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A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to taxation; amending s. 199.052, F.S.; 2 deleting a requirement to permit a voluntary contribution 3 4 to the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund when filing an intangible tax return; amending ss. 202.11, 202.125, 5 202.22, 202.27, 202.28, 202.34, and 202.35, F.S., relating б to the local communications services tax; revising 7 definitions; changing sourcing requirements for third-8 number and calling-card calls; excluding certain not-for-9 hire mobile communications services from the definition of 10 11 the term "substitute communications systems"; providing an exemption for homes for the aged; defining the term "home 12 for the aged" and providing qualification requirements; 13 providing limitations on refunds of or credits for taxes 14 collected; providing legislative intent with respect to 15 provisions clarifying the law; requiring a taxpayer to 16 designate a managerial representative; requiring a 17 response from the dealer; providing a procedure for the 18 taxpayer and the department to resolve a material error on 19 a tax return; providing a definition; providing for 20 repeal; providing penalties for failure to properly report 21 and identify taxes on the appropriate return schedule; 22 providing penalties for failure to assign service 23 addresses to the correct local jurisdiction under certain 24 circumstances; authorizing the department to allocate 25 service addresses to local jurisdictions under specified 26 circumstances; requiring that a taxpayer provide certain 27 records to the Department of Revenue in a certain format 2.8 under certain circumstances; authorizing the department to 29 determine the allocation or reallocation of certain taxes 30

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2003 31 to local governments under certain circumstances; amending s. 206.02, F.S.; prohibiting a person from engaging in 32 business as a biodiesel manufacturer unless the person is 33 34 licensed by the department; revising licensing requirements; requiring biodiesel manufacturers to meet 35 the reporting, bonding, and licensing requirements 36 prescribed for wholesalers of motor fuel; amending s. 37 206.026, F.S.; requiring the department to obtain 38 fingerprints for criminal background checks for certain 39 license holders; amending s. 206.052, F.S., relating to 40 41 the export of tax-free fuels; conforming a cross reference to changes made by the act; amending s. 206.14, F.S.; 42 providing a penalty for failure to provide records as 43 required by the department; amending s. 206.414, F.S., 44 relating to local option fuel taxes; providing for the tax 45 to be collected when fuel is removed through the terminal 46 loading rack; providing procedures for such tax 47 collection; amending s. 206.416, F.S.; deleting certain 48 provisions authorizing a change in the destination of 49 fuel; requiring that a wholesaler or exporter register as 50 an importer under certain circumstances; providing 51 penalties; amending s. 206.485, F.S., relating to tracking 52 reports for petroleum products; imposing a penalty for 53 failure to provide such reports; amending s. 206.86, F.S.; 54 revising the definition of the term "diesel fuel" and 55 defining the terms "biodiesel" and "biodiesel 56 manufacturer" for certain purposes; amending s. 206.89, 57 F.S., relating to the regulating of alternative fuels; 58 requiring the licensure of retailers rather than 59 wholesalers; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; providing 60

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2003 61 additional uses for the proceeds of the local government infrastructure surtax for certain counties under specified 62 circumstances; amending s. 212.0606, F.S., relating to the 63 64 rental car surcharge; requiring dealers to report the surcharge collections by the county where collected; 65 amending s. 212.08, F.S.; authorizing certain carriers to 66 prorate the state tax on motor or diesel fuels used in 67 interstate commerce in the initial year of operation; 68 revising the definition of a housing project for purposes 69 of the sales and use tax exemption for building materials 70 71 used in redevelopment projects; creating an exemption from the sales and use tax for low speed vehicles; amending s. 72 212.11, F.S.; correcting a cross reference; amending s. 73 212.12, F.S.; deleting a prohibition on certain allowances 74 if the tax is delinquent; revising a limitation on certain 75 penalties; providing an additional penalty for failure to 76 timely disclose a tax or fee; requiring that the 77 department make certain tax amounts and brackets available 78 in an electronic format; deleting a requirement that the 79 amounts and brackets be established pursuant to rule; 80 amending s. 213.053, F.S.; deleting a repeal of the 81 allowance of confidential information sharing concerning a 82 certified public accountant participating in the certified 83 audits project under specified circumstances; authorizing 84 the Department of Revenue to share information with the 85 86 Department of Transportation on rental car surcharge revenues; amending s. 213.0535, F.S.; providing that a 87 88 local government which collects a municipal resort tax may participate in the Registration Information Sharing and 89 Exchange Program; amending s. 213.21, F.S.; revising the 90

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2003 91 period during which a taxpayer may voluntarily disclose a tax liability; providing for applicability; deleting a 92 repeal of the Department of Revenue's compromise authority 93 for interest and penalties related to the certified audits 94 project; amending s. 213.285, F.S.; deleting a repeal of 95 the certified audits project; requiring a report regarding 96 the effectiveness of the certified audits project; 97 amending s. 336.021, F.S.; revising certain dates for 98 purposes of certifying distributions of local option fuel 99 taxes; amending ss. 443.036, 443.131, and 443.1316, F.S., 100 101 relating to the unemployment compensation tax; requiring that a limited liability company be treated at the same 102 status as it is classified for federal income tax 103 purposes; clarifying succession requirements for 104 employers; providing for transfer of employees; providing 105 that recovery of certain federal moneys from the Agency 106 for Workforce Innovation is not limited by state law on 107 indirect cost recovery; amending s. 443.163, F.S.; 108 revising requirements of electronic reporting and 109 remitting for certain persons who prepare and report 110 taxes; revising penalties for failing to report or remit 111 taxes by electronic means; providing for retroactive 112 application; amending s. 624.509, F.S.; creating an 113 allocation formula for employee salary credits for certain 114 corporations for the purpose of calculating the salary tax 115 credit for insurance premium tax purposes; providing 116 definitions; providing for disallowing the salary tax 117 credit under certain circumstances; amending s. 832.062, 118 F.S.; prohibiting certain electronic funds transfers if 119 the taxpayer knows at the time of such transfer that funds 120 Page 4 of 62

HB 1907 2003 121 are insufficient to cover the transfer; providing effective dates. 122 123 124 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 125 Section 1. Subsections (13), (14), and (15) of section 126 199.052, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 127 199.052 Annual tax returns; payment of annual tax.--128 (13) The annual intangible tax return shall include 129 language permitting a voluntary contribution of \$5 per taxpayer, 130 131 which contribution shall be transferred into the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund. A statement providing an 132 explanation of the purpose of the trust fund shall also be 133 included. 134 $(13) \frac{(14)}{(14)}$ If a bank or savings association, as defined in 135 s. 220.62, acts as a fiduciary or agent of a trust other than as 136 a trustee, the bank or savings association is not responsible 137 for returning the trust's intangible personal property and is 138 not required to pay any annual tax on it, and the management or 139 control of the bank or savings association shall not be used as 140 the basis for imposing any annual tax on any person or any 141 assets of the trust. If a person acts as a fiduciary or agent 142 for purposes of managing intangible assets owned by another 143 person, such intangible assets shall not have a taxable situs in 144 this state pursuant to s. 199.175 solely by virtue of the 145 management or control of such assets by the person who is not 146 the owner of the assets. 147

(14) (15)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), all banks
 and financial organizations filing annual intangible tax returns
 for their customers shall file return information for taxes due

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January 1, 1999, and thereafter using machine-sensible media. 151 The information required by this subsection must be reported by 152 banks or financial organizations on machine-sensible media, 153 using specifications and instructions of the department. A bank 154 or financial organization that demonstrates to the satisfaction 155 of the department that a hardship exists is not required to file 156 intangible tax returns for its customers using machine-sensible 157 media. The department shall adopt rules necessary to administer 158 this paragraph. 159

A taxpayer may choose to file an annual intangible 160 (b) 161 personal property tax return in a form initiated through an electronic data interchange using an advanced encrypted 162 transmission by means of the Internet or other suitable 163 transmission. The department shall prescribe by rule the format 164 and instructions necessary for such filing to ensure a full 165 collection of taxes due. The acceptable method of transfer, the 166 method, form, and content of the electronic data interchange, 167 and the means, if any, by which the taxpayer will be provided 168 with an acknowledgment shall be prescribed by the department. 169

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (15) and subsection (16) of section 202.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 202.11 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

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(15) "Service address" means:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
location of the communications equipment from which
communications services originate or at which communications
services are received by the customer. If the location of such
equipment cannot be determined as part of the billing process,
as in the case of third-number and calling-card calls and
similar services, the term means the location determined by the

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HB 1907 2003 181 dealer based on the customer's telephone number, the customer's mailing address to which bills are sent by the dealer, or 182 another street address provided by the customer. In the case of 183 184 a communications service paid through a credit or payment mechanism that does not relate to a service address, such as a 185 bank, travel, debit, or credit card, and in the case of third-186 number and calling-card calls, the service address is the 187 address of the central office, as determined by the area code 188 and the first three digits of the seven-digit originating 189 telephone number. 190

191 (16)"Substitute communications system" means any telephone system, or other system capable of providing 192 communications services, which a person purchases, installs, 193 rents, or leases for his or her own use to provide himself or 194 herself with services used as a substitute for any switched 195 service or dedicated facility by which a dealer of 196 communications services provides a communication path. The term 197 does not include a not-for-hire mobile communications service 198 that exclusively serves the internal communication needs of a 199 nonprofit utility provider. 200

201 Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 202.125, Florida 202 Statutes, is amended to read:

203 202.125 Sales of communications services; specified 204 exemptions.--

(4) The sale of communications services to a <u>home for the</u>
<u>aged</u>, religious institution, or educational institution that is
exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the
Internal Revenue Code, or by a religious institution that is
exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the
Internal Revenue Code having an established physical place for
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worship at which nonprofit religious services and activities are regularly conducted and carried on, is exempt from the taxes imposed or administered pursuant to ss. 202.12 and 202.19. As used in this subsection, the term:

(a) "Religious institution" means an organization owning
 and operating an established physical place for worship at which
 nonprofit religious services and activities are regularly
 conducted. The term also includes:

Any nonprofit corporation the sole purpose of which is
 to provide free transportation services to religious institution
 members, their families, and other religious institution
 attendees.

223 2. Any nonprofit state, district, or other governing or 224 administrative office the function of which is to assist or 225 regulate the customary activities of religious institutions.

3. Any nonprofit corporation that owns and operates a television station in this state of which at least 90 percent of the programming consists of programs of a religious nature and the financial support for which, exclusive of receipts for broadcasting from other nonprofit organizations, is predominantly from contributions from the public.

4. Any nonprofit corporation the primary activity of which
is making and distributing audio recordings of religious
scriptures and teachings to blind or visually impaired persons
at no charge.

5. Any nonprofit corporation the sole or primary purpose of which is to provide, upon invitation, nonprofit religious services, evangelistic services, religious education, administrative assistance, or missionary assistance for a religious institution, or established physical place of worship

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HB 1907 2003 at which nonprofit religious services and activities are 241 regularly conducted. 242 "Educational institution" includes: (b) 243 Any state tax-supported, parochial, religious 244 1. institution, and nonprofit private school, college, or 245 university that conducts regular classes and courses of study 246 required for accreditation by or membership in the Southern 247 Association of Colleges and Schools, the Florida Council of 248 Independent Schools, or the Florida Association of Christian 249 Colleges and Schools, Inc. 250 251 2. Any nonprofit private school that conducts regular classes and courses of study which are accepted for continuing 252 education credit by a board of the Division of Medical Quality 253 Assurance of the Department of Health. 254 3. Any nonprofit library. 255 4. Any nonprofit art gallery. 256 5. Any nonprofit performing arts center that provides 257 educational programs to school children, which programs involve 258 performances or other educational activities at the performing 259 arts center and serve a minimum of 50,000 school children a 260 year. 261 Any nonprofit museum that is open to the public. 6. 262 "Home for the aged" includes any nonprofit 263 (C) corporation: 264 1.a. In which at least 75 percent of the occupants are 62 265 years of age or older or totally and permanently disabled. 266 b. Which qualifies for an ad valorem property tax 267 exemption under s. 196.196, s. 196.197, or s. 196.1975. 268 269 Which is exempt from the sales tax imposed under c.

270 chapter 212.

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271	2. Licensed as a nursing home or an assisted living
272	facility under chapter 400 and which is exempt from the sales
273	tax imposed under chapter 212.
274	Section 4. Subsection (8) is added to section 202.22,
275	Florida Statutes, to read:
276	202.22 Determination of local tax situs
277	(8) All local communications services taxes collected by a
278	dealer are subject to the provisions of s. 213.756. The hold
279	harmless protection provided by subsection (1) does not entitle
280	a dealer to retain or take credits for taxes collected from any
281	customers that are assigned to an incorrect local taxing
282	jurisdiction in excess of the taxes due to the correct local
283	taxing jurisdiction for that customer. Dealers are entitled to
284	refunds of or credits for such excess collections only upon
285	making refunds or providing credits to the customer.
286	Section 5. The amendment to s. 202.22(8), Florida
287	Statutes, made by this act is remedial in nature and is intended
288	to clarify existing law.
289	Section 6. Subsection (6) of section 202.27, Florida
290	Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (8) and subsections (6)
291	and (7) are added to said section to read:
292	202.27 Return filing; rules for self-accrual
293	(6) In addition to the contact person identified on the
294	return, each dealer of communications services obligated to
295	collect and remit local communications services tax imposed
296	under s. 202.19 may at any time, and shall within 10 days after
297	a request, designate a managerial representative to whom the
298	department shall direct any inquiry regarding the completeness
299	or accuracy of the dealer's return when the response provided by
300	the contact person identified on the return was inadequate. When
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301	the representative designated under this subsection is contacted
302	by the department, the dealer shall respond to the department
303	within 30 days.
304	(7)(a) If the department determines it is probable that a
305	return filed pursuant to this chapter contains a material error
306	in the reporting of local communications service taxes by
307	jurisdiction as required by s. 202.37(2), the department,
308	subject to the provisions of this subsection, may issue a notice
309	as described in this subsection to the dealer that filed the
310	return. The notice shall be in writing and shall be issued as
311	soon as possible following the date the department received the
312	return. Prior to issuing the notice, the department shall
313	attempt to resolve the issue in the manner provided in
314	subsection (6), shall consult with the affected local
315	jurisdictions, and shall consult other sources of information
316	available to the department that would have a bearing on whether
317	the existence of a material error in the return is probable.
318	Such inquiry by the department shall include, without
319	limitation, whether local rate changes, changes in
320	jurisdictional boundaries, or fluctuations in the taxes reported
321	by other dealers are consistent with the reporting on the return
322	that is the subject of the notice. The notice shall specify the
323	schedule and the line or lines of the return that are the
324	subject of the notice, describe the reporting error, and
325	describe the other sources of information consulted by the
326	department as required herein and the results of such inquiry.
327	(b) The dealer shall respond in writing to the notice
328	within 90 days after receipt of the notice, except that an
329	extension of such 90-day period shall be granted if requested by
330	the dealer for reasonable cause. The dealer's response shall
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331	state either that the return contained a material error
332	conforming to the department's description and that the error
333	has been corrected by filing a corrected return or that the
334	dealer has been unable to locate such an error. In the latter
335	event, the dealer's response shall also state whether any of the
336	following events have occurred that might reasonably account for
337	the condition described in the notice as a probable reporting
338	error:
339	1. The dealer has changed from one of the methods
340	specified in s. 202.22(1) of assigning customers to local
341	jurisdictions to another method specified in such subsection;
342	2. There has been an acquisition or disposition of an
343	entity providing communications services, an acquisition or
344	disposition of such an entity's assets used to provide such
345	services, or a change in the dealer's licensed service area;
346	3. The dealer has implemented a new billing system;
347	4. There has been an update to the dealer's database or
348	corrections in assignments of service addresses pursuant to s.
349	<u>202.22(4)(b); or</u>
350	5. Substantial credits, refunds, or adjustments to
351	customer accounts are reflected in the return identified in the
352	notice.
353	
354	This paragraph shall not be construed to require the dealer to
355	perform a self-audit to ascertain whether the condition
356	described in the notice is attributable to any of the foregoing
357	events and the issuance of the notice shall not be considered to
358	determine the dealer's substantial interests or be considered to
359	constitute an audit for purposes of this chapter.

HB 1907 2003 360 (c) If the dealer responds as required in this subsection and provides information prescribed in subparagraphs (b)1.-5. 361 that is incorrect and, after audit, the return is finally 362 determined to contain the specific material error identified in 363 the notice, the dealer shall be subject to a penalty not to 364 exceed the lesser of 10 percent of any taxes reported for an 365 incorrect jurisdiction as a result of the error or \$10,000. If 366 the dealer fails to respond to the notice or request an 367 extension within the time prescribed, the dealer shall be 368 subject to a specific penalty of \$5,000, except that the 369 department shall waive the specific penalty if the dealer 370 responds as required within 30 days after notification that the 371 372 specific penalty has been imposed. (d) For purposes of this subsection, the term "material 373 374 error" means an error in the reporting of tax on a return for a specific local jurisdiction that exceeds the greater of \$50,000 375 or 50 percent of the tax reported for such local jurisdiction. 376 Material error also includes a return for which Schedule I or 377 Schedule II is not included, regardless of the tax amount 378 reported. The term "material error" does not include, and the 379 penalties set forth in this subsection shall not apply to, any 380 error resulting from the assignment of a service address to an 381 incorrect local taxing jurisdiction for which the dealer is held 382 harmless under s. 202.22(1). 383 This subsection is repealed June 30, 2004. (e) 384 Section 7. Paragraphs (d) and (e) are added to subsection 385 (2) of section 202.28, Florida Statutes, to read: 386 202.28 Credit for collecting tax; penalties.--387 388 (2)

HB 1907 2003 389 (d) If a dealer fails to separately report and identify local communications services taxes on the appropriate return 390 schedule, the dealer shall be subject to a penalty of \$5,000 per 391 392 return. (e) If a dealer of communications services does not use 393 one or more of the methods specified in s. 202.22(1) for 394 assigning service addresses to local jurisdictions and assigns 395 one or more service addresses to an incorrect local jurisdiction 396 in collecting and remitting local communications services taxes 397 imposed under s. 202.19, the dealer shall be subject to a 398 399 specific penalty of 10 percent of any tax collected but reported to the incorrect jurisdiction as a result of incorrect 400 401 assignment, provided that in no event shall the penalty imposed hereunder with respect to a single return exceed \$10,000. 402 Section 8. Subsection (5) is added to section 202.34, 403 Florida Statutes, to read: 404 202.34 Records required to be kept; power to inspect; 405 audit procedure .--406 (5) If a dealer retains records in both machine-sensible 407 and hard copy formats, upon request by the department, the 408 dealer shall make the records available to the department in the 409 machine-sensible format. Any dealer or other person who fails or 410 refuses to provide such records within 60 days after the 411 department's request or any extension thereof shall, in addition 412 to all other penalties provided by law, be subject to a specific 413 penalty of \$5,000 per audit. 414 Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 202.35, Florida 415 Statutes, is amended to read: 416 417 202.35 Powers of department in dealing with delinguents; tax to be separately stated. --418

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If a dealer or other person fails or refuses to make 419 (3) his or her records available for inspection so that an audit or 420 examination of his or her books and records cannot be made, 421 fails or refuses to register as a dealer, fails to make a report 422 and pay the tax as provided by this chapter, makes a grossly 423 incorrect report, or makes a report that is false or fraudulent, 424 the department shall make an assessment from an estimate based 425 upon the best information then available to it for the taxable 426 period of retail sales of the dealer, together with any accrued 427 interest and penalties. The department shall then proceed to 428 429 collect the taxes, interest, and penalties on the basis of such assessment, which shall be considered prima facie correct; and 430 the burden to show the contrary rests upon the dealer or other 431 person. If a dealer fails to respond to a contact made pursuant 432 to s. 202.27(6) or a notice issued pursuant to s. 202.27(7), or 433 if a dealer's records are determined to be inadequate for 434 purposes of determining whether the dealer properly allocated 435 tax to and between local governments, the department is 436 authorized to determine the proper allocation or reallocation of 437 the tax based upon the best information available to the 438 439 department and shall seek the agreement of the affected local governments. 440 Section 10. Section 206.02, Florida Statutes, is amended 441 to read: 442 206.02 Application for license; temporary license; 443 terminal suppliers, importers, exporters, blenders, biodiesel 444 manufacturers, and wholesalers .--445 It is unlawful for any person to engage in business as 446 (1)a terminal supplier, importer, exporter, blender, biodiesel 447 manufacturer, or wholesaler of motor fuel within this state 448 Page 15 of 62

HB 1907 2003 unless such person is the holder of an unrevoked license issued 449 by the department to engage in such business. A person is 450 engaging in such business if he or she: 451 452 (a) Imports or causes any motor fuel to be imported and sells such fuel at wholesale, retail, or otherwise within this 453 state. 454 (b) Imports and withdraws for use within this state by 455 himself or herself or others any motor fuel from the tank car, 456 truck, or other original container or package in which such 457 motor fuel was imported into this state. 458 (c) Manufactures, refines, produces, or compounds any 459 motor fuel and sells such fuel at wholesale or retail, or 460 otherwise within this state for use or consumption within this 461 state. 462 (d) Imports into this state from any other state or 463 foreign country, or receives by any means into this state, any 464 motor fuel which is intended to be used for consumption in this 465 state and keeps such fuel in storage in this state for a period 466 of 24 hours or more after it loses its interstate or foreign 467 commerce character as a shipment in interstate or foreign 468 469 commerce. (e) Is primarily liable under the fuel tax laws of this 470 state for the payment of motor fuel taxes. 471 (f) Purchases or receives in this state motor fuel upon 472 which the tax has not been paid. 473 (g) Exports taxable motor or diesel fuels either from 474 substorage at a bulk facility or directly from a terminal rack 475 to a destination outside the state. 476

HB 1907 (2) To procure a terminal supplier license, a person shall file with the department an application under oath, and in such form as the department may prescribe, setting forth:

(a) The name under which the person will transact business
within the state and that person's registration number under s.
481 4101 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) The location, with street number address, of his or
her principal office or place of business and the location where
records will be made available for inspection.

The name and complete residence address of the owner 486 (C) 487 or the names and addresses of the partners, if such person is a partnership, or of the principal officers, if such person is a 488 corporation or association; and, if such person is a corporation 489 organized under the laws of another state, territory, or 490 country, he or she shall also indicate the state, territory, or 491 country in which the corporation is organized and the date the 492 corporation was registered with file with the application a 493 certified copy of the certificate or license issued by the 494 Department of State as a foreign corporation showing that such 495 corporation is authorized to transact business in the state. 496

The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license shall be renewed annually through application, including an annual \$30 license tax.

(3) To procure an importer, exporter, or blender of motor
fuels license, a person shall file with the department an
application under oath, and in such form as the department may
prescribe, setting forth:

505 (a) The name under which the person will transact business 506 within the state.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(b) The location, with street number address, of his or
her principal office or place of business and the location where
records will be made available for inspection.

The name and complete residence address of the owner 510 (C) or the names and addresses of the partners, if such person is a 511 partnership, or of the principal officers, if such person is a 512 corporation or association; and, if such person is a corporation 513 514 organized under the laws of another state, territory, or country, he or she shall also indicate the state, territory, or 515 country in which the corporation is organized and the date the 516 517 corporation was registered with file with the application a certified copy of the certificate or license issued by the 518 Department of State as a foreign corporation showing that such 519 corporation is authorized to transact business in the state. 520

522 The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license 523 shall be renewed annually through application, including an 524 annual \$30 license tax.

(4) To procure a wholesaler of motor fuel license, a
person shall file with the department an application under oath
and in such form as the department may prescribe, setting forth:

(a) The name under which the person will transact businesswithin the state.

(b) The location, with street number address, of his or
her principal office or place of business within this state and
the location where records will be made available for
inspection.

(c) The name and complete residence address of the owner
or the names and addresses of the partners, if such person is a
partnership, or of the principal officers, if such person is a

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HB 1907 2003 corporation or association; and, if such person is a corporation 537 organized under the laws of another state, territory, or 538 country, he or she shall also indicate the state, territory, or 539 country in which the corporation is organized and the date the 540 corporation was registered with file with the application a 541 certified copy of the certificate or license issued by the 542 Department of State as a foreign corporation showing that such 543 corporation is authorized to transact business in the state. 544 545

The application shall require a \$30 license tax. Each license shall be renewed annually through application, including an annual \$30 license fee.

(5) Each biodiesel manufacturer must meet the reporting,
bonding, and licensing requirements prescribed for wholesalers
by this chapter Any importer who establishes a business location
in this state must, prior to beginning business in the state,
apply for and be issued a wholesaler's license. An importer's
license becomes invalid on the date business operations begin
from a location within this state.

(6) Upon the filing of an application for a license and
concurrently therewith, a bond of the character stipulated and
in the amount provided for shall be filed with the department.
No license shall issue upon any application unless accompanied
by such a bond, except as provided in s. 206.05(1).

(7)(a) If all applicants for a license hold a current license in good standing of the same type and kind, the department shall issue a temporary license upon the filing of a completed application, payment of all fees, and the posting of adequate bond. A temporary license shall automatically expire 90 days after its effective date or, prior to the expiration of 90

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HB 1907 2003 days or the period of any extension, upon issuance of a 567 permanent license or of a notice of intent to deny a permanent 568 license. A temporary license may be extended once for a period 569 not to exceed 60 days, upon written request of the applicant, 570 subject to the restrictions imposed by this subsection. 571 (b) A publicly held corporation, the securities of which 572 are regularly traded on a national securities exchange and not 573

are regularly traded on a national securities exchange and not over the counter, which begins a new business and which applies for a license as a terminal supplier, importer, exporter, or wholesaler shall be issued a license without the department's background investigation.

578 Section 11. Subsection (5) of section 206.026, Florida 579 Statutes, is amended to read:

206.026 Certain persons prohibited from holding a terminal supplier, importer, exporter, blender, carrier, terminal operator, or wholesaler license; suspension and revocation.--

(5) The department shall obtain fingerprints and make such 583 rules for the photographing, fingerprinting, and obtaining of 584 personal data from persons of individuals described in paragraph 585 (1)(a) for purposes of determining whether such persons have a 586 criminal background and shall obtain the obtaining of such data 587 regarding the business entities described in paragraph (1) (a) as 588 are necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section. Such 589 fingerprints shall be used for statewide criminal and juvenile 590 records checks through the Department of Law Enforcement and 591 federal criminal records checks through the Federal Bureau of 592 Investigation. 593

594Section 12.Subsection (2) of section 206.052, Florida595Statutes, is amended to read:

596 206.052 Export of tax-free fuels.--

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HB 1907 2003 A licensed exporter shall not divert for sale or use 597 (2) in this state any fuel designated to a destination outside this 598 state without first obtaining a diversion number from the 599 department as specified in s. 206.416(1)(b)(d) and manually 600 recording that number on the shipping paper prior to diversion 601 of fuel for sale or use in this state. 602 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 206.14, Florida 603 Statutes, is amended to read: 604 206.14 Inspection of records; audits; hearings; forms; 605 rules and regulations. --606 607 (2)(a) The department or any authorized deputy, employee, or agent is authorized to audit and examine the records, books, 608 609 papers, and equipment of terminal suppliers, importers, exporters, or wholesalers, retail dealers, terminal operators, 610 or all private and common carriers to verify the truth and 611 accuracy of any statement or report and ascertain whether or not 612 the tax imposed by this law has been paid. No prior written 613 notification is necessary. In addition to making all records 614 available to the department to determine the accuracy of tax 615 payments to the state and suppliers, all persons, including 616 retail dealers, wholesalers, importers, exporters, terminal 617 suppliers, and end users with storage other than the fuel tank 618 of a highway vehicle, shall make available to the department, 619 during normal business hours, records disclosing all receipts, 620 sales, inventory records, fuel payments, and tax payment 621 information. These records shall cover all transactions within 622 the last 3 complete calendar months and shall be made available 623 within 3 business days of the department's request. The 624 department may correct by credit or refund any overpayment of 625 tax, penalty, or interest revealed by an audit or examination 626

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627	and shall make assessment of any deficiency in tax, penalty, or
628	interest determined to be due.
629	(b) Any person who fails to provide the records required
630	by this section shall, in addition to all other penalties, be
631	subject to a penalty of \$5,000.
632	Section 14. Section 206.414, Florida Statutes, is amended
633	to read:
634	206.414 Collection of certain taxes; prohibited credits
635	and refunds
636	(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 206.41 requiring
637	the collection of taxes due when motor fuel is removed through
638	the terminal loading rack, the taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d),
639	(e), and (f) shall be collected in the following manner:
640	(a) Prior to January 1 of each year, the department shall
641	determine the minimum amount of taxes to be imposed by s.
642	206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) in any county.
643	(b) The minimum tax imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and
644	(f) shall be collected in the same manner as the taxes imposed
645	under s. 206.41(1)(a), (b), and (c), at the point of removal
646	through the terminal loading rack or as provided in paragraph
647	(c). All taxes collected, refunded, or credited shall be
648	distributed based on the current applied period.
649	(c) (1) The taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f)
650	above the annual minimum shall be collected and remitted by
651	licensed wholesalers and terminal suppliers upon each sale,
652	delivery, or consignment to retail dealers, resellers, and end
653	users.
654	(2) Terminal suppliers and wholesalers shall not collect
655	the taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) above the
656	annual minimum established in this section on authorized
Į	Page 22 of 62

HB 1907 2003 657 exchanges and sales to terminal suppliers, wholesalers, and importers. 658 Terminal suppliers, wholesalers, and importers shall 659 (3) not pay the taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) above 660 the annual minimum established in this section to their 661 suppliers. There shall be no credit or refund for any of the 662 taxes imposed by s. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) above the annual 663 minimum established in this section paid by a terminal supplier, 664 wholesaler, or importer to any supplier. 665 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 206.416, Florida 666 667 Statutes, is amended to read: 206.416 Change in state destination. --668 669 (1)(a) A terminal supplier or person who is receiving fuel pursuant to an exchange agreement who sells fuel destined for 670 sale or use in this state may change the destination state 671 designated on the original shipping paper upon notification by 672 the purchaser of the fuel by the 10th day of the month following 673 the date of the transaction. The terminal supplier or position 674 holder shall document a timely change in destination state by 675 issuing a new invoice bearing the corrected destination state. 676 Each terminal supplier and position holder shall report monthly 677 to the department all changes in the state of destination 678 issued, including the name of purchaser, date, number of gallons 679 of fuel, and the basis for the change. 680 (b) A terminal supplier or position holder who issues a 681 change in the state of destination on the invoice to this state 682 from another state shall collect and remit to the department the 683 tax levied pursuant to this part on such fuel. A terminal 684 supplier or position holder who issues a change in the state of 685 destination from this state to another state shall be entitled 686

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HB 1907 687 to a credit or refund of any tax levied pursuant to this part on 688 such fuel which it has collected and remitted to the department.

(a)(c) A terminal supplier or position holder may sell 689 motor or diesel fuel, other than by bulk transfer, a portion of 690 which fuel is destined for sale or use in this state and a 691 portion of which fuel is destined for sale or use in another 692 state or states. However, such sale shall be documented by the 693 terminal supplier or position holder by issuing shipping papers 694 designating the state of destination for each portion of the 695 fuel. 696

(b)(d) A licensed terminal supplier, wholesaler, importer, 697 or exporter who intends to sell or use motor fuel in this state 698 699 which was purchased pursuant to shipping papers bearing an out-700 of-state destination shall obtain a diversion number issued by 701 the department which shall be manually recorded by the terminal supplier, wholesaler, importer, or exporter on the shipping 702 paper prior to importing the fuel into this state. The terminal 703 supplier, If the licensed wholesaler, importer, or exporter 704 fails to timely notify the terminal supplier or position holder 705 pursuant to paragraph (a) to obtain a corrected invoice, the 706 licensed wholesaler, importer, or exporter is shall be liable 707 for reporting and remitting to report and remit all applicable 708 taxes on said fuel with the return required pursuant to s. 709 206.43. 710

711 (c) If a wholesaler or exporter diverts to this state, 712 within 3 consecutive months, more than six loads of fuel which 713 were originally destined for allocation outside the state, the 714 wholesaler or exporter must register as an importer within 30 715 days after such diversion. A wholesaler or exporter who violates 716 this paragraph is subject to the penalties prescribed under ss.

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717	206.413 and 206.872.
718	Section 16. Section 206.485, Florida Statutes, is amended
719	to read:
720	206.485 Tracking system reporting requirements
721	(1) The information required for tracking movements of
722	petroleum products pursuant to ss. 206.08, 206.09, 206.095, and
723	206.48 shall be submitted in the manner prescribed by the
724	executive director of the department by rule. The rule shall
725	include, but not be limited to, the data elements, the format of
726	the data elements, and the method and medium of transmission to
727	the department.
728	(2) Any person liable for reporting under this chapter who
729	fails to meet the requirements of this section within 3 months
730	after notification of such failure by the department shall, in
731	addition to all other penalties prescribed by this chapter, be
732	subject to an additional penalty of \$5,000 for each month such
733	failure continues.
734	Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 206.86, Florida
735	Statutes, is amended, and subsections (14) and (15) are added to
736	said section, to read:
737	206.86 DefinitionsAs used in this part:
738	(1) "Diesel fuel" means all petroleum distillates commonly
739	known as diesel #2 <u>, biodiesel,</u> or any other product blended with
740	diesel or any product placed into the storage supply tank of a
741	diesel-powered motor vehicle.
742	(14) "Biodiesel" means any product made from nonpetroleum-
743	based oils or fats which is suitable for use in diesel-powered
744	engines. Biodiesel is also referred to as "alkyl esters."
745	(15) "Biodiesel manufacturer" means those industrial
746	plants, regardless of capacity, at which organic products are
I	Page 25 of 62

HB 1907 2003 used in the production of biodiesel. Biodiesel manufacturer 747 includes businesses that process or blend organic products that 748 are marketed as biodiesel. 749 Section 18. Section 206.89, Florida Statutes, is amended 750 to read: 751 752 206.89 Licenses; necessity; prerequisites; issuance; nonassignability. --753 (1)(a) A No person may not shall act as a retailer 754 wholesaler of alternative fuel unless he or she holds a valid 755 retailer wholesaler of alternative fuel license issued by the 756 757 department. A person who has no facilities for placing diesel fuel into the supply system of a motor vehicle and who sells 758 759 into containers of 5 gallons or less is shall not be required to be licensed as a retailer wholesaler of alternative fuel. 760 (b) Any person who acts as a retailer wholesaler of 761 alternative fuel and does not hold a valid retailer wholesaler 762 of alternative fuel license shall pay a penalty of 25 percent of 763 the tax assessed on the total purchases. 764

(2) To procure a <u>retailer</u> wholesaler of alternative fuel license, a person shall file with the department an application in such form as the department may prescribe, with a bond. <u>A</u> No license <u>may not</u> shall be issued upon any application unless accompanied by such bond, except as provided in s. 206.90(1).

(3) When an application for a <u>retailer</u> wholesaler of alternative fuel license is filed by a person whose license has been canceled for cause by the department or when the department is of the opinion that such application is not filed in good faith or is filed by some person as a subterfuge for the real person in interest whose license has theretofore been canceled,

HB 1907 2003 the department may shall have authority, if the evidence 776 warrants, to refuse to issue to that person a license. 777 At the time of filing an application for a license, a 778 (4) filing fee of \$5 shall be paid to the department for deposit 779 into the General Revenue Fund. 780 (5) All requirements of this section having been complied 781 with, the department shall issue to the applicant a license, and 782 such license shall remain in effect until canceled as provided 783 in this part. 784 Such license may shall not be assigned assignable and (6) 785 is shall be valid only for the retailer wholesaler of 786 alternative fuel in whose name it is issued. It shall be 787 displayed conspicuously by the retailer wholesaler of 788 alternative fuel in the principal place of business for which it 789 790 was issued. Every person as defined in this part, except those (7) 791 licensed under this chapter, including, but not limited to, a 792 state agency, federal agency, municipality, county, or special 793 district, which operates as a retailer wholesaler of alternative 794 fuel shall and report monthly to the department and, or pay tax 795 on all fuel purchases. 796 Section 19. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 797 212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 798 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; 799 authorization and use of proceeds. -- It is the legislative intent 800 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 801

subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of thelevy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties

surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a

authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the

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HB 1907 806 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 807 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 808 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 809 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 810 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 811 provided in s. 212.054.

812

(2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX.--

(d)1. The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this 813 subsection and any interest accrued thereto shall be expended by 814 the school district or within the county and municipalities 815 816 within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, to finance, plan, and 817 818 construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public recreation or conservation or protection of natural resources 819 820 and to finance the closure of county-owned or municipally owned solid waste landfills that are already closed or are required to 821 close by order of the Department of Environmental Protection. 822 Any use of such proceeds or interest for purposes of landfill 823 closure prior to July 1, 1993, is ratified. Neither the proceeds 824 nor any interest accrued thereto shall be used for operational 825 expenses of any infrastructure, except that any county with a 826 population of less than 75,000 that is required to close a 827 landfill by order of the Department of Environmental Protection 828 may use the proceeds or any interest accrued thereto for long-829 term maintenance costs associated with landfill closure and 830 except that a charter county which is a member of a three-county 831 expressway or transit authority created by law, and at least one 832 of the three member counties is eligible to levy the tax 833 pursuant to s. 125.0104(3)(m), may use the proceeds or any 834 interests accrued thereto for operation and maintenance of a 835

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HB 1907 transit system. Counties, as defined in s. 125.011(1), and 836 charter counties may, in addition, use the proceeds and any 837 interest accrued thereto to retire or service indebtedness 838 incurred for bonds issued prior to July 1, 1987, for 839 infrastructure purposes, and for bonds subsequently issued to 840 refund such bonds. Any use of such proceeds or interest for 841 purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for such 842 refunding bonds prior to July 1, 1999, is ratified. 843

For the purposes of this paragraph, "infrastructure" 2. 844 means: 845

846 a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement 847 of public facilities which have a life expectancy of 5 or more 848 years and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and 849 engineering costs related thereto. 850

A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service b. 851 vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department 852 vehicle, or any other vehicle, and such equipment necessary to 853 outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a 854 life expectancy of at least 5 years. 855

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, 856 3. a discretionary sales surtax imposed or extended after the 857 effective date of this act may provide for an amount not to 858 exceed 15 percent of the local option sales surtax proceeds to 859 be allocated for deposit to a trust fund within the county's 860 accounts created for the purpose of funding economic development 861 projects of a general public purpose targeted to improve local 862 economies, including the funding of operational costs and 863 864 incentives related to such economic development. The ballot

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HB 1907 865 statement must indicate the intention to make an allocation 866 under the authority of this subparagraph.

Section 20. Effective January 1, 2004, subsections (2) and
(3) of section 212.0606, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
212.0606 Rental car surcharge.--

(2)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 212.20, 870 and less costs of administration, 80 percent of the proceeds of 871 this surcharge shall be deposited in the State Transportation 872 Trust Fund, 15.75 percent of the proceeds of this surcharge 873 shall be deposited in the Tourism Promotional Trust Fund created 874 875 in s. 288.122, and 4.25 percent of the proceeds of this surcharge shall be deposited in the Florida International Trade 876 877 and Promotion Trust Fund. For the purposes of this subsection, "proceeds" of the surcharge means all funds collected and 878 received by the department under this section, including 879 interest and penalties on delinquent surcharges. The department 880 shall provide to the Department of Transportation rental car 881 surcharge revenues for the previous state fiscal year by 882 September 1 of each year. 883

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in fiscal 884 year 2007-2008 and each year thereafter, the proceeds deposited 885 in the State Transportation Trust Fund shall be allocated on an 886 annual basis in the Department of Transportation's work program 887 to each department district, except the Turnpike District. The 888 amount allocated for each district shall be based upon the 889 amount of proceeds attributed to collected in the counties 890 within each respective district. 891

(3)(a) Except as provided in this section, the department
shall administer, collect, and enforce the surcharge as provided
in this chapter. The provisions of this chapter which apply to

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HB 1907 2003 interest and penalties on delinquent taxes shall apply to the 895 surcharge. The surcharge shall not be included in the 896 calculation of estimated taxes pursuant to s. 212.11. The 897 dealer's credit provided in s. 212.12 shall not apply to any 898 amount collected under this section. 899 The department shall require dealers to report 900 (b) surcharge collections according to the county to which the 901 surcharge was attributed. For purposes of this paragraph, the 902 surcharge shall be attributed to the county in which the rental 903 agreement was entered into. 904 905 (c) Dealers who collect the rental car surcharge shall report all surcharge revenues attributed to the county in which 906 907 the rental agreement was entered into to the department on a timely filed return for each required reporting period. 908 Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and paragraph 909 (o) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are 910 amended, and paragraph (ccc) is added to subsection (7) of said 911 section, to read: 912 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and 913 212.08 storage tax; specified exemptions. -- The sale at retail, the 914 rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the 915 storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following 916 are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this 917 chapter. 918 (4) EXEMPTIONS; ITEMS BEARING OTHER EXCISE TAXES, ETC. --919 920 (a) Also exempt are: Water delivered to the purchaser through pipes or 1. 921 conduits or delivered for irrigation purposes. The sale of 922 drinking water in bottles, cans, or other containers, including 923 water that contains minerals or carbonation in its natural state 924 Page 31 of 62 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

HB 1907 2003 or water to which minerals have been added at a water treatment 925 facility regulated by the Department of Environmental Protection 926 or the Department of Health, is exempt. This exemption does not 927 928 apply to the sale of drinking water in bottles, cans, or other containers if carbonation or flavorings, except those added at a 929 water treatment facility, have been added. Water that has been 930 enhanced by the addition of minerals and that does not contain 931 any added carbonation or flavorings is also exempt. 932

2. All fuels used by a public or private utility, 933 including any municipal corporation or rural electric 934 cooperative association, in the generation of electric power or 935 energy for sale. Fuel other than motor fuel and diesel fuel is 936 937 taxable as provided in this chapter with the exception of fuel expressly exempt herein. Motor fuels and diesel fuels are 938 taxable as provided in chapter 206, with the exception of those 939 motor fuels and diesel fuels used by railroad locomotives or 940 vessels to transport persons or property in interstate or 941 foreign commerce, which are taxable under this chapter only to 942 the extent provided herein. The basis of the tax shall be the 943 ratio of intrastate mileage to interstate or foreign mileage 944 traveled by the carrier's railroad locomotives or vessels that 945 were used in interstate or foreign commerce and that had at 946 least some Florida mileage during the previous fiscal year of 947 the carrier, such ratio to be determined at the close of the 948 fiscal year of the carrier. However, during the fiscal year in 949 which the carrier begins its initial operations in this state, 950 the carrier's mileage apportionment factor may be determined on 951 the basis of an estimated ratio of anticipated miles in this 952 state to anticipated total miles for that year and, 953 954

subsequently, additional tax shall be paid on the motor fuel and

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HB 1907 2003 955 diesel fuels, or a refund may be applied for, on the basis of the actual ratio of the carrier's railroad locomotives' or 956 vessels' miles in this state to its total miles for that year. 957 This ratio shall be applied each month to the total Florida 958 purchases made in this state of motor and diesel fuels to 959 establish that portion of the total used and consumed in 960 intrastate movement and subject to tax under this chapter. The 961 basis for imposition of any discretionary surtax shall be set 962 forth in s. 212.054. Fuels used exclusively in intrastate 963 commerce do not qualify for the proration of tax. 964 965 3. The transmission or wheeling of electricity. EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE. --(5) 966 (0) Building materials in redevelopment projects.--967 As used in this paragraph, the term: 1. 968 "Building materials" means tangible personal property 969 a. that becomes a component part of a housing project or a mixed-970 use project. 971 "Housing project" means the conversion of an existing b. 972 manufacturing or industrial building to housing units in an 973 urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front 974 Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill 975 area and in which the developer agrees to set aside at least 20 976

978 moderate-income persons, or the construction in a designated 979 brownfield area of affordable housing for persons described in 980 <u>s. 420.0004(9), (10), or (14) or in s. 159.603(7)</u>.

percent of the housing units in the project for low-income and

c. "Mixed-use project" means the conversion of an existing manufacturing or industrial building to mixed-use units that include artists' studios, art and entertainment services, or other compatible uses. A mixed-use project must be located in an

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HB 1907 2003 urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front 985 Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill 986 area, and the developer must agree to set aside at least 20 987 percent of the square footage of the project for low-income and 988 moderate-income housing. 989 d. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as 990 provided in s. 192.042(1). 991 2. Building materials used in the construction of a 992 housing project or mixed-use project are exempt from the tax 993 imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the 994 995 satisfaction of the department that the requirements of this paragraph have been met. This exemption inures to the owner 996 997 through a refund of previously paid taxes. To receive this refund, the owner must file an application under oath with the 998 department which includes: 999 The name and address of the owner. 1000 a. b. The address and assessment roll parcel number of the 1001 project for which a refund is sought. 1002 A copy of the building permit issued for the project. 1003 c. d. A certification by the local building code inspector 1004 that the project is substantially completed. 1005 A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the 1006 e. general contractor licensed in this state with whom the owner 1007 contracted to construct the project, which statement lists the 1008 building materials used in the construction of the project and 1009 the actual cost thereof, and the amount of sales tax paid on 1010 these materials. If a general contractor was not used, the owner 1011 shall provide this information in a sworn statement, under 1012 penalty of perjury. Copies of invoices evidencing payment of 1013 sales tax must be attached to the sworn statement. 1014 Page 34 of 62 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

An application for a refund under this paragraph must 1015 3. be submitted to the department within 6 months after the date 1016 the project is deemed to be substantially completed by the local 1017 building code inspector. Within 30 working days after receipt of 1018 the application, the department shall determine if it meets the 1019 requirements of this paragraph. A refund approved pursuant to 1020 this paragraph shall be made within 30 days after formal 1021 approval of the application by the department. The provisions of 1022 s. 212.095 do not apply to any refund application made under 1023 this paragraph. 1024

4. The department shall establish by rule an application
form and criteria for establishing eligibility for exemption
under this paragraph.

1028 5. The exemption shall apply to purchases of materials on 1029 or after July 1, 2000.

MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS. -- Exemptions provided to any (7)1030 entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is 1031 otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a 1032 representative or employee of the entity by any means, 1033 including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even 1034 when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed 1035 by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by 1036 this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is 1037 otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has 1038 obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department 1039 or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as 1040 required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made 1041 with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this 1042 subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an 1043 exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict 1044

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1045	compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and
1046	shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer
1047	this subsection.
1048	(ccc) Low speed vehicles Also exempt from the tax
1049	imposed by this chapter are low speed vehicles as defined in s.
1050	320.01(42).
1051	Section 22. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section
1052	212.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1053	212.11 Tax returns and regulations
1054	(4)
1055	(e) The penalty provisions of this chapter, except s.
1056	212.12(2) (f) (e), apply to the provisions of this subsection.
1057	Section 23. Subsections (1), (2), (9), (10), and (11) of
1058	section 212.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1059	212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for
1060	noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with
1061	delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions;
1062	records required
1063	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and for the
1064	purpose of compensating persons granting licenses for and the
1065	lessors of real and personal property taxed hereunder, for the
1066	purpose of compensating dealers in tangible personal property,
1067	for the purpose of compensating dealers providing communication
1068	services and taxable services, for the purpose of compensating
1069	owners of places where admissions are collected, and for the
1070	purpose of compensating remitters of any taxes or fees reported
1071	on the same documents utilized for the sales and use tax, as
1072	compensation for the keeping of prescribed records, filing
1073	timely tax returns, and the proper accounting and remitting of
1074	taxes by them, such seller, person, lessor, dealer, owner, and
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HB 1907 remitter (except dealers who make mail order sales) shall be 1075 allowed 2.5 percent of the amount of the tax due and accounted 1076 for and remitted to the department, in the form of a deduction 1077 1078 in submitting his or her report and paying the amount due by him or her; the department shall allow such deduction of 2.5 percent 1079 of the amount of the tax to the person paying the same for 1080 remitting the tax and making of tax returns in the manner herein 1081 provided, for paying the amount due to be paid by him or her, 1082 and as further compensation to dealers in tangible personal 1083 1084 property for the keeping of prescribed records and for 1085 collection of taxes and remitting the same. However, if the amount of the tax due and remitted to the department for the 1086 1087 reporting period exceeds \$1,200, no allowance shall be allowed for all amounts in excess of \$1,200. The executive director of 1088 1089 the department is authorized to negotiate a collection allowance, pursuant to rules promulgated by the department, with 1090 a dealer who makes mail order sales. The rules of the department 1091 shall provide guidelines for establishing the collection 1092 allowance based upon the dealer's estimated costs of collecting 1093 the tax, the volume and value of the dealer's mail order sales 1094 to purchasers in this state, and the administrative and legal 1095 costs and likelihood of achieving collection of the tax absent 1096 the cooperation of the dealer. However, in no event shall the 1097 collection allowance negotiated by the executive director exceed 1098 10 percent of the tax remitted for a reporting period. 1099

1100 (a) The collection allowance may not be granted, nor may any deduction be permitted, if the required tax return or tax is 1101 delinquent at the time of payment. 1102

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HB 1907 1103 <u>(a)(b)</u> The Department of Revenue may deny the collection 1104 allowance if a taxpayer files an incomplete return <u>or if the</u> 1105 <u>required tax return or tax is delinquent at the time of payment</u>.

An "incomplete return" is, for purposes of this
 chapter, a return which is lacking such uniformity,
 completeness, and arrangement that the physical handling,
 verification, review of the return, or determination of other
 taxes and fees reported on the return may not be readily
 accomplished.

The department shall adopt rules requiring such 2. 1112 1113 information as it may deem necessary to ensure that the tax levied hereunder is properly collected, reviewed, compiled, 1114 reported, and enforced, including, but not limited to: the 1115 amount of gross sales; the amount of taxable sales; the amount 1116 1117 of tax collected or due; the amount of lawful refunds, deductions, or credits claimed; the amount claimed as the 1118 dealer's collection allowance; the amount of penalty and 1119 interest; the amount due with the return; and such other 1120 information as the Department of Revenue may specify. The 1121 department shall require that transient rentals and agricultural 1122 1123 equipment transactions be separately shown. Sales made through vending machines as defined in s. 212.0515 must be separately 1124 shown on the return. Sales made through coin-operated amusement 1125 machines as defined by s. 212.02 and the number of machines 1126 operated must be separately shown on the return or on a form 1127 prescribed by the department. If a separate form is required, 1128 the same penalties for late filing, incomplete filing, or 1129 failure to file as provided for the sales tax return shall apply 1130 to said form. 1131

HB 1907 1132 (b)(c) The collection allowance and other credits or 1133 deductions provided in this chapter shall be applied 1134 proportionally to any taxes or fees reported on the same 1135 documents used for the sales and use tax.

(2)(a) When any person, firm, or corporation required 1136 1137 hereunder to make any return or to pay any tax or fee imposed by this chapter fails to timely file such return or fails to pay 1138 the tax or fee shown due on the return within the time required 1139 hereunder, in addition to all other penalties provided herein 1140 and by the laws of this state in respect to such taxes or fees, 1141 1142 a specific penalty shall be added to the tax or fee in the amount of 10 percent of the tax or fee shown on the return that 1143 1144 is not timely filed or any unpaid tax or fee not timely paid if 1145 the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional 10 1146 percent of any unpaid tax or fee for each additional 30 days, or fraction thereof, during the time which the failure continues, 1147 not to exceed a total penalty of 50 percent, in the aggregate, 1148 of any unpaid tax or fee. In no event may The penalty may not be 1149 less than \$50 \$10 for failure to timely file a tax return 1150 required by s. 212.11(1)(b) or timely pay the tax or fee shown 1151 due on the return except as provided in s. 213.21(10). If a 1152 person fails to timely file a return required by s. 212.11(1) 1153 and to timely pay the tax or fee shown due on the return, only 1154 one penalty of 10 percent, a minimum of \$50, shall be imposed \$5 1155 for failure to timely file a tax return authorized by s. 1156 $\frac{212.11(1)(c) \text{ or } (d)}{d}$. 1157

1158(b) When any person required under this section to make a1159return or to pay a tax or fee imposed by this chapter fails to1160disclose the tax or fee on the return within the time required,1161excluding a noncompliant filing event generated by situations

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	10 1707
1162	covered in paragraph (a), in addition to all other penalties
1163	provided in this section and by the laws of this state in
1164	respect to such taxes or fees, a specific penalty shall be added
1165	to the additional tax or fee owed in the amount of 10 percent of
1166	any such unpaid tax or fee not paid timely if the failure is for
1167	not more than 30 days, with an additional 10 percent of any such
1168	unpaid tax or fee for each additional 30 days, or fraction
1169	thereof, while the failure continues, not to exceed a total
1170	penalty of 50 percent, in the aggregate, of any unpaid tax or
1171	fee.

1172 (c)(b) Any person who knowingly and with a willful intent 1173 to evade any tax imposed under this chapter fails to file six 1174 consecutive returns as required by law commits a felony of the 1175 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 1176 775.083.

1177 (d)(c) Any person who makes a false or fraudulent return 1178 with a willful intent to evade payment of any tax or fee imposed 1179 under this chapter shall, in addition to the other penalties 1180 provided by law, be liable for a specific penalty of 100 percent 1181 of the tax bill or fee and, upon conviction, for fine and 1182 punishment as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

1183 1. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is less 1184 than \$300, the first offense resulting in conviction is a 1185 misdemeanor of the second degree, the second offense resulting 1186 in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the 1187 third and all subsequent offenses resulting in conviction are 1188 felonies of the third degree.

1189 2. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is \$300 1190 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a felony of the 1191 third degree.

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3. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense is a felony of the second degree.

1195 4. If the total amount of unreported taxes or fees is1196 \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the first degree.

1197 (e) (d) When any person, firm, or corporation fails to timely remit the proper estimated payment required under s. 1198 212.11, a specific penalty shall be added in an amount equal to 1199 10 percent of any unpaid estimated tax. Beginning with January 1200 1, 1985, returns, the department, upon a showing of reasonable 1201 1202 cause, is authorized to waive or compromise penalties imposed by this paragraph. However, other penalties and interest shall be 1203 1204 due and payable if the return on which the estimated payment was due was not timely or properly filed. 1205

(f) Dealers filing a consolidated return pursuant to s. 1206 212.11(1)(e) shall be subject to the penalty established in 1207 paragraph (e) unless the dealer has paid the required 1208 estimated tax for his or her consolidated return as a whole 1209 without regard to each location. If the dealer fails to pay the 1210 required estimated tax for his or her consolidated return as a 1211 whole, each filing location shall stand on its own with respect 1212 to calculating penalties pursuant to paragraph (e) $\frac{(d)}{(d)}$. 1213

Taxes imposed by this chapter upon the privilege of (9) 1214 the use, consumption, storage for consumption, or sale of 1215 tangible personal property, admissions, license fees, rentals, 1216 communication services, and upon the sale or use of services as 1217 herein taxed shall be collected upon the basis of an addition of 1218 the tax imposed by this chapter to the total price of such 1219 admissions, license fees, rentals, communication or other 1220 services, or sale price of such article or articles that are 1221

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HB 1907 2003 purchased, sold, or leased at any one time by or to a customer 1222 or buyer; the dealer, or person charged herein, is required to 1223 pay a privilege tax in the amount of the tax imposed by this 1224 chapter on the total of his or her gross sales of tangible 1225 personal property, admissions, license fees, rentals, and 1226 communication services or to collect a tax upon the sale or use 1227 of services, and such person or dealer shall add the tax imposed 1228 by this chapter to the price, license fee, rental, or 1229 admissions, and communication or other services and collect the 1230 total sum from the purchaser, admittee, licensee, lessee, or 1231 consumer. The department shall make available in an electronic 1232 format or otherwise the tax amounts and Notwithstanding the rate 1233 1234 of taxes imposed upon the privilege of sales, admissions, license fees, rentals, and communication services, or upon the 1235 1236 sale or use of services, the following brackets shall be applicable to all transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent: 1237 On single sales of less than 10 cents, no tax shall be 1238 (a) added. 1239 On single sales in amounts from 10 cents to 16 cents, 1240 (b) both inclusive, 1 cent shall be added for taxes. 1241 On sales in amounts from 17 cents to 33 cents, both 1242 (C) inclusive, 2 cents shall be added for taxes. 1243 (d) On sales in amounts from 34 cents to 50 cents, both 1244 inclusive, 3 cents shall be added for taxes. 1245 (e) On sales in amounts from 51 cents to 66 cents, both 1246 inclusive, 4 cents shall be added for taxes. 1247 (f) On sales in amounts from 67 cents to 83 cents, both 1248 inclusive, 5 cents shall be added for taxes. 1249 1250 On sales in amounts from 84 cents to \$1, both (q) inclusive, 6 cents shall be added for taxes. 1251 Page 42 of 62

HB 1907 2003 On sales in amounts of more than \$1, 6 percent shall 1252 (h) be charged upon each dollar of price, plus the appropriate 1253 bracket charge upon any fractional part of a dollar. 1254 (10)1255 In counties which have adopted a discretionary sales surtax at the rate of 1 percent, the department shall make 1256 available in an electronic format or otherwise the tax amounts 1257 and the following brackets shall be applicable to all taxable 1258 transactions that which would otherwise have been transactions 1259 taxable at the rate of 6 percent: 1260 On single sales of less than 10 cents, no tax shall be 1261 (a) added. 1262 On single sales in amounts from 10 cents to 14 cents, (b) 1263 both inclusive, 1 cent shall be added for taxes. 1264 (C) On sales in amounts from 15 cents to 28 cents, both 1265 inclusive, 2 cents shall be added for taxes. 1266 On sales in amounts from 29 cents to 42 cents, both (d) 1267 inclusive, 3 cents shall be added for taxes. 1268 (e) On sales in amounts from 43 cents to 57 cents, both 1269 inclusive, 4 cents shall be added for taxes. 1270 (f) On sales in amounts from 58 cents to 71 cents, both 1271 inclusive, 5 cents shall be added for taxes. 1272 On sales in amounts from 72 cents to 85 cents, both 1273 (q) inclusive, 6 cents shall be added for taxes. 1274 On sales in amounts from 86 cents to \$1, both (h) 1275 inclusive, 7 cents shall be added for taxes. 1276 (i) On sales in amounts from \$1 up to, and including, the 1277 first \$5,000 in price, 7 percent shall be charged upon each 1278 dollar of price, plus the appropriate bracket charge upon any 1279 1280 fractional part of a dollar.

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(j) On sales in amounts of more than \$5,000 in price, 7 percent shall be added upon the first \$5,000 in price, and 6 percent shall be added upon each dollar of price in excess of the first \$5,000 in price, plus the bracket charges upon any fractional part of a dollar as provided for in subsection (9).

(11)The department shall make available in an electronic 1286 format or otherwise is authorized to provide by rule the tax 1287 amounts and brackets applicable to all taxable transactions that 1288 occur in counties that have a surtax at a rate other than 1 1289 percent which transactions would otherwise have been 1290 1291 transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent. Likewise, the department shall make available in an electronic format or 1292 1293 otherwise is authorized to promulgate by rule the tax amounts 1294 and brackets applicable to transactions taxable at 2.5 or 3 percent pursuant to s. 212.08(3), transactions taxable at 7 1295 percent pursuant to s. 212.05(1)(e), and on transactions which 1296 would otherwise have been so taxable in counties which have 1297 adopted a discretionary sales surtax. 1298

Section 24. Paragraph (n) of subsection (7) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (x) is added to said subsection, to read:

1302

213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.--

1303 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,1304 the department may provide:

(n) Information contained in returns, reports, accounts,
or declarations to the Board of Accountancy in connection with a
disciplinary proceeding conducted pursuant to chapter 473 when
related to a certified public accountant participating in the
certified audits project, or to the court in connection with a
civil proceeding brought by the department relating to a claim

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HB 1907 2003 1311 for recovery of taxes due to negligence on the part of a certified public accountant participating in the certified 1312 audits project. In any judicial proceeding brought by the 1313 department, upon motion for protective order, the court shall 1314 limit disclosure of tax information when necessary to effectuate 1315 the purposes of this section. This paragraph is repealed on July 1316 1, 2006. 1317 (x) Rental car surcharge revenues authorized by s. 1318 212.0606, reported according to the county to which the 1319 surcharge was attributed to the Department of Transportation. 1320 1321 Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be 1322 pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director 1323 and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, 1324 shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as 1325 the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a 1326 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 1327 775.082 or s. 775.083. 1328 Section 25. Subsection (4) of section 213.0535, Florida 1329 Statutes, is amended to read: 1330 213.0535 Registration Information Sharing and Exchange 1331 Program.--1332 There are two levels of participation: (4) 1333 Each unit of state or local government responsible for (a) 1334 administering one or more of the provisions specified in 1335 subparagraphs 1.-7. is a level-one participant. Level-one 1336 participants shall exchange, monthly or quarterly, as determined 1337 jointly by each participant and the department, the data 1338 1339 enumerated in subsection (2) for each new registrant, new filer,

HB 1907 2003 or initial reporter, permittee, or licensee, with respect to the 1340 following taxes, licenses, or permits: 1341 1. The sales and use tax imposed under chapter 212. 1342 2. The tourist development tax imposed under s. 125.0104. 1343 3. The tourist impact tax imposed under s. 125.0108. 1344 4. Local occupational license taxes imposed under chapter 1345 205. 1346 1347 5. Convention development taxes imposed under s. 212.0305. Public lodging and food service establishment licenses 6. 1348 issued pursuant to chapter 509. 1349 1350 7. Beverage law licenses issued pursuant to chapter 561. 8. A municipal resort tax as authorized under chapter 67-1351 1352 930, Laws of Florida. Level-two participants include the Department of 1353 (b) Revenue and local officials responsible for collecting the 1354 tourist development tax pursuant to s. 125.0104, the tourist 1355 impact tax pursuant to s. 125.0108, or a convention development 1356 tax pursuant to s. 212.0305, or a municipal resort tax as 1357 authorized under chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida. Level-two 1358 participants shall, in addition to the data shared by level-one 1359 1360 participants, exchange data relating to tax payment history, audit assessments, and registration cancellations of dealers 1361 engaging in transient rentals, and such data may relate only to 1362 sales and use taxes, tourist development taxes, and convention 1363 development taxes, and municipal resort taxes. The department 1364 shall prescribe, by rule, the data elements to be shared and the 1365 frequency of sharing; however, audit assessments must be shared 1366 at least quarterly. 1367 1368 (C) A level-two participant may disclose information as

1369 provided in paragraph (b) in response to a request for such

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HB 1907 2003 information from any other level-two participant. Information 1370 relative to specific taxpayers shall be requested or disclosed 1371 under this paragraph only to the extent necessary in the 1372 administration of a tax or licensing provision as enumerated in 1373 paragraph (a). When a disclosure made under this paragraph 1374 involves confidential information provided to the participant by 1375 the Department of Revenue, the participant who provides the 1376 1377 information shall maintain records of the disclosures, which records shall be subject to review by the Department of Revenue 1378 for a period of 5 years after the date of the disclosure. 1379 1380 Section 26. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 213.21, Florida 1381 1382 Statutes, is amended to read: 213.21 Informal conferences; compromises. --1383 (7)(a) When a taxpayer voluntarily self-discloses a 1384 liability for tax to the department, the department may settle 1385 and compromise the tax and interest due under the voluntary 1386 self-disclosure to those amounts due for the 3 5 years 1387 immediately preceding the date that the taxpayer initially 1388 contacted the department concerning the voluntary self-1389 disclosure. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "years" 1390 means tax years or calendar years, whichever is applicable to 1391 the tax that is voluntarily self-disclosed. A voluntary self-1392 disclosure does not occur if the department has contacted or 1393 informed the taxpayer that the department is inquiring into the 1394 taxpayer's liability for tax or whether the taxpayer is subject 1395 to tax in this state. 1396 Section 27. 1397 The amendment to s. 213.21(7)(a), Florida

1398 <u>Statutes, made by this act applies to any voluntary self-</u> 1399 disclosure made to the Department of Revenue on or after that

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HB 1907 2003 1400 date. Section 28. Subsection (8) of section 213.21, Florida 1401 Statutes, is amended to read: 1402 1403 213.21 Informal conferences; compromises. --In order to determine whether certified audits are an (8) 1404 1405 effective tool in the overall state tax collection effort, the executive director of the department or the executive director's 1406 designee shall settle or compromise penalty liabilities of 1407 taxpayers who participate in the certified audits project. As 1408 further incentive for participating in the program, the 1409 department shall abate the first \$25,000 of any interest 1410 liability and 25 percent of any interest due in excess of the 1411 1412 first \$25,000. A settlement or compromise of penalties or 1413 interest pursuant to this subsection shall not be subject to the 1414 provisions of paragraph (3)(a), except for the requirement relating to confidentiality of records. The department may 1415 consider an additional compromise of tax or interest pursuant to 1416 the provisions of paragraph (3)(a). This subsection does not 1417 apply to any liability related to taxes collected but not 1418 remitted to the department. This subsection is repealed on July 1419 1, 2006.1420 Section 29. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1421 213.285, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1422 213.285 Certified audits.--1423 (2) 1424 The department shall submit a report to the President 1425 (C) of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the 1426 1427 chair of the Senate Committee on Finance and Taxation, and the 1428 chair of the House Committee on Finance and Tax, by January 1, 2006, regarding the effectiveness of certified audits as a tool 1429

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1430	HB 1907 in the overall state tax collection effort. The report shall				
1431	include statistics, from the time of the program's inception, on				
1432	taxes assessed and collected pursuant to the certified audits,				
1433	interest, and penalties compromised, the cost to the state to				
1434	support the certified audits project, and the impact, if any, on				
1435					
1436					
1437	7 certified audits project is repealed on July 1, 2006, or upon				
1438	completion of the project as determined by the department,				
1439	whichever occurs first.				
1440	Section 30. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of				
1441	section 336.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:				
1442	336.021 County transportation system; levy of ninth-cent				
1443	fuel tax on motor fuel and diesel fuel				
1444	(1)				
1445	(c) Local option taxes collected on sales or use of diesel				
1446	fuel in this state shall be distributed in the following manner:				
1447	1. The fiscal year of July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1996,				
1448	shall be the base year for all distributions.				
1449	2. Each year the tax collected, less the service and				
1450	administrative charges enumerated in s. 215.20 and the				
1451	allowances allowed under s. 206.91, on the number of gallons				
1452	reported, up to the total number of gallons reported in the base				
1453	year, shall be distributed to each county using the distribution				
1454	percentage calculated for the base year.				
1455	3. After the distribution of taxes pursuant to				
1456	subparagraph 2., additional taxes available for distribution				
1457	shall first be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph. A				
1458	distribution shall be made to each county in which a qualified				
1459	new retail station is located. A qualified new retail station is				

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2003 a retail station that began operation after June 30, 1996, and 1460 that has sales of diesel fuel exceeding 50 percent of the sales 1461 of diesel fuel reported in the county in which it is located 1462 during the 1995-1996 state fiscal year. The determination of 1463 whether a new retail station is qualified shall be based on the 1464 total gallons of diesel fuel sold at the station during each 1465 full month of operation during the 12-month period ending 1466 1467 January March 31, divided by the number of full months of operation during those 12 months, and the result multiplied by 1468 12. The amount distributed pursuant to this subparagraph to each 1469 1470 county in which a qualified new retail station is located shall equal the local option taxes due on the gallons of diesel fuel 1471 sold by the new retail station during the year ending January 1472 March 31, less the service charges enumerated in s. 215.20 and 1473 1474 the dealer allowance provided for by s. 206.91. Gallons of diesel fuel sold at the qualified new retail station shall be 1475 certified to the department by the county requesting the 1476 additional distribution by June 15, 1997, and by March May 1 in 1477 each subsequent year. The certification shall include the 1478 beginning inventory, fuel purchases and sales, and the ending 1479 inventory for the new retail station for each month of operation 1480 during the year, the original purchase invoices for the period, 1481 and any other information the department deems reasonable and 1482 necessary to establish the certified gallons. The department may 1483 review and audit the retail dealer's records provided to a 1484 county to establish the gallons sold by the new retail station. 1485 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph, when more 1486 than one county qualifies for a distribution pursuant to this 1487 1488 subparagraph and the requested distributions exceed the total

HB 1907 2003 1489 taxes available for distribution, each county shall receive a 1490 prorated share of the moneys available for distribution.

After the distribution of taxes pursuant to 4. 1491 subparagraph 3., all additional taxes available for distribution 1492 shall be distributed based on vehicular diesel fuel storage 1493 capacities in each county pursuant to this subparagraph. The 1494 total vehicular diesel fuel storage capacity shall be 1495 established for each fiscal year based on the registration of 1496 facilities with the Department of Environmental Protection as 1497 required by s. 376.303 for the following facility types: retail 1498 stations, fuel user/nonretail, state government, local 1499 government, and county government. Each county shall receive a 1500 1501 share of the total taxes available for distribution pursuant to 1502 this subparagraph equal to a fraction, the numerator of which is 1503 the storage capacity located within the county for vehicular diesel fuel in the facility types listed in this subparagraph 1504 and the denominator of which is the total statewide storage 1505 capacity for vehicular diesel fuel in those facility types. The 1506 vehicular diesel fuel storage capacity for each county and 1507 facility type shall be that established by the Department of 1508 Environmental Protection by June 1, 1997, for the 1996-1997 1509 fiscal year, and by January 31 for each succeeding fiscal year. 1510 The storage capacities so established shall be final. The 1511 storage capacity for any new retail station for which a county 1512 receives a distribution pursuant to subparagraph 3. shall not be 1513 included in the calculations pursuant to this subparagraph. 1514

(d) The tax <u>received by the department</u> on motor fuel
<u>pursuant to this subsection</u> shall be distributed monthly by the
department to the county reported by the terminal suppliers,
wholesalers, and importers as the destination of the gallons

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HB 190720031519distributed for retail sale or use. The tax on diesel fuel shall1520be distributed monthly by the department to each county as1521provided in paragraph (c).

1522Section 31. Effective January 1, 2004, subsection (20) of1523section 443.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1524 443.036 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, unless the 1525 context clearly requires otherwise:

1526 (20)EMPLOYING UNIT. -- "Employing unit" means any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, 1527 limited liability company, association, trust, estate, joint-1528 1529 stock company, insurance company, or corporation, whether domestic or foreign; the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, 1530 1531 trustee, or successor of any of the foregoing; or the legal representative of a deceased person, which has or had in its 1532 1533 employ one or more individuals performing services for it within this state. 1534

(a) Each individual employed to perform or to assist in
performing the work of any agent or employee of an employing
unit shall be deemed to be employed by such employing unit for
all the purposes of this chapter, whether such individual was
hired or paid directly by such employing unit or by such agent
or employee, provided the employing unit had actual or
constructive knowledge of the work.

(b) All individuals performing services within this state for any employing unit which maintains two or more separate establishments within this state shall be deemed to be performing services for a single employing unit for all the purposes of this chapter.

1547 (c) Any person who is an officer of a corporation <u>or a</u>
1548 member of a limited liability company classified as a

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HB 1907 2003 1549 corporation for federal income tax purposes and who performs services for such corporation or limited liability company 1550 within this state, whether or not such services are continuous, 1551 1552 shall be deemed an employee of the corporation or limited liability company during all of each week of his or her tenure 1553 of office, regardless of whether or not he or she is compensated 1554 for such services. Services shall be presumed to have been 1555 1556 rendered the corporation in cases where such officer is compensated by means other than dividends upon shares of stock 1557 of such corporation owned by him or her. 1558 1559 (d) A limited liability company shall be treated as having the same status as that under which it is classified for federal 1560 1561 income tax purposes. Section 32. Effective January 1, 2004, paragraph (g) of 1562 subsection (3) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended 1563 to read: 1564 443.131 Contributions.--1565 (3) CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT EXPERIENCE .--1566 For the purposes of this subsection, two or more 1567 (q)1. employers who are parties to a transfer of business or the 1568 subject of a merger, consolidation, or other form of 1569 reorganization, effecting a change in legal identity or form, 1570 shall be deemed to be a single employer and shall be considered 1571 as one employer with a continuous employment record if the 1572 department division finds that the successor employer continues 1573 to carry on the employing enterprises of the predecessor 1574 employer or employers and that the successor employer has paid 1575 all contributions required of and due from the predecessor 1576 employer or employers and has assumed liability for all 1577 contributions that may become due from the predecessor employer 1578 Page 53 of 62

HB 1907 1579 or employers. In addition, an employer may not be considered a successor under this subparagraph if the employer purchases a 1580 company with a lower rate into which employees with job 1581 functions unrelated to the business endeavors of the predecessor 1582 are transferred for the purpose of acquiring the low rate and 1583 avoiding taxes. As used in this paragraph, the term 1584 "contributions" means all indebtedness to the department 1585 division, including, but not limited to, interest, penalty, 1586 collection fee, and service fee. A successor has 30 days from 1587 the date of the official notification of liability by succession 1588 1589 to accept the transfer of the predecessor's or predecessors' employment record or records. If the predecessor or predecessors 1590 1591 have unpaid contributions or outstanding quarterly reports, the successor has 30 days from the date of the notice listing the 1592 1593 total amount due to pay the total amount with certified funds. After the total indebtedness has been paid, the employment 1594 record or records of the predecessor or predecessors will be 1595 transferred to the successor. Employment records may be 1596 transferred by the division. The tax rate of total successor and 1597 predecessor upon the transfer of employment records shall be 1598 determined by the department division as prescribed by rule in 1599 order to calculate any tax rate change resulting from the 1600 transfer of employment records. 1601

Whether or not there is a transfer of employment record 2. 1602 as contemplated in this paragraph, the predecessor shall in the 1603 1604 event he or she again employs persons be treated as an employer without previous employment record or, if his or her coverage 1605 has been terminated as provided in s. 443.121, as a new 1606 1607 employing unit.

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The division may provide by rule for partial transfer 1608 3. of experience rating when an employer has transferred at any 1609 time an identifiable and segregable portion of his or her 1610 payrolls and business to a successor employing unit. As a 1611 condition of such partial transfer of experience, the rules 1612 shall require an application by the successor, agreement by the 1613 predecessor, and such evidence as the division may prescribe of 1614 the experience and payrolls attributable to the transferred 1615 portion up to the date of transfer. The rules shall provide that 1616 the successor employing unit, if not already an employer, shall 1617 1618 become an employer as of the date of the transfer and that the experience of the transferred portion of the predecessor's 1619 1620 account shall be removed from the experience-rating record of the predecessor, and for each calendar year following the date 1621 1622 of the transfer of the employment record on the books of the division, the division shall compute the rate of contribution 1623 payable by the successor on the basis of his or her experience, 1624 if any, combined with the experience of the portion of the 1625 record transferred. The rules may also provide what rates shall 1626 be payable by the predecessor and successor employers for the 1627 period between the date of the transfer of the employment record 1628 of the transferred unit on the books of the division and the 1629 first day of the next calendar year. 1630

4. This paragraph shall not apply to the employee leasing company and client contractual agreement as defined in s. 443.036. The client shall, in the event of termination of the contractual agreement or failure by the employee leasing company to submit reports or pay contributions as required by the division, be treated as a new employer without previous

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1637 employment record unless otherwise eligible for a rate1638 computation.

1639 Section 33. Section 443.1316, Florida Statutes, is amended 1640 to read:

443.1316 Contract with Department of Revenue forunemployment tax collection services.-

By January 1, 2001, The Agency for Workforce 1643 (1) Innovation shall enter into a contract with the Department of 1644 Revenue which shall provide for the Department of Revenue to 1645 provide unemployment tax collection services. The Department of 1646 1647 Revenue, in consultation with the Department of Labor and Employment Security, shall determine the number of positions 1648 1649 needed to provide unemployment tax collection services within 1650 the Department of Revenue. The number of unemployment tax 1651 collection service positions the Department of Revenue determines are needed shall not exceed the number of positions 1652 that, prior to the contract, were authorized to the Department 1653 of Labor and Employment Security for this purpose. Upon entering 1654 into the contract with the Agency for Workforce Innovation to 1655 provide unemployment tax collection services, the number of 1656 required positions, as determined by the Department of Revenue, 1657 shall be authorized within the Department of Revenue. Beginning 1658 January 1, 2002, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and 1659 Government Accountability shall conduct a feasibility study 1660 regarding privatization of unemployment tax collection services. 1661 A report on the conclusions of this study shall be submitted to 1662 the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 1663 the House of Representatives. 1664

1665 (2)(a) The Department of Revenue is considered to be 1666 administering a revenue law of this state when the department Page 56 of 62

HB 1907 2003 provides unemployment compensation tax collection services 1667 pursuant to a contract of the department with the Agency for 1668 Workforce Innovation. 1669 (b) Sections 213.018, 213.025, 213.051, 213.053, 213.055, 1670 213.071, 213.10, 213.2201, 213.23, 213.24(2), 213.27, 213.28, 1671 213.285, 213.37, 213.50, 213.67, 213.69, 213.73, 213.733, 1672 213.74, and 213.757 apply to the collection of unemployment 1673 contributions by the Department of Revenue unless prohibited by 1674 federal law. 1675 (c) Notwithstanding s. 216.346, the Department of Revenue 1676 1677 may charge no more than 10 percent of the total cost of the interagency agreement for the overhead or indirect costs, or for 1678 1679 any other costs not required for the payment of the direct costs, of providing unemployment tax collection services. 1680 Section 34. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 443.163, 1681 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1682 443.163 Electronic reporting and remitting of taxes.--1683 An employer may choose to file any report and remit 1684 (1)any taxes required by this chapter by electronic means. The 1685 Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee shall prescribe 1686 by rule the format and instructions necessary for such filing of 1687 reports and remitting of taxes to ensure a full collection of 1688 contributions due. The acceptable method of transfer, the 1689 method, form, and content of the electronic means, and the 1690 method, if any, by which the employer will be provided with an 1691 acknowledgment shall be prescribed by the agency or its 1692 designee. However, any employer who employed 10 or more 1693 employees in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year τ 1694 1695 or any person that prepared and reported for 5 or more employers in the preceding state fiscal year, must submit the Employers 1696 Page 57 of 62

HB 1907 2003 1697 Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for the current calendar year and remit the taxes due by electronic means approved by the agency 1698 or its designee. A person who prepared and reported for 100 or 1699 more employers in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal 1700 year must file the Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for each 1701 1702 calendar quarter in the current calendar year, beginning with reports due for the second calendar quarter of 2003, by 1703 electronic means approved by the Agency for Workforce Innovation 1704 or its designee. 1705 Any employer or person who fails to file an Employers (2) 1706 1707 Quarterly Report (UCT-6) by electronic means required by law is liable for a penalty of 10 percent of the tax due, but not less 1708 1709 than \$10 for such each report, which is in addition to any other penalty provided by this chapter which may be applicable, unless 1710 1711 the employer or person has first obtained a waiver for such requirement from the agency or its designee. An Any employer or 1712 person who fails to remit tax by electronic means as required by 1713 law is liable for a penalty of \$10 for each remittance 1714 submitted, which is in addition to any other penalty provided by 1715 this chapter which may be applicable. 1716 1717 Section 35. The amendments made by this act to s. 443.163(1) and (2), Florida Statutes, shall apply retroactively 1718

1719 for Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) due on or after April 1, 1720 2003.

1721Section 36. Effective upon this act becoming a law and1722applying to tax years beginning January 1, 2003, subsection (5)1723of section 624.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1724

624.509 Premium tax; rate and computation.--

1725(5) There shall be allowed a credit against the net tax1726imposed by this section equal to 15 percent of the amount paid

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HB 190720031727by the insurer in salaries to employees located or based within1728this state and who are covered by the provisions of chapter 443.1729For purposes of this subsection:1730(a) The term "salaries" does not include amounts paid as

(b) The term "employees" does not include independent
contractors or any person whose duties require that the person
hold a valid license under the Florida Insurance Code, except
persons defined in s. 626.015(1), (16), and (18).

commissions.

1731

(c) The term "net tax" means the tax imposed by this
section after applying the calculations and credits set forth in
subsection (4).

1739 (d)1. An affiliated group of corporations that created a 1740 service company within its affiliated group on July 30, 2002, 1741 shall allocate the salary of each service company employee covered by contracts with affiliated group members to the 1742 companies for which the employees perform services. The salary 1743 allocation is based on the amount of time during the tax year 1744 that the individual employee spends performing services or 1745 otherwise working for each company over the total amount of time 1746 the employee spends performing services or otherwise working for 1747 all companies. The total amount of salary allocated to an 1748 insurance company within the affiliated group shall be included 1749 as the insurer's employee salaries for purposes of this section. 1750 a. The term "affiliated group of corporations" means two 1751 or more corporations which are entirely owned by a single 1752 corporation and which constitute an affiliated group of 1753 corporations as defined in section 1504(a) of the Internal 1754 1755 Revenue Code.

 1756
 b. The term "service company" means a separate corporation

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 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SC .					
	HB 1907 2003				
1757	within the affiliated group of corporations whose employees				
1758	provide services to affiliated group members and which are				
1759	treated as service company employees for unemployment				
1760	compensation and common law purposes. The holding company of an				
1761	affiliated group may not qualify as a service company. An				
1762	insurance company may not qualify as a service company.				
1763	2. If an insurance company fails to substantiate, whether				
1764	by means of adequate records or otherwise, its eligibility to				
1765	claim the service company exception under this section or its				
1766	salary allocation under this section, no credit shall be				
1767	allowed.				
1768	Section 37. Section 832.062, Florida Statutes, is amended				
1769	to read:				
1770	832.062 Prosecution for worthless checks, drafts, or debit				
1771	card orders <u>, or electronic funds transfers made</u> given to pay any				
1772	tax or associated amount administered by the Department of				
1773	Revenue				
1774	(1) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to				
1775	draw, make, utter, issue, or deliver to the Department of				
1776	Revenue any check, draft, or other written order on any bank or				
1777	depository, or to use a debit card, <u>or to make, send, instruct,</u>				
1778	order, or initiate any electronic funds transfer, or to cause or				
1779	direct the making, sending, instructing, ordering, or initiating				
1780	of any electronic funds transfer, for the payment of any taxes,				
1781	penalties, interest, fees, or associated amounts administered by				
1782	the Department of Revenue, knowing at the time of the drawing,				
1783	making, uttering, issuing, or delivering <u>of</u> such check, draft,				
1784	or other written order, $rac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{r}}$ at the time of using such debit card,				
1785	or at the time of making, sending, instructing, ordering, or				
1786	initiating any electronic funds transfer, or at the time of				
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1787 causing or directing the making, sending, instructing, ordering, initiating, or executing of any electronic funds transfer, that 1788 the maker, or drawer, sender, or receiver thereof has not 1789 sufficient funds on deposit in or credit with such bank or 1790 depository with which to pay the same on presentation. + except 1791 that This section does not apply to any check or electronic 1792 funds transfer when the Department of Revenue knows or has been 1793 1794 expressly notified prior to the drawing or uttering of the check or the sending or initiating of the electronic funds transfer, 1795 or has reason to believe, that the drawer, sender, or receiver 1796 1797 did not have on deposit or to the drawer's, sender's, or receiver's credit with the drawee or receiving bank or 1798 1799 depository sufficient funds to ensure payment as aforesaid and τ nor does this section does not apply to any postdated check. 1800

(2) A violation of the provisions of this section 1801 constitutes a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 1802 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, unless the check, draft, 1803 debit card order, or other written order drawn, made, uttered, 1804 issued, or delivered, or any electronic funds transfer made, 1805 sent, instructed, ordered, or initiated, or any electronic funds 1806 transfer caused or directed to be made, sent, instructed, 1807 ordered, or initiated, is in the amount of \$150 or more. In that 1808 event, the violation constitutes a felony of the third degree, 1809 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 1810

(3) For purposes of prosecution, a violation under this
section occurs in the county in which the check is issued or the
<u>electronic funds transfer is sent</u> and in the county in which it
is received. A check will be deemed issued at the residence
address of an individual taxpayer and at the business address of
a business taxpayer.

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2003 Section 38. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act 1817 shall take effect July 1, 2003. 1818