By the Committee on Education; and Senator Constantine

304-1948-03

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to parental and family involvement in a student's education; creating s. 1002.23, F.S., the Family and School Partnership for Student Achievement Act; providing legislative purpose; requiring support for implementation by school district and school personnel; requiring the Department of Education to develop guidelines for a parent guide to assist parents; specifying contents of the parent guide; requiring the department to disseminate a checklist to school districts; requiring the department to establish a parent-response center; requiring school districts to adopt rules to strengthen family involvement and empowerment; requiring the districts to submit copies of rules to the Department of Education; requiring school districts to develop and disseminate parent quides and checklists; requiring review and enforcement by the State Board of Education; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; requiring district school boards to adopt rules and develop a parent guide and checklist; amending s. 1001.51, F.S.; requiring the support and cooperation of district school superintendents in implementing requirements for parent and family involvement in a student's education; amending s. 1001.54, F.S.; requiring the support and cooperation of school principals; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; requiring that

1 parents receive specified information 2 concerning their child's education; amending s. 3 1003.33, F.S.; requiring reports cards to contain additional information concerning a 4 5 student's performance or nonperformance; 6 amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; providing additional 7 notification requirements to parents of students with substantial reading deficiencies; 8 amending s. 1012.72, F.S., relating to 9 10 incentives and bonuses under the Dale Hickam 11 Excellent Teaching Program; specifying additional requirements for teachers who 12 13 receive certain bonuses; amending s. 1012.98, F.S.; requiring certain professional 14 development inservice activities to include the 15 16 subject of parent involvement; providing an 17 effective date. 18 19 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 21 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Family and School Partnership for Student Achievement Act." 22 Section 2. Section 1002.23, Florida Statutes, is 23 24 created to read: 25 1002.23 Family and School Partnership for Student 26 Achievement Act. --27 The purpose of the Family and School Partnership 28 for Student Achievement Act is to: 29 (a) Provide parents with specific information about 30 their child's educational progress;

1	(b) Provide parents with comprehensive information
2	about their choices and opportunities for involvement in their
3	child's education; and
4	(c) Provide a framework for building and strengthening
5	partnerships among parents, teachers, principals, district
6	school superintendents, and other personnel.
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8	Each district school board, school district superintendent,
9	and teacher shall fully support and cooperate in implementing
LO	a well-planned, inclusive, and comprehensive program to assist
L1	parents and families in effectively participating in their
L2	child's education.
L3	(2) To facilitate meaningful parent and family
L4	involvement, the Department of Education shall develop
L5	guidelines for a parent guide to successful student
L6	achievement which describes what parents need to know about
L7	their child's educational progress and how they can help their
L8	child to succeed in school. The guidelines shall include, but
L9	<pre>need not be limited to:</pre>
20	(a) Parental information regarding:
21	1. Requirements for their child to be promoted to the
22	next grade, as provided for in s. 1008.25;
23	2. Progress of their child toward achieving state and
24	district expectations for academic proficiency;
25	3. Assessment results, including report cards and
26	<pre>progress reports; and</pre>
27	4. Qualifications of their child's teachers;
28	(b) Services available for parents and their children,
29	such as family literacy services; mentoring, tutorial, and

other academic reinforcement programs; college planning,

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academic advisement, and student counseling services; and
after-school programs;

- (c) Opportunities for parental participation, such as parenting classes, adult education, school advisory councils, and school volunteer programs;
- (d) Opportunities for parents to learn about rigorous academic programs that may be available for their child, such as honors programs, dual enrollment, advanced placement,

  International Baccalaureate, Florida Virtual High School courses, and accelerated access to postsecondary education;
- (e) Educational choices, as provided for in s. 1002.20(6), and corporate income tax credit scholarships, as provided for in s. 220.187;
- (f) Classroom and test accommodations available for students with disabilities; and
- (g) School board rules, policies, and procedures for student promotion and retention, academic standards, student assessment, courses of study, instructional materials, and contact information for school and district offices.
- (3) The Department of Education shall develop and disseminate a checklist for school districts to provide to parents to assist with the parent's involvement in their child's educational progress. The checklist shall address parental actions that:
- (a) Strengthen the child's academic progress, especially in the area of reading;
- (b) Strengthen the child's citizenship, especially social skills and respect for others;
- (c) Strengthen the child's realization of high expectations and setting lifelong learning goals; and

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- 1 (d) Place a strong emphasis on the communication between the school and the home. 2 3 (4) The Department of Education shall establish a parent-response center to provide assistance to parents and 4 5 families in answering questions and resolving issues related 6 to the child's education. 7 (5) Each district school board shall adopt rules that 8 strengthen family involvement and family empowerment. The 9 rules shall be developed in collaboration with parents, school 10 administrators, teachers, and community partners, and shall 11 address: (a) Parental choices and responsibilities; 12 (b) Links with community services; 13 14 (c) Opportunities for parental involvement in the development, implementation, and evaluation of family 15 involvement programs; and 16 17 (d) Opportunities for parents to participate on school advisory councils and in school volunteer programs and other 18 19 activities. (6) Beginning with the 2003-2004 school year, each 20 school district shall submit a copy of the rules developed 21 under subsection (5) to the Department of Education by October 22 23 <u>1.</u> 24 (7) Each school district shall develop and disseminate a parent guide to successful student achievement, consistent 25 26 with the guidelines of the Department of Education, which 27 addresses what parents need to know about their child's
  - (a) Be understandable to students and parents;

succeed in school. The guide must:

educational progress and how parents can help their child to

1 (b) Be distributed to all parents, students, and school personnel at the beginning of each school year; 2 3 (c) Be discussed at the beginning of each school year in meetings of students, parents, and teachers; and 4 5 (d) Include information concerning services, 6 opportunities, choices, academic standards, and student 7 assessment. 8 9 The parent guide may be included as a part of the code of 10 student conduct that is required in s. 1006.07(2). 11 (8) Each school district shall develop and disseminate a checklist of parental actions that can strengthen parental 12 involvement in their child's educational progress, consistent 13 with the requirements in subsection (3). The checklist shall 14 be provided each school year to all parents of students in 15 kindergarten through grade 12 and shall focus on academics, 16 17 especially reading, high expectations for students, citizenship, and communication. 18 19 The State Board of Education shall annually review 20 each school district's compliance with this section and the 21 district's success in achieving improved services for families. The State Board of Education shall use all 22 appropriate enforcement actions, as provided for in s. 23 1008.32, until the school district fully complies with the 24 25 requirements of this section. Section 3. Present paragraph (b) of subsection (15) of 26 section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as 27 28 paragraph (e), and new subsections (b), (c), and (d) are added 29 to that subsection, to read: 30 31

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.--The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

 (15) PUBLIC INFORMATION AND PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT PROGRAM.--

(b) Adopt rules to strengthen family involvement and empowerment pursuant to s. 1002.23. The rules shall be developed in collaboration with school administrators, parents, teachers, and community partners.

(c) Develop and disseminate a parent guide to successful student achievement which addresses what parents need to know about their child's educational progress and how they can help their child to succeed in school.

(d) Develop and disseminate a checklist for parents to assist parents in becoming involved in their child's educational progress.

Section 4. Present subsection (23) of section 1001.51, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (24), and a new subsection (23) is added to that section, to read:

1001.51 Duties and responsibilities of district school superintendent.—The district school superintendent shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below and elsewhere in the law, provided that, in so doing, he or she shall advise and counsel with the district school board. The district school superintendent shall perform all tasks necessary to make sound recommendations, nominations, proposals, and reports required by law to be acted upon by the district school board. All such recommendations, nominations, proposals, and reports by the district school superintendent shall be either recorded in the minutes or shall be made in

31 writing, noted in the minutes, and filed in the public records

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of the district school board. It shall be presumed that, in the absence of the record required in this section, the recommendations, nominations, and proposals required of the district school superintendent were not contrary to the action taken by the district school board in such matters.

(23) PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT. -- Fully support and cooperate in the implementation of s. 1002.23.

Section 5. Subsection (5) is added to section 1001.54, Florida Statutes, to read:

1001.54 Duties of school principals.--

(5) Each school principal shall fully support and cooperate in the implementation of s. 1002.23.

Section 6. Section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.--Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school.K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

- (1) SYSTEM OF EDUCATION. -- In accordance with s. 1, Art. IX of the State Constitution, all K-12 public school students are entitled to a uniform, safe, secure, efficient, and high quality system of education, one that allows students the opportunity to obtain a high quality education. Parents are responsible to ready their children for school; however, the State of Florida cannot be the quarantor of each individual student's success.
  - (2) ATTENDANCE. --
- (a) Compulsory school attendance. -- The compulsory 31 school attendance laws apply to all children between the ages

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of 6 and 16 years, as provided in s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a), and, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a):

- A student who attains the age of 16 years during the school year has the right to file a formal declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment if the declaration is signed by the parent. The parent has the right to be notified by the school district of the district's receipt of the student's declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment.
- Students who become or have become married or who are pregnant and parenting have the right to attend school and receive the same or equivalent educational instruction as other students.
- (b) Regular school attendance. -- Parents of students who have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school year but who have not attained the age of 16 years must comply with the compulsory school attendance laws. Parents have the option to comply with the school attendance laws by attendance of the student in a public school; a parochial, religious, or denominational school; a private school; a home education program; or a private tutoring program, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.01(14).
- (c) Absence for religious purposes. -- A parent of a public school student may request and be granted permission for absence of the student from school for religious instruction or religious holidays, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.21(2)(b).
- (d) Dropout prevention and academic intervention programs. -- The parent of a public school student has the right 31 to receive written notice by certified mail prior to placement

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of the student in a dropout prevention and academic intervention program and shall be notified in writing and entitled to an administrative review of any action by school personnel relating to the student's placement, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.53(5).

- (3) HEALTH ISSUES. --
- (a) School-entry health examinations. -- The parent of any child attending a public or private school shall be exempt from the requirement of a health examination upon written request stating objections on religious grounds in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.22(1) and (2).
- Immunizations. -- The parent of any child attending a public or private school shall be exempt from the school immunization requirements upon meeting any of the exemptions in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.22(5).
- (c) Biological experiments. -- Parents may request that their child be excused from performing surgery or dissection in biological science classes in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.47.
- (d) Reproductive health and disease education.--A public school student whose parent makes written request to the school principal shall be exempted from the teaching of reproductive health or any disease, including HIV/AIDS, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.42(3).
- (e) Contraceptive services to public school students. -- In accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.062(7), students may not be referred to or offered contraceptive services at school facilities without the parent's consent.
- (f) Career and technical education courses involving 31 | hazardous substances.--High school students must be given

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 plano safety glasses or devices in career and technical education courses involving the use of hazardous substances likely to cause eye injury, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.65.

- (g) Substance abuse reports.—The parent of a public school student must be timely notified of any verified report of a substance abuse violation by the student, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.09(8).
- (h) Inhaler use.—Asthmatic students whose parent and physician provide their approval to the school principal may carry a metered dose inhaler on their person while in school. The school principal shall be provided a copy of the parent's and physician's approval.
  - (4) DISCIPLINE.--
- (a) Suspension of public school student.--In accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.09(1)-(4):
- 1. A student may be suspended only as provided by rule of the district school board. A good faith effort must be made to immediately inform the parent by telephone of the student's suspension and the reason. Each suspension and the reason must be reported in writing within 24 hours to the parent by United States mail. A good faith effort must be made to use parental assistance before suspension unless the situation requires immediate suspension.
- 2. A student with a disability may only be recommended for suspension or expulsion in accordance with State Board of Education rules.
- (b) Expulsion.--Public school students and their parents have the right to written notice of a recommendation of expulsion, including the charges against the student and a

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statement of the right of the student to due process, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1001.51(8).

- (c) Corporal punishment. -- In accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.32, corporal punishment of a public school student may only be administered by a teacher or school principal within quidelines of the school principal and according to district school board policy. Another adult must be present and must be informed in the student's presence of the reason for the punishment. Upon request, the teacher or school principal must provide the parent with a written explanation of the reason for the punishment and the name of the other adult who was present.
- (5) SAFETY. -- In accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.13(5), students who have been victims of certain felony offenses by other students, as well as the siblings of the student victims, have the right to be kept separated from the student offender both at school and during school transportation.
  - (6) EDUCATIONAL CHOICE. --
- (a) Public school choices. -- Parents of public school students may seek whatever public school choice options that are applicable to their students and are available to students in their school districts. These options may include controlled open enrollment, lab schools, charter schools, charter technical career centers, magnet schools, alternative schools, special programs, advanced placement, dual enrollment, International Baccalaureate, early admissions, credit by examination or demonstration of competency, the New World School of the Arts, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and the Florida Virtual School. These options may 31 also include the public school choice options of the

Opportunity Scholarship Program and the McKay Scholarships for 2 Students with Disabilities Program. 3

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- (b) Private school choices.--Parents of public school students may seek private school choice options under certain programs.
- Under the Opportunity Scholarship Program, the parent of a student in a failing public school may request and receive an opportunity scholarship for the student to attend a private school in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.38.
- Under the McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program, the parent of a public school student with a disability who is dissatisfied with the student's progress may request and receive a McKay Scholarship for the student to attend a private school in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.39.
- 3. Under the corporate income tax credit scholarship program, the parent of a student who qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunch may seek a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization in accordance with the provisions of s. 220.187.
- (c) Home education. -- The parent of a student may choose to place the student in a home education program in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.41.
- (d) Private tutoring. -- The parent of a student may choose to place the student in a private tutoring program in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.43(1).
- (7) NONDISCRIMINATION. -- All education programs, activities, and opportunities offered by public educational institutions must be made available without discrimination on 31 the basis of race, ethnicity, national origin, gender,

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disability, or marital status, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1000.05.

- (8) STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES. -- Parents of public school students with disabilities and parents of public school students in residential care facilities are entitled to notice and due process in accordance with the provisions of ss. 1003.57 and 1003.58. Public school students with disabilities must be provided the opportunity to meet the graduation requirements for a standard high school diploma in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.43(4). Certain public school students with disabilities may be awarded a special diploma upon high school graduation.
- (9) BLIND STUDENTS. -- Blind students have the right to an individualized written education program and appropriate instructional materials to attain literacy, in accordance with provisions of s. 1003.55.
- (10) LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT STUDENTS.--In accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.56, limited English proficient students have the right to receive ESOL (English for Speakers of Other Languages) instruction designed to develop the student's mastery of listening, speaking, reading, and writing in English as rapidly as possible, and the students' parents have the right of parental involvement in the ESOL program.
- (11) PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE. -- A public school student must be excused from reciting the pledge of allegiance upon written request by the student's parent, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.44.
  - (12) STUDENT RECORDS.--
- (a) Parent rights. -- Parents have rights regarding the 31 student records of their children, including right of access,

 right of waiver of access, right to challenge and hearing, and right of privacy, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.22.

- (b) Student rights.--In accordance with the provisions of s. 1008.386, a student is not required to provide his or her social security number as a condition for enrollment or graduation.
- (13) STUDENT REPORT CARDS.--Students and their parents have the right to receive student report cards on a regular basis that clearly depict and grade the student's academic performance in each class or course, the student's conduct, and the student's attendance, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.33.
- (14) STUDENT PROGRESS REPORTS.--Parents of public school students shall be apprised at regular intervals of the academic progress and other needed information regarding their child, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.02(1)(h)2.
- (15) SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY AND SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING REPORTS.—Parents of public school students are entitled to an easy-to-read report card about the grade designation, school accountability including the school financial report, and school improvement rating of their child's school in accordance with the provisions of ss. 1008.22, 1003.02(3), and 1010.215(5).
  - (16) ATHLETICS; PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL. --
- (a) Eligibility.--Eligibility requirements for all students participating in high school athletic competition must allow a student to be eligible in the school in which he or she first enrolls each school year, or makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging in

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practice before enrolling, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.20(2)(a).

- (b) Medical evaluation. -- Students must satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year before participating in athletics, unless the parent objects in writing based on religious tenets or practices, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.20(2)(d).
- (17) EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES. -- In accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.15:
- (a) Eligibility. -- Students who meet specified academic and conduct requirements are eligible to participate in extracurricular activities.
- (b) Home education students. -- Home education students who meet specified academic and conduct requirements are eligible to participate in extracurricular activities at the public school to which the student would be assigned or could choose to attend according to district school board policies, or may develop an agreement to participate at a private school.
- (c) Charter school students. -- Charter school students who meet specified academic and conduct requirements are eligible to participate in extracurricular activities at the public school to which the student would be assigned or could choose to attend according to district school board policies, unless such activity is provided by the student's charter school.
- (d) Discrimination prohibited. -- Organizations that regulate or govern extracurricular activities of public schools shall not discriminate against any eligible student based on an educational choice of public, private, or home 31 education.

 (18) INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS.--

- (a) Core courses.--Each public school student is entitled to sufficient instructional materials in the core courses of mathematics, language arts, social studies, science, reading, and literature, in accordance with the provisions of ss. 1003.02(1)(d) and 1006.40(2).
- (b) Curricular objectives.--The parent of each public school student has the right to receive effective communication from the school principal as to the manner in which instructional materials are used to implement the school's curricular objectives, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.28(3)(a).
- (c) Sale of instructional materials.--Upon request of the parent of a public school student, the school principal must sell to the parent any instructional materials used in the school, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.28(3)(c).
- (d) Dual enrollment students.--Instructional materials purchased by a district school board or community college board of trustees on behalf of public school dual enrollment students shall be made available to the dual enrollment students free of charge, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1007.271(14) and (15).
- (19) JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS.--Students who are in juvenile justice programs have the right to receive educational programs and services in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.52.
  - (20) PARENTAL INPUT AND MEETINGS. --
- (a) Meetings with school district personnel.--Parents of public school students may be accompanied by another adult of their choice at any meeting with school district personnel.

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- (b) School district best financial management practice reviews. -- Public school students and their parents may provide input regarding their concerns about the operations and management of the school district both during and after the conduct of a school district best financial management practices review, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1008.35.
- (c) District school board educational facilities programs. -- Parents of public school students and other members of the public have the right to receive proper public notice and opportunity for public comment regarding the district school board's educational facilities work program, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1013.35.
  - (21) TRANSPORTATION.--
- (a) Transportation to school. -- Public school students shall be provided transportation to school, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.21(3)(a).
- (b) Hazardous walking conditions.--K-6 public school students shall be provided transportation if they are subjected to hazardous walking conditions, in accordance with the provisions of ss. 1006.21(3)(b) and 1006.23.
- (c) Parental consent. -- Each parent of a public school student must be notified in writing and give written consent before the student may be transported in a privately owned motor vehicle to a school function, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.22(2)(b).
- Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 1003.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1003.33 Report cards; end-of-the-year status.--
- (1) Each district school board shall establish and 31 publish policies requiring the content and regular issuance of

student report cards for all elementary school, middle school, and high school students. These report cards must clearly depict and grade:

- (a) The student's academic performance in each class or course, which in grades 1 through 12 must be based upon examinations as well as written papers, class participation, and other academic performance criteria, and must include the student's performance or nonperformance at his or her grade level.
  - (b) The student's conduct and behavior.
- (c) The student's attendance, including absences and tardiness.

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District school boards shall not allow schools to exempt students from academic performance requirements based on practices or policies designed to encourage student attendance. A student's attendance record may not be used in whole or in part to provide an exemption from any academic performance requirement.

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.25 Public school student progression; remedial instruction; reporting requirements.--

- (5) READING DEFICIENCY AND PARENTAL NOTIFICATION. --
- (c) Beginning with the 2002-2003 school year, the parent of any student who exhibits a substantial deficiency in reading, as described in paragraph (a), must be notified in writing of the following:
- 1. That his or her child has been identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading.

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- 2. A description of the current services that are provided to the child.
- 3. A description of the proposed supplemental instructional services and supports that will be provided to the child that are designed to remediate the identified area of reading deficiency.
- That if the child's reading deficiency is not remediated by the end of grade 3, the child must be retained unless he or she is exempt from mandatory retention for good cause.
- 5. Strategies for parents to use in helping their child succeed in reading proficiency.
- Section 9. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 1012.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1012.72 Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program. --
- (2) The Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program is created to provide categorical funding for monetary incentives and bonuses for teaching excellence. The Department of Education shall distribute to each school district or to the NBPTS an amount as prescribed annually by the Legislature for the Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program. For purposes of this section, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind shall be considered a school district. Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, each distribution shall be the sum of the amounts earned for the following incentives and bonuses:
- (d) An annual bonus equal to 10 percent of the prior fiscal year's statewide average salary for classroom teachers to be distributed to the school district to be paid to each individual who meets the requirements of paragraph (c) and 31 agrees, in writing, to provide the equivalent of 12 workdays

of mentoring and related services to public school teachers within the state who do not hold NBPTS certification. Related services must include instruction in helping teachers work more effectively with the families of their students. The district school board shall distribute the annual bonus in a single payment following the completion of all required mentoring and related services for the year. It is not the intent of the Legislature to remove excellent teachers from their assigned classrooms; therefore, credit may not be granted by a school district or public school for mentoring or related services provided during student contact time during the 196 days of required service for the school year.

A teacher for whom the state pays the certification fee and who does not complete the certification program or does not teach in a public school of this state for at least 1 year after completing the certification program must repay the amount of the certification fee to the state. However, a teacher who completes the certification program but fails to be awarded NBPTS certification is not required to repay the amount of the certification fee if the teacher meets the 1-year teaching requirement. Repayment is not required of a teacher who does not complete the certification program or fails to fulfill the teaching requirement because of the teacher's death or disability or because of other extenuating circumstances as determined by the State Board of Education.

27 Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 28 1012.98, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.--

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- The Department of Education, school districts, schools, community colleges, and state universities share the responsibilities described in this section. These responsibilities include the following:
- (b) Each school district shall develop a professional development system. The system shall be developed in consultation with teachers and representatives of community college and university faculty, community agencies, and other interested citizen groups to establish policy and procedures to guide the operation of the district professional development program. The professional development system must:
- Be approved by the department. All substantial revisions to the system shall be submitted to the department for review for continued approval.
- Require the use of student achievement data; school discipline data; school environment surveys; assessments of parental satisfaction; performance appraisal data of teachers, managers, and administrative personnel; and other performance indicators to identify school and student needs that can be met by improved professional performance.
- 3. Provide inservice activities coupled with followup support that are appropriate to accomplish district-level and school-level improvement goals and standards. The inservice activities for instructional personnel shall primarily focus on subject content and teaching methods, including technology, as related to the Sunshine State Standards, assessment and data analysis, classroom management, parent involvement, and school safety.
- 4. Include a master plan for inservice activities, 31 pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education, for all

district employees from all fund sources. The master plan shall be updated annually by September 1 using criteria for continued approval as specified by rules of the State Board of Education. Written verification that the inservice plan meets all requirements of this section must be submitted annually to the commissioner by October 1.

- 5. Require each school principal to establish and maintain an individual professional development plan for each instructional employee assigned to the school. The individual professional development plan must:
- a. Be related to specific performance data for the students to whom the teacher is assigned.
- b. Define the inservice objectives and specific measurable improvements expected in student performance as a result of the inservice activity.
- c. Include an evaluation component that determines the effectiveness of the professional development plan.
- 6. Include inservice activities for school administrative personnel that address updated skills necessary for effective school management and instructional leadership.
- 7. Provide for systematic consultation with regional and state personnel designated to provide technical assistance and evaluation of local professional development programs.
- 8. Provide for delivery of professional development by distance learning and other technology-based delivery systems to reach more educators at lower costs.
- 9. Provide for the continuous evaluation of the quality and effectiveness of professional development programs in order to eliminate ineffective programs and strategies and to expand effective ones. Evaluations must consider the impact

1	of such activities on the performance of participating
2	educators and their students' achievement and behavior.
3	Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003.
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5	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
6	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 1522
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8	Creates the "Family and School Partnership for Student
9	Achievement Act" in s.1002.23, F.S.
10	Requires the Department of Education to establish a parent response center and to develop guidelines for a parent guide and a checklist.
11 12 13	Requires district school boards to adopt rules, submit a copy of the rules to the Department of Education, and develop and disseminate a parent guide and a checklist.
14 15	Requires the State Board of Education to annually review each district's compliance with the requirements in the act and to use all appropriate enforcement action.
16	Requires district school superintendents and principals to support and cooperate in implementing the new law.
17 18	Requires parents to receive accurate and timely information and requires report cards to include a student's performance or non-performance at grade level.
19	Requires teachers who receive certain bonuses under the Dale
20	Hickam Excellent Teaching Program to provide specific instruction to other teachers and requires inservice
21	involvement.
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