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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the tax on gross receipts for utility and communications services; amending s. 203.01, F.S.; providing for a tax on the delivery of electricity to a final consumer, based on an index price; providing for an annual calculation of the index price; providing a credit for similar taxes paid to another jurisdiction; providing for a tax on the transportation of natural gas or manufactured gas to a final consumer, based on an index price; providing for an annual calculation of the index price; providing a credit for similar taxes paid to another jurisdiction; providing for a tax on the cost price of electricity, natural gas, or manufactured gas to be paid by any person who causes these products to be imported into the state for that person's own use; revising obsolete provisions; providing that the term "gross receipts" does not include the sale of manufactured gas to a public or private utility for resale or for use as a fuel in the generation of electricity; providing an amnesty for unpaid gross receipts tax, penalties, and interest on unpaid gross receipts tax otherwise due for selling natural gas in this state; providing conditions for the amnesty; providing limitations for the amnesty; authorizing the executive director of the Department of Revenue

paragraph (a).

1 to adopt emergency rules to implement the 2 amnesty; providing effective dates. 3 4 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 5 6 Section 1. Present paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of 7 section 203.01, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (i) and amended and new paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) are added to that subsection, and subsections (2), (3), and (4) of that 9 10 section are amended to read: 11 203.01 Tax on gross receipts for utility and communications services .--12 13 (1)14 (f)1. Every person who receives payment from a final retail consumer in this state for the delivery of electricity 15 to that final consumer is subject to the tax imposed by this 16 17 paragraph unless the payment is subject to tax under paragraph (a). The tax due in connection with each payment for delivery 18 19 shall be determined by multiplying the number of kilowatt hours delivered by the index price and applying the rate in 20 paragraph (a) to the result. 21 The index price is the average Florida price per 22 kilowatt hour for commercial and industrial retail consumers 23 24 in the previous calendar year, as published in the United States Energy Information Administration Electric Power 25 Monthly and announced by the Department of Revenue on July 1 26 27 of each year to be effective for the subsequent 12-month 28 period. 29 Tax due under this paragraph shall be administered, paid, and reported in the same manner as the tax due under 30

4. The amount of tax due under this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of any gross receipts tax or similar tax lawfully imposed on and paid by the person from whom the consumer purchased the electricity, whether imposed by and paid to this state, another state, a territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia. This reduction must be reflected in a reduction to any gross receipts tax passed on to the final retail consumer as a separately stated charge and does not inure to the benefit of the person who receives payment for the delivery of the electricity. The methods of demonstrating proof of payment and the amount of such reduction in tax shall be made according to rules of the Department of Revenue.

(g)1. Every person who receives payment from a final retail consumer in this state for the transportation of natural gas or manufactured gas to that final consumer is subject to the tax imposed by this paragraph unless the payment is subject to tax under paragraph (a). The tax due in connection with each payment received shall be determined by dividing the number of cubic feet delivered by 1,000, multiplying the resulting number by the index price, and applying the rate in paragraph (a) to the result.

2. The index price is the average Florida price per 1,000 cubic feet for commercial and industrial retail consumers in the previous calendar year as published in the United Station Energy Information Administration Natural Gas Monthly and announced by the Department of Revenue on July 1 of each year to be effective for the subsequent 12-month period.

- 3. Tax due under this paragraph shall be administered, paid, and reported in the same manner as the tax due under paragraph (a).
- 4. The amount of tax due under this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of any gross receipts tax or similar tax lawfully imposed on and paid by the person from whom the consumer purchased the natural gas or manufactured gas, whether imposed by and paid to this state, another state, a territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia. This reduction must be reflected in a reduction to any gross receipts tax passed on to the consumer as a separately stated charge and does not inure to the benefit of the person providing the transportation service. The methods of demonstrating proof of payment and the amount of such reduction in tax shall be made according to rules of the Department of Revenue.
- (h) Any person who purchases and imports into this state electricity, natural gas, or manufactured gas for that person's own use or consumption as a substitute for purchasing utility, transportation, or delivery services taxable under this chapter and who cannot demonstrate payment of the tax imposed by this chapter must register with the Department of Revenue and pay into the State Treasury each month an amount equal to the cost price of such electricity, natural gas, or manufactured gas times the rate set forth in paragraph (b), reduced by the amount of any gross receipts tax or similar tax lawfully imposed on and paid by the person from whom the electricity, natural gas, or manufactured gas was purchased and any person who provided delivery service or transportation service in connection with the electricity, natural gas, or manufactured gas. For purposes of this paragraph, the term

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cost price" has the meaning ascribed in s. 212.02(4). The methods of demonstrating proof of payment and the amount of such reductions in tax shall be made according to rules of the Department of Revenue.

- (i)(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, with the exception of a communications services dealer reporting taxes administered under chapter 202 telephone or telecommunication system described in paragraph (c), the department may require:
- 1. A quarterly return and payment when the tax remitted for the preceding four calendar quarters did not exceed \$1,000;
- 2. A semiannual return and payment when the tax remitted for the preceding four calendar quarters did not exceed \$500; or
- 3. An annual return and payment when the tax remitted for the preceding four calendar quarters did not exceed \$100.
- (2)(a) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who fails to timely report and pay any tax imposed by subsection (1) on gross receipts from utility services under this chapter shall pay a penalty equal to 10 percent of any unpaid tax, if the failure is for less than 31 days, plus an additional 10 percent of any unpaid tax for each additional 30 days or fraction thereof. However, such penalty may not be less than \$10 or exceed a total of 50 percent in the aggregate of any unpaid tax.
- (b) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who falsely or fraudulently reports or unlawfully attempts to evade paying any tax imposed by subsection (1) on gross receipts from utility services under this chapter shall 31 pay a penalty equal to 100 percent of any tax due and is

guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided under s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (3) The term "gross receipts" as used herein does not include gross receipts of any person derived from:
- (a) The sale of natural gas <u>or manufactured gas</u> to a public or private utility, including a municipal corporation or rural electric cooperative association, either for resale or for use as fuel in the generation of electricity; or
- (b) The sale of electricity to a public or private utility, including a municipal corporation or rural electric cooperative association, for resale within the state, or as part of an electrical interchange agreement or contract between such utilities for the purpose of transferring more economically generated power;

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provided the person deriving gross receipts from such sale demonstrates that a resale in fact occurred and complies with the following requirements: A resale in this state must be in strict compliance with the rules and regulations of the Department of Revenue; and any person making a sale for resale in this state which is not in strict compliance with the rules and regulations of the Department of Revenue shall be liable for and pay the tax. Any person making a sale for resale in this state may, through an informal protest provided for in s. 213.21 and the rules of the Department of Revenue, provide the department with evidence of the exempt status of a sale. The department shall adopt rules which provide that valid proof and documentation of the resale in this state by a person making the sale for resale in this state will be accepted by the department when submitted during the protest period but will not be accepted when submitted in any proceeding under

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chapter 120 or any circuit court action instituted under chapter 72.

(4) The tax imposed pursuant to this chapter relating to the provision of any utility, transportation, or delivery services must at the option of the person supplying the taxable services may be separately stated as Florida gross receipts tax on the total amount of any bill, invoice, or other tangible evidence of the provision of such taxable services and must may be added as a component part of the total charge. Whenever a provider of taxable services elects to separately states state such tax as a component of the charge for the provision of such taxable services, every person, including all governmental units, shall remit the tax to the person who provides such taxable services as a part of the total bill, and the tax is a component part of the debt of the purchaser to the person who provides such taxable services until paid and, if unpaid, is recoverable at law in the same manner as any other part of the charge for such taxable services. For a utility, the decision to separately state any increase in the rate of tax imposed by this chapter which is effective after December 31, 1989, and the ability to recover the increased charge from the customer shall not be subject to regulatory approval.

Section 2. Amnesty for registration and remittance of tax.--

(1) The state shall provide an amnesty for unpaid gross receipts tax, penalties, and interest on unpaid gross receipts tax that may otherwise be due for the sale or transportation of natural gas for consumption in this state if all of the following requirements are satisfied.

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1 The sales subject to amnesty were made prior to 2 the effective date of this act. 3 (b) The gross receipts at issue were derived from one 4 of the following: 5 Sales by persons who are not regulated pursuant to 6 chapter 366; 7 Sales for which the written sales agreement 8 provides for transfer of title to the gas outside the state; 9 or 10 3. Sales of transportation services associated with 11 the sales of gas. The seller, if unregistered for gross receipts tax 12 purposes, registers with the Department of Revenue to pay 13 gross receipts tax on or before the effective date of this 14 15 act. The seller applies for amnesty within 3 months 16 after the effective date of this act, in accordance with the 17 rules of the Department of Revenue. 18 19 The amnesty is not available for taxes, penalties, or interest that have been assessed if the assessment is final 20 21 and has not been timely challenged, or for any tax, penalty, 22 or interest that has been previously paid to the department unless the payment is the subject of an assessment that is not 23 24 final or that has been timely challenged. 25 (3) The amnesty is not available for tax billed to or 26 collected by the seller as an itemized charge to customers.

emergency rules under sections 120.536(1) and 120.54(4),

Florida Statutes, to implement the amnesty. Such rules may

provide forms and procedures for applying for amnesty; for

reporting the sales for which amnesty is sought; and for

The executive director of the department may adopt

ensuring the applicant's ongoing commitment to registration, collection, and remittance of the state's gross receipts tax. Notwithstanding any other law, the emergency rules shall remain effective until the later of the date that is 6 months after the date of adoption of the rule or the date of final resolution of all amnesty applications filed pursuant to this section. This section shall take effect upon this act (5) becoming a law. Section 3. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2003. *********** SENATE SUMMARY Provides for the tax on gross receipts for utility and communications services to apply to the delivery of electricity to a final consumer and on the transportation of natural gas or manufactured gas to a final consumer. Or natural gas or manufactured gas to a final consumer. Provides for calculating the tax. Provides a tax credit for similar taxes paid to another jurisdiction. Provides an amnesty for unpaid gross receipts tax, penalties, and interest due for selling natural gas in the state. Provides requirements for qualifying for the amnesty. Authorizes the executive director of the Department of Revenue to adopt rules. (See bill for details.)