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A bill to be entitled An act relating to dependent children; amending s. 39.302, F.S.; clarifying a right of access to records for certain attorneys and providing a right to access for employees and agents of educational institutions; authorizing the Department of Children and Family Services and specified law enforcement agencies to release certain information when a child is under investigation or supervision; providing an exception; providing that persons releasing such information are not subject to civil or criminal penalty for the release; creating s. 39.0136, F.S.; providing standards for background screening of persons seeking approval as relative and nonrelative caregivers of children; enumerating offenses the existence of which will cause disapproval; amending ss. 39.301, 39.401, 39.521, F.S.; clarifying the screening that must occur for purposes of a child protective investigation, for the placement of a child, and for providing information to the court; amending s. 39.811, F.S.; requiring certain screening of prospective adoptive parents; amending s. 63.092, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; creating s. 435.12, F.S.; specifying that offenses considered as part of background screening are to be considered regardless of the date of commission; creating s. 409.017, F.S.; providing standards for background

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screening of persons in a household seeking licensure as a foster home; enumerating offenses the existence of which will cause disapproval; providing for rescreening; imposing a duty upon the licensee; amending s. 409.175, F.S.; redefining the term "personnel" and deleting the definition of the term "screening"; creating s. 409.177, F.S.; providing standards for background screening for child-placing and residential child-caring agencies; providing for denial of a license and exclusion from employment; creating s. 409.1759, F.S.; providing for background screening for summer camp personnel; providing an exception; amending s. 435.07, F.S.; modifying the time period within which prior felonies must be considered when granting exemptions from disqualification; creating s. 435.13, F.S.; providing for rescreening; specifying conditions thereon and authorizing exceptions; requiring the retention of certain records; repealing s. 409.1757, F.S., relating to persons not required to be rescreened or refingerprinted; repealing s. 435.045, F.S., relating to requirements for placement of dependent children; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 39.202, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsections (4) through (7) of that section are renumbered as subsections (5) through (8), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section to read:

- 39.202 Confidentiality of reports and records in cases of child abuse or neglect.--
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), access to such records, excluding the name of the reporter which shall be released only as provided in subsection (5) (4), shall be granted only to the following persons, officials, and agencies:
- (a) Employees, authorized agents, or contract providers of the department, the Department of Health, or county agencies responsible for carrying out:
 - 1. Child or adult protective investigations;
 - 2. Ongoing child or adult protective services;
 - 3. Healthy Start services; or
- 4. Licensure or approval of adoptive homes, foster homes, or child care facilities, or family day care homes or informal child care providers who receive subsidized child care funding, or other homes used to provide for the care and welfare of children.

Also, employees or agents of the Department of Juvenile Justice responsible for the provision of services to children, pursuant to chapters 984 and 985.

(b) Criminal justice agencies of appropriate jurisdiction.

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- (c) The state attorney of the judicial circuit in which the child resides or in which the alleged abuse or neglect occurred.
 - (d) The parent or legal custodian of any child who is alleged to have been abused, abandoned, or neglected, and the child, and their attorneys, including any attorney representing a child in civil or criminal proceedings. This access shall be made available no later than 30 days after the department receives the initial report of abuse, neglect, or abandonment. However, any information otherwise made confidential or exempt by law shall not be released pursuant to this paragraph.
 - (e) Any person alleged in the report as having caused the abuse, abandonment, or neglect of a child. This access shall be made available no later than 30 days after the department receives the initial report of abuse, abandonment, or neglect and, when the alleged perpetrator is not a parent, shall be limited to information involving the protective investigation only and shall not include any information relating to subsequent dependency proceedings. However, any information otherwise made confidential or exempt by law shall not be released pursuant to this paragraph.
 - (f) A court upon its finding that access to such records may be necessary for the determination of an issue before the court; however, such access shall be limited to inspection in camera, unless the court determines that public disclosure of the information contained therein is necessary for the resolution of an issue then pending before it.
- (g) A grand jury, by subpoena, upon its determination that access to such records is necessary in the conduct of its 31 official business.

- (h) Any appropriate official of the department
 responsible for:
- 1. Administration or supervision of the department's program for the prevention, investigation, or treatment of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, or abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, when carrying out his or her official function;
- 2. Taking appropriate administrative action concerning an employee of the department alleged to have perpetrated child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, or abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult; or
- 3. Employing and continuing employment of personnel of the department.
- (i) Any person authorized by the department who is engaged in the use of such records or information for bona fide research, statistical, or audit purposes. Such individual or entity shall enter into a privacy and security agreement with the department and shall comply with all laws and rules governing the use of such records and information for research and statistical purposes. Information identifying the subjects of such records or information shall be treated as confidential by the researcher and shall not be released in any form.
- (j) The Division of Administrative Hearings for purposes of any administrative challenge.
- (k) Any appropriate official of a Florida advocacy council investigating a report of known or suspected child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; the Auditor General or the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability for the purpose of conducting audits or

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examinations pursuant to law; or the guardian ad litem for the child.

- Employees or agents of an agency of another state (1)that has comparable jurisdiction to the jurisdiction described in paragraph (a).
- The Public Employees Relations Commission for the sole purpose of obtaining evidence for appeals filed pursuant to s. 447.207. Records may be released only after deletion of all information which specifically identifies persons other than the employee.
- Employees or agents of the Department of Revenue responsible for child support enforcement activities.
- (o) Any person in the event of the death of a child determined to be a result of abuse, abandonment, or neglect. Information identifying the person reporting abuse, abandonment, or neglect shall not be released. Any information otherwise made confidential or exempt by law shall not be released pursuant to this paragraph.
- (p) Employees or agents of school boards, public schools, private schools, and charter schools, or other educational institutions.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when a child under investigation or supervision of the department or its contracted service providers is determined to be missing, the following shall apply:
- The department may release the following information to the public when it believes the release of the information is likely to assist efforts in locating the child or to promote the safety or well-being of the child:
- The name of the child and the child's date of 31 birth;

- 2. A physical description of the child, including at a minimum the height, weight, hair color, eye color, gender, and any identifying physical characteristics of the child; and
 3. A photograph of the child.
 (b) With the concurrence of the law enforcement agency
- (b) With the concurrence of the law enforcement agency primarily responsible for investigating the incident, the department may release any additional information it believes likely to assist efforts in locating the child or to promote the safety or well-being of the child.
- (c) The law enforcement agency primarily responsible for investigating the incident may release any information received from the department regarding the investigation, if it believes the release of the information is likely to assist efforts in locating the child or to promote the safety or well-being of the child.

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The good-faith publication or release of this information by the department, a law enforcement agency, or any recipient of the information as specifically authorized by this subsection shall not subject the person, agency or entity releasing the information to any civil or criminal penalty. This subsection does not authorize the release of the name of the reporter, which may be released only as provided in subsection (5).

Section 2. Section 39.0136, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

39.0136 Security background investigations.--

(1) The department shall conduct security background investigations for any relative or nonrelative caregiver who is not a licensed foster or shelter parent and who is being considered for placement of a child subject to the provisions of this chapter. The security background investigation shall

include all persons over the age of 12 residing in the home of the potential caregiver.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, security background investigations shall include, but not be limited to, fingerprinting for all purposes and checks in this subsection, statewide criminal and juvenile records checks through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and the Florida Department of Juvenile Justice, national criminal records checks through the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and local criminal records checks through local law enforcement agencies. For children over the age of 12, the security background investigation shall be limited to statewide criminal and juvenile records checks through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and local criminal records checks through local law enforcement agencies.
- (3) When fingerprinting is required under this section and a placement decision is being made under exigent circumstances, the placement may be made based on the results of a national name check through the National Crime Information Center, so long as the required fingerprint information is provided to the Federal Bureau of Investigation within the timeframe established by the Federal Government after placement of the child.
- (4) The security background investigations under this section must ensure that no person over the age of 12 residing in the home of a relative or nonrelative with whom a child is to be placed has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any felony offense prohibited under any of the following provisions of the Florida Statutes or under any similar statute of another jurisdiction at any time:

1	(a) Section 782.04, relating to murder.
2	(b) Section 782.07, relating to manslaughter,
3	aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled
4	adult, or aggravated manslaughter of a child.
5	(c) Section 794.011, relating to sexual battery.
6	(d) Former s. 794.041, relating to prohibited act of
7	persons in familial or custodial authority.
8	(e) Section 796.03, relating to procuring a person
9	under the age of 18 for prostitution.
10	(f) Section 800.04, relating to lewd or lascivious
11	offenses committed upon or in the presence of persons less
12	than 16 years of age.
13	(g) Section 827.03, relating to child abuse,
14	aggravated child abuse, or neglect of a child.
15	(h) Section 827.04(3), relating to the impregnation of
16	a child under the age of 16 by a person over the age of 21.
17	(i) Former s. 827.05, relating to negligent treatment
18	of children.
19	(j) Section 827.071, relating to sexual performance by
20	a child.
21	(k) Section 847.0135, relating to computer
22	pornography.
23	(1) Section 847.0145, relating to selling or buying of
24	minors.
25	(m) Any statute creating a felony offense relating to
26	domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28.
27	(n) Section 784.021, relating to aggravated assault.
28	(o) Section 784.045, relating to aggravated battery.
29	(5) The security background investigations under this
30	section must ensure that no person over the age of 12 residing
31	in the home of a relative or nonrelative with whom a child is

to be placed has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any felony offense prohibited under any of the following provisions of the Florida Statutes or under any similar statute of another jurisdiction and the offense was committed within the previous 5 years:

- (a) Section 893.13, relating to prohibited acts (drug abuse).
- (b) Section 893.149, relating to the unlawful possession of listed chemicals.
 - (c) Chapter 837, relating to perjury.
 - (d) Section 831.01, relating to forgery.
- (e) Section 414.39, relating to public assistance fraud.
- (6) If the security background investigation of a relative or nonrelative being considered for placement of a child reveals any misdemeanor conviction, any findings of delinquency, or any felony conviction, this information shall be recorded in the record of the investigation and shall be considered as a part of the risk assessment that is used to determine the appropriate placement for the child.
- (7) All information concerning any person with whom the child is placed which was obtained through the security background investigation shall be presented to the court at the shelter hearing. All information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and any information that has been sealed or any reference to the existence of expunged information may be shared only with the court in an inspection in camera.
- (8) Any caregiver who becomes aware of a person becoming a household member of a household where a child is placed must, within 5 days after that person has become a

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household member, submit to the department the information necessary to conduct a screening under this section. 2 3 Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 39.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 39.301 Initiation of protective investigations.--6 (9) For each report it receives, the department shall 7 perform an onsite child protective investigation that includes a face-to-face interview with the child, other siblings, parents, and other adults in the household and an onsite 9 10 assessment of the child's residence in order to: 11 (c) Determine the immediate and long-term risk to each child by conducting a security background check as provided in 12 s. 39.0136 state and federal records checks, including, when 13 14 feasible, the records of the Department of Corrections, on the 15 parents, legal custodians, or caregivers, and any other persons in the same household. This information shall be used 16 solely for purposes supporting the detection, apprehension, 17 prosecution, pretrial release, posttrial release, or 18 rehabilitation of criminal offenders or persons accused of the 19 20 crimes of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect and shall not be further disseminated or used for any other purpose. The 21 department's child protection investigators are hereby 22 designated a criminal justice agency for the purpose of 23 24 accessing criminal justice information to be used for 25 enforcing this state's laws concerning the crimes of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. 26 27 Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 39.401, Florida

Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 39.401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.401 Taking a child alleged to be dependent into custody; law enforcement officers and authorized agents of the department.--

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(3) If the child is taken into custody by, or is delivered to, an authorized agent of the department, the authorized agent shall review the facts supporting the removal with an attorney representing the department. The purpose of this review shall be to determine whether probable cause exists for the filing of a shelter petition. If the facts are not sufficient to support the filing of a shelter petition, the child shall immediately be returned to the custody of the parent or legal custodian. If the facts are sufficient to support the filing of the shelter petition and the child has not been returned to the custody of the parent or legal custodian, the department shall file the petition and schedule a hearing, and the attorney representing the department shall request that a shelter hearing be held as quickly as possible, not to exceed 24 hours after the removal of the child. While awaiting the shelter hearing, the authorized agent of the department may place the child in licensed shelter care or may release the child to a parent or legal custodian or responsible adult relative who shall be given priority consideration over a licensed placement, or a responsible adult approved by the department when this is in the best interests of the child. Any placement of a child which is not in a licensed shelter must be preceded by a security background investigation, as described in s. 39.0136 local and state criminal records check, as well as a search of the department's automated abuse information system, on all members of the household, to assess the child's safety within the home. In addition, the department may authorize placement of a housekeeper/homemaker in the home of a child alleged to be dependent until the parent or legal custodian assumes care of the child.

Section 5. Paragraphs (k) and (r) of subsection (2) of section 39.521, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 39.521 Disposition hearings; powers of disposition.--
- (2) The predisposition study must provide the court with the following documented information:
- (k) A Florida Abuse Hotline Information System (FAHIS) history and criminal records check as provided for in s.

 39.0136 for all caregivers, family members, and individuals residing within the household from which the child was removed.
- (r) If the child has been removed from the home and will be remaining with a relative or other adult approved by the court, a home study report concerning the proposed placement shall be included in the predisposition report. Prior to recommending to the court any out-of-home placement for a child other than placement in a licensed shelter or foster home, the department shall conduct a study of the home of the proposed legal custodians, which must include, at a minimum:
- 1. An interview with the proposed legal custodians to assess their ongoing commitment and ability to care for the child.
- 2. Records checks through the Florida Abuse Hotline Information System (FAHIS), and a security background investigation as provided for in s. 39.0136 local and statewide criminal and juvenile records checks through the Department of Law Enforcement, on all household members 12 years of age or older and any other persons made known to the department who are frequent visitors in the home.

 Out-of-state criminal records checks must be initiated for any individual designated above who has resided in a state other

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than Florida provided that state's laws allow the release of these records. The out-of-state criminal records must be filed with the court within 5 days after receipt by the department or its agent.

An assessment of the physical environment of the

5 3. 6 home.

- A determination of the financial security of the proposed legal custodians.
- A determination of suitable child care arrangements if the proposed legal custodians are employed outside of the home.
- Documentation of counseling and information provided to the proposed legal custodians regarding the dependency process and possible outcomes.
- 7. Documentation that information regarding support services available in the community has been provided to the proposed legal custodians.

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The department shall not place the child or continue the placement of the child in a home under shelter or postdisposition placement if the results of the home study are unfavorable, unless the court finds that this placement is in the child's best interest.

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Any other relevant and material evidence, including other written or oral reports, may be received by the court in its effort to determine the action to be taken with regard to the child and may be relied upon to the extent of its probative value, even though not competent in an adjudicatory hearing. Except as otherwise specifically provided, nothing in this 31 section prohibits the publication of proceedings in a hearing.

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Section 6. Present subsections (8) and (9) of section 39.811, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (9) and (10), respectively, and a new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

- 39.811 Powers of disposition; order of disposition.--
- (8) Any person considered for placement for adoption of a child under this chapter must meet the screening requirements set forth in s. 39.0136.

Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 63.092, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 63.092 Report to the court of intended placement by an adoption entity; at-risk placement; preliminary study. --
- (3) PRELIMINARY HOME STUDY. -- Before placing the minor in the intended adoptive home, a preliminary home study must be performed by a licensed child-placing agency, a child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176, a licensed professional, or agency described in s. 61.20(2), unless the petitioner is a stepparent, a spouse of the parent, or a The preliminary study shall be completed within 30 days after the receipt by the court of the adoption entity's report, but in no event may the minor be placed in the prospective adoptive home prior to the completion of the preliminary study unless ordered by the court. If the petitioner is a stepparent, a spouse of the parent, or a relative, the preliminary home study may be required by the court for good cause shown. The department is required to perform the preliminary home study only if there is no licensed child-placing agency, child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176, licensed professional, or agency described in s. 61.20(2), in the county where the prospective adoptive 31 parents reside. The preliminary home study must be made to

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determine the suitability of the intended adoptive parents and may be completed prior to identification of a prospective adoptive minor. A favorable preliminary home study is valid for 1 year after the date of its completion. Upon its completion, a copy of the home study must be provided to the intended adoptive parents who were the subject of the home study. A minor may not be placed in an intended adoptive home before a favorable preliminary home study is completed unless the adoptive home is also a licensed foster home under s. 409.175. The preliminary home study must include, at a minimum:

- (a) An interview with the intended adoptive parents;
- (b) Records checks of the department's central abuse hotline registry and criminal records correspondence checks pursuant to s. 435.03 s. 435.045 through the Department of Law Enforcement on the intended adoptive parents;
- (c) An assessment of the physical environment of the home;
- (d) A determination of the financial security of the intended adoptive parents;
- (e) Documentation of counseling and education of the intended adoptive parents on adoptive parenting;
- (f) Documentation that information on adoption and the adoption process has been provided to the intended adoptive parents;
- (g) Documentation that information on support services available in the community has been provided to the intended adoptive parents; and
- (h) A copy of each signed acknowledgment required by $s.\ 63.085.$

If the preliminary home study is favorable, a minor may be 2 placed in the home pending entry of the judgment of adoption. 3 A minor may not be placed in the home if the preliminary home study is unfavorable. If the preliminary home study is 4 5 unfavorable, the adoption entity may, within 20 days after 6 receipt of a copy of the written recommendation, petition the 7 court to determine the suitability of the intended adoptive 8 home. A determination as to suitability under this subsection does not act as a presumption of suitability at the final 9 10 hearing. In determining the suitability of the intended 11 adoptive home, the court must consider the totality of the circumstances in the home. No minor may be placed in a home in 12 13 which there resides any person determined by the court to be a sexual predator as defined in s. 775.21 or to have been 14 convicted of an offense listed in s. 63.089(4)(b)2. 15 Section 8. Section 435.12, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 created to read: 435.12 Background screening; what covered.--Background 18 19 screening shall consider all offenses committed by an employee, regardless of the date of commission of the offense. 20 21 Section 9. Section 409.017, Florida Statutes, is 22 created to read: 409.017 Background screening for foster parents.--23 24 (1) The department shall conduct security background 25 investigations for any person being considered by the department for licensure as a foster parent. This 26 27 investigation shall be completed before the person may be licensed as a foster parent and before a child is placed with 28 29 the prospective foster parent. The screening shall include any 30 person over the age of 12 residing in the home.

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- (2) For the purposes of this section, security background investigations shall include, but not be limited to, fingerprinting for all purposes and checks in this subsection, statewide criminal and juvenile records checks through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement, national criminal records checks through the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and local criminal records check through local law enforcement agencies. For children over the age of 12, the security background investigation shall be limited to statewide criminal and juvenile records checks through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and local criminal records checks through local law enforcement agencies. (3) For purposes of this section, offenses that would otherwise be disqualifying are not disqualifying if committed by a current or former foster child before the 18th birthday of the child. The security background investigations under this section must ensure that no foster parent licensed by the state or person residing in a foster home, with the exception of current or former foster children as specified in subsection (3), has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any felony offense prohibited under any of the following provisions of the Florida Statutes or under any similar
 - (a) Section 782.04, relating to murder.

statute of another jurisdiction at any time:

- (b) Section 782.07, relating to manslaughter, aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled adult, or aggravated manslaughter of a child.
 - (c) Section 794.011, relating to sexual battery.

1	(d) Former s. 794.041, relating to prohibited act of
2	persons in familial or custodial authority.
3	(e) Section 796.03, relating to procuring a person
4	under the age of 18 for prostitution.
5	(f) Section 800.04, relating to lewd or lascivious
6	offenses committed upon or in the presence of persons less
7	than 16 years of age.
8	(g) Section 827.03, relating to child abuse,
9	aggravated child abuse, or neglect of a child.
10	(h) Section 827.04(3), relating to the impregnation of
11	a child under the age of 16 by a person over the age of 21.
12	(i) Former s. 827.05, relating to negligent treatment
13	of children.
14	(j) Section 827.071, relating to sexual performance by
15	a child.
16	(k) Section 847.0135, relating to computer
17	pornography.
18	(1) Section 847.0145, relating to selling or buying of
19	minors.
20	(m) Any statute creating a felony offense relating to
21	domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28.
22	(n) Section 784.021, relating to aggravated assault.
23	(o) Section 784.045, relating to aggravated battery.
24	(5) The security background investigations under this
25	section must ensure that no foster parent licensed by the
26	state or person residing in a foster home, with the exception
27	of current or former foster children as specified in
28	subsection (3), has been found guilty of, regardless of
29	adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty
30	to, any felony offense prohibited under any of the following
31	provisions of the Florida Statutes or under any similar

statute of another jurisdiction and the offense was committed within the previous 5 years:

- (a) Section 893.13, relating to prohibited acts (drug abuse).
- (b) Section 893.149, relating to the unlawful possession of listed chemicals.
 - (c) Chapter 837, relating to perjury.
 - (d) Section 831.01, relating to forgery.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}} \quad \text{Section 414.39, relating to public assistance} \\ \text{fraud.}$
- (6) If the security background investigation of a person seeking licensure as a foster parent or any person residing in the home, with the exception of current or former foster children, reveals any findings of delinquency, any misdemeanor conviction, or any felony conviction, this information shall be considered as a part of the determination as to whether to issue a foster care license to the applicant or to revoke a foster care license. In addition, any offenses which would otherwise be disqualifying but which are not disqualifying as a result of subsection (3) shall be considered as a part of the determination as to whether to issue a foster care license to the applicant or revoke a foster care license to the applicant or revoke a foster care license.
- (7) The security background investigation of a prospective foster parent must ensure that the previous licensing of any prospective foster parent and any information relevant to such previous license is considered in deciding whether or not to issue a foster care license.
- (8) Persons who are licensed as foster parents shall be rescreened pursuant to this section no less frequently than upon each application for relicensing. The rescreening must

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include, at a minimum, statewide criminal records checks
through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and local
criminal records checks through local law enforcement
agencies. The department may by rule provide for more frequent
rescreening.

(9) The licensee is responsible for ensuring that any person becoming a member of the household of a licensed foster home submits to the department, within 5 days after becoming a household member, the information necessary to conduct a screening under this section.

Section 10. Paragraphs (i) and (k) of subsection (2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies.--

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- "Personnel" means all owners, operators, (i) employees, and volunteers working in a child-placing agencyfamily foster home, or residential child-caring agency who may be employed by or do volunteer work for a person, corporation, or agency which holds a license as a child-placing agency or a residential child-caring agency, but the term does not include those who do not work on the premises where child care is furnished and either have no direct contact with a child or have no contact with a child outside of the presence of the child's parent or guardian. For purposes of screening, the term shall include any member, over the age of 12 years, of the family of the owner or operator or any person other than a client, over the age of 12 years, residing with the owner or operator if the agency or family foster home is located in or adjacent to the home of the owner or operator or if the family member of, or person residing with, the owner or operator has

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any direct contact with the children. Members of the family of the owner or operator, or persons residing with the owner or operator, who are between the ages of 12 years and 18 years shall not be required to be fingerprinted, but shall be screened for delinquency records. For purposes of screening, the term "personnel" shall also include owners, operators, employees, and volunteers working in summer day camps, or summer 24-hour camps providing care for children. A volunteer who assists on an intermittent basis for less than 40 hours per month shall not be included in the term "personnel" for the purposes of screening, provided that the volunteer is under direct and constant supervision by persons who meet the personnel requirements of this section.

(k) "Screening" means the act of assessing the background of personnel and includes, but is not limited to, employment history checks as provided in chapter 435, using the level 2 standards for screening set forth in that chapter. Screening for employees and volunteers in summer day camps and summer 24-hour camps and screening for all volunteers included under the definition of "personnel" shall be conducted as provided in chapter 435, using the level 1 standards set forth in that chapter.

Section 11. Section 409.177, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.177 Background screening for personnel of child-placing agencies and residential child-caring agencies providing care for children.--

(1) The department must conduct criminal records checks equivalent to the level 2 screening requirement of s. 435.04 for the following persons:

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of s. 435.03.

1 The personnel of any child-caring or child-placing 2 agency. 3 (b) Any person other than a client over the age of 12 4 years residing with the owner or operator of a child-placing 5 agency or residential child-caring agency if the agency is 6 located in or adjacent to the home of the owner or operator or 7 if the person residing with the owner or operator has any 8 direct contact with the children. 9 10 For children over the age of 12 residing with the owner or 11 operator, the security background investigation shall be limited to statewide criminal and juvenile records checks 12 through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and local 13 criminal records checks through local law enforcement 14 15 agencies. (2) When the department has reasonable cause to 16 17 believe that grounds exist for the denial of a license or exclusion from employment based on the screening required by 18 19 this section, it shall follow the provisions of s. 435.06. 20 (3) Exemptions from disqualification may be granted, 21 at the discretion of the department, as provided in section 22 435.07. Section 12. Section 409.1759, Florida Statutes, is 23 24 created to read: 25 409.1759 Background screening for summer day camps and 26 summer 24-hour camps.--27 (1) Operators, owners, employees, and volunteers of 28 summer day camps and summer 24-hour camps must obtain criminal 29 records checks equivalent to the level 1 screening requirement

(2) A volunteer who assists on an intermittent basis

for less than 40 hours per month is not required to be

screened if the volunteer is under direct and constant

supervision by persons who have been screened pursuant to this

section.

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 435.07, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

435.07 Exemptions from disqualification.--Unless
otherwise provided by law, the provisions of this section

- (1) The appropriate licensing agency may grant to any employee otherwise disqualified from employment an exemption from disqualification for:
- (a) Felonies committed more than $\underline{5}$ $\underline{3}$ years prior to the date of disqualification;
- (b) Misdemeanors prohibited under any of the Florida Statutes cited in this chapter or under similar statutes of other jurisdictions;
- (c) Offenses that were felonies when committed but are now misdemeanors;
 - (d) Findings of delinquency; or

shall apply to exemptions from disqualification.

(e) Commissions of acts of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.30.

For the purposes of this subsection, the term "felonies" means both felonies prohibited under any of the Florida Statutes cited in this chapter or under similar statutes of other jurisdictions.

Section 14. Section 435.13, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

435.13 Rescreening.--

1 (1) A screening conducted under this chapter is valid for 5 years, at which time a statewide rescreening must be 2 3 conducted. The 5-year rescreening must include, at a minimum, statewide criminal records checks through the Florida 4 Department of Law Enforcement. 5 6 (2) In addition, a person must be rescreened following 7 a break in service which exceeds 90 days. A person in this 8 category must undergo the same level of screening which was required prior to the break in service. 9 10 (3) The employer may grant a leave of absence to an 11 employee for military leave, maternity leave, medical leave, or family sickness leave for a period not exceeding 6 months. 12 In such a case, if the leave was preapproved, rescreening is 13 not required unless the 5-year rescreening has become due 14 while the employee is absent. 15 Teachers and noninstructional personnel who have 16 17 undergone fingerprinting pursuant to chapter 231, who have not been unemployed for more than 90 days following the 18 19 fingerprinting, and who attest to completing such fingerprinting and to compliance with this section need not be 20 21 refingerprinted in order to comply with the screening or fingerprinting requirements for caretakers. 22 23 (5) Records received from the Federal Bureau of 24 Investigation and the Florida Department of Law Enforcement shall be retained by the department for the earlier of either 25 5 years or 90 days after termination from employment. 26 Sections 409.1757 and 435.045, Florida 27 Section 15. 28 Statutes, are repealed. 29 Section 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2003. 30

SENATE SUMMARY Authorizes the Department of Children and Family Services, and the law enforcement agency primarily responsible for investigating the case, to release certain identifying information concerning a missing dependent child when it is believed that releasing the information will assist in locating the child or will promote the child's safety or well-being. Revises standards that must be met by relative or nonrelative caregivers or foster parents of dependent children. Provides for background screening with respect to child Provides for background screening with respect to child protective investigations, placement of children, providing information to the court, prospective adoptive parents, licensure as a foster home, child-placing and child-carderage, and summer camp personnel. (See bill for details.)