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HB 1761 2003

A bill to be entitled An act relating to child support; amending s. 61.046, F.S.; redefining the term "support order" for purposes of ch. 61, F.S., to include an order of an administrative agency; amending s. 61.13, F.S.; deleting the requirement that a child support order include the minor's social security number; amending s. 61.181, F.S.; requiring the clerk of the court to establish an account for interstate cases; providing for the continuation of a fee; amending s. 120.80, F.S.; providing for the location of an administrative hearing; amending ss. 382.013 and 382.016, F.S.; permitting voluntary acknowledgements of paternity which are witnessed; amending s. 409.2557, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules to administer the withholding of insurance payments; amending s. 409.2558, F.S.; providing for a notice to the noncustodial parent in applying an undistributable support collection to another support order; amending s. 409.2561, F.S.; providing for the Department of Revenue to establish the obligation of support; amending s. 409.2563, F.S.; providing for the noncustodial parent to request that the Department of Revenue proceed in circuit court to determine the support obligation; revising the requirements under which a noncustodial parent may petition the circuit court to determine the support obligation; providing that the Department of Revenue is a party to court action only with respect to issues of support; amending s. 409.25656, F.S.; providing for the recovery of fees in liquidating securities for the support

Page 1 of 29

owed; creating s. 409.25659, F.S.; providing for



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HB 1761 2003

withholding insurance payments for unpaid support; providing definitions; specifying the duties of the insurer; providing that unpaid support constitutes a lien against an insurance claim; providing for notice to the obligor; providing for payment to the Department of Revenue; providing for an exemption for certain fees and expenses; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 409.257, F.S.; permitting the use of any means of service of process under ch. 48, F.S.; amending s. 409.2572, F.S.; revising the definition of noncooperation or failure to cooperate as applied to an applicant for or a recipient of public assistance; amending s. 409.259, F.S.; revising the manner of reimbursement to the clerk of the court for court filings in Title IV-D cases; creating s. 440.123, F.S.; requiring an insurer paying workers' compensation insurance to inquire about unpaid child support; amending s. 440.20, F.S.; requiring the judge of compensation claims to obtain information on the support owed; amending s. 742.10, F.S.; permitting voluntary acknowledgements of paternity which are witnessed; deleting the rebuttable presumption of a voluntary acknowledgement of paternity; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. Subsection (19) of section 61.046, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 61.046 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:
- (19) "Support order" means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary or final, issued by a court of competent

Page 2 of 29



HB 1761 2003

jurisdiction or administrative agency for the support and maintenance of a child which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or past support. When the child support obligation is being enforced by the Department of Revenue, the term "support order" also means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary or final, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction for the support and maintenance of a child and the spouse or former spouse of the obligor with whom the child is living which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or past support.

- Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 61.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 61.13 Custody and support of children; visitation rights; power of court in making orders.--

(1)

- (d)1. Unless the provisions of subparagraph 3. apply, all child support orders entered on or after January 1, 1985, shall direct that the payments of child support be made as provided in s. 61.181 through the depository in the county where the court is located. All child support orders shall provide the full name, and date of birth, and social security number of each minor child who is the subject of the child support order.
- 2. Unless the provisions of subparagraph 3. apply, all child support orders entered before January 1, 1985, shall be modified by the court to direct that payments of child support shall be made through the depository in the county where the court is located upon the subsequent appearance of either or both parents to modify or enforce the order, or in any related proceeding.



HB 1761 2003

3. If both parties request and the court finds that it is in the best interest of the child, support payments need not be directed through the depository. The order of support shall provide, or shall be deemed to provide, that either party may subsequently apply to the depository to require direction of the payments through the depository. The court shall provide a copy of the order to the depository.

- 4. If the parties elect not to require that support payments be made through the depository, any party may subsequently file an affidavit with the depository alleging a default in payment of child support and stating that the party wishes to require that payments be made through the depository. The party shall provide copies of the affidavit to the court and to each other party. Fifteen days after receipt of the affidavit, the depository shall notify both parties that future payments shall be paid through the depository.
- 5. In IV-D cases, the IV-D agency shall have the same rights as the obligee in requesting that payments be made through the depository.
- Section 3. Effective July 1, 2003, subsections (1) and (2) of section 61.181, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 61.181 Depository for alimony transactions, support, maintenance, and support payments; fees.--
- (1)(a) The office of the clerk of the court shall operate a depository unless the depository is otherwise created by special act of the Legislature or unless, prior to June 1, 1985, a different entity was established to perform such functions. The department shall, no later than July 1, 1998, extend participation in the federal child support cost reimbursement program to the central depository in each county, to the maximum

Page 4 of 29



extent possible under existing federal law. The depository shall receive reimbursement for services provided under a cooperative agreement with the department pursuant to s. 61.1826. Each depository shall participate in the State Disbursement Unit and shall implement all statutory and contractual duties imposed on the State Disbursement Unit. Each depository shall receive from and transmit to the State Disbursement Unit required data through the Clerk of Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System. Payments on non-Title IV-D cases without income deduction orders shall not be sent to the State Disbursement Unit.

- (b) Upon request by the Title IV-D agency, the depository created pursuant to paragraph (a) shall establish an account for the receipt and disbursement of support payments for Title IV-D interstate cases. The Title IV-D agency shall provide a copy of the other state's order with the request and the depository shall advise the Title IV-D agency of the account number in writing within 4 business days after receipt of the request.
- (2)(a) For payments not required to be processed through the State Disbursement Unit, the depository shall impose and collect a fee on each payment made for receiving, recording, reporting, disbursing, monitoring, or handling alimony or child support payments as required under this section. For non-Title IV-D cases required to be processed by the State Disbursement Unit pursuant to this chapter, the State Disbursement Unit shall, on each payment received, collect a fee, and shall transmit to the depository in which the case is located 40 percent of such service charge for the depository's administration, management, and maintenance of such case. If a payment is made to the State Disbursement Unit which is not



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HB 1761 2003

accompanied by the required fee, the State Disbursement Unit shall not deduct any moneys from the support payment for payment of the fee. The fee shall be a flat fee based, to the extent practicable, upon estimated reasonable costs of operation. The fee shall be reduced in any case in which the fixed fee results in a charge to any party of an amount greater than 3 percent of the amount of any support payment made in satisfaction of the amount which the party is obligated to pay, except that no fee shall be less than \$1 nor more than \$5 per payment made. The fee shall be considered by the court in determining the amount of support that the obligor is, or may be, required to pay.

(b)1. For the period of July 1, 1992, through June 30, 2003, The fee imposed in paragraph (a) shall be increased to 4 percent of the support payments which the party is obligated to pay, except that no fee shall be more than \$5.25. The fee shall be considered by the court in determining the amount of support that the obligor is, or may be, required to pay. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 145.022, 75 percent of the additional revenues generated by this paragraph shall be remitted monthly to the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System Trust Fund administered by the department as provided in subparagraph 2. These funds shall be used exclusively for the development, implementation, and operation of the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System to be operated by the depositories, including the automation of civil case information necessary for the State Case Registry. The department shall contract with the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the depositories to design, establish, operate, upgrade, and maintain the automation of the depositories to include, but not be limited to, the provision of on-line



HB 1761 2003

electronic transfer of information to the IV-D agency as otherwise required by this chapter. The department's obligation to fund the automation of the depositories is limited to the state share of funds available in the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System Trust Fund. Each depository created under this section shall fully participate in the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System and transmit data in a readable format as required by the contract between the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the department.

- 2. Moneys to be remitted to the department by the depository shall be done daily by electronic funds transfer and calculated as follows:
  - a. For each support payment of less than \$33, 18.75 cents.
- b. For each support payment between \$33 and \$140, an amount equal to 18.75 percent of the fee charged.
- c. For each support payment in excess of \$140, 18.75 cents.
- 3. The fees established by this section shall be set forth and included in every order of support entered by a court of this state which requires payment to be made into the depository.
- Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (14) of section 120.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 120.80 Exceptions and special requirements; agencies .--
  - (14) DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. --
- (c) Proceedings for administrative support orders.--In proceedings for the establishment of administrative support orders pursuant to s. 409.2563, final orders in cases referred by the Department of Revenue to the Division of Administrative

Page 7 of 29



HB 1761 2003

Hearings shall be entered by the division's administrative law judge and transmitted to the Department of Revenue for filing and rendering. The Department of Revenue has the right to seek judicial review under s. 120.68 of a final order entered by an administrative law judge. Administrative support orders rendered pursuant to s. 409.2563 may be enforced pursuant to s. 120.69 or, alternatively, by any method prescribed by law for the enforcement of judicial support orders, except contempt.

Whenever practicable, hearings held by the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to s. 409.2563 shall be held in the judicial circuit where the person receiving services under Title IV-D resides or, if the person receiving services under Title IV-D does not reside in this state, in the judicial circuit where the respondent resides. If the department and the respondent agree, the hearing may be held in another location.

Section 5. Effective July 1, 2003, paragraph (c) of

Section 5. Effective July 1, 2003, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 382.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.013 Birth registration.—A certificate for each live birth that occurs in this state shall be filed within 5 days after such birth with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred and shall be registered by the local registrar if the certificate has been completed and filed in accordance with this chapter and adopted rules. The information regarding registered births shall be used for comparison with information in the state case registry, as defined in chapter 61.

- (2) PATERNITY.--
- (c) If the mother is not married at the time of the birth, the name of the father may not be entered on the birth

Page 8 of 29



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HB 1761 2003

certificate without the execution of an affidavit signed by both the mother and the person to be named as the father. The facility shall give notice orally or through the use of video or audio equipment, and in writing, of the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor, any rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from signing an acknowledgment of paternity, as well as information provided by the Title IV-D agency established pursuant to s. 409.2557, regarding the benefits of voluntary establishment of paternity. Upon request of the mother and the person to be named as the father, the facility shall assist in the execution of the affidavit, or a notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, or a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as specified by s. 92.525(2).

Section 6. Effective July 1, 2003, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 382.016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.016 Amendment of records.—The department, upon receipt of the fee prescribed in s. 382.0255; documentary evidence, as specified by rule, of any misstatement, error, or omission occurring in any birth, death, or fetal death record; and an affidavit setting forth the changes to be made, shall amend or replace the original certificate as necessary.

- (1) CERTIFICATE OF LIVE BIRTH AMENDMENT.--
- (b) Upon written request and receipt of an affidavit, a exnotarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, or a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as specified by s. 92.525(2)



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HB 1761 2003

that is signed by the mother and father acknowledging the paternity of a registrant born out of wedlock, together with sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare a new birth certificate, which shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. The names and identifying information of the parents shall be entered as of the date of the registrant's birth. The surname of the registrant may be changed from that shown on the original birth certificate at the request of the mother and father of the registrant, or the registrant if of legal age. If the mother and father marry each other at any time after the registrant's birth, the department shall, upon the request of the mother and father or registrant if of legal age and proof of the marriage, amend the certificate with regard to the parents' marital status as though the parents were married at the time of birth. The department shall substitute the new certificate of birth for the original certificate on file. All copies of the original certificate of live birth in the custody of a local registrar or other state custodian of vital records shall be forwarded to the State Registrar. Thereafter, when a certified copy of the certificate of birth or portion thereof is issued, it shall be a copy of the new certificate of birth or portion thereof, except when a court order requires issuance of a certified copy of the original certificate of birth. The department shall place the original certificate of birth and all papers pertaining thereto under seal, not to be broken except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.

Section 7. Effective July 1, 2003, subsection (3) of section 409.2557, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:



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HB 1761 2003

409.2557 State agency for administering child support enforcement program.--

- (3) SPECIFIC RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.--The department has the authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement all laws administered by the department in its capacity as the Title IV-D agency for this state including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) Background screening of department employees and applicants, including criminal records checks;
- (b) Confidentiality and retention of department records; access to records; record requests;
  - (c) Department trust funds;
  - (d) Federal funding procedures;
- (e) Agreements with law enforcement and other state agencies; National Crime Information Center (NCIC) access; Parent Locator Service access;
- (f) Written agreements entered into between the department and support obligors in establishment, enforcement, and modification proceedings;
- (g) Procurement of services by the department, pilot programs, and demonstration projects;
- (h) Management of cases by the department involving any documentation or procedures required by federal or state law, including but not limited to, cooperation; review and adjustment; audits; interstate actions; diligent efforts for service of process;
- (i) Department procedures for orders for genetic testing; subpoenas to establish, enforce, or modify orders; increasing the amount of monthly obligations to secure delinquent support; suspending or denying driver's and professional licenses and

Page 11 of 29



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HB 1761 2003

certificates; fishing and hunting license suspensions; suspending vehicle and vessel registrations; screening applicants for new or renewal licenses, registrations, or certificates; income deduction; credit reporting and accessing; tax refund intercepts; passport denials; liens; financial institution data matches; expedited procedures; medical support; and all other responsibilities of the department as required by state or federal law;

- (j) Collection and disbursement of support and alimony payments by the department as required by federal law; collection of genetic testing costs and other costs awarded by the court;
- (k) Report information to and receive information from other agencies and entities;
- (1) Provide location services, including accessing from and reporting to federal and state agencies;
- (m) Privatizing location, establishment, enforcement, modification, and other functions;
  - (n) State case registry;
  - (o) State disbursement unit;
- (p) Administrative proceedings to establish child-support obligations; and
- (q) Insurer reporting of liability claims, withholding of insurance payments for unpaid support, and reporting of weekly workers' compensation; and
- $\underline{(r)}$  All other responsibilities of the department as required by state or federal law.
- Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.2558, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 409.2558 Support distribution and disbursement .--



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- (2) UNDISTRIBUTABLE COLLECTIONS. --
- (b) Collections that are determined to be undistributable shall be processed in the following order of priority:
- 1. Apply the payment to any assigned arrears on the custodial parent's case; then
- 2. Apply the payment to any administrative costs ordered by the court pursuant to s. 409.2567 associated with the custodial parent's case; then
- When the noncustodial parent is subject to a valid order to support another child other children in a another case with a different custodial parent and the obligation is being enforced by the department, the department shall mail a notice to the noncustodial parent at the most recent known address in the department's records, stating the department's intention to apply the payment pursuant to this subparagraph, and advising the noncustodial parent of the right to contest the department's proposed action in the circuit court by filing and serving a petition on the department within 20 days after the mailing date of the department's notice. If the noncustodial parent does not file and serve a petition within the 20 days, or upon a disposition of the judicial action favorable to the department, the department shall, with the noncustodial parent's permission, apply the payment towards his or her other support obligation. If there is more than one such other case, the department shall allocate the remaining undistributable amount as specified by s. 61.1301(4)(c); then
  - 4. Return the payment to the noncustodial parent; then
- 5. If the noncustodial parent cannot be located after diligent efforts by the department, the federal share of the



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HB 1761 2003

payment shall be credited to the Federal Government and the state share shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 409.2561, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2561 Support obligations when public assistance is paid; assignment of rights; subrogation; medical and health insurance information.--

Any payment of temporary cash or Title IV-E assistance made to, or for the benefit of, any dependent child creates an obligation in an amount determined pursuant to the child support quidelines. In accordance with 42 U.S.C. s. 657, the state shall retain amounts collected only to the extent necessary to reimburse amounts paid to the family as assistance by the state. Such amounts collected shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund up to the level specified in s. 61.1812. If there has been a prior support court order or final judgment of dissolution of marriage establishing an obligation of support, the obligation is limited to the amount provided by such support court order or decree. The extraordinary remedy of contempt is applicable in child support enforcement cases because of the public necessity for ensuring that dependent children be maintained from the resources of their parents, thereby relieving, at least in part, the burden presently borne by the general citizenry through the public assistance program. If there is no prior support court order establishing an obligation of support, the court, or the department as provided by s. 409.2563, shall establish the liability of the obligor, if any, by applying the child support guidelines. The department may apply for modification of a support court order on the same



HB 1761 2003

grounds as either party to the cause and shall have the right to settle and compromise actions brought pursuant to law.

Section 10. Paragraph (m) of subsection (4) of section 409.2563, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2563 Administrative establishment of child support obligations.--

- (4) NOTICE OF PROCEEDING TO ESTABLISH ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ORDER. -- To commence a proceeding under this section, the department shall provide to the custodial parent and serve the noncustodial parent with a notice of proceeding to establish administrative support order and a blank financial affidavit form. The notice must state:
- (m) That, neither the department nor the Division of Administrative Hearings has jurisdiction to award or change child custody or rights of parental contact and these issues may only be addressed in circuit court.
- 1. The noncustodial parent may request in writing that the department proceed in circuit court to determine his or her support obligations.
- 2. The noncustodial parent may state in writing to the department his or her intention to address issues concerning custody or rights to parental contact in circuit court.
- 3. If the noncustodial parent submits the request mentioned in subparagraph 1., or the statement mentioned in subparagraph 2., to the department within 20 days after receipt of the initial notice, the department shall file a petition in circuit court for the determination of the noncustodial parent's child support obligations, and shall send to the noncustodial parent a copy of its petition, a notice of commencement of



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HB 1761 2003

action, and a request for waiver of service of process as provided in the Rules of Civil Procedure.

- 4. If, within 10 days after receipt of the department's petition and waiver of service, the noncustodial parent signs and returns the waiver of service form to the department, the department shall terminate the administrative proceeding without prejudice and proceed in circuit court.
- 5. In any circuit court action brought by the department pursuant to this subsection, or brought by a noncustodial parent or other person pursuant to paragraph (1) or paragraph (n), the department shall be a party only with respect to those issues of support allowed and reimbursable under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. It is the responsibility of the noncustodial parent or other person to take the necessary steps to present other issues they wish to have the court consider. That if the noncustodial parent has issues regarding child custody or right of parental contact or requests to proceed in circuit court, noncustodial parent may request in writing that the department proceed in circuit court to determine support. That the noncustodial parent must make such request in writing within 20 days after receipt of the initial notice. That upon such request, the department shall send the noncustodial parent by regular mail a copy of the department's petition and waiver of service form. That the noncustodial parent must sign and return the waiver of service form, within 10 days of receipt of the petition, at which time the department shall terminate the administrative proceeding and file an action in circuit court to determine support;

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HB 1761 2003

The department may serve the notice of proceeding to establish administrative support order by certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt requested. Alternatively, the department may serve the notice by any means permitted for service of process in a civil action. For purposes of this section, an authorized employee of the department may serve the notice and execute an affidavit of service. Service by certified mail is completed when the certified mail is received or refused by the addressee or by an authorized agent as designated by the addressee in writing. If a person other than the addressee signs the return receipt, the department shall attempt to reach the addressee by telephone to confirm whether the notice was received, and the department shall document any telephonic communications. If someone other than the addressee signs the return receipt, the addressee does not respond to the notice, and the department is unable to confirm that the addressee has received the notice, service is not completed and the department shall attempt to have the addressee served personally. The department shall provide the custodial parent or caretaker relative with a copy of the notice by regular mail to the last known address of the custodial parent or caretaker.

Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 409.25656, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

## 409.25656 Garnishment.--

(3) During the last 30 days of the 60-day period set forth in subsection (1), the executive director or his or her designee may levy upon such credits, personal property, or debts. The levy must be accomplished by delivery of a notice of levy by registered mail, upon receipt of which the person possessing the credits, other personal property, or debts shall transfer them

Page 17 of 29



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support.--

HB 1761 2003 to the department or pay to the department the amount owed by the obligor. If the department levies upon securities and the value of the securities is less than the total amount of past due or overdue support, the person who possesses or controls the securities shall liquidate the securities in a commercially reasonable manner. After liquidation, the person shall transfer to the department the proceeds, less any applicable commissions or fees, or both, which are charged in the normal course of business. If the value of the securities exceeds the total amount of past due or overdue support, the obligor may, within 7 days after receipt of the department's notice of levy, instruct the person who possesses or controls the securities which securities are to be sold to satisfy the obligation for past due or overdue support. If the obligor does not provide instructions for liquidation, the person who possesses or controls the securities shall liquidate the securities in a commercially reasonable manner and in an amount sufficient to cover the obligation for past due or overdue support, and <del>less</del> any applicable commissions or fees, or both, which are charged in the normal course of business, beginning with the securities purchased most recently. After liquidation, the person who possesses or controls the securities shall transfer to the department the total amount of past due or overdue support. Section 12. Effective July 1, 2003, section 409.25659, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 409.25659 Withholding of insurance payment for unpaid

(1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:



HB 1761 2003

(a) "Insurer" means an entity that is responsible for
paying a claim on liability coverage in an insurance contract
and which is:

- 1. An insurer, as defined in s. 624.03, authorized to transact insurance in this state;
- 2. An eligible surplus lines insurer pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626;
- 3. A joint underwriter or joint reinsurer created by law or otherwise operating pursuant to s. 627.311; or
- 4. An insurance risk apportionment plan operating pursuant to s. 627.351.
- (b) "Claim" means a claim on liability coverage in an insurance contract payable to an individual, or to a third party for the benefit of an individual, who is a resident of this state or who had an accident or loss that occurred in this state.
- (2) INDIVIDUALS WHO OWE UNPAID SUPPORT; INSURER DUTY TO INQUIRE; DUTY TO WITHHOLD PAYMENT.--
- (a) The department shall periodically make available from a secure web-enabled database or other centralized source to insurers who are subject to this section information concerning obligors in Title IV-D cases who owe unpaid support in excess of \$500. For each obligor, the department shall provide, at a minimum, the obligor's name, social security number, last known address, and the amount of unpaid support owed.
- (b) Not more than 30 days before paying a claim, the insurer shall inquire of the department pursuant to paragraph (a) whether the claimant is an individual who owes unpaid support by providing the department with the individual's name, date of birth, social security number, and last known address



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HB 1761 2003

according to the insurer's records; the claim number; the date of claim; the name of the insurer; and how the insurer may be contacted. Within 30 days after inquiry, the department shall notify the insurer whether the individual owes unpaid support and, if so, the amount owed. An insurer shall withhold payment on a claim until the department notifies the insurer that the individual does not owe unpaid support or otherwise releases the insurer in writing from the duty to withhold.

- (3) NOTICE OF DEMAND FOR PAYMENT; LIEN FOR AMOUNT OF UNPAID SUPPORT. -- If the department determines pursuant to subsection (2) that the individual owes unpaid support, the department shall issue a written demand for payment to the insurer, which may be transmitted electronically. A demand for payment issued under this subsection constitutes a lien against the obligor's claim for the amount of unpaid support stated in the demand and any unpaid support that accrues subsequently. The lien becomes effective when the demand for payment is received by the insurer and is in addition to any preexisting lien for unpaid support. Upon receipt of a demand for payment, the insurer shall provide the department with the name and address of the obligor's attorney or agent, if known, the amount withheld, the date payment was withheld, and other known information concerning the location, earnings, and assets of the obligor. An insurer who is subject to a demand for payment on a claim may not pay over, release, encumber, assign, or otherwise transfer payment subject to the demand without written authorization by the department or an order of the court.
- (4) NOTICE TO OBLIGOR; ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING; JUDICIAL REVIEW.--
  - (a) Upon issuing a demand for payment, the department

Page 20 of 29



HB 1761 2003

shall promptly provide a copy to the obligor and notify the obligor in writing of the right to contest the demand for payment by filing a written request for an administrative hearing with the department within 21 days after the date of mailing or personal delivery of the notice. Mailing of the notice to the obligor's last known address is deemed adequate notice. Failure to make a timely written request for a hearing is deemed a waiver of the right to hearing. The department also shall provide a copy of the demand for payment and notice to the obligor's attorney or agent, if known.

- (b) Any person whose substantial interests are affected by the department's demand for payment may request an administrative hearing as provided by chapter 120. Chapter 120 and the Uniform Rules of Procedure govern how administrative hearings are conducted and the entry of final orders. Final orders rendered under this section are subject to judicial review as provided by s. 120.68.
- file a timely written request for an administrative hearing, or consents to the department's demand or the department prevails after hearing, the department shall notify the insurer to send to the department the full amount of the withheld payment, not to exceed the amount of unpaid support, less any amounts payable to the obligor or other entities as specified by subsection (7). Payments due the department must be made payable solely to the department.
- (6) FULL OR PARTIAL RELEASE. -- An insurer may be released from the duty to withhold payment only upon written notice by the department or by order of the court. The department shall execute and deliver a release of the lien for unpaid support to



HB 1761 2003

the obligor and the insurer upon payment in full of the unpaid support and any costs due. The department may release a lien fully or in part without liability as needed to correctly reflect the amount of unpaid support owed, if assurance of payment is considered adequate, or to facilitate collection of the unpaid support.

- (7) PRIORITY OF LIENS; ATTORNEYS FEES; MEDICAL PROVIDERS; EXEMPTION FOR FUTURE MEDICAL EXPENSES.--
- (a) A lien for unpaid support created by this section is superior to all subsequent liens and security interests. Liens perfected prior to creation of a lien under this section, prior written notices of health care providers, and attorneys fees payable from insurance proceeds are not subject to a lien created by this section.
- (b) An amount not to exceed the lesser of 15 percent of the total payment or \$5,000 for the obligor's future medical expenses is exempt from a demand for payment under this section, provided the expenses are due to a condition that gave rise to the claim and are documented by a licensed physician. The department shall notify the obligor of the exemption and how to claim it when providing notice of the right to contest a demand for payment under subsection (4). The obligor has the burden of proving a claim for an exemption.
- (8) INSURER IMMUNITY. -- An insurer, its directors, agents, and employees and any central reporting organization and its agents and employees authorized by an insurer to act on its behalf who act in conformity with the requirements of this section are immune from any liability to the claimant or other payees, lienholders, or affected entities for any alleged or



HB 1761 2003

actual damages that occur as a result of compliance with these requirements.

- inquire, withhold, or remit payments as required by this section is liable to the department for the amount the insurer should have withheld or remitted, plus costs, interest, and reasonable attorney's fees. The department is authorized to bring an action in circuit court to enforce any provision of this section.
- (10) WORKERS' COMPENSATION. -- When the web-enabled database specified by paragraph (2)(a) becomes operational, the department shall permit access by judges of compensation claims to facilitate review and approval of workers' compensation settlements as provided by s. 440.20(11)(d).
- (11) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY. -- The department may adopt rules to implement, administer, or enforce the requirements of this section.
- Section 13. Effective July 1, 2003, section 409.257, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.257 Service of process.--The service of initial process and orders in lawsuits filed by the department, under this act, shall be served by the sheriff in the county where the person to be served may be found or, if determined to be more effective by the department, by any means permitted under chapter 48 for service of process in a civil action. The sheriff shall be reimbursed at the prevailing rate of federal financial participation for service of process and orders as allowed by law. The sheriff shall bill the department monthly as provided for in s. 30.51(2). In addition, process and orders may be served or executed by authorized agents of the department at the department's discretion; provided that the agent of the



HB 1761 2003

department does not take any action against personal property, real property, or persons. Notices and other intermediate process, except witness subpoenas, shall be served by the department as provided for in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Witness subpoenas shall be served by the department by certified mail as provided for in s. 48.031(3).

Section 14. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.2572, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.2572 Cooperation. --

- (1) An applicant for, or recipient of, public assistance for a dependent child shall cooperate <u>in good faith</u> with the department or a program attorney in:
- (a) Identifying and helping to locate the alleged parent or obligor.
- (b) Assisting in establishing the paternity of a child born out of wedlock.
- (c) Assisting in obtaining support payments from the obligor.
- (d) Assisting in obtaining any other payments or property due from the obligor.
- (e) Identifying another putative father when an earlier named putative father has been excluded by DNA, Human Leukocyte Antigen, or other scientific test.
- (f) Appearing at an office of the department, or another designated office, as necessary to provide verbal or written information, or documentary or physical evidence, known to, possessed by, or reasonably obtainable by the applicant or recipient.
- (g) Appearing as a witness at judicial or other hearings or proceedings.



HB 1761 2003

(h) Providing information under oath regarding the identity or location of the alleged father of the child or attesting to the lack of information.

- (i) Paying to the department any support received from the obligor after the assignment is effective.
- (2) Noncooperation, or failure to cooperate <u>in good faith</u>, is defined to include, but is not limited to, the following conduct:
- (a) Failing or Refusing to identify the father of the child, or where more than one man could be the father of the child, refusing to identify all such persons. If the mother identifies one or more persons as the possible father of the child and asserts that there are no others who could be the father of the child, but the DNA test, Human Leukocyte Antigen test, or other scientific test indicates that none of the persons identified could in fact have been the father of the child, the mother shall be deemed noncooperative. If she subsequently identifies another person as the possible father of the child, she shall still be deemed noncooperative until that person has been given the DNA test, Human Leukocyte Antigen test, or other scientific test and is not excluded as the father by the test.
- (b) Failing to appear for two appointments at the department or other designated office without justification and notice.
- (c) Providing false information regarding the paternity of the child or the obligation of the obligor.
- (d) All actions of the obligee which interfere with the state's efforts to proceed to establish paternity, the obligation of support, or to enforce or collect support.

Page 25 of 29



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HB 1761 2003

(e) Failure to appear at the laboratory for drawing of blood samples, or leaving the laboratory prior to the drawing of blood samples without compelling reasons.

(f) Failure to assist in the recovery of third-party payment for medical services.

Section 15. Section 409.259, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.259 Partial payment of Filing fees in Title IV-D cases.--

Notwithstanding s. 28.241, each clerk of the circuit (1)court shall accept petitions, complaints, and motions in Title IV-D cases submitted for filing by the department without billing separately for each such filing, since the clerk is being reimbursed in a different manner for expenses incurred in such filings under the cooperative agreement with the department pursuant to ss. 61.181(1) and 61.1826(2) and (4). only be reimbursed at the prevailing rate of federal financial participation on the amount of \$40 for each civil action, suit, or proceeding for support instituted in the circuit court in which the parent is not receiving temporary cash assistance. The prevailing rate of the state match shall be paid by the local government in the form of a certified public expenditure. The clerk of the circuit court shall bill the department monthly. The clerk of the circuit court and the department shall maintain a monthly log of the number of civil actions, suits, or proceedings filed in which the parent does not receive temporary assistance. These monthly logs will be used to determine the number of \$40 filings the clerk of court may submit for reimbursement at the prevailing rate of federal financial participation.



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HB 1761 2003

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the department shall continue to be entitled to the other necessary services of the clerk of court in any proceedings under the IV-D program as authorized under s. 409.2571.

Section 16. Effective July 1, 2003, section 440.123, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

440.123 Insurer paying periodic compensation; duty to inquire about unpaid child support .-- When the web-enabled database specified by s. 409.25659 becomes operational, upon determining that a claimant will be paid weekly compensation, an insurer as defined by s. 440.02(39) shall access the database promptly to inquire whether the claimant owes unpaid support. If it is determined after inquiry that a claimant owes unpaid support, the insurer shall notify the Department of Revenue at that time, through the web-enabled database, by providing the individual's name, date of birth, social security number, last known address according to the insurer's records, and employer; the claim number; the weekly compensation amount; the date of first payment; the name of the insurer and how the insurer may be contacted; the name and contact information of the payor of weekly compensation, if different from the insurer; and the name and address of the agent or attorney for the claimant, if any.

Section 17. Effective July 1, 2003, paragraph (d) of subsection (11) of section 440.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.20 Time for payment of compensation; penalties for late payment.--

(11)

(d)1. With respect to any lump-sum settlement under this subsection, a judge of compensation claims must consider at the

Page 27 of 29



HB 1761 2003

time of the settlement, whether the settlement allocation provides for the appropriate recovery of child support arrearages.

- 2. When reviewing any settlement of lump-sum payment pursuant to this subsection, judges of compensation claims shall consider the interests of the worker and the worker's family when approving the settlement, which must consider and provide for appropriate recovery of past due support.
- 3. Before approving a settlement, the judge of compensation claims shall require a party to obtain a written statement from the Department of Revenue as to whether the worker owes unpaid support and, if so, the amount owed. In addition, the judge of compensation claims may require a party to obtain a similar statement from a depository, operated pursuant to s. 61.181.

Section 18. Effective July 1, 2003, subsection (1) of section 742.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 742.10 Establishment of paternity for children born out of wedlock.--
- (1) This chapter provides the primary jurisdiction and procedures for the determination of paternity for children born out of wedlock. When the establishment of paternity has been raised and determined within an adjudicatory hearing brought under the statutes governing inheritance, or dependency under workers' compensation or similar compensation programs, or when an affidavit acknowledging paternity or a stipulation of paternity is executed by both parties and filed with the clerk of the court, or when an affidavit, a expenditure of paternity, or a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, or a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed under



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HB 1761 2003 penalty of perjury as provided for in s. 382.013 or s. 382.016 is executed by both parties, it shall constitute the establishment of paternity for purposes of this chapter. If no adjudicatory proceeding was held, a notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity or voluntary acknowledgment of paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as specified by s. 92.525(2) shall create a rebuttable presumption, as defined by s. 90.304, of paternity and is subject to the right of any signatory to rescind the acknowledgment within 60 days of the date the acknowledgment was signed or the date of an administrative or judicial proceeding relating to the child, including a proceeding to establish a support order, in which the signatory is a party, whichever is earlier. Both parents are required to provide their social security numbers on any acknowledgment of paternity, consent affidavit, or stipulation of paternity. Except for affidavits under seal pursuant to ss. 382.015 and 382.016, the Office of Vital Statistics shall provide certified copies of affidavits to the Title IV-D agency upon request.

Section 19. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 29 of 29

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.