry tons produced at the 29 point of severance., subject to the following rates: (a) Beginning July 1, 1987, to December 31, 1987, the 30

31 tax rate shall be \$1.79 per ton severed.

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\$1.35 per ton severed.

(b) For 1988, the tax rate shall be the base rate of

(c) For 1989 and subsequent years, the tax rate shall be the base rate times the base rate adjustment for the tax year as calculated by the department in accordance with subsection (6). However, for 2000 and subsequent taxable years, the base rate shall be reduced by 20 percent, unless additional funding of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund is approved by law.

- (6)(a) On or before March 30, 2004 1989, and annually thereafter, the department shall calculate the base rate adjustment, if any, for phosphate rock based on the change in the unadjusted annual producer price index for the prior calendar year in relation to the unadjusted annual producer price index for calendar year 1999 1987.
- (b) For the purposes of determining the base rate adjustment for any year, the base rate adjustment shall be a fraction, the numerator of which is the unadjusted annual producer price index for the prior calendar year and the denominator of which is the unadjusted annual producer price index for calendar year 1999 1987.
- (c) The department shall provide the base rate, the base rate adjustment, and the resulting tax rate to affected producers by written notice on or before April 15 of the current year.
- (d) If the producer price index for phosphate rock primary products is substantially revised, the department shall make appropriate adjustment in the method used to compute the base rate adjustment under this subsection which will produce results reasonably consistent with the result 31 which would have been obtained if the producer price index for

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phosphate rock primary products had not been revised. However, the tax rate shall not be less than \$1.56 per ton severed.

- (e) In the event the producer price index for phosphate rock primary products is discontinued, then a comparable index shall be selected by the department and adopted by rule.
- (7) The excise tax levied on the severance of phosphate rock shall be in addition to any ad valorem taxes levied upon the separately assessed mineral interest in the real property upon which the site of severance is located, or any other tax, permit, or license fee imposed by the state or its political subdivisions.
- (8) The tax levied by this section shall be collected in the manner prescribed in s. 211.33.
- The provisions of subsection (2) shall expire July 1, 2006.

Section 2. Section 378.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

378.021 Master reclamation plan. --

(1) The Department of Environmental Protection Natural Resources shall amend the adopt by rule, as expeditiously as possible upon receipt of the report of the Land Use Advisory Committee, a master reclamation plan that provides to provide guidelines for the reclamation of lands mined or disturbed by the severance of phosphate rock prior to July 1, 1975, which lands are not subject to mandatory reclamation under part II of chapter 211. In amending the developing said master reclamation plan, the Department of Environmental Protection Natural Resources shall continue to conduct an onsite evaluation of all lands mined or disturbed by the severance of 31 phosphate rock prior to July 1, 1975, which lands are not

 subject to mandatory reclamation under part II of chapter 211, and shall consider the report and plan prepared by the Land Use Advisory Committee under s. 378.011 and submitted to the former Department of Natural Resources for adoption by rule on or before July 1, 1979. The master reclamation plan when amended adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection Natural Resources shall be consistent with local government plans prepared pursuant to the Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land Development Regulation Act.

- (2) The <u>amended</u> master reclamation plan shall identify which of the lands mined or disturbed by the severance of phosphate rock prior to July 1, 1975, meet the following criteria:
- (a) The quality of surface waters leaving the land does not meet applicable water quality standards, if any; or, health and safety hazards exist on the land; or, the soil has not stabilized and revegetated; or, the remaining natural resources associated with the land are not being conserved;
- (b) The environmental or economic utility or aesthetic value of the land would not naturally return within a reasonable time, and reclamation would substantially promote the environmental or economic utility or the aesthetic value of the land; and
- (c) The reclamation of the land is in the public interest because the reclamation, when combined with other reclamation under the master plan, would provide a substantial regional benefit; and $\overline{\cdot}$
- (d) The reclamation of the land is in the public interest because the reclamation, when combined with other reclamation under the master plan, will provide significant benefits to surface water bodies supplying water for

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environmental and public purposes in those areas of the state where phosphate mining has been permitted.

- (3) Lands evaluated by the department under subsection (1) which meet the criteria set forth in subsection (2) shall be identified with specificity in the master reclamation plan. Lands evaluated by the department under subsection (1) which do not meet the criteria set forth in subsection (2) shall also be identified with specificity in the master reclamation plan as lands which are acceptable in their present form.
- (4) Upon adoption of the amendments to the master reclamation plan as a rule, such plan shall provide the guidelines for approval of reclamation programs for lands covered in the plan, recognizing that reclamation of such lands is not mandatory, but that any payment of costs expended for reclamation paid under s. 378.031 shall be contingent upon conformity with the guidelines set forth in the master reclamation plan.

Section 3. Section 378.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

378.031 Reclamation or acquisition of nonmandatory lands; legislative intent. -- It is the intent of the Legislature to provide an economic incentive to encourage the reclamation of the maximum number of acres of eligible nonmandatory lands in the most timely and efficient manner or the donation or purchase of nonmandatory lands, especially those lands for which reclamation activities will result in significant improvements to surface water bodies of regional importance in those areas of the state where phosphate mining has been permitted. The Legislature recognizes that certain lands mined or disturbed prior to July 1, 1975, have been 31 | naturally reclaimed.

Section 4. Subsections (5), (8), and (9) of section 378.035, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:

378.035 Department responsibilities and duties with respect to Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund.--

- (5) On July 1, 2001, \$50 million of the unencumbered Funds within the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund are also authorized reserved for use by the department for the following purposes:
- (a) These reserved moneys are to be used To reclaim lands disturbed by the severance of phosphate rock on or after July 1, 1975, in the event that a mining company ceases mining and the associated reclamation prior to all lands disturbed by the operation being reclaimed. Moneys expended by the department to accomplish reclamation pursuant to this subsection shall become a lien upon the property enforceable pursuant to chapter 85. The moneys received as a result of a lien foreclosure or as repayment shall be deposited into the trust fund. In the event the money received as a result of lien foreclosure or repayment is less than the amount expended for reclamation, the department shall use all means available to recover, for the use of the fund, the difference from the affected parties. Paragraph (3)(b) shall apply to lands acquired as a result of a lien foreclosure.
- (b) The department may also expend funds from the \$50 million reserve fund For the abatement of an imminent hazard as provided by s. $403.4154\underline{(4)}(3)$ and for the purpose of closing an abandoned phosphogypsum stack system and carrying out postclosure care as provided by s. $403.4154\underline{(6)}(5)$. Fees deposited in the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund pursuant to s. 403.4154(4) may be used for the purposes

authorized in this paragraph. However, such fees may only be used at a stack system if closure or imminent-hazard-abatement activities initially commence on or after July 1, 2002.

- (8) The department may not accept any applications for nonmandatory land reclamation programs after $\underline{\text{July 1, 2004}}$ November 1, 2008.
- (9) The Bureau of Mine Reclamation shall review the sufficiency of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund to support the stated objectives and report to the secretary annually with recommendations as appropriate. The report submittal for calendar year 2008 shall specifically address the effect of providing a future refund of fees paid pursuant to s. 403.4154(4) following certification of stack closure pursuant to department rules, and the report shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on or before March 1, 2009.
- (10) The department may, upon its determination, petition the State Board of Administration for the issuance of bonds to carry out its responsibilities pursuant to paragraph 5)(b). The total amount of bonds issued pursuant to this authority may not exceed \$25 million. Revenues credited to the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund shall be used to fund any issuance or debt obligations.
- Section 5. Subsection (6) is added to section 378.036, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 378.036 Land acquisitions financed by Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund moneys.--
- 29 (6) By January 1, 2004, or within 6 months from the
 30 date funds become available from the Legislature, whichever is
 31 later, the Florida Wildlife Federation, Audubon Florida, and

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Rails-to-Trails Conservancy in partnership with the Florida
    Phosphate Council are authorized to form a nonprofit
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    corporation pursuant to chapter 617 for the purpose of
    implementing the provisions of this section by creating plans
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    and assisting in the development of recreational opportunities
    on lands mined for phosphate in the state. The first plans
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    shall concentrate on recreational activities in Hardee and
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   Hamilton Counties that will assist them in rural economic
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    development. The board of directors of the corporation shall
    be composed of three members, one designated by the Florida
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    Phosphate Council, one as the designee of the Florida Wildlife
    Federation, Audubon Florida, and Rails-to-Trails Conservancy,
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    and the third chosen by the other two designees. The business
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    of the corporation shall be conducted by the board of
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    directors or a chief executive officer as the board shall see
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    fit in accordance with the provisions of its articles of
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    incorporation and applicable law. The activities of the
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    corporation shall be coordinated with all landowners who have
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    voluntarily agreed to participate in the process as well as
    any local government where such lands are recorded. An annual
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    report of the activities of the corporation, including a
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    certified audit, shall be presented to the Secretary of
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    Environmental Protection or his or her designee by October 31
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    of each year following incorporation. The corporation shall
    dissolve on January 1, 2009, unless dissolved previously by
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    action of its board of directors or extended by the
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    Legislature. Upon dissolution, any moneys remaining in the
    accounts of the corporation that are unobligated shall be
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    returned to the funds from which they were appropriated in
    proportion to the amount contributed. All tangible assets of
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    the corporation at dissolution which were acquired using state
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funding shall become the property of the Department of Environmental Protection.

Section 6. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of section 378.212, Florida Statutes, to read:

378.212 Variances.--

- (1) Upon application, the secretary may grant a variance from the provisions of this part or the rules adopted pursuant thereto. Variances and renewals thereof may be granted for any one of the following reasons:
- (g) To accommodate reclamation that provides for stormwater management, water supply development, water resource development, wildlife habitat, or recreation consistent with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.0361, provided that regional water resources are not adversely affected.

Section 7. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 403.4154, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

403.4154 Phosphogypsum management program. --

- (2) REGULATORY PROGRAM. --
- (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department develop a program for the sound and effective regulation of phosphogypsum stack systems in the state.
- (b) The department shall adopt rules that prescribe acceptable construction designs for new or expanded phosphogypsum stack systems and that prescribe permitting criteria for operation, closure criteria, long-term-care requirements, and closure financial responsibility requirements for phosphogypsum stack systems.
- (c) Whoever willfully, knowingly, or with reckless indifference or gross carelessness misstates or misrepresents the financial condition or closure costs of an entity engaged

in managing, owning, or operating a phosphogypsum stack or stack system commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 by a fine of not more than \$50,000 and by imprisonment for 5 years for each offense.

- (d) Corporate officers, owners, and operators of a phosphogypsum stack or stack system are prohibited from issuing dividends or making other distributions from retained earnings in the event of a failure of the owner or operator to meet the financial responsibility tests for phosphogypsum stack operations. Whoever willfully, knowingly, or with reckless indifference or gross carelessness, violates this prohibition commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 by a fine of not more than \$50,000 and by imprisonment for 5 years for each offense.
 - (3) ABATEMENT OF IMMINENT HAZARD.--
- (a) The department may take action to abate or substantially reduce any imminent hazard caused by the physical condition, maintenance, operation, or closure of a phosphogypsum stack system.
- (b) An imminent hazard exists if the physical condition, maintenance, operation, or closure of a phosphogypsum stack system creates an immediate and substantial danger to human health, safety, or welfare or to the environment. A phosphogypsum stack system is presumed not to cause an imminent hazard if the physical condition and operation of the system are in compliance with all applicable department rules.
- (c) The failure of an owner or operator of a phosphogypsum stack system to comply with department rules requiring demonstration of closure financial responsibility may be considered by the department as evidence that a

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phosphogypsum stack poses an imminent hazard for purposes of initiating actions authorized by paragraph (d).

(d) (d) (c) If the department determines that the failure of an owner or operator to comply with department rules requiring demonstration of financial responsibility or that the physical condition, maintenance, operation, or closure of a phosphogypsum stack system poses an imminent hazard, the department shall request access to the property on which such stack system is located from the owner or operator of the stack system for the purposes of taking action to abate or substantially reduce the imminent hazard. If the department, after reasonable effort, is unable to timely obtain the necessary access to abate or substantially reduce the imminent hazard, the department may institute action in its own name, using the procedures and remedies of s. 403.121 or s. 403.131, to abate or substantially reduce an imminent hazard. Whenever serious harm to human health, safety, or welfare, to the environment, or to private or public property may occur prior to completion of an administrative hearing or other formal proceeding that might be initiated to abate the risk of serious harm, the department may obtain from the court, ex parte, an injunction without paying filing and service fees prior to the filing and service of process.

(e) (d) To abate or substantially reduce an imminent hazard, the department may take any appropriate action, including, but not limited to, using employees of the department or contracting with other state or federal agencies, with private third-party contractors, or with the owner or operator of the stack system, or financing, compensating, or funding a receiver, trustee, or owner of the 31 stack system, to perform all or part of the work.

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(f) (e) The department shall recover from the owner or operator of the phosphogypsum stack system to the use of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund all moneys expended from the fund, including funds expended prior to the effective date of this section, to abate an imminent hazard posed by the phosphogypsum stack system plus a penalty equal to an amount calculated at 30 percent of such funds expended. This penalty shall be imposed annually, and prorated from the date of payment from the fund until the expended funds and the penalty are repaid. If the department prevails in any action to recover funds pursuant to this subsection, it may recover reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred. Phosphogypsum may not be deposited on a stack until all moneys expended from the fund in connection with the stack have been repaid, unless the department determines that such placement is necessary to abate or avoid an imminent hazard or unless otherwise authorized by the department.

(g)(f) The department may impose a lien on the real property on which the phosphogypsum stack system that poses an imminent hazard is located and on the real property underlying and other assets located at associated phosphate fertilizer production facilities equal in amount to the moneys expended from the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (d), including attorney's fees and court costs. The owner of any property on which such a lien is imposed is entitled to a release of the lien upon payment to the department of the lien amount. The lien imposed by this section does not take priority over any other prior perfected lien on the real property, personal property, or other assets referenced in this paragraph, including, but not limited to, the associated phosphate rock mine and reserves.

(4) REGISTRATION FEES.--

- (a)1. The owner or operator of each existing phosphogypsum stack who has not provided a performance bond, letter of credit, trust fund agreement, or closure insurance to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure and long-term care shall pay to the department a fee as set forth in this paragraph. All fees shall be deposited in the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund.
- 2. The amount of the fee for each existing stack shall be \$75,000 for each of the five 12-month periods following July 1, 2001.
- 3. The amount of the fee for any new stack for which the owner or operator has not provided a performance bond, letter of credit, trust fund agreement, or closure insurance to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure and long-term care shall be \$75,000 for each of the five 12-month periods following the issuance by the department of a construction permit for that stack.
- 4. Within 30 days after a phosphogypsum stack has been certified as closed pursuant to rule 62-673.620(2) and (3), Florida Administrative Code, the department shall refund to the owner of the closed phosphogypsum stack an amount from the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund equal to the total amount of fee payments made by the owner or operator to the fund in connection with the closed phosphogypsum stack, except that any refund becoming payable prior to July 1, 2009, shall be paid to the owner on or after that date.
- (b) On or before August 1 of each year, the department shall provide written notice to each owner of an existing stack of any fee payable for the 12-month period commencing on

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the immediately preceding July 1. Each owner shall remit the fee to the department on or before August 31 of each year.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 403.4155, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (3), (4), (5), and (6) are added to that section, to read:

403.4155 Phosphogypsum management; rulemaking authority.--

- (2) The department shall revise chapter 62-673, Florida Administrative Code, to require the owner or operator of a phosphogypsum stack system to demonstrate financial responsibility for the costs of terminal closure of the phosphogypsum stack system in a manner that protects the environment and the public health and safety. At a minimum, such rules shall include or address the following:
- (a) Requirements that the cost of closure and long-term care be re-estimated by a professional engineer and adjusted for inflation on an annual basis and, at a minimum, such cost data shall include: the cost of treatment and appropriate disposal of all process wastewater, both ponded and pore, in the system; all construction work necessary to properly close the system in accordance with department rules; and all costs associated with long-term care of the closed system, including maintenance and monitoring, in accordance with department rules.
- (b) Financial statements and financial data be prepared according to United States generally accepted accounting principles and submitted quarterly.
- (c) That audited financial statements be provided annually, along with the statement of financial assurance.
- (d) A requirement that any owner or operator report 31 immediately if it is in default on any of its obligations.

- (e) Include an option for the owner or operator to satisfy the financial responsibility requirements with a corporate guarantee for an amount that would assure adequate coverage of the closure and postclosure costs.
- (3) By October 1, 2003, the department shall initiate rulemaking to require that phosphogypsum stack system operation plans required by department rule be amended by adding an interim stack system management (ISSM) plan that provides written instructions for the operation of the system assuming that no phosphoric acid would be produced at the facility for a 2-year period. The initial ISSM plan shall be completed as of the first July 1 following the adoption of the rule required by this section. The ISSM plan shall include:
- (a) A detailed description of process water management procedures that will be implemented to ensure that the stack system operates in accordance with all applicable department permit conditions and rules. The procedures shall address the actual process water levels present at the facility 30 days prior to the completion of the plan and shall assume that the facility will receive annual average rainfall during the 2-year planning period.
- (b) A detailed description of the procedures to be followed for the daily operation and routine maintenance of the stack system, including required environmental sampling and analyses, as well as for any maintenance or repairs recommended following annual inspections of the system.
- (c) Identification of all machinery, equipment, and materials necessary to implement the plan.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}} \quad \underline{\text{Identification of the sources of power or fuel}} \\ \underline{\text{necessary to implement the plan.}}$

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- (e) Identification of the personnel necessary to implement the plan.
- (4) The ISSM plan shall be updated annually taking into account process water levels as of June 1 and the then-existing stack system configuration.
- The foregoing requirement for the preparation and updating of the ISSM plan is applicable to all phosphogypsum stack systems except those which have been closed, which are undergoing closure, or for which an application for a closure permit has been submitted pursuant to department rule.
- (6) By October 1, 2003, the department shall initiate rulemaking to require that general plans and schedules for the closure of phosphogypsum stack systems include:
- (a) A description of the physical configuration of the phosphogypsum stack system anticipated at the time of closure at the end of useful life of the system.
- (b) A site-specific water management plan describing the procedure to be employed at the end of the useful life of the system to manage the anticipated volume of process water in an environmentally sound manner.
- (c) An estimate of the cost of management of the anticipated volume of process water in accordance with the site-specific water management plan.
- (d) A description of all construction work necessary to properly close the system in accordance with department rules.
- (e) An estimate of all costs associated with long-term care of the closed system, including maintenance and monitoring, in accordance with department rules.
- (2) By January 31, 2002, the department shall review 31 chapter 62-673, Florida Administrative Code, to determine the

adequacy of the financial responsibility provisions contained 2 in the rules and shall take any measures necessary to ensure 3 that the rules provide sound and effective provisions to minimize risk to the environment and to public health and 4 5 safety from the business failure of a phosphogypsum stack 6 system. 7 Section 9. The Southwest Florida Water Management 8 District shall perform a study of the cumulative impacts of 9 land use and land form changes in the Peace River Basin, comparing predevelopment conditions to conditions reasonably 10 11 expected to exist in 2050. The study shall evaluate surface water and groundwater resource changes. The study shall 12 include an evaluation of the general effectiveness of existing 13 federal, state, and local regulatory programs in mitigating or 14 compensating for the impacts of land use and land form 15 changes, identification of any deficiencies in the information 16 17 needed for evaluation of cumulative impacts, and recommendations as appropriate for improvements in regulatory 18 19 programs needed for minimization of overall cumulative impacts. The district is authorized to form a technical 20 advisory committee composed of representatives from the 21 following interests located in the Peace River 22 Basin: industry, mining, agriculture, development, 23 environmental, and local government. The technical advisory 24 committee shall recommend a plan of study to the district and 25 shall review interim findings and final recommendations. 26 2.7 Section 10. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 28 law. 29 30 31

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>Senate Bill 1312</u>
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4	The committee substitute provides for a series of changes to laws governing phosphate mining operations. Severance tax
5	formulas and distributions are changed. Reclamation
6	requirements are amended to allow for the granting of certain variances and the changing of a deadline for application submittals. Financial assurance requirements are specified and
7	criminal penalties provided for those who knowingly violate them. Rulemaking authority is clarified as it relates to
8	interim stack management and stack closure. Finally, a study is created to examine certain cumulative impacts in the Peace
9	River Basin.
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