

HB 1411 2003

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to relief from overcrowded schools; creating s. 1013.215, F.S.; establishing the S.C.R.I.P.T. grants program for school overcrowding relief; providing a popular name; providing findings, intent, and purposes; providing a definition; providing school district, parent, and Department of Education obligations; providing private school eligibility requirements; providing for the initial award, renewal, and disbursement of S.C.R.I.P.T. grants; limiting the liability of the state relating to the award or use of a S.C.R.I.P.T. grant; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, the State of Florida is among national leaders in providing state funding for K-12 public educational facilities, and has provided an infusion of several billions of dollars of state funds for K-12 public educational facilities since the November 1997 Special Legislative Session on School Overcrowding, and

WHEREAS, the people of the State of Florida have expressed their disapproval of school overcrowding by amending the Florida Constitution to place limits on class size, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 1013.215, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1013.215 S.C.R.I.P.T. grants program for school overcrowding relief.--



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(1) POPULAR NAME.--This section shall be known by the popular name "The S.C.R.I.P.T. (School Crowding Relief Intervention for Parents and Teachers) Grants Act."

- (2) FINDINGS, INTENT, AND PURPOSES.--
- (a) The Legislature finds that school overcrowding results in the use of relocatable facilities, causes lunch to be provided at unacceptable times, leads to an increase in student misbehavior and a decrease in individualized instruction to students, and causes parents great concern.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that parents of students in overcrowded schools be given the option to enroll their children in a public school within the same district that is not overcrowded, or to receive a S.C.R.I.P.T. grant to allow their children to leave the public school system and attend an eligible private school of the parents' choice for as long as the parents desire, provided the requirements of subsection (9) are met.
- (c) The purposes of this section are to provide immediate and targeted relief for public school overcrowding, improve classroom conditions for teachers and students, reduce the cost of public education for Florida's taxpayers, foster participation by parents in their children's education, create a beneficial public-private collaboration in K-12 education, and enhance the learning environment for all of Florida's K-12 students.
- (3) DEFINITION.--As used in this section, the term "overcrowded school" means an elementary school, middle/junior high school, high school, or combination school in which:
- (a) The capital outlay FTE enrollment exceeds 120 percent of the school's permanent student stations; or



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(b) The school has solely relocatable or modular instructional space and the capital outlay FTE enrollment exceeds 120 percent of the school's permanent food service and multipurpose dining capacity.

- (4) PARENTAL CHOICE.--Beginning with the 2003-2004 school year and thereafter, the parent of any K-12 student who is enrolled and in attendance during the October and February FTE enrollment counts in a Florida public school that meets the definition of an overcrowded school pursuant to subsection (3) may, for the following school year:
- (a) Opt to have the student remain in the school in which the student is enrolled;
- (b) Opt to have the student transferred to another public school within the district that does not meet the definition of an overcrowded school pursuant to subsection (3); or
- (c) Opt to request, on an annual basis, a S.C.R.I.P.T.

  grant of \$3,000 to assist the parent in paying for the student's attendance at an eligible private school of the parent's choice.
  - (5) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS.--
- (a) Each school district shall annually by February 22, for each K-12 student eligible under subsection (4) in a school that meets the definition of an overcrowded school pursuant to subsection (3), notify the parent that the school is overcrowded and provide the parent with the parental choice options for the following school year as provided in subsection (4).
- (b) Notification shall be published on the school district web site, in area newspapers, and by written notice sent home with the student, and must include a listing of the public schools, including charter schools, within the school district



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that do not meet the definition of an overcrowded school pursuant to subsection (3).

- (6) PARENT OBLIGATIONS.--
- (a) The parent shall notify the school district as to which of the options provided in subsection (4) the parent wishes to choose.
- 1. Failure of the parent to provide notification shall constitute the choice of the option provided by paragraph (4)(a).
- 2. If the parent chooses the option provided by paragraph (4)(b), the parent shall inform the school district by March 31 which public school the parent has selected, and the parent shall agree to provide any necessary transportation for the student to the selected public school.
- 3. If the parent chooses the option provided by paragraph (4)(c), the parent must:
- a. Obtain acceptance for admission of the student to a private school eligible under subsection (7) as soon as possible, and inform the private school that the student will be using a S.C.R.I.P.T. grant; or, if the parent is unable to obtain acceptance for admission or for any reason decides not to participate in the program, notify the school district as soon as possible, so that the option in paragraph (4)(c) can be made available to another parent.
- b. Notify the Department of Education by July 1 of the parent's request for a S.C.R.I.P.T. grant and the name and address of the selected private school.
- c. Agree to provide transportation for the student to the private school if necessary.



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- d. Agree to pay any costs associated with the student's attendance at the private school that exceed the annual amount of the S.C.R.I.P.T. grant.
- e. Agree that the education provided by the private school selected shall satisfy the student's full need for educational services from the student's school.
- (b) After the first year of the student's attending a private school under the S.C.R.I.P.T. grants program, the parent must annually notify the Department of Education no later than July 1 if the parent intends to renew the grant according to the provisions of subsection (9) in order for the student to continue in the program, together with the name and address of the private school selected for the student for the following school year.
- (7) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY. -- Eligibility of a private school shall be determined by the parental oversight and accountability requirements that, coupled with the exercise of parental choice, are reasonably necessary to secure the educational public purpose. To be eligible to participate in the S.C.R.I.P.T. grants program, a private school must be a Florida private school, may be sectarian or nonsectarian, and must:
- (a) Demonstrate fiscal soundness by being in operation for 1 school year or provide the Department of Education with a statement by a certified public accountant confirming that the private school desiring to participate is insured and the owner or owners have sufficient capital or credit to operate the school for the upcoming year serving the number of students anticipated with expected revenues from tuition and other sources that may be reasonably expected. In lieu of such a statement, a surety bond or letter of credit for the amount



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equal to the S.C.R.I.P.T. grants funds for any school year may be filed with the department.

- (b) Notify the Department of Education and the school district in the service area in which the school is located of its intent to participate in the program under this section as early as possible, but no later than July 1 preceding the school year in which it intends to participate. The notice shall specify the grade levels and services that the private school has available for the S.C.R.I.P.T. grants program.
- - (d) Meet state and local health and safety laws and codes.
- (e) Comply with all state statutes applicable to the general regulation of private schools.
- (f) If a S.C.R.I.P.T. grant student's parent so requests, coordinate with the local school district the locations and times for the student to take all statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22.
  - (8) INITIAL S.C.R.I.P.T. GRANTS.--
- (a) Initial S.C.R.I.P.T. grants shall be offered on a first-come, first-served basis to parents who are eligible to exercise the parental choice options provided in subsection (4).
- (b) The number of initial S.C.R.I.P.T. grants to be awarded shall be determined annually by the Department of Education by February 7, based upon the capital outlay FTE enrollment as determined by the October count and the Florida Inventory of School Houses permanent student stations or permanent food service and multipurpose dining capacity, as appropriate, as of November 1, and capped at the number that



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would reduce the applicable percentage of capital outlay FTE enrollment specified in subsection (3) to 100 percent.

- educational continuity and parental choice, a S.C.R.I.P.T.
  grant, once awarded, shall be renewable for as long as the
  parent is a Florida resident who opts for continuation of the
  grant for the student and the student lawfully attends an
  eligible private school, through grade 12. The S.C.R.I.P.T.
  grant may be transferred from one eligible private school to
  another upon the school's acceptance of the student and the
  parent's provision of adequate notice to the Department of
  Education. A parent may, however, at any time opt to return the
  student to public school.
- (10) S.C.R.I.P.T. GRANT DISBURSEMENT.--Upon proper documentation reviewed and approved by the Department of Education, the Chief Financial Officer shall make S.C.R.I.P.T. grant payments in four equal amounts no later than September 1, November 1, February 1, and April 1 of each academic year. The initial payment shall be made after Department of Education verification of admission acceptance, and subsequent payments shall be made upon verification of the student's continued enrollment and attendance at the private school. Payment must be by individual warrant made payable to the student's parent and mailed by the Department of Education to the private school of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school.
- (11) LIABILITY.--No liability shall arise on the part of the state based on the award or use of any S.C.R.I.P.T. grant.
  - (12) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS. --



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(a) The Department of Education shall annually calculate and publicize the number of initial S.C.R.I.P.T. grants, determined pursuant to paragraph (8)(b), that will be made available for each school for that school year.

- (b)1. Upon notification of the number of students whose parents have opted to request initial S.C.R.I.P.T. grants, the department shall transfer from general revenue funds appropriated to the school district the total amount of annual \$3,000 grants for the school district's students from the Florida Education Finance Program to a separate account for the disbursement of the initial S.C.R.I.P.T. grants.
- 2. The Department of Education shall, in its annual budget, provide for S.C.R.I.P.T. grants for parents who wish their children to continue participation in the S.C.R.I.P.T. grants program beyond the initial year of participation.
- (c) The Department of Education shall administer the S.C.R.I.P.T. grants program and may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section. However, the inclusion of eligible private schools within options available to Florida public school students does not expand the regulatory authority of the state, its officers, or any school district to impose any additional regulation of private schools beyond those reasonably necessary to enforce requirements expressly set forth in this section.
  - Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.