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	CHAMBER ACTION
The Co	mmittee on Judiciary recommends the following:
C	ommittee Substitute
R	emove the entire bill and insert:
	A bill to be entitled
A	n act relating to motor vehicle insurance affordability
r	eform; creating the Motor Vehicle Insurance Affordability
R	eform Act of 2003; providing legislative findings and
d	eclarations; providing purposes; amending s. 119.105,
F	.S.; requiring certain persons to maintain confidential
a	nd exempt status of certain information under certain
С	ircumstances; providing construction; prohibiting use of
С	ertain confidential or exempt information relating to
m	otor vehicle accident victims for certain commercial
S	olicitation activities; deleting provisions relating to
р	olice reports as public records; amending s. 316.066,
F	.S.; specifying conditions precedent to providing access
t	o crash reports to persons entitled to such access;
р	roviding construction; providing for enforcement;
р	roviding a criminal penalty for using certain
С	onfidential information; creating s. 408.7058, F.S.;

organization for disputes between health care

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providing definitions; creating a dispute resolution

29 practitioners and insurers; providing duties of the Agency 30 for Health Care Administration; providing duties of the 31 dispute resolution organization; providing procedures, 32 requirements, limitations, and restrictions for resolving 33 disputes; providing agency rulemaking authority; amending 34 s. 456.0375, F.S.; revising definitions; providing 35 additional requirements relating to the registration of certain clinics; limiting participation by disqualified 36 37 persons; providing for voluntary registration of exempt 38 status; providing rulemaking authority; specifying 39 unlawful charges; prohibiting the filing of certain false 40 or misleading forms or information; providing criminal 41 penalties; providing for inspections of and access to 42 clinics under certain circumstances; providing for 43 emergency suspension of registration; amending s. 456.072, 44 F.S.; providing additional grounds for discipline of 45 health professionals; amending s. 627.732, F.S.; providing a definition; amending s. 627.736, F.S.; revising 46 provisions relating to required personal injury protection 47 48 benefits and payment thereof; specifying conditions of 49 insurance fraud and recovery of certain charges; providing 50 for recovery of costs and attorney's fees in certain 51 insurer actions; specifying certain charges that are 52 uncollectible and unenforceable; limiting charges for 53 certain services; providing procedures and requirements 54 for correcting certain information relating to processing 55 claims; prohibiting an insurer from taking certain actions 56 with respect to a claim submitted by a health care

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57 provider; prohibiting an insurer from taking certain 58 actions with respect to an independent medical 59 examination; requiring certain recordkeeping; deleting 60 provisions relating to arbitration of certain disputes 61 between insurers and medical providers; providing certain 62 statements and forms requirements, limitations, and restrictions; specifying factors for court consideration 63 64 in applying attorney contingency fee multipliers; 65 extending the time within which an insurer may respond to a demand letter; expanding civil actions for insurance 66 67 fraud; amending s. 627.745, F.S.; expanding the availability of mediation of certain claims; creating s. 68 69 627.747, F.S.; providing for legislative oversight of 70 motor vehicle insurance; requiring the Office of Insurance 71 Regulation of the Financial Services Commission and the 72 Division of Insurance Fraud of the Department of Financial 73 Services to regularly report certain data and analysis of 74 certain information to specified officers of the 75 Legislature; amending s. 817.234, F.S.; increasing 76 criminal penalties for certain acts of solicitation of 77 accident victims; providing mandatory minimum penalties; 78 prohibiting certain solicitation of accident victims; 79 providing criminal penalties; prohibiting a person from 80 organizing, planning, or participating in a staged motor 81 vehicle accident; providing criminal penalties, including 82 mandatory minimum penalties; amending s. 817.236, F.S.; 83 increasing a criminal penalty for false and fraudulent 84 motor vehicle insurance application; creating s. 817.2361,

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CS 85 F.S.; prohibiting marketing or presenting false or 86 fraudulent motor vehicle insurance cards; providing criminal penalties; creating s. 817.413, F.S.; prohibiting 87 88 certain sale of used motor vehicle goods as new; providing 89 criminal penalties; amending s. 860.15, F.S.; providing a 90 criminal penalty for charging for certain motor vehicle 91 repairs and parts to be paid from a motor vehicle 92 insurance policy; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; revising the 93 offense severity ranking chart to reflect changes in 94 criminal penalties and the creation of additional offenses 95 under the act; providing that the amendment to s. 96 456.0375(1)(b)1., F.S., is intended to clarify existing 97 intent; providing retroactive operation; requiring the 98 Office of Insurance Regulation to report to the 99 Legislature on the economic condition of private passenger 100 automobile insurance in this state; providing an effective 101 date. 102 103 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 104 105 Section 1. Florida Motor Vehicle Insurance Affordability 106 Reform Act of 2003; findings; purpose. --107 This act may be referred to as the Florida Motor (1) 108 Vehicle Insurance Affordability Reform Act of 2003. 109 The Legislature finds and declares as follows: (2) 110 (a) Maintaining a healthy market for motor vehicle 111 insurance, in which consumers may obtain affordable coverage, 112 insurers may operate profitably and competitively, and providers

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113 of services may be compensated fairly, is a matter of great 114 public importance. 115 (b) After many years of relative stability, the market has 116 in recent years failed to achieve these goals, resulting in substantial premium increases to consumers and a decrease in the availability of coverage. (c) The failure of the market is in part the result of 120 fraudulent acts and other abuses of the system, including, among other things, staged accidents, vehicle repair fraud, fraudulent 122 insurance applications and claims, solicitation of accident 123 victims, and the growing role of medical clinics that exist primarily to provide services to persons involved in crashes. While many of these issues were brought to light by the 126 Fifteenth Statewide Grand Jury and were addressed by the Legislature in 2001 in chapter 2001-271, Laws of Florida, 128 further action is now appropriate. (3) The purpose of this act is to restore the health of 130 the market and the affordability of motor vehicle insurance by comprehensively addressing issues of fraud, clinic regulation, and related matters. Section 2. Section 119.105, Florida Statutes, is amended 134 to read: 119.105 Protection of victims of crimes or accidents.--Any 136 person who is authorized by law to have access to confidential or exempt information contained in police reports that identify motor vehicle accident victims must maintain the confidential or

- 139 exempt status of such information received, except as otherwise
- 140 expressly provided in the law creating the exemption. Nothing in

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CS 141 this section shall be construed to prohibit the publication of 142 such information to the general public by any news media legally entitled to possess that information. Under no circumstances may 143 144 any person, including the news media, use confidential or exempt 145 information contained in police reports for any commercial 146 solicitation of the victims or relatives of the victims of the 147 reported crimes or accidents. Police reports are public records 148 except as otherwise made exempt or confidential by general or 149 special law. Every person is allowed to examine nonexempt or 150 nonconfidential police reports. No person who inspects or copies 151 police reports for the purpose of obtaining the names and addresses of the victims of crimes or accidents shall use any 152 153 information contained therein for any commercial solicitation of 154 the victims or relatives of the victims of the reported crimes 155 or accidents. Nothing herein shall prohibit the publication of such information by any news media or the use of such 156 157 information for any other data collection or analysis purposes. 158 Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 316.066, Florida 159 Statutes, is amended to read: 160 316.066 Written reports of crashes.--(3)(a) Every law enforcement officer who in the regular 161 162 course of duty investigates a motor vehicle crash: 163 1. Which crash resulted in death or personal injury shall, 164 within 10 days after completing the investigation, forward a 165 written report of the crash to the department or traffic records 166 center. 167 2. Which crash involved a violation of s. 316.061(1) or s. 168 316.193 shall, within 10 days after completing the Page 6 of 67

169 investigation, forward a written report of the crash to the170 department or traffic records center.

171 3. In which crash a vehicle was rendered inoperative to a 172 degree which required a wrecker to remove it from traffic may, 173 within 10 days after completing the investigation, forward a 174 written report of the crash to the department or traffic records 175 center if such action is appropriate, in the officer's 176 discretion.

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178 However, in every case in which a crash report is required by 179 this section and a written report to a law enforcement officer 180 is not prepared, the law enforcement officer shall provide each 181 party involved in the crash a short-form report, prescribed by 182 the state, to be completed by the party. The short-form report must include, but is not limited to: the date, time, and 183 184 location of the crash; a description of the vehicles involved; 185 the names and addresses of the parties involved; the names and addresses of witnesses; the name, badge number, and law 186 187 enforcement agency of the officer investigating the crash; and 188 the names of the insurance companies for the respective parties 189 involved in the crash. Each party to the crash shall provide the 190 law enforcement officer with proof of insurance to be included 191 in the crash report. If a law enforcement officer submits a 192 report on the accident, proof of insurance must be provided to 193 the officer by each party involved in the crash. Any party who 194 fails to provide the required information is guilty of an 195 infraction for a nonmoving violation, punishable as provided in 196 chapter 318 unless the officer determines that due to injuries

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197 or other special circumstances such insurance information cannot 198 be provided immediately. If the person provides the law 199 enforcement agency, within 24 hours after the crash, proof of 200 insurance that was valid at the time of the crash, the law 201 enforcement agency may void the citation.

202 (b) One or more counties may enter into an agreement with 203 the appropriate state agency to be certified by the agency to 204 have a traffic records center for the purpose of tabulating and 205 analyzing countywide traffic crash reports. The agreement must 206 include: certification by the agency that the center has 207 adequate auditing and monitoring mechanisms in place to ensure the quality and accuracy of the data; the time period in which 208 209 the traffic records center must report crash data to the agency; 210 and the medium in which the traffic records must be submitted to 211 the agency. In the case of a county or multicounty area that has 212 a certified central traffic records center, a law enforcement 213 agency or driver must submit to the center within the time limit prescribed in this section a written report of the crash. A 214 driver who is required to file a crash report must be notified 215 216 of the proper place to submit the completed report. Fees for 217 copies of public records provided by a certified traffic records 218 center shall be charged and collected as follows:

- 219
- 220 For a crash report\$2 per copy.
- 221 For a homicide report\$25 per copy.

For a uniform traffic citation\$0.50 per copy.

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the fees collected for copies of the public records provided by a certified traffic records center shall be used to fund the center or otherwise as designated by the county or counties participating in the center.

228 Crash reports required by this section which reveal (C) 229 the identity, home or employment telephone number or home or 230 employment address of, or other personal information concerning 231 the parties involved in the crash and which are received or 232 prepared by any agency that regularly receives or prepares 233 information from or concerning the parties to motor vehicle 234 crashes are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 235 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution for a period of 60 days 236 after the date the report is filed. However, such reports may be 237 made immediately available to the parties involved in the crash, 238 their legal representatives, their licensed insurance agents, 239 their insurers or insurers to which they have applied for 240 coverage, persons under contract with such insurers to provide 241 claims or underwriting information, prosecutorial authorities, 242 radio and television stations licensed by the Federal 243 Communications Commission, newspapers qualified to publish legal 244 notices under ss. 50.011 and 50.031, and free newspapers of 245 general circulation, published once a week or more often, 246 available and of interest to the public generally for the 247 dissemination of news. As conditions precedent to accessing 248 crash reports within 60 days after the date the report is filed, 249 a person must present a driver's license or other photographic 250 identification and proof of status that demonstrates his or her 251 qualifications to access that information and must also file a

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252	written sworn statement with the state or local agency in
253	possession of the information stating that no information from
254	any crash report made confidential by this section will be used
255	for any prohibited commercial solicitations of accident victims
256	or knowingly disclosed to any third party for the purpose of
257	such solicitation during the period of time that the information
258	remains confidential. Nothing in this paragraph shall be
259	construed to prevent the dissemination or publication of news to
260	the general public by any media organization entitled to access
261	confidential information pursuant to this section. Any law
262	enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10(1) shall have the
263	authority to enforce this subsection. For the purposes of this
264	section, the following products or publications are not
265	newspapers as referred to in this section: those intended
266	primarily for members of a particular profession or occupational
267	group; those with the primary purpose of distributing
268	advertising; and those with the primary purpose of publishing
269	names and other personally identifying information concerning
270	parties to motor vehicle crashes. Any local, state, or federal
271	agency, agent, or employee that is authorized to have access to
272	such reports by any provision of law shall be granted such
273	access in the furtherance of the agency's statutory duties
274	notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph. Any local,
275	state, or federal agency, agent, or employee receiving such
276	crash reports shall maintain the confidential and exempt status
277	of those reports and shall not disclose such crash reports to
278	any person or entity. Any person attempting to access crash
279	reports within 60 days after the date the report is filed must
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280 present legitimate credentials or identification that 281 demonstrates his or her qualifications to access that 282 information. This exemption is subject to the Open Government 283 Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15, and 284 shall stand repealed on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and 285 saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

(d) Any employee of a state or local agency in possession
of information made confidential by this section who knowingly
discloses such confidential information to a person not entitled
to access such information under this section <u>commits</u> is guilty
of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.
775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(e) Any person, knowing that he or she is not entitled to obtain information made confidential by this section, who obtains or attempts to obtain such information <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

297 (f) Any person who knowingly uses information made 298 confidential by this section in violation of a filed, written, 299 and sworn statement required by this section commits a felony of 300 the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.

301 <u>775.083</u>, or s. 775.084.

302 Section 4. Section 408.7058, Florida Statutes, is created 303 to read:

304 <u>408.7058</u> Statewide health care practitioner and personal 305 <u>injury protection insurer claim dispute resolution program.--</u> 306 (1) As used in this section:

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HB 1819 2003 CS 307 (a) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care 308 Administration. 309 (b) "Resolution organization" means a gualified 310 independent third-party claim dispute resolution entity selected 311 by and contracted with the Agency for Health Care 312 Administration. 313 (c) "Health care practitioner" means a health care 314 practitioner defined in s. 456.001(4). 315 (d) "Claim" means a claim for payment for services 316 submitted under s. 627.736(5). 317 (e) "Claim dispute" means a dispute between a health care 318 practitioner and an insurer as to the proper coding of a charge 319 submitted on a claim under s. 627.736(5) by a health care 320 practitioner, or the reasonableness of the amount charged by the 321 health care practitioner. 322 (f) "Insurer" means an insurer providing benefits under s. 323 627.736. 324 (2)(a) The agency shall establish a program by January 1, 325 2004, to provide assistance to health care practitioners and 326 insurers for resolution of claim disputes that are not resolved by the health care practitioner and the insurer. The agency 327 328 shall contract with a resolution organization to timely review 329 and consider claim disputes submitted by health care 330 practitioners and insurers and recommend to the agency an 331 appropriate resolution of those disputes. 332 (b) The resolution organization shall review claim 333 disputes filed by health care practitioners and insurers 334 pursuant to this section when a notice of participation is

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CS 335 submitted pursuant to subsection (3), unless a demand letter has 336 been submitted to the insurer under s. 627.736(11) or a suit has been filed on the claim against the insurer relating to the 337 338 disputed claim. 339 (3) Resolutions by the resolution organization shall be initiated as follows: 340 341 (a) A health care practitioner may initiate a dispute 342 resolution by submitting a notice of dispute within 10 days 343 after receipt of a payment under s. 627.736(5)(b), which payment 344 is less than the amount of the charge submitted on the claim. 345 The notice of dispute shall be submitted to both the agency and 346 the insurer by United States certified mail or registered mail, 347 return receipt requested. The health care practitioner shall 348 include with the notice of dispute any documentation that the 349 health care practitioner wishes the resolution organization to 350 consider, demonstrating that the charge or charges submitted on 351 the claim are reasonable. The insurer shall have 10 days after 352 the date of receipt of the notice of dispute within which to 353 submit both to the resolution organization and the health care 354 practitioner by United States certified mail or registered mail, 355 return receipt requested, a notice of participation in the 356 dispute resolution and any documentation that the insurer wishes 357 the resolution organization to consider demonstrating that the 358 charge or charges submitted on the claim are not reasonable. 359 (b) An insurer may initiate a dispute resolution prior to 360 the claim being overdue, including any additional time the 361 insurer has to pay the claim pursuant to paragraph (4)(b), by 362 submitting a notice of dispute together with a payment to the

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363	health care practitioner under s. 627.736(5)(b) of the amount
364	the insurer contends is the highest proper reasonable charge for
365	the claim. The notice of dispute shall be submitted to both the
366	agency and the health care practitioner by United States
367	certified mail or registered mail, return receipt requested. The
368	insurer shall include with the notice of dispute any
369	documentation which the insurer wishes the resolution
370	organization to consider demonstrating that the charge or
371	charges submitted on the claim are not reasonable. The health
372	care practitioner shall have 10 days after the date of receipt
373	of the notice of dispute within which to submit both to the
374	resolution organization and the insurer by United States
375	certified mail or registered mail, return receipt requested, a
376	notice of participation in the dispute resolution and any
377	documentation which the health care practitioner wishes the
378	resolution organization to consider, demonstrating that the
379	charge or charges submitted on the claim are reasonable.
380	(c) An insurer or health care practitioner may refuse to
381	participate in a dispute resolution by not submitting a notice
382	of participation in the dispute resolution pursuant to paragraph
383	(a) or (b). An insurer or health care practitioner shall not be
384	liable for the review costs, as established pursuant to
385	subsection (8), of the dispute resolution conducted pursuant to
386	this section unless it has participated in the dispute
387	resolution pursuant to this subsection and is liable for such
388	costs pursuant to subsection (6).
389	(d) Upon initiation of a dispute resolution pursuant to
390	this section, no demand letter under s. 627.736(11) may be sent
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391	in regard to the subject matter of the dispute resolution
392	unless:
393	1. A notice of participation has not been timely submitted
394	pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b);
395	2. The dispute resolution organization or the agency has
396	not been able to issue a notice of resolution or final order
397	within the time provided pursuant to subsection (6); or
398	3. The insurer has failed to pay the reasonable amount
399	pursuant to the final order adopting the notice of resolution
400	together with the interest and penalties of subsection (6), if
401	applicable.
402	(e) The applicable statute of limitations shall be tolled
403	while a dispute resolution is pending and for a period of 15
404	business days following:
405	1. Expiration of time for the submission of a notice of
406	participation pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b);
407	2. Expiration of time for the filing of the final order
408	adopting the notice of resolution pursuant to subsection (6); or
409	3. The filing, with the agency clerk, of the final order
410	adopting the notice of resolution.
411	(4)(a) The resolution organization shall issue a notice of
412	resolution within 10 business days after the date the
413	organization receives all documentation from the health care
414	practitioner or the insurer pursuant to subsection (3).
415	(b) The resolution organization shall dismiss a notice of
416	dispute if:

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417	1. The resolution organization has not received a notice
418	of participation pursuant to subsection (3) within 15 days after
419	receiving a notice of dispute; or
420	2. The dispute resolution organization is unable to issue
421	a notice of resolution within the time provided by subsection
422	(5), provided, the parties may with mutual agreement extend the
423	time for the issuance of the notice of resolution by sending the
424	dispute resolution organization a written notice of extension
425	signed by both parties and specifying the date by which a notice
426	of resolution must be issued or the notice of dispute will be
427	deemed dismissed.
428	(c) The resolution organization may, in its discretion,
429	schedule and conduct a telephone conference with the health care
430	practitioner and the insurer to facilitate the dispute
431	resolution in a cost-effective, efficient manner.
432	(d) In determining the reasonableness of a charge or
433	charges, the resolution organization may consider whether a
434	billing code or codes submitted on the claim are the codes that
435	accurately reflect the diagnostic or treatment service on the
436	claim or whether the billing code or codes should be bundled or
437	unbundled.
438	(e) In determining the reasonableness of a charge or
439	charges, the resolution organization shall determine whether the
440	charge or charges are less than or equal to the highest
441	reasonable charge or charges that represent the usual and
442	customary rates charged by similar health care practitioners
443	licensed under the same chapter for the geographic area of the
444	health care practitioner involved in the dispute, and, if the
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445	charges in dispute are less than or equal to such charges, the
446	resolution organization shall find them reasonable. In
447	determining the usual and customary rates in accordance with
448	this paragraph, the dispute resolution organization may not take
449	into consideration any information relating to, or based wholly
450	or partially on, any governmentally set fee schedule, or any
451	contracted-for or discounted rates charged by health care
452	practitioners who contract with health insurers, health
453	maintenance organizations, or managed care organizations.
454	(f) A health care practitioner, who must be licensed under
455	the same chapter as the health care practitioner involved in the
456	dispute, may be used to advise the resolution organization if
457	such advice will assist the resolution organization to resolve
458	the dispute in a more cost-effective, efficient manner.
459	(5)(a) The resolution organization shall issue a notice of
460	resolution within 10 business days after receipt of the notice
461	of participation pursuant to subsection (3). The notice of
462	resolution shall be based upon findings of fact and shall be
463	considered a recommended order. The notice of resolution shall
464	be submitted to the health care practitioner and the insurer by
465	United States certified mail or registered mail, return receipt
466	requested, and to the agency.
467	(b) The notice of resolution shall state:
468	1. Whether the charge or charges submitted on the claim
469	are reasonable; or
470	2. If the resolution organization finds that any charge or
471	charges submitted on the claim are not reasonable, the highest

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CS 472 amount for such charge or charges that the resolution 473 organization finds to be reasonable. 474 (6)(a) In the event that the notice of resolution finds 475 that any charge or charges submitted on the claim are not 476 reasonable but that the highest reasonable charge or charges are 477 more than the amount or amounts paid by the insurer, the insurer 478 shall pay the additional amount found to be reasonable within 10 479 business days after receipt of the final order adopting the 480 notice of resolution, together with applicable interest under s. 481 627.736(4)(c), a penalty of 10 percent of the additional amount 482 found to be reasonable, subject to a maximum penalty of \$250. 483 (b) In the event that the notice of resolution finds that 484 the charge or charges submitted on the claim are reasonable, the 485 insurer shall pay the additional amount or amounts found to be 486 reasonable within 10 business days after receipt of the final 487 order adopting the notice of resolution, together with 488 applicable interest under s. 627.736(4)(c), a penalty of 20 489 percent of the additional amount found to be reasonable, subject 490 to a maximum penalty of \$500. 491 (c) In the event that the final order adopting the notice 492 of resolution finds that the amount or amounts paid by the 493 insurer are equal to or greater than the highest reasonable 494 charge, the insurer shall not be liable for any interest or 495 penalties. 496 (d) The agency shall issue a final order adopting the 497 notice of resolution within 10 days after receipt of the notice

of resolution. The final order shall be submitted to the health

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499 <u>care practitioner and the insurer by United States certified</u> 500 mail or registered mail, return receipt requested.

501 (7)(a) If the insurer has paid the highest reasonable 502 amount or amounts as determined by the final order adopting the 503 notice of resolution, together with the interest and penalties 504 provided in subsection (6), if applicable, then no civil action 505 by the health care practitioner shall lie against the insurer on 506 the basis of the reasonableness of the charge or charges, and no 507 attorney's fees may be awarded for legal assistance related to 508 the charge or charges. The injured party is not liable for, and 509 the health care practitioner shall not bill the injured party 510 for, any amounts other than the copayment and any applicable 511 deductible based on the highest reasonable amount as determined 512 by the final order adopting the notice of resolution.

513 (b) The notice of dispute and all documents submitted by 514 the health care practitioner and the insurer, together with the 515 notice of resolution and the final order adopting the notice of 516 resolution, may be introduced into evidence in any civil action 517 if such documents are admissible pursuant to the Florida 518 Evidence Code.

519 (8) The insurer shall be responsible for payment of the 520 entirety of the review costs established pursuant to subsection 521 (9).

522 (9) The agency shall adopt rules to establish a process to 523 be used by the resolution organization in considering claim 524 disputes submitted by a health care practitioner or insurer and 525 the fees which may be charged by the agency for processing

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526	disputes under this section. Such fees shall not exceed \$75.00
527	for each review.
528	Section 5. Section 456.0375, Florida Statutes, is amended
529	to read:
530	456.0375 Registration of certain clinics; requirements;
531	discipline; exemptions
532	(1)(a) As used in this section, the term:
533	<u>1.</u> "Clinic" means a business operating in a single
534	structure or facility, or in a group of adjacent structures or
535	facilities operating under the same business name or management,
536	at which health care services are provided to individuals and
537	which tender charges for reimbursement for such services. The
538	term also includes an entity that performs such functions from a
539	vehicle or otherwise having no fixed location.
540	2. "Disqualified person" means any individual who, within
541	the last 10 years, has been convicted of or who, regardless of
542	adjudication, has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to any
543	felony under federal law or under the law of any state.
544	3. "Participate in the business of" a clinic means to be a
545	medical director in a clinic, to be an independent contractor of
546	a clinic, or to control any interest in a clinic.
547	4. "Independent diagnostic testing facility" means an
548	individual, partnership, firm, or other business entity that
549	provides diagnostic imaging services but does not include an
550	individual or entity that has a disqualified person under
551	subparagraph 2. as an investor.

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CS 552 (b) For purposes of this section, the term "clinic" does 553 not include and the registration requirements herein do not 554 apply to: 555 Entities licensed or registered by the state pursuant 1.a. 556 to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, chapter 557 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 558 480, or chapter 484. 559 b. Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities 560 licensed pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, 561 chapter 397, chapter 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, 562 chapter 478, chapter 480, or chapter 484. 563 c. Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an 564 entity licensed pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, chapter 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 565 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, or chapter 484. 566 567 d. Entities which are under common ownership, directly or 568 indirectly, with an entity licensed pursuant to chapter 390, 569 chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 397, chapter 400, chapter 463, 570 chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, or chapter 571 484. Entities exempt from federal taxation under 26 U.S.C. 572 2. 573 s. 501(c)(3). 574 Sole proprietorships, group practices, partnerships, or 3. 575 corporations that provide health care services by licensed 576 health care practitioners pursuant to chapters 457, 458, 459, 577 460, 461, 462, 463, 466, 467, 484, 486, 490, 491, or part I, 578 part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 579 464.012, which are wholly owned by licensed health care

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580 practitioners or the licensed health care practitioner and the 581 spouse, parent, or child of a licensed health care practitioner, 582 so long as one of the owners who is a licensed health care 583 practitioner is supervising the services performed therein and 584 is legally responsible for the entity's compliance with all 585 federal and state laws. However, no health care practitioner may 586 supervise services beyond the scope of the practitioner's 587 license.

588 (2)(a) Every clinic, as defined in paragraph (1)(a), must 589 register, and must at all times maintain a valid registration, 590 with the Department of Health. Each clinic location shall be 591 registered separately even though operated under the same 592 business name or management, and each clinic shall appoint a 593 medical director or clinical director.

594 (b)1. The department shall adopt rules necessary to 595 implement the registration program, including rules establishing 596 the specific registration procedures, forms, and fees. 597 Registration fees must be reasonably calculated to cover the 598 cost of registration and must be of such amount that the total 599 fees collected do not exceed the cost of administering and 600 enforcing compliance with this section. Registration may be 601 conducted electronically. The registration program must require:

602 <u>a.l.</u> The clinic to file the registration form with the 603 department within 60 days after the effective date of this 604 section or prior to the inception of operation. The registration 605 expires automatically 2 years after its date of issuance and 606 must be renewed biennially.

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607 b.2. The registration form to contain the name, residence 608 and business address, phone number, and license number of the 609 medical director or clinical director for the clinic, and of 610 each person who owns a controling interest in the clinic. 611 c.3. The clinic to display the registration certificate in 612 a conspicuous location within the clinic readily visible to all 613 patients. 614 2. Any business that becomes a clinic after commencing 615 other operations shall, within 30 days after becoming a clinic, 616 file a registration statement under this subsection and shall be 617 subject to all provisions of this section applicable to a 618 clinic. 619 (c) A disqualified person may not participate in the business of the clinic. This paragraph does not apply to any 620 621 participation in the business of the clinic that existed as of 622 the effective date of this paragraph. A disqualified person may 623 participate in the business of the clinic if such person has the 624 written consent of the department, which consent specifically refers to this subsection. Effective October 1, 2003, the 625 626 registration statement required by this section must include, or be amended to include, information about each disqualified 627 628 person participating in the business of the clinic, including 629 any person participating with the written consent of the 630 department. A clinic must make a diligent effort to determine 631 whether any disqualified person is participating in the business 632 of the clinic, to include conducting background investigations 633 on medical directors and control persons. Certification of 634 accreditation and reaccredidation by the appropriate accrediting

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635	entity or entities shall be conclusive proof of compliance with
636	this paragraph, unless it is shown that such accreditation has
637	been suspended, withdrawn, or revoked. Such certification and
638	each subsequent certificate of reaccreditation shall be provided
639	by the clinic to the insurer one time, prior to the filing of
640	the first claim for payment after accreditation or
641	reaccreditation. Each claim seeking reimbursement based on such
642	accreditation shall bear the statement: "This clinic is
643	currently accredited by American College of Radiology and was so
644	at the time services were rendered, " or "This clinic is
645	currently accredited by American College of Radiology and the
646	Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations
647	and was so at the time services were rendered."
648	(d) Every clinic engaged in the provision of magnetic
649	resonance imaging services must be accredited by the American
650	College of Radiology or the Joint Commission on Accreditation of
651	Health Care Organizations by January 1, 2005. Subsequent
652	providers engaged in the provision of magnetic resonance imaging
653	services must be accredited by the American College of Radiology
654	or the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care
655	Organizations within 18 months after the effective date of
656	registration.
657	(3)(a) Each clinic must employ or contract with a
658	physician maintaining a full and unencumbered physician license

658 physician maintaining a full and unencumbered physician license 659 in accordance with chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or 660 chapter 461 to serve as the medical director. However, if the 661 clinic is limited to providing health care services pursuant to 662 chapter 457, chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, or chapter

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663 491 or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of 664 chapter 468, the clinic may appoint a health care practitioner 665 licensed under that chapter to serve as a clinical director who 666 is responsible for the clinic's activities. A health care 667 practitioner may not serve as the clinical director if the 668 services provided at the clinic are beyond the scope of that 669 practitioner's license.

(b) The medical director or clinical director shall agree
in writing to accept legal responsibility for the following
activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the
clinical director shall:

674 1. Have signs identifying the medical director or clinical
675 director posted in a conspicuous location within the clinic
676 readily visible to all patients.

677 2. Ensure that all practitioners providing health care
678 services or supplies to patients maintain a current active and
679 unencumbered Florida license.

680 3. Review any patient referral contracts or agreements681 executed by the clinic.

682 4. Ensure that all health care practitioners at the clinic
683 have active appropriate certification or licensure for the level
684 of care being provided.

5. Serve as the clinic records holder as defined in s.456.057.

687 6. Ensure compliance with the recordkeeping, office
688 surgery, and adverse incident reporting requirements of this
689 chapter, the respective practice acts, and rules adopted
690 thereunder.

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691 7. Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure
692 that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon discovery
693 of an unlawful charge, the medical director shall take immediate
694 corrective action.

695 (c) Any contract to serve as a medical director or a 696 clinical director entered into or renewed by a physician or a 697 licensed health care practitioner in violation of this section 698 is void as contrary to public policy. This section shall apply 699 to contracts entered into or renewed on or after October 1, 700 2001.

(d) 701 The department, in consultation with the boards, shall 702 adopt rules specifying limitations on the number of registered 703 clinics and licensees for which a medical director or a clinical 704 director may assume responsibility for purposes of this section. 705 In determining the quality of supervision a medical director or 706 a clinical director can provide, the department shall consider 707 the number of clinic employees, clinic location, and services 708 provided by the clinic.

709 (4)(a) Any person or entity providing medical services or 710 treatment that is not a clinic may voluntarily register its 711 exempt status with the department on a form that sets forth its 712 name or names and addresses, a statement of the reasons why it 713 is not a clinic, and such other information deemed necessary by 714 the department. 715 (b) The department shall adopt rules necessary to

- 716 implement the registration program, including rules establishing
- 717 the specific registration procedures, forms, and fees.
- 718 Registration fees must be reasonably calculated to cover the

719 <u>cost of registration and must be of such amount that the total</u> 720 <u>fees collected do not exceed the cost of administering and</u> 721 <u>enforcing compliance with this section. Registration may be</u> 722 conducted electronically.

723 (5)(4)(a) All charges or reimbursement claims made by or 724 on behalf of a clinic that is required to be registered under 725 this section, but that is not so registered, <u>or that is</u> 726 <u>otherwise operating in violation of this section</u>, are unlawful 727 charges and therefore are noncompensable and unenforceable.

(b) Any person establishing, operating, or managing an unregistered clinic otherwise required to be registered under this section, or any person who knowingly files a false or misleading registration or false or misleading information required by subsection (2), subsection (4), or department rule, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(c) Any licensed health care practitioner who violates
this section is subject to discipline in accordance with this
chapter and the respective practice act.

(d) The department shall revoke the registration of any
clinic registered under this section for operating in violation
of the requirements of this section or the rules adopted by the
department.

(e) The department shall investigate allegations of
noncompliance with this section and the rules adopted pursuant
to this section. <u>The Division of Insurance Fraud of the</u>
<u>Department of Financial Services, at the request of the</u>
department, may provide assistance in investigating allegations

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CS 747 of noncompliance with this section and the rules adopted 748 pursuant to this section. 749 (f) The department may make unannounced inspections of 750 clinics registered pursuant to this section to determine 751 compliance with this section. 752 (g) A clinic registered under this section shall allow 753 full and complete access to the premises and to billing records 754 or information to any representative of the department who makes 755 a request to inspect the clinic to determine compliance with 756 this section. 757 (h) Failure by a clinic registered under this section to 758 allow full and complete access to the premises and to billing 759 records or information to any representative of the department 760 who makes a request to inspect the clinic to determine 761 compliance with this section or which fails to employ a 762 qualified medical director or clinical director shall constitute a ground for emergency suspension of the registration by the 763 764 department pursuant to s. 120.60(6). 765 Section 6. Paragraphs (dd) and (ee) are added to 766 subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, to read: 767 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.--768 (1)The following acts shall constitute grounds for which 769 the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be 770 taken: 771 (dd) With respect to making a claim for personal injury 772 protection as required by s. 627.736: 773 1. Intentionally submitting a claim, statement, or bill 774 using a billing code that would result in payment greater in

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CS 775 amount than would be paid using a billing code that accurately 776 describes the actual services performed, which practice is 777 commonly referred to as "upcoding." Global diagnostic imaging 778 billing by the technical component provider is not considered 779 upcoding. 780 2. Intentionally filing a claim for payment of services 781 that were not performed. 782 3. Intentionally using information obtained in violation 783 of s. 119.105 or s. 316.066 to solicit or obtain patients 784 personally or through an agent, regardless of whether the 785 information is derived directly from an accident report, derived 786 from a summary of an accident report, from another person, or 787 otherwise. 788 4. Intentionally submitting a claim for a diagnostic 789 treatment or submitting a claim for a diagnostic treatment or 790 procedure that is properly billed under one billing code but 791 which has been separated into two or more billing codes, which 792 practice is commonly referred to as "unbundling." 793 (ee) Treating a person for injuries resulting from a 794 staged motor vehicle accident with knowledge that the person was 795 a participant in the staged motor vehicle accident. 796 Section 7. Subsection (8) is added to section 627.732, 797 Florida Statutes, to read: 798 627.732 Definitions.--As used in ss. 627.730-627.7405, the 799 term: (8) "Global diagnostic imaging billing" means the 800 801 submission of a statement or bill related to the completion of a 802 diagnostic imaging test that includes a charge which encompasses

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803 both the production of the diagnostic image, the "technical
804 component," and the interpretation of the diagnostic image, the
805 "professional component," whether or not the individual or
806 entity providing the professional component was performing these
807 services as an independent contractor or employee of the entity
808 providing the technical component.

809 Section 8. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (4) of 810 section 627.736, Florida Statutes, and subsection (5), paragraph 811 (a) of subsection (7), subsection (8), paragraph (d) of 812 subsection (11), and subsection (12) of said section are 813 amended, to read:

814 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; 815 exclusions; priority; claims.--

816 BENEFITS; WHEN DUE.--Benefits due from an insurer (4) 817 under ss. 627.730-627.7405 shall be primary, except that 818 benefits received under any workers' compensation law shall be 819 credited against the benefits provided by subsection (1) and 820 shall be due and payable as loss accrues, upon receipt of 821 reasonable proof of such loss and the amount of expenses and 822 loss incurred which are covered by the policy issued under ss. 823 627.730-627.7405. When the Agency for Health Care Administration 824 provides, pays, or becomes liable for medical assistance under 825 the Medicaid program related to injury, sickness, disease, or 826 death arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a 827 motor vehicle, benefits under ss. 627.730-627.7405 shall be 828 subject to the provisions of the Medicaid program.

829 (g) Benefits shall not be due or payable to an insured
830 person if that person has committed, by a material act or

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831 omission, any insurance fraud relating to personal injury 832 protection coverage under his or her policy if the fraud is 833 admitted to in a sworn statement by the insured or claimant or 834 is established in a court of competent jurisdiction. Any 835 benefits paid prior to the discovery of the insured's or 836 claimant's insurance fraud shall be recoverable in their 837 entirety by the insurer from the insured or claimant who 838 perpetrated the fraud upon demand for such benefits. The 839 prevailing party shall be entitled to its costs and attorney's 840 fees in any action under this paragraph. However, payments to a 841 health care practitioner, who is without knowledge of such 842 fraud, for services rendered in good faith pursuant to this section shall not be subject to recovery. 843

844

(5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS.--

845 Any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or (a) 846 institution lawfully rendering treatment to an injured person 847 for a bodily injury covered by personal injury protection 848 insurance may charge only a reasonable amount for the services 849 and supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such coverage 850 may pay for such charges directly to such person or institution 851 lawfully rendering such treatment, if the insured receiving such 852 treatment or his or her guardian has countersigned the invoice, 853 bill, or claim form approved by the Department of Insurance upon 854 which such charges are to be paid for as having actually been 855 rendered, to the best knowledge of the insured or his or her 856 guardian. In no event, however, may such a charge be in excess 857 of the amount the person or institution customarily charges for 858 like services or supplies in cases involving no insurance.

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859	(b)1. An insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim
860	or charges:
861	a. Made by a broker or by a person making a claim on
862	behalf of a broker.
863	b. For services or treatment by a clinic as defined in s.
864	456.0375, if, at the time the service or treatment was rendered,
865	the clinic was not in compliance with any applicable provision
866	of that section or rules adopted under such section.
867	c. For services or treatment by a clinic, as defined in s.
868	456.0375, if, at the time the services or treatment were
869	rendered, a person controlled the clinic or its medical
870	director, had been convicted of, or who, regardless of
871	adjudication of guilt, had pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to
872	a felony under federal law or the law of any state.
873	d. For any service or treatment that was not lawful at the
874	time it was rendered.
875	e. To any person or entity who knowingly submits false or
876	misleading statements and bills for medical services, or for any
877	statement or bill.
878	f. For medical services or treatment unless such services
879	are rendered by the physician or are incident to professional
880	services and are included on the physician's bills. This sub-
881	subparagraph does not apply to services furnished in a licensed
882	health care facility or in an independent diagnostic testing
883	facility as defined in s. 456.0375.
884	2. Charges for medically necessary cephalic thermograms,
885	peripheral thermograms, spinal ultrasounds, extremity
886	ultrasounds, video fluoroscopy, and surface electromyography
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887 shall not exceed the maximum reimbursement allowance for such 888 procedures as set forth in the applicable fee schedule or other 889 payment methodology established pursuant to s. 440.13.

890 3. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal 891 injury protection insurance insurer and insured for medically 892 necessary nerve conduction testing when done in conjunction with 893 a needle electromyography procedure and both are performed and 894 billed solely by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 895 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 who is also certified by the 896 American Board of Electrodiagnostic Medicine or by a board 897 recognized by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association or who holds diplomate status 898 899 with the American Chiropractic Neurology Board or its 900 predecessors or the American Chiropractic Academy of Neurology 901 or its predecessors shall not exceed 200 percent of the 902 allowable amount under Medicare Part B for year 2001, for the 903 area in which the treatment was rendered, adjusted annually by 904 an additional amount equal to the medical Consumer Price Index for Florida. 905

906 4. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal 907 injury protection insurance insurer and insured for medically 908 necessary nerve conduction testing that does not meet the 909 requirements of subparagraph 3. shall not exceed the applicable 910 fee schedule or other payment methodology established pursuant 911 to s. 440.13.

912 5. Effective upon this act becoming a law and before
913 November 1, 2001, allowable amounts that may be charged to a
914 personal injury protection insurance insurer and insured for

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915 magnetic resonance imaging services shall not exceed 200 percent 916 of the allowable amount under Medicare Part B for year 2001, for 917 the area in which the treatment was rendered. Beginning November 918 1, 2001, allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal 919 injury protection insurance insurer and insured for magnetic 920 resonance imaging services shall not exceed 175 percent of the 921 allowable amount under Medicare Part B for year 2001, for the 922 area in which the treatment was rendered, adjusted annually by 923 an additional amount equal to the medical Consumer Price Index 924 for Florida based on the month of January for each year, except 925 that allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal injury 926 protection insurance insurer and insured for magnetic resonance 927 imaging services provided in facilities accredited by the American College of Radiology or the Joint Commission on 928 929 Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations shall not exceed 200 930 percent of the allowable amount under Medicare Part B for year 931 2001, for the area in which the treatment was rendered, adjusted 932 annually by an additional amount equal to the medical Consumer 933 Price Index for Florida based on the month of January for each 934 year. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal injury 935 protection insurance insurer and insured for magnetic resonance 936 imaging services provided in facilities accredited by both the 937 American College of Radiology and the Joint Commission on 938 Accreditation of Health Care Organizations shall be 225 percent 939 of the allowable amount for Medicare Part B for 2001 for the 940 area in which the treatment was rendered, adjusted annually by 941 an amount equal to the Consumer Price Index for Florida. This 942 paragraph does not apply to charges for magnetic resonance

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943 imaging services and nerve conduction testing for inpatients and
944 emergency services and care as defined in chapter 395 rendered
945 by facilities licensed under chapter 395.

946 (c)1. With respect to any treatment or service, other than 947 medical services billed by a hospital or other provider for 948 emergency services as defined in s. 395.002 or inpatient 949 services rendered at a hospital-owned facility, the statement of 950 charges must be furnished to the insurer by the provider and may 951 not include, and the insurer is not required to pay, charges for 952 treatment or services rendered more than 35 days before the 953 postmark date of the statement, except for past due amounts 954 previously billed on a timely basis under this paragraph, and 955 except that, if the provider submits to the insurer a notice of 956 initiation of treatment within 21 days after its first 957 examination or treatment of the claimant, the statement may 958 include charges for treatment or services rendered up to, but 959 not more than, 75 days before the postmark date of the 960 statement. The injured party is not liable for, and the provider 961 shall not bill the injured party for, charges that are unpaid 962 because of the provider's failure to comply with this paragraph. 963 Any agreement requiring the injured person or insured to pay for 964 such charges is unenforceable.

965 <u>2.</u> If, however, the insured fails to furnish the provider 966 with the correct name and address of the insured's personal 967 injury protection insurer, the provider has 35 days from the 968 date the provider obtains the correct information to furnish the 969 insurer with a statement of the charges. The insurer is not 970 required to pay for such charges unless the provider includes

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971 with the statement documentary evidence that was provided by the 972 insured during the 35-day period demonstrating that the provider 973 reasonably relied on erroneous information from the insured and 974 either:

975 <u>a.l.</u> A denial letter from the incorrect insurer; or
 976 <u>b.2.</u> Proof of mailing, which may include an affidavit
 977 under penalty of perjury, reflecting timely mailing to the
 978 incorrect address or insurer.

979 3. For emergency services and care as defined in s. 980 395.002 rendered in a hospital emergency department or for 981 transport and treatment rendered by an ambulance provider 982 licensed pursuant to part III of chapter 401, the provider is 983 not required to furnish the statement of charges within the time 984 periods established by this paragraph; and the insurer shall not 985 be considered to have been furnished with notice of the amount 986 of covered loss for purposes of paragraph (4)(b) until it 987 receives a statement complying with paragraph (d), or copy 988 thereof, which specifically identifies the place of service to 989 be a hospital emergency department or an ambulance in accordance 990 with billing standards recognized by the Health Care Finance 991 Administration.

992 <u>4.</u> Each notice of insured's rights under s. 627.7401 must 993 include the following statement in type no smaller than 12 994 points:

995 BILLING REQUIREMENTS.--Florida Statutes provide that with 996 respect to any treatment or services, other than certain 997 hospital and emergency services, the statement of charges 998 furnished to the insurer by the provider may not include, and

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999 the insurer and the injured party are not required to pay, 1000 charges for treatment or services rendered more than 35 days 1001 before the postmark date of the statement, except for past due 1002 amounts previously billed on a timely basis, and except that, if 1003 the provider submits to the insurer a notice of initiation of 1004 treatment within 21 days after its first examination or 1005 treatment of the claimant, the statement may include charges for 1006 treatment or services rendered up to, but not more than, 75 days 1007 before the postmark date of the statement.

1008 (d) Every insurer shall include a provision in its policy 1009 for personal injury protection benefits for binding arbitration 1010 of any claims dispute involving medical benefits arising between 1011 the insurer and any person providing medical services or 1012 supplies if that person has agreed to accept assignment of 1013 personal injury protection benefits. The provision shall specify 1014 that the provisions of chapter 682 relating to arbitration shall 1015 apply. The prevailing party shall be entitled to attorney's fees 1016 and costs. For purposes of the award of attorney's fees and 1017 costs, the prevailing party shall be determined as follows:

1018 1. When the amount of personal injury protection benefits 1019 determined by arbitration exceeds the sum of the amount offered 1020 by the insurer at arbitration plus 50 percent of the difference 1021 between the amount of the claim asserted by the claimant at 1022 arbitration and the amount offered by the insurer at 1023 arbitration, the claimant is the prevailing party. 1024 2. When the amount of personal injury protection benefits

10242. When the amount of personal injury protection benefits1025determined by arbitration is less than the sum of the amount1026offered by the insurer at arbitration plus 50 percent of the

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difference between the amount of the claim asserted by the

1028 claimant at arbitration and the amount offered by the insurer at 1029 arbitration, the insurer is the prevailing party.

1030 3. When neither subparagraph 1. nor subparagraph 2.
1031 applies, there is no prevailing party. For purposes of this
1032 paragraph, the amount of the offer or claim at arbitration is
1033 the amount of the last written offer or claim made at least 30
1034 days prior to the arbitration.

1035 4. In the demand for arbitration, the party requesting 1036 arbitration must include a statement specifically identifying 1037 the issues for arbitration for each examination or treatment in 1038 dispute. The other party must subsequently issue a statement 1039 specifying any other examinations or treatment and any other 1040 issues that it intends to raise in the arbitration. The parties 1041 may amend their statements up to 30 days prior to arbitration, 1042 provided that arbitration shall be limited to those identified 1043 issues and neither party may add additional issues during 1044 arbitration.

1045 (d)(e) All statements and bills for medical services 1046 rendered by any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or 1047 institution shall be submitted to the insurer on a properly 1048 completed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) 1049 Health Care Finance Administration 1500 form, UB 92 forms, or 1050 any other standard form approved by the department for purposes 1051 of this paragraph. All billings for such services by 1052 noninstitutional providers shall, to the extent applicable, 1053 follow the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology(CPT) or 1054 Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) in effect

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1055	for the year in which services are rendered, and comply with the
1056	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) 1500 form
1057	instructions and the American Medical Association Current
1058	Procedural Terminology (CPT) Editorial Panel and Healthcare
1059	Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS). In determining
1060	compliance with applicable CPT and HCPCS coding, guidance shall
1061	be provided by the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology
1062	(CPT) or Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) in
1063	effect for the year in which services were rendered, the Officer
1064	of the Inspector General (OIG), Physicians Compliance
1065	Guidelines, and other authoritative treatises as may be defined
1066	by rule of the Department of Health. No statement of medical
1067	services may include charges for medical services of a person or
1068	entity that performed such services without possessing the valid
1069	licenses required to perform such services. For purposes of
1070	paragraph (4)(b), an insurer shall not be considered to have
1071	been furnished with notice of the amount of covered loss or
1072	medical bills due unless the statements or bills comply with
1073	this paragraph, and unless the statements or bills are properly
1074	completed in their entirety with all information being provided
1075	in such statements or bills, which means that the statement or
1076	bill contains all of the information required by the Centers for
1077	Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) 1500 form instructions and
1078	the American Medical Association Current Procedural Terminology
1079	Editorial Panel and Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System.
1080	An insurer shall not deny or reduce claims based upon compliance
1081	with s. 456.0375(2)(d) unless the insurer can show the required
1082	certification was not provided to the insurer.
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1083 (e) Each physician, clinic, or other medical institution, except for a hospital, providing medical services upon which a 1084 1085 claim for personal injury protectin benefits is based shall 1086 require an insured person to either sign a form acknowledging 1087 that the diagnostic or treatment services listed on the form 1088 were provided to the insured on the date that the insured signs 1089 the form, or in the alternative, the insured may sign the patient records generated that day reflecting the diagnostic or 1090 1091 treatment procedures received. 1092 (f) An insurer may not bundle codes or change a diagnosis 1093 or diagnosis code on a claim submitted by a health care provider 1094 without the consent of the health care provider. Such action 1095 constitutes a material misrepresentation under s. 1096 626.9541(1)(i)2. 1097 (7)MENTAL AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF INJURED PERSON; 1098 REPORTS.--1099 Whenever the mental or physical condition of an (a) 1100 injured person covered by personal injury protection is material 1101 to any claim that has been or may be made for past or future 1102 personal injury protection insurance benefits, such person 1103 shall, upon the request of an insurer, submit to mental or 1104 physical examination by a physician or physicians. The costs of 1105 any examinations requested by an insurer shall be borne entirely 1106 by the insurer. Such examination shall be conducted within the 1107 municipality where the insured is receiving treatment, or in a 1108 location reasonably accessible to the insured, which, for 1109 purposes of this paragraph, means any location within the

1110 municipality in which the insured resides, or any location

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1111 within 10 miles by road of the insured's residence, provided 1112 such location is within the county in which the insured resides. If the examination is to be conducted in a location reasonably 1113 1114 accessible to the insured, and if there is no qualified physician to conduct the examination in a location reasonably 1115 1116 accessible to the insured, then such examination shall be conducted in an area of the closest proximity to the insured's 1117 1118 residence. Personal protection insurers are authorized to 1119 include reasonable provisions in personal injury protection 1120 insurance policies for mental and physical examination of those 1121 claiming personal injury protection insurance benefits. An 1122 insurer may not withdraw payment of a treating physician without 1123 the consent of the injured person covered by the personal injury 1124 protection, unless the insurer first obtains a valid report by a 1125 physician licensed under the same chapter as the treating 1126 physician whose treatment authorization is sought to be 1127 withdrawn, stating that treatment was not reasonable, related, 1128 or necessary. A valid report is one that is prepared and signed 1129 by the physician examining the injured person or reviewing the 1130 treatment records of the injured person and is factually 1131 supported by the examination and treatment records if reviewed 1132 and that has not been modified by anyone other than the 1133 physician. The physician preparing the report must be in active 1134 practice, unless the physician is physically disabled. Active 1135 practice means that for during the 3 consecutive years 1136 immediately preceding the date of the physical examination or 1137 review of the treatment records the physician must have devoted 1138 professional time to the active clinical practice of evaluation,

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1139	diagnosis, or treatment of medical conditions or to the
1140	instruction of students in an accredited health professional
1141	school or accredited residency program or a clinical research
1142	program that is affiliated with an accredited health
1143	professional school or teaching hospital or accredited residency
1144	program. The physician preparing a report at the request of an
1145	insurer, or on behalf of an insurer through an attorney or
1146	another entity, shall maintain, for at least 3 years, copies of
1147	all examination reports as medical records and shall maintain,
1148	for at least 3 years, records of all payments for the
1149	examinations and reports. Neither an insurer nor any person
1150	acting at the direction of or on behalf of an insurer may change
1151	an opinion in a report prepared under this paragraph or direct
1152	the physician preparing the report to change such opinion. The
1153	denial of a payment as the result of such a changed opinion
1154	constitutes a material misrepresentation under s.
1155	626.9541(1)(i)2.
1156	(8) APPLICABILITY OF PROVISION REGULATING ATTORNEY'S
1157	FEESWith respect to any dispute under the provisions of ss.
1158	627.730-627.7405 between the insured and the insurer, or between
1159	an assignee of an insured's rights and the insurer, the
1160	provisions of s. 627.428 shall apply, except as provided in
1161	subsection (11), provided a court must receive evidence and
1162	consider the following factors prior to awarding any multiplier:
1163	(a) Whether the relevant market requires a contingency fee
1164	multiplier to obtain competent counsel.
1165	(b) Whether the attorney was able to mitigate the risk of
1166	nonpayment in any way.

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1167	(c) Whether any of the following factors are applicable:						
1168	1. The time and labor required, the novelty and difficulty						
1169	of the question involved, and the skill requisite to perform the						
1170	legal service properly.						
1171	2. The likelihood, if apparent to the client, that the						
1172	acceptance of the particular employment will preclude other						
1173	employment by the lawyer.						
1174	3. The fee customarily charged in the locality for similar						
1175	legal services.						
1176	4. The amount involved and the results obtained.						
1177	5. The time limitations imposed by the client or by the						
1178	<u>circumstances.</u>						
1179	6. The nature and length of the professional relationship						
1180	with the client.						
1181	7. The experience, reputation, and ability of the lawyer						
1182	2 or lawyers performing the services.						
1183	8. Whether the fee is fixed or contingent.						
1184							
1185	If the court determines, pursuant to this subsection, that a						
1186	multiplier is appropriate, and if the court determines that						
1187	success was more likely than not at the outset, the court may						
1188	apply a multiplier of 1 to 1.5; if the court determines that the						
1189	9 likelihood of success was approximately even at the outset, the						
1190	court may apply a multiplier of 1.5 to 2.0; and if the court						
1191	determines that success was unlikely at the outset of the case,						
1192	the court may apply a multiplier of 2.0 to 2.5.						
1193	(11) DEMAND LETTER						

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1194 If, within 10 7 business days after receipt of notice (d) 1195 by the insurer, the overdue claim specified in the notice is 1196 paid by the insurer together with applicable interest and a 1197 penalty of 10 percent of the overdue amount paid by the insurer, 1198 subject to a maximum penalty of \$250, no action for nonpayment 1199 or late payment may be brought against the insurer. To the extent the insurer determines not to pay the overdue amount, the 1200 1201 penalty shall not be payable in any action for nonpayment or 1202 late payment. For purposes of this subsection, payment shall be 1203 treated as being made on the date a draft or other valid 1204 instrument that is equivalent to payment is placed in the United 1205 States mail in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope, or if 1206 not so posted, on the date of delivery. The insurer shall not be 1207 obligated to pay any attorney's fees if the insurer pays the 1208 claim within the time prescribed by this subsection.

1209

(12) CIVIL ACTION FOR INSURANCE FRAUD.--

1210 An insurer and an insured shall have a cause of action (a) 1211 against any person who has committed convicted of, or who, 1212 regardless of adjudication of guilt, pleads guilty or nolo 1213 contendere to insurance fraud under s. 817.234, patient brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054, 1214 1215 associated with a claim for personal injury protection benefits 1216 in accordance with this section. Any party An insurer prevailing 1217 in an action brought under this subsection may recover treble 1218 compensatory damages, consequential damages, and punitive 1219 damages subject to the requirements and limitations of part II 1220 of chapter 768, and attorney's fees and costs incurred in 1221 litigating a cause of action under against any person convicted

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1222 of, or who, regardless of adjudication of guilt, pleads guilty 1223 or nolo contendere to insurance fraud under s. 817.234, patient 1224 brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054, 1225 associated with a claim for personal injury protection benefits 1226 in accordance with this section.

1227 (b) Notwithstanding its payment, neither an insurer nor an 1228 insured shall be precluded from maintaining a civil cause of 1229 action against any person or business entity to recover payment 1230 for services later determined to have not been lawfully rendered 1231 or otherwise in violation of any provision of this section.

1232Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section1233627.745, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1234

1242

627.745 Mediation of claims.--

(1)(a) In any claim filed with an insurer for personal
injury in an amount of \$10,000 or less or any claim for property
damage in any amount, arising out of the ownership, operation,
use, or maintenance of a motor vehicle, either party may demand
mediation of the claim prior to the institution of litigation.
Section 10. Section 627.747, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:

627.747 Legislative oversight; reporting of

1243 information.--In order to ensure continuing legislative

1244 oversight of motor vehicle insurance in general and the personal

1245 injury protection system in particular, the following agencies

1246 shall, on January 1 and July 1 of each year, provide the

1247 information required by this section to the President of the

1248 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the

1249 minority party leaders of the Senate and the House of

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1250	Representatives, and the chairs of the standing committees of
1251	the Senate and the House of Representatives having authority
1252	over insurance matters.
1253	(1) The Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial
1254	Services Commission shall provide data and analysis on motor
1255	vehicle insurance loss cost trends and premium trends, together
1256	with such other information as the office deems appropriate to
1257	enable the Legislature to evaluate the effectiveness of the
1258	reforms contained in the Florida Motor Vehicle Insurance
1259	Affordability Reform Act of 2003, and such other information as
1260	may be requested from time to time by any of the officers
1261	referred to in this section.
1262	(2) The Division of Insurance Fraud of the Department of
1263	Financial Services shall provide data and analysis on the
1264	incidence and cost of motor vehicle insurance fraud, including
1265	violations, investigations, and prosecutions, together with such
1266	other information as the division deems appropriate to enable
1267	the Legislature to evaluate the effectiveness of the reforms
1268	contained in the Florida Motor Vehicle Insurance Affordability
1269	Reform Act of 2003, and such other information as may be
1270	requested from time to time by any of the officers referred to
1271	in this section.
1272	Section 11. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 817.234,
1273	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1274	817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims
1275	(8) <u>(a)1.</u> It is unlawful for any person, <u>intending to</u>
1276	defraud any other person, in his or her individual capacity or
1277	in his or her capacity as a public or private employee, or for

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1278 any firm, corporation, partnership, or association, to solicit 1279 or cause to be solicited any business from a person involved in 1280 a motor vehicle accident by any means of communication other 1281 than advertising directed to the public for the purpose of 1282 making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for personal injury 1283 protection benefits required by s. 627.736. Charges for any 1284 services rendered by a health care provider or attorney who 1285 violates this subsection in regard to the person for whom such 1286 services were rendered are noncompensable and unenforceable as a 1287 matter of law. Any person who violates the provisions of this 1288 paragraph subsection commits a felony of the second third 1289 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 1290 775.084. Such person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of 1291 imprisonment of 2 years.

1292 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01 with 1293 respect to any person who is found to have violated this 1294 paragraph, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall 1295 not be suspended, deferred, or withheld nor shall such person be 1296 eligible for parole prior to serving the mandatory minimum term 1297 of imprisonment prescribed by this paragraph. A person sentenced 1298 to a mandatory term of imprisonment under this paragraph is not 1299 eligible for any form of discretionary early release, except 1300 pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release 1301 under s. 947.149, prior to serving the mandatory minimum term of 1302 imprisonment. 1303 3. The state attorney may move the sentencing court to 1304 reduce or suspend the sentence of any person who is convicted of

1305 a violation of this paragraph and who provides substantial

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1306	assistance in the identification, arrest, or conviction of any
1307	of that person's accomplices, accessories, coconspirators, or
1308	principals. The arresting agency shall be given an opportunity
1309	to be heard in aggravation or mitigation in reference to any
1310	such motion. Upon good cause shown, the motion may be filed and
1311	heard in camera. The judge hearing the motion may reduce or
1312	suspend the sentence if the judge finds that the defendant
1313	rendered such substantial assistance.
1314	(b)1. It is unlawful for any person to solicit or cause to
1315	be solicited any business from a person involved in a motor
1316	vehicle accident, by any means of communication other than
1317	advertising directed to the public, for the purpose of making,
1318	settling, or adjusting motor vehicle tort claims or claims for
1319	personal injury protection benefits required by s. 627.736,
1320	within 60 days after the occurrence of the motor vehicle
1321	accident. Any person who violates the provisions of this
1322	subparagraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
1323	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
1324	2. It is unlawful for any person, at any time after 60
1325	days have elapsed from the occurrence of a motor vehicle
1326	accident, to solicit or cause to be solicited any business from
1327	a person involved in a motor vehicle accident, by means of any
1328	personal or telephone contact at the person's residence, other
1329	than by mail or by advertising directed to the public, for the
1330	purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for
1331	personal injury protection benefits required by s. 627.736. Any
1332	person who violates the provisions of this subparagraph commits

1333 a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 1334 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 1335 (c) Charges for any services rendered by any person who 1336 violates this subsection in regard to the person for whom such 1337 services were rendered are noncompensable and unenforceable as a 1338 matter of law. Any contract, release or other document executed 1339 by a person involved in a motor vehicle accident, or a family 1340 member of such person, related to a violation of this section is 1341 unenforceable by the person who violated this section or that 1342 person's principal or successor in interest. 1343 (d) For purposes of this section, the term "solicit" does 1344 not include an insurance company making contact with its 1345 insured, nor does it include an insurance company making contact 1346 with a person involved in a motor vehicle accident where the 1347 person involved in a motor vehicle accident has directly or 1348 indirectly requested to be contacted by the insurance company. 1349 (9)(a) It is unlawful for any person to organize, plan, or 1350 in any way participate in an intentional motor vehicle crash for 1351 the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for 1352 personal injury protection benefits as required by s. 627.736 1353 attorney to solicit any business relating to the representation 1354 of a person involved in a motor vehicle accident for the purpose 1355 of filing a motor vehicle tort claim or a claim for personal 1356 injury protection benefits required by s. 627.736. The 1357 solicitation by advertising of any business by an attorney 1358 relating to the representation of a person injured in a specific 1359 motor vehicle accident is prohibited by this section. Any person 1360 attorney who violates the provisions of this paragraph

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1361 subsection commits a felony of the second third degree, 1362 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 1363 A person who is convicted of a violation of this subsection 1364 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 2 years. 1365 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, with 1366 respect to any person who is found to have violated this 1367 subsection, adjudication of quilt or imposition of sentence 1368 shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld nor shall such 1369 person be eligible for parole prior to serving the mandatory 1370 minimum term of imprisonment prescribed by this subsection. A 1371 person sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment 1372 under this subsection is not eligible for any form of 1373 discretionary early release, except pardon, executive clemency, 1374 or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to 1375 serving the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment. 1376 (c) The state attorney may move the sentencing court to 1377 reduce or suspend the sentence of any person who is convicted of 1378 a violation of this subsection and who provides substantial 1379 assistance in the identification, arrest, or conviction of any 1380 of that person's accomplices, accessories, coconspirators, or 1381 principals. The arresting agency shall be given an opportunity 1382 to be heard in aggravation or mitigation in reference to any such motion. Upon good cause shown, the motion may be filed and 1383 1384 heard in camera. The judge hearing the motion may reduce or 1385 suspend the sentence if the judge finds that the defendant 1386 rendered such substantial assistance. 1387 (d) In addition to any other remedies provided by this 1388 act, any person convicted under this subsection shall be

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1389	required to pay restitution in the sums shown by a court of
1390	competent jurisdiction to have been obtained in violation of any
1391	provisions of this act. Such restitution shall be payable to the
1392	Department of Financial Services and deposited in a designated
1393	insurance fraud fund, as established by the Department of
1394	Financial Services for the benefit of the Division of Insurance
1395	Fraud. Whenever any circuit or special grievance committee
1396	acting under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court finds
1397	probable cause to believe that an attorney is guilty of a
1398	violation of this section, such committee shall forward to the
1399	appropriate state attorney a copy of the finding of probable
1400	cause and the report being filed in the matter. This section
1401	shall not be interpreted to prohibit advertising by attorneys
1402	which does not entail a solicitation as described in this
1403	subsection and which is permitted by the rules regulating The
1404	Florida Bar as promulgated by the Florida Supreme Court.
1405	Section 12. Section 817.236, Florida Statutes, is amended
1406	to read:
1407	817.236 False and fraudulent motor vehicle insurance

817.236 False and fraudulent motor vehicle insurance 1407 1408 application. -- Any person who, with intent to injure, defraud, or 1409 deceive any motor vehicle insurer, including any statutorily 1410 created underwriting association or pool of motor vehicle 1411 insurers, presents or causes to be presented any written 1412 application, or written statement in support thereof, for motor 1413 vehicle insurance knowing that the application or statement 1414 contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information 1415 concerning any fact or matter material to the application 1416 commits a felony misdemeanor of the third first degree,

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1417	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 <u>,</u> or s. 775.083 <u>, or s.</u>
1418	775.084.
1419	Section 13. Section 817.2361, Florida Statutes, is created
1420	to read:
1421	817.2361 False or fraudulent motor vehicle insurance
1422	cardAny person who, with intent to deceive any other person,
1423	creates, markets, or presents a false or fraudulent motor
1424	vehicle insurance card commits a felony of the third degree,
1425	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
1426	Section 14. Section 817.413, Florida Statutes, is created
1427	to read:
1428	817.413 Sale of used motor vehicle goods as new;
1429	penalty
1430	(1) With respect to a transaction for which any charges
1431	will be paid from the proceeds of a motor vehicle insurance
1432	policy and in which the purchase price of motor vehicle goods
1433	exceeds \$100, it is unlawful for the seller to misrepresent
1434	orally, in writing, or by failure to speak that the goods are
1435	new or original when they are used or repossessed or have been
1436	used for sales demonstration.
1437	(2) A person who violates the provisions of this section
1438	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
1439	<u>s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>
1440	Section 15. Section 860.15, Florida Statutes, is amended
1441	to read:
1442	860.15 Overcharging for repairs and parts; penalty
1443	(1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly charge for
1444	any services on motor vehicles which are not actually performed,
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1445	to knowingly and fa	lsely charge f	or any parts and accessories	
1446	for motor vehicles n	not actually f	urnished, or to knowingly and	
1447	fraudulently substit	cute parts whe	n such substitution has no	
1448	relation to the repa	airing or serv	icing of the motor vehicle.	
1449	(2) Any person	n willfully vi	olating the provisions of this	
1450	section shall be gu	ilty of a misd	emeanor of the second degree,	
1451	punishable as provid	ded in s. 775.	082 or s. 775.083.	
1452	(3) If the cha	arges referred	to in subsection (1) will be	
1453	paid from the procee	eds of a motor	vehicle insurance policy, a	
1454	person who willfully	y violates the	provisions of this section	
1455	commits a felony of	the third deg	ree, punishable as provided in	
1456	<u>s. 775.082, s. 775.</u>	083, or s. 775	.084.	
1457	Section 16. Pa	aragraphs (c)	and (e) of subsection (3) of	
1458	section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:			
1459	921.0022 Crim:	inal Punishmen	t Code; offense severity	
1460	ranking chart			
1461	(3) OFFENSE SI	EVERITY RANKIN	G CHART	
1462				
	Florida	Felony	Description	
	Statute	Degree		
1463				
			(c) LEVEL 3	
1464				
	119.10(3)	<u>3rd</u>	Unlawful use of confidential	
			information from police	
			reports.	
1465	<u>316.066(3)(d)-(f)</u>	<u>3rd</u>	Unlawfully obtaining or using	
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1466			confidential crash reports.
1466	316.193(2)(b)	3rd	Felony DUI, 3rd conviction.
1467	316.1935(2)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to elude law enforcement officer in marked patrol vehicle with siren and lights activated.
1468	319.30(4)	3rd	Possession by junkyard of motor vehicle with identification number plate removed.
1469	319.33(1)(a)	3rd	Alter or forge any certificate of title to a motor vehicle or mobile home.
1470	319.33(1)(c)	3rd	Procure or pass title on stolen vehicle.
1471	319.33(4)	3rd	With intent to defraud, possess, sell, etc., a blank, forged, or unlawfully obtained title or registration.
	327.35(2)(b)	3rd	Felony BUI.
1473	328.05(2)	3rd	Possess, sell, or counterfeit fictitious, stolen, or

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1 47 4			fraudulent titles or bills of sale of vessels.
1474	328.07(4)	3rd	Manufacture, exchange, or possess vessel with counterfeit or wrong ID number.
1475	376.302(5)	3rd	Fraud related to reimbursement for cleanup expenses under the Inland Protection Trust Fund.
1476	<u>456.0375(4)(b)</u>	<u>3rd</u>	<u>Operating a clinic without</u> <u>registration or filing false</u> <u>registration or other required</u> information.
1477	501.001(2)(b)	2nd	Tampers with a consumer product or the container using materially false/misleading information.
1478	697.08	3rd	Equity skimming.
1479	790.15(3)	3rd	Person directs another to discharge firearm from a vehicle.
1480	796.05(1)	3rd	Live on earnings of a prostitute.

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	HB 1819		2003 CS
1481	806.10(1)	3rd	Maliciously injure, destroy, or interfere with vehicles or equipment used in firefighting.
1482 1483	806.10(2)	3rd	Interferes with or assaults firefighter in performance of duty.
	810.09(2)(c)	3rd	Trespass on property other than structure or conveyance armed with firearm or dangerous weapon.
1484	812.014(2)(c)2.	3rd	Grand theft; \$5,000 or more but less than \$10,000.
1485	812.0145(2)(c)	3rd	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$300 or more but less than \$10,000.
1486	815.04(4)(b)	2nd	Computer offense devised to defraud or obtain property.
1487 1488	817.034(4)(a)3.	3rd	Engages in scheme to defraud (Florida Communications Fraud Act), property valued at less than \$20,000.

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HB 1819 2003 CS 817.233 3rd Burning to defraud insurer. 1489 817.234(8)(b)&(9) 3rd Certain unlawful solicitation of persons involved in motor vehicle accidents. 1490 817.234(11)(a) 3rd Insurance fraud; property value less than \$20,000. 1491 817.236 False and fraudulent motor 3rd vehicle insurance application. 1492 False and fraudulent motor 817.2361 3rd vehicle insurance card. 1493 Sale of used motor vehicle 817.413 3rd goods as new. 1494 817.505(4) 3rd Patient brokering. 1495 828.12(2)3rd Tortures any animal with intent to inflict intense pain, serious physical injury, or death. 1496 831.28(2)(a) 3rd Counterfeiting a payment instrument with intent to defraud or possessing a counterfeit payment instrument. 1497

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HB 1819 2003 CS Possession of instruments for 831.29 2nd counterfeiting drivers' licenses or identification cards. 1498 Threatens unlawful harm to 838.021(3)(b) 3rd public servant. 1499 843.19 3rd Injure, disable, or kill police dog or horse. 1500 Overcharging for motor vehicle 860.15(3) 3rd repairs and parts; insurance involved. 1501 870.01(2) 3rd Riot; inciting or encouraging. 1502 Sell, manufacture, or deliver 893.13(1)(a)2. 3rd cannabis (or other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3.,(2)(c)5.,(2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or(4) drugs). 1503 893.13(1)(d)2. 2nd Sell, manufacture, or deliver s. 893.03(1)(c),(2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7.,(2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs

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	101017		CS 2003
			within 200 feet of university
			or public park.
1504	002 12/11/512	0	
	893.13(1)(f)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
			s. $893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,$
			(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5.,
			(2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8.,
			(2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs within 200 feet of public
			housing facility.
1505			nousing facility.
1505	893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of any controlled
			substance other than felony
			possession of cannabis.
1506			
	893.13(7)(a)8.	3rd	Withhold information from
			practitioner regarding
			previous receipt of or
			prescription for a controlled
1.50.5			substance.
1507	893.13(7)(a)9.	3rd	Obtain or attempt to obtain
			controlled substance by fraud,
			forgery, misrepresentation,
			etc.
1508			
	893.13(7)(a)10.	3rd	Affix false or forged label to
			package of controlled
			substance.
1509			
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	893.13(7)(a)11.	3rd	Furnish false or fraudulent material information on any document or record required by chapter 893.
1510	893.13(8)(a)1.	3rd	Knowingly assist a patient, other person, or owner of an animal in obtaining a controlled substance through deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in or related to the practitioner's practice.
	893.13(8)(a)2.	3rd	Employ a trick or scheme in the practitioner's practice to assist a patient, other person, or owner of an animal in obtaining a controlled substance.
1512	893.13(8)(a)3.	3rd	Knowingly write a prescription for a controlled substance for a fictitious person.
1513	893.13(8)(a)4.	3rd	Write a prescription for a controlled substance for a patient, other person, or an animal if the sole purpose of

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HB 1819 2003 CS writing the prescription is a monetary benefit for the practitioner. 1514 918.13(1)(a) 3rd Alter, destroy, or conceal investigation evidence. 1515 944.47(1)(a)1.-2. Introduce contraband to 3rd correctional facility. 1516 944.47(1)(c) 2nd Possess contraband while upon the grounds of a correctional institution. 1517 985.3141 3rd Escapes from a juvenile facility (secure detention or residential commitment facility). 1518 (e) LEVEL 5 1519 316.027(1)(a) 3rd Accidents involving personal injuries, failure to stop; leaving scene. 1520 316.1935(4) 2nd Aggravated fleeing or eluding. 1521 322.34(6) 3rd Careless operation of motor vehicle with suspended license, resulting in death or

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1522			serious bodily injury.
1522	327.30(5)	3rd	Vessel accidents involving
			personal injury; leaving scene.
1523	381.0041(11)(b)	3rd	Donate blood, plasma, or
			organs knowing HIV positive.
1524	790.01(2)	3rd	Carrying a concealed firearm.
1525	790.162	2nd	Threat to throw or discharge
			destructive device.
1526	790.163(1)	2nd	False report of deadly
			explosive or weapon of mass
1527			destruction.
	790.221(1)	2nd	Possession of short-barreled
1528			shotgun or machine gun.
	790.23	2nd	Felons in possession of
			firearms or electronic weapons or devices.
1529		2 1	
	800.04(6)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious conduct; offender less than 18 years.
1530		0.1	
	800.04(7)(c)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition; offender 18 years or older.
1531			-

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	HB 1819		2003 CS
	806.111(1)	3rd	Possess, manufacture, or
			dispense fire bomb with intent
			to damage any structure or
			property.
1532	812.0145(2)(b)	2nd	Theft from person 65 years of
			age or older; \$10,000 or more
			but less than \$50,000.
1533	812.015(8)	3rd	Retail theft; property stolen
			is valued at \$300 or more and
			one or more specified acts.
1534			
	812.019(1)	2nd	Stolen property; dealing in or
			trafficking in.
1535	812.131(2)(b)	3rd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
1536			
	812.16(2)	3rd	Owning, operating, or
			conducting a chop shop.
1537	817.034(4)(a)2.	2nd	Communications fraud, value
	01/.034(4/(d/2.	2110	\$20,000 to \$50,000.
1538			<i>4</i> 20,000 co <i>4</i> 30,000.
1550	817.234(8)(a)	<u>2nd</u>	Unlawful solicitation of
			persons involved in motor
			vehicle accidents intending to
			defraud.
1539	817.234(9)	<u>2nd</u>	Intentional motor vehicle
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1540			crashes.
1540	817.234(11)(b)	2nd	Insurance fraud; property value \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000.
1541	817.568(2)(b)	2nd	Fraudulent use of personal identification information; value of benefit, services received, payment avoided, or amount of injury or fraud, \$75,000 or more.
1542	817.625(2)(b)	2nd	Second or subsequent fraudulent use of scanning device or reencoder.
1543	825.1025(4)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition in the presence of an elderly person or disabled adult.
1544	827.071(4)	2nd	Possess with intent to promote any photographic material, motion picture, etc., which includes sexual conduct by a child.
1545	839.13(2)(b)	2nd	Falsifying records of an individual in the care and custody of a state agency

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			CS
			involving great bodily harm or
			death.
1546	0.4.2 0.1	2 1	
	843.01	3rd	Resist officer with violence
			to person; resist arrest with
			violence.
1547	874.05(2)	2nd	Encouraging or recruiting
			another to join a criminal
			street gang; second or
			subsequent offense.
1548			
	893.13(1)(a)1.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
			cocaine (or other s.
			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d),
			(2)(a), (2)(b), or(2)(c)4.
			drugs).
1549		2nd	
	893.13(1)(c)2.	2110	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cannabis (or other s.
			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,
			(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3.,
			(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)7.
			(2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (2)(c)7.,
			(4) drugs) within 1,000 feet
			of a child care facility or
			school.
1550			5011001.
1220	893.13(1)(d)1.	lst	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
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<u>ال</u>	HB 1819			2003 CS
			cocaine (or other s.	
			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d)),
			(2)(a), (2)(b), or(2)(c)4.	
			drugs) within 200 feet of	
1551			university or public park.	
1551	893.13(1)(e)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or delive	er
			cannabis or other drug	
			prohibited under s.	
			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,	
			(2)(c)2.,(2)(c)3., (2)(c)5.,	,
			(2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8.	• ,
			(2)(c)9.,(3), or (4) within	
			1,000 feet of property used	
			for religious services or a	
			specified business site.	
1552	893.13(1)(f)1.	lst	Sell, manufacture, or delive	er
			cocaine (or other s.	
			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d)),
			or (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c))4.
			drugs) within 200 feet of	
			public housing facility.	
1553	893.13(4)(b)	2nd	Deliver to minor cannabis (c	or
			other s.	
			893.03(1)(c),(2)(c)1.,	
			(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5.	• ,
			(2)(c)6., (2)(c)7.,(2)(c)8.,	
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	(2)(c)9., (3), or (4) drugs).
1554	
1555	Section 17. The amendment to s. 456.0375(1)(b)1., Florida
1556	Statutes, in this act is intended to clarify the legislative
1557	intent of that provision as it existed at the time the provision
1558	initially took effect. Accordingly, the amendment to s.
1559	456.0375(1)(b)1., Florida Statutes, in this act shall operate
1560	retroactively to October 1, 2001.
1561	Section 18. The Office of Insurance Regulation is directed
1562	to undertake and complete not later than January 1, 2005, a
1563	report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
1564	President of the Senate evaluating the costs citizens of this
1565	state are required to pay for the private passenger automobile
1566	insurance that is presently mandated by law, in relation to the
1567	benefits of such mandates to citizens of this state. Such report
1568	shall include, but not be limited to, an evaluation of the costs
1569	and benefits of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law.
1570	Section 19. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act
1571	shall take effect October 1. 2003.
1572	