

HB 1415 2003 **CS** 

CHAMBER ACTION

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The Committee on Transportation recommends the following:

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## Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to motor vehicles; amending s. 261.03, F.S.; revising the definition of "off-highway vehicle"; defining "two-rider ATV"; amending s. 316.003, F.S.; revising the definition of "motorized scooter"; amending s. 316.1001, F.S.; revising provisions for mailing citations for violating toll facility; revising provisions to contest such citations; reducing the number of outstanding citations required before the department may deny issuance of a license plate or validation sticker; amending s. 316.650, F.S.; revising procedures for submission by the law enforcement agency of specified citations to the court or traffic violations bureau; amending s. 318.14, F.S.; revising procedures for payment of penalties for certain noncriminal traffic infractions; providing for payment of fine for specified infractions to the governmental entity issuing the citation; amending s. 316.183, F.S.; revising provisions relating to unlawful speed; amending s. 316.187, F.S.; deleting a penalty



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provision for violation of specified state speed limits; amending s. 316.189, F.S.; deleting a penalty provision for violation of specified municipal and county speed limits; amending s. 316.1895, F.S.; deleting a provision prohibiting speeding in a posted school zone; deleting a penalty provision for violations of specified school speed zones; amending s. 316.2074, F.S.; revising the definition of "all-terrain vehicle"; amending s. 316.605, F.S.; revising requirements for placement of license plates on certain vehicles; amending s. 317.0003, F.S.; revising the definition of "off-highway vehicle"; defining "two-rider ATV"; amending s. 317.0008, F.S.; deleting a provision for expedited service for a duplicate certificate of title to off-highway vehicles and a charge therefor; creating s. 317.0014, F.S.; providing for issuance by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of certificates of title to off-highway vehicles in duplicate; providing for delivery to the owner; providing for delivery to a lienholder; requiring notice to all parties in certain conflict; providing procedures and timeframes for resolving conflict; providing for retention of certificate by certain lienholder; providing for subsequent encumbrance; providing for satisfaction of lien; providing for issuance of duplicate certificate; limiting notification responsibility of the department; creating s. 317.0015, F.S.; limiting application of titling requirements; creating s. 317.0016, F.S.; providing for expedited service on described title transactions;



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providing fee for such service; creating s. 317.0017, F.S.; prohibiting described acts involving vehicle identification numbers, applications, certificates of title, and papers in relation to off-highway vehicles; providing penalties; creating s. 317.0018, F.S.; prohibiting transfer without delivery of certificate, operation or use without certificate, and failure to surrender off-highway vehicle certificates under described circumstances; providing penalties; amending s. 318.1215, F.S.; requiring that certain funds be used for enhancement of driver education program funds; requiring certain behind-the-wheel training; amending s. 319.23, F.S.; requiring certain dealers to report taking of motor vehicle or mobile home in trade; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to update certain records; amending s. 319.30, F.S.; revising the definition of "major component parts"; amending s. 320.055, F.S.; revising registration requirements for certain leased motor vehicles; amending s. 320.0605, F.S.; exempting certain vehicles from specified requirement to possess and exhibit certificate of registration of motor vehicle; amending s. 320.07, F.S.; exempting certain service members from penalties for expiration of mobile home and motor vehicle registrations; amending s. 320.0706, F.S.; providing for display of license plate on wreckers; amending s. 320.08053, F.S.; revising requirements for establishing a specialty license plate; providing procedures and timeframes; requiring submission of a



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sample plate; requiring a financial analysis of anticipated revenues and expenditures; requiring submission of prepaid applications; providing for content of prepaid applications; providing for legislative approval; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to issue plates within a specified time period; authorizing the department to retain prepayments to cover certain costs; requiring refund of prepaid applications under certain circumstances; providing for a minimum number of prepaid applications; providing for quarterly reports to the department; providing procedures and requirements for collection of payments for prepaid applications; authorizing the department to audit organizations collecting prepaid applications; amending s. 320.08056, F.S.; revising conditions and procedures for discontinuance of specialty license plates; deleting an exemption from the provisions for discontinuance of specialty license plates; amending s. 320.0821, F.S.; revising requirements for issuance and display of wrecker license plates; amending s. 320.131, F.S.; authorizing the department to administer an electronic system for licensed motor vehicle dealers to use in issuing temporary tags; providing procedures; providing penalties for failure to comply with department requirements; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; providing period of time motor vehicle dealers are to maintain records of described transactions; providing penalties for specified violations; amending s. 322.051, F.S.; revising list of documents accepted for proof of



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identity of applicant for identification card; increasing the fee for application, renewal, and duplication of such cards; requiring described content on such cards; amending s. 322.08, F.S.; revising list of documents accepted for proof of identity of applicant for driver license; providing for a voluntary contribution to be made when applying for a driver license; providing for distribution of moneys collected for said contribution; amending s. 322.12, F.S.; providing fees for certain second or subsequent examinations of specified applicants; revising language relating to fees for application for reinstatement of suspended or revoked licenses; amending s. 322.135, F.S.; providing procedures for payment of funds collected by driver license agents; amending s. 322.142, F.S.; prohibiting waiver of certain driver license content requirements; amending s. 322.17, F.S.; revising language relating to replacement of a license due to a change of address; removing the requirement that a request for such replacement be in writing; removing a requirement regarding placement of an address sticker; amending ss. 322.18 and 322.19, F.S.; revising references; amending s. 322.21, F.S., relating to license fees and procedures for collection and disposition of the fees; providing for exceptions to those procedures; revising language relating to fees for application for reinstatement of suspended or revoked licenses; increasing said fees; providing for deposit of moneys collected into the General Revenue Fund and the Highway Safety Operating

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Trust Fund; amending s. 322.212, F.S.; revising provisions for enforcement of specified violations by the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco; amending s. 322.251, F.S.; revising a reference; amending s. 322.29, F.S.; revising certain fees for application for return of license; providing for deposit of moneys collected into the General Revenue Fund and the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund; amending s. 812.16, F.S.; including airbags and airbag assemblies within the definition of the term "major component part" for purposes of provisions prohibiting the operation of a chop shop; reenacting s. 318.121, F.S., relating to preemption of additional fees, fines, surcharges, and costs, to incorporate amendments to Florida Statutes in references; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 261.03, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (11) is added to said section, to read:

261.03 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter, the term:

- (6) "Off-highway vehicle" means any ATV, two-rider ATV, or OHM that is used off the roads or highways of this state for recreational purposes and that is not registered and licensed for highway use under chapter 320.
- (11) "Two-rider ATV" means any ATV that is specifically designed by the manufacturer for a single operator and one passenger.

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Section 2. Subsection (82) of section 316.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.003 Definitions.--The following words and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where the context otherwise requires:

- (82) MOTORIZED SCOOTER.--Any vehicle not having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider, designed to travel on not more than three wheels, and not capable of propelling the vehicle at a speed greater than 30 miles per hour on level ground.
- Section 3. Section 316.1001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1001 Payment of toll on toll facilities required; penalties.--

- (1) A person may not use any toll facility without payment of tolls, except as provided in s. 338.155. Failure to pay a prescribed toll is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation under chapter 318.
- (2)(a) For the purpose of enforcing this section, any governmental entity, as defined in s. 334.03, that owns or operates a toll facility may, by rule or ordinance, authorize a toll enforcement officer to issue a uniform traffic citation for a violation of this section. Toll enforcement officer means the designee of a governmental entity whose sole authority is to enforce the payment of tolls. The governmental entity may designate toll enforcement officers pursuant to s. 316.640(1).
- (b) A citation issued under this subsection may be issued by mailing the citation by first class mail, or by certified



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mail, return receipt requested, to the address of the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in the violation. Mailing the citation to this address constitutes notification. In the case of joint ownership of a motor vehicle, the traffic citation must be mailed to the first name appearing on the registration, unless the first name appearing on the registration is a business organization, in which case the second name appearing on the registration may be used. A citation issued under this paragraph must be mailed to the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in the violation within 14 days after the date of the violation. In addition to the citation, notification must be sent to the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in the violation specifying the remedies remedy available under ss. 318.14(12) and s. 318.18(7).

- (c) The owner of the motor vehicle involved in the violation is responsible and liable for payment of a citation issued for failure to pay a toll, unless the owner can establish the motor vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In order to establish such facts, the owner of the motor vehicle is required, within 14 days after the date of issuance of the citation notification of the alleged violation, to furnish to the appropriate governmental entity an affidavit setting forth:
- 1. The name, address, <u>date of birth</u>, and, if known, the driver license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise had the care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged violation; or

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If stolen, the police report indicating that the vehicle was stolen at the time of the alleged violation.

227 Upon receipt of an affidavit the person designated as having 228 care, custody, and control of the motor vehicle at the time of the violation may be issued a citation for failure to pay a required toll. The affidavit shall be admissible in a proceeding pursuant to this section for the purpose of providing that the 232 person identified in the affidavit was in actual care, custody,

- 233 or control of the motor vehicle.
  - A written report of a toll enforcement officer or photographic evidence that indicates that a required toll was not paid is admissible in any proceeding to enforce this section and raises a rebuttable presumption that the motor vehicle named in the report or shown in the photographic evidence was used in violation of this section.
  - (3) The submission of a false affidavit is a misdemeanor of the second degree.
  - Any governmental entity may supply the department with data that is machine readable by the department's computer system, listing persons who have one three or more outstanding violations of this section. Pursuant to s. 320.03(8), those persons may not be issued a license plate or revalidation sticker for any motor vehicle.
  - Subsections (2)-(4) supplement the enforcement of this section by law enforcement officers, and this section does not prohibit a law enforcement officer from issuing a citation for a



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violation of this section in accordance with normal traffic enforcement techniques.

Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 316.650, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.650 Traffic citations.--

Except for a traffic citation issued pursuant to s. 316.1001, every traffic enforcement officer, upon issuing a traffic citation to an alleged violator of any provision of the motor vehicle laws of this state or of any traffic ordinance of any city or town, shall deposit the original and one copy of such traffic citation or, in the case of a traffic enforcement agency which has an automated citation issuance system, shall provide an electronic facsimile with a court having jurisdiction over the alleged offense or with its traffic violations bureau within 5 days after issuance to the violator. If a traffic citation is issued pursuant to s. 316.1001, a traffic enforcement officer may deposit the original and one copy of such traffic citation, or, in the case of a traffic enforcement agency which has an automated citation system, may provide an electronic facsimile to a court having jurisdiction over the alleged offense or with its traffic violations bureau within 45 days after the date of issuance of the citation to the violator.

Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (12) is added to said section, to read:

318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; procedures.--



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- Except as provided in subsection (12), any person charged with a noncriminal infraction under this section who does not elect to appear shall pay the civil penalty and delinquent fee, if applicable, either by mail or in person, within 30 days after the date of issuance of receiving the citation. If the person cited follows the above procedure, he or she shall be deemed to have admitted the infraction and to have waived his or her right to a hearing on the issue of commission of the infraction. Such admission shall not be used as evidence in any other proceedings. Any person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.0605 or s. 322.15(1), or subject to a penalty under s. 320.07(3)(a) or (b) or s. 322.065, and who makes an election under this subsection shall submit proof of compliance with the applicable section to the clerk of the court. For the purposes of this subsection, proof of compliance consists of a valid driver's license or a valid registration certificate.
- (12) Any person cited for a violation of s. 316.1001 may, in lieu of making an election as set forth in subsection (4) and s. 318.18(7), elect to pay directly to the governmental entity that issued the citation a fine up to \$25 as set by the governmental entity that issued the citation, within 30 days after the date of issuance of the citation. Any person cited for a violation of s. 316.1001 who does not elect to pay the fine directly to the governmental entity that issued the citation as described herein shall have an additional 45 days after the date of the issuance of the citation in which to pay the civil penalty and delinquent fee, if applicable, as provided in s.



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318.18(7), either by mail or in person, in accordance with subsection (4).

Section 6. Section 316.183, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.183 Unlawful speed.--

- (1) No person shall drive a vehicle on a highway at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under the conditions and having regard to the actual and potential hazards then existing. In every event, speed shall be controlled as may be necessary to avoid colliding with any person, vehicle, or other conveyance or object on or entering the highway in compliance with legal requirements and the duty of all persons to use due care.
- (2) It is unlawful to exceed the posted speed limit on any highway within this state.
- (3)(2) Unless otherwise posted On all streets or highways, the maximum speed limits for all vehicles must be 30 miles per hour in business or residence districts, and 55 miles per hour at any time at all other locations. However, with respect to a residence district, a county or municipality may set a maximum speed limit of 20 or 25 miles per hour on local streets and highways after an investigation determines that such a limit is reasonable. It is not necessary to conduct a separate investigation for each residence district. The minimum speed limit on all highways that comprise a part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and have not fewer than four lanes is 40 miles per hour.

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(4)(3) No school bus shall exceed the posted speed limits, not to exceed 55 miles per hour at any time.

- $\underline{(5)}$  (4) The driver of every vehicle shall, consistent with the requirements of subsection (1), drive at an appropriately reduced speed when:
- (a) Approaching and crossing an intersection or railway grade crossing;
  - (b) Approaching and going around a curve;
  - (c) Approaching a hill crest;
  - (d) Traveling upon any narrow or winding roadway; and
- (e) Any special hazard exists with respect to pedestrians or other traffic or by reason of weather or highway conditions.
- (6)(5) No person shall drive a motor vehicle at such a slow speed as to impede or block the normal and reasonable movement of traffic, except when reduced speed is necessary for safe operation or in compliance with law.
- (7) (6) No driver of a vehicle shall exceed the posted maximum speed limit in a work zone area.
- (8) A person may not drive a vehicle on a roadway designated as a school zone at a speed greater than that posted in the school zone in accordance with this section.
- (9)(7) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- Section 7. Section 316.187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 316.187 Establishment of state speed zones.--



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(1) Whenever the Department of Transportation determines, upon the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation, that any speed is greater or less than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at any intersection or other place, or upon any part of a highway outside of a municipality or upon any state roads, connecting links or extensions thereof within a municipality, the Department of Transportation may determine and declare a reasonable and safe speed limit thereat which shall be effective when appropriate signs giving notice thereof are erected at the intersection or other place or part of the highway.

- (2)(a) The maximum allowable speed limit on limited access highways is 70 miles per hour.
- (b) The maximum allowable speed limit on any other highway which is outside an urban area of 5,000 or more persons and which has at least four lanes divided by a median strip is 65 miles per hour.
- (c) The Department of Transportation is authorized to set such maximum and minimum speed limits for travel over other roadways under its authority as it deems safe and advisable, not to exceed as a maximum limit 60 miles per hour.
- (3) Violation of the speed limits established under this section must be cited as a moving violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.

Section 8. Section 316.189, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.189 Establishment of municipal and county speed zones.--



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(1) MUNICIPAL SPEED.—The maximum speed within any municipality is 30 miles per hour. With respect to residence districts, a municipality may set a maximum speed limit of 20 or 25 miles per hour on local streets and highways after an investigation determines that such a limit is reasonable. It shall not be necessary to conduct a separate investigation for each residence district. A municipality may set speed zones altering the speed limit, both as to maximum, not to exceed 60 miles per hour, and minimum, after investigation determines such a change is reasonable and in conformity to criteria promulgated by the Department of Transportation, except that no changes shall be made on state highways or connecting links or extensions thereof, which shall be changed only by the Department of Transportation.

- (2) SPEED ON COUNTY ROADS. -- The maximum speed on any county-maintained road is:
- (a) In any business or residence district, 30 miles per hour in the daytime or nighttime; provided that with respect to residence districts a county may set a maximum speed limit of 25 miles per hour after an investigation determines that such a limit is reasonable; and it shall not be necessary to conduct a separate investigation in each residence district.
- (b) On any other part of a county road not a business or residence district, as set forth in s. 316.183.

However, the board of county commissioners may set speed zones altering such speeds, both as to maximum and minimum, after investigation determines such a change is reasonable and in

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conformity to criteria promulgated by the Department of Transportation, except that no such speed zone shall permit a speed of more than 60 miles per hour.

- (3) POSTING OF SPEED LIMITS.--All speed zones shall be posted with clearly legible signs. No change in speeds from 30 miles per hour or from those established in s. 316.183 shall take effect until the zone is posted by the authority changing the speed pursuant to this section and s. 316.187. All signs which limit or establish speed limits, maximum and minimum, shall be so placed and so painted as to be plainly visible and legible in daylight or in darkness when illuminated by headlights.
- (4) PENALTY. -- Violation of the speed limits established under this section must be cited as a moving violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.
- Section 9. Section 316.1895, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 316.1895 Establishment of school speed zones, enforcement; designation.--
- (1)(a) The Department of Transportation, pursuant to the authority granted under s. 316.0745, shall adopt a uniform system of traffic control devices and pedestrian control devices for use on the streets and highways in the state surrounding all schools, public and private.
- (b) The Department of Transportation shall compile, publish, and transmit a manual containing all specifications and requirements with respect to the system of devices established pursuant to paragraph (a) to the governing body of each county

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and municipality in the state, and the Department of Transportation and each county and municipality in the state shall install and maintain such traffic and pedestrian control devices in conformity with such uniform system.

- (2) Upon request from the appropriate local government, the Department of Transportation shall install and maintain such traffic and pedestrian control devices on state-maintained roads as prescribed in this section for all prekindergarten early-intervention schools that receive federal funding through the Headstart program.
- (3)(a) A school zone located on a state-maintained primary or secondary road shall be maintained by the Department of Transportation. However, nothing herein shall prohibit the Department of Transportation from entering into agreements with counties or municipalities whereby the local governmental entities would maintain specified school zones on state-maintained primary or secondary roads.
- (b) The county shall have the responsibility to maintain a school zone located outside of any municipality and on a county road.
- (c) A municipality shall have the responsibility to maintain a school zone located in a municipality.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, the term "maintained" with respect to any school zone means the care and maintenance of all school zone signs, markers, traffic control devices, and pedestrian control devices.
- (4)(a) A school zone maintained by a county shall be periodically inspected by the county sheriff's office or any

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other qualified agent to determine whether or not the school zone is being properly maintained.

- (b) A school zone maintained by a municipality shall be periodically inspected by the municipal police department or any other qualified agent to determine whether or not the school zone is being properly maintained.
- (5) A school zone speed limit may not be less than 15 miles per hour except by local regulation. No school zone speed limit shall be more than 20 miles per hour in an urbanized area, as defined in s. 334.03. Such speed limit may be in force only during those times 30 minutes before, during, and 30 minutes after the periods of time when pupils are arriving at a regularly scheduled breakfast program or a regularly scheduled school session.
- (6) Permanent signs designating school zones and school zone speed limits shall be uniform in size and color, and shall have the times during which the restrictive speed limit is enforced clearly designated thereon. The Department of Transportation shall establish adequate standards for the signs.
- (7) Portable signs designating school zones and school zone speed limits shall be uniform in size and color. Such signs shall be erected on the roadway only during those hours when pupils are arriving at and leaving regularly scheduled school sessions. The Department of Transportation shall establish adequate standards for the signs.
- (8) Nothing herein shall prohibit the use of automatic traffic control devices for the control of vehicular and pedestrian traffic at school crossings in lieu of permanent or



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portable school zone signs. The Department of Transportation shall establish standards for automatic flashing signals.

- (9) All flags, belts, apparel, and devices issued, supplied, or furnished to pupils or persons acting in the capacity of school safety patrols, special school police, or special police appointed to control and direct traffic at or near schools, when used during periods of darkness, shall be made at least in part with retroreflective materials so as to be visible at night at 300 feet to approaching motorists when viewed under lawful low-beam headlights.
- (10) A person may not drive a vehicle on a roadway designated as a school zone at a speed greater than that posted in the school zone in accordance with this section. Violation of the speed limits established pursuant to this section must be cited as a moving violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.

Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 316.2074, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.2074 All-terrain vehicles.--

(2) As used in this section, the term "all-terrain vehicle" means any motorized off-highway vehicle 50 inches or less in width, having a dry weight of 900 pounds or less, designed to travel on three or more low-pressure tires, having a seat designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control, and intended for use by a single operator with no passenger. For purposes of this section, "all-terrain vehicle" also includes any two-rider ATV as defined in s. 317.0003.



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Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 316.605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.605 Licensing of vehicles.--

Every vehicle, at all times while driven, stopped, or parked upon any highways, roads, or streets of this state, shall be licensed in the name of the owner thereof in accordance with the laws of this state unless such vehicle is not required by the laws of this state to be licensed in this state and shall, except as otherwise provided in s. 320.0706 for front-end registration license plates on truck tractors or wreckers, display the license plate or both of the license plates assigned to it by the state, one on the rear and, if two, the other on the front of the vehicle, each to be securely fastened to the vehicle outside the main body of the vehicle in such manner as to prevent the plates from swinging, with all letters, numerals, printing, writing, and other identification marks upon the plates clear and distinct and free from defacement, mutilation, grease, and other obscuring matter, so that they will be plainly visible and legible at all times 100 feet from the rear or front. Further, when only one registration plate is issued for a motor vehicle and that motor vehicle has a mechanical loading device that may damage the plate, the plate may be attached to the front of the vehicle. Nothing shall be placed upon the face of a Florida plate except as permitted by law or by rule or regulation of a governmental agency. No license plates other than those furnished by the state shall be used. However, if the vehicle is not required to be licensed in this state, the license plates on such vehicle issued by another state, by a

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territory, possession, or district of the United States, or by a foreign country, substantially complying with the provisions hereof, shall be considered as complying with this chapter.

Government license plates that are issued to any truck tractor or heavy truck owned by a government entity with a GVWR of 26,001 or more may be placed on the front of the vehicle and shall be considered as complying with this chapter. A violation of this subsection is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 12. Subsection (6) of section 317.0003, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (9) is added to said section, to read:

317.0003 Definitions.--As used in ss. 317.0001-317.0013, the term:

- (6) "Off-highway vehicle" means any ATV, two-rider ATV, or OHM that is used off the roads or highways of this state for recreational purposes and that is not registered and licensed for highway use pursuant to chapter 320.
- (9) "Two-rider ATV" means any ATV that is specifically designed by the manufacturer for a single operator and one passenger.

Section 13. Section 317.0008, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

317.0008 Duplicate certificate of title.--

(1) The department may issue a duplicate certificate of title upon application by the person entitled to hold such a certificate if the department is satisfied that the original



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certificate has been lost, destroyed, or mutilated. A fee of \$15 shall be charged for issuing a duplicate certificate.

(2) In addition to the fee imposed by subsection (1), a fee of \$7 shall be charged for expedited service in issuing a duplicate certificate of title. Application for such expedited service may be made by mail or in person. The department shall issue each certificate of title applied for under this subsection within 5 working days after receipt of a proper application or shall refund the additional \$7 fee upon written request by the applicant.

(2)(3) If, following the issuance of an original, duplicate, or corrected certificate of title by the department, the certificate is lost in transit and is not delivered to the addressee, the owner of the off-highway vehicle or the holder of a lien thereon may, within 180 days after the date of issuance of the certificate, apply to the department for reissuance of the certificate. An additional fee may not be charged for reissuance under this subsection.

(3)(4) The department shall implement a system to verify that the application is signed by a person authorized to receive a duplicate certificate of title under this section if the address shown on the application is different from the address shown for the applicant on the records of the department.

Section 14. Section 317.0014, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

317.0014 Issuance in duplicate; delivery; liens and encumbrances.--



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(1) The department shall assign a number to each certificate of title and shall issue each certificate of title and each corrected certificate in duplicate. The database record shall serve as the duplicate title certificate required herein.

One printed copy may be retained on file by the department.

(2) A duly authorized person shall sign the original

certificate of title and each corrected certificate and, if there are no liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, as shown in the records of the department or as shown in the application, shall deliver the certificate to the applicant or to another person as directed by the applicant or person, agent, or attorney submitting such application. If there are one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, the certificate shall be delivered by the department to the first lienholder as shown by department records or to the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder. If the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder indicates that the certificate should be delivered to the first lienholder, the department shall deliver to the first lienholder, along with the certificate, a form to be subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder directs the certificate of title to be delivered to the owner, then, upon delivery of the certificate of title by the department to the owner, the department shall deliver to the first lienholder confirmation of the receipt of the notice of lien and the date the certificate of title was issued to the owner at the owner's address shown on the notice of lien and a form to be



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subsequently used by the lienholder as a satisfaction. If the application for certificate shows the name of a first lienholder different from the name of the first lienholder as shown by the records of the department, the certificate shall not be issued to any person until after all parties who appear to hold a lien and the applicant for the certificate have been notified of the conflict in writing by the department by certified mail. If the parties do not amicably resolve the conflict within 10 days after the date such notice was mailed, then the department shall serve notice in writing by certified mail on all persons appearing to hold liens on that particular vehicle, including the applicant for the certificate, to show cause within 15 days after the date the notice is mailed why it should not issue and deliver the certificate to the person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the application as the first lienholder without showing any lien or liens as outstanding other than those appearing in the application or those which may have been filed subsequent to the filing of the application for the certificate. If, within the 15-day period, any person other than the lienholder shown in the application or a party filing a subsequent lien, in answer to such notice to show cause, appears in person or by a representative, or responds in writing, and files a written statement under oath that his or her lien on that particular vehicle is still outstanding, the department shall not issue the certificate to anyone until after such conflict has been settled by the lien claimants involved or by a court of competent jurisdiction. If the conflict is not settled amicably within 10



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days after the final date for filing an answer to the notice to show cause, the complaining party shall have 10 days to obtain a ruling, or a stay order, from a court of competent jurisdiction. If no ruling or stay order is issued and served on the department within the 10-day period, the department shall issue the certificate showing no liens except those shown in the application or thereafter filed to the original applicant if there are no liens shown in the application and none are thereafter filed, or to the person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the application as the first lienholder if there are liens shown in the application or thereafter filed. A duplicate certificate or corrected certificate shall only show such lien or liens as were shown in the application and subsequently filed liens that may be outstanding.

- (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), the certificate of title shall be retained by the first lienholder or the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder. If the first lienholder is in possession of the certificate, the first lienholder shall be entitled to retain the certificate until the first lien is satisfied.
- (4) If the owner of the vehicle, as shown on the title certificate, desires to place a second or subsequent lien or encumbrance against the vehicle when the title certificate is in the possession of the first lienholder, the owner shall send a written request to the first lienholder by certified mail, and such first lienholder shall forward the certificate to the department for endorsement. If the title certificate is in the



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possession of the owner, the owner shall forward the certificate to the department for endorsement. The department shall return the certificate to either the first lienholder or to the owner, as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder, after endorsing the second or subsequent lien on the certificate and on the duplicate. If the first lienholder or owner fails, neglects, or refuses to forward the certificate of title to the department within 10 days after the date of the owner's request, the department, on the written request of the subsequent lienholder or an assignee thereof, shall demand of the first lienholder the return of such certificate for the notation of the second or subsequent lien or encumbrance.

(5)(a) Upon satisfaction of any first lien or encumbrance recorded at the department, the owner of the vehicle, as shown on the title certificate, or the person satisfying the lien shall be entitled to demand and receive from the lienholder a satisfaction of the lien. If the lienholder, upon satisfaction of the lien and upon demand, fails or refuses to furnish a satisfaction thereof within 30 days after demand, he or she shall be held liable for all costs, damages, and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, lawfully incurred by the titled owner or person satisfying the lien in any suit brought in this state for cancellation of the lien. The lienholder receiving final payment as defined in s. 674.215 shall mail or otherwise deliver a lien satisfaction and the certificate of title indicating the satisfaction within 10 working days after receipt of such final payment or notify the person satisfying the lien that the title is not available within 10 working days



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after receipt of such final payment. If the lienholder is unable to provide the certificate of title and notifies the person of such, the lienholder shall provide a lien satisfaction and shall be responsible for the cost of a duplicate title, including fast title charges as provided in s. 317.0016. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to electronic transactions pursuant to subsection (8).

- (b) Following satisfaction of a lien, the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If the certificate of title was retained by the owner, the owner shall, within 5 days after the satisfaction of a lien, deliver the certificate of title to the lienholder and the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If there are no subsequent liens shown thereon, the certificate shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien or encumbrance and an executed satisfaction on a form provided by the department shall be forwarded to the department by the lienholder within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.
- (c) If the certificate of title shows a subsequent lien not then being discharged, an executed satisfaction of the first lien shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien and the certificate of title showing satisfaction of the first lien shall be forwarded by the lienholder to the department within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.
- (d) If, upon receipt of a title certificate showing satisfaction of the first lien, the department determines from



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its records that there are no subsequent liens or encumbrances upon the vehicle, the department shall forward to the owner, as shown on the face of the title, a corrected certificate showing no liens or encumbrances. If there is a subsequent lien not being discharged, the certificate of title shall be reissued showing the second or subsequent lienholder as the first lienholder and shall be delivered to either the new first lienholder or to the owner as indicated in the notice of lien filed by the new first lienholder. If the certificate of title is to be retained by the first lienholder on the reissued certificate, the first lienholder shall be entitled to retain the certificate of title except as provided in subsection (4) until his or her lien is satisfied. Upon satisfaction of the lien, the lienholder shall be subject to the procedures required of a first lienholder by subsection (4) and this subsection.

- (6) When the original certificate of title cannot be returned to the department by the lienholder and evidence satisfactory to the department is produced that all liens or encumbrances have been satisfied, upon application by the owner for a duplicate copy of the certificate on the form prescribed by the department and accompanied by the fee prescribed in this chapter, a duplicate copy of the certificate of title, without statement of liens or encumbrances, shall be issued by the department and delivered to the owner.
- (7) Any person who fails, within 10 days after receipt of a demand by the department by certified mail, to return a certificate of title to the department as required by subsection (4) or who, upon satisfaction of a lien, fails within 10 days

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after receipt of such demand to forward the appropriate document to the department as required by paragraph (5)(b) or paragraph (5)(c) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.073.

- (8) Notwithstanding any requirements in this section or in s. 319.27 indicating that a lien on a vehicle shall be noted on the face of the Florida certificate of title, if there are one or more liens or encumbrances on the off-highway vehicle, the department may electronically transmit the lien to the first lienholder and notify the first lienholder of any additional liens. Subsequent lien satisfactions may be electronically transmitted to the department and shall include the name and address of the person or entity satisfying the lien. When electronic transmission of liens and lien satisfactions are used, the issuance of a certificate of title may be waived until the last lien is satisfied and a clear certificate of title is issued to the owner of the vehicle.
- (9) The department shall, in the sending of any notice, only be required to use the last known address as shown by its records.

Section 15. Section 317.0015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

317.0015 Application of law.--The provisions of ss.
319.235, 319.241, 319.25, 319.27, 319.28, and 319.40 shall apply to all off-highway vehicles which are required to be titled by the provisions of this chapter.

Section 16. Section 317.0016, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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317.0016 Expedited service; applications; fees.--The department shall establish a separate title office which may be utilized by private citizens to receive expedited service on title transfers, title issuances, duplicate titles, and recording of liens and certificates of repossession. A fee of \$7 shall be charged for this service, which is in addition to the fees imposed by ss. 317.0007 and 317.0008, and \$3.50 of this fee shall be retained by the processing agency. All remaining fees shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Application for such expedited service may be made by mail or in person. The department shall issue each title applied for pursuant to this section within 5 working days after receipt of the application, except for an application for a duplicate title certificate covered by s. 317.0008(3), in which case the title must be issued within 5 working days after compliance with the department's verification requirements.

Section 17. Section 317.0017, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

317.0017 Offenses involving vehicle identification numbers, applications, certificates, papers; penalty.--

- (1) It is unlawful:
- (a) To alter or forge any certificate of title to an off-highway vehicle or any assignment thereof or any cancellation of any lien on an off-highway vehicle.
- (b) To retain or use such certificate, assignment, or cancellation knowing that it has been altered or forged.



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(c) To procure or attempt to procure a certificate of title to an off-highway vehicle, or pass or attempt to pass a certificate of title or any assignment thereof to an off-highway vehicle, knowing or having reason to believe that such off-highway vehicle has been stolen.

- (d) To possess, sell or offer for sale, conceal, or dispose of in this state an off-highway vehicle, or major component part thereof, on which any motor number or vehicle identification number that has been affixed by the manufacturer or by a state agency, has been destroyed, removed, covered, altered, or defaced, with knowledge of such destruction, removal, covering, alteration, or defacement, except as provided in s. 319.30(4).
- (e) To use a false or fictitious name, give a false or fictitious address, or make any false statement in any application or affidavit required under the provisions of this chapter or in a bill of sale or sworn statement of ownership or otherwise commit a fraud in any application.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person knowingly to obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of an invalid, duplicate, fictitious, forged, counterfeit, stolen, or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, registration, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle.
- (3) It is unlawful for any person knowingly to obtain goods, services, credit, or money by means of a certificate of title to an off-highway vehicle, which certificate is required by law to be surrendered to the department.



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(4) It is unlawful for any person knowingly and with intent to defraud to have in his or her possession, sell, offer to sell, counterfeit, or supply a blank, forged, fictitious, counterfeit, stolen, or fraudulently or unlawfully obtained certificate of title, bill of sale, or other indicia of ownership of an off-highway vehicle or to conspire to do any of the foregoing.

- knowingly possess, manufacture, sell or exchange, offer to sell or exchange, supply in blank, or give away any counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates or serial plates or any decal used for the purpose of identification of any off-highway vehicle; or for any officer, agent, or employee of any person, firm, or corporation, or any person who shall authorize, direct, aid in exchange, or give away such counterfeit manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates or serial plates or any decal; or conspire to do any of the foregoing. However, nothing in this subsection shall be applicable to any approved replacement manufacturer's or state-assigned identification number plates, serial plates, or any decal issued by the department or any state.
- (6) Any person who violates any provision of this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Any off-highway vehicle used in violation of this section shall constitute contraband which may be seized by a law enforcement agency and shall be subject to forfeiture proceedings pursuant to ss. 932.701-



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932.704. This section is not exclusive of any other penalties prescribed by any existing or future laws for the larceny or unauthorized taking of off-highway vehicles, but is supplementary thereto.

Section 18. Section 317.0018, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

317.0018 Transfer without delivery of certificate; operation or use without certificate; failure to surrender; other violations. -- Whoever, except as otherwise provided for in this chapter, purports to sell or transfer an off-highway vehicle without delivering to the purchaser or transferee thereof a certificate of title thereto duly assigned to such purchaser as provided in this chapter or operates or uses in this state an off-highway vehicle for which a certificate of title is required without such certificate having been obtained in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or upon which the certificate of title has been canceled; whoever fails to surrender any certificate of title upon cancellation of the same by the department and notice thereof as prescribed in this chapter; whoever fails to surrender the certificate of title to the department as provided in this chapter in case of the destruction or dismantling or change of an off-highway vehicle in such respect that it is not the off-highway vehicle described in the certificate of title; or whoever violates any of the other provisions of this chapter, or any lawful rule adopted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months, or both, for each offense.



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Section 19. Section 318.1215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.1215 Dori Slosberg Driver Education Safety
Act.--Effective October 1, 2002, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 318.121, a board of county commissioners may require, by ordinance, that the clerk of the court collect an additional \$3 with each civil traffic penalty, which shall be used to fund driver traffic education programs in public and nonpublic schools. The ordinance shall provide for the board of county commissioners to administer the funds, which shall be used for enhancement, and not replacement, of driver education program funds. The funds shall be used for direct educational expenses and shall not be used for administration. Each driver education program receiving funds pursuant to this section shall require that a minimum of 30 percent of a student's time in the program shall be behind-the-wheel training. This section may be cited as the "Dori Slosberg Driver Education Safety Act."

Section 20. Subsection (6) of section 319.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

319.23 Application for, and issuance of, certificate of title.--

(6) In the case of the sale of a motor vehicle or mobile home by a licensed dealer to a general purchaser, the certificate of title shall be obtained in the name of the purchaser by the dealer upon application signed by the purchaser, and in each other case such certificate shall be obtained by the purchaser. In each case of transfer of a motor vehicle or mobile home, the application for certificate of

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title, or corrected certificate, or assignment or reassignment, shall be filed within 30 days from the delivery of such motor vehicle or mobile home to the purchaser. An applicant shall be required to pay a fee of \$10, in addition to all other fees and penalties required by law, for failing to file such application within the specified time. When a licensed dealer takes a motor vehicle or mobile home in trade, the dealer must file with the department a notice of sale signed by the seller. The department shall then update its database for that title record to reflect "sold." A licensed dealer need not apply for a certificate of title for any motor vehicle or mobile home in stock acquired for stock purposes except as provided in s. 319.225.

Section 21. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 319.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 319.30 Definitions; dismantling, destruction, change of identity of motor vehicle or mobile home; salvage.--
  - (1) As used in this section, the term:
  - (e) "Major component parts" means:
- 1. For motor vehicles other than motorcycles, the frontend assembly (fenders, hood, grill, and bumper), cowl assembly, rear body section (both quarter panels, trunk lid, door, decklid, and bumper), floor pan, door assemblies, engine, frame, transmission, chassis connected to a frame, and airbag.
- 2. For trucks, in addition to those parts listed in subparagraph 1., any truck bed, including dump, wrecker, crane, mixer, cargo box, or any bed which mounts to a truck frame.



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3. For motorcycles, the body assembly, frame, fenders, gas tanks, engine, cylinder block, heads, engine case, crank case, transmission, drive train, front fork assembly, and wheels.

4. For mobile homes, the frame.

Section 22. Effective July 1, 2003, subsection (6) of section 320.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.055 Registration periods; renewal periods.--The following registration periods and renewal periods are established:

(6) For those vehicles subject to registration under s. 320.08(6)(a) which are not short-term rental vehicles, the department shall develop and implement a registration renewal system that, where practicable, evenly distributes the registration renewal period throughout the year. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the first month of the assigned registration period. All original and transfer transactions of long-term leased motor vehicles must be registered in the name of the lessee.

Section 23. Section 320.0605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.0605 Certificate of registration; possession required; exception.—The registration certificate or an official copy thereof, a true copy of a rental or lease agreement issued for a motor vehicle or issued for a replacement vehicle in the same registration period, a temporary receipt printed upon self-initiated electronic renewal of a registration via the Internet, or a cab card issued for a vehicle registered under the International Registration Plan shall, at all times while the

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vehicle is being used or operated on the roads of this state, be in the possession of the operator thereof or be carried in the vehicle for which issued and shall be exhibited upon demand of any authorized law enforcement officer or any agent of the department, except for vehicles registered under s. 320.0657. The provisions of this section do not apply during the first 30 days after purchase of a replacement vehicle. A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 24. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (3) of section 320.07, Florida Statutes, present subsection (5) is renumbered as subsection (7), and new subsections (5) and (6) are added to said section, to read:

320.07 Expiration of registration; annual renewal required; penalties.--

- (3) The operation of any motor vehicle without having attached thereto a registration license plate and validation stickers, or the use of any mobile home without having attached thereto a mobile home sticker, for the current registration period shall subject the owner thereof, if he or she is present, or, if the owner is not present, the operator thereof to the following penalty provisions:
- (e) Any service member, as defined in subsection (6), whose mobile home registration has expired while serving on active duty shall not be charged with a violation of this subsection if, at the time of the offense, the service member was serving on federal or state active duty more than 35 miles from the service member's home of record prior to entering

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active duty. The service member must present to the department either a copy of the official military orders or a written verification signed by the service member's commanding officer to waive charges.

- (5) Any service member, as defined in subsection (6), whose motor vehicle or mobile home registration has expired while serving on active duty, shall be able to renew his or her registration upon return from active duty without penalty, if the service member served on federal or state active duty more than 35 miles from the service member's home of record prior to entering active duty. The service member must provide to the department either a copy of the official military orders or a written verification signed by the service member's commanding officer to waive delinquent fees.
- (6) As used in this section, "service member" means any person serving as a member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or state active duty and all members of the Florida National Guard and the United States Reserve Forces.
- (7)(5) Delinquent fees imposed under this section shall not be apportionable under the International Registration Plan.
- Section 25. Section 320.0706, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 320.0706 Display of license plates on trucks.--The owner of any commercial truck of gross vehicle weight of 26,001 pounds or more shall display the registration license plate on both the front and rear of the truck in conformance with all the requirements of s. 316.605 that do not conflict with this section. However, the owner of a truck tractor shall be required

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to display the registration license plate only on the front of such vehicle. Wreckers shall be required to display the registration license plate only on the front of such vehicle.

Section 26. Section 320.08053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.08053 Requirements for requests to establish specialty license plates.--

- (1) An organization that seeks authorization to establish a new specialty license plate for which an annual use fee is to be charged must submit to the department:
- (a) A request for the particular specialty license plate being sought, describing the proposed specialty license plate in <a href="mailto:specific general">specific general</a> terms, including a sample plate as it will appear in final form and conforming to the specifications set by the department and this chapter.
- revenues and the planned expenditures of the revenues to be derived from the sale of the requested specialty license plate. The results of a scientific sample survey of Florida motor vehicle owners that indicates at least 15,000 motor vehicle owners intend to purchase the proposed specialty license plate at the increased cost. The sample survey of registered motor vehicle owners must be performed independently of the requesting organization by an organization that conducts similar sample surveys as a normal course of business. Prior to conducting a sample survey for the purposes of this section, a requesting organization must obtain a determination from the department that the organization selected to conduct the survey performs

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similar surveys as a normal course of business and is independent of the requesting organization.

- the department's cost for reviewing the application and developing the specialty license plate, if authorized. State funds may not be used to pay the application fee, except for collegiate specialty license plates authorized in s. 320.08058(3) and (13). The specialty license plate application provisions of this act shall not apply to any organization which has requested and received the required forms for obtaining a specialty license plate authorization from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, has opened a bank account for the funds collected for the specialty license tag and has made deposits to such an account, and has obtained signatures toward completing the requirements for the specialty license tag. All applications requested on or after the effective date of this act must meet the requirements of this act.
- (d) A marketing strategy outlining short-term and longterm marketing plans for the requested specialty license plate and a financial analysis outlining the anticipated revenues and the planned expenditures of the revenues to be derived from the sale of the requested specialty license plates.

The information required under this subsection must be submitted to the department at least 90 days before the convening of the next regular session of the Legislature.

(2) From the date the request for the specialty license plate is acknowledged in writing by the department, the



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months to submit to the department no less than 8,000 prepaid applications for the particular plate being proposed along with any necessary fees. Applications submitted to the department must:

- (a) Include the applicant's name, address, and the current Florida license plate number that is to be replaced by the proposed specialty license plate.
- (b) Be forwarded to the department, collectively, in electronic format as determined by the department.
- (c) Be accompanied by all prepayments for the proposed specialty license plate collected by the organization.
- requesting the specialty license plate may seek legislative approval of the plate. From the date of enactment of the specialty license plate by the Legislature, the department shall begin issuing the approved plates within 1 year to all prepaid applicants and provide additional plates for purchase. Upon enactment of the specialty license plate, the department is authorized to retain prepayment amounts sufficient to cover the costs incurred developing the plate; however, the department may not retain an amount greater than \$60,000. If the proposed specialty license plate is not enacted by the Legislature, the department shall return to the organization all applications and prepayments submitted by the organization, and the organization shall immediately refund to all applicants any payments that have been collected.

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(4) If, after 24 months, the organization seeking to establish the new specialty license plate has not obtained at least 8,000 prepaid applications, the organization shall immediately refund to all applicants any fees or deposits that have been collected.

(5) After the department has acknowledged in writing the organization's request to establish a new specialty license plate, the organization requesting the plate shall file quarterly financial reports to the department detailing all collections made in conjunction with the proposed plate. The department shall determine the form and content of the reports. All payments collected must be deposited in a separate account maintained by the organization solely for receipt of prepaid application fees and shall not be commingled with other funds of the organization. The department is authorized to conduct any audits necessary to verify the accuracy of the quarterly reports If the specialty license plate requested by the organization is approved by law, the organization must submit the proposed art design for the specialty license plate to the department as soon as practicable, but no later than 60 days after the act approving the specialty license plate becomes a law. If the specialty license plate requested by the organization is not approved by the Legislature, the application fee shall be refunded to the requesting organization.

Section 27. Subsection (8) of section 320.08056, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.08056 Specialty license plates.--



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(8)(a) The department must discontinue the issuance of an approved specialty license plate if, after the second year of sales, the number of currently outstanding and valid specialty license plates for any particular organization provided for in this chapter is less than 8,000. The department shall notify the organization that if the number is less than 8,000 1 year after the date of the notification, the department will no longer issue or replace those specialty license plates.÷

- 1. Less than 8,000 plates, including annual renewals, are issued for that specialty license plate by the end of the 5th year of sales.
- 2. Less than 8,000 plates, including annual renewals, are issued for that specialty license plate during any subsequent 5-year period.
- (b) The department is authorized to discontinue the issuance of a specialty license plate and distribution of associated annual use fee proceeds if the organization no longer exists, if the organization has stopped providing services that are authorized to be funded from the annual use fee proceeds, or pursuant to an organizational recipient's request. Organizations are required to notify the department immediately to stop all warrants for plate sales if any of the conditions in this section exist, and must meet the requirements of s. 320.08062 for any period of operation during a fiscal year.
- (c) The requirements of paragraph (a) shall not apply to collegiate specialty license plates authorized in s.  $320.08058 \frac{(3)}{7}$ , (13), (21), and (26).



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Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 320.0821, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to said section, to read:

320.0821 Wrecker license plates.--

- (1) The department shall issue <u>one</u> a wrecker license plate, regardless of gross vehicle weight, to the owner of any motor vehicle that is used to tow, carry, or otherwise transport motor vehicles and that is equipped for that purpose with a boom, winch, carrier, or other similar equipment, except a motor vehicle registered under the International Registration Plan, upon application and payment of the appropriate license tax and fees in accordance with s. 320.08(5)(d) or (e).
- (5) A wrecker license plate shall be displayed on the front of such vehicle.

Section 29. Subsection (8) is added to section 320.131, Florida Statutes, to read:

320.131 Temporary tags.--

(8) The department may administer an electronic system for licensed motor vehicle dealers to use in issuing temporary tags. Upon issuing a temporary tag, the dealer shall access the electronic system and enter the appropriate vehicle and owner information within the timeframe specified by department rule. If a dealer fails to comply with the department's requirements for issuing temporary tags using the electronic system, the department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license issued pursuant to s. 320.27(9)(b)16. upon proof that a licensee has failed to comply with this subsection.



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Section 30. Subsection (6) and paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 320.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--

- (6) RECORDS TO BE KEPT BY LICENSEE. -- Every licensee shall keep a book or record in such form as shall be prescribed or approved by the department, for a period of 5 years, in which the licensee shall keep a record of the purchase, sale, or exchange, or receipt for the purpose of sale, of any motor vehicle, the date upon which any temporary tag was issued, the date of title transfer, and a description of such motor vehicle together with the name and address of the seller, the purchaser, and the alleged owner or other person from whom such motor vehicle was purchased or received or to whom it was sold or delivered, as the case may be. Such description shall include the identification or engine number, maker's number, if any, chassis number, if any, and such other numbers or identification marks as may be thereon and shall also include a statement that a number has been obliterated, defaced, or changed, if such is the fact.
  - (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --
- (b) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771 upon proof that a licensee has committed, with sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of wrongdoing on the part of a licensee, violations of one or more of the following activities:
- 1. Representation that a demonstrator is a new motor vehicle, or the attempt to sell or the sale of a demonstrator as

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a new motor vehicle without written notice to the purchaser that the vehicle is a demonstrator. For the purposes of this section, a "demonstrator," a "new motor vehicle," and a "used motor vehicle" shall be defined as under s. 320.60.

- 2. Unjustifiable refusal to comply with a licensee's responsibility under the terms of the new motor vehicle warranty issued by its respective manufacturer, distributor, or importer. However, if such refusal is at the direction of the manufacturer, distributor, or importer, such refusal shall not be a ground under this section.
- 3. Misrepresentation or false, deceptive, or misleading statements with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles which any motor vehicle dealer has, or causes to have, advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcast, televised, or made in any manner with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles.
- 4. Failure by any motor vehicle dealer to provide a customer or purchaser with an odometer disclosure statement and a copy of any bona fide written, executed sales contract or agreement of purchase connected with the purchase of the motor vehicle purchased by the customer or purchaser.
- 5. Failure of any motor vehicle dealer to comply with the terms of any bona fide written, executed agreement, pursuant to the sale of a motor vehicle.
- 6. Failure to apply for transfer of a title as prescribed in s. 319.23(6).
- 7. Use of the dealer license identification number by any person other than the licensed dealer or his or her designee.

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8. Failure to continually meet the requirements of the licensure law.

- 9. Representation to a customer or any advertisement to the public representing or suggesting that a motor vehicle is a new motor vehicle if such vehicle lawfully cannot be titled in the name of the customer or other member of the public by the seller using a manufacturer's statement of origin as permitted in s. 319.23(1).
- 10. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that a customer or purchaser accept equipment on his or her motor vehicle which was not ordered by the customer or purchaser.
- 11. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that any customer or purchaser finance a motor vehicle with a specific financial institution or company.
- 12. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that the purchaser of a motor vehicle contract with the dealer for physical damage insurance.
- 13. Perpetration of a fraud upon any person as a result of dealing in motor vehicles, including, without limitation, the misrepresentation to any person by the licensee of the licensee's relationship to any manufacturer, importer, or distributor.
- 14. Violation of any of the provisions of s. 319.35 by any motor vehicle dealer.
- 15. Sale by a motor vehicle dealer of a vehicle offered in trade by a customer prior to consummation of the sale, exchange, or transfer of a newly acquired vehicle to the customer, unless the customer provides written authorization for the sale of the

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trade-in vehicle prior to delivery of the newly acquired vehicle.

- 16. Willful failure to comply with any administrative rule adopted by the department or the provisions of s. 320.131(8).
- 17. Violation of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss. 559.901-559.9221, which has to do with dealing in or repairing motor vehicles or mobile homes. Additionally, in the case of used motor vehicles, the willful violation of the federal law and rule in 15 U.S.C. s. 2304, 16 C.F.R. part 455, pertaining to the consumer sales window form.
- Section 31. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (3) of section 322.051, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to said section, to read:

## 322.051 Identification cards.--

- (1) Any person who is 12 years of age or older, or any person who has a disability, regardless of age, who applies for a disabled parking permit under s. 320.0848, may be issued an identification card by the department upon completion of an application and payment of an application fee.
- (a) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- 1. Full name (first, middle or maiden, and last), gender, social security card number, county of residence and mailing address, country of birth, and a brief description.
  - 2. Proof of birth date satisfactory to the department.

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3. Proof of identity satisfactory to the department. Such proof must include one of the following documents issued to the applicant:

- a. A driver's license record or identification card record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant to submit a document for identification which is substantially similar to a document required under sub-subparagraph b., sub-subparagraph c., sub-subparagraph d., sub-subparagraph e., er sub-subparagraph f., or sub-subparagraph g.;
  - b. A certified copy of a United States birth certificate;
  - c. A valid United States passport;
- <u>d.</u> A naturalization certificate issued by the United States Department of Justice;
  - e.d. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
- $\underline{\text{f.e.}}$  An employment authorization card issued by the United States Department of Justice; or
- g.f. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by the United States Department of Justice, for an original identification card. In order to prove such nonimmigrant classification, applicants may produce but are not limited to the following documents:
- (I) A notice of hearing from an immigration court scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
- (II) A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
- (III) Notice of the approval of an application for adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.



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(IV) Any official documentation confirming the filing of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.

- (V) Notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to Florida, issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- (VI) Order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States including, but not limited to asylum.

Presentation of any of the foregoing documents in subsubparagraph f. or sub-subparagraph g. entitles shall entitle the applicant to a driver's license or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever first occurs.

- (b) An application for an identification card must be signed and verified by the applicant in a format designated by the department before a person authorized to administer oaths. The fee for an identification card is \$10, of which \$3 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$7 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. The fee shall include, including payment for the color photograph or digital image of the applicant.
- (2)(a) Every identification card shall expire, unless canceled earlier, on the fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue. However, if an individual is 60 years of age or older, and has an identification card issued under this section, the card shall not expire unless done



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so by cancellation by the department or by the death of the cardholder. Renewal of any identification card shall be made for a term which shall expire on the fourth birthday of the applicant following expiration of the identification card renewed, unless surrendered earlier. Any application for renewal received later than 90 days after expiration of the identification card shall be considered the same as an application for an original identification card. The renewal fee for an identification card shall be \$10, of which \$3 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$7 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. The department shall, at the end of 4 years and 6 months after the issuance or renewal of an identification card, destroy any record of the card if it has expired and has not been renewed, unless the cardholder is 60 years of age or older.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using a document authorized under subsubparagraph (a)3.e. (a)3.d., the identification card shall expire on the fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue or upon first renewal or duplicate issued after implementation of this section. After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for an identification card using an identification document authorized under sub-subparagraph (a)3.f. or sub-subparagraph (a)3.g. sub-



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subparagraphs (a)3.e.-f., the identification card shall expire  $\underline{2}$  4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs, and may not be renewed or obtain a duplicate except in person.

- (3) In the event an identification card issued under this section is lost, destroyed, or mutilated or a new name is acquired, the person to whom it was issued may obtain a duplicate upon furnishing satisfactory proof of such fact to the department and upon payment of \$10 a fee of \$2.50 for such duplicate, of which \$2.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$7.50 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. The fee which shall include payment for the color photograph or digital image of the applicant. Any person who loses an identification card and who, after obtaining a duplicate, finds the original card shall immediately surrender the original card to the department. The same documentary evidence shall be furnished for a duplicate as for an original identification card.
- (8) The department shall, upon receipt of the required fee, issue to each qualified applicant for an identification card a color photographic or digital image identification card bearing a fullface photograph or digital image of the identification cardholder. Notwithstanding chapter 761 or s. 761.05, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image of the identification cardholder shall not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the identification cardholder shall affix his or her usual signature, as required in s.

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1440 322.14, in the presence of an authorized agent of the department

1441 so as to ensure that such signature becomes a part of the

1442 identification card.

Section 32. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 322.08, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection (6) of said section, to read:

322.08 Application for license. --

- (2) Each such application shall include the following information regarding the applicant:
- (c) Proof of identity satisfactory to the department. Such proof must include one of the following documents issued to the applicant:
- 1. A driver's license record or identification card record from another jurisdiction that required the applicant to submit a document for identification which is substantially similar to a document required under subparagraph 2., subparagraph 3., subparagraph 4., subparagraph 5., or subparagraph 6., or subparagraph 7.;
  - 2. A certified copy of a United States birth certificate;
  - 3. A valid United States passport;
- 4. A naturalization certificate issued by the United States Department of Justice;
  - 5.4. An alien registration receipt card (green card);
- $\underline{6.5.}$  An employment authorization card issued by the United States Department of Justice; or
- 7.6. Proof of nonimmigrant classification provided by the United States Department of Justice, for an original driver's license. In order to prove such nonimmigrant classification, the

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1468 applicant may produce, but is not limited to, the following documents:

- <u>a. A notice of hearing from an immigration court</u> scheduling a hearing on any proceeding.
- b. A notice from the Board of Immigration Appeals acknowledging pendency of an appeal.
- c. Notice of the approval of an application for adjustment of status issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- d. Any official documentation confirming the filing of a petition for asylum status or any other relief issued by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- e. Notice of action transferring any pending matter from another jurisdiction to Florida, issued by the United States

  Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- f. An order of an immigration judge or immigration officer granting any relief that authorizes the alien to live and work in the United States, including, but not limited to, asylum.
- Presentation of any documents in subparagraph 6. or subparagraph 7. entitles the applicant to a driver's license or temporary permit for a period not to exceed the expiration date of the document presented or 2 years, whichever occurs first.
- (6) The application form for a driver's license or duplicate thereof shall include language permitting the following:
- (f) A voluntary contribution of \$1 per applicant, which shall be distributed to the Children's Hearing Help Fund for the



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purpose of providing assistance to children who have been identified as having hearing loss.

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A statement providing an explanation of the purpose of the trust funds shall also be included.

Section 33. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 322.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.12 Examination of applicants.--

It is the intent of the Legislature that every applicant for an original driver's license in this state be required to pass an examination pursuant to this section. However, the department may waive the knowledge, endorsement, and skills tests for an applicant who is otherwise qualified and who surrenders a valid driver's license from another state or a province of Canada, or a valid driver's license issued by the United States Armed Forces, if the driver applies for a Florida license of an equal or lesser classification. Any applicant who fails to pass the initial knowledge examination shall incur a \$5 fee for each subsequent examination, to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Any applicant who fails to pass the initial skills examination shall incur a \$10 fee for each subsequent examination, to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. A person who seeks to retain a hazardous-materials endorsement, pursuant to s. 322.57(1)(d), must pass the hazardous-materials test, upon surrendering his or her commercial driver's license, if the person has not taken and passed the hazardous-materials test within 2 years preceding his



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or her application for a commercial driver's license in this state.

- The department shall examine every applicant for a driver's license, including an applicant who is licensed in another state or country, except as otherwise provided in this chapter. A person who holds a learner's driver's license as provided for in s. 322.1615 is not required to pay a fee for successfully completing the examination showing his or her ability to operate a motor vehicle as provided for herein and need not pay the fee for a replacement license as provided in s. 322.17(2). Any person who applies for reinstatement following the suspension or revocation of his or her driver's license shall pay a service fee of \$25 following a suspension, and \$50 following a revocation, which is in addition to the fee for a license. Any person who applies for reinstatement of a commercial driver's license following the disqualification of his or her privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle shall pay a service fee of \$50, which is in addition to the fee for a license. The department shall collect all of these fees at the time of reinstatement. The department shall issue proper receipts for such fees and shall promptly transmit all funds received by it as follows:
- (a) Of the \$25 fee received from a licensee for reinstatement following a suspension, the department shall deposit \$15 in the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$10 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.
- (b) Of the \$50 fee received from a licensee for reinstatement following a revocation or disqualification, the



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department shall deposit \$35 in the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$15 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

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If the revocation or suspension of the driver's license was for a violation of s. 316.193, or for refusal to submit to a lawful breath, blood, or urine test, an additional fee of \$105 must be charged. However, only one such \$105 fee is to be collected from one person convicted of such violations arising out of the same incident. The department shall collect the \$105 fee and deposit it into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund at the time of reinstatement of the person's driver's license, but the fee must not be collected if the suspension or revocation was overturned.

(5)(a) The department shall formulate a separate examination for applicants for licenses to operate motorcycles. Any applicant for a driver's license who wishes to operate a motorcycle, and who is otherwise qualified, must successfully complete such an examination, which is in addition to the examination administered under subsection (3). The examination must test the applicant's knowledge of the operation of a motorcycle and of any traffic laws specifically relating thereto and must include an actual demonstration of his or her ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the operation of a motorcycle. Any applicant who fails to pass the initial knowledge examination shall incur a \$5 fee for each subsequent examination, to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Any applicant who fails to pass the initial skills examination shall incur a \$10 fee for each subsequent examination, to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating

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Trust Fund. In the formulation of the examination, the department shall consider the use of the Motorcycle Operator Skills Test and the Motorcycle in Traffic Test offered by the Motorcycle Safety Foundation. The department shall indicate on the license of any person who successfully completes the examination that the licensee is authorized to operate a motorcycle. If the applicant wishes to be licensed to operate a motorcycle only, he or she need not take the skill or road test required under subsection (3) for the operation of a motor vehicle, and the department shall indicate such a limitation on his or her license as a restriction. Every first-time applicant for licensure to operate a motorcycle who is under 21 years of age must provide proof of completion of a motorcycle safety course, as provided for in s. 322.0255, before the applicant may be licensed to operate a motorcycle.

Section 34. Subsection (9) is added to section 322.135, Florida Statutes, to read:

322.135 Driver's license agents.--

(9) Notwithstanding chapter 116, every county officer within this state authorized to collect funds provided for in this chapter shall pay all sums officially received by the officer into the State Treasury no later than 5 working days after the close of the business day on which the officer received the funds. Payment by county officers to the state shall be made by means of electronic funds transfer.

Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 322.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged licenses. --

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(1) The department shall, upon receipt of the required fee, issue to each qualified applicant for a an original driver's license a color photographic or digital imaged driver's license bearing a fullface photograph or digital image of the licensee. Notwithstanding chapter 761 or s. 761.05, the requirement for a fullface photograph or digital image of the licensee shall not be waived. A space shall be provided upon which the licensee shall affix his or her usual signature, as required in s. 322.14, in the presence of an authorized agent of the department so as to ensure that such signature becomes a part of the license.

Section 36. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 322.17, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 322.17 Duplicate and replacement certificates. --
- (2) Upon the surrender of the original license and the payment of a \$10 replacement fee, the department shall issue a replacement license to make a change in name, address, or restrictions. Upon written request by the licensee and notification of a change in address, and the payment of a \$10 fee, the department shall issue a replacement license or an address sticker which shall be affixed to the back of the license by the licensee. Nine dollars of the fee levied in this subsection shall go to the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund of the department.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7. 322.08(2)(c)5.-6., the licensee may not

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obtain a duplicate or replacement instruction permit or driver's license except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7. 322.08(2)(c)5.-6.

Section 37. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (4) of section 322.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 322.18 Original applications, licenses, and renewals; expiration of licenses; delinquent licenses.--
- (2) Each applicant who is entitled to the issuance of a driver's license, as provided in this section, shall be issued a driver's license, as follows:
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under s.  $322.08(2)(c)\underline{5.4.}$ , the driver's license shall expire in accordance with paragraph (b). After an initial showing of such documentation, he or she is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized in s. 322.08(2)(c)6.5. or 7.6., the driver's license shall expire 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs.

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(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if an applicant establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using a document authorized under s.  $322.08(2)(c)\underline{5.4.}$ , the license, upon an initial showing of such documentation, is exempted from having to renew or obtain a duplicate in person, unless the renewal or duplication coincides with the periodic reexamination of a driver as required pursuant to s. 322.121.

- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a licensee establishes his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6.5. or 7.6., the licensee may not renew the driver's license except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under s. 322.08(2)(c)6. or 7.4.-6. A driver's license renewed under this paragraph expires 4 years after the date of issuance or upon the expiration date cited on the United States Department of Justice documents, whichever date first occurs.
- Section 38. Subsection (4) of section 322.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 322.19 Change of address or name.--
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a licensee established his or her identity for a driver's license using an identification document authorized under s.  $322.08(2)(c)\underline{6}$ . or  $7.\underline{5}$ .—6., the licensee may not change his or her name or address except in person and upon submission of an identification document authorized under s.  $322.08(2)(c)\underline{6}$ . or 7.4.—6.



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Section 39. Subsection (5) of section 322.21, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to said section, to read:

322.21 License fees; procedure for handling and collecting fees.--

- (5) The department shall collect and, unless otherwise specified, transmit all fees received by it under this section to the Treasurer to be placed in the General Revenue Fund of the state, and sufficient funds for the necessary expenses of the department shall be included in the appropriations act. The fees shall be used for the maintenance and operation of the department.
- (8) Any person who applies for reinstatement following the suspension or revocation of his or her driver's license shall pay a service fee of \$35 following a suspension, and \$60 following a revocation, which is in addition to the fee for a license. Any person who applies for reinstatement of a commercial driver's license following the disqualification of his or her privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle shall pay a service fee of \$60, which is in addition to the fee for a license. The department shall collect all of these fees at the time of reinstatement. The department shall issue proper receipts for such fees and shall promptly transmit all funds received by it as follows:
- (a) Of the \$35 fee received from a licensee for reinstatement following a suspension, the department shall deposit \$15 into the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$20 into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

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(b) Of the \$60 fee received from a licensee for reinstatement following a revocation or disqualification, the department shall deposit \$35 into the General Revenue Fund and the remaining \$25 into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

If the revocation or suspension of the driver's license was for a violation of s. 316.193 or for refusal to submit to a lawful breath, blood, or urine test, an additional fee of \$105 must be charged. However, only one such \$105 fee is to be collected from one person convicted of such violations arising out of the same incident. The department shall collect the \$105 fee and deposit it into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund at the time of reinstatement of the person's driver's license, but the fee must not be collected if the suspension or revocation was overturned.

Section 40. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 322.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.212 Unauthorized possession of, and other unlawful acts in relation to, driver's license or identification card.--

- (1) It is unlawful for any person to:
- (d) Knowingly sell, manufacture, or deliver, or knowingly offer to sell, manufacture, or deliver, a blank, forged, stolen, fictitious, counterfeit, or unlawfully issued driver's license or identification card, or an instrument in the similitude of a driver's license or identification card, unless that person is authorized to do so by the department. A violation of this section paragraph may be investigated by any law enforcement agency, including the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco.

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The term "driver's license" includes a driver's license issued by the department or its agents or a driver's license issued by any state or jurisdiction that issues licenses recognized in this state for the operation of a motor vehicle. The term "identification card" includes any identification card issued by the department or its agents or any identification card issued by any state or jurisdiction that issues identification cards recognized in this state for the purpose of indicating a person's true name and age. This subsection does not prohibit a person from possessing or displaying another person's driver's license or identification card for a lawful purpose.

Section 41. Subsection (4) of section 322.251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification of license.--
- (4) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle is temporarily disqualified may, upon surrendering his or her commercial driver's license, be issued a Class D or Class E driver's license, valid for the length of his or her unexpired commercial driver's license, at no cost. Such person may, upon the completion of his or her disqualification, be issued a commercial driver's license, of the type disqualified, for the remainder of his or her unexpired license period. Any such person shall pay the reinstatement fee provided in s. 322.21 322.12 before being issued a commercial driver's license.

Section 42. Subsection (2) of section 322.29, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:



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322.29 Surrender and return of license.--

The provisions of subsection (1) to the contrary notwithstanding, no examination is required for the return of a license suspended under s. 318.15 or s. 322.245 unless an examination is otherwise required by this chapter. Every person applying for the return of a license suspended under s. 318.15 or s. 322.245 shall present to the department certification from the court that he or she has complied with all obligations and penalties imposed on him or her pursuant to s. 318.15 or, in the case of a suspension pursuant to s. 322.245, that he or she has complied with all directives of the court and the requirements of s. 322.245 and shall pay to the department a nonrefundable service fee of \$35, of which \$25 is to be deposited into the General Revenue Fund and \$10 is to be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. However, the service fee is not required if the person is required to pay a \$35 \$25 fee or \$60 \$50 fee under the provisions of s.  $322.21 \frac{322.12(2)}{}$ .

Section 43. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 812.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 812.16 Operating chop shops; definitions; penalties; restitution; forfeiture.--
  - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Major component part" means one of the following subassemblies of a motor vehicle, regardless of its actual market value: front-end assembly, including fenders, grills, hood, bumper, and related parts; any airbag and airbag assembly; frame and frame assembly; engine; transmission; T-tops; rear clip assembly, including quarter panels and floor panel

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assembly; doors; and tires, tire wheels, and continuous treads and other devices.

Section 44. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments to Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 318.121, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

318.121 Preemption of additional fees, fines, surcharges, and costs.—Notwithstanding any general or special law, or municipal or county ordinance, additional fees, fines, surcharges, or costs other than the court costs assessed under s. 318.18(11) may not be added to the civil traffic penalties assessed in this chapter.

Section 45. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect October 1, 2003.